PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

REPUBLICAN TICKET.
FOR GOVERNOR,
EDWARD B[illegible] RUBB,
OF MONMOUTH.

Union County Third Assembly District.
FOR ASSEMBLYMAN,
JOH[illegible] RICH,
OF PLAINFIELD.

Somerset County Nominations.
FOR ASSEMBLYMAN,
JOH[illegible] C. GARRETSON,
OF BRIDGEWATER.
FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN RINGLEMAN,
OF SOMERVILLE.

WE ASK IT SENT INTO THE WORLD TO DO ANYTHING INTO WHICH WE CANNOT PUT OUR HEARTS.—Ruskin.

JOTTINGS.

—Borough Commissioners meeting to-night.

—Was your [illegible] morning?

—Days of [illegible], 365; days to come, 00.

—A [illegible] with a fixed sole of felt, is something [illegible].

—The [illegible] Council will meet in regular session [illegible] day evening.

—A new hair pin that does not fall out, being held by a spring, is spoken of.

—The German minstrels are booked for music Hall next Thursday evening.

—Wheeling, W. Va., is suggested as the most appropriate place for the national convention of bicyclists.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders will hold their regular meeting at the Court House in Elizabeth next Thursday.

—Plainfield is the highest city in the State, its altitude above sea level, which largely accounts for its superior healthfulness.

—The Ladies Aid Society of the German Reformed church are arranging for a grand fair for the benefit of the church fund.

—Policeman Lynch yesterday afternoon arrested a moulder named Williams for being drunk. This morning he paid $5 into the city treasury.

—A conference of Young Mens Christian Associations is to be held at Jerusalem. Delegates are expected from Bierut, Damascus, Jaffa and Nazareth.

—Last evening the choir connected with the Holy Cross gave a very pleasing entertainment in the Sunday School building. Tableaux and music were features.

—To-day is what is known to Catholics as All Saints' Day, and services were held in St. Mary's church in this city at 5:30 and 8:30 a. m. The services this evening will be at eight o'clock.

—While changing the position of the derrick at the new bridge on Somerset street yesterday the electric light wires were broken, thus cutting off the current from the Somerset street stores for some time.

—Several very pretty gold and silver badges to be given to the successful competitors at the coming tournament of the Plainfield Bicycle Club at the Crescent Rink are displayed at Randolph's pharmacy.

—A pleasant evening was spent at the residence of Justice Johnson, on East Third street last evening, the occasion being a reception tendered Mrs. Margaret Wyckoff, prior to her departure for Haverhill, Mass.

—Yesterday morning Mr. John A. Goodwin, of North Plainfield went to New York and purchased a new 10x20 bunting flag for the Borough school house. The money to purchase the same was raised by subscription.

—Acting principal Goodrich informed the public school boys this morning that it was intended to organize a company of Cadets in Plainfield, and desired such boys as wished to become members to furnish him their names. Military drill tends to make boys become more agile and athletic generally, and promotes discipline.

—Messrs. Kirkner, Babcock and Hurlbut acting as a committee from the Board of Education have decided that the class for men in the night schools begin Tuesday, Nov. 12, and the class for women on Monday evening, Dec. 2d. Sessions in the men's classes will be held every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evening thereafter until further notice and the women's classes every Monday and Friday evenings.

—Would a well bred girl, possessed of any feeling whatever, possessed of the slightest sensibility or sense, divulge the fact that she had been proposed to by a man, and that she had refused him? I have asked this question of several girls, and also of several married women, and while their answers were varying, I am confident, from what I know of their characters, that the well-bred girl of honor and sensibility would never, upon the weightiest pretext, disclose what had passed between herself and a man upon so delicate a subject. The unsuccessful suitor is a man who deserves very little sympathy, and usually is none more deserving of it than he.—St. Paul Rye.

The Central's New Move.

A party of New York and Pennsylvania railroad men and railway officials, representing the Central Railroad and other corporations, visited Springfield and Holyoke last week, to study the terminus of the Connecticut Western Railroad. They started from Phillipsburg and inspected the extension of the L. & H. R. R. R., which is under control of the Central Railroad to Campbell Hall, N. Y., when it connects with the Poughkeepsie Bridge route. That W. R. to be completed next Summer, makes a direct route from the Pennsylvania line to the New England sea board, via Poughkeepsie Bridge. The Central Railroad is understood to be striving for the control of the Connecticut Western Railroad.

The visitors occupied the General Superintendent's car of the Central Railroad and the special observation of the L. C. N. Co. The party included: J. H. Olhausen, Gen. Sup't; T. B. Peckwell, Gen. Freight Agent; T. B. Keen, Division Freight Agent; H. F. Bald win, Gen. Passenger Agent, and E. Hill, Gen Old Agent.

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

Miller and His Comrades Plead Guilty.

Butch Miller, Frank Miller, alias "Schmidt," and John Jennings, alias "The Kid," the New York crooks arrested for robbing the houses of James Mulford and Mary J. Ross at Elizabeth, retracted their previous plea of not guilty yesterday and pleaded guilty to entering but not breaking in. They will be sentenced on Saturday in the Union county court by Judge McCormick, and there is little doubt of their getting the full penalty.

Thomas Morrisey pleaded guilty to an assault on Ellen Cunningham, aged eleven years. He was remanded for sentence.

John Randolph, retracted a plea of not guilty to petit larceny, and will be sentenced on Saturday.

Jefferson Morris, who had pleaded not guilty to an assault on his wife, retracted and pleaded guilty. He gave bail to appear for sentence.

Joseph Simmons, retracted a plea of not guilty to assault and battery, and pleaded not vult. Hon. John T. Unnn, counsel for the prisoner, said the plea was entered on his advice. The assault was a trivial affair, and Simmons had taken the pledge, intending to lead a different life. The court suspended sentence.

All Hallow E'en at the Bachelors' Club.

Last night the Bachelors Club celebrated All Hallow E'en, at their club rooms in the White and Stelle building, in a befitting and enjoyable manner. Ducking for apples afforded great amusement for those present, which numbered about twenty of our most prominent business men, and many were the mishaps encountered to by the participants of this old-time sport.

Mr. Smith Wyckoff, the club's caterer, assisted by his better-half, overdid himself in his endeavor to please the members and their friends in the supper which he served. Nearly everything in the market affords, and many things that it does not, were served in a unique and pleasing manner. Toasts, speeches and stories, pleasant farewells, well wishes for the Bachelors' Club followed the supper. At a decidedly late hour the guests departed for their respective domiciles.

PERSONAL.

The Hon. John Ulrich has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to be out once more.

Miss Ida Coles, of East Front street, has returned from a pleasant trip to Niagara Falls and Canada.

Rev. Dr. M. L. Gates, of Elizabeth, will deliver a lecture on Astronomy in Vincent Chapel this evening at 8 p. m. The lecture is free, and under the auspices of the Epworth League. All young people are especially invited.

An apron and necktie sociable was held at the residence of Miss R. Munich on Manning avenue last evening and all present enjoyed themselves. The Committee of Arrangements comprised Miss T. Smith, Miss M. Hinches, and Miss K. Ackerman.

The renomination of Judge Ulrich of Plainfield for a third term to the Assembly was wise and is a just tribute to a most worthy man. He will be re-elected, and if the Assembly is Republican will be popular enough to make a good candidate for Speaker at the next session.—Somerville Unionist Gazette.

A very pleasant and enjoyable surprise party was tendered Miss Jennie Collins at her home at the corner of New and Third streets last evening. About twenty couples were present and the evening was passed in dancing and other amusements. At about twelve o'clock a collation was partaken of, after which the evening's pleasures were resumed and continued until an early hour this morning.

Last evening a masquerade sociable, given under the auspices of the Hitormiast Lawn Tennis Club, was held at the residence of Mrs. C. Conover, on Madison avenue. Some of the characters represented were of a Shakespearian nature. One character represented Louis XVI, and another a Dutch school boy. The The ladies were costumed to represent gypsies, flower girls and country maids. The affair was very enjoyable throughout, dancing being one of the features. When the masks were raised and the faces of the wearers were revealed general surprise was expressed. Those present were: Miss C. Conover, Miss C. Shepherd, Mrs. Vail, Miss L. Bovey, Miss Lillie Walters, of Brooklyn, Miss Linda Shepherd, Miss C. Conover and Messrs. H. Duckworth, August Trusz, B. F. Conover, A. Obits, B. Bodine, J. Steiner, B. Vail, F. Putnam, F. Wilson, J. McLaughlin, R. Walters, J. Smalley and W. Hill. The music was furnished by Prof. O'Reilly. The festivities concluded at about two o'clock this morning.

Monday night between nine and ten, Helen Alice Ritsch (Catherine Owen) went quietly and peacefully to sleep in death, her frail body and brave spirit worn out by sufferings, both physical and mental. Her warm sympathy, the kindly interest and helpfulness she was always ready to extend to others, no matter how racked by pain was the slight frame which held her bright, courageous spirit, endeared her to many friends, who while brightened the last hours of her painful illness by their loving ministrations. Even death itself did not prevail to chill the love in the hearts of her friends, they gathered close around her and with reverant hands adorned and beautified the room in which lay the mortal remains of her they delighted to honor. Brave, loving, self sacrificing mother, Monogist woman, thoughtful helpful friend. God grant to you the rest and peace you have never known here. Those of her friends who were debarred from going themselves sent their carriages for the benefit of those who had none of their own. The following gentlemen, at their own request acted as pallbearers: Messrs. James McGee, Charles W. Cass, Henry McGee, Augustus Vandercuse, Charles R. Horne, Edward Waring, John L. Anderson and David L. Sampson.

—A number of residents of this city awoke from a peaceful slumber this morning to find their gates missing.

ALL HALLOW E'EN.

How it was Enjoyed by the Young People.

Last night was Hallow E'en- more properly the Vigil or Eve of the Feast of All Saints,or, as our Anglo-Saxon fathers had it, All Hallows—all the holy ones. From time immemorial it has been a night given up to fun, too often to "tipsy mirth and jollity," ill-befitting the ideas conveyed by the next day's solemnities.

At first sight it is difficult to see any connection between the Feast of All Saints and the mysterious customs incidental to its eve. But when we remember that, in the year 835, Pope Gregory IV., at the instance of Louis the Debonair, King of France, altered the anniversary from its original day, May 1st, to November 1st, on the grant that, the harvest being then gathered in, less inconvenience would result to the poor who resorted in such crowds to Rome to keep the feast. We see the motive. It became not only the Feast of All Hallows, but also a Harvest Home festival, on which occasion rough sport and horse-play would be admissible in the eyes of the rustics. It is noticeable that in Presbyterian Scotland, were everything that savors of the Papa, "that pagan full of pride," as the old Scottish ballad has it, Hallow E'en is one of the great institutions of the country, and forms the theme of many poems and ballads. But those who engage in the amusements of the evening have, of course, no idea of there being anything sacred in its associations.

In Ireland also the Hallow E'en is observed in a very similar fashion, though, as it is there kept as a very strict fast day, the eatables are conspicuous by their absence. The drinkables, however, are as conspicuous. In general, the evening's fun seldom passes over without some lively shill-legh play among the "b'oys", many of whom make their appearance at Mass of All Saints Day in a very dilapidated condition.

Last night the youthful American mind delighted itself chiefly in taffy pulls, ducking for apples, biting at the revolving pipe transfixed on the stick and snatching a mouthful of rank tallow from the candle at the other end. Nuts were duly burned and lead duly melted—to the hurt of the unhappy fingers. One naughty little boy considered it his duty to ring runaway-ring at every door bell but his own—and lie in wait to see the look of disappointment mingled with wrath on the face of the opener, perhaps to let a demon's yell at the cuss words rested on the unconscious air; or he will make a raid on the sashgrels whose contents he will spill out in the yard to the discomfiture of the notable housekeeper, whom it will take all Friday to tidy up the mess, while the young fiend performs a war dance around the flaming staves in the gutter.

In England, as well as Ireland, especially in the latter country, the evening is observed, but it is chiefly in the North of England and the midland county towns touching on Lancashire and Yorkshire that the same rollicking games are played. In the extreme south, except in Cromwell, the practices are unknown.

For a few hours the weary world seemed less weary to all. The goddess of mirth brought in her train

Jest and youthful jollity,
Quips, cranks and wanton wiles,
Nods, and becks and wreathed smiles,
Such as hang on Hebe's cheek,
And love to live in dimple sleek:
Sport that wrinkled care derides
And Laughter holding both his sides

* * * *

In unreproved pleasures free.

Of course, before the jolly crowd dispersed from yonder brilliantly lighted parlor, its members "tripped it as they go, on the light fantastic toe," till long after the "witching hour of midnight.

2,310 Names Registered.

Yesterday was the final day for registering names previous to to the elections next Tuesday. The following are the figures from each ward, with those of last year compared:

	1889	1888
First Ward	564	561
Second "	545	573
Third "	463	470
Fourth "	718	779
	2,310	2,383

There are two polling districts now in the Fourth Ward. There were only seventy more names registered last year than there are this, and last year was the presidential year.

Collector Large Steps In.

Major Klotz stepped out of the Internal Revenue Collector's office yesterday afternoon and George H. Large stepped in, after taking the usual oath. Collector Large will not remove any of his assistants until he has had time to make himself acquainted with the workings of the office. He says that Essex Republicans will not be forgotten, despite the rumors that he had pounded all the planes to Hudson County men.

Football To-morrow.

The following players will compose Leal's football team to-morrow:

Rushers—Apgar, Walz, Beebe, McGee, Edsall, Erickson and Conant.

Quarterback—Cox.

Halfbacks—Stewart and Wyckoff.

Fullback—Moore.

The game will be called at three o'clock sharp.

The Cattle Distemper.

Although this complaint is becoming more general in this section, Dr. J. C. Hughes says it is much milder in form than when it first made its appearance, and that the disease is really an epizootic form of sophysmic herpes, which is characterized principally by eruptions containing lymph, and succeeded either by a scruff or laminated scab.

The Shooting Season Opens.

The shooting season for quail, grouse, rabbits and squirrels opened to-day throughout New Jersey. Game is reported to be abundant in nearly all localities where it is usually found.

WHAT CHIEF CAREY SAYS.

About that Story of 84 U. S. Licenses in Plainfield.

Chief Carey, respecting the story that there are eighty-four United States government licenses to sell liquor in Plainfield, says that the story evidently originated with a saloonkeeper, and was started for political effect. The story was told to Corporation Counsel Marsh and the city judge. "To begin with," says the chief, "the government does not give any licenses to sell liquor in Plainfield, but imposes a tax of $17 50 per year on every dealer in liquors, and in addition to this the city, when saloons are licensed, charges a license fee. Even if a liquor dealer has a city license he is liable to the government unless he pays this government tax.

"The dealers in cigars and tobacco are required to pay a government tax of $5.

"In case the dealers fail to pay these special taxes they are liable to be indicted by the United States Grand Jury.

"Every person having over five gallons of liquor in his house is required to pay the government tax.

"There are not over a dozen places in Plainfield having government liquor licenses in addition to the hotels and places regularly licensed by the Board of Excise, that pagan full of pride," as the old Scottish ballad has it, Hallow E'en is one of the great institutions of the country, and forms the theme of many poems and ballads. But those who engage in the amusements of the evening have, of course, no idea of there being anything sacred in its associations.

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A QUAKER WEDDING.

The Simple Form by Which Two are Made One.

At four o'clock yesterday afternoon at No. 108 East Second street, the house of the bride's mother, about forty members of the society of Friends assembled to witness the marriage of John D. Furnes, a farmer of Waynesville, Ohio, and Miss Ella Clifton of Plainfield.

The ceremony is the embodiment of simplicity, like all things connected with this society, whose members are commonly known as Quakers.

Mr. Furnes, and Miss Clifton, at the appointed time, walked into the room, the bride leaning on the husband's arm. They then clasped each others right hand, and faced each other while making the declaration deemed necessary to unite them as husband and wife. First the groom declared himself as follows:

"I promise, in the presence of God and of these friends, to take thee, Ella Clifton, to be my lawfully wedded wife, and to be unto thee a faithful and loving husband until death do us part."

Then the bride said:

"I promise, in the presence of God, and of these friends, to take thee, John D. Furnes, to be my lawfully wedded husband, and to be unto thee a faithful and loving wife, until death."

The couple were then congratulated by all present, and the certificate, recording the promises, prepared by one of the guests, was read aloud, and, when the reading was finished, was signed by the husband and wife, and by each of the forty guests as witnesses.

The guests then adjourned to an adjoining room, and sat down to the wedding feast, and made a right merry company. The bridal presents were very numerous, and some of them very fine.

Among the guests were friends from Plainfield, North Plainfield, Somerville, and Newark, in this state, and from New York and Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs Furnes will reside at Waynesville, O., for which place they will start about a week hence.

State Board of Agriculture.

The Executive Committee of the State Board of Agriculture held a meeting last week at the State Street House in Trenton. The committee decided on a list of questions to be sent out to the several County Boards and Granges throughout the State. The questions cover the organization and work of the County Boards; the help given them; the management of dairies, creameries; best breeds of cows for general purposes; raising of horses; poultry, sheep and swine; the egg and poultry industry; diseases of stock, &c.; the road and the fence questions; growing of Winter vegetables for market and home consumption; the yields of this year with an average good year, &c.

Following the general business of the meeting, a preamble and resolutions were passed respecting the death of Dr. George H. Cook, who was a member of the committee.

A Grand Rally.

It will pay the men of Plainfield to hear what Hosgland, of Newark, has to say to young men at the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Monday evening at eight o'clock. There will be live singing, brief telling remarks and a hearty welcome for every young man in the city. Come and bring a friend or yourself and invite some young man with you. There will be no charge and no collection.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, Nov. 7th.

America's Elite Minstrel Attraction,

THE GORMANS

The world's greatest Minstrel producers, under the management of HARRY HARDY. Positively presenting the same excellent program that made the phenomenal hit at the Globe Theatre, Boston, week of Aug. 12th. Every act new—every act a feature. "The new first part." "The all American base ball team." "The potato digger." "The Gorman quadrille." Magnificent and elaborate production of James Gorman's original, oriental operetta, **The Princess of Cashmere.** The whole performance a most notable production in Modern Minstrelsy.

Friday, Nov. 8 and 9. Seats on sale at usual places Monday, Nov. 4th.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

This Evening at 8 and Saturday Afternoon at 2:30.

MARTHOLOMEW'S 94 HORSES.

SPECIAL PRICES.

Balcony, adults 25 cents, Children 15 cents.
First floor, 50 cents, 25 cents.
Reserved Seats 50 cents.

THE OLYMPIA

Bowling Alley,

SYCAMORE STREET.

CLUB—MONDAY NIGHTS.
" —TUESDAY "
OPEN—WEDNESDAY
CLUB—THURSDAY
" —FRIDAY
OPEN—SATURDAY
CHAS. GOLDSBROUGH,
Manager.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

AND BUY GOODS FOR

15 Per Cent. Off

FOR

SPOT CASH.

We offer our Stoves, Lamps, Tinware and Graniteware, Carpenter and Machinist Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

J. C. PIERSON, Jr.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A SITUATION—Wanted as waiter in a boarding house or in a private family by a young colored man. Apply at No. 64 East Third street. 28-4

A SECOND flat to rent at 110 Somerset street. Apply at French's City Mills. 10 26 tf.

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 52 Madison avenue. 9-6-tf

FOR SALE—Good sized pony, cart, harness and whip, all in; pony strong, handy and very gentle; good under and tie. Can be seen at 42 West Front street. 30-4

FURNISHED rooms, for lodgings, at No. 5 Pace street. 9 20tf

LOST—Silk umbrella with silver top. Return to No 10 First place, suitable reward. 31-3t

LOST—A light striped carriage robe last evening. Please return to McDonald's livery stable West Sixth street, and be rewarded. 1-3

LOST—A roll of greenbacks. A liberal reward paid for its return to THE NEWS office, for the owner. 1-3

LOST—An English fox terrier dog, brown ears, with black spot on ear tab. Liberal reward given on return to 121 Central avenue.

SHADE and fruit trees, hyacinths, tulips and other blooming plants at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 10-28-6

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 65 Grandview avenue. 10 17-tf.

TO LET—House, four rooms, 31 Webster place. 10-28 tf

WANTED—A good cook or girl for general housework. Call at No. 8 First place. 1-3t.

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Tea. For sale by Barkalow & Dunn, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

WANTED—Special or active partner, with $10,000 to $25,000, in wholesale auction business in Philadelphia, Pa. Business established. This is a good chance for investment. Address J. W. Turner, 434 Market street, Philadelphia, Pa. 10-26-6-eod1m

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 600 BUSHELS **ROSE POTATOES** WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

The New Fall Styles.

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves,

Etc., just received at

U. B CRANE'S,

13 PARK AVENUE.

Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS. Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. This is to give notice that I have withdrawn from the firm of Smalley Brothers, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, and have formed a co-partnership with Daniel L. Smalley, under the firm name of "Smalley Brother's, Plainfield," and will assume possession of the meat market, No. 24 North avenue, Nov. 1, 1889, where we will be pleased to serve the public with anything in our line.
Oct. 21st, 1889. A. L. SMALLEY.
21-2w*

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and ask a continuance of their patronage. NEWTON R. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Markets, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the **GILMAN FARM**

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

MRS. E. J. MARTINUS

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvets. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post-Office.

STEPHENSON

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,
E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF TO BE IN ADVANCE, BY $5.00 PER YEAR.

The cost of the necessaries of life is now one-third less than it was in 1868.

Death on the Wires.

Little, indeed, man knows as yet of the all-pervading deadliness of that imponderable agent he is using so freely in this century of electricity. Within a few months twenty men have been killed horribly by electric wires. They were mostly "linemen" who climbed the poles on which the wires were strung to adjust them. A few met their death from live wires falling upon them in the street. Six of the twenty deaths have occurred in New York city since September. That of Lineman Feeks, with his body lying across the wires in full sight of hundreds below, fire and smoke issuing from the flesh where it touched the wires, and blood dripping from it into the street below, spattering the multitude, was the most horrible and sickening event of a generation. The only *grain of comfort in the shocking tragedy* is that, in the judgment of Edison, Lineman Feeks died so quickly that he probably did not endure much torture.

Lineman Feeks was adjusting the *wires—"dead" wires—at the top of a telegraph pole.* Somewhere in the hundreds of miles of electric light wires that hold New York in a murderous network there was one in which the insulation had burned off, or else *never was right* in the first place. It exposed the telegraph wire at some other point that will be now forever unknown, and poured its death dealing current along the whole length, past the pole which Feeks climbed. For one instant the lineman touched the telegraph wire. The next instant a burning corpse lay across the network of wires, with an awestricken throng gazing up from the street. The story was ended.

Then the cry went up from a horrified public—Bury the wires. But Edison says that would not insure safety. The imperfectly insulated wires would only be put out of sight. The current could come through the ground, through an office floor, anywhere, and still work its work of terror. What would then insure safety? an Evening Sun reporter asked the inventor. Only a knowledge and regulation of the strength of the current, he answered. Perfect insulation could not be accomplished. If a current too strong for them to carry were forced over the wires, high heat would be instantly produced, which would set fire to the insulating substance and consume it. The only security would be in not sending over the wires a current strong enough to kill. An amount strong enough for this, as Edison has already testified, is 1,000 volts. The next step in the progress of electrical science, therefore, will be the proper regulation of the strength of the currents. At the same time there must be redoubled care in insulating the wires. All electricians, after the Feeks tragedy, made an examination of some of the wires strung over New York streets, and found not less than fifty miles of them improperly insulated.

There has been criminal carelessness even in taking the precautions for safety that were understood perfectly. Perhaps more care will be exercised. So far, though, the only result has been that bitter quarreling and recrimination have broken out among the electric lighting and telegraph companies. But nothing can bring back the lives of the brave fellows who were sacrificed. Grisly death dances on the wires that criss-cross our streets.

The marine conference was invited during President Cleveland's administration to meet in the United States. Its object will be to fix on uniform sea regulations for all maritime nations. At its close, its decisions will be submitted to the respective governments for adoption or rejection. Among the most prominent matters to come before the delegates will be a system of uniform marine signaling for all the world, the loading and seaworthiness of vessels, life saving service, warning of storms, ocean lanes for steamers, necessary qualifications for officers and seamen, shipwrecks, notices of changes in lights and of dangers, and the establishment of a permanent international maritime commission. Regulations like those proposed have become a necessity on account of the constantly increasing number of vessels that now follow the oceans in all directions.

It is quite possible that before many years the common fuel of the country, in regions where gas is not attainable, will be crude petroleum. Several inventions for this purpose have been made, more or less satisfactory. The petroleum is conducted to the burner from a tank at a safe distance. At the burner it is converted into spray and mingled with a powerful current of air. A flame of intense hotness is produced, suitable for iron and steel welding, and other operations in metal work. The next invention will be to utilize it for private dwellings. One of the greatest difficulties hitherto has been that so intense a heat is produced with the oil that it consumes furnace, chimneys and everything

(SUNDAY NEWS.)

THE TRUNK IDENTIFIED.

It Was Purchased by the Mysterious Simonds.

COUGHLIN'S ENMITY TO CRONIN.

Dan Wanted the Deceased to Get a "Big Licking"—Prisoners Grow Pale at Sight of the Blood Stained Trunk—Heffer Is Faking.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Upon the opening of court in the Cronin trial George Reilly, a barkeeper, testified that shortly before the *murder he saw O'Sullivan, Coughlin*, ex-detective Mike Phalen and several others in a saloon. Politics were under discussion, and Coughlin remarked that a north side Catholic was talking too much and that he would get the worst of it, or words to that effect. He also said that the man had better keep his mouth shut. The defense wanted this struck out, and Judge O'Connell was inclined to grant the motion until counsel for the state said they would connect it with other *evidence. James Quinn, a hatter, one of the* party in question, corroborated Reilly, but said the conversation at first had reference to the mayoralty election. Then Coughlin made the remark referred to, and witness said he would like to see "Dinerty's head bone off."

Who Was "J. B. Simonds?"

W. P. Hatfield, salesman for A. P. Revell & Co., took the stand. He told the story of the mysterious stranger who had called at the store on Feb. 18 and purchased a cheap chamber suit, a rocking chair, some cheap carpet, a trunk, bedding and other household goods. He gave his name as J. B. Simonds, and was about 5½ feet in height, nose inclined to be Roman, dark mustache and full face. Next day he paid for the goods, the amount being $45.96. He had a big roll of money. The goods were ordered sent to 117 Clark street, rooms 14 and 15. He said he wanted the furniture for his engineer.

Witness had seen the same furniture again in the Carlson cottage.

The Blood Stained Trunk in Court.

"Bring in the trunk," said Mr. Ingham to a bailiff, and the audience crowded to its feet as the blood stained relic was brought into the room. It was offered in evidence. All of this was done with the exception of Beggs paled perceptibly and acted in a nervous manner.

Simonds Bought the Trunk.

Mr. Hatfield examined the trunk carefully and said it was identical in every respect with the trunk that he sold "Simonds."

Coughlin Wanted Cronin "Licked."

John W. Samson, better known as "Major," was next called. He testified that he accompanied by a young man named William Lynn, he went to see Dan Coughlin about two years ago. The witness went at the request of John C. Cronin. When he met Coughlin the latter greeted him cordially and said: "I would like very well to have you meet Dr. Cronin some night and give him a good big jolly licking—black eye, bloody nose—put Coughlin after that. Under a severe cross-examination by Attorney Forrest the witness admitted himself to be a gambler, a passer of counterfeit money, a robber, a "shell worker," and experienced in most every form of crime except murder; that he had been arrested many times and spent more or less time in jails and houses of correction.

Sampson's Pal Testifies.

At the conclusion of Sampson's examination the state's attorney asked the judge for a recess of an hour, as he desired to call *C. Garrity. It being obtained, William* Lynn, a pal of Sampson's, was called to the stand. His testimony consisted of a corroboration of the meeting between Sampson and Coughlin, at which Coughlin requested Sampson to "sling" Dr. Cronin.

Cronin Was Not a Patriot.

William Garrity, Cronin's tailor and a member of Clan-na-Gael Camp 20, was called to testify to a conversation had between Suspect Beggs and himself. He said that Beggs had told him that Dr. Cronin *was not a fit man to be on the committee* that investigated Alexander Sullivan. Cronin was not a patriot nor an honest member of the board, collecting $10 and a half every week. Beggs said that Dr. Cronin had gotten Coughlin into the camp without initiating him. Witness was asked if he had investigated the charge made by Beggs and if the charge was true. Forrest objected, but not before witness had said he had made the investigation and found it false. His testimony was unshaken on cross-examination.

Cornelius Flynn, also a member of Camp 20, testified that he was present when Beggs and O'Sullivan had their interview, and, continuing, corroborated O'Keefe's version of what was said.

A Description of Simonds.

Edward C. Stephenson, who, as the representative of Knight & Marshall, rented the rooms at 117 South Clark street to J. B. Simonds, was then sworn, and told of how Simonds called at his office on Feb. 18 and said he wanted the rooms for a brother who was coming from the east to have his eyes treated. Witness gave a personal description of Simonds, which corresponded with that given by Witness Hatfield.

Herman Goldman, a collector for the real estate firm, testified to having found the rooms occupied on March 30 and vacated the next day.

James M. Marshall testified to being present when Simonds rented the rooms, but could not identify Simonds' appearance. The defense did not care to cross-examine Marshall, and the court adjourned.

Heffer Is Faking.

It is stated that the last telegram sent Judge Longenecker from Winnipeg that he placed little faith in the truth of Heffer's story, and would not bring him to Chicago.

A Spell at New Brunswick.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 1.—The making of this city a separate assembly district will cause a spell at politics in Democratic circles. The two factions held conventions yesterday, one nominating ex-Assemblyman John Mulroy and the other Aldermen William Jacques and Joseph Smith. Republicans claim that they can carry the county except for governor.

A Young Man Suicides.

BRADFORD, Pa., Nov. 1.—Jesse Harvey, aged 18 years, a nephew of Mr. Harrison, of Bolivar, committed suicide by hanging himself in his bedroom. He secured an iron hook in the ceiling and made a noose with a piece of clothes line, then stepped off a chair. No cause is assigned for the deed. The lad's parents live in Franklin, Pa.

It Wouldn't Run Without Water.

GRAHAM, N. D., Nov. 1.—An attempt to run a threshing machine without water created a fatal explosion twelve miles from here. Chester Cribbs was blown to atoms and Frank Stranger, from St. Paul had both eyes burned out and an arm and leg broken. He will probably die. A third man had both arms and a leg broken.

A CASHIER GOES WRONG.

Banker Cresson, of Conshohocken, a Defaulter by $80,000 or More.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 1.—William Henry Cresson, cashier of the Tradesmen's National bank, of Conshohocken, has defaulted to a large amount, variously estimated from $80,000 to $100,000. The discrepancy in Cresson's accounts was first discovered last week by United States Bank Examiner James, who simply visited the bank in his routine of duty, not suspecting that anything was wrong. Several subsequent visits were made and their frequency aroused the suspicion of the other bank officials. Mr. James then made known to the directors the result of his investigation, and they at once confronted Cashier Cresson with the charge that he was a defaulter. It is understood that he did not deny the accusation in toto, but he contested the correctness of Mr. James' figures. Later in the day when the directors attempted to locate the cashier they were unable to do so, and at last accounts he was still missing, with no trace as to his whereabouts.

Bank Examiner James says the deficit will be at least $80,000. He says the embezzlement of the bank funds by Cresson has been going on for some time. His method was false entries and substitution.

The plunder, Mr. James says, consists of coal cash, none of the securities having been molested. *Cashier Cresson is said to have* invested heavily recently in stock of both electric light and the gas companies, and held other stocks. He was a director of the Tradesmen's Building and Loan association, an active member of the board of trade, and *conspicuous in almost every enterprise* of a public nature. He was also treasurer of Calvary Protestant Episcopal church, and was an earnest worker and liberal contributor in the cause of religion. The bank has entered up ten judgments against Cresson aggregating $4,250. One of Cresson's methods for taking the concern's money without exciting suspicion was to discount notes on which he had forged the indorsements and pocket the proceeds. Until the amount of these notes is known it will be impossible to state the extent of the shortage, and it may be days before the amount being will be ascertained. One of Cresson's bondsmen is John Wood, his father-in-law, who is president of the bank.

Mr. Wood said Cresson was operating on borrowed capital is shown in a judgment for $900 held by William Robertson, of Philadelphia, a former janitor, for money loaned him about two years ago. His properties are heavily mortgaged, and much of his stock assigned as collateral. Cresson's bond is for $30,000, and the sureties are good for the amount.

MANY MASS MEETINGS HELD.

Tammany Hall, the County Democracy and the Republicans Ratify.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Tammany hall held a large campaign mass meeting last night at the Wigwam. J. Edward Simmons presided and addresses were delivered by Bourke Cockran, Delancy Nicoll, William L. Brown, Gen. Spinola, T. C. T. Crain, Thomas C. O'Sullivan, Gen. Sickles and Thomas F. Grady.

The County Democracy also held a crowded mass meeting, Wheeler H. Peckham presiding, at which the principal speakers were Mr. Peckham, Col. Fellows and R. A. Abbett, brother of ex-Governor Abbett, of New Jersey.

The Republicans held a big campaign meeting in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn. Senator Hiscock, L. I. Gilbert, Ira M. Hedges, James M. Varnum, Asa W. Tenny and others being the speakers.

The Silver Bow Contest.

HELENA, Mon., Nov. 1.—A decision has been rendered in the Silver Bow election case, the canvassing board being ordered to count the votes cast in the Tunnel precinct for McHalton. Counsel for Hall, of the canvassing board, filed notice of appeal, and asked a stay of proceedings, which was refused, so could be brought before the supreme court. Strictly after this notice of appeal had been given, C. F. Irvin, the Democratic member of the board, filed an affidavit setting forth that he is satisfied without the appeal of the case. Hall, the Republican member, says he is not satisfied with the court's decision and wants the appeal. Judge Hall, the third member, is out of the territory. The question before the court is whether the minority of the board has a right to appeal, while his colleague, representing the same voter, refuses to do so. The state canvassing board met at once and commenced the canvassing of votes. Silver Bow includes Butte and Silver Bow. Acting on the decision of the court, the county clerk included in the returns the votes cast at the Tunnel precinct.

Who Philadelphia's Tascott Is.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 1.—A letter was received by Deputy Warden Coffin from the Philadelphia *authorities in which was in*closed a photograph of the man Sutherland, held there as Tascott, the murderer of Millionaire Snell, for identification. Mr. Cherington recognized the picture as that of Samuel Bowman who was released from the Ohio penitentiary *a few months ago after* serving a two and a half years' sentence for burglary and larceny committed in Champaign county.

A Big Deed of Trust.

ROANOKE, Va., Nov. 1.—A deed of trust from the Norfolk and Western Railroad company to the Mercantile Trust company, of New York, for $45,000,000 has been filed in the clerk's office here. The purpose of the deed is to provide means to double track portions of the road and to build extensions to Ironton, O., also an extension to North Carolina, and to provide additional terminal facilities at Norfolk, and other important points. Existing mortgages will be retired.

A Boy Indicted for Murder.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., Nov. 1.—The grand jury has found a bill against Joseph B. Barros, of New Bedford, for manslaughter. Barros is the 9-year-old Portuguese boy who last September, was charged with causing the death of a playmate in a cranberry bog in Plymouth, stabbing him with a jackknife. There is some doubt in the minds of the jury and his mother are still in the vicinity of New Bedford, or sailed for their old home on Cape De Verde island.

Boston Will Build a Cruiser.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—A Washington dispatch says the contract for the new cruiser Boston has been secured by Harrison Loring, of South Boston. The Quintard Iron company, of New York, which bid about the same figure as Loring, failing to get the contract, has withdrawn in his favor.

A Murder at Lima.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 1.—Lon Strawser and Frank Nons, well known young men, went coon hunting. They took whisky, got drunk and fought. Nons struck Strawser over the head, killing him instantly, after seeing the result of his drunken rage, and has not yet been apprehended.

Fatally Stabbed.

READING, Pa., Nov. 1.—Near Honeyville, Chester county, William Boston fatally stabbed William McCreery, a neighbor, during a general fracas in the barroom.

NEWS FROM OVER THE SEA

Facts Concerning Stanley Said to Be Withheld.

MICHAEL DAVITT COMPLIMENTED.

He Finishes His Speech Before the Parnell Commission—Mrs. John W. Mackay's Libel Suit—Prince Murat and Miss Caldwell May "Make Up."

LONDON, Nov. 1.—It is again announced that we are to speedily receive important news concerning the Stanley expedition. The first week in November is now mentioned as the date, and people are waiting with such patience and credulity as they may possess for the promised denouement. The Belgian sources of information have been besieged in every possible manner, but both court and savans seem engrieved of being suspected of possessing information which they are unwilling to communicate to the public. Even rumors of disaster to the expedition have failed to draw forth a denial of their truth, and yet there is a widespread belief that the public is being hoodwinked in the matter.

The Organization Demoralized.

The impression that Stanley has been beaten back in his attempt to reach Zanzibar by *passing down* the west shore of the Albert Nyanza and that the Arab slave traders hold the key to the situation, is wholly accepted. There is, unfortunately, little doubt that the organization is sadly demoralized and broken up into cliques, and that some of the reports that have been brought to the coast by runners have been of such a character that they are supressed in the supposed interests of civilization.

The True Facts Suppressed.

If any of the white men of the expedition succeed in gaining the ear of the *world their* audience will be amazed, but it is more probable from the stern expression of incidents that are known to have occurred that only inklings of the truth in regard to an expedition which started out with such eclat and which, *since its inception*, has attracted such unprecedented interest, will ever be made known outside of special circles.

Mr. Davitt's Speech Ended.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Michael Davitt finished *his speech before the Parnell commission yesterday.* He said that Farragher, who had been a clerk of the Land league, but who had turned informer and testified for The Times, has been unable to prove the assertion made by Attorney General Webster that the league had also advanced money for the commission of outrages and crimes. Mr. Davitt regretted that all the Land league books could not be found. They had disappeared, he said, during the confusion consequent upon the impression of the league, but the National league books, which had been produced, received nothing uncomplimentary.

Mr. Davitt Complimented.

He denounced the publication of the alleged fac-simile letters by The Times as an attempt at the moral assassination of the political character of a public man who is universally held by the action of any political party in the history of any country. He ridiculed the idea that The Times was not aware of Pigott's antecedents until he testified before the commission. Mr. Davitt concluded his speech by appealing to the court to say that The Times had not proved its charges against the men who were striving to end the Anglo-Irish question. When Mr. Davitt had finished, Presiding Justice Hannen complimented him upon the ability displayed in his speech and thanked him for *the assistance he had given the court.*

Sir Henry James then began his speech on behalf of the times.

Mrs. MacKay at Law.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The action for libel brought by Mrs. John W. Mackay against The Manchester Examiner came up for a hearing in the court of queen's bench. The libel complained of alleged that the plaintiff was a poor widow with two children and that she was employed as a washer woman *by Nevada miners when Mr. Mackay was* first attracted toward her and fell in love with and married her. The plaintiff contends that the words of a previous article suggest that she was not a lady by birth or education and that she was not accustomed to associating with persons of good position. The defendants admit the first innuendo, but deny the second. The defendants had paid £10 into court.

Parnell After the Government.

DUBLIN, Nov. 1.—The Irish Times says that Mr. Parnell has had a conference with the speaker of the house of commons relative to the best mode of executing his intention at the next session of parliament of trying to establish the complicity of the government in the attacks made by The London Times *on the Parnellite party.*

Prince Murat and Miss Caldwell.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—It is reported that the disagreement between Prince Murat and Miss Caldwell is only temporary, and that the *terms of the marriage contract will probably* be satisfactorily arranged. The Caldwell family will remain in Paris. Miss Caldwell is ill.

A Draw Between Cannon and Pietro.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—A match between Cannon and Pietro, the famous French wrestler, took place Wednesday night. The men wrestled for over one hour, with neither of them gaining the advantage, and finally the referee declared the match a draw.

Dr. Peters Recalled.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—The German Emin relief committee has recalled Dr. Peters, commissioner to Dr. Peters, recalling him from further progress toward the interior of Africa, and instructing him to return home.

One of John Morgan's Veterans Married.

FLEMINGSBURG, Ky., Nov. 1.—William Bowen, known in history as the barefoot soldier boy of Gen. John Morgan's confederate brigade, has been married to Miss Maggie Kyne. The first pair of shoes he ever wore were taken from the feet of a dead federal soldier. Bowen is the only Kentuckian with his flagstaff in a battle there in 1863. His ex-comrades in arms remembered him handsomely.

Convicted of Stealing a Chew.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 1.—In the criminal court here Patrick White was convicted of robbing Thomas Carroll of a chew of tobacco. Conviction wouldn't have been possible had not White been a hard character who has frequently figured in criminal trials.

Failure of Brown Brothers.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Brown Brothers, dealers in produce and groceries, etc., at Roxbury, have failed. Liabilities about $50,000; nominal assets, $6,000. A committee of creditors was appointed to investigate the firm's affairs.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wire Carefully Culled.

James C. Sylvis, a labor advocate of Bloomsburg, Pa., is dead, aged 57 years.

The United States steamer Bear has arrived at San Francisco from the Arctic regions.

The Knights of Labor and the representatives of the American Federation of Labor of Reading have decided to act in concert on matters that affect their mutual interests.

The reports of the officers at the second day's session of the Christian Endeavor society, at Harrisburg, showed a great increase in membership and influence. In the evening the delegates were given a reception by Governor and Mrs. Beaver.

Dr. Isaac E. Taylor, founder of Bellevue Hospital Medical college, New York, and one of the best known physicians of this country, is dead. Dr. Taylor was born in Philadelphia, of English parentage, April 25, 1812.

The Winola hotel, at Lake Winola, Pa., was burned Tuesday night. Loss, $12,000.

A company of New York, Philadelphia and New Haven capitalists, with an investment of $6,000,000, has been formed to construct a line of passenger and freight steamers to Cape Horn and Puget Sound. They will be built at ship yards on the Delaware river, and Dr. Gatling, the gun inventor, will have charge of the work.

The cruiser Baltimore will be accepted without another trial, the contractors paying $25,000 penalty for failure to develop the required horse power.

The following-named close postmasters in New York have been appointed: G. N. Wager Alpine; John Stevens, Beaver Dam; J. H. Harris, Magee's Corners; J. G. Harbey, Newfield; G. J. Montgomery, Ohio; George Graves, Ovid Center; S. D. Adams, Springfield.

Jacob Schaeffer, the Pittsburg billiardist, who it was supposed would take no part in the international billiard tournament, has decided to become a participant in it.

Blaine Will Not Speak.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Chairman Knapp of the Republican state committee has received the following letter from Hon. James G. Blaine which he has been invited to visit New York and deliver several speeches before campaign clubs.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, 1889.

DEAR SIR—I would gladly accept your invitation to speak for the Republican cause in your state if my official engagements permitted me to be absent from Washington at this time. New York Republicans should feel intrigued to earnest effort by the excellent character of the ticket *nominated for state officers. It is not often that* a list of candidates so entirely acceptable, both personally and politically, is presented by any party for the suffrages of the people. New York will honor herself in honoring them. I am, with great respect, your obedient servant,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Injured by a Falling Building.

PATERSON, Nov. 1.—One of a number of new buildings being constructed on Monroe street, Passaic City, collapsed yesterday afternoon and a number of persons were buried under the falling walls. Defective masonry is said to be the cause of the accident. The buildings were being erected by Charles Barnard. The following named persons were injured: Richard Cormick, a bricklayer, of Washington, D. C., back broken; Joseph Hoffman, of Goodwin, of Washington, D. C., head injured; Samuel J. Taylor, of Baltimore, leg fractured; J. Watts, of Baltimore, shoulder crushed; Edward Bellingly, of Burlington, N. J., hand crushed and head cut; William Johnson, of Baltimore, severe internal injuries; John Nash, of Burlington, N. J., two ribs broken.

Shooting All the Prisoners.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 1.—The Papellon National publishes a telegram from Guatemala saying that a revolution is in full progress in the Santa Rosa district, and that they are fighting. The government is shooting all prisoners. The revolutionists, the dispatch says, are holding their own and are aided by other forces in the direction of the Mexican frontier. Sen. Barrundia, a Guatemalan exile here, will publish a pamphlet in a few days reciting the abuses which he alleges have been committed by President Barrios and his party.

Charged with Election Frauds.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Nov. 1.—P. Henry, C. W. Henry and G. W. Thompson, of Pleasants county, were arraigned here yesterday before United States Supervisor Tinsley on a charge of violating the Federal election laws by intimidating voters on *presidential election day last fall.* Democrats here are highly indignant, claiming that the arrests were made to intimidate and prevent county Democrats from taking an active part in next Tuesday's election.

A Desperado Shot.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 1.—Patrick Hughes, a desperate character, was fatally shot yesterday afternoon in the residence of the house of Martin Schultz and demanded money from Schultz's 12-year-old daughter. She called to her father, who attempted to force the ruffian from the house. Hughes drew a knife and made a murderous assault on Schultz, who secured a gun and fired two charges into Hughes' body.

A Publisher in Trouble.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 1.—Charles Woodward, the young man who established himself in this city a few days ago as the Rhode Island Publishing company and advertised for partners, has been arrested by Abraham Baker, charged with fraud. Baker is one of Woodward's partners, and has put about $900 into the concern. A Boston police inspector wants Woodward as soon as Rhode Island courts release him.

Tried to Steal a Peruvian Cruiser.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—*An attempt was* recently made to capture the cruiser Lima, in Callao harbor, Peru, by four officers belonging to the revolutionary party of Iquitos. They obtained the key to the vessel, and, after the chief officers of the gunboat had the latter pretended to accept a bribe of $40,000, and, when the revolutionists came alongside the officers were captured. The vessel is now in the harbor of Iquitos.

Pittsburg's New Railroad.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 1.—A charter has been granted to the Pittsburg, Brady, Ellenburg and New York Railroad company, which will build a line connecting the Vandergrift Beech Creek railroad with the Pittsburg and Western. The incorporators named in the charter are the new road will be the connecting link in another through line between New York and Chicago by way of Pittsburg.

Hatch Goes to the Tombs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Newton Perry Randolph Hatch, who is charged with embezzling $7,000 from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company, has been committed to the Tombs in default of $5,000 bail.

A Desperate Suicide.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Annie Gallagher, wife of Capt. Patrick Gallagher, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, committed suicide by throwing herself in front of an engine.

GREAT BOOM IN OVERCOATS,
AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.
Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.
WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED
WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.
DOANE & VanARSDALE'S,
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE.
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.
THIS HOUSE HAS ALWAYS BEEN NOTED FOR HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, AND THIS YEAR WE ARE GIVING BETTER VALUES THAN EVER. WE HAVE EVERYTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, LADIES AND CHILDREN IN WHITE, RED AND NATURAL WOOL. WE ASK SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR 50c FLANNEL SHIRTS, AND A NATURAL WOOL LADIES' VEST THAT SELLS AT $1.25 IS A GOOD ONE.
* * *
We sell at $2.50 per pair, a good wool 11-4 blanket, cheap at $3.00, and $1.25 buys a cotton filled comfortable, made of best quality calico.
* * *
We have received from the manufactures 1000 Linoleum Mats, size two feet by three (2x3) regular price 75c, our price 37c. They are just the thing to throw in front of a stove or door.
* * *
Our Cloak Department is one of our leading features, this something new with us, and a great success. All our garments are well made and nice fitting. There are Jackets and New Markets for ladies and children in all sizes, and our prices are low.
* * *
In Dress Goods we have everything that is *new and desirable. There are fifty-inch all*-wool suitings 50 cents per yard, forty-inch all-wool Serges at 47 cents, forty-inch wool mixtures at 25 cents. There are many good values in black goods of all kinds.
* * *
Have you tried our 4-button Embroidered Kid Gloves at 65 cents! They are just as good as many that are sold at $1. We average 100 pairs a week and no complaints.
* * *
Here you will find lamps of all kinds. For the hall there is a very pretty lamp, price $1.99. Hanging lamps from $2.00 up, and stand lamps at any price you want to pay.
* * *
We deliver goods everywhere.
VANDERBURGH & WHITE,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call No. 6.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
32 EAST FRONT STREET.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful attention. Free from grit and any injurious substance.
SAPAGACIOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and polish your teeth. Put up in neat, at 25c. per bottle.
L. W. Randolph,
Successor to Field & Randolph,
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

BOOKS! BOOKS!
Just received a large lot of popular and standard works, well bound, at the remarkable price of 30 cents each.
Come and make your selection while the assortment is unbroken.
A. W. RAND,
34 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
Othello Ranges,

PLUMBING, TINNING AND GAS FITTING.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call No. 6.

RICHARD H. DAYS
City Livery Stables,
34 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 181. Plainfield, N. J.
Special attention given to boarding horses.
Orders left at A. Ellsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

Thousands in use
Successful use
PERKINS RANGES
WARM AIR FURNACES
HOT WATER HEATERS
Manufactured by
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.
Nos. 252 & 254 Water St. New York
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.

Don't spoil your Feet with CHEAP SHOES! Wear the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape."

CARL DUNDER.

He Is Catching on to American Ways at Last.

"Hello! Mr. Dunder!" saluted Sergt. Bunn as that individual entered the Central station with a bruised, satisfied smile on his countenance. "Vhas anything all right now?"

"I guess you look happy."

"Yaw, I vhas feeling vhat like sweet oil. No more for me. I vhas catching on to dose blue Americans."

"Glad of that. You used to be terribly grouchy."

"Sh—vhas. Three months ago I doan bow some beans in a bag. Ha! ha! Dose vere some slong and take me for some grass if I rains I shtands right out doors and get wet. Ha! ha! It makes me laugh when I see how green I vhas!"

"Anything happened lately?" queried the sergeant in a curious way.

"Vhell, not mooch. Some fellers try to beat me, but dey doan' make oupit. I vhas too sharp for 'em. Yoo feller comes along and sells pairs of sheep shears in a bundle. He doan' want to sell dose shears, but he likes to borrow three dollars for one day und leaf me for security. If he doan' come pack in one day dose shears vhas mine."

"I see."

"He doan' come pack. Maype he vhas in jail or something, but dot vhas nothing to me. I keeps dose shears. If somepody beats me, ar gues, he shall haf to get oop very early in der morning."

"I promise it. Have you the shears there?"

"I haf. I belief you like to see 'em."

"They are worth two shillings a pair," said the sergeant, after an inspection. "You are out of pocket fourteen shillings, and what do you expect to do with sheep shears?"

"Heafens! I dosn' think of dot!" gasped Mr. Dunder as he grew white in the face.

"Anything else?"

"Vhell, I got my life insured. I doan' belief I vhas sheated by dot. A feller comes along und says vhas I Carl Dunder? I vhas. Vhell, der president of der United States says he likes me to call on you und insure your life. Dis vhas a new company und a new idea. I let you in by der ground floor. I like your name to influence odder people.

"How vhas dot now idea?"

"You pay only two dollars eafery twenty years, und I gif you vhile you live $75,000. Vhas dot not a goot vay to insure? Vhen I vhas dead Jay Gould, Russell Sage und all der big fellows vhas into it. How shall you vhas—who vhas your grand mother—how many teeth have you lost oudt—vas you safer bit by some dogs—did you safer own a white horse—how often you fall down stairs—do you ride on some bicycles, und dis vhas der truth, der whole truth, und nothing but der truth."

"And he wanted the $2 in advance?" queried the sergeant.

"Of course. Dot vhas to pay for shwearing me."

"Well, you are beaten again, Mr. Dunder. Insurance men don't do business that way. Good day."

"How you mean?"

"You had better go home. Have you got a tub in your house?"

"Of course."

"Any bran at the barn?"

"Yes."

"Well, make the tub about half full of mush, and then put your head to soak for about forty-eight hours. When through buy some No. 4 sandpaper and polish it down to de face."

"Sergeant, vhas I some greenhorns?"

"You are."

"Vhell I safer learn somethings!"

"Never. I"

"Then, good-by! I shan't try no more. It vhas a queer country, und nothing vhas der same two times alike. When my body vhas found in some dock dose fools of it. Shoot me it shently und say dot I did so well ash I could."—Detroit Free Press.

A Little Mental Arithmetic.

In a bakery—

"Please, mum, how much are those buns?"

"Well, my little man, I'll give you six for five cents."

"Bits for five! That's five for four; four for three; three for two; two for one, and one for—nothing. Please, mum, one's all I want."—Judge.

Managed to Roll Along.

First Hoop Snake—Times are pretty hard, aren't they?

Second ditto—Yes, but I manage to make both ends meet.

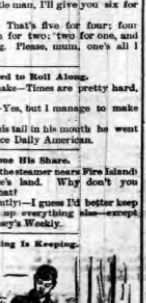
And putting his tail in his mouth he went away.—Lawrence Daily American.

Done His Share.

"Eastwaite as the steamer nears Fire Island! —Hurrah! there's land. Why don't you throw up your hat?

Pangborn (faintly)—I guess I'd better keep it. I've thrown up everything else—except my boots.—Munsey's Weekly.

Finding Is Keeping.



"Jove, this knife's a dandy." (Pause.) "Wonder who it belongs to?" (Another pause.) "Four blades. Guess I know who it belongs to." (A third pause.) "Belongs to me."—Munsey's Weekly.

A Fair Estimate.

"Have you ever tried, Lawrence, to estimate the height of my father's regard for you?"

"Yes, but it occurred to me last night that it was about 5 foot."—Glens Falls Republican.

His Favorite Cake.

Miss Dives to her cousin, at the table—What sort of cake do you prefer?

Old Dives to whom the cousin persists in bringing his probably prefers sponge cake, my dear.—Lawrence Daily American.

The Duke Successful.

"I would I were a lady fair,"
Sighed a duke of sentiment,
With laughing eyes and flowing hair.
And a dimple on my chin.
This, I thought, would do it.
But I'll try all means I can
To win his heart by night or day
I was meant to be a queen."

Lost With All on Board.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Mallory line steamship Rio Grande, from Galveston, passed on Wednesday in latitude 28.25, longitude 74.22, a wreck supposed to be that of the missing steamer Brooklyn. A life boat remained on the wreck, but the only part of the name on the boat that could be made out with a glass was the final letters "ville." The name was probably Townsends, which was the former name of the Brooklyn. No further doubt exists among shipping men here that the Brooklyn was lost with all on board.

$4,500 for His Wife's Affections.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The case of Oliver M. Haywood versus Horatio W. Southworth has been settled by the payment of $4,500 to the plaintiff. Suit was brought to recover damages of the defendant for alienating the affections of the plaintiff's wife. A verdict awarding $5,000 damages to plaintiff was rendered and the defendant filed exceptions, which are waived under the settlement.

A Well Known Physician Dead.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 1.—Dr. Van S. Sehoonover, 53, one of Ohio's most distinguished physicians, died Tuesday afternoon while sitting in his arm chair. He was of German ancestry, his grandfather having emigrated from Germany at an early age and settled in Pennsylvania.

Gen. Butterfield Banqueted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Maj. Gen. Daniel Butterfield was given a reception and banquet by a number of his friends on his return from a trip to Europe. Among those present were Senator Warner Miller, Gen. Sickles, August Belmont, Seth Low and ex-Judge Davis.

The Walking Match.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 1.—The attendance yesterday at the pedestrian contest was large. The score at the close of the day was: Hegelman, 340 miles; Guerrero, 325; Connors, 321; Howarth, 322; Herty, 314; Taylor, 312; Sullivan, 198. All of the others have withdrawn from the race.

Limiting License at Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 1.—The county commissioners have decided not to grant liquor licenses to grocery stores or to places kept by women. They decided to make the licenses $500. They decided to grant only close a third of the places in Hartford where liquor has been sold.

Hatch Released on Bail.

DENVER, Nov. 1.—In El Paso county Judge Campbell heard the habeas corpus proceedings in the case of C. W. Hatch, of Boston, who is charged with the murder of his uncle. The prisoner was released on $2,500 bail.

A $30,000 Fire.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—About 9:30 a. m. fire started in the coal sheds of the W. E. Johnson company on Harrison street. The sheds and hoisting apparatus belonging to the Lehigh Valley Coal company are a total loss. The damage is estimated at $30,000.

Tried to Kill Mother and Children.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Mary Barrows, aged 27 years, while temporarily insane from privation and starvation, rendered food to kill her aged mother and both her children. She was taken to an insane asylum.

FURNITURE

IS INDISPENSABLE IN EVERY HOME. TO SEE HOW NEAT, COSY, SUBSTANTIAL, AS WELL AS REASONABLE ONE CAN FURNISH WE INVITE YOU TO THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store,

34 WEST FRONT STREET.

Powlison & Jones.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer, Bunion Cure and Foot Ease on Earth. Cures or Money Refunded. Sold by druggists. Mailed anywhere for 25 cents. Address Scatter-Corns Co., Plainfield, N. J. Sold in Plainfield by E. W. Hawkins & Co., Howard & Co.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE,

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other chutes coals on hand.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

24 NORTH AVENUE

TUNIS J. CAREY

E. WEST FRONT STREET,

All Kinds of Second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

Furniture packed and shipped. Auctioneering a specialty. Will sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be a customer by calling and examining my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Professional Cards.

DR. S. SIMPSON,
no West Fifth street, corner of Liberty
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 4-5-1y

E. E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 39 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence, No. 20 West Fifth street.

WILLIAM G. REE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

J. ADDISON PATTERSON, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public, Master in Chancery, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Second streets.

CLARK & MEAD,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, corner First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1y

CRAIG & MARSH,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office corner Front and Second streets.

E. A. BRADLEY,
Physician and Surgeon, No. 1 Park avenue. Gives exclusive attention to all the diseases attended to with prescriptions. Parties send 1 cent stamp at an early age and settled in Pennsylvania.

O. WILLIAMS, M. D.,
Allopath, 247 Second way, (New York city) corner 21 and 22. Impotency and Urethral Stricture. Residence, Plainfield N. J.

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

GENERAL HARDWARE,

STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

HARNESS, SEEDS, MIXED PAINTS, Etc.

COR. FRONT STREET and PARK AVE.

THE BEE HIVE

The Bee Hive is the place to buy your Winter Underwear, if you want to save money.

Ladies' Heavy Merino Vests and Pantalettes, 25c, 35c, 40c and 45c.

Ladies' Heavy Wool Vests, 75c.

Ladies' Australian Wool Vests and Pantalettes, $1.

Children's Merino Vests and Pantalettes, from 12c up.

Children's Merino Pantalettes, with extra long legs, size 16, 18, 20 and 22 a pair.

Children's Sanitary Natural Wool Vests and extra long Pantalettes, size 16, 25c and 35c.

Children's scarlets the same price.

Men's Merino Shirts and Drawers, 25 and 35c.

Our 50c White Merino Shirts and Drawers are the best value in the State.

Men's Heavy Scotch Wool Shirts and Drawers, 75c.

Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, $1.25.

Australian Wool Shirts and Drawers, $1.12 1-2.

Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50.

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET

FOR THE

Choicest of Butter

at the most moderate cash prices, call at the

Park Ave. Market

PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

W. S. BINION, Prop.

J. D. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-13-1m

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1000.

FRENCH AND GERMAN,
Taught by Messrs. Louis Vivoux and Oreffiner, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special Instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. First trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street. 9-28-1y

HOME SCHOOL
for **young ladies and children**, 143 Grove street, Plainfield, re-opens Sept. 19th, 1889. Special preparation for those desiring to enter college, and most careful attention to boarding children to read and study. Vocalization by the method of Del Sarte. Applications may be made at any time personally or by letter to Mrs. Sadler or Miss Pomeroy. 8-30-1m.*

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten and **School**, 48 Craig Place, near Grove Street. In each department elementary branches are carefully taught. Thoroughness, and every care taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-23-4r

MR. T. E. HAZELL,
Teacher of Singing. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Director of choral classes. The art of rendering vocal music made a specialty. Residence, No. 78 Duer street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW
resumed her lessons in **German** at her residence, 11 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Bauvuer's system used and special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-19-3m

MR. P. L. CONDE,
Teacher of **Violin**, 13 years a student, special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HALLWIG,
a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons in vocal and pianoforte, in French and German **languages**, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hallwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1583.

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY
for young **ladies** and **children** will re-open Thursday, Sept. 19th. A kindergarten will be opened Tuesday, Oct. 1st. For particulars address Miss E. S. Kenyon, Principal. 8-30-2m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M Hoxsey, Principal. Ida F. Hoxsey, Assistant

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder.

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN ASHLEY,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Watchung and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. *Specialty—First-class work.* Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box 1223. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Resident Evona. P. O. Box 350.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SEILER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

IF YOU WANT ANY

Repairs to your House

Before Winter, Call at Carpenter Shop, 20 Somerset Street, and leave your order. Open a. m. to 5 p. m.

JAMES HARDY.

Frank Linke,

(Established 1865.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT

ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Pale Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

129 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of **TOILET SOA** in the city by long odds.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.

Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Shower Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. p cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

INSURANCE

Isaac Brokaw.

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM

Drinks no cocaine and quick and positive cure Send. SURE QUICK

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Penn. 12-20tf

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, DONBY, PILLSBURY and GOLD. The latter is a specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of GROCERIES, foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.

Furniture Express

51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 30th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.40, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 4.00, 6.00, 7.45, 8.45, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.40, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.12, 8.07, 9.37 a. m.; 2.04, 5.12, 6.58 p. m. Sunday at 8.37 a. m.; 5.12 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.30, 7.55, 11.05 a. m.; 1.35, 4.35, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 7.55 a. m.; 4.35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.28, 6.20, 6.39, 7.30, 8.20, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.28, 6.20, 6.39, 7.30, 8.20, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.12, 8.07, 9.37 a. m.; 2.04, 5.12, 6.58 p. m. Sunday at 8.37 a. m.; 5.12 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.30, 7.55, 11.05 a. m.; 1.35, 4.35, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 7.55 a. m.; 4.35 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.12 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. Sunday at 8.37 a. m. for Easton.

9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

2.04 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.12 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

6.58 p. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delphos, Williamsburg, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, 6.04, 7.55 a. m., 12.05 noon, 4.35, 6.30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 8.37 a. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 8.28, 8.00, 11.09 a. m.; 7.06, 7.31, 2.54, 7.p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.28, 8.00 a. m., 7.06 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove only) 11.09 a. m.; 7.06, 7.31, 6.07 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 7.00, 12.28, 10.02, 12.20, 11.20 a. m., 4.04, 8.30, 4.00, 7.33, 8.50 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 10.02, 8.50 a. m., 4.04, 8.30, 7.33 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 7.00, 9.12, 10.02, 12.20, 11.20 a. m., 4.04, 8.30, 4.00, 7.33, 8.50 p. m. Sundays at 7.00, 10.02, 8.50 a. m., 4.04, 8.30, 7.33 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.00, 9.12, 11.20 a. m., 4.04, 8.30, 7.33 p. m. Sundays, at 7.00, 10.02, 8.50 a. m., 4.04, 8.30, 7.33 p. m.

Direct couches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1.03 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Philadelphia, 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Persons having lock boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the 30th Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 8 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.

Safe as the best U. S. Bond.

Select them may now. E. S. Rent.

WITH twenty Hooker & Tacoma. Send for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO., Members New York Stock Exchange, 54 & 56 Broadway, New York.

NO FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.

Barkalow & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

Plainfield Avenue,

Telephone Call 48. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office or residence.

TEAS, COFFEES, TOBACCOS and SPICES, roasted and ground fresh at Jacob Dalheimer's Sons' coffee, tea and spice mills, corner Front and Somerset streets. 4-11-1y

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Constipation

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only,

A Fine 50c TOOTHBRUSH to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE,

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 792.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers.

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 28-31 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Squares, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, two years old; White, Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, farmiture, plows, harrows. Call and see the improved Thomas Harvis Iron wagon. John P. Wells, Bonnet street North Plainfield.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. G. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard fronts Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.

37 1-2 West Front street.

PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS OPEN DAILY

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front post place. P. O. Box 940.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder.

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Reporting attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 81 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 806. Telephone call 29.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

P. CASEY & SON

Timberbuyers and Lumbermen

Will buy or saw to order

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 22 Third street, corner Hoyt Everything pertaining to the lumber business kept on hand. Calls answered day or night.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 25 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 939.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagons. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy or write to

A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all Kinds at

S. E. FLOWERS

44 East Front Street, Opposite the Park House

A QUEER LOT OF DATES.

Guildhall in London begun—1411.
The first bailiffs in Shrewsbury—1272.
Shillings first coined in England—1505.
The new service books in English—1552.
The first use of coaches in England—1553.
Dome-day books begun by William—1080.
Rain from the last of April to Hollontide—1462.
Pride exceeding in monstrous apparell—1467.
The sewers about London taken down—1306.
The universitie of Cambridge founded—915 A. D.
A blazing star on Palme Sunday nere the sun—1577.
Justices of the peace appointed in England—1070.
Glasse windows used in the house of England—1180.
A decree for lanthorne and candle light in London—1417.
Four comets appeared, beside the true sunne, of a red color—1223.
Thunder rested fifteen daies, beginning the morrow after St. Martin's Day—1237.
The Jews of Norwich stole a boy and circumcised him, minding to have crucified him at Easter—1255.
Robin Hood and Little John lived. This yeare London obtained to be governed by sheriffes and maiors—1193.
London bridge builded with stone, and this yeare the citizens of London had a grant to choose them a maior—1200.
The citizens of London had libertie to hunt a certain distance about the citie, and to pass toll free through England—1222.
Men and beasts perished in divers places with thunder and lightning, and fiends were seene spoke unto men as they travelled—1201.
Paris in France, and London in England, paued, and thatching in both left, because all Luberick was spoiled thereby with fire—1180.
The making of gunnes found; and rebels in Kent and Essex, who entered London, beheaded all lawyers, and burnt houses and all books of law—1380.
By reason of a frost from January to March wheate was sold for a marke the quarter, which before was at 12 pence. Anno Regni 6. John—1209.
Britannies Bursse builded. Hix tall builded. A gate builded new. Sailor's hospital founded. More ficlds new railed and planted with trees. Westminster palace paued.
The Jews, corrupting England with usury, had first a badge given them to weare, that they might be knowne, and after were banished to the number of 150,000 persons—1291.
St. John's college, in Cambridge, being an ancient hostell, was converted to a college by the executors of the Countesse of Richmond and Derby, and mother of Henry VII, in this yeare as her will was—1510.
Piked shoes tyed to their knees with silver chaines were used. And women with long gowns rode in coaches, like the queene's, brought side saddles first to England; for before they rod astrid—1388.
Great tempests on the sea and fearful, and this yeare the king (Henry II) granted that wherefore the Jewes had a purpose to present the maior before the king, whereever so were, that now barons of the exchequer should serve—1188.
This yeare the king of France burned all his leprous people, as well men as women; for that he supposed they had poysoned the waters which caused his leprosy. About this time also the Jews had a purpose to poyson all the Christians by poysoning all their springs—1313.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Use a silver spoon when cooking mushrooms. The silver will be blackened if any injurious substance is present.

Air the house thoroughly every day, even though the rain comes down in torrents or the snow beats in in drifts."

Be ashamed to iron a limp shirt bosom! Men do not so much care for a polished shirt front as they do for a stiff one.

Do not be deceived by agents who have a "superior furniture polish" for sale. Use linseed oil, there is nothing better.

It is a good idea for a tall woman to have her kitchen table and ironing board a little higher than ordinary. It will save many a backache.

Use great care in serving food for the table, as the smallest spatter of grease or gravy changes the appearance and spoils an otherwise pretty dish.

Glasses and dishes wipe to perfection when washed in very hot water. Use a dish mop, soap shaker, and iron dish washer. These also expedite the labor, as very hot water can be used.

A few years ago a fashionable table was so piled with high dishes that it was impossible to see one's vis-a-vis without peeping under the heavily laden silver and glassware. Now a table is considered vulgar when not laid in a low, simple manner.

When dowagers and carafes become so discolored inside that shot of fine coals will not cleanse them, fill the bottle with finely chopped potato skins, cork tightly, and let the bottle stand for three days, when the skins will ferment. Turn out and rinse. The bottle will be as bright and clean as when new.

To tie a shoe so it will stay: Tie a simple knot. Then start to tie a bow knot, but before drawing down tight take the last part of the bow ends, put it over then under the knot, and pull with cold water, as you would finish a bow knot. This will untie as easily as a regular bow knot, but of itself will not come untied.

In canning tomatoes peel whole tomatoes and crowd them into cans, pressing them down slowly. Put a board into the bottom of a boiler and set the cans on the board. Fill the boiler with cold water to half the height of the cans, laying the tops of the cans on loosely, letting them remain until the water has boiled twenty minutes. Then remove the cans, and if they are not full, fill with hot water and seal at once.—Somerville Journal.

THE LATEST IN JEWELS.

Turquoise hearts are being adopted as sleeve buttons.

Bangle bracelets are by no means a thing of the past.

Glove buttoners with white onyx handles are a pleasing innovation.

Oblong match boxes in gold and enamel are clamoring for public favor.

A sapphire and a diamond slightly inclined is a favorite in ring settings.

Some hairpins are topped by gold beads mounted on long slender stems gracefully curved backward.

Of a collection of new colors and shades a Mikado brol, produced in colored gems, is a choice specimen.—Jewelers' Review.

NEW STATE CAPITALS.

WHERE LAWS FOR THE RECENTLY ADMITTED STATES WILL BE MADE.

Helena Temporarily Chosen by Montana. Bismarck Selected by North and Pierre by South Dakota, and Olympia Settled Upon by Washington.

Americans must soon get used to hearing of four more state capitals. They must expect during the session their daily news from the legislatures at Pierre and Bismarck, the great

STATE HOUSE AT BISMARCK.

schemes in incubation at Olympia and the "three cornered fight at Helena." It is just possible they will begin to hear of this last even before this article is widely read, for Montana not only has materials for a lively session, but its political parties are almost evenly balanced.

Helena is, from a romantic standpoint, the most interesting of all the new capitals, none of the other towns being located at what is, or is expected to be, the largest city. In Washington and both Dakotas the people have followed the wise American custom of having their legislation done at some other than the principal city. Helena dates from the close of the civil war, when Montana was sought by many men of broken fortunes or impaired health, and at least $50,000,000 worth of gold was taken out of the gulch or little valley in which Helena is situated. It began as a mining camp. Every pound of the dirt on which the city is built has been washed over, and some of it twice—the second time by the Chinese. Col. Broadwater, of the Hot Springs hotel, sent a $100,000 brick to the Minneapolis exposition as a specimen of the new state's products, and the Helena papers relate as a pleasant item of recent news that Mrs. McAdow, part proprietor of the Sported Horse lode, recently drove into town with a "little brick" of $40,000 in gold, which she deposited in bank.

Helena was a wild and roaring camp, and then a lively town; unfortunately it next became a town of many criminals, for the lawless got temporary control of the government and "road agents" multiplied. One fine morning the citizens rose to discover that the "vigilantes" had got to work. On some doors were marked "Look out!" on others "Get out!" and by way of emphasis three notorious thieves were hanging by the neck from a conspicuous beam. The "vigilantes" hanged and shot fifty-two men during their reign, and the moral atmosphere was purified. Capital came in even to an excess, a good government was established, and in 1870–73 it began to be remarked that Helena had as fine society as any place in America. For many years past the curious fact has been noted that the Helena banks had more money on deposit in proportion to population than those of any other city in the country.

Helena also has an advantage over the other capitals in the matter of sublime scenery, though Olympia has Puget Sound and Bismarck and Pierre the raging Missouri. One can choose his climate in Montana and reach it easily in a few hours. Helena is now that the railroads and local switch and motor lines are completed. There is connection east and west by the Northern Pacific,

STATE HOUSE AT OLYMPIA.

down to Ogden and Salt Lake City by another road, and to adjacent points by still other lines. The city is also building an incline on what is called the "Switchback" principle to the summit of the Rocky mountains only a few miles away. Ten miles west of the city are the great baths, supplied from hot springs in the mountains, and at these baths Col. Broadwater has lately opened one of the finest hotels in the west. The main swimming tank at the baths is 200 feet long and 120 feet wide—a sort of popular fun-and frolic bath.

The Montanians have agreed that Helena shall be the capital until 1890, and then the people shall decide by vote on a permanent capital. During this time the Lewis and Clarke county court house will be used as state capitol—it is a sort of miniature state house, and *ample for present purposes*—and if the people decide on Helena as the permanent capital they expect to expend $2,000,000 on a building that will be their pride and their pride for all time to come. The city is well supplied with hotels, street cars, branch railroads to mining camps and other appliances for a state capital, and, as these what nature has done, the legislators will find plenty of amusement in the lively city.

Olympia never professed to be the first among the cities of the new state of Washington, and *makes no extravagant promises* of being permanently even the fourth or fifth; but it is an exceedingly lively town, and was certainly the best choice for the capital. The streets are broad and the shade trees have had time to grow, the point on which the town is built is attractive from the near vicinity of Budd's inlet of Puget's sound, and the climate is almost perfection, while not far away are the falls where the Des Chutes river descends eighty-five feet in 300 yards, making an abundant water power. It is asserted that no other place in America is so conveniently near both fishing and hunting grounds of the very best, and is to the same time so lavishly supplied with agricultural products.

The sound affords oysters, clams and fish all the year round, the adjacent woods still abound in grouse and pheasants, while in the mountains, not more than twenty-five miles away, bear, deer, elk, and mountain sheep are still found in winter. The many groups of Puget's sound give the interior navigation of Washington such a peculiar geography that the most excellent control over fishing by any amount of study the natural place for the "coming great city," and Seattle and Tacoma are active in attempting to *decide it, but it* seems to be agreed by all that it is not to be at Olympia. The anchorage is not first class, and large vessels can reach the wharf only at high tide. The variation between highest and lowest tides is often as much as twenty-four feet, and there are times when even the smallest craft cannot rear in over the mud flat.

The first white settlement at Olympia was made in 1846; the town was laid out in 1851 and incorporated as a city in 1859, and it has been growing very deliberately *ever since*. Its interests aside from the fisheries being almost entirely agricultural. Congress appropriated $30,000 to build a territorial capitol at Olympia, and it will serve the needs of the state for some years, but the new state is fortunate in still owning school lands of value sufficient to pay for all needful public buildings, and that of the very finest. The rapid growth of Seattle and Tacoma has made the school lands at those two places alone worth two or three millions dollars.

The city *is amply supplied with* hotels and other accommodations for a legislature, and every visitor speaks with enthusiasm of its agreeable situation, the productive lands of the vicinity and its mild but bracing climate. The lawns are dark green ten months of every year *and sometimes all the twelve*—in fact they are never entirely brown. Roses in November, blooming in the open air, excite no wonder. The capitol stands on a commanding hill, perhaps a mile and a half from the wharf, and the natural opportunities for making the hill beautiful are very great. The city has railroad connection eastward and southward, besides the facilities for reaching it by the sound.

Of the capitals of the Dakotas Bismarck is more noted. Its early history is just a little *obscure. First, a landing place* on the Missouri, then a hunter's rendezvous, then an In-

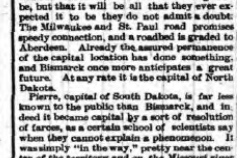
LEWIS AND CLARKE COUNTY COURT HOUSE. [Temporary State House.]

dian trading post, and finally a "rattling *frontier town*," *reached by daily stage*, it became a place of note when the great travel ahead of the Northern Pacific road set in. In 1874 it became the terminus of that road, and so remained till the "hard times" were past and the great northwestern boom. Bismarck and Sand Island lots sold at Chicago prices, and real estate owners spoke confidently of "holding for $1,000 pay front foot." The lunar theory followed, and after that legitimate development. But an extremely trying period intervened.

When the territorial capital was located at Bismarck by the Northern Pacific Railroad company donated a site for the state house—on a hill, a mile or more from the station, and no house within half a mile of it. "No matter," said the citizens, "the town will soon grow to it," and $900,000 were put into the new Capitol. One could have got even bets that the town would surround the Capitol in a year. It is only by a figure of speech that it can be said to have reached it yet. The railroad went on west, and this cut off the outfitting and terminus freighting, and real estate took a big tumble. It is to the credit of the most enthusiastic Bismarckers that the place is what it used to be, or even what it ought to be, but that it will be is a theory over which to be they do not admit a doubt. The Milwaukee and St. Paul road promises speedy connection, and a roadbed is graded to Mercedes. A very natural permanence of the capital location has done something, and Bismarck once more anticipates a great future. At any rate it is the capital of North Dakota.

Pierre, capital of South Dakota, is *far less* known to the public than Bismarck, and indeed it became capital by a sort of reaction of forces, as a certain school of scientists say when they cannot explain a phenomenon. It was simply "in the way," pretty near the center of the territory and on the *Missouri river* —that decided it. Huron, in Beadle county, being already a railroad center, had bright hopes of becoming the capital, but the people decided that the geography of the country would soon make Pierre the center of population, *especially since the great Sioux reservation* of 11,000,000 acres had just been thrown open to settlement. Pierre has a plural city only *of the votes*, there being other candidate cities—Huron, Sioux Falls, Mitchell, Watertown, and Chamberlain, their vote *reaching in the order named*.

Pierre is on the east bank of the Missouri, and really seems a point designed by nature for the junction of several lines of traffic. At present there is but one railroad, but that is the great east and west artery of south Dakota—a branch of the Chicago and Northwestern system. The Manitoba system will soon have a line to Pierre, and, of course, the natural routes westward will be utilized in



HIGH SCHOOL AT PIERRE. [Temporary State House.]

good time. The town got its start as an outfitting point for the Black Hills, and has held it as the site of a government Indian school and of the Pierre university. At present the population is increasing rapidly, and there are fair indications of a rapid boom. It is behind the other capitals, however, in having no legislative building, and the legislature which chose the first United States senator sat in a ward school building.

Pierre has a complete and well organized city government, a very good system of electric lights, and fine water works and a fire department and system of fire protection which is really quite phenomenal for so new a place. This comprises ten miles of mains, sixty-five hydrants and commodious quarters for the fire companies. The new canal, to cost $80,000, will "be after the heels of the most fastidious," and, in short, it may be said that Pierre will be able to make the Dakota address quite comfortable.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Carnegie will spend $750,000 on his public library at Pittsburg.

Chauncey M. Depew carries life insurance amounting to $500,000.

Ex-Queen Isabella of Spain recently won 60,000 francs on a horse race.

Historian Bancroft says that he feels as though he sixty years old.

Edison is a theosophist and has grown flashy and his hair is whitening.

The Hon. Hannibal Hamlin has done a great lot of partridge shooting this year.

Jay Gould holds $30,400,000 of the $60,000,000 of capital stock of the Western Union.

James Russell Lowell says that he is going to spend the remainder of his life in America.

Herman Schurig, the German sculptor, has come to the United States to make a bust of Edison.

Friedrich Spielhagen, the most popular German novelist, recently celebrated his 70th birthday.

Vice President Morton will receive a rental of $60,000 a year for his new apartment house in Washington.

Oscar S. Straus, ex-minister to Turkey, makes a hobby of collecting and studying books on American history.

It cost Andrew Carnegie about $20000, to allow his mess to attend Superintendent Jones' funeral by shutting down one day.

Edwin Everett Hale says that when he was *in college he and his chum* took the first daguerreotype ever made in Boston.

M. Nantot reached the Paris exposition after a seven days' journey from Brussels in a phaeton drawn by a pair of dogs.

Brayton Ives, of Wall street, has perhaps the finest and most valuable collection of old manuscripts, missals and rare books in the United States.

Robert J. Burdette, the professional humorist, has been acting as pastor of the Lower Merion Baptist church, Philadelphia, during the hot summer.

Dr. Talmage estimates the net loss to his church from the recent fire at about $38,000. The total insurance on the building and contents was $129,400.

Mr. *Gladstone has found a rival in Cardinal* Manning, who since the London dock strike, has been called by his admirers "The grandest old man of our times."

Edwin Booth is an enthusiastic whist player. He plays scientifically, and nothing pleases him more than to *have a good rubber* with three other good players.

The late Wilkie Collins never passed a day without taking up one of the Waverly novels. He had a very warm admiration for the genius of the elder Dumas and of Balzac, but especially the former.

Marshal Von Moltke is one of the most venerable men living in a double sense. He began his practical military studies when a boy of 12 years, and on the 26th of November he entered upon the 90th year of his age.

Gen. Grenfell, the hero of the last Egyptian campaign, was given a glorious reception at the hands of his fellow townsmen of Swansea, in Wales, recently, on his return to his native city. The freedom of the city was presented to him with imposing ceremonies.

Gen. Boulanger has been compelled to confine his diet to fruit and cereals. *He is al*ways hungry, but he has a horror of rheumatism. His complexion is very pale and he *looks far from well. He is now obliged to* pay more attention to his own constitution than to that of France.

Professor Todd, of Amherst, who has charge of the expedition to St. Pat de Loanda, on the west coast of Africa, to view the eclipse, has planned a system of pneumatic signals with which the observatory, by which the photographic apparatus may be operated automatically during the period of total eclipse.

Sir Frederick Young, who is over 70 years of age, has returned to London after a remarkable journey. During his sojourn in South Africa he has visited the Kaffirs in their kraals, passed a fortnight in the bush without entering a house, interviewed Mr. Paul Kruger, completely traversed the Transvaal and traveled altogether just 16,000 miles.

CHINESE MAXIMS.

Forbearance is attended with profit.
The straightest trees are the first *felled*.
Life is a journey and death a return home.
Causeless anger resembles waves without wind.
A discontented man is like a snake who *would swallow* an elephant.
Kind feeling may be paid with kind feeling, but debts must be paid in hard cash.
The people are the roots of the state, if the roots are flourishing the state will endure.
If men will have no care for the future they will soon have no sorrow for the past.
Those above should not oppress those below, nor those below encroach on those above.
The house wherein learning abounds will arise; that in which pleasure prevails will fall.
Hear both sides and you will be clear; hear but one and you will still be in the dark.
To be fully fed and warmly clothed and to dwell at ease, without learning, is better than a bestial state.
The wisest man in a thousand times be once mistaken; the most foolish in a thousand times must be once right.
Where paths are constantly trodden they are kept clean, but when abandoned the weeds choke them up; so weeds choke the mind in the absence of employment.—Exchange.

THE CARE OF FLOWERS.

A solution of tobacco soap will keep the aphis away from honeysuckles.

Cuttings should always be made from healthy plants, otherwise they are sure to be poor and sickly.

Florists say nothing is to be gained by starting gladioluses in the house in advance of the outdoor planting time.

Do not wet the leaves of Rex Begonias, as it causes them to spot, making holes in the leaves, and finally destroying them.

It is the nature of the Poinsettia to drop its leaves after blooming, when grown in the sitting room. It often drops them before, unless a good deal of water is used on the foliage.

The peony does well in a rather heavy soil. After transplanting it is often two or three years before the plants bloom, as they must become well established in their new quarters before full crops of flowers can be expected.

Cut flowers can be kept fresh for quite a length of time by putting a few drops of liquid ammonia in the water in which they are placed. This water should be changed daily, and at each change the stems of the flowers should be cut off an inch or two to insure fresh surface to the water.—Ladies' Home Journal.

FUR MUFFS AND CAPES!

We have just received three cases of Muffs, Capes and Fur Trimmings from three of the Fur Houses in New York, which are now being displayed.

The Large Assortment comprises everything desirable in this line, and we can confidently say that we had no such exhibition of these goods have ever been made in this city before.

THIS WEEK will be the best opportunity to get the choice selections, as later on they will be sold. "A WORD TO THE WISE," Etc, you know.

LACE CURTAINS! LACE CURTAINS!

Is another Specialty with us this week. We have purchased several "CLOSING OUT" lots from the Importers, and offer extra Bargains in these goods.

WINDOW SHADES! WINDOW SHADES!

We have been very agreeably surprised at the increased demand make upon us in this department. Everybody is pleased with the excellent and prompt manner in which our work is done. Parties having Shades or Carpet, will do well to get our "estimate" before ordering elsewhere.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St., Edsall's

THE BEST PLACE TO GET GENUINE BARGAINS.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of **Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.**

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

At Boehm's for the next 10 days.

We are receiving daily shipments of Jackets, Cloaks, New Markets and Wraps for Ladies, Misses and Children. Jersey and Cloth Jackets in Black and Colors, $2.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5. New Markets $4.50, $5.50, $7.50 and $10. Large line Stock of Quilts and Blankets to be seen in the city at Lowest Prices. All grades of Cotton Batting for quilting. Best quality of odorless Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Hair's patent, all iron. Prices from $25. We are offering special inducements to purchasers of Carpets and Oil Cloths this week. We still lead in Dress Goods. Specialties in Silk Plushes and Stripe Surah for trimmings. Our Millinery Department is well stocked with the latest trimmings. Children's Hats. Fancy and Staple Canes. Needles for Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson, Singer and Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Buffets, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS AND *ORGANS*

BRADBURY, BAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.

Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase.

The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, Of CHICAGO, Illinois. CHAPEL and PARLOR. Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and well Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INTERESTED.

FURNITURE.

R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
(Just below the post office) Dealer in
ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,
BEDROOM SUITES,
WARDROBES,
CHIFFONIERS
and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH.

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES,

Our repair department is excelled by none.

14 and 16 SOMERSET STREET.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full inches dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lusenge Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

NO. 43 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syndicate Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Laing's Hotel.

NEW STYLES

IN
FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS,
SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.
ALSO A FULL LINE OF
Oil-Cloth and Carpets
GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK, ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield.

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at main office. Telephone No. 63.

Call and Examine

HARTHERWARE and WOODENWARE, of all kinds.

Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames. Glass and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge.

S. FRUCHT,

No. 9 Somerset street. Come and see the Bargains.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES
ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors. Box 1288.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. B. SLATER, Manager.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

FEARLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
LEON ABBETT BURD GRUBB,
OF BURLINGTON.

Union County.—Third Assembly District.

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN,
JOHN ULRICH,
OF PLAINFIELD.

Somerset County Nominations.

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN,
JOSEPH C. GARRETSON.

FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN RINGLEMAN.

WORDS ARE WISE MEN'S COUNTERS, BUT THEY MONEY OF FOOLS.—Hobbes.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 306; days to come, 59.

—The petit jurors for the October term of the Union county court were discharged Thursday until Wednesday next.

—At the Crescent club bowling last evening at the Dispatch one of the members made a score of 209, 205, 203, 192, 203, and 150.

—The Central Railroad has a contract with the Pullman Palace Car Company for the use of their cars for the period of twenty-five years.

—There is a split in the Democratic party of the Second Assembly District and many of them have signified their intention of voting the Republican ticket on Tuesday next.

—The handsome decorated windows at Sidwell Brothers clothing establishment attracts much attention. The firm carries a fine line of clothing and makes suits to order to suit everybody.

—Prying Tom has made his appearance in Somerville. Ladies on First and Second streets have been visited by this inquisitive gentleman. The residents of that vicinity have prepared their guns.

—The Home Missionary Society of the First Baptist church held a jug breaking entertainment in the Sunday school room last evening, $54.65 were realized. Singing and recitations were also features of the occasion.

—The Republicans of Round Brook held a rousing mass meeting last evening. Editor John S. Gibson, of the Dover Iron Era, and Joseph C. Garretson addressed the assembly. The Round Brook Cornet Band furnished the music.

—Such a pleasant time as we've had was the general expression of those who leaved the weather to attend the social reunion of the members of the W. C. T. U. and their friends on Thursday afternoon, giving a very nice opportunity for many to become acquainted with each other. About sixty were present.

—There were 251 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 190 in the preceding week and 220, 207, 213 and 170 in the corresponding week of 1888, 1887, 1886 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 9,385 against 8,284 in 1888.

—The sale of reserved seats for the games of the Plainfield Bicycle Club commenced this morning and the diagrams already present an appearance indicating the great interest of the friends of the Club and all lovers of athletic sports. The entries, which will close on the 30th, already contain the names of some of the best sprint runners and bicycle racers in this part of the country. Shaw and Randolph have the rink diagram.

—It was the Somerville Messenger we believe that printed a long story about General Grubb avoiding the payment of part of his taxes, which the General will be followed by the usual reports of the union and the branch, et cet cetera. Please remember the hour is three and not four, and if possible be there promptly.

A Painful Accident.

Thursday afternoon George Smith, a young man employed in Spicer & Hubbard's planing mill, was working with a chisel when in some unaccountable way the chisel flew up, striking him in the eye and cutting through the ball. The young man was taken to the Muhlenberg Hospital, where the wound was dressed and he was after ward removed to his home in North Plainfield. It is thought that he will lose the sight of the eye.

W. C. T. U. Notes.

Prayer meetings—7:45 Saturday evenings; 9:15 Sunday mornings; and 4 o'clock Sunday afternoons.

Monthly meeting on Tuesday at 3 p. m.

Prayer meeting from two to five on Thursday. The special subject will be the labors of Rev. F. A. Durdick the following week.

Supposed a Lunatic

A short time ago, carrying several bundles attracted considerable attention on Somerset street at about noon to-day by his strange actions. Among other things he began singing hymns at the top of his voice. Some one suggested that he was enroute for the Morris Plains lunatic asylum.

Lost a Finger.

While engaged putting up a pump at Bethenwel yesterday, Daniel Hogan, of Park avenue, a plumber, smashed two of the fingers of his right hand. It was found necessary to amputate the end of the index finger.

BOROUGH COUNCIL MEETING.

Marshals Censured.—Bills Ordered Paid.—Other Business.

The Borough Council held a regular meeting last evening. In response to roll call Mayor Cooley and Councilmen, Busch, Bettman, McGee, Needham and Smalley answered present. Councilman Emmons was absent.

The minutes of the last meeting were approved as read.

A petition from residents of Rockview, Cedar, Maple and West End avenues, requesting that street lights be placed on those thoroughfares, was read and referred to the committee on streets.

A communication from Warren Engine Co. No. 1, stated that Ira Riker had been elected a member of that company. The action of the company was confirmed.

Petitions for licenses for Yates & Drayton, Engine Co. No. 2, F. Bro vn and E. Scribner, were read and subsequently granted.

Claims were presented as follows: Fowlison and Jones, $1.90; W. Sharkey, $2; W. Gratton, $2.25; D. Cook & Bro., $25.90; No. Vaughorn, $3; Thos. McDonald, $27.50 and $5. They were referred to the Auditing Committee and were afterwards ordered paid.

Mr. McGee, from the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee, reported that the Committee had carefully examined the constitution and by-laws of Warren Engine Co., No. 1, and recommend two amendments, after which he submitted them to the Council for approval. The report of the Committee was received and the recommendation was adopted.

The same gentleman further requested that the committee be empowered to make arrangements with the N. Y. and N. J. Globe Gas Light Company for lighting the streets of the borough for another year and that an engineer be engaged to act as janitor of Warren Engine house for a year. The request was filed.

Mr. Smalley reported that the Street Committee had completed the work authorized to be done on the streets at the last meeting at a cost of $90.

Mr. Buckle reported that he had notified Mr. Bird in reference to laying a flag walk on Church street and that gentleman had a gravel walk laid. After some discussion it was decided to notify Mr. Bird that it would be necessary for him to comply with the ordinance and have either a board or stone walk laid in front of his premises.

Mr. Bird complained that the gutter in front of his residence had not been repaired as yet.

The ordinance relating to the blockading of streets, etc., was passed on its third reading. It will go into effect Nov. 20th.

A resolution authorizing the council to submit a proposal for lighting the streets of the Borough at the next regular meeting was adopted.

A resolution was adopted instructing the committee on streets to give thirty days' notice to Mr. James Merritt, to fill in the ditch on Church street property on Westervelt avenue.

Mr. McGee said that serious complaints had been made in reference to the Marshals and Deputies. He had looked like a large rifle ball. Some person in the vicinity had probably been indulging in rifle practice, and a wild shot had shattered the window as above stated.

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A resolution was accepted making Patriet Kelegher, janitor for Warren Engine house, his compensation to be at the rate of $75 per year.

The meeting then adjourned.

Reckless Shooting.

At about half past ten o'clock yesterday morning Mrs. Henry VanLaer, who resides at No. 136 West Fourth street, was startled by the rattling of glass in one of the front windows of her residence. Upon investigation she found that some one had shot through the window. The ball was found later imbedded in the wood which was shattered in several pieces. The ball looked like a large rifle ball. Some person in the vicinity had probably been indulging in rifle practice, and a wild shot had shattered the window as above stated.

The City in Darkness.

Owing to the overflow of the boilers at the electric light station last night, a cylinder head in one of the engines was blown out, leaving the city in darkness for about two minutes. The damage was speedily remedied.

The noise caused by the blowing out of the cylinder head and the escaping of steam frightened several persons who reside in the immediate vicinity of the works.

PERSONAL.

Engineer Hogan last Saturday brought the fast Philadelphia line through from Wayne junction to Round Brook, 55 miles, in 55 minutes, including the usual stop at Trenton Junction.

The plans for the addition to the Westfield Congregational church, which will double the size of the edifice, have been sent in to the committee by Architect, Oscar S. Teale, of Plainfield, who will immediately submit them to the builders for estimates.

The funeral services over the remains of the late John M. Jackson, who died in State Prison Monday evening took place from No. 24 North 4th street yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck conducted the services. Interment was made in the Methodist cemetery.

Hon. John Ulrich, editor of The Royal Craftsman, has been nominated for the Assembly by the Republicans of Union county for a third term. If the Republicans must be elected from this district, we are glad they place such a good man in nomination. He has a host of friends, and should the legislature, by accident, be Republican, he will be all probability be elected Speaker of the House.—Somerville Democrat.

Mr. William Stansbury, of Scotch Plains has secured a controlling interest in "Sun and Shade," a monthly photogravure publication which has taken foremost rank among art journals in this country. It is proposed to reproduce in coming numbers the most famous pictures in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, so that one may have each month, for forty cents, copies of several originals, each of which cost the owners many thousands of dollars. Ask for it at the bookstores. A glance will satisfy you of its rare excellence.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Twentieth Sunday after Trinity.]

RELIGION PRESENTS FEW DIFFICULTIES TO THE HUMBLE, MANY TO THE PROUD, INSUPERABLE ONES TO THE VAIN.—Hare.

The Friends' First-day school will meet tomorrow at ten a. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Sunday school will be held in the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow afternoon at half past two o'clock.

Services in St. Joseph's church will hereafter be held at 8:30 and 10:30 a. m., and 8 p. m. The Rev. Father Freeman, pastor.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers, and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

German Lutheran services will not be held this nor the two following Sundays, but on the last Sunday in November at 10:30 in the forenoon.

The Rev. D. W. Morehouse, secretary of the New York Conference, will preach for the Unitarian society at 10:30 a. m., at No. 4 Second place.

The usual Sunday services will be held in the church of the Heavenly Rest at Evona to-morrow. The Rev. Dr. Taylor will occupy the pulpit.

Services will be held as usual in the church of our Saviour at Netherwood to-morrow morning at 11 a. m. The new boy choir will render the music.

Meetings in Reform Hall to-morrow at 9:15 a. m., 4 and 7:30 p. m. There will be addresses in the evening, and choice music. All are cordially invited.

Services will be held in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach. All are welcome.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, Rector. Early celebration 9 a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45 a. m. Second service at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 4:30 p.m.

The Rev. Fathers Smyth and Stafford will conduct services in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 8:30, 9:45 and 10:45 a. m. Vesper service at 8 p. m. God singing by a male choir.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dütz, at 10:30 a. m. Text—John 3:14-15. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Services in the German Reformed church, on Craig place, North Plainfield, will be held to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. only. Accordingly the day the sermon will be in remembrance of Reformation.

At the First Baptist church, to-morrow, services in the lecture room of the church at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. The prayer meeting of the Young People's League at 6:45 p. m. Preaching service in the evening at 7:30.

At the Congregational church, on Seventh street, morning service will be held at 10:30. The pastor, the Rev. C. L. Goodrich, will preach. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Young People's Society for Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 6:15 p. m.

Mr. John Leal will conduct the devotional exercises at the Mission chapel to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The song service under the leadership of Councilman M. M. Dunham will occur at 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m.

The First Church of Christ, in Plainfield, will meet in Reform Hall, at 10:30 a. m., Mr. Cleaver will (D V.) speak on "The Birthplace of Christ." Bible school meeting at 2:30 p. m. Social meetings on the evenings of Wednesday and Friday.

At the Crescent avenue church, the regular services to-morrow will be: Morning, 10:30. Evening, 7:30. Sunday-school, 2:30 pm. Strangers are welcome at all services. In the evening pews are free. In the morning seats will be provided seats for all as promptly as possible. The Rev. K. P. Ketcham will occupy the pulpit in the evening.

The Rev. K. P. Ketcham will occupy the pulpit in the First Presbyterian church to-morrow morning. In the evening the Rev. Mr. Richards will preach. Beginning to-morrow evening, continuing one week, under the direction of the Presbytery and Synod of New Jersey, the simultaneous foreign missionary meetings will be held.

At the Methodist Episcopal church, the Rev. Chas B. Mitchell, the pastor, will conduct a love feast to-morrow morning at 9:30 in Vincent chapel. At the 10:30 o'clock service the sacraments will be administered and new members will be received. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Epworth League Devotional meeting at 6:45. Sermon by the pastor at 7:30. Subject: "Following the Crowd."

Training for Workers.

The Workers Training Class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms every Sunday at 9 a. m. Young men have testified as follows to the value of Training Class work in the Plainfield association. "Whatever vigor I have been able to bring into my Christian work comes from that class, while the class cannot supply all that is needed, it is the means of causing systematic study." Through the Training Class I became interested in Bible study."

"In showing me my work, in giving me a good furnishing for it, in putting me in the company of workers it has been one of the nearest blessings to me.

The Training Class has given me more intimate and extensive knowledge of the grand truths of the Bible and of how to apply them in personal work. Visitors are invited.

—The Somerset County Teachers' Association is in session in the school house at Somerville to-day.

WESTFIELD WHISPERS.

Interesting Items Concerning Plainfield's Neighbors.

[From The Westfield Standard.]

A Sunday School festival was held in the school house at Branch Mills Thursday evening.

Wesley Herder and Louisa Haag were married Wednesday evening by Rev. J. A. Owen.

E. D. Chamberlain has been confined to the house for some time past with a severe illness.

Miss Grace Allen of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. E. C. Sanford, on First street.

A necktie sociable was held at the residence of Mr. R. A. Fowler of Branch Mills last Thursday evening, on which occasion the committee were Mrs. Burtis, Mrs. Parkhurst, Mrs. R. D. Miller, Mrs. R. A. Fowler, Mrs. Ward and Miss E. Parkhurst.

The first match game of the Union County Bowling League will be played November 9th on the Westfield Alleys. The Thursday Nights and the Elizabeth Athletic Club's teams will be the contesting clubs.

All the stores contemplate closing up next Tuesday. A few of them, however, by reason of their peculiar business will be open for a short time during the morning.

The ladies of the Willard Union are about to organize a Loyal Temperance League. Children are requested to meet Miss Thirza Greaves in the rooms of the Union in Ansaum Hall, on Monday afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock.

The Governorship.

The following manly utterance is from The Home News of New Brunswick, an independent daily newspaper. Its conclusions as to who will be elected, is probably based on the belief that the frauds in Hudson county will defeat the State, but we ain't so sure about that. Here is what The Home News says:

The Home News is candid enough to admit that the indications are more favorable for the election of Abbett than Grubb to the Governorship. We believe, however, that were the election next Tuesday to be conducted without the expenditure of barrels of money, General Grubb would be our next Governor, because the platform on which he stands embodies the views of a large majority of the voters. Mr. Abbett, as counsel of the liquor dealers, opposed the local option law and assisted in its repeal; he also refused to lend his aid to the Kane ballot reform bill, and by this action insulted and injured every honest workman. The public offices belong to the people, not the politicians; but as elections are now conducted no workingman can hope to get elected to office unless he sells his manhood and bow to his party leader or boss. The party in power is but to our country's and the workingman's only protection. Under existing circumstances we esteem it a contemptible subterfuge for any man to cast their ballots for a man who is not pronounced in purifying our system of electing men to public offices. We oppose Leon Abbett by his practices in the past, not by his promises for the future.

Plainfield Is the Highest City.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In your edition of Nov. 1st I read that our city is the highest in altitude of any in the State. Kindly state through your columns its height, and also the height of Morristown, Dover, Bucketstown or Phillipsburg.

"AN INQUIRER."

We are not aware that the places named are cities. There are a few mountains with villages like Morristown and the other places named are not cities, which are higher than Plainfield. We ain't comparing with mountains. We said cities. The nearest approach to a city is Phillipsburg. The highest point in Phillipsburg is only 156 feet. The highest point in Plainfield is over 300 feet above sea level. The average height of Plainfield is but little less than the highest point in Phillipsburg.

We claim that Plainfield is the highest in altitude above sea level of any CITY in New Jersey. We have already shown it by statistics for five years to be the healthiest. We maintain that it is the most beautiful city, and statistics show that it is exceeded in the average wealth of its inhabitants by only Newark, the fifth largest manufacturing city in the United States.

Dr. Gates on Astronomy.

Those fortunate enough to hear the Rev. M. L. Gates, of Elizabeth, give a lecture, or, as he termed it, "an address", on astronomy, at the Epworth League meeting, held in Vincent chapel last evening, enjoyed a treat, which they hope to have repeated. Mr. Gates is not only a master of astronomy, and the talk on that subject, with which he favored his audience, but served to make them thirst for more, and wonder at the power and sublimity of God, who can see the little speck, we call earth, and the little dots on it called human beings. His talk was full of interesting and humorous surprises, and was illustrated by means of a chart and an instrument which represented the Sun "and her children", the planets.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

1—Scholars' Championship, half-mile run, open only to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.
2—Seventy yards dash. Open.
3—Slow Race. Club.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.
5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.
6—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.
7—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.
8—Three Legged Race. Club.
9—Running High Jump. Club.
10—Potato Race. Open.
11—Consolation Race. Open to non-winners. Club.

Entries close Nov. 5th, with F. L. C. Martin, 503 Park avenue. An entry fee of fifty cents must accompany all entries.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lowe, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. H. Halleck, R. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. F. Mann and L. W. Sorrell, Jr.

11-9-11

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

William A. Clark, the superintendent of the Elizabeth and Newark horse railroad, yesterday tendered his resignation, to take effect December 1.

Roland Prisel, formerly of Pittsburgh, who has been employed during the last three months as collector for W. H. Marcell, wholesale grocer of Newark, was arrested last night on a charge of embezzlement.

Walter Kemp, of No. 6 Paterson Plank Road in Jersey City, and Dennis O'Connor, who live in the next house are each fifteen years old. They quarrelled over a girl of their own age on Thursday night, and the former stabbed the latter. Kemp was arrested. O'Connor may die.

Residents of Old Bridge are somewhat excited over the depredations of a bear which escaped recently from William Davenport's barn and has since been at large. The animal is a trick bear that was purchased from a menagerie. It has been wandering in the woods near the village ever since its escape.

A brakeman named Smith, employed on the Susquehanna Railroad, early yesterday morning was sent to flag a passenger train near Hackensack. He put his red lantern on the ground, sat on the track and went to sleep. The passenger train ran over him, killing him instantly. The fireman thought the red light referred to a danger in the distance.

Charles B. Moore, a well known resident of Kingston and ex-State Senator, while walking in the road near his home on Thursday night was attacked by a negro, who struck him with a club, knocking him insensible. He also was thoroughly beside his senses, when a carriage was driven by toward the village and he was frightened away. The driver stopped, found Mr. Moore in the road and took him to his home. His injuries are not serious.

In the trial of John C. Raymond at New Brunswick yesterday, evidence was introduced substantiating in almost every detail the testimony of John Leaper, the informer. It was shown that he purchased the bags to fill with hay, as he had testified; that he had been seen walking to the house with them and that some parties found out were found in the ruins of the house. It was also shown that there were no bags found in the house, the same that had been sent from New York being empty, as Leaper had said.

State Teachers' Association.

The State Teachers' Association will meet in Trenton in December. The Council of Education will meet on December, 26th, in the office of the principal of the Normal school.

The Council is a select body, consisting of some of the most prominent educators in the State, and is composed in number of 48. Superintendent Wm. N. Barringer, of Newark, President, Supervising Principal Gregory, of Trenton, Secretary, and Principal James N. Green, of the Normal school, Treasurer.

The subject for discussion at this meeting will be the report presented by the Special Committee on School Organization at the June meeting, and discussed at some length at that time. It deals with the methods by which Boards of Education are constituted all over the United States.

Baptists in Convention.

The annual meeting of the New Jersey Baptist State Convention was held Tuesday and Wednesday at Salem. In all over 200 delegates were present. The Rev. Dr. Yerkes, of Plainfield was appointed to preach the annual sermon to the convention at Garden street church, and the Rev. M. V. McDuffie was appointed to preach the educational sermon.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, Nov. 7th.

America's Elite Minstrel Attraction,

THE GORMANS

The world's greatest Minstrel producers under the management of HARRY HARDY. Positively presenting the same excellent program that made the phenomenal hit at the Globe Theatre, Boston, week of Aug. 19th. Every act new—every act a feature. "The new first part." "The all American base ball team." "The new South." "The golden shoe quadrille." Magnificent and elaborate production of Jones' famous original, oriental operetta, the **Princess of Cambodia.** The whole performance a most notable production of Minstrelsy.

Prices—50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale at usual places Monday, Nov. 4th.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS **ROSE POTATOES** WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

AND BUY GOODS FOR

15 Per Cent. Off

FOR

SPOT CASH.

We offer our Stoves, Lamps, Tinware and Graniteware, Carpenter and Machinist Tools at **15** *per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.*

J. C. PIERSON, Jr.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

Central Reporter Column.

A BARGAIN in choice real estate. Three new houses on Bases ave. Third street, near Grant avenue, well rented, for sale. This is an opportunity seldom offered to anyone looking for a good paying investment. Apply to F. H. Martin, No. 49 East Fifth street, or real estate agents. 5-11-eod

SITUATION—Wanted as waiter in a boarding house or in a private family by a young colored man. Apply at No. 64 East Third street. 29-6.

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 52 Madison avenue. 9-6-tf

FOR EXCHANGE for a small farm in vicinity of Dunellen preferred, fine property on Manning avenue, house in good order, fruit plenty, etc. Address Owner, 99 Manning avenue. 31-eod3t*

FOR SALE—Good sized pony, cart, harness and whip, cheap; pony strong, handy and very gentle; goo l under saddle. Can be seen at 43 West Fifth street. 30-4

FOR SALE at a bargain, a few W. W. Groomer trap guns. Inquire at No. 27 Grant avenue. 9-7-tf

FOR SALE.—A large glass case of Southern birds, as up to date, this colored taxidermist of New York. Will be sold at a moderate figure. A line addressed to S. P., City P. O., with writer's name and address will meet with attention. 2-3

FURNISHED rooms, for lodgings, at No. 5 Peace street. 9-20tf

LOST.—A light striped carriage robe last Sunday between Mr. McDonald's livery stable West Sixth street, and he rewarded. 1-3

LOST.—A roll of greenbacks. A liberal reward paid for the return to THE NEWS office, for the owner. 1-3

LOST.—A white fox terrier dog, brown head, with black spot near tail. Liberal reward given on return to 121 Central avenue.

SHADE and fruit trees, evergreens, tulips and roses, also hedging plants at Evona's Hillside avenue nursery. 10-26-6

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 85 Grandview avenue. 10-17-tf*

TWO SCANDINAVIAN girls want a place together, one as an upstairs girl; the other as a good cook and laundress. Call at 174 South Second street, between nine and eleven p. m.

TO LET—Part of house. Call 10 Elm place.

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster place. 10-28 tf

$150 UPRIGHT piano for sale, nearly new Box 238 Westfield.

WANTED—Two or three house painters. Apply to Wm. R. Alpaugh, 19 East Third street.

WANTED—A good cook or girl for general housew rk. Call at No. 5 First place.

WANTED—People to drink the Three R. Tea. For sale by Barkalow & Dunn, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 63 East Front street, (nine rooms with closets), built and formerly occupied by Henry G. Latimer, is now for sale. Apply to W. O. Butler, No. 1 East Front street. MCS-11-3tf

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."

What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the honest owner get? He gets the results. What are they likely to be? **Value for your money** on one hand; a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other. Good intentions prevent neither. **Moral:** (organized 1881; incorporated 1888; At the head of the profession 1889.)

The Electric Construction and Supply Co., Telephone Building, Cortlandt street, New York.

Plainfield Office, 28 North Avenue.

THE OLYMPIA

Bowling Alley.

SYCAMORE STREET.

CLUB—MONDAY NIGHTS.
" 1—TUESDAY "
OPEN—WEDNESDAY
CLUB—THURSDAY
" —FRIDAY
OPEN—SATURDAY "

CHAS. KREWSON, Manager.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Seguin's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address, 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

This is to give notice that I have withdrawn from the firm of Smalley Brothers, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, and have formed a co-partnership with Daniel L. Smalley, under the firm name of "Smalley Brothers, Plainfield," and will assume possession of the meat market, No. 94 North avenue, Nov. 1, 1889, where we will be pleased to serve the public with anything in our line.

Oct. 31st, 1889. A. I. SMALLEY.

21-3w*

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. Yours Respectfully,

D. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the **GILLMAN FOOD.**

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

MRS. E. J. MARTIN'S

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade, without injury to silks, crepe, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post-Office.

STEPHENSON

33 WEST FRONT STREET.

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE,

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
AN EVENING PAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 24 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Mr. Erastus Wiman got Pan America into the frying pan at Niagara.

It was a "little piece of iron not more than an inch long" that got into the cut off valve and prevented its working, causing the frightful accident to the inclined plane car at Cincinnati.

After the death of Faeks, the electrical workman, there was a scarcity of linesmen to go up the poles and adjust the wires. Very suggestive it was to read an advertisement two days after his death calling for experienced linemen to go to work immediately.

Will this generation witness the spectacle of Gladstone, the "Grand Old Man," past 80 years old, again at the head of affairs in England? Late parliamentary elections look as if the tide was setting powerfully that way. "Gladstone and home rule" make a fine sounding war cry.

Thirty thousand dollars' duty must be paid on the "Angelus" picture before it can be free from the New York custom house. If the owners will cart it over the country and exhibit it, they will soon make the customs duties back. We Americans don't know everything about high art, but we all know enough to want to gaze on a picture that cost $117,000.

Ex-Governor Hartranft.

One of the busiest men of his time, and one of the most useful in his day and generation, was the late ex-Governor John Frederick Hartranft. His brilliant record as a commander during the war is part of the history of his country, yet it is to be observed that he was not a West Point graduate, any more than Forrest or John Morgan, two of the ablest generals in the southern army.

Governor Hartranft's life was crowded so full of work and honors that it will require a volume to record them. In war he stopped the Confederate advance at Chantilly; he led the soldiers of Burnside's Ninth corps that ruptured the bridge of Petersburg, and Frederickburg a third of his regiment were left dead on the field. Later he earned the name of the hero of Fort Steadman. In peace he served as governor of Pennsylvania from 1873 to 1879.

He will always be remembered in his civil capacity for the active interest he took in the state militia, and the high state of efficiency to which it was brought. At his death Gen. Hartranft was major general of the Pennsylvania National Guard.

Finally, we note once more this melancholy fact: Few of our generals in the late war live to be old men. Ex-Governor Hartranft was not yet 60.

Bribing the Cronin Jury.

"It has no parallel in history," said Lawyer Luther Laflin Mills, speaking of the attempt to bribe the jurors in the Cronin murder trial. The attempt came within a hair's breadth of succeeding, too. The stupendous audacity of the move is what strikes one most forcibly. It is clear there is somebody intensely interested in clearing the prisoners, no common person or persons, either, but those who have money in plenty. Their agents meet a criminal bailiff in the spot usually selected for plotting and crookedness, a drinking saloon. The bailiff, one of the guards of the very prison and court itself, had "several rounds of drinks" as long ago as last August, with a stranger whose name was Graham. The stranger proposed that the bailiff Hanks assist in "fixing" the Cronin jury to prevent conviction of the prisoners. For every juror thus influenced Hanks was to get $2,000, half for himself, half to the bribed juror.

Various ways of "fixing" the jurors were agreed on. Hanks waited not long to begin his unlawful work. He let a fellow bailiff into the secret, who agreed to help him. Thence on the two scoundrels worked together. They did not succeed, because some of them they sought to bribe revealed the plot.

That in brief is an outline of the story. But there are points of especial interest to be looked into. We observe that the sworn officers of the law were ready enough to take the large bribe and lay themselves liable to the penitentiary. Who were these infamous bailiffs? The citizen who recommended Hanks to the sheriff for appointment said he recommended him because he knew him as a "politician" and "good hustler." Another officer of the law as judge of the peace recommended the other guilty bailiff to the sheriff. Being questioned as to the ground of his recommendation, this model justice of the peace replied: "I knew nothing of him except as a politician." Neither of the two seemed to have any trade or honorable support.

The men they sought to bribe were ordinary working men. One was a mechanic, another a bookkeeper. The political officers of the law could be bought and sold. The men who earned an honest living respected their own manhood, and could not be.

(MORNING NEWS.)

PRISONER BURKE PALED.

Identified by the Carlsons as "Frank Williams."

BURKE RENTED THE COTTAGE.

So Say Two Witnesses in the Cronin Trial.

Both Point Him Out in Court—How the Cottage Looked After the Crime Occurred.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Martin Burke has been positively identified as Frank Williams, one of the tenants of the Carlson cottage, by Annie Carlson, daughter-in-law of the old Carlsons. She said that in March last she was a domestic in the employ of Addison Ballard on Michigan avenue. On the 20th of that month she visited her parents-in-law at their cottage. She was there with her husband, Charles Carlson, from 10 a. m. until 4 p. m. One man called there during that time. He spoke to Mr. Carlson and said that he wanted to rent the cottage and shop. He was with his sister. He said that his sister would not be there for a week, but he had some furniture he would send to the cottage. Mr. Carlson wrote a receipt and when asked what name should be put in replied, Frank Williams. He said that he worked down town.

Burke Positively Identified.

When witness was asked if she saw Williams in the court room, the black gloved hand went up, and the index finger pointed direct at the face of Martin Burke. A death like stillness prevailed, and a pin might have been heard to drop. Every eye was fixed on the Winnipeg fugitive. His eyes, which had been riveted on the witness from the moment she ascended the stand, reunited there and took on a glassy look for a moment. Then he winced, and the hot blood surged into his cheeks until they were crimson, while his jaws worked convulsively on the piece of gum in his mouth.

Burke Looks Perturbed.

"That's him, the man who is chewing is the man who rented the cottage," said the witness.

There was a wild hunted look in Burke's eyes, still fixed on the witness, and the audience expected a scene. It was disappointed, however, and Mrs. Carlson was hurried over into the office, where cross-examination failed to shake her testimony. She was asked to describe the appearance of the man while Lawyer Donahue stood before Burke so that his face could not be seen by the witness. She said his hair was dark, while Burke's is rather light; but this is explained by the fact that while apparently light at a distance, at close quarters it looks dark. With this exception Forrest did not break down a word of the testimony.

Fred M. Lamb, Carl's teamster, testified to the delivery of the goods to the Clark street flats.

How the Carlson Cottage Looked.

Jonas Carlson was next called. He said that on the morning of May 5 he noticed the front steps of the rented cottage a lot of spots which he thought were caused by the breaking of a jar of preserves, and the tracks of heavy shoes and a woman over the walk. These circumstances did not arouse his suspicion, however, and it was not until two weeks later, when he received a letter from Hammond, Ind., signed "B. F. W.," saying the writer had concluded to give up the house and that the keys had been left, that the old man decided to look into the building and make an investigation.

The day after he received the letter, Carlson, his son Charles and his son-in-law, Lindgren, crawled through the back window in the parlor. They found the floor painted yellow except in two or three spots. There were foot prints in the paint, and stains on the walls. Four cloths were lying on their side, one of them being broken as if a struggle had taken place. Witness had seen the man who rented his cottage three times.

Burke Again Pointed Out.

"Look about in the court room and see if that man is here."

A deep hush fell on all present as the old man's searing searchlight, first at those in front of him, then at the jury and the reporters. Stopping down from the witness chair and turning his face toward the jury he looked at Beggs, Coughlin and O'Sullivan without a change in his glowing countenance. Next to O'Sullivan sat Burke who kept up his incessant gum chewing, and watched the old witness with no more apparent interest than he would have done had Carlson been a stranger. The next moment Burke's eyes met those of Carlson.

Over Carlson's face there swept a mingled expression of recognition and contempt, and without saying a word he jerked his hand toward Burke and walked back to his seat. The identification was complete. Attorney Forest moved to have that part of the evidence relating to the condition of the furniture in the house stricken from the record. The court overruled the motion. Forest then proceeded to cross-examine the witness, but the old man sustained his story with remarkable ability and saved it from any material shaking.

Coughlin Wanted a Man "Slugged."

John C. Garrity, an ex-saloon keeper, was next called to corroborate Detective Sergeant "Mat" Sampson to the effect that he had been sent to Coughlin by witness and asked by Coughlin to "slug" Dr. Cronin. Garrity swore that in two years' acquaintance Coughlin had never asked him if he thought Sampson would do a job for him. Witness asked of what the job consisted, and was told by Coughlin that he wanted Cronin slugged in the neck with a club or bat. Witness saw Sampson and sent him to Coughlin.

On cross-examination by Forest witness said that he suggested to Coughlin that such slugging might kill the man, upon which Coughlin replied that it wouldn't matter much if it did. Court then adjourned until the morning session of the coroner's inquest.

Mrs. Harrison Travels.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Mrs. Harrison left this afternoon for Philadelphia, accompanied by Postmaster General Wanamaker. She will be the guest of Mrs. Wanamaker for a few days, and will then proceed to New York and visit her sister, Mrs. Lord, who is quite ill.

Two Thousand Indians Starving.

CHEYENNE, Wy. T., Nov. 2.—The 2,000 Indians occupying the Wind River reservation, just south of the Yellowstone National park, will be forced into acts of hostility and many are likely to die of starvation before spring unless the government comes to their rescue.

McCoy Knocks Out Cuff.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 2.—Pete McCoy, of Boston, knocked out Ed Cuff, of San Francisco, in two rounds last night. The latter lasted just four and a quarter minutes.

Editors After Blood.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 2.—The editors of El Nacional have published a challenge to the editors of El Siglo Diez y Nueve.

MORE HAVASSA RIOTERS ARRIVE.

The Alice and the Romance Land 133 at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—The brigs Alice and Romance have arrived here from Havana. They had on board 133 negroes, forty-two of whom are charged, under oath of Hoby, one of the white bosses, with mutiny, riot and inciting to murder. The other eighty-one are held as witnesses. All of them, criminals and witnesses, were taken to the city jail and locked up. The accused, including the eight landed by the Galena last week, will have a hearing next Wednesday. United States District Attorney Hayes says that from the statements of some of the negroes it is shown that a conspiracy to murder the whites was planned some days before the 14th of September, and that on a given signal it was carried out. The attack began in conformity to the plans by beating Charles W. Roby, the superintendent of the mines. The crowd then proceeded to the superintendent's headquarters, and before eight five whites were murdered in the manner described in former dispatches.

John Hazard, one of the accused, went to Navassa eight months ago. He found things in a very bad way. He had to work from 7 a. m. until sunset, he says, and were allowed only four lumps of hard tack and a small piece of corned beef each day. That and other atrocities, such as lashing, tying the men up by the thumbs, he says, caused the trouble.

DEMOCRATS MEET.

A Big Meeting at Brooklyn—Governor Hill and Others Speak.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 2.—The Academy of Music was crowded last evening at the Democratic ratification meeting. Thomas E. Fearnall presided and speeches were made by Governor Hill, Hon. Frank Rice and Mayor Chapin. A letter of regret was read from ex-President Grover Cleveland urging the Democracy to guard against indifference and inactivity because the campaign was not a momentous one.

In the course of his speech Governor Hill said:

"In many respects the questions now are those of one year ago. The Democrats before us are the old ones, not new ones in trade, but in tariff reform. They believe now, as they did then, that the government has no right to levy more money than is necessary for the economical and honest administration of affairs. They believed then and believe now that the best place for the surplus money is not in government vaults, but in citizens' pockets.

"They believe that an overflowing treasury is a menace to the government, a standing temptation to congress to make raids and squander the moneys of the people. In short, the Democracy stand now just where the party stood in the thickest of the fight in 1888. I shall not attempt to explode the silly cry that the Democratic party is in favor of free trade. You and I and every sensible man knows its folly. The Democratic party has been accused of interfering in this fight with the rights of labor. The Democratic party has been from its existence the friend of labor. We believe that raw material should be admitted free of duty and that the necessaries of life should be admitted free of duty. These are the two essential principles of the Democratic party."

The speaker said New York was represented at Washington by Republican senators because of lack of a new enumeration which was prevented by a Republican legislature.

Lively Times with the Cotton Oil Trust.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the cotton oil trust yesterday was an exciting one. The moment the meeting was called to order a stockholder demanded that the trust agreement be read. Amid confusion Gen. Thomas, who has been busy for the past few days defending the trust against fraud attacks, opposed the motion as uncalled for and premature. The motion was temporarily withdrawn, and the greatest fight was certain to be filed. The treasurer's report showed net earnings for the fifteen months ended Aug. 31 of $1,653,785, against estimated earnings of $2,500,000, as published during the trust's career. The chairman explained that the summer estimate was made from figures available at the time, and that the smaller sum now reported was the result of shrinkage in the value of products, depreciation in properties, etc. Gen. Thomas said the business was complicated, and the managers had made errors in judgment. The outlook was now better. He suggested the appointment of a committee to consider the question of turning the trust into a corporation, and such a committee was named to report next Wednesday. Messrs Fairbanks and Kendall, whose terms as trustees have expired, declined re-election, and were succeeded by Nicholas Stanton and G. A. Morrison.

Winners of the Princeton Games.

PRINCETON, Nov. 2.—The annual fall handicap meeting and the interesting games of the Princeton College Athletic association took place yesterday on the university grounds. In the 100 yard dash, Yeadenburgh won in 10 seconds; 220 yard run for the championship, won by Dohn in 24 seconds; throwing the heavy hammer, Black won, 76 feet; 5 miles bicycle race, won by Black won, 20 feet; the running high jump prize was taken by Hencken, distance 5 feet 7 inches; Post won the broad jump, distance 21 feet 6½ inches; in the freshman's one and a quarter mile run Carey took the prize; Turner won first prize in the freshmen's ten mile run, time 59 minutes 41 seconds; Wood-bridge captured the half mile run, time 2 minutes 9 seconds; in the 120 yard football race Ames came in ahead in 13 2-5 seconds. The tug of war was won by the freshmen by default.

Fight with Oyster Pirates.

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Hiram A. Jones Dead.

NEWBURG, Nov. 2.—Hiram A. Jones, of this city, died yesterday, aged 70 years. He held many public offices, including a custom house position in New York city, a division superintendent on the Erie railroad. He was the first to start pony express routes across the continent, and arranged the whole system personally. For years he was superintendent of public schools in this city.

A Body Identified at Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Nov. 2.—The body of a man found last evening in Conemaugh has been identified as John Schwartz, of Allentown, Pa., who was a passenger on the ill-fated day express line at Conemaugh.

A Sailor Lost.

ROCKLAND, Me., Nov. 2.—The schooner Sea F. Walker, Capt. Doyle, at Sprucehead from Salem, reports the loss of a German sailor, *Albert Lodorus*, aged 19, of Seguin Tone. Jay sea sing. He was shipped in New York.

A HORROR IN SCOTLAND.

Fifty Women Crushed in a Glasgow Carpet Factory.

SEVENTEEN BODIES RECOVERED,

And Thirty-three More Are Buried in the Debris—An English Company to Buy Chicago Elevators—Other Live Foreign News of Interest.

GLASGOW, Nov. 2.—During the high wind which prevailed here yesterday a gable of a building, in course of erection on the site adjoining Templeton's carpet factory on William street, was blown down. The falling debris crashed through the roof of the weaving department of the carpet factory where fifty women and girls were employed, and all were buried beneath the broken timbers, etc. It is probable that forty of the inmates of the weaving room were killed.

Seventeen Bodies Recovered.

Seventeen bodies have been recovered from the ruins. As nearly as can be ascertained thirty-three women and girls are still missing. The wrecked building was 300 feet long. It is rumored that the foundation of that portion of the building which fell was over an abandoned coal pit. Survivors relate that a sudden extinguishment of the lights in the weaving department was the only warning they had of the disaster. All of the occupants rushed with one accord to the main exit, where most of the bodies of the victims were found.

Fifty Reported Killed.

The latest estimate places the loss of life at fifty. The pecuniary loss is $75,000.

To Buy the Chicago Elevators.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A company is in course of organization, with a capital of £500,000, capable of unlimited expansion, for the purpose of purchasing the enormous grain elevators of Chicago. It is alleged that agents *of the promoters of this company have* recently sounded the controllers of these elevators with such encouraging results as to justify immediate formation of a pool, the transfer of the property to take place at an early date.

Cannon Squarely Thrown.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—The concluding bout between the wrestling champions, Cannon and Pietro, took place last evening, and was won by Pietro, who threw Cannon squarely after a five minutes' struggle.

$40,000 from America.

DUBLIN, Nov. 2.—Dr. O'Reilly, the treasurer of the National league in America, has handed to the Dublin branch of the league the sum of £8,000, collected in the United States.

Cable Brevities.

Mr. Charles Dunlop, who was recovering from his recent attack of illness, has suffered a relapse.

The proceeds of the tax on beet sugar manufactured in Germany for the coming year will reach the sum of 61,000,000 marks.

The London lightermen have decided to go out on a strike next Monday against insufficient wages and an unjust working schedule. The Democratic party has been from its existence the friend of labor. We believe that raw material should be admitted free of duty and that the necessaries of life should be admitted free of duty. These are the two essential principles of the Democratic party."

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THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wire Carefully Culled.

J. Talmage Van Rensselaer has succeeded MacGrane Coxe as assistant United States district attorney at New York.

The decoration of the Legion of Honor has been conferred by the French government upon Capt. Warren M. Healy, of New York, one of the exhibitors in the American division of the exposition.

Mrs. Sarah Goldsmith has just died at Howells, N. Y., aged 100 years 1 month and 7 days.

Frank L. Janaway was nominated for assembly by the Republicans of the second district at New Brunswick, N. J.

James Edward Calhoun, brother-in-law and cousin of John C. Calhoun, died in Abbeville, S. C., aged 68. He was very wealthy.

The Pennsylvania Society of Christian Endeavor adjourned its annual meeting in Harrisburg, and chose Pittsburg as the next place of meeting.

Patrick Hughes, of Scranton, Pa., was fatally stabbed and shot by Martin Sulta during a drunken quarrel at Sulta's residence. The latter's little daughter, aged 11, was an accessory, having handed to her father the gun with which he shot Hughes.

Assistant Secretary Bussey has overruled the pension office, and directed that a pension issue to the widow of *James L. Verity*. Her pension was rejected by the pension office for lack of evidence.

The total coinage of the mints during October past amounted to $6,018,155, and of this amount $5,310,504 was in silver, $2,570,906 in gold, and $136,622 in minor coins. Three million one hundred thousand three hundred and fifty-one standard silver dollars were coined during the month.

The famous suit against the executors of Paran Stevens' estate has been dismissed with costs by the court of appeals of New York.

George Latham, representative of Barry, Thayer & Co., Boston, was found dead in his office at New Bedford, Mass., he having ended a spree by shooting himself, early in the week.

Nicholas Gabrilovitch Tschernischewsky, often spoken of as the "father of Nihilism," died in Russia, aged 61 years.

The Republicans of the Eighth district, Essex county, N. J., have nominated Albert Guenther for the assembly in place of Robert Baunoch, declined; in the Fifth district R. Wayne Parker was nominated by them in place of Truman Kaye, who resigned, and in the Second ex-Assemblyman James A. Christie was made their candidate.

ANOTHER HATFIELD KILLED.

The Famous West Virginia Feud Once More Breaks Out.

MILTON, W. Va., Nov. 2.—The Hatfield-McCoy feud has become a war of extermination. The Blumfield family, frenzied by the murder of Al Blumfield and his wife, have joined the Hatfields, raising their numbers to 250 men. On Thursday, John and Charles Blumfield and George Hatfield went to Huntington, and visited about a dozen of their relatives who work in the Cincinnati and Ohio shops, bought about 120 repeating rifles, 125 revolvers and several thousand cartridges, and, loading them into two wagons, started for the scene of the feud.

While at supper that night near the farm house of Mrs. James Brown, who was born a Hatfield, the party was fired upon from ambush. The Hatfields returned the volley, but in the darkness could not see with what result. Mrs. James Brown was shot and wounded, and after the firing Mrs. Brown was found lying dead in her house with a bullet through the neck. The excitement here is intense, and the governor has been asked to send troops. There is some talk of organizing a company of state rangers, modeled on the Texas plan.

The Work of Train Wreckers.

BIG RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 2.—A fiendish attempt was made to wreck a Grand Rapids and Indiana express train at Paris, which leaves here at 7 o'clock in the evening, heavily loaded, was ditched at Clark's siding, three miles north of Mantos. A guard rail at that obscure point had been pried up and blocked a foot above the track, and the train crashed into it while running at full speed, and every car but the baggage car left the track and plowed for rods through the soft sand. Many passengers were slightly injured. There is great excitement in the neighborhood, and officers backed by citizens, are scouring the country for the wretches who did the deed.

The Pedestrian Contest in Bridgeport.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 2.—In the pedestrian contest six men are making every effort to hold positions that will entitle them to a share of the gate receipts. Supervised hard to close up the gap between himself and the leader, but he only gained two laps. George Cartwright, the English pedestrian, ran three miles in 16 minutes, thereby breaking the record. He received $25 for his feat. The score at the end of the fifth day was: Hegelman, 720; Bailey 2 laps; Conroy, 686.9; Connors, 679.16; Howarth, 671.4; Herty, 663.4; Taylor, 598.4; Sullivan, 233.8.

The International Maritime Exhibition.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—The International Maritime exhibition of everything pertaining to ships and shipping will be opened in the Mechanics' fair building at noon next Monday, Aug. O. Bourgeois, of Boston, will deliver an oration, and addresses will also be made by Hon. S. D. Sperry, of New Haven; Lieutenant Governor Brackett, Mayor Hart and Hon. Wm. Walsh, the Venezuelan minister. The Seventh New York regiment band will furnish music.

Thousands of Trees Planted.

ALBANY, Nov. 2.—From returns in the office of the state superintendent of public instruction it has been ascertained that the total number of trees planted on Arbor day in the school districts throughout the state, outside of the cities, was 24,995. These were all planted on school grounds. The leaner county was Lewis, where 1,001 were planted. The four next in order were: Chautauqua, 992; Chenango, 980; St. Lawrence, 794; Cattaraugus, 772.

Robbed and Apparently Murdered.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 2.—Mrs. Valentine, a wealthy widow, seventy years old, who lived alone near Irwin, Pa., was found dead in her house yesterday with her head under the sofa. The house had been ransacked. While there were no marks of violence on the woman, it is thought that she was robbed and murdered.

Its Workmen to be Brought from Europe.

PANAMA, Oct. 24.—The government of Chili has ordered the treasury to hand over to the colonization agency of Chili, a branch of the American syndicate of railroad contractors, in order to enable them to pay the passage from Europe of the mechanics and artisans they wish to bring out.

The Mayor Indicted.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—The Dudley Pickle scandals have formed new knowledge of the Chicago report that a treaty settlement has been made between the *Alton* and Kansas Pacific branch of the Union Pacific.

GREAT BOOM IN OVERCOATS,
AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.
Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.
WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE
CLOTHING HOUSE,
NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED
WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.
DOANE & VanARSDALE'S,
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.
THIS HOUSE HAS ALWAYS BEEN NOTED FOR HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, AND THIS YEAR WE ARE GIVING BETTER VALUES THAN EVER. WE HAVE EVERYTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, LADIES' AND CHILDREN IN WHITE, RED AND NATURAL WOOL. WE ASK SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR 50c FLANNEL SHIRTS, AND A NATURAL WOOL LADIES' VEST THAT SELLS AT $1.25 IS A GOOD ONE.
We sell at $2.50 per pair, a good wool 11-4 blanket, cheap at $3.00, and $1.25 buys a cotton filled comfortable, made of best quality calico.
We have received from the manufactures 1000 Linoleum Mats, size two feet by three (2x3) regular price 75c, our price 37c. They are just the thing to throw down in front of a stove or door.
Our Cloak Department is one of our leading features, 'tis something new with us, and a great success. All our garments are well made and nice fitting. There are Jackets and New Markets for ladies and children in all sizes, and our prices are low.
In Dress Goods we have everything that is new and desirable. There are fifty-inch all-wool suitings 50 cents per yard, forty-inch all-wool Serges at 47 cents, forty-inch wool mixtures at 25 cents. There are many good values in black goods of all kinds.
Have you tried our 4-button Embroidered Kid Gloves at 65 cents? They are just as good as many that are sold at $1. We average 100 pairs a week and no complaints.
Here you will find lamps of all kinds. For the ball there is a very pretty lamp, price $1.00. Hanging lamps from $2.00 up, and stand lamps at any price you want to pay.
We deliver goods everywhere.
VANEMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth at Teh Sign that our merchandise is pure. Price from 25c and 50c per bottle.
Shampooing a specialty. Our taste will please you, whether the hair is cut up in spots or tops of the, per bottle.
L. W. Randolph,
Successor to Field & Randolph.
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

BOOKS! BOOKS!
Just received a large lot of popular and standard works, well bound, at the remarkable price of 30 cents each.
Come and make your selection while the assortment is unbroken.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
Othello Ranges,
PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.
PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call No. 6.

RICHARD B. DAYS
City Livery Stables,
24 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J.
Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

FURNITURE
IS INDISPENSABLE IN EVERY HOME. TO SEE HOW NEAT, COSY, SUBSTANTIAL, AS WELL AS REASONABLE ONE CAN FURNISH WE INVITE YOU TO THE
Music Hall
Furniture Store,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.
Powlison & Jones.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Scatter-Corns is a Liquid Preparation for the Removal of Corns, Bunions and Callous Growths. Scatter-Corns is Safe, Sure and Painless. Scatter-Corns is Pleasant to Use. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Quickly. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Permanently. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Completely. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Pain. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Trouble. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Inconvenience. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Time. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Money. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Sleep. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Appetite. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Health. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Life. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Anything. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Nothing. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Everything. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Nothing. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Anything. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Life. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Health. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Appetite. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Sleep. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Money. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Loss of Time. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Inconvenience. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Trouble. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Without Pain. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Completely. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Permanently. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns Quickly. Scatter-Corns is Pleasant to Use. Scatter-Corns is Safe, Sure and Painless. Scatter-Corns Cures Corns, Bunions and Callous Growths.
Price 15 Cents.
E. T. HARRIS & CO., Chicago.

THE COLLEGE GRADUATE.

He can give the laws of Solon,
He can draw the flag of Colon.
He can write a Babylonic [illegible]
He can make a writ in Germans,
He can draw a Turkish firman;
But the English common law he never knew.

He can write his name in Spanish,
He can make a speech in French,
And recite each Gaelic accent with a burr;
The Kamtschatkan lingo
He can solve at sight,
But he couldn't tell old Shakespeare from Mark Twain.

He can fathom all the mystery
Of old Ethiopic history:
He can name one thousand Chinese kings—more or less.
He can mark the Roman boundaries,
And describe the Aztec foundries;
But he never seen the "statutes of U. S."

He can trace the nation vector,
With a geometric sector,
And can give the navel's diameter to feet;
He can analyze the arum,
Classify the Coptic canum,
But he cannot tell a calf-path from a beet.

—Philadelphia Republic.

His Mistake.

Editor—You want to run right down into the press room and get caught in a belt. It will be an easy death compared with the one you will have otherwise.

Proofreader—Why, what's up?

Editor—What's up! Why, in this account of the Comcoff's ball, in the description of the Tetentate's dress, the copy desk gave six yards, instead of with a jabot of pale mauve, and you let it go "trimmed with a jab bot of pale seraphane." Go on down stairs and commit suicide—I'll write up a neat account of your death.—Philadelphia Republic.

Johnny's Idea of Seasickness.

Here is a good description of seasickness by a 6-year-old boy:

Little Johnny had been visiting lately at a place where they have a big swing, which is highly popular with the rising generation. When he returned home his father asked him:

"Well, Johnny, did you swing in the big swing?"

"Yes, a little, papa; but it made my head ache in my stomach so that I had to stop."—Boston Transcript.

A Strange Case.

"It's singular, very singular," mused old Dr. Pillers the other day.

"What's singular?" asked another cemetery salesman.

"Why, you know old Mrs. Skimson. Well, she—two years ago she ran a needle into her right elbow, and yesterday"—

"Exactly," put in another; "it came out of her left elbow?"

"No, it didn't. It came out of the back of her grandson's head. That's what beats me!"—Philadelphia Republic.

An Honest Horse Trader.

Marley (furiously)—See here, you scoundrel! I drove the horse that you sold me down by the railroad, and when the cars came along he nearly broke my neck.

Speckvell—Very likely. He never did like the sound of an engine.

Marley—But you said he never saw any thing that frightened him.

Speckvell—Certainly. But I didn't say he was never frightened. The fact is, he was born blind.—Munsey's Weekly.

One Idea of It.

Farmer Ralifence—Just think, Marin, Squire Hawkins has built himself a $30,000 house and I'll be blamed if he's got any decent glass in the whole of it.

Maria—What's he got, Ephraim?

Farmer Ralifence—Papa says stained glass from cellar to garret. Nice glass, Maria, wouldn't have cost but little more than a lot of worthless stained stuff.—Rochester Democrat.

The Chief Attraction.

Dick—Bess, I have three millions and I love you.

Bess—No mistake about the three millions, is there!—Epoch.

The Office Clock.

—Life.

His Narrow Escape.

Chief of Lynching Party—We will give you just one minute to say your prayers.

Captured Horse Thief (appealingly)—May I say them in my own way?

Chief—Most certainly.

Horse Thief—You promise not to interpose any obstacle?

Chief—I promise.

Horse Thief (with dignity)—Then I must have a prayer book. Will some gentleman in the crowd please lend me one?—Chicago Tribune.

Crushed Hopes.

"And what answer do you make to my appeal?" he asked, as he knelt at her feet.

"James, I will be frank with you," she murmured.

"Oh, speak!" he implored, "and relieve me from this agony of suspense."

"Then let me say it cannot be."

"Why not? Oh, why not?"

"Because, James, I do not feel able to support a husband."—Boston Courier.

Signs of the Season.

Now autumn summer puts to rout
And chilly winds to blow begin;
The ice cream joke is going out,
The stovepipe joke is coming in.
—Exchange.

It Tickled Him.

Friend—Are you happy?

Spirit (thoughtfully)—Perfectly so.

Friend—What has pleased you most since you joined us?

Spirit—The epitaph on my tombstone. It has amused and delights me.—Boston Courier.

Its Worst Feature.

Visitor—What is the most objectionable thing you find about prison life?

Convict—Being incited up.—Munsey's Weekly.

Well, Rather.

Could he know Lee politely romped
Made about his fun
Scratch 11 Confederate Columbines
Hardly did he run.
—Boston Globe (Ex. V. Republican).

A Bohren Convicted of Bigamy.

New York, Nov. 2.—In the trial of David Harfield, the wealthy pawnbroker of Richmond, Va., on an indictment charging him with bigamy, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. Harfield married his first wife ten years ago, and then deserted her. Harfield claimed that the ceremony performed with Sarah Mendez was a legal one, according to Jewish law, was the ceremony of betrothal simply. The prosecution held that the betrothal so called was a ceremony according to the law of the State of New York, making Sarah and David one. The jury held the latter view.

National W. C. T. U. Convention.

Boston, Nov. 2.—Miss R. S. Tobey, state president of the Massachusetts Women's Christian Temperance union; Miss Charlotte Hurds Jr., of The Woman's Journal, and Mrs. A. M. Greely, of Ellsworth, Me., have gone to Chicago to attend the convention of the National Women's Christian Temperance union, which is to be held in that city from Nov. 8 to 12. The Massachusetts delegation will number twenty-five ladies.

Lost in the Arctic Ocean.

New Bedford, Mass., Nov. 2.—Private dispatches from San Francisco received here report the loss in the Arctic ocean of the whaling steamer Leonidas of this port. No particulars have been received. The Leonidas was owned by Capt. William Lowes and others of this city, and was valued, with outfit, at $40,000.

Quarreled Over a Girl.

Jersey City, Nov. 2.—Walter Kemp, aged 15 years, and Dennis O'Connell, the same age, quarreled on Thursday last about a young girl, and Kemp, drawing a knife, stabbed O'Connell in the hip. O'Connell is in a critical condition. Kemp was arrested and held without bail.

A Blizzard in Wyoming.

Omaha, Nov. 2.—A heavy snow has been falling here since early in the morning. The storm played havoc with the telegraph wires and railroad trains were delayed. The fall of snow is about six inches in Western Nebraska. In Wyoming a blizzard prevails.

$1,000 for Rescuing a Child.

Newburg, N. Y., Nov. 2.—John Jackson, of Fishkill, has received word that he has fallen heir to $1,000 bequeathed by the father of a 5-year-old girl whom he rescued from drowning last July at Savin Rock, near New Haven.

The New Fall Styles.

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves.

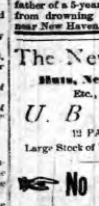
Etc., just received at

U. B CRANE'S,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

No Chemicals,



W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

Is Absolutely Pure, and It is Soluble.

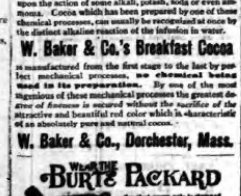
To increase the solubility of the powdered cocoa, various expedients are employed, most of these being based upon the action of some alkali, potash, soda or even ammonia. Cocoa which has been prepared by one of these chemical processes, can usually be recognized at once by the distinct alkaline reaction of the infusion in water.

W. Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa

is manufactured from the first stage to the last by perfect mechanical processes, **no chemical being used in its preparation.** By one of the most ingenious of the mechanical processes the greatest delicacy of flavour is secured without the sacrifice of the attractive and beautiful red color which is characteristic of an absolutely natural cocoa.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Wm. Rogers BURT & PACKARD



IT CONFORMS TO SHAPE OF FOOT

If you want an elegant fit, a comfortable shoe, a shoe that will not rip, a shoe that will not run down at the heel, a shoe that will not run over at the toe, a shoe that will not run up the back, a shoe that will not run out at the sole, a shoe that will not run you broke, a shoe that will not run you crazy, a shoe that will not run you to the poor house, a shoe that will not run you to the devil, a shoe that will not run you to the grave, a shoe that will not run you to the bottom of the sea, a shoe that will not run you to the moon, a shoe that will not run you to the stars, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the world, a shoe that will not run you to the end of time, a shoe that will not run you to the end of eternity, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the universe, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end of the end, a shoe that will not run you to the end of

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

A Custom of Planting Trees for a Bride's Dowry.

There is a beautiful custom in some of the northern parts of Europe. There the white poplar, in good soil, increases a shilling in value every year. The trees are generally sold when all the age of 30 years, as they are then supposed to have attained their full growth. When a daughter is born in the family of a respectable farmer the father, as soon as she is able to walk, plants a few thousand young trees, which are to constitute the dowry of the maiden, "which grow as she grows and increase in height and value as her virtues and beauty increase."

Mosses Living Beings.

Mites are found not only in cheeses, but in preserves, meal, dried fish and other articles of domestic consumption. They have as regular a figure and perform all the functions of lifelike creatures that exceed them many times in bulk. They have a sharp snout and a mouth that opens and shuts like a snake's. The various parts of the body are covered with long hairs, and even these hairs are bristly. From the eggs of the females the young are hatched in the course of 72 fourteen days, and are so small that 90,000,000 are not equal to a pigeon's egg.

Attributes of Different Lenses.

The principle of magnifying power, effected by convex and concave crystal surfaces, arise from the indefinite multiplication of images by surfaces at different angles. A lens with three surfaces of sixty degrees gives three images, one with 180 of one degree each, 180 degrees, scarcely separable; but one with 10,800 surfaces, of one minute each, gives 10,800 images, still less separable. When, however, the curved form is given, and the sides become infinite, the images are infinite; and, being no longer separable, are seen as one image under one enlarged angle.

A Metallic Meteorite.

The heaviest purely metallic meteorite known is the "thunderbolt" of the Arab Sheik of Nejed, which then existed in Central Arabia, and is one of the ten known meteorites that have been seen when falling. It was bought by English authorities, who have since caused it to be chemically analyzed. It contains 91.04 per cent. of iron, 7.40 nickel, 0.66 cobalt, traces of copper, phosphorus, and 0.39 of amorphous carbon. Its weight is 120 pounds. Much larger iron masses are also known, including one of twenty-five tons.

Tropical Rains.

Rain within the tropics is not of the drizzling character of rain in the temperate zone, but generally falls in such torrents as in other zones would be called waterspouts. They produce great floods in a single day. What is distinguished from summer chiefly by the quantity of rain, which is often constant for many days together, and lasts a certain number of hours per day through six months. The rivers, in consequence, overflow, and on drying off make the atmosphere unwholesome.

Perfume Does Not Diminish Weight.

A grain of musk has been kept freely exposed to the air of a room, of which the door and windows were always open for ten years, during all which time the air, though constantly changed, was completely impregnated with the odor of musk, and yet at the end of that time the particles was found not to have sensibly diminished in weight.

A Convenient Life Preserver.

It is not a Yankee invention, for it originated in the brain of a Frenchman. Coats and trousers are hereafter to be made with large waterproof pockets, which will contain a small amount of carbonic acid. If the wearer falls into the water, a small outlet will let in just enough water to create a gas, which will float the man for a number of hours.

Height of Sea Waves.

Careful experiments made by an experienced English navigator at Santander, on the north coast of Spain showed that the crest of sea waves in a long and heavy gale were forty-two feet high, and allowing the same for the depth between the waves would make a height of eighty-four feet from crest to base.

First Cotton in England.

In 1600 cotton was first brought to England from Cyprus and Smyrna, and made into fustians, dimities, etc. In 1697 2,000,000 pounds were imported for weft, to work with linen warp as a domestic manufacture, the carding and spinning being performed by children and women for rural weavers.

Blue Stockings.

The term Blue Stocking, applied to literary ladies, was conferred on a society which was called the Blue Stocking club, in which females were admitted, and so called owing to Benjamin Stillingfleet, one of its active members, wearing blue stockings.

At a Great Height.

The greatest elevation ever attained by a balloonist was 37,000 feet, about seven miles. The ascent was made by James Glaisher, F. R. S., and Mr. Coxwell. The ascent was made Sept. 5, 1862, at Wolverhampton, England.

Thin Iron.

Iron is rolled so thin at the Pittsburg iron mills that 12,000 sheets are required to make a single inch in thickness. Light shines through one of these sheets as readily as it does through greased tissue paper.

A Long Sheet of Paper.

A single sheet of paper 6 feet wide and 7¾ miles in length has been made at the Watervliet, N. Y., paper works. It weighed 2,207 pounds and was made and rolled entire without a single break.

A Singular Instrument.

A "gastroscope" is a very costly instrument used to inspect the interior of the stomach and determine the condition of the living membrane. It is an ingenious and delicate machine.

What Doctors Say.

M. Didier, of Lyons, finds that a faradic current of moderate intensity is decidedly the most efficient treatment of hysteria hitherto employed. It not only checks the paroxysms, but has a curative effect. In every case of hysterical convulsions which he employed it the attacks promptly abated.

According to Dr. Le Tors, microbes are never conveyed in the air, but only by contact with the fingers, instruments, etc.

A French dentist asserts that antipyrin, a popular new remedy, shows a tendency to discolor teeth, especially when they have lost the enamel.

Dr. A. A. Whitford says that use of a gentle preparation of propylite, applied three times daily, will cure more cases of nausea in children than any other known remedy. An occasional dose of sulphur may be needed to complete the cure.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

NOTES AND NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO THE AVERAGE READER.

Direction and Velocity of Winds—How the Velocity Is Measured by Means of the Anemometer—An Anemometer Illustrated and Described.

Winds are currents moving in the atmosphere with variable directions and velocities. There are eight principal directions in which they blow: North, northeast, east, southeast, south, southwest, west and northwest. Mariners further divide each of the distances between these eight directions into four others, making in all thirty-two directions, which are called points or rhumbs. A figure of these thirty-two rhumbs on a circle, in the form of a star, is known as the mariner's card.

AN ANEMOMETER.

The direction of the wind is determined by means of vanes, and its velocity by means of the anemometer. There are several forms of this instrument. The most usual consists of a small vane with fans, which the wind turns; the velocity is deduced from the number of turns made in a given time, which is measured by means of an endless screw and wheelwork. One commonly used and represented in the cut is known as Robinson's anemometer. It consists of a metal cross with hemispheres at the ends, and fixed on an axis. The motion of this cross is transmitted by means of an endless screw to a train of wheel work, and from the number of turns made in a given time, which is indicated by the pointers, the velocity of the wind is deduced. Say that the mean velocity is from 18 to 20 feet in a second. With a velocity of 6 or 7 feet, the wind is moderate; with 30 or 35 feet, it is fresh; with 61 or 62 feet, it is a gale; with a velocity of 65 to 90 feet, it is a tempest, and from 90 to 120 it is a hurricane. The velocity of a wind may, under favorable circumstances, be measured by observing the time which the shadow of a cloud takes to pass over a field or any space, the dimensions of which are known.

Sounding Stones in Brittany.

Not far from the town of Dinan, in Brittany, are several large stones which have the remarkable property of giving out when struck a clear musical sound. These stones, according to Nature, are composed principally of the mineral known as amphibole, and are of a roughly prismatic shape, about twenty feet in length. They are not erratic boulders brought by ancient glaciers, but have been broken off from the rocky strata and worn into their present shape by the action of the waters of the river and sea, as, at the point where they are found, the waters of the Rance meet the small tide and are forced back by the rising tide twice a day.

There are numerous similar stones in the vicinity which show the same phenomena, but none so perfectly as the one described. The property of producing a musical note is very different from that of the "singing sands" which occur in various parts of the world, and is, undoubtedly, simply due to the hard, close grained structure of the rocks, as well as the position in which they are placed, thus giving the clearest note when lifted up from the ground and supported at a few points only by other similar stones. A species of [illegible] known as phonolite, or clinkstone, gives similar sounds when struck by the hammer.

Too Great Vibration in Watches.

A very troublesome fault with some of the best class of Swiss watches is a too great vibration, causing the balance to strike the bankings. It is most often found in watches having large wheel teeth with straight incline. The more modern practice is to curve the acting face of the teeth, and a slight alteration of the tooth diminishing the incline at the heel of the tooth will always diminish the amount of vibration.

American Congress of Doctors.

The election of officers for the next congress of American physicians and surgeons, to be held in September, 1891, resulted as follows: *Dr. Weir Mitchell, president;* Dr. W. H. Carmalt, of *New Haven, secretary;* Dr. J. S. Billings, of *Washington, treasurer.* Dr. William Pepper, of Philadelphia, chairman of the executive committee, and Dr. S. C. Busey, of *Washington*, chairman of the local committee of arrangements.

Experiments with Iron.

Iron is acted upon in a powerful manner by most acids. If some nitric acid is poured on iron nails, a stream of red nitrous vapor is let loose, and the oxidized iron is dissolved in the liquid in the condition of nitrate of iron. This experiment is an easy one to perform and it gives an idea of the energy of certain chemical actions. We have endeavored to represent its appearance in the annexed cut.

Fuming nitric acid does not act on iron and prevents its being acted upon by ordinary nitric acid. This property has given rise to a remarkable experiment on passive iron. It consists in placing a piece of iron in a glass into which some fuming IRON AND NITRIC ACID.

nitric acid is poured, which produces no results. The fuming acid is then taken out and is replaced by ordinary nitric acid, which no longer acts on the iron rendered passive by the smoking acid. After this, if the nails are touched by a piece of iron which has not undergone the action of nitric acid, these are immediately acted upon, and a great deal of nitrous vapor is manifested with great energy.

Subtle Electricity.

Electricity promises to be the coming medium for transmission of power not only for street railways, but also for mining industries.

Locomotive engineers are inclined, it is said, to obesity.

Gum chewers' paralysis is the latest forma of professional accords recorded in medical literature.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

The Potato Cure—A New Process of Removing Things from the Stomach.

The so called "potato cure" is a new method of removing foreign bodies that have been swallowed. The process, reported by Dr. Salzer, consists in requiring the patient to eat large quantities of potato, which has the effect of proportionately diluting the whole contents of the canal, so that the foreign body is enveloped and cannot cling to any part during its passage.

Dr. Salzer shows several foreign bodies removed in this way at the clinic of Professor Billroth, one of these being a weight of twenty grammes, swallowed by a child; the second, a set of artificial teeth, upward of five centimetres long and three centimeters broad, and the third a needle. According to both Professor Billroth and Dr. Salzer, many gastrotomies could be obviated by this method in the case of swallowed foreign bodies.

Curious Theories About the Finger Nails.

Fortune telling by means of the finger nails was not uncommon in ancient times. The practice was to rub the nails with oil and soot or wax and to buff up the nails, thus prepared, against the sun and upon the transparent, horny substance were supposed to appear figures or characters which gave the answer required. In more recent times people have been found predicting by means of the nails of the hand and telling the disposition of persons with certain descriptions of nails. Flowery nails, any suppose, Medical Classics gives examples of this superstition:

A person with broad nails is of gentle nature, timid and bashful. Those whose nails grow into the flesh at the points or sides are given to luxury. A white mark on the nail bespeaks mischief. Persons with very pale nails are subject to much infirmity of the flesh, and persecution by neighbors and friends. People with narrow nails are ambitious and quarrelsome. Lovers of knowledge and liberal sentiment have round nails. Indolent people have generally fleshy nails. Small nails indicate littleness of mind, obstinacy and deceit. Melancholy persons are distinguished by their pale or lead colored nails; and choleric, martial men, delighting in war, have red and spotted nails.

Pneumonia Treated with Ice.

A Finnish physician states in a medical journal that he has now treated no less than 120 cases of pneumonia with ice, and with the best results. Though ten of the cases were of double pneumonia, only three out of the whole number succumbed, notwithstanding that the epidemic was of a somewhat malignant one. The method adopted was to apply over *the affected lung an India rubber bag* containing ice continuously for from twelve to twenty-four hours after the crisis. In addition to the local treatment the patients were given such medicines as are usually employed, that is to say, opium, ipecacuanha, digitalis, brandy, etc. *The method has received of late* some attention in this country.

A Cure for Warts.

I removed a formidable wart from my daughter's hand by the application of simple lemon juice, which is an infallible cure. The wart requires saturating with the juice once or twice daily for about a week, or about a week in some cases. The wart diminishes gradually, and disappears altogether, without pain, and leaving a mark and without incurring any of the risks mentioned in connection with professional process. Another equally efficacious and harmless method is to saturate the wart with potato water daily for about a week; or, better still, with the froth to be obtained from the water while the potatoes are being boiled.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A Brief Consideration of the Disputed Question, "Who Shall Call First?"

In addition to the much vexed question, "Who shall make the first call?" it may be said that in Washington the new comer calls first upon the resident, but this is the reverse of the usage prevailing generally in *New York, Boston*, Philadelphia, the large cities of the west and in country towns. It would seem appropriate that the resident should make the first advances, but if there is no such distinction two women need not stand waiting for each other forever. Mrs. Sherwood suggests a quite good and admirable substitute for a first call, the sending out of cards for several days in the month by a lady who wishes to begin her social life, say in a new city. These may or may not be accompanied by the card of some well known friend. If these cards bring the desired visits or the cards of the desired guests, the beginner may feel that she has started on her society career with no loss of self respect. Those who do not respond are generally in a minority.

Too much haste, however, in making new acquaintance—"pushing," as it is called—cannot be too greatly deprecated. First calls, according to Mrs. Sherwood, should be returned within a week. If a lady is invited to any entertainment by a new acquaintance, whether the invitation came through a friend or not, she should send her visiting cards and send either a regret or an acceptance. To lose time in this matter is a great rudeness. Whether she attend the entertainment or not, she should call within a week. Then, having done all that is polite and having shown herself a woman of good breeding, she can keep up the acquaintance or not, as she pleases. Sometimes there are reasons why a lady does not wish to keep up the acquaintance, but she must not, for her own sake, be oblivious to the politeness extended.

Suggestions to Young Ladies.

Young ladies traveling alone should, if possible, arrange for some friend to meet them at their journey's end, especially when going to a city or town where they themselves are strangers. In New York, for instance, it is considered hardly safe for a young lady to take a hack at a railway station; it is safer to trust to the people's conveyance—the horse car.

It is according to etiquette for young ladies to travel alone in a sleeping car or on a steamboat during a night journey? One authority answers the question decidedly as follows: It is not, although it will sometimes happen that they are obliged to do so. A young lady so situated should, if possible, secure a stateroom leading from the ladies' cabin, she should not go down to supper or sit in the general passenger saloon. If she go on a sleeping car, a section should be secured for her use, or, better still, a berth in the ladies' car.

Gloves and Stockings.

Suedes are still worn, though kid gloves are gaining all the while in favor. Many of the gloves brought out for autumn wear are embroidered on the back. Tans, russets and gray are the popular colors in street gloves, and for evening delicate tans and sand color are the favored shades.

Black stockings are almost universally worn in the day time, but for evening beautiful colors are brought out to match the dresses. Embroidered clocks mark some, hinted, and the introduction of real lace insertions are prominent features in the new stockings provided for evening wear.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

How Ladies Have Made Stained Glass Windows and Japanese Bead Curtains.

How to cut off the unsightly outlook from a window without shutting out the supply of light at the same time is rather a puzzling matter. As the best remedy that admits of still admiring the window to a certain extent, Decorator and Furnisher advises replacing the clear glass with ground or stained glass, and says, "Any lady can do this, but the process is making the stained glass windows and frequently with much success, the result being somewhat *after the order of crazy patchwork.*

For a window of stained glass, you can buy for a trifle any quantity of pieces from manufacturers of stained glass. These have big your photo glass window, sash and all, removed from the casing, *lay your window* aside upward on a table, and with cement of shellac (which is transparent) attach the pieces of stained glass to the clear glass, fitting in the same with putty. Should you wish a design of somewhat more artistic arrangement, you can dot your window with the faceted jewels and buffy eyes which are made for the purpose; and calling in the assistance of a glazier with his diamond, you can have your pieces of glass cut in better shapes, with much improved effect for the work. By taking notice of stained glass windows you will observe that they are generally in some wise bordered, and thus you can gain an idea as to the construction of the design for your window. Paint the putty used in joining the pieces black; or you can make the work richer by painting the putty with gold.

Another remedy, and one more simple of accomplishment, would be to draw closely over the window a curtain of white spotted *cottage drapery* muslin, attaching the curtain by small rods run in a casing of the muslin to both the upper and lower sashes, and then hang over a curtain of Japanese reed and colored beads. As the bizarre orderings now affected in house furnishings, it is not *unusual to see a difference* in the treatment of windows in the same room, if this purpose be obvious, and it does not seem incongruous.

As the better quality of cane curtains are expensive, the authority already quoted suggests that the cane and beads can be bought and *string on strong flax thread, and with* some degree of taste exercised in arrangement is would be no difficult task to make a curtain—hanging it on a rod furnished with small metal rings. With the white muslin curtain for a background, the bead curtain would be very effective, there would be a modest light and one would scarcely be annoyed by unwelcome views from neighbor's premises.

A Handsome Sachet.

*Gold guipure net is used for the outer cov*ering and copper colored satin, quilted and perfumed, for the lining of the elegant sachet shown in the cut.

AN EMBROIDERED SACHET.

The embroidery on the front side of the sachet is worked on bronze plush, the larger flowers with the silk in satin stitch and shaded off with copper colored, silk, the center star with gold thread. The leaves are carried out in olive chenille and the smaller blossoms consist of gold thread. The embroidered *stripe* being *edged* with gimp and two bronze ribbon bows placed at the corners.

Little Batter Puddings.

When company arrives unexpectedly to dinner, little batter puddings will be a con*venient dessert.* It can be made as the last course is being served and the dinner is being eaten.

Three eggs, one pint of milk, twelve tablespoonfuls of sifted flour, a little salt. Bake in small cups or pans. Pudding sauce: One *cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of butter,* beaten to a cream, add the yolk of one egg well beaten, then one-half pint of boiling water, and set it on the fire about ten minutes, add two tablespoonfuls of wine, or flavor with lemon peel, beat the white of the egg to a froth and pour over the sauce in the sauce dish. This recipe makes twelve little puddings. Bake in a hot oven, but not so hot as to burn them or to have the batter run to the bottom. They will fall if taken out too soon.

Rich Quince Preserves.

Pare, core and quarter your fruit, using a pound of white sugar to every pound of fruit. Take the peelings and cores and put them into a kettle; cover them with water and boil for half an hour; then strain through a fine sieve or jelly bag and put the juice back into the kettle and boil the quinces in it, a few at a time, until they are tender. Lift out, as they are done, into a platter and lay on a dish. When all are cooked, put in the sugar and allow it to boil about ten minutes before putting in the quinces. Let them boil slowly till they change color. When boiling skip a silver spoon under them occasionally to see that they do not burn, but do not *stir* them. This makes a rich and handsome preserve.

Canned Squash.

A housekeeper says: I have canned squash very nicely after the following recipe, and we find it very good and fresh when kept the same as canned fruit. Boil the squash and strain through a colander. If very dry add a little water. Fill glass jars with it, screw down tightly on and set into a bath of cold water with straw or a perforated board in the bottom of the boiler. Bring the water to a boiling point and boil for an hour or more if necessary. Then take out the cans, and if the contents have shrunk fill up with hot water and seal at once.

Tulips for Winter Forcing.

Of early kinds the single Due Von Thol tulips are the earliest, and are therefore most valuable for forcing in pots or vases for indoor decoration. With proper treatment these can be had in bloom by Christmas or earlier. They are of different colors—brilliant scarlet, vermilion, crimson, pure white, purple, orange, violet, etc. Planted in pots or vases they grow very beautiful as a mass when blooming; plants are generally scarce. Single early tulips can also be grown in water, like a hyacinth.

Restoring a Japanned Surface.

A capital black varnish suitable for covering broken places in metal, such as sewing machines, furniture, etc., where the Japanned surface has been scratched or otherwise damaged, can be made, according to good authority, by taking fine lamp black or ivory black and thoroughly mixing with it Copal varnish, the black being in a very fine powder. To mix the more readily it might be made into a pasty mass with turpentine.

Salty Teas.

Three teaspoonfuls of flour, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, the same of melted butter, three eggs, a cupful of milk and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Bake the same as cakes and eat with butter.

FUR MUFFS AND CAPES!

We have just received three cases of Muff, Capes and Fur Trimmings from three of the First Fur Houses in New York, which are now being displayed.

The Large Assortment comprises everything desirable in this line, and we can confidently say that on such exhibition of these goods have ever been made in this city before.

THIS WERE will be the best opportunity to get the choice selections, as later on they will be sold. "A WORD TO THE WISE," Ess, you know.

LACE CURTAINS! LACE CURTAINS!

Is another Specialty with us this week. We have purchased several "CLOSING OUT" lots from the Importers, and offer extra Bargains in these goods.

WINDOW SHADES! WINDOW SHADES!

We have been very agreeably surprised at the increased demand made upon us in this department. Everybody is pleased with the excellent and prompt manner in which our work is done. Parties having houses to Shade or Carpet, will do well to get our "estimate" before ordering elsewhere.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St., Edsall's

THE BEST PLACE TO GET GENUINE BARGAINS.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very beats makes of **Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.**

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. MENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys, 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

At Boehm's for the next 10 days.

We are receiving daily shipments of Jackets, Cloaks, New Markets and Wraps for Ladies, Misses and Children. Jersey and Cloth Jackets in Black and Colors, $2.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5. New Markets $4.50, $6.50, $7.50 and $10. Largest Stock of Quilts and Blankets in the city at Lowest Prices. All grades of Cotton Batting for quilting. Best quality of odorless Down Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Hall's patent, all free. Dress form $3. We are offering special Inducements to purchasers of Carpets and Oil Cloths this week. We still lead in Trunk Goods. Specialties in Silk Plushes and Stripe Surah for trimmings. Our Millinery Department is well stocked with tastily trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Children's Hats, Plush and Cashmere Caps.

Needles for Domestic, Wheeler & Wilcox, Singer and Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, *Chairs* and Rockers in large variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Pine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Buffets, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to Parlor Furnitures for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the house generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS BRADBURY, HAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.
Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase

AND

ORGANS The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, Of CHICAGO, Illinois.
CHAPEL AND PARLOR.
Repaired and Furnished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and work Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

FURNITURE.

R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

(Just below the post office) Dealer in

ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES,
WARDROBES,
CHIFFONIERS
and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full Indian dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lamson Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

NO. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and London and Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Sylvanite Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added *Hats and Caps* to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, as Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Laing's Hotel.

NEW STYLES

IN

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK, ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER

and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at mill cover. Telephone No. 60.

Call and Examine

HARTSHORNE'S WOOD SCREWS, of all kinds.

Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames, Tinware and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge.

S. FRUCHT,

No. 9 Somerset street. Corner Bangalore.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. Box 1288.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

FEARLESS STEEL AND IRON

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

REPUBLICAN TICKET.
FOR GOVERNOR
EDWARD BURD GRUBB,
OF BURLINGTON.

Union County.—Third Assembly District.
FOR ASSEMBLYMAN,
JOHN ULRICH,
OF PLAINFIELD.

Somerset County Nominations.
FOR ASSEMBLYMAN,
JOSEPH C. GARRETSON.
FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN RINGLEMAN.

CHEERFULNESS CHANGES US WITH A SPELL THAT REACHES UNTO INFINITY, AND WE WOULD NOT EXCHANGE IT FOR ALL THE SUCCESS BEAUTY THAT EVER GRACED THE FAIREST FORM ON EARTH.—Anna Cleaves.

JOTTINGS.

—Days of 1889 past, 308; days to come, 57.

—To-morrow will be election day. Vote early.

—The latest rubber shoe has a creeper already attached.

—The polls will open to-morrow morning at 6 a. m. and close at 7 p. m.

—THE NEWS on Wednesday morning will contain the election returns in full.

—The Reception Committee of the Y. M. C. A. will meet to-night at 8 o'clock.

—The City Common Council will meet in regular session at eight o'clock this evening.

—The Plainfield Caseera club will hold its monthly meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The cement work on the new bridge on Somerset street over Green Brook is rapidly progressing.

—The Plainfield Crescent League will open their club house, No. 5 East Second street, at eight o'clock to-night.

—Mr. Louis Callman, of the Bee Hive, makes a special announcement in his advertisement in another column.

—Intelligence will everywhere and always establish the health of the human mind. Ignorance is its malady and its curse.

—A gray headed citizen of Deerfield, Mich., brags that he never paid a lawyer a cent, a preacher a quarter, or a doctor a dollar.

—Judge Ulrich's majority, in the opinion of many people in this city, will exceed the total number of votes cast for his opponent.

—Mr. Frank Hoglund will speak to young men at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 8 o'clock to-night. The singing will be a special feature.

—To-morrow being a legal holiday the stores and banks of this city will be closed, and THE NEWS will not be published until Wednesday morning.

—The Leal football team defeated the Pingry team, of Elizabeth, in a game of football on the grounds of the Crescent League Saturday morning by a score of 26 to 11.

—A large audience attended the horse show at Music Hall on Saturday night, when Prof. Bartholomew gave his closing performance. He left for Connecticut yesterday morning at nine o'clock.

—Judge Ulrich, the true and tried exponent of the principles of the Republican party, will faithfully represent the people of the Third Assembly District if you do your duty at the polls to-morrow.

—The regular devotional meeting of the Young Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held in their rooms on the corner of North avenue and Peace street to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock.

—E. Burd Grubb, the Republican candidate for Governor, merits the support of every loyal Republican to-morrow. Do not neglect to vote in season and be sure to vote the straight Republican ticket.

—The school championship quarter-mile run to be contested at the games of the bicycle club on the 16th inst., promises to be very exciting. Both schools have selected their best runners and a large delegation from each institution will doubtless be on hand to encourage their respective favorites.

—The Plainfield Reform Club and its friends are invited by the Women's Temperance Aid society to attend the anniversary of the latter organization at Reform Hall on Thursday evening next at eight o'clock. There will be music and an address by the Rev. Mr. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist church.

—The soldiers and sailors memorial monument committee held a meeting in the room of Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., Saturday evening. No definite action was taken in reference to the matter of locating the monument, and the committee adjourned until next Saturday evening, when a full attendance is desired.

—Persons having books, papers or magazines which they are willing to part with for the use and benefit of the inmates of the county jail, at Elizabeth, are requested to leave them at Mr. H. P. Reynolds's drug store, or with Mrs. C. A. Marsh, No. 10 Third place. They will be distributed under the supervision of the Union County branch of the State Charities Aid association.

—The fields in the vicinity of this city were literally overrun with gunners last week, and all day to-day the sport has continued. H. Newton Spencer and a couple of friends brought nearly a dozen fat rabbits and some quail home with them, on Saturday, and scores of gunners were equally more successful. One train on the Central railroad carried back to New York a dozen dogs and over a hundred rabbits on Saturday evening.

—Vote early to-morrow, and vote right. The contest this year is more important than ever before. It is a question between the People and the Bosses, and the people should not permit the best interests of Plainfield to suffer by neglecting their duty at the polls. The Bosses element does not attempt to conceal its avowed intention of controlling, if possible, our State Legislature and our County, and all loyal citizens will oppose such an attempt by voting the right ticket to-morrow.

A MYSTERY SOLVED.

THE FIFTH STREET MIDNIGHT PROWLER IDENTIFIED.

Not a Burglar nor a Tramp, but a Married Skulker Clandestinely Visiting a Servant Girl.

People going home on East Fifth street late at night during the past few months have now and then noticed a solitary form on a tall man lurking behind trees and shunning the lamplight to escape observation. Once or twice he was discovered stretched at full length on the front porch of a dwelling in the neighborhood, by some belated occupant. When discovered he started off in a pretended weary manner to give the impression that he was a tramp stealing shelter for the night. He thus succeeded in deluding those discoverers. Others, however, concluded that he was a burglar. The women became somewhat timid about venturing out nights, and one husband and a friend concluded to watch for him. It was discovered that he always came late. Some nights the watchers waited all night, and were strongly tempted to shoot him as a burglar. Instead, they reported the matter to Chief Carey, who laid several traps to catch the supposed burglar without avail. The culprit was exceedingly wary. So was the Chief. At last he found a clue which unraveled the mystery.

It was discovered that the man of the house visited with a well-known Plainfield merchant, whose business detained him until a late hour at night.

It was also discovered that after the lights in his house were extinguished and the family had had time to fall asleep, the front door was softly opened and the shadow on the opposite side of the street was admitted; he remained several hours, sometimes until just before daylight, when he re-appeared and vanished in the darkness.

The Chief ascertained the woman's name, and examined into her antecedents. He recalled that several years ago she had sworn out a warrant based upon the complaint of which the following is a copy, except that for obvious reasons we have omitted the names:

THE WOMAN'S COMPLAINT SETTING FORTH HER LOVER AS A FIREBUG.

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union, }

Of full age, being duly sworn on her oath says:

That on the night before the City Hotel stable's fire in Plainfield, to wit, the property of William Hoglund, deponent was walking the streets of Plainfield with

and that they happened to pass a castle and said "that is going to do the deed for the City Hotel stables;"

That then ascertained that he was going to set fire to the said stables with said combustible stuff, and deponent then and there expostulated with the castle to see how long it should take to reach the wood he was going to use; he further stated to deponent that there was money in it for him, and that he for the stables were fired and the engines got there and it was not extinguished he was going to touch off a match; he also told this deponent to get up and look out of her window and see the fire.

Deponent further says that on the night after the fire said again met deponent and told her that he had set fire to the stables, and he said if she saw it. He said it was a big blaze, but there was no cause for fire boots.

Deponent further says that a man whom he named (a resident of Plainfield) knew as much about the fire as he did; that after the fire

Deponent further says that said

Deponent further says that he is willing to support her child if deponent would not tell on him.

Deponent further says that when he informed deponent before a fire happened in Plainfield that there was going to be a fire that night, and it would happen as he stated it would.

The document was signed by the woman, and dated Nov. 19, 1887, with the means of a prominent counselor-at-law to certify to it.

The Chief found that the description of the person referred to in the above affidavit tallied exactly with that of the person maintaining the liaison.

The Chief further investigated and found that on nights in question when the visits were made on Fifth street the lover was absent from his home.

Just about the time the Chief was preparing to arrest the illicit lover in such a way as to make a case against him, he took alarm which will explain why the residents have not of late been annoyed.

So quietly had the work been done that it is said the family at whose house the visits were made are not to this day aware of it. But the residents in the vicinity are not likely to be disturbed again.

The lover has a good and worthy wife. It is intimated that he escaped from State prison as a frebug through the disappearance of the witness or some other process, and he has escaped now on a second term on his warrious. He will probably be surprised, when he reads the above affidavit, to discover how narrow was his escape from a convict's cell two years ago.

And the story will astonish all our readers on East Fifth street and vicinity when they learn the character of the individual who alarmed them recently. What do you think ought to be done with him?

Football To-morrow.

Leal's football team will play a game with a team from the Columbia Alumni on the grounds of the Plainfield Athletic club to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock. The following players will compose the home team:

Rushers—McGee, Walz, Boobe, Erickson, Edsall, Conant and Hallock.
Quarter-back—Leal.
Halfbacks—Stewart and Wyckoff.
Fullback—Ackerman.

Mechanical Drawing.

To-morrow being a holiday, the regular lessons of the drawing classes will be postponed one week. All members of the new class who have missed any lessons by absence, and any others desiring to join the classes are requested to be present at the rooms on Monday evening; the teachers will be glad to help them bring their work up to date, and give any other assistance desired.

Another Victim.

Warren Woodruff, of Westfield, a lad about eleven years old, while handling a revolver on Saturday afternoon accidentally shot himself in the right hand. Dr. Cooper dressed the wound.

Republicans, Be Your Duty.

The following appeal has been published by the State Committee. It deserves the careful consideration of every Republican in New Jersey:

The failure of the Republicans of New Jersey in recent years to elect their candidates for Governor has been due entirely to their failure to poll the party vote. In 1883 the Republican vote for Governor was 97,007. The very best year they polled 192,356 votes for President. In 1886, when Mr. Howey was the Republican Gubernatorial candidate, he received 101,317 votes, being 5,467 less than were given Mr. Blaine in 1884 and 42,423 votes less than the Republican electors received. That is to say, one Republican in every six failed to vote for Mr. Howey.

Statistics show that of the Republicans who this year failed to vote in the Gubernatorial election over 17,000 were residents of the counties of Essex and Hudson, while the number of Republicans who failed to go to the polls in the four counties of Bergen, Passaic, Morris and Union equaled the plurality of the successful Democratic candidate in the entire State.

It is thus apparent that the Republicans have owned past defeats directly to their own neglect of duty. It is also apparent that the counties in which the chief defection has occurred are those in which New York business men have their residences.

Do the Republicans in these counties, whose business relations are in the metropolis, propose to repeat this experience? Is it not worth while to make one honest effort to secure a decisive party victory? The Republicans can elect their present candidate for Governor and obtain a majority in the next Legislature if they are willing to take the trouble to go to the polls and vote. They cannot do it if they neglect this duty.

The Republicans are this year unusually favorable to Republican success. Such a combination of favorable elements may not occur again for years. Shall we not seize the opportunity? We appeal to every Republican—especially to those whose business is in New York—to make it a point to cast his vote for E. Burd Grubb and the full Legislative ticket on election day, Tuesday, the 5th inst. Perform that duty, whatever else you may neglect, and vote before going to your business. A dozen hindrances may arise if you postpone the duty.

Let it not again be said that the Republicans of New Jersey have refused to pluck a victory that is easily within their grasp, the by their indifference the perpetuation of Democratic control in the State has been made possible.

G. A. HOBART, Chairman.
JOHN Y. FOSTER, Secretary.

Even the Drinking Man Admires Him.

Chief Carey, on Saturday afternoon, suddenly visited a saloon beyond the city limits in search of a man. There were some forty loafers in the room, while a bar-keeper served rather hasty drinks to the men who had been attracted by the free lunch counter. Under the circumstances Morrissy was sentenced to the county jail for only thirty days.

John Condon, charged with assault and battery, was released under suspension of sentence.

A New Literary Venture.

The first issue of Buzz, the new monthly magazine to be devoted to New Jersey literature and to be published in this city, as already mentioned in THE NEWS, will be ready in December. The editor promises a high literary standard. New Jersey has already produced men and women who have achieved laurels in the world of letters. To these Buzz will give space for new stories, sketches and verses, not neglecting, however, to bring to light new genius and talent. Four prizes will be offered for sketches concerning "The Jersey School and Schoolmaster," "The Jersey Belle," "The Jersey Master," "The Jersey Editor" and "The Jersey Lawyer."

Among the celebrated authors who will furnish material for early numbers are Julian Hawthorne, Frank R. Stockton and William Carleton.

The publisher is Mr. Walter I. Clarke, of New Brunswick, now boarding in Plainfield. He is a talented young man.

The High School.

The men's night school will open on Tuesday evening, Nov. 12th. All wishing to join this class are requested to meet at the High School on Friday evening next between 7:30 and 9 o'clock, as that time names may be registered and the classes arranged. The women's night class will begin a month later.

On Saturday afternoon the telephone in the High School building was set on fire. Mr. Clarkson, the janitor, in trying to telephone for some one, received quite a severe electric shock, and called Mr. Wm. C. Newman, coming into the building to collect some music for the chorus noticed that the telephone was ablaze and extinguished the flames before much damaged was done. The cause of the fire is supposed to have been an overcharge of electric wire rubbing against the wire connected with the telephone. The telephone was repaired to-day.

Imported from New York.

Policeman Flanagan on Saturday night found a girl at the railroad station without home or shelter. She took her to the station house. She was too much under the influence of liquor to tell who she was or where she came from. Yesterday she said she had been brought from New York by two married men, residents of Plainfield, who had spent the day with her in town. They drove around Plainfield with her in the evening, got her intoxicated, and then left her at the railroad station. The men came forward this morning and supplied the girl with money enough to return to New York. The police are inclined over the matter, but the facts ought to be published, but in compliance with the girl's urgent appeals, the names of the parties have not been made public.

Officers Nominated.

At the semi-monthly meeting of the Catholic Young Men's Literary Union, last night, the following officers for the ensuing year were put in nomination:

President—Thomas Hughes, John J. Hibbits.
Vice President—Daniels Madden.
Corresponding Secretary—Thomas Walsh.
Financial Secretary—Charles Gallagher.
Treasurer—Owen Rushend, William Brown.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Patrick McCourt.
Library Committee—John McNally, Daniel Gallagher, Thomas Sheehan and Edward McCann.

The committee was appointed to purchase chairs and a bookcase for the room.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

PRISONERS SENTENCED BY JUDGE McCORMICK ON SATURDAY.

Burglars from New York City who Enjoy New Jersey Hospitality. — Petty Thieves in Limbo.

Judge McCormick presided on Saturday in a special session of the Union County Court, and pronounced judgment on a number of prisoners. Among them were "Butch" Miller, Charles Miller and John Jennings, the New York burglars who robbed the residence of Mrs. James Rose and Miss S. A. Mulford. They pleaded guilty to entering and larceny, but not guilty to the charge of breaking. The acceptance of the plea saved them from punishment for burglary, but Judge McCormick looked upon them as bad characters, deserving of punishment to the full extent of the law.

On "Butch" Miller and Charles Miller he imposed a sentence of five years in State Prison and $300 fine on each indictment. The terms will not run concurrent. They must stay in prison for ten years and pay a fine of $600 each.

John Jennings alias "Johnny the Kid," the youthful companion of the notorious pair, whose confession after his arrest, led to the apprehension of the others, was treated more leniently; the sentence was for five years in State prison and $300 fine, the terms to run concurrent, or one half the time imposed on the others.

Anton Oom, the thief who robbed Frank Keller's tailor shop, was also sentenced to State prison for ten years.

Joseph Murphy and James Mohan, the men arrested for the robbery of C. B. Trimmer's residence in Scotch Plains, refused to plead guilty to breaking. Prosecutor Wilson would not accept their pleas of guilty to larceny, and they were remanded for trial.

Alonzo Randolph, who had been in jail since August, on a charge of petit larceny, was sentenced to the county jail for ten days.

Matthias Wilson, who had been a prisoner since June on a charge of assault and battery, was released under suspension of sentence.

Patrick Morrissy was arraigned for an assault on a girl. He was represented by Mr. Connolly, who pleaded to the court a letter of recommendation and two witnesses who testified to Morrissey's former good character. Under the circumstances Morrissy was sentenced to the county jail for only thirty days.

John Condon, charged with assault and battery, was released under suspension of sentence.

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The committee was appointed to purchase chairs and a bookcase for the room.

Librarian's Report.

The following is a list of the books added to the Public Library during the month of October:

Adam—Roman Antiquities.
Archbold—Forms of Indictment.
Barker—Plants of Boston.
Bowman—Optics.
Bryant, R.—California in 1846-7.
Burnett—Through One Administration.
Byron—Complete Poems.
Campbell's Foreign monthly magazine, v.
Carpenter—Botany.
Dana—Mineralogy.
Darby—Mammalia.
Davis—Peculiar Men.
Dick—Improvement of Society.
Doyle—Flower Garden.
Eaton—Ferns of North America.
Emmons—Agriculture of New York.
Fenelon—Telemaque.
Gayarre—Louisiana.
Goodrich—3 Histories of England.
" —History of France.
Grant—Memoirs of an American Lady.
Guy—Pocket Cyclopaedia.
Hodge—Birds of Leyden.
Hoppe—Public Characters.
" —Statesmen.
Lardner—Hydrostatics and Pneumatics.
Long—Grecian and Roman Geography.
Lothrop—Old Powers.
Lowell—Fable for Critics.
Lytton, E. B. R.—Last Days of Pompeii, 2 v.
" —Rienzi, 2 v.
Lytton, H. R.—France, 2 v.
Lytton, Lady—Chevely, 2 v.
M'Dermott—Evidences of Christianity.
Moffat—Missionary Labors in South Africa.
Monteiro—Angola and the River Congo.
Morse—Geography.
Ober—Montezuma's Gold Mines.
Peet—Prehistoric Times.
Pope—Electric Incandescent Lamp.
Porter—Historical Delivery.
Pratt—Shakespeare Words.
Republic of Letters, 6 v.
Robinson—Archeologia Graeca.
Roe, E. P.—Opening Lotus Abroad.
Sedgwick—Tales and Sketches.
Smith—Physiological Botany.
Souvestre—Attic Philosopher in Vendee.
Taylor—Modern History.
Torrey—Flora of Northern and Middle States.
Verri—Roman Nights, 2 v.
Wakeman—Wrinkles, 4.
Whately, Remains of Logic.
Papers added by private subscription—Christian Union, Harpers, Outlook, Parish Visitor, Sabbath Recorder.

One Fat, the Other Slim.

People should not confuse the two well-known gentlemen named Coddington tomorrow. Attorney William A. Coddington, the fat one, is the Republican Assembly man; he is slim man, while Lawyer William R. Coddington, who is not built that way, is a Republican candidate for Assembly for city office. If by chance, and the chance is extremely doubtful, William A. Coddington should be elected it is not probable that he could hold the office. He voted at Sound Brook for Grover Cleveland at the last Presidential election, and is reported to be a loyal resident of that place. At all events he is not assessed in Plainfield.

—In some parts of the West cigarettes are quite commonly referred to as "coffin nails." This is unjust to coffin nails, which are, in their way, useful and even necessary articles.

Cent-a-Word Column.

SITUATION—Wanted as waiter in a private family, or as coachman. Apply by a young colored man. Apply at No. 64 East Third street. 9-5-tf

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 53 Madison avenue. 9-5-tf

FOUND—An engraved 10 cent piece. Owner can have same by calling at Vail's office, opposite depot.

FOR SALE—Good sized pony, cart, harness and whip, cheap; pony strong, hardy and very gentle; good driver saddle. Can be seen at 82 West Front street. 9-30-4

FOR SALE—A large glass case of Southern birds, set up by Bell, the celebrated taxidermist of New York. Will be sold at a moderate price. Also a lot of stuffed birds. Apply to S. P., City P. O., with writer's name and address, will meet with attention.

FURNISHED rooms, for lodgings, at No. 5 Pasco street. 9-30-tf

SITUATION wanted by a young English and Protestant girl as general housework. Call at No. 29 Fifth street. 9-26-tf

SCRAP and fruit trees, hyacinths, tulips and other flowering plants at Preston's Hillside avenue nursery. 10-26-6

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 45 Grandview avenue. 10-17-4*

TO LET—A cellar; also let to rear of store for sale. I. Haynicz, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 11-4-tf

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster place. 10-26-tf

WANTED—A competent cook and housedress. References required. Apply at No. 107 West Front street. 11-4-tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire at 5 Grove street.

WANTED—A good cook or girl for general housework. Call at No. 9 First place. 11-1-tf

WANTED—Situation by Protestant girl as general housework. Call at No. 38 Harmony street.

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Tea. For sale by Barkalow & Dunn, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesmen to handle specialties; liberal inducements now; fast-selling specialties. Don't delay. Salary from start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 10-16-4* $15

WANTED—Special or active partner, with $10,000 to $20,000 capital, to take active management in Philadelphia, Pa. Business established. This is a good chance for investment. Address, A. T. Turner, 624 Market street, Philadelphia, Pa. 10-26-6-eod*

MRS. E. J. MARTINS'

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however old, without the slightest injury to the color of the goods. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is the best thing for taking grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post-Office.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, Nov. 7th.

America's Elite Minstrel Attraction,

THE GORMANS

The world's greatest Minstrel producers, under the management of HARRY HARDY. Positively presenting the same excellent program that made the phenomenal hit at the Globe Theatre, Boston, week of Aug. 19th. Every act new—every act a feature. "The new first part." "The all American band-wagon team." "The new South." The golden voice quartette." Magnificent and elaborate production of James Gorman's original, original operetta, the **Princess of Cambodia.** The whole performance a most notable production in Modern Burlesque.

Prices—**50, 75 and $1.** Seats on sale at usual places Monday, Nov 4th.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run, open only to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.
2—Seventy yards dash. Open.
3—Mile Bicycle Race.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.
5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.
6—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.
7—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.
8—Three Legged Race. Club.
9—Running High Jump. Club.
10—Half-mile Run. Open.
11—Consolation Race. Open to non winners. Club.

Entrance Fee Nov. 5th, with F. L. C. Martin, 125 Park avenue. An entry fee of fifty cents must accompany all entries.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Hallock, Jr., Chairman; C. L. Murphy, J. F. Munn and L. W. Serrell, Jr.

11-2-11

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 63 East Front street, 11 rooms with closets; bath and furnace; formerly occupied by Henry G. Latimer, is now for sale. Apply to W. C. Butler, No. 1 East Front street. 8tf-11-2tf

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."

What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the home manufacturer get? He gets the results. What are they likely to be? **Value for your money on one hand; a chance for a life of misery on the other.** Good intentions prevent neither. **Moral:** (organized 1861; Incorporated 1883; At the head of the profession 1889.)

The Electric Construction and Supply Co. Telephone Building, Cortlandt street, New York.

Plainfield Office, 28 North Avenue.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.—Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, at 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.

THIS HOUSE HAS ALWAYS BEEN NOTED FOR HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, AND THIS YEAR WE ARE GIVING BETTER VALUES THAN EVER. WE HAVE EVERYTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, LADIES AND CHILDREN IN WHITE, RED AND NATURAL WOOL. WE ASK SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR **50c** FLANNEL SHIRTS, AND A NATURAL WOOL LADIES' VEST THAT SELLS AT **$1.25** IS A GOOD ONE.

* * *

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.

NEWTON R. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to sale in this section for the sale of the **GILLMAN RANGE.**

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

STEPHENSON

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
and buy goods for

15 Per Cent. Off

for Spot Cash. We offer our Stoves, Lamps,

Tinware and Graniteware, Carpenter and Machinist Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 42 West Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE

Furs and Fur Trimmings.

2 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard, 25 cents.
3 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard, 35 cents.
Black bare muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.
Nubria muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boas, $3.00.
Opossum Muff, $3.50.
Opposum Boas, $5.00.
Children's fur muffs, 39 cents.
Children's fancy sets, fur muff and boa to match, 60 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 600 BUSHELS **ROSE POTATOES** WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,
BY W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.40 PER YEAR.

The tenth international medical congress will be held at Berlin in 1890. Doctors, get ready your papers going for the quacks.

The Human Foot Divine.

Some Wisconsin girls have formed an organization called the "Society of the Heavenly Foot," so it is said. It is not a charity organization, as one familiar with the Scripture text about the beautiful feet of those who bring glad tidings might suppose. On the contrary, it is a society for the growth of literally beautiful feet. The girls have concluded that the Almighty understands his business, and knew the laws of beauty as well as we, when he made the human foot. Consequently they are going to encourage the human foot, just as the creator shaped it.

If there is anything more hideous than another, it is a foot that has worn high heeled, pointed toed shoes two sizes too small for it, twenty or thirty years. Knobby, horny, misshapen, one toe pointing upward in helpless appeal to heaven against the disfigurement to which it had been subjected, another crumpled down out of sight and ashamed to show itself—the Chinese woman's foot is not a whit more ugly. The reason why women wear stockings, and often shoes, into the water at bathing resorts is said to be because they are ashamed to show their deformed feet.

Corns and horns upon the foot and toes are produced largely because the toes do not obtain exercise. They are cramped and stiffened, and so form degenerate growths. If you can work every joint in every toe freely, spreading the toes far apart so that they do not touch each other, you will not be troubled with corns or bunions. This is an excellent exercise for athletic girls and women, as well as men and boys. A little practice evening and morning, limbering ankles and liberating the toes, till they are as flexible as the fingers of a pianist, will in time cure the worst case of corn or bunion.

Likewise wear shoes broad enough to give the toes a chance for life. Give them even half a chance and they will reward you by becoming pink and rosy like an infant's and perfectly shaped. Small feet there are in plenty, but beautiful feet—there is not one pair in five thousand. So let us welcome the heavenly foot society with rejoicing. Let us hope that in time we shall have a generation of American belles who need not be ashamed to show their beautiful, classic bare feet. A belle with really aesthetic, artistic taste is prouder of the perfection of her bare foot than of the small size of her shoe. She can both walk and run with the grand free step of the ancient Greek beauty.

Transfusion of Blood.

A remarkably successful operation of this kind was recently performed at Bellevue hospital, New York. A man had been wellnigh suffocated by escaping gas in his sleeping room. A man in the room with him was already dead when the door was burst open. Life barely remained in this man, Morris A. Bedding. At the hospital it was seen that he was fast approaching death. A powerful German, six feet tall, with plenty of blood, offered to give some of it to the dying man. Eight ounces were taken from the suffocated man's arm to make room for the strong, new blood. The German's arm was opened, and ten ounces of blood were pumped from him into Bedding's arm, through a rubber tube with silver mouthpiece. Blood was taken from the left arm, above the elbow. Bedding's breathing was scarcely perceptible when the operation began. After receiving two or three ounces it began to be normal. But the first change was in the quickening of his pulse. Fifteen minutes were required to force the ten ounces of blood into the patient's arm. At the end of that time his pulse was nearly normal and his face wore a flush. It was rosier than that of the brave and kindly German who saved his life, for his countenance had grown pale under the process. He soon recovered, however. So did the man who was so near death. Undoubtedly he would have crossed the borderland only for the operation.

Along with the description of the finding of the richest tin mines in the world in the Black Hills comes another story from the same locality. It is that the farmers in South Dakota are starving. Their crops failed because of the drought. Immediate relief is called for to meet their pressing necessities. Food, clothing and fuel are all needed, and needed at once. Millions are in the valleys and hillsides all about them, but they can neither eat tin nor wear it, nor cook their food with it.

Tipping servants has reached its extreme limit in England, and we may expect to hear of "a reaction" there. In some of the London restaurants waiters pay over a dollar a day for the privilege of waiting on customers, instead of being paid by the proprietors. A returned American traveler says the only hired person he found in all Europe who refused to take a fee, was an Irishman.

LIVE WASHINGTON NEWS.

Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture.

UNCLE SAM NIGGARDLY TO CERES.

Secretary Rusk Tells What Other Countries Spends Upon Agricultural Development—Weather Maldeon Criticises Sullivan—Kilrain's Great Pluck.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The annual report of Secretary Rusk, of the department of agriculture, and the first issued under the newly constituted department, has just been made public. The secretary anticipates a portion of his plan of reorganization in the estimates for the forthcoming fiscal years, $1,109,600. He says that the aggregate sum asked for in his estimates must not be measured by what is past. A striking contrast is drawn between this amount and the appropriations for agriculture made by those countries which the report says "are the most active competitors of American farmers in the world's market. A comparison shows that Great Britain appropriated for agriculture $1,900,000; Germany, $2,850,000; Brazil, $30,000,000 for agriculture and mines; France, $8,000,000, and Austria more than $4,000,000.

Flour-Pneumonia Decreasing.

The subject of agricultural organizations is dwelt upon earnestly, their astonishing growth during the *past few years* being cited as strong evidence of the growth of the spirit of self help among the farmers. The farmers' institutes are referred to particularly as one of the greatest movements in the history of agriculture and as the strongest lever for raising and upholding the work of superior agricultural education represented by our system of agricultural colleges and experiment stations. The report also recommends, without going into details, that the department should be empowered to afford aid and encouragement to this work.

Pleuro-pneumonia naturally is first noticed, the situation being regarded as most encouraging. This disease is now effectually under control and restricted to Kings and Queens counties in New York state, to New Jersey and a limited section in each of the states of Pennsylvania and Maryland. A careful review of the field, together with the arrangements made for the supervision of the limited districts still infected, justify, it is considered, the hope that "the most sanguine hopes" in regard to the proximate complete eradication of the disease.

National Meat Inspection.

The language used by Secretary Rusk in regard to a national meat inspection law is pointed and vigorous. The necessity for inspection at time of slaughter, he says, is first to enable the state to promptly locate and stamp out any cattle disease centers, and secondly to avoid the anomaly of leaving the inspection of our own meat products to the officials of our foreign customers. The foreign governments some show of reason for the claim that they have better opportunities for learning of disease among American cattle than is enjoyed by the United States itself, and accordingly advocates "such an amendment to the law under which the bureau is at present organized as will provide for such official sanitary inspection as shall guarantee to the fitness of our meat products for food consumption under the seal of the United States government.

Sheep and Wool.

Sheep and wool receive special consideration in the report. The question of the sanitary control of sheep is promptly looked after by the department, and the report says: "On

Kindly Advice.

Farmer Heywood to greatest living skeleton at dime museum:—Hello! Who be you? You ain't workin' here, air you?

Living Skeleton (with dignity).—I am employed here.

Well, do tell! Say, my friend, you ain't feelin' well, and if I was you, I'd change my boardin' place."—New York Weekly.

A Diplomatic Dodge.

She—I wish the car would come along.

He—I thought you liked walking best; in fact, you said so.

She—Oh, that was before we had the *system*.—Munsey's Weekly.

A Slight Improvement.

"How are you getting along with your work on the piano?" asked Bilkins of a young woman.

"Oh, very well, I can see great progress in my work."

"How is that?"

"Well, the family that lived next door moved away within a week after I began to practice. The next family stayed a month, the next ten weeks, and the people there now have remained nearly six months."—Washington Capital.

Philopena.

They ate a philopena,
Yes and No she must not say,
And he must not take anything
From her the livelong day.

They strolled into the garden—
The moon was shining so,
He could not help but kiss her,
"Will be mine? Oh, don't say No!"

"I can't say Yes," she answered,
"Nor yet can I say No;
But since I'll be! Dost take me?
Philopena! Let me go!"—Life.

Advice.

A farm journal advises its readers to "be quiet among bees." The observance of this advice depends largely upon the conduct of the bee. A man may go among bees with the resolve to be as quiet as a pair of lovers in the front parlor, but if an unruly bee inserts its weapon under the man's epidermis, his good resolution vanishes into thin air and he immediately becomes as noisy as a Comanche Indian.—Norristown Herald.

A Forgery.

Chicago Detective (picking up a crowbar at the scene of the burglary):—Say, we can arrest the firm that made this crowbar.

Chief—Why, what sort of a case can we get against them?

Detective—Ain't they guilty of issuing a forged instrument?—Lawrence Daily American.

A Good Testimonial.

Hotel Proprietor (rummaging in the ruins of his house, which has been burned to the ground)—Here, what's this?

Clerk (picking up an iron plate, reading)—"This hotel is strictly fire proof. Gulliver Manchausen, Inspector of Buildings."—Lawrence Daily American.

Is a Fix.

Mrs. Muggins—It's raining and Mrs. Goodsell wants to go home, and I have no umbrella to lend her except my new guinea one. Can't I let her have yours?

Mr. Muggins—Hardly! The only umbrella I've got has her husband's name on the handle.—Glasgow Weekly Mail.

Duo About This Time.

A woman who gave her husband some sqhyr to get matched two days ago, on his way home in the evening, has not seen him since. As there are only forty-five stores in town where sqhyr is sold, she thinks it is about time he returned home.—Norristown Herald.

A Suitable Adviser.

Simpson (to a friend who is lamenting the conduct of his son)—You should speak to him with firmness and remind him of his duties.

Father—He pays no attention to what I say. He listens only to the advice of fools. I wish you would speak to him.—San Francisco Wasp.

A Sure Sign.

Cutsly—I guess Hardup is in a pretty bad way.

Dullard—Why?

Cutsly—He is trying to make friends with all his creditors.—Lawrence Daily American.

He Had Seen Many.

Theatre Goer—Did you ever see "A Woman's Stratagem?"

Simply—Plenty of them. I've been married fifteen years.—Yonkers's News.

Her Favorite Author.

"Who is the author of fiction whose skill you most admire, Mrs. Marriedayear?" Mrs. Marriedayear (promptly)—My husband.—Philadelphia Republic.

It's Different Then.

The childish miss resents a kiss and runs the other way, but when at last some years have passed, it's different they say.—Frank De Haven.

Useful.

Mrs. Brandirt—I declare I don't know what I shall do, I doctor, if anything happens. Such an interesting child, and growing to be a perfect image of his father.

Little Ned (with a stupid attack of the mumps)—I guess you needn't bother to give me any medicine, doc. I think I'd prefer to die.—Judge.

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS*,

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

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WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.

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DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. K. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Elm Street, Scotch Plains, No. 29 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. K. SEE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Law Exchange, Jersey City. Residence, No. 149 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

GEORGE C. CORNELIUS, Counselor at Law, Commissioner of Deeds, Master in Chancery, Notaries Public Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st

CLARK & BABBITT, Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1 y

CLARK A. BABBITT, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Springville Peas.

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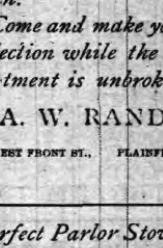

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HOME SCHOOL for young ladies and children, 161 Grove street, Plainfield, re-opens Sept. 19th, 1889. Special preparation for those desiring to enter college, and most careful attention to backward pupils. Theory and practice in vocalization by the method of Del Sarte. Approximated easy to mate at any time personally or by letter to Mrs. Butler or Miss Pomeroy. 9-30-1m*

MISS FAWCETT'S English, Languages and School, 48 Craig Place, near Grove Street. Is each department elementary branches are carefully and thoroughly taught. Every care is taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-23-tf

MR. R. R. HARELL, Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Orchestra furnished for balls, and parties by special music a specialty. Rear dance, No. 78 Dorr street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW resumed her lessons in Gymnasium at her residence, 12 East Second street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Pestvorr's system used and special attention given to beginners. Reference from former pupils. 9-10-3m

MR. F. L. CONDE, Teacher of violin. 15 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 250. 4-9-1y

MISS C. B. HELLWIG, A graduate of the Gymnasse of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by Mr. Morrison to the best lady scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gents in French and German Language, Music and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 54 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of pianos. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Address Miss Nettie Mattison P. O. Box 1583.

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY for young ladies and children will re-open Thursday, Sept. 19th. A kindergarten will be opened Tuesday, Oct. 1st. For particulars address Miss M. L. Kenyon, Principal. 8-30-2m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Brown and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M. Scoap, Principal. Ida F. Scoap, Assistant.

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Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time table in effect June 30th, 1889. PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night. Sunday at 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m., 12.45 night.

Leave New York at 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 7.26, 8.04, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.15, 8.05, 9.35, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30, 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 9.10 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 8.10, 9.32, 10.35, 11.30 a. m., 2.30, 5.10, 6.36 p. m. Sunday at 5.30 a. m., 6.35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.32 a. m., 5.10 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. Sunday 6.35 a. m. for Easton.

9.32 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.35 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Manchester, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 12.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., 2.30 p. m. For Flemington, Easton, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dritton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 5.10 p. m. and 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Easton, Allentown, Reading, 6.36 p. m. For Flemington, 4.38 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. On Sundays at 6.35 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.26, 8.04, 8.30, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. For Port Monmouth, Long Branch, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Sea Girt, Manasquan, Point Pleasant and Bay Head.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 1.00, 3.30, 8.10 a. m., 12.30 p. m., 4.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m. For Philadelphia at 1.00, 3.30, 8.10 a. m., 12.30 p. m., 4.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.00 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

THE TOYS.

My little son who looked from thoughtful eyes,
And moved and spoke in quiet grown-up wise,
Having put by his force with childish days,
Is gone to sea with these discharged,
I struck him and dismissed
With hasty words and rudely cast,
But soon he knocked and entered still,
His mother, who was patient, being dead.
Then fearing lest his grief should hinder sleep,
I visited his bed,
But found his dimpled cheeks all wet,
With darkened eyelids and their lashes yet
From his late sobbing wet.
And I will ask what I have done
Kissing away his tears left others of my own;
For, on a table drawn beside his head,
He had placed within reach
A box of counters and a red-veined stone,
A piece of glass abraded by the beach,
And six or seven shells,
And two French copper coins arranged with care-
ful aim,
To comfort his sad hearts,
So when that night I pray'd
To God I wept and said:
"Ah, when at last we lie with tranced breath,
Not weeping then in death,
And then remembered of what toys
We made our joys,
How wistfully understood
Thy great compassion, God,
Then, fatherly not less,
Than I whom thou hast molded from the clay,
Thou'lt weep o'er thy wrath-hurt ones:
'I will be sorry for their childishness.'"

—Coventry Patmore.

EDUCATED IN AMERICA.

Young Women From the Land of the Mikado Trained in the United States.

The Countess Oyama, wife of the Japanese minister of war, is one of the few ladies of the court of Tokio who can "receive" at their own houses in the native costume which European fashions are fast driving out of the land of the mikado. The countess prefers the comfortable and picturesque Japanese dress to the foreign costumes which the court has adopted, and this in spite of the fact that she is one of the first Japanese women who took to American ways. She graduated at Vassar in 1882, the only woman of her race who has received the baccalaureate degree.

Sutsuki Yamakawa, as she was known before her marriage, spent about ten years in this country, coming with the Japanese embassy of 1871. She became so thoroughly Americanized that she had almost forgotten her own language. She is remembered by her college mates as an extremely attractive girl, pretty even to American eyes, tall, graceful and well formed. To return to her native country was to her something of an ordeal. She came here a girl of 12, adopted the Christian religion and the customs and habits of thought of western civilization, and went back a marriageable woman of 22 with the knowledge that her parents would immediately find a husband for her, very possibly one not at all in sympathy with her ideas.

Fortunately the chosen spouse was Count Iwao Oyama, who was himself educated in France, and as whose wife she has taken immediate rank in social and philanthropic circles in Tokio. A number of Japanese women have since come to this country as students, and more are now. Miss Shige Nagai entered the Vassar School of Music in 1878, and made a love match with Lieut. Uriu, of the Japanese navy, who was detailed by his government to the Naval academy at Annapolis, and first met his piquant countrywoman at a Vassar fete, to which a number of Annapolis youths had been invited.

The wedding was agreed upon before either returned home. One of the festivities attendant on the marriage in Tokio was the assumption of the name of "Annapolis" "Vassar" before the court and mikado. Miss Ume Tsuda studied at the Archer institute in Washington, and is now teaching in Tokio in the Peeresses' School for Japanese Noblewomen.

Miss Kin Kato, who returned to Japan, spent some time as a special student at Wellesley, where she took high honors, after making a special study of kindergarten methods. One or two Japanese girls have taken courses at the New Haven and other technical schools for nurses, and one of the most industrious students in the classes at the Art Students' league at present is a bright and interesting Japanese girl. Japanese women are graduates from most of the normal schools for teachers, and one at least has done well at a medical school.—Exchange.

Chinese Girls and Matrimony.

English and American girls occasionally commit suicide through disappointment at not getting married; but it will surprise them to learn that the Chinese young ladies have such a dread of the matrimonial chain that they frequently prefer death to marriage. "Of all people," said Confucius, "women are the most difficult to govern. If you are familiar with them they become forward, and if you keep them at a distance they become discontented." So many are the disabilities of married women that many girls prefer going into Buddhist or Taoist nunneries, or even committing suicide, to trusting their future to men of whom they can know but little from all the interested reports of the go betweens.

Archdeacon Gray, in his work on China, states that in 1870 eight young girls committed suicide "who had been affianced, drowned themselves in order to avoid marriage. They clothed themselves in their best attire, and at 11 o'clock, in the darkness of the night, having bound themselves together, they threw themselves into a tributary stream of the Canton river."—Young Ladies' Journal.

Mrs. Livermore's Story.

At the celebration at Hartford in honor of Mrs. Livermore the following characteristic story was related by Mrs. Mary A. Livermore: "My husband," she said, "was pastor of a small country parish before the war. We had no money, and very little could use. I had heard of a paper that was published in Washington called The National Era. The subscription price was $2.50, and we hadn't the money for it. My husband went away for three weeks. While he was gone I made him a pair of pantaloons. I had never made a garment, and I had never seen a button hole. When my husband came home I told him that they had come and cost $6.50, and that I had paid for them. He put them on and pronounced them a fit. I knew he wasn't till he had worn them a week and they had been in the pulpit that I told him the truth. That's how I got The National Era. I always wore myself out when I spoke before this audience less my confidence or not. I've never told this story to any one before, and I don't want any of you to repeat it."

The New Housekeeping.

One of the finest of the apartment hotels indicates a solution of the servant girl problem that will appeal more and more to well-to-do people who are tired of housekeeping. It differs from first class flats in that no kitchen is provided or dining room. Every one eats in a superb dining hall on the seventh floor, the meals to be ordered, served, cooked and served by the owner and manager of the building. All one needs to do is to eat, drink, sleep and pay rent. Folks when they become tired of the care of housekeeping are shouldered on the proprietor of the establishment, while at the same time one has the freedom and privacy of one's own home.—New York Letter.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

INSTRUCTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FOR OUR GIRL AND BOY READERS.

The Prize Composition of a Young Girl on the "Homo Pig," a Native of All Countries—How to Make an Amusing Little Toy.

Not very long ago one of the youthful contributors to Wide Awake was awarded a prize for the following composition on the "Homo Pig:"

A HOMO PIG.

"The homo pig is a native of America, England, Mexico—and all other countries. Its color may be either white, black, yellow, brown or copper colored. Its head resembles a porker pig's, while its body is like that of a human being. It is sometimes intelligent, and may be taught many things. It is a herbivorous and carnivorous animal, and will eat almost anything else. Its chief characteristic is its prodigious appetite and its disposition to have the most and best of every thing, regardless of the rights of others.

"Who were kind the other day of a young homo pig not more than four feet high that can consume as much as the hired man at each feed, besides eating almost continually between meals of apples, nuts, turnips, candies, slippery elm and cinnamon barks and other odds and ends."

Slow Transformations Called Evolution.

A blue egg may become a robin. The latent life hid by marble walls may be warmed into activity and gather to itself the crumbs from a cottage table and weave therefrom the tissues of life—feet to perch among the blossoms, wings to fly among the trees, eyes to reveal in the scenes disclosed by sunlight, and vocal organs to sing the song of love to mate.

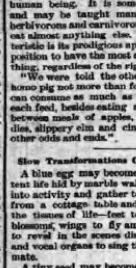
A tiny seed may become a "big tree;" for, warmed into life, it sends its rootlets into the nourishing earth and its branches into the vivifying air, and gathers materials with which to build a noble growth of the forest.

The rill born of a summer shower carries the sand from the hillside down into the brook, and the brook bears it on to the river, and the river transports it to the sea, and the impregnated tide finds a nest beneath the waves and in the forge of nature. Then this boss on the floor of the ocean has the power to gather about it more sands as they come from the distant hills, and still more sands. Every shower given gives more, and every storm adds to the sands that are thus buried beneath the sea, until at last an island is hatched, as it lifts its head above the waves.

Robins grow to be robins by minute increase; trees grow to be trees by minute increase; islands grow to be islands by minute increase. This slow but sure change is change. Science tells you, it called evolution.

A Surprising Little Man.

A little figure may be made on the principles illustrated in the cut, so as to balance itself very amusingly. Select a piece of wood



THE LITTLE BALANCER.

about two inches long, cut one end of it into the form of a man's head and shoulders, and let the other end taper off gradually to a fine point, as shown in the annexed figure. Next furnish the little man with wafers, shaped like oars, instead of arms, which wafers may be somewhat more than double the length of his body's length

them in his shoulders, and he is complete. When you place him on the tip of your finger, if you have taken care to make the point exactly in a line with the center of his body and have put the wafers accurately in their places, he will preserve his balance, even if blown about, provided he is not blown entirely off his finger by too violent a breeze. This little man will cause much surprise, in consequence of the fine point on which he oscillates.

Mustache, a Military Dog.

If the deeds of brave men find their record in print, may not a corner now and then be given to brave doings of our four footed friends, the dogs? Probably no dog has ever rendered such good service as the celebrated poodle whose name stands at the head of the short article which follows. Born by birth, he followed the fortunes of the French army through most of the Consulate wars, winning special honors at Marengo. At the battle of Austerlitz he rescued a regimental standard from an Austrian soldier, when in the act of snatching it from the hand of its mortally wounded bearer. The plucky poodle drove off the assailant, and then, seizing the tattered colors in his teeth, dragged them triumphantly back to his own company. There is nothing poor, so to his personal appearance and bearing, or whether he was a large or a small, a black or a white poodle; but for his brave conduct, as above recorded, he was decorated on the field of Austerlitz by one of the French officers.

The Glass of Water Under the Hat.

An innocent trick, which may afford some amusement at an indoor party of young people, is as follows:

Place a glass of water upon the table, put a hat over it, and offer to lay a wager with any of the company that you will empty the glass without lifting the hat. When your proposition is accepted, desire the company not to touch the hat, and then get under the table yourself, and commence apparently smacking your lips at intervals, as though you were swallowing the water with infinite satisfaction to yourself. After a minute or two come from under the table, and address the person who took your wager with, "Now, sir." His curiosity being of course excited, he will lift up the hat in order to see whether you have really performed what you promised, and the instant he does so take up the glass, and after having swallowed its contents say, "You have lost, sir, for you see I have drunk the water without touching the hat."

Flannel for the Baby.

If mothers knew the immense saving of trouble that there is in dressing a baby in flannel throughout, even in the hottest days of the hottest summer, and the great physical benefit to the child, it would be a strong argument in its favor. Every mother knows the quantity of washing to be done where there is a baby, of which the washing and ironing is not the least part of the trouble. All this is done away with where flannel is used. Half an hour or less will suffice to wash a baby's whole flannel wardrobe. Some will think that to provide a "layette" entirely of flannel must be a very expensive proceeding; but it need not be so. There will not be required so many garments of flannel as there are of cotton or linen, and they last much longer, and they do not require anything like the same amount of fine sewing in the making. It is ridiculous the amount of time some mothers spend in preparing their first layette. Hours are passed with aching backs, shoulders stooped and eyes strained, manufacturing countless tucks and frills to the inner skirts and petticoats and robes that after all are only to injure the little creature for whom they are prepared. There is often as much spent in the purchase of the less last for the adornment of these unsanitary garments as would purchase a year's supply of comfortable, health preserving flannel. And it need not be supposed that flannel garments must be ugly ones. They will bear a great deal of ornamentation if the maker of them feel so disposed. They can be shaped prettily, and can be embroidered effectively

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

THE NINETEENTH SESSION ON MONDAY EVENING.

The City Clerk's Pockets as a Receptacle for Certain Public Documents.—Other Interesting Information.

The City Common Council held its regular two-weeks' meeting at eight o'clock on Monday evening. President Drescher, Councilmen Dechant, Erickson, Fairles, Gelbert, Marsh, and Squire responded to the roll-call. Councilmen Moffett, Myers and Watson were absent.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A communication from R. H. Holmes, requesting permission to erect a frame office on the side of a dog which the city officers had ordered killed. The communication was received and placed on the table.

S. A. Giana, in a communication called the attention of the council to the condition of Broadway between Cedar brook and Richmond street. He complained that in places where the street had been torn up by the recent freshet, the holes were being filled in with garbage, refuse and ashes, contrary to the ordinance and detrimental to the health of the residents in the vicinity. He also directed their attention to the dangerous condition of the crossing at Broadway and Richmond street. The communication was referred to the Street Committee, with power.

The following claims were presented and subsequently referred paid:

Thos. Worth, $83.25; Engine Co. No 2 $25; Geo. Conover, $41.66; Plainfield Gas Co., $12.25; J. J. Sharp, $13.32; Jos. Cooney, $36.66; Ellis Handville, $5; Jas. A. Martin, $66 90; H. K. Voorhees, $37.7; C. O. Donlon, $42.65; J. R. Flanner, $39.50; E. C. Morse, $10.55; A. M. Griffin, $62.35; Robert Randolph, $42; R. Vandever, $24.75; John Wierenga, $10; Wm. Hand, $18.75; J. H. Angleman, $28.75; G. M. Angleman, $198.75; John Hefferman, $22.60; John Dunn, $21.75; John Kinkead, $20.60; Thos. Flynn, $40.50; Patrick Moran, $10.80; R. W. Mahaffie, $36; Michael Walsh, $69; M. Hayes, $31.80; Peter Mellany, $11.25; Henry Robinson, $19.50; John Washington, $4.50; John Keefe, $6.38; Jas. Brennan, $40.50; T. R. Nevius, $671.25; T. R. Nevius, $310.97; Nevius, $671.25; T. R. Nevius, $310.97; Nevius, $108.50; Morris Shannon, $3; J. F. Scott, $16.50; John Barry, $19.87; Sheridan Jones, $7.50; Willis Mason, $7.50; M. Sweeny, $27; Thos. Dowd, $18.37; P. Flanagan, $9; W. S. Slater, $4; Jas. Conway, $6; W. H. and J. J. Hollibird, $8.50; C. M. Leigh, $7.50; Mair, $7.50; G. W. Grant, $60; F. Lynch, $60; T. McOpe, $60; Chas. Gise, $60; T. J. Carey, $62; L. H. Bigelow & Company, $15.37; Times Printing and Publishing Co., $71.95; T. W. Morrison, $13.50; W. C. Force & Son, $1.80; O. B. Cook & Co., $1.80; John Johnson, $725; C. A. March, $187.50; J. A. Hubbard, $810.75; Hubbard Bros., $2.65; Schenck Bros., $18.50; H. Herring, $5; Electric Light Co., $674.69; C. A. Lehman, $25; J. M. Leonard, $6.

The monthly statements of the City Collector and City Treasurer were presented, received by the Finance Committee and ordered filed. The quarterly statement of the City Physician was also received and placed on file.

The City Treasurer notified the Council that several notes would fall due this month. The notes were filed.

Corporation Counsel Marsh's semi-annual report was then read, received and ordered filed on motion of Mr. Squire, seconded for the evening.

Mr. Erickson then reported favorably on the petitions of Mr. E. H. Holmes, to erect a frame building on Madison avenue; of Patrick Lynch, to erect a building on Sycamore street, and of the Boice estate to re-cover their sheds on Park avenue, and recommended that the petitions be granted. The report was received and the recommendation was adopted.

Mr. Squires offered a resolution renewing the contract with the Electric Light Co. for lighting the streets for another year from Nov. 1st, 1889, on the same terms as heretofore, with the privilege of renewing for one year's renewal. The resolution was adopted and the Corporation Counsel instructed to draw up the contract.

Mr. Newbull, of the Committee on Water, Fuel and Stationery, was unable to report on the old claim of Mr. Wm. F. Merrifield, owing to the fact that the City Clerk had not complied with the resolution passed at a former meeting, by instructing him to turn over the papers to the Committee.

The clerk explained that he had been carrying the papers in his pocket for some time but had been unable to see Mr. Newbull. Mr. Newbull reiterated the clerk's remark that his office was pretty well known.

It will be remembered that at the last meeting, when Mr. Merrifield made his communication to the Council, the clerk "misheard" the request and it was not found until Mr. Newbull looked in his pockets recently.

Mr. Marsh reported that the Street Committee had completed the work of macadamizing Madison avenue from Second street and was now having South avenue repaired. He also stated that one thousand dollars had been appropriated to complete the work. The report was received.

The resistance in reference to the macadamizing of Richmond place was read for the third time and adopted.

A resolution authorizing the Mayor and Treasurer to execute a three months note for $1,500 and pay off two of the notes falling due this month was adopted.

Mr. Marsh then offered the following:

Resolved, that the City Treasurer be instructed to pay the interest on Sewer Bond for 1889, and when paid the Mayor and Treasurer be directed to execute a note at the City Treasurer's office for the amount of the issue of 1889 for use of the poor fund.

Adopted.

The petition of Mr. Hart for a crosswalk on Elmwood place, and of Mayor Male and others for a crosswalk on East Ninth street were referred to the proper committees.

Mr. Marsh also offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Treasurer be instructed to pay off the two notes coming due this month out of the department fund, and when paid that the department be reimbursed in the amount to have discounted a note for $1,500 out of the fire department, in anticipation of the issue of 1889.

Mr. Dechant reported that a vacancy existed in the Board of Commissioners of Appeals, caused by the death of the late Theodore Bedford, and he moved that Mr. J. Frost Randolph be elected to fill the vacancy. It was so elected.

The meeting then adjourned.

A FIREMAN'S OATH.

And Its Connection With a Woman's Affidavit.

The article published in Monday's News solving the mystery which has for months past perplexed the residents of East Fifth and East Ninth streets, was the theme of general conversation yesterday. People asked: Who was the married man, who, intoxicated with a servant girl, had secured admittance to a family's home after the house had been locked up for the night, and whose wife could not get him to leave the premises until the neighborhood was come near resulting in his being shot for a burglar? Who was the girl whose affidavit had charged her quondam and present lover with being one of the firebugs who once terrorized Plainfield?

We republish her affidavit in order to make another revelation. Read it carefully and observe the reference to the second man:

State of New Jersey, } ss.
County of Union. }

The deponent, of full age, being duly sworn on her oath says:

That on the night before the City Hotel stable's fire in Plainfield, to wit, the property of William Moore, deponent was walking on that said ——— showed deponent a candle and told deponent he got it to go over for the City Hotel stables.

Deponent then explained that he was going to set fire to the said stables with said candle. Deponent asked him not to do it. Deponent remonstrating with the candle to see how long it would take to reach the waste he was going to set fire with, and deponent not then knowing that there was money in it for him; that, after the stables were first set on fire, deponent was in a state of excitement, he was going to touch off the second fire when deponent remembered he had left a pair of boots under the bed.

Deponent further says that said ——— came to deponent to give her money to support her child if deponent would not tell on him.

Deponent further says that on the night after the fire another fire happened in Plainfield that the same was going to happen that night, and it would happen as he stated it would.

It seems that the second man referred to was a prominent member of the old fire department, abolished by the city. Through frequenting saloons he had gone lower and lower, until by the affidavits of the woman referred to and others, he became implicated with the firebugs, though perhaps innocent of all active participation in their hellish schemes further than having guilty knowledge of the intentions of the incendiaries.

His utter worthlessness in a reflective mood realized the depth to which he had fallen through his libidous habits and associates. Exposure would ruin his business and drive him out of Plainfield, even if he escaped the State Prison. Upon reaching this he went before a Justice of the Peace privately, and made a most solemn oath, not to taste, touch or handle the accursed stuff again. One trusty friend witnessed the vow and so determined was the firemen to reform himself that he took this oath so that when he broke it he could not be reinstated by it.

That was nearly two years ago, and the ex-fireman has so far lived an exemplary life. People have noticed this marked change for the better little dreaming of the incidents which led up to it.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Councilman B. A. Hageman, Jr., accompanied by his wife and daughter, who are visiting friends in winter at Orange, visited friends in Plainfield yesterday.

Ex-Councilman D. Wilton Randolph, formerly of Netherwood, the sudden death of whose estimable wife, caused him to break up his home here and move back to New York, has met with more misfortune. Recently he lost by death both his brother, Dr. Robert Randolph, of Chicago, and his father-in-law, Col. Evans, of Richmond, Va. Though attending to his duties as counsel of the Mutual Life Insurance Company he is in great affliction over his manifold affliction in which distress over his manifold affliction in which distress over his sympathy of his large circle of friends in Plainfield.

Miss Julia Bulkley, principal of the Plainfield Public School, Miss Fritts, the Misses May and Carrie Kirkner, and Miss Clemmie Yates, forming a party of Plainfield ladies who are "doing" Europe, were to have sailed for Europe to-day; but, owing to a storm, has been reserved in the effect that Miss Bulkley and the Misses Kirkner will not return until January. Miss May Kirkner, who has been ill with typhoid fever, has had a relapse. This news will cause the host of friends of the Plainfield the young lady quite anxiety. The party leave the first illness separated, Miss Fritts and Miss Yates going to Berlin, and Miss Bulkley and the Misses Kirkner travelling to Dresden, where Miss Kirkner fell ill, and where her party will remain until she is entirely recovered, before they venture to return home. Miss Fritts at Berlin has become homesick, and is desirous of returning to the United States at once. She is at present in her usual robust health. She has cabled to her father, Dr. Fritts, to come over to the Athenæ, not caring to venture on the Atlantic alone. Mrs. Bulkley several critical cases among the patients and cannot leave. Arrangements will be made for Miss Fritts to leave so as to have the young lady come home alone.

How to Save Boys.

Appleton's Journal, in speaking of "How to Save Boys," says open your blinds by day and light bright fires at night. Illuminate your rooms. Hang pictures upon your walls. Put books and newspapers upon your tables. Have music and entertaining games. Banish demons of dullness and apathy, and bring in mirth and good cheer. Invent occupations for your boys' leisure hours. Encourage their every directions. While you make their delight, fill them with a higher purpose than mere pleasure. Make home for your boy a boyhood and other upon manhood with refined tastes and pure habits, and depend on you, and you alone, for your right reward. Another may have more control over the destiny of her boys than any influence whatever.

Arrested for Drunkenness.

Chief of Police Carey and Policeman Giss and Mattox last night arrested Patrick Maddons and Peter Galbreath for disorderly conduct on Liberty street.

REPUBLICAN AS USUAL

THE RETURNS FROM PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY.

A Quiet Day and an Exceedingly Light Vote in the City.—Ulrich's Friends to the Front.

MAJORITIES.	1889	1886
Plainfield	252	243
North Plainfield	76	67
Westfield	76	67
Fanwood and Scotch Plains	44	40
New Market	48	78
Dunellen	13	31
	257	316

Election day in Plainfield was devoid of any exciting incidents. There was a bright sky overhead, and the weather was cool and bracing, but even under these favoring influences an exceedingly light vote was polled. There was no disturbance of any sort in the neighborhood of the polls. Local business was practically suspended during the greater portion of the day. Owing to a mistake in the count in the 2d district of the Fourth Ward a recount was necessary. In order to allay the anxiety of our readers as to the general result THE NEWS is issued several hours earlier than usual to-day. Below are the complete city returns:

The Vote in Plainfield.

FOR GOVERNOR.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total
				1st dist. 5th	
Grubb, Rep...	250	297	329	171	107 1010
Abbett, Dem...	179	132	89	131	172 704
Lemoine, Pro.	4	6	10	8	8 36
Tot'l.....	433	393	428	310	288 1749

FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Total
				1st dist. 5th	
Ulrich, Rep....	255	299	328	171	107 1060
Coddington, D..	173	127	86	141	173 700
Massett, P.....	7	4	12	8	8 39
Total.....	435	401	326	320	277 1749

Ulrich over Coddington, 297.

North Plainfield.

FOR GOVERNOR.	1st Dist.	2d Dist.	Total.
Grubb, R.....	204	192	396
Abbett, D.....	166	150	316
La Monte, P.....	12	14	26
Total.....	382	345	728

Grubb over Abbett, 70.

FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY.	1st Dist.	2d Dist.	Total.
Garretson, R.....	219	190	409
Klots, D.....	160	151	311
Voorhees, P.....	13	13	26
Total.....	392	344	736

Garretson over Klots, 70.

FOR SHERIFF.	1st Dist.	2d Dist.	Total.
Ringleman, R.....	209	173	375
Coddington, D.....	162	158	327
Sperling, P.....	13	13	26
Total.....	384	344	728

Ringleman over Coddington, 48.

Fanwood Goes Republican

FANWOOD, Nov. 5th.—Grubb's majority here is 44; and Ulrich's is 58.

Westfield for Grubb.

WESTFIELD, Nov. 5.—The election here today was quiet. For Governor, Grubb received 283 votes; Abbett 219; Lemoine 4; Prohibition, 9; Democratic, 2; Sprehl's 267; Coddington, 219; Massett, 4. Grubb's plurality is, therefore, 76, and Ulrich's 78.

Piscataway Republican.

DUNELLEN, Nov. 5.—The result of today's election in the First Assembly District of Middlesex county, including Dunellen and New Market, is as follows: For Governor—Grubb, 693; Abbett, 574. For County Clerk—Conger, Rep., 994; Conway, Dem., 945. For Member of Assembly—Egget, Rep., 986; Dem., 953. Thirty-two Prohibition ballots were cast, all of which bore the name of E. Arthur Smith. For Surveyor, in addition to the nominees for Governor, County Clerk and Member of Assembly.

Rahway Democratic.

RAHWAY, Nov. 5.—Abbett's majority here to-day is 55 and Coddington's 58.

Klots for Assemblyman.

SOMERVILLE, Nov. 5.—Coddington is elected sheriff by about 300 majority. J. Wilson Voorhees, Republican, is elected to the Assembly by 102 majority.

Ulrich Safe.

ELIZABETH, Nov. 5.—Marsh, Democrat; Voorhees, Republican; Ulrich, Republican, are undoubtedly elected to the Assembly. Clerk Townsley has given Coddington 17 over Ulrich.

Conger Elected County Clerk.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Nov. 5.—W. O. Jaques, the Democratic member of the Assembly in the Second District is probably elected by about 500 majority.

The returns from all the townships are that John H. Conger, for County Clerk, has elected by a large majority; John Fitz Randolph, Dem., and the county will probably give Abbett 600 majority.

Charles H. Randolph, Democratic member of Assembly, is elected in the Third District over Kane, the ballot reformer.

Reformed Church Fair.

A fair was held at the German Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, on Tuesday evening. There was a fine appearance and were covered with tasty and useful articles.

The following are the names of the ladies of the committee: Mrs. Val Ulshoefer, president; Mrs. Jacob Mimm, vice president; Mrs. Dech, Mrs. Jacob Schlenker, Mrs. Hook, Mrs. Meinhardt, Mrs. N. Smalley and Miss Annie Schlenker.

The following were the attendants at the tables on Monday:

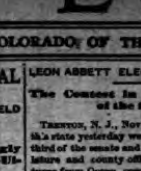
Fancy Table—Mrs. J. Reuter, Miss Annie Schlenker, Miss Katie Bimm, Miss Emma Meinhardt.

Candy Table—Miss Annie Schlenker, Miss Rhoda Bimm.

Doll Table—Miss Tillie Ortmann, Miss Nellie Hook.

Crockery Table—Mrs. Bach, Miss M. Schlenker, Miss Elsie Johnson.

Grocery Table—Mrs. Jacob Schlenker, Mrs. Meinhardt, Mrs. Mannebach, Mrs. Schlenker, Mrs. Mooring.



LEON ABBETT.

LEON ABBETT ELECTED GOVERNOR.

The Contest in Various Parts of the State.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 6.—The elections in this state yesterday were for governor, one-third of the senate and members of the legislature and county officers. So far the returns from Ocean county show Republican majorities as follows: Grubb for governor, 550; Cranmer for senator, 470; Hurst for assemblyman, 470. In Camden county Gen. Grubb (Rep.) will have a majority approximating 1,200. Cumberland county gives Grubb, for governor, 1,091 majority. Burlington county gives Grubb 1,500 majority. Passaic gave Grubb (Rep.) for governor 2,300 majority; Gloucester county estimated Republican majority of 400.

The Democrats in Essex county, it is estimated, have elected six of the ten assemblymen.

There is every indication of a Democratic victory. Chairman McDermott, of the Democratic state committee, says: "Abbett is certainly elected by a majority largely in excess of Governor Green's figures. I have been notified that State Senator Wortz is re-elected from Morris county, where we also gain an assemblyman.

Chairman Smith, of Essex county, telegraphs from Newark that Essex has been carried for Abbett and seven Democratic assemblymen elected by a majority. This is a gain of two. In Hudson county the indications point to the election of eight and probably eight Democratic assemblymen.

Eight counties in the state show a net Republican gain of 3,016. Somerset county gives a Democratic majority of 200.

Middlesex county gives a Democratic majority of about 1,200.

In Democratic gains are shown by the scattering returns received from eight Trenton precincts.

The majority for Grubb in Mercer county is now estimated at 500, and for Rice (Rep.), for senator, the majority is 400.

In the First district Wicyoff (Rep.) is elected to the assembly.

In the Second district Stull's election is claimed by the Democrats, as well as Scroth's in the Third district.

Returns indicate that Morris county gives Abbett a small majority, elects three Democratic assemblymen and re-elects Senator Wurts by an increased majority.

Abbett's majority in Hunterdon county is 2,000. Both of the Democratic assemblymen are elected.

Abbett has 1,700 plurality in Warren county. Hooker (Dem.) in the First district is re-elected to the assembly, and Haggerty (Dem.) in the Second district. William O'Neill (Dem.) is elected surrogate.

Abbett's majority in Mercer county in New Brunswick of 1,100. For county clerk, Connery (Dem.) has a majority of 295 over Conger (Rep.). For assembly, First district, Pepper (Dem.), 18 over Fitz Randolph; Second district, Jaques (Dem.) over Janeway (Rep.) 294. Third district, Mannahan (Dem.) over Kane (ind. and Rep.) 194.

Bloomfield elects Abbett (Dem.), 1,668; Grubb (Rep.), 2,625; Lamont (Pro.), 38; Abbett's plurality, 1,043.

In the First assembly district Voorhees (Rep.) is elected by the 140 majority over Connery (Dem.). This district is usually Democratic by 600.

The Second assembly district of Union county gives Marsh (Dem.) 450 majority over Benjamin (Rep.).

Returns make it certain that Abbett is elected by an overwhelming majority, and that the Democrats have retained control of the assembly.

The latest returns indicate that the senate will stand 11 Republicans to 10 Democrats. The Democrats have probably elected 38 of the 60 assemblymen.

CRESCENT LEAGUE OPENING.

An Attractive Resort for the Young Men of Plainfield.

The club house of the Plainfield Crescent League, on East Second street, was opened on Monday evening under the most favorable auspices. This association already numbers eighty members, and its membership in Plainfield among its membership. It was organized for the purpose of affording the young men of Plainfield, and of the young men of our city, and it is intended to offer attractions at the league rooms sufficient to withdraw them from the saloons and its pernicious associations.

The premises have been leased for one year at a rental of $600, with the privilege of renewal for a term of three, five or ten years, and the building has been refitted at a cost of $2000, which sum was subscribed at a meeting of gentlemen who are interested in the league.

The handsome bowling alleys have been built on the first floor, and rooms for coat and checking purposes, and a billiard room are provided on the second floor. Altogether the appointments of the club house are complete and tasteful, and every effort will be made to keep them up to the high standard which the managers of the league have established.

The president of the league, Mr. Keeler, in his opening address, said that the league was not a church organization, and therefore open the alley by bowling a ball. At the same time he wished the league to be conducted on the same principles as governed. The first bowl resulted in a low strike and the president's playing was greeted with applause.

There are six bowling clubs in the Union County League, of which the Crescent is one. Each club bowls a match game with each club, and the club winning the most games will be declared the champion. The first match game will be played on the Crescent alleys on Saturday next, at the rooms of Mr. Taylor.

The boys' choir of the Church of Our Saviour were invited with surprise last Sunday. The new leaders' chairs were also consecrated.

Mr. Constantine Pall, of Brown Brothers & Co., the Wall street bankers, and Mr. Wyatt, recently of Glenwood, Rockford, Ill., have been at many who hope.

A bowling club has been organized at Netherwood. Mr. L. E. Aitkens is president and Mr. Jacob Vandeventer secretary. There are twenty-five members and the club meets for practice every week at the Hotel Netherwood bowling alley, which has been leased for the season.

A PASTOR IN DISGRACE.

REV. J. W. MITCHELL'S ALLEGED INFATUATION.

A Meeting to Investigate the Scandal Culminates in a Row.—The Woman in the Case.

A scandal affecting the reputation of the Rev. J. W. Mitchell, the pastor of the Mt. Olive Baptist church on Liberty street, where a number of devout colored people worship, has been afloat about town for several weeks. The story runs that the pastor has been for some time maintaining improper relations with one of his people—a married woman residing near the main depot; that he has visited her house almost daily in her husband's absence, and as often as three times a day; that he has frequently walked lovingly arm in arm with her, evening, through secluded streets; that the woman confided to several of her female friends her relations with the pastor, in a way as though proud of it; that the officers of the church held several secret meetings to investigate the story; that it finally reached the pastor's wife; that she visited the woman in the case to get the story from her own lips; that the woman denied it; that the wife then confronted her with the women to whom she had told the story; she denied ever having told it to them, but afterwards said she had told it in fun; and this finally it was decided to submit the matter to the church members on Monday evening.

There was a large and excited meeting in the church, the stormy session continuing until a late hour, and to such an extent that Chief Carey was telephoned for. He hurried to the scene, but when he arrived quietness prevailed. There were lights in the church and indications that a meeting was being held.

Just what conclusion was arrived at respecting the pastor, however, could not be ascertained. The church is divided as to his guilt or innocence. There seems to be doubt about his visits to the women, and those who believe him guilty think that the woman's story is intended to shield him, since she has seen the storm the scandal has raised.

Some drunken men on the corner of Liberty and Third streets began rolling at the Chief for not arresting the colored people, and became very abusive when he started away because there was nothing to justify him in making arrests at the church. They were disturbing the peace and the Chief warned them to desist or he would be compelled to arrest them. They paid him no attention, however, and he started at him. He caught one by the collar and shook him. They would not be silent, however, and were finally arrested and lodged in jail.

AN OFFICIOUS OFFICIAL.

How the City Clerk Oppresses City Laborers.

The laboring men who are employed on the streets by the city at fifteen cents an hour are subjected to all manner of inconvenience by our model City Clerk.

They are poor men, whose families depend upon their daily pay to keep them from hunger. They require the money they earn to be paid with reasonable promptness to enable them to pay their rent and grocery bills.

The Common Council considerately passes the bills as soon as presented, and found correct, and President Dumont promptly signs the warrants, so that there is not the slightest reason for delay.

The City Clerk, however, takes his own time about paying them, and sometimes two and three weeks elapse before the poor fellows get their money.

On Saturday the Clerk's office was full of these poor men, who had become justly angry at the wrongs done them by this overpaid and officious official.

The city requires that the men should swear to their bills, but of course does not contemplate putting them to this extra expense, twenty-five cents in each case, the earnings of two hours work, to say nothing of the loss of time. The Clerk is expected to administer the oath, and is paid to do so.

A few years ago at a money election the citizens voted in favor of allowing themselves to be taxed at the rate of one-half of one per cent. of valuation, so that with the increased amounts thus obtained it would not be necessary for the city to borrow money with the saloons. One of the first acts of the City Clerk, when more money was had, was to have his salary increased one hundred and fifty per cent., or from $200 to $750 per year. Some excuse must be given for this to enlighten the taxpayers, so he assumes the title of Auditor.

When he got $200 and perquisites he was always on hand. When he was advanced to $750, he also found a situation as book-keeper in New York, where his time is taken up at the desk. It is expressed that he can be found at his office in the evening. In consequence there is no end of grumbling and discontent among those who have business with the city. Furthermore, since a former Council was persuaded to delegate their power in the letting of the expenses of the city at a frightful rate, there need not be, if the Council committees would themselves attend to auditing the bills for the work they order, for which services the taxpayers elect them to office.

The Clerk has become so self-important that a stranger might think he was the Council. In fact, Councilman Newhall asked him Monday night at the Council Chamber whether he was the Council or the Clerk. Of course Mr. Newhall was rebuked for his impudence, but the probabilities are that a more self-important official will be elected hereafter. All sweets there are many who hope.

Incipient Blaze.

Monday afternoon a piece of oil paper thrown into a stove in Martin Bros.' grocery store exploded and caused considerable excitement in that vicinity.

—The regular meeting of the Union county branch of the State Charities Aid Association of New Jersey will be held Wednesday, Nov. 6th, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at Library Hall, Elizabeth, second floor.

THE STATE VOTE.

MAJORITIES BY COUNTIES.

County.	1889 Abbett, Dem.	1889 Grubb, Rep.	1886 Green, Dem.	1886 Hervey, Rep.
Atlantic		400		327
Bergen	600		535	
Burlington		1,600		325
Camden		3,100		2,059
Cape May		1,000		90
Cumberland		1,600		600
Essex	500		916	
Gloucester		600		464
Hudson	6,000		5,374	
Hunterdon	2,000		1,093	
Mercer		500		408
Middlesex	950		497	
Monmouth	1,600			140
Morris	23			715
Ocean		575		725
Passaic		2,000		1,400
Salem		100		183
Somerset	300		204	
Sussex	350		276	
Union	1,000		826	
Warren	1,750		1,008	
Total	16,973	10,165	14,816	6,790
Abbett over Grubb				6,710

The Next Legislature.

THE SENATE.

	Term expires
Atlantic—John J. Gardner, R	1892
Bergen—Henry D. Winton, D	1892
Burlington—Richard Perkins, R	1892
Camden—George Pfeiffer, D	1892
Cape May—Walter S. Leaming, R	1892
Cumberland—Jeremiah Bowker, R	1892
Essex—A. F. R. Martin, R	1892
Gloucester—Joseph R. Rice, R	1892
Hudson—F. McDermott, D	1892
Hunterdon—Moses K. Everitt, D	1892
Mercer—John D. Rue, R	1892
Middlesex—Wm. H. Hoagland, D	1892
Monmouth—Henry R. Nevius, R	1892
Morris—George T. Werts, D	1892
Ocean—David D. Cranmer, D	1892
Passaic—John Mallon, D	1892
Salem—William Hires, R	1892
Somerset—Lewis A. Thompson, R	1892
Sussex—Peter D. Smith, D	1892
Union—Jos. P. Stull, D	1892
Warren—Martin Wyckoff, D	1892
Republicans, 11; Democrats, 10.	

Next House of Assembly.

ATLANTIC.	Dist.	BURLINGTON.
S. S. Hudson	R	Thos. P. Usher. D
BERGEN.		BURLINGTON.
1—Cornelius D. Demarest	R	1—W. F. Martin. D
2—Abram DeRonde	D	2—L. H. Trimmer. D
HUDSON.		MERCER.
1—R. C. Hutchinson	R	1—J. Sykes. R
2—W. S. Perkins	R	2—John A. Steen. D
3—Lewis L. Sharp	R	3—Jos. Bowker. R
ESSEX.		MIDDLESEX.
1—F. C. Woolman	R	1—Chas. Clayton. D
2—John Harris	R	2—John Mulvey. D
3—Joel D. Kirkpatrick	R	3—C. H. Meeker. D
CAPE MAY.		MONMOUTH.
Samuel Townsley	R	1—Aaron Johnson. D
CUMBERLAND.		2—Jos. Throckmorton. D
1—Isaac Newell	R	3—Chas. H. Ivins. D
2—R. Cheesman	R	MORRIS.
ESSEX.		1—Jos. F. Albright. D
1—G. Rabenstein	D	2—John Morrell. D
2—Reuben Peer	D	3 W. S. Naughright. D
3—Jos. C. Pinck	D	OCEAN.
4—Thomas Smith	D	Adolph Ernst. R
5—Thomas Mulhall	D	PASSAIC.
6—Richard A. Price	R	1—Robert William. R
7—Jos. Bedford	R	2—John P. Kerr. D
8—Jos. Bedford	R	3—Jas. Hamilton. D
9—John J. Bertram	D	4—John King. R
10—Jas. Lee	R	SALEM.
11—E. H. Snyder	R	John C. Ward. R
12—Jos. Bedford	R	SOMERSET.
GLOUCESTER.	R	Jacob Hoagland. D
Jacob Hires		SUSSEX.
HUDSON.		A. L. Shafer. D
1—Michael Murphy	D	UNION.
2—Henry Burns	D	1—Jos. Warbasses. R
3—James Gaffney	D	2—F. C. Marsh. D
4—Hugh Gallagher	D	3—John Hetfield. R
5—J. E. Potts	R	WARREN.
6—Jos. Bedford	R	1—John F. Kelley. D
7—John F. Kelley	D	2—R. Hoover. D
8—Jos. Bedford	R	3—W. H. Hagerty. D
9—Lawrence Fagan	D	

Republicans, 31; Democrats, 29.
Democratic majority on joint ballot, 11

Prof. Apgar on Insect Life.

The teachers of Somerset County held a meeting in the Somerset Street School on Saturday. In spite of gloomy weather there was a fair attendance.

The morning exercises Prof. A. C. Apgar, of Trenton, gave a lecture on "Our Enemies and Friends among Insects," which was listened to with much interest. The lecture was illustrated by large colored plates prepared for Mr. Apgar. It would be a story about a lady, a cultivator of flowers, who wished to know how to get rid of wheel bugs and other of these pests of the garden and of lady bugs also, supposing both to be enemies instead of the friends they are. Her husband, against the lady bugs was heard on the idea that they bred moths. Mr. Apgar told of the grave digging beetles, the ground beetles, the ravaging Impaniola beetle in burying dead animals. He pointed out the good done by some flies as scavengers, but in spite of this he would not recommend entertaining them indoors. He warned housekeepers to protect themselves while in the larvæ state, as it is in that form they usually do most damage. He spoke of many of the butterflies and moths, and gave the earnest plea for more teaching of natural science in public schools. He wanted teachers to call the attention to the wonderful world of living creatures around him.

The afternoon session was occupied by Mr. T. E. Hasell, of North Plainfield, who read a thoughtful paper on "Moral Education." He also gave a particular good dose by singing in schools, and told how to teach and what to teach. A drill in singing resulted from the chart followed his entertaining paper.

Gorman's Minstrels.

In speaking of Gorman's Elite Minstrels, which are to appear at Music Hall to-morrow, the Buffalo Courier says:

The troupe is excellently equipped with voices of rare excellence, and clever comedians and dancers, all of whom were introduced in the first part, which opened with a grand chorus, in which the entire company, including on the ball were encored. The second part consisted of specialty entertainment, the third a joyous song and dance festival descriptive of the Mardi Gras festivities. The programme closed with a sketch entitled "The Princess of Cannibella," with the full company in the cast. It is well rounded out an evening of genuine enjoyment.

Via France's Tin Medal.

Yesterday morning Mr. T. J. Gillies, of Madison avenue, presented Mr. V. L. Frame, the Democratic inspector of election in the Fifth district of the Fourth Ward, with a tin medal appropriately engraved. "Via" was the only Democrat on the Board in that district.

W. C. T. U.

There will be a public prayer meeting at the rooms of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, 12 West Front street, this afternoon from 3 to 4 p. m. Mr. Burdick, who is engaged in Gospel temperance work, will be present and address the meeting. All are invited.

TWO $100,000 MANSIONS

AND A DRIVE ONE HUNDRED FEET WIDE.

The Significant Work Mr. Charles Hyde Has Begun. Another Still More Beautiful Plainfield.

Over a quarter of a mile from the main depot a new thoroughfare has been recently cut through from Front street. It runs Northwest toward Green Brook at a point midway between Westervelt and Franklin avenue, North Plainfield, and is known as Sanford avenue. Mr. William Sanford owns much of the property there. Other large owners are Mr. Edward Loomis and Mr. Jeremiah Manning. The property of Mr. Loomis extends to the brook. On the opposite of the stream Mr. Charles Hyde owns both sides of Franklin avenue. The thoroughfare ends at Mountain avenue, but Mr. Hyde's possessions continue on up the mountain, and embraces some two hundred acres, the elegant property of John Taylor Johnston. Mr. Loomis recently offered enough of his property to Mr. Hyde to make a roadway if the latter gentlemen would lay out the road to connect in a circle to Crescent avenue, and the Joint Committee of the Board of Freeholders of Union and Somerset counties have offered to erect an iron bridge over the stream to replace the wooden structure swept away by the flood, provided Mr. Hyde will build the abutments. The Boards cannot do the work this year because the appropriations have been exhausted by the erection of the new iron bridges already contracted for, but will have it included in next year's appropriations for bridges, as it will involve no additional expense to the tax-payers, while securing a much needed avenue to the north.

Mr. Hyde has accepted the proposition of Mr. Loomis, and has already commenced to open the circling road to Franklin avenue. This one alone is worthy of the committee's projection. These improvements will make Franklin avenue one of the grandest avenues, or to be found anywhere in New Jersey, as to it, with his many millions of dollars, his taste and large practical experience, abundantly able to carry out his elaborate designs. The avenue is to be made one hundred feet wide and continue on through to Johnston's drive on the mountain. It is to be laid out with beautiful promenades, and on the summits of two of the most commanding knolls on the northeasterly side of Johnston's property Mr. Hyde will erect two splendid $100,000 mansions, the most imposing in Plainfield. One of these is to be for one of his sons, a young man of fine attainments, who is engaged to be married about two years hence to a beautiful young lady. The other mansion is for a wedding gift. The knolls are one hundred and twenty feet above sea level, overlooking Plainfield, and the view from the mansion, of the mountain and the adjacent picturesque scenery will be beautiful. Mr. Hyde's son is a member of the Plainfield Common Council, and to him probably more than to any other man are we indebted for our thirty miles of fine macadamized drives, modeled after the finest in Europe, and Dumont having visited the Continent to study the system purpose of putting himself as to the most improved methods of road construction, of which study Plainfield has received the benefit. Mr. Clawson of the first is also a Plainfielder, residing on Front street, and his property is one of the most desirable and handsomely improved in the city.

The elegant property of the Johnstons, the Clawsons and the Hydes, combined with the improvements which will be made in the vicinity referred to, will make this locality the most beautiful in New Jersey, and will aid in perpetuating Plainfield's fame as a miniature garden of Eden.

W. E. Jones on Bridge Building.

Many citizens have been watching the progress of the work on the Somerset street bridge. Some have noticed that the contractors are putting the foundation of heavy plank upon which to place the mason work and the wisdom of such an operation has been questioned. Freeholder Jones, Chairman of the Joint Committee on Bridges, was seen by a NEWS reporter yesterday and the following explanation was given concerning it:

"A solid foundation could not be had in any other way," said Mr. Jones. "The ground there is full of quicksands and any stone foundation could not be made secure. The bridge will be built upon piles, and the piles will be driven to the water, but are otherwise protected. The planking under the foundation of the Somerset street bridge will therefore last, in my opinion, as long as the mason work."

Ready for the Next Freshet.

The iron bridge across Green Brook at Grant avenue was completed on Monday. The work reflects credit on the freeholders under whose supervision it was done, and the structure will probably long remain a monument to the spirit of the people who built it.

It replaces a wooden bridge built twenty-five years ago, the oldest bridge across the stream, and its span has been increased from forty-five feet to sixty

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,
E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $4.00 PER YEAR.

Hereafter every male Indian who consents to take a separate farm and is 21 years old, is entitled to vote. New complications in American politics! Cannot the Indian vote easily become a factor of importance in some of the western states? Doubtless it will.

Why He Succeeded.

Those who write inspiring and instructive books for young people will find a new theme in the life of B. T. Babbitt, the soap manufacturer. To grown people he will be immortalized as the man who first made a decent soap at a moderate cost, in America. For this alone he is to be classed among the benefactors of his country. He it was, too, who began the invention of that agricultural machinery which has made America famous the world over.

No college bred lad was B. T. Babbitt. A farm boy with only the rudiments of education, he learned the blacksmith trade as soon as he was man grown. Here he first found he had inventive genius, and here he learned that practical working of iron and machinery which was afterwards of incalculable value to him. Everything that came to him, no matter how insignificant, was an opportunity of which he made good use. This was one secret of his success.

Another was that he never gave up. Disappointment after disappointment struck him, like blows in the face. They staggered him, but could not down him, because he was a man who could not be downed. That will be a good point to emphasize with the boys and girls.

He had a fair start in 1843, when he was 32 years old. Then, through the dishonesty of a man he trusted, he lost every dollar he had. Nothing daunted, he began again, trying harder than ever. So many difficulties beset him that not till he was 50 years old did he really begin to gather the fortune of $5,000,000 of which he died possessed. Another strong point in his character was his kindly, trusting nature. This trait he never lost, though deceived over and again and subjected to heavy losses from those he had trusted. In spite of the losses he continued to trust his fellow men, and with it all he was not prevented from laying up $5,000,000. Another fact to note was his strong, erect, healthy body. He got it from the active, outdoor life of his boyhood. This rugged health and strength stayed with him almost till the very last, and he was 80 years old when he died.

Starving Professionals.

In Germany there are three times as many professional men as there is work for them to do. One-third die, go into other occupations, or leave the country. Another third manage to drag out a half starved existence, with no prospect but the poor house in old age. The other third succeed reasonably well, some brilliantly. The London Spectator remarks that the same is true for England. In America it is at least as bad. Time and again our young men have been warned that the professions are overcrowded, that they must go elsewhere if they would make a living. Go into shop keeping, say their advisers, learn a trade, or go on a farm. But there are more things to sell now than people to buy; the trades are so full that the unions permit only so many boys annually to go into them; farmers say: Don't come into our ranks. There are so many of us now, farm products are away down to nothing. Keep away from the farm. The whole, if boys and girls will have the good taste and good sense not to be born for a generation or two, till the old stock gets worked off, it will help solve the problem of living mightily.

Our Icelandic Discoverers.

Old Icelandic records positively declare that in the Eleventh century Lief, a Norseman, sailed southward and made a settlement that he named Vinland. The Icelandic people to this day claim that their ancestors discovered America before Columbus.

Mr. E. W. Horsford, of Cambridge, Mass., has been for some years investigating this subject. He has studied the Icelandic sages and the oldest maps and records of European explorers. He has come to the conclusion that the Norsemen's claims are well grounded. In New England he recognizes Vinland, and in Newfoundland and Nova Scotia other localities visited by Lief. He also thinks that Cambridge itself is the site of an ancient city called Norumbega, and believes he has discovered some of its ruined fortifications.

The San Francisco Chronicle feels hurt that the welcome California habitually extends to strangers should be set down only to the shrewd eye to business developed by the western man. California is fond of company on general principles, says The Chronicle, and lavishes her wealth of fruits and wines upon visitors because she likes to. Well, well, who doubts it? There is a large, generous hospitality throughout the whole west, by no means least among those who are not unwilling to do a tenderfoot if good opportunity offers.

[MORNING NEWS.]

GEN. MAHONE ARRESTED.

He Is Charged with Shooting Herbert Harrison.

THE ALLEGED VICTIM IS DYING.

Gen. Mahone Under Arrest—His Friends Claim It Was Not He Who Shot Harrison—Contradictory Reports of the Affair—Election Crimes.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 6.—The greatest excitement prevails here. Gen. Mahone, the defeated candidate for the governorship, has been arrested for shooting at and fatally wounding a man named Herbert Harrison. Harrison is a young Democrat who has been a fierce partisan of McKinney, the victor in the fight for governor. Harrison was standing on the steps of the court house at 10 o'clock last evening, when it was pretty well understood that Mahone had been defeated. Not knowing that Mahone was standing close behind him, he made use of some abusive terms with regard to the defeated ex-senator.

Mahone Fires in His Face.

Mahone, who is a very small man with a long gray beard, rushed up to Harrison, a broad shouldered young Hercules, and, shaking his fist in his face, poured forth a volume of vile epithets. Harrison was so startled by the sight of the extraordinary and excited little figure that he drew back for an instant. Some people say that he put his hand to his hip pocket as if to draw his revolver. Others deny that he did so. It is asserted that Gen. Mahone drew his revolver and fired at Harrison full in the face.

Mahone Under Arrest.

A number of Harrison's friends seized hold of the infuriated little general and prevented him emptying another cartridge into the prostrate form of the young Democrat. It was found that the bullet had entered Harrison's jaw, and had taken an upward course toward the brain. Harrison is unconscious, and is not expected to live till morning. The bullet has not yet been found.

Mahone was immediately arrested and conveyed to the city jail.

Another Story of the Affair.

There was the greatest excitement among the Democrats of this city last evening over their victory. A party of young men went to Gen. Mahone's house and fired off a lot of rockets. Gen. Mahone ordered them off. They continued their jollification, when suddenly a pistol shot was heard and one of the young Democrats, Herbert Harrison, fell. He had been struck by a ball in the thigh.

A great many people insist that the shot was fired by Gen. Mahone, who is much chagrined over his defeat.

The bearing at the station house resulted in Mahone being held for the action of the grand jury, and bound over to the December term in the Hastings court in $2,500 bail.

Killed in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 6.—*Michael Fall*, young Democrat, and Phil Lambert, a Republican, engaged in an altercation over politics, and Lambert, after being badly beaten, got a shotgun and fired at Fall, wounding him. The latter died soon after the shooting.

John Driscoll, a Democratic ticket holder, knocked down a Readjuster ticket holder named Apple and kicked him to death. The quarrel was not political, but the result of animosity between the two men on other grounds.

Double Murder at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Last evening a colored man named Osborne Vasey, and another, name unknown, were quarreling when Vasey shot the unknown man, who died in a few moments. Vasey, though wounded, tried to escape, but was pursued by Officer Ricken. Vasey fired on the officer, shooting him through the breast and killing him instantly. Vasey was wounded in two places and will probably die.

A Ballot Box Seized.

FREDERICK, Md., Nov. 6.—An election riot occurred at the polling place in the Woodsboro district, this county, yesterday afternoon. A county constable was shot, judges driven from the room, and the ballot box taken. Opposing factions arrayed themselves on each side of the road and fired at each other. The sheriff and a posse have gone to the scene of the trouble.

Arrests for Bribery.

ESSEXCOURT, N. Y., Nov. 6.—In the Second ward Benjamin G. Walker, a prominent Republican and member of the county board of supervisors, was arrested for bribery. He was arraigned before the recorder and held in $6000 bail. At Port Ewan Dr. Josiah Hasbrouck, brother of ex-Assemblyman Hasbrouck, was arrested for bribery and gave bail.

Fatal Stabbing Affray.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Robert Sprigg, (colored), son of a saloon keeper at 12 Grand street, stabbed and fatally wounded Charlie Mayo, a horse trainer, in a drunken quarrel at the saloon. Sprigg was arrested.

A Judge Arrested.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—A private dispatch received here from Petersburg, Va., says that a Democratic judge of election was arrested there for stuffing a ballot box in open daylight.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The president has appointed the following postmasters: Massachusetts—C. T. Scott, Uxbridge. New York—W. L. Wood, Queens. The president has appointed Warren G. Sayre, of Indiana commissioner to the Cherokee Outlet to fill the place left vacant by the death of ex-Governor Hartranft. H. C. Waggoner has been appointed postmaster at Kansas a fourth class office in New York state.

A Schooner's Crew Lost.

ST. IGNACE, Mich., Nov. 6.—Capt. Mc Carty, of the tug Ida S. from Mackinac, reports an unknown three masted schooner sunk off White Shoal. Her crew trees are out of water, and all hands supposed to have been lost.

A Murderer's Victim Dead.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 6.—Mrs. Georg Walker, the colored woman who was so severely cut with a razor by Charlie Le about a week ago, has died from the effects of the wound. Lee is held on a charge of murder.

Co-education Adopted.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—At a meeting of the board of trustees of the University of Pennsylvania the co-education system was adopted and a museum of archæology and paleontology was established. Professor Cope was elected to the chair of geology.

Princeton Wins.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—In the football contest the score was: Princeton, 71; Columbia, 0.

IN NEW YORK.

The State Carried by the Democrats by 10,000 Majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—In this state a secretary of state, comptroller, treasurer, attorney general, engineer, judges of the court of appeals, three supreme court judges, two congressmen, thirty-two senators, one hundred and twenty-eight assemblymen and various local officers were chosen.

The Press (Rep.) concedes the state to the Democrats, but claims that the Republicans have made such large gains in the legislature that they will have a majority. The World (Dem.) claims that the Democrats have made such large gains in the assembly that they may control the lower house. The senate, it says, will remain Republican by about the same majority. It claims the state by 20,000 majority. The Tribune (Rep.) concedes it by 18,000.

From latest returns received it is ascertained that the next legislature will be composed as follows: Senate, 21 Republicans, 11 Democrats; Assembly, 67 Republicans, 61 Democrats.

Not quite 200,000 citizens voted in this city. One tally, with a few election districts missing, showed a total of 197,357 votes for the state ticket. Of this number Fitzgerald, Democratic candidate for secretary of state, polled 129,981, and Gilbert, his Republican opponent, 66,752. Griffen, the Prohibition candidate, received 1,624. Fitzgerald's plurality (Dem.) obtained 126,347; Cooke (Rep.) 69,602, and Rand (Pro.) 685. This makes Rice's plurality 63,389, and Wemple's, 60,845.

In the city and county and judicial election Tammany made a clean sweep with one exception. Their only candidate defeated was Judge Giddersleeve for re-election as general sessions judge. The figures at a late hour showed him, however, to have been beaten by a few hundred votes by his opponent, Recorder Fitzgerald. The remainder of the Tammany ticket was elected by a plurality of over 10,000 votes.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 6.—The vote in this city was headed by early returns in the counties being now men, and although the polls closed at 4:30 p. m., not a single ward had sent in its complete figures at 9 o'clock. At midnight, of the 376 districts in the city had been heard from, and they gave the Democratic state ticket a plurality of about 9,400.

This indicated a plurality in the county of about 9,000. The total vote cast was very heavy, amounting to about 120,000 in a registration of 133,000. Later returns gave the state Democratic ticket over 11,000 majority, and Alfred C. Chapin (Dem.) for mayor 7,000 majority over his Republican opponent.

In the Sixth senate district Kings county Dem.) beats Grady (Tam.), and in the Eleventh sen.te district Ives (Tam.) beats Carlin (Rep).

Lloyd (Dem.) has been re-elected in the Fourteenth senatorial district.

Newburg city, complete for senator, gives Richardson (Rep.) 61 majority over Ward (Dem.). This is a democratic gain of 1,200 over last year's special election for the same office.

Syracuse city, complete, gives Gilbert 7,346, Rice 5,376.

City of Middletown (new city), complete, gives Richardson (Rep.) for senator 297 majority.

The town of Walkill, complete, gives Ward for senator 11 majority.

From returns so far in at Newburg the indications are that Senator Ward is re-elected. Ward defeated Phil Lambert, a Republican, engaged in an altercation over politics, and Lambert, after being badly beaten, got a shotgun and fired at Fall, wounding him. The latter died soon after the shooting.

John Driscoll, a Democratic ticket holder, knocked down a Readjuster ticket holder named Apple and kicked him to death. The quarrel was not political, but the result of animosity between the two men on other grounds.

Poughkeepsie city, complete, gives Rice 1,867 and Gilbert 2,250. Wemple runs about 30 votes behind his ticket.

In Buffalo only six election districts out of ninety-nine in the city gives a Republican majority of 2,326 on the head of the state ticket. Four judges were supposed to be elected in the First, Andrews (Rep.) in the Third, Gauther (Dem.) in the Fourth and Currier (Rep.) in the Fifth. The Second is doubtful. The chances favoring Endres (Dem.). For senator, Laughlin (Rep.) is undoubtedly elected. The Democrats have elected their candidate for mayor by a big majority. All the city Republican county candidates are probably elected. Eighty-two districts in the city gives the head of the Republican state ticket 2,665 majority.

Rome complete, gives Rice 1,639 and Gilbert 1,276.

In Glens Falls Scott Barton (Rep.) has been elected assemblyman. The Democrats concede that they have gone Republican on the state ticket by 700 majority.

In the Nineteenth district Emerson (Rep.) has been elected senator.

In the Sixth assembly district *P. Wissig* (Tam. and County Dem.) defeated "Silver Dollar" Smith by a majority of 147.

Saratoga Springs, complete, gives Rice, 1,277; Gilbert, 1,000. (Dem.) For assembly has a majority of 100 in the First district. Schaffer (Rep.) is elected to the Assembly in the Second district by 100 majority. The estimated majority for Gilbert in the county is 1,000.

Tompkins county gives the Republican state ticket 550 majority. Stevens (Rep.) is probably elected assemblyman. The entire Republican county ticket is elected.

A. B. Coces (Dem.) for assembly will carry Schoharie county by 1,200.

Genesee elects Miller (Rep.) to assembly.

Orleans county gives Sutherland (Rep.) for senator about 700 majority. L'Hommedieu (Rep.) is elected to the assembly by 1,100.

Ten towns in Allegany county show a Republican gain of 200, and the Republican state ticket will receive about 3,000 majority. Senator Fassett is surely re-elected in the Twenty-seventh district. Thompson (Rep.) is elected to the assembly from this county. The Republican county ticket is elected.

The indications are that Lewis county will give a Republican majority of about 300 majority. The county will give a large majority for the Republican state and senatorial candidates.

The Republican plurality in Oswego county will be about 2,500. N. S. Strean (Rep.), of Fulton, is elected assembly man over Howard in the First district by 10 majority. C. D. Wood, of Iron Mountain, the Second district over W. F. Austen by about 1,200. The Democrats in Oswego county made a gain of 400 over the vote of 1887. Oswego, Rice (Rep.), for governor will have about 2,500 majority in Oswego county, and in the district his majority will be about 4,000. Wemple has about even with Rice. The Republicans elect their entire county ticket.

Endres (Dem.) is elected in the Second assembly district of Buffalo.

Livingston county is Republican by about 700.

In Onondago three assemblymen and the one in Cortland are all Republicans.

Senator Hendricks (Rep.) has 4,000 majority in the district.

The First and Second districts of Washington county have elected the two Republican candidates, Lawson and Johnson, to the assembly.

Treadway (Rep.) has been elected to the assembly by 50 majority.

FROM NUMEROUS STATES

McKinney Has Defeated Gen. Mahone in Virginia.

A VERY CLOSE CONTEST IN OHIO

That State Claimed by Both Parties—Pennsylvania Republican — Bracket Elected—Iowa, Maryland and Mississippi Democratic—Nebraska Republican.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 6.—The election in this state yesterday was for governor and other state officers and members of the legislature. A special from Lynchburg says Campbell county gives 800 majority for

F. W. MCKINNEY.

McKinney. Democratic majority of 7,000 in the Sixth district is retained. South campton county Mahone's birth place, gives 600 Democratic majority, a Democratic gain of 1,100. This city gives McKinney, 2,700; Mahone, 1,317. McKinney's majority 832. A Democratic gain of 685. The returns from surrounding counties on from southwest Virginia indicates Mahone overwhelming defeat. Richmond gives McKinney and balance of Democratic ticket 5,672 majority, twice as large as ever given before. The returns from other parts of the state up to 9:15 p. m. indicate Democratic majorities of not less than 25,000 majority. The Republicans concede it by 15,000. Up to this hour the Democrats have gained eight members of the legislature. The only route is that the Democrats will have a two thirds majority in each house. In Harrison county, which heretofore has been Republican, Davis (Dem.) is conceded elected to the legislature by Republican. Largs (Dem.) greatly gains in the Isle of Bath, Halifax county heretofore Republican, gives 1,500 Democratic majority.

Returns from nearly the entire state indicate Mahone's defeat by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority.

Governor Lee has sent the following dispatch to ex-President Cleveland: "Virginia for Democratic state ticket by from 15,000 to 20,000 majority."

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Alexandria City gives 467 majority for McKinney; a Democratic gain of 225.

Clarke county gives 850 majority for McKinney, a Democratic gain of 150.

Over one-half of the state heard from gives a Democratic majority of about 24,000 Democratic gain of 2,489.

The Republicans have carried the following counties by decreased majorities: Elizabeth City, Gloucester, Henry, Jacon City, Middlesex, Nottaway and Richmond. They carry Warwick county by an increased majority of 100.

Every cities and towns out of 114, including the principal cities, give 20,000 Democratic majority. Democratic majority estimated at 30,000.

Augusta county gives 1,915 Democratic majority—1,100 more than Cleveland's.

Norfolk county gives 1,900 Democratic majority, a Democratic gain of 2,000.

Petersburg gives 446 Democratic majority *and elects two* Democratic members of the legislature—the first time since the readjust election.

Rockingham county gives 700 Democratic majority.

IN MISSISSIPPI.

No Opposition to the Election of the Democratic State Ticket.

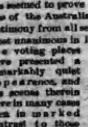
JACKSON, Nov. 6.—The elections in this state yesterday were for a governor and other state officers, members of the legislature and county officers. The election was uneventful except in a few counties where local differences existed, and where two tickets were in the field.

In these the Republican state ticket was recently withdrawn, and consequently there was no opposition to the election of the Democratic state ticket.

IN MASSACHUSETTS

The Republicans Win—The New Australian System a Success.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Yesterday's experiment has certainly been a success. It was one of the Australian system of voting, as testimony from all sections of the state is almost unanimous in his praise. In this city the voting places have presented a busy appearance, and the scene therein have in many cases been in marked contrast to those usually witnessed Voting has proceeded with dispatch, and voters have enjoyed a freedom from the annoyance of ballot distributors that they have never known before. Very few cases are reported where instructions as to the method of voting were misunderstood, practically the only aid required by the voters being in the case of "by blindness by other physical disabilities was unable to mark their ballots."



J. Q. A. BRACKETT.

While the experiment has proved to being able to vote without the usual solicitation in the interest of one candidate or another, the ward officers were also delighted at being able to attend to their duties with out being disturbed by the customary loud and disturbances outside the rail. There was some slight friction caused by a conflict of authority between court and other officers but it was insignificant, and made but little trouble. With regard to the ballots themselves there was little or no complaint.

From all over the state reports indicate a very quiet election and a light vote. Although the voting itself was conducted as each preliminary as in former years the count was not completed as early, and returns came in slowly. There is probably not the slightest doubt that the Republican candidate for governor is elected by a good majority Brackett's majority in this city will be 5,000. Brackett 53,630; Russell, 31,207; Black mer, 1,634. This indicates the election of Brackett and the entire Republican state ticket by a substantial majority. Boston has made large gains in the towns, but is lost heavily in Boston.

Two hundred cities and towns, including Lynn, Woburn and Fitchburg, Democratic, and Salem, with 200 of the 202 precincts in Boston, give Brackett 62,261; Russell, 59,067.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The Herald says: Returns from the 2,240 districts in the state elected by probably 20,000, a Republican loss of 10,000.

It looks as if the Democrats had carried the state by a small plurality.

Brackett's plurality is less than 5,000, will a large number of Democratic stronghold to hear from.

Returns come in very slowly, but bracket is undoubtedly elected governor. His plurality being variously estimated at from 3,000 to 7,000.

The legislature results cannot be ascertained until a very late hour.

IN IOWA.

The State Has Gone Democratic by 10,000 Majority.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 6.—The elections in this state yesterday were for governor, lieutenant governor, judges of supreme court, superintendent of public instruction and railroad commissioner. The vote in this state will be compared with the vote for governor in 1887, when Larrabee (Rep.) had 209,624 Anderson (Dem.) 193,838 and Cain (M. L.) 14,409. Thirty precincts in Iowa show a net Democratic gain of 512. Nearly every one of the precincts heard from gives a small Democratic gain, which in some precinct amount to a landslide. The city of Burling ton gave 1,300 Democratic majority, and Democratic gain of 1,100. Davenport has a Democratic gain of 900 over the vote of two years ago.

Later returns show the election of the entire Democratic state ticket by a majority probably ranging from 10,000 to 15,000. In a few precincts slightly ahead of the balance of the ticket.

Pottawatamie county reports a Democratic majority of 1,000, a gain of 700; Carroll, Democratic majority of 700, a gain of 500; Scott and Dubuque counties also show large gains. Returns are not sufficient to base a conclusion, but indications (Rep.) for governor is probably elected by a largely reduced majority. The Iowa Republican state committee claims the state for Robinson by 6,000. The Democratic state committee say they are sure Boies is elected by a small majority. It is impossible to make an estimate on reports received, I is safe to say Republican elect either by a close majority. Nothing as yet received on legislative ticket in any district.

The Democratic claims the state by from 7,000 to 10,000 majority. Many Republican central state committee, does not give it up, but will give no figures. The state register claims that the last 10 precincts heard from are exceptional Democratic gains and that that the others to come will not keep it up, but that the back precincts will show Republican gains enough to wipe out the Democratic gains. Many Republican leaders have given it up and gone home. The indications point very strongly to the election of Boies Democratic.

HORACE BOIES.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Result of the Election of Treasurer Is That State.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 6.—State treasurer was the only officer voted for in this state yesterday. Following are the returned from precincts in by counties for state treasurer: Juniata county, Boyer (Rep.), 50 plurality Democratic gain, 30. Blair, Boyer (Rep.), 1,800 plurality; Republican gain, 75. Cameron, Boyer (Rep.), 100 plurality; Democratic gain, 18. Monroe, Bigler (Dem.), 1,650 plurality; Republican gain, 80. Lehigh, Bigler (Dem.), 2,100 plurality; Democratic gain 207. Montour, Bigler (Dem.), 550 plurality Republican gain, 77. Pike, Bigler (Dem.), 550 plurality. Northumberland, Bigler (Dem.), 1,100 plurality; Democratic gain, 300. Warren, Boyer (Rep.), 500 plurality; Democratic gain, 393. Tioga, Boyer (Rep.), 3,000 plurality; Democratic gain, 10 Snyder, Boyer (Rep.), Democratic gain, 205. Crawford, Boyer, 2,000 plurality; Republican gain, 653. Northampton, Bigler (Dem.), 2,800 plurality; Republican gain, 1,000. Clinton, Bigler, 800 plurality Republican gain, 100.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—*Returns from twenty-seven counties, including Philadelphia, show a net Republican gain of about* 25,000 over the vote of 1887, *while the Republican plurality for state treasurer* was 43,245. Boyer's plurality will probably be 50,000. In Philadelphia county gives Boyer 38,000 majority. Returns from fifty-seven of the sixty-seven counties of the state, including Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, give Boyer (Rep.) for state treasurer, 62,115 plurality over Bigler (Dem.). Philadelphia county gives Boyer 35,000 plurality, against 14,250 for Hay (Rep.) state treasurer in 1887. Boyer's plurality in the state will be about 60,000. The total vote of Philadelphia county is Boyer (Rep.), 84,738; Bigler (Dem.), 48,672 Johnson (Pro.), 1,182, for state treasurer. *Pennypacker (Dem. and Rep. present incumbent),* 122,711; Briggs (Pro.), 1,578, for judge of court of common pleas.

Boyer's plurality, taken from estimate from every county in the state, is 62,255.

IN MARYLAND.

The Democrats Have Both Houses of the Legislature.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6.—A comptroller, members of the legislature and county officer were voted for in this state yesterday. The vote was very heavy. Returns received this morning from Baltimore (Dem.) majority for comptroller will be 11,000, of which he receives 6,000 in Baltimore city. The legislature, as indicated by the returns up to 11:30, will be largely Democratic. Davidge (Dem.) for mayor of Baltimore is elected by probably 8,500 plurality. Cleveland's plurality in 1888 was 5,045.

The Democrats have elected their candidates for mayor, chief judge, clerk of the superior court, surveyor and sheriff in Baltimore.

Of *the legislature*, the Democrats elect twelve and the Fusionists six. Pou (Dem.) for the senate in the Second district is elected.

The Republicans gain six legislators, but the Democrats will have both houses by an immense majority.

IN NEBRASKA.

The State Gives a Republican Majority for Governor.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 6.—Nebraska vote yesterday for minor state and county officer and a congressman to fill the vacancy caused by the death of James Laird (Rep.) in the Second district.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 6.—The vote in Nebraska was small notwithstanding the decision to fill all over the state. The estimate majority for Thayer (Rep.) for governor is from 12,000 to 20,000. At 11 p. m. Chairman Richards of the Republican state central committee, says the returns so far received in this city indicate a large gain for Thayer. Wakely (Rep.) for supreme judge has been elected by 17,000 majority. Morrill and Dwight (Rep.), state university regents, by 20,000 each. The land farms for congress from the Second district to succeed the late Georgeseman Laird, by 7,000.

Late returns indicate a Republican majority in the state of 20,000.

IN OHIO.

A Sharp Fight Between Foraker and Campbell for Governor.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 6.—In this state the elections yesterday were for a governor, lieutenant governor, judge of the supreme court, state treasurer, state school commissioner,

J. B. FORAKER.

attorney general, member of the state board of public works and clerk of the supreme court.

The returns are coming in slowly. There are 2,866 precincts in the state. Forty heard from now show net average Democratic gains of ten to a precinct. Foraker's majority two years ago was 20,000. This indicates that the result on governor will be close, and the probability is that Foraker is defeated. The balance of the Republican ticket is probably elected.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 6.—The Enquirer claims that Campbell (Dem.), for governor, has carried Hamilton county by 5,000, a net gain over the vote in 1887 of 12,000.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 6.—Chairman Neal claims Campbell's election and the entire state Democratic ticket.

Governor Foraker does not yet give it up, but says the returns look bad.

Fourteen precincts in Cleveland indicate Foraker's majority in Cuyahoga county 4,000.

Three hundred and forty-four voting places in Ohio outside of Cincinnati show a Democratic gain of 1,000, and the same relative vote throughout will elect Foraker by 5,000.

Four hundred JAMES R. CAMPBELL. and forty-three voting places outside of *Cincinnati show Democratic gains of 2,329* Neal, chairman of the Democratic executive committee, claims the state by 5,000 for Campbell.

Five hundred and four precincts outside of Cincinnati give Campbell 23,795; Campbell, 20,949; Helwig, 2,835. Same in 1887, Foraker, 71,987; Powell, 64,880. Thorp, 3,782.

The latest estimates give the Republicans three majority in the legislature on joint ballot.

Cable Brevities.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Star thanks God *that the capture of Wadelai by the Nubilists* has swept European and Egyptian dominations from the Soudan, and expresses hope that it may never be restored.

An explosion of gas occurred in a colliery at Bernburg, Germany, killing ten men and seriously injuring others.

Herr Brandeis, the German official who is believed to be responsible for much of the trouble in Samoa, has been appointed to a high judicial position in New Guinea.

The Portugese cabinet has been reconstructed as follows: Senhor Luciano Castro, premier and minister of the interior; Senhor Edward Scollin, minister of justice; Senhor *Oliveira Martins*, minister of finance; Maj Franzini, minister of war; Senhor Antonio Enes, minister of the colonies; Senhor Barros Gomes, minister of foreign affairs; Senhor Ressano Garcia, minister of public works.

The time occupied by the steamer City of Paris, which has just arrived at Queenstown, in making her voyage from New York was 5 days 22 hours and 57 minutes.

It is stated here that the czarewitch is betrothed to Princess Helene, youngest daughter of the *emperor of Germany, the betrothal* having taken place while the czar was visiting Berlin.

Consul Lewis to Be Recalled.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—William Rees Lewis sailed today for Tangiers. He will resume his duties as consul for the United States consul temporarily, and settle his affairs in anticipation of a recall, which Mr. Blaine will probably issue in a short time. Rasson Asogan, the Moorish interpreter at the Tangiers consulate, is not satisfied with the conduct operation of Mr. Lewis' from the charges preferred against him by Asogan, and it is said that if the latter does not succeed in getting Blaine to make a further investigation a Tangiers. It is not likely that Mr Blain will grant the request.

Clara Louise Kellogg to Retire.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Clara Louise Kellog, and Carl Strakosch, her husband, have arranged in Paris for a tour of the Southern states. It has been said that Miss Kellogg has retired permanently from the stage, and that is at the present moment her determination. Strakosch is very much averse to his wife returning to the stage, and the sweet singer will probably never be heard again unless she is prevailed upon to sing at one of the numerous charity entertainments promised for this winter.

An Extension of the Riverside Mills.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 6.—The creditors of the Riverside and Cranston Print Works Company *are freely signing the agreement* for extension and settlement recently submitted by the assignee, and there is no doubt that the proposition will be indorsed by nine tenths of the creditors. The mills will be kept running, and the thousands of operatives will receive their full pay regularly.

Daring Diamond Robbery.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 6.—One of the boldest robberies that her ever been perpetrat ed took place yesterday on Fourth avenue near Walnut. On a crowded street, with many pedestrians in the immediate vicinity a well known lady, Mrs. H. E. Harris, was shopping in the store of Bacon & Co., and relieved of her hand satchel, containing gems worth of diamonds. The thief made good his escape.

A Keystone Labor Federation.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 6.—The Cigarmakers union of this city has a meeting here took steps to organize a federation of the labor trade and labor organization of central Pennsylvania. The federation will be managed by an executive committee of delegates from all the unions represented and each trade organization will be independent.

He Pears a Panic.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 6.—In an interview on the financial situation, Gen. P. E Spinner, the ex-treasurer of the United States, predicted that if the present silver policy was maintained the first short crop would precipitate a panic. He suggested that the legal tender notes be used as a basis for issues of 4 per cent bonds and currency, to be issued by the government.

J P LAIRE & Co.

GENERAL HARDWARE.
STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HARNESS, SEEDS, MIXED PAINTS, &c.
COR. FRONT STREET AND PARK AVE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR
75 Cts per bushel
IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF
R. W. RICE & Co.
GROCERS,
Duer and Emily Sts.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Host Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications in any condition of setting; leaves the feet smooth; makes walking a pleasure.
Sold by druggists and shoe stores. At dealers, or, Mail 25c. silver for, to "Scatter-Corns," Box 2,636, Boston, Mass. Newark, N.J.

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and of easy injurious substance.
SAPANACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in prize or tops at 25c. per bottle.
L. W. Randolph,
Successor to Field & Randolph.
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies.
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

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JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Postal or telephone orders promptly attended to. Residence at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers for sale. P. O. Box 606. Telephone call 28.

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CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

STEPHENSON
28 WEST FRONT STREET.
CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.
LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a
Five Cent Counter.
An interesting one. Call and see it.

A Great Improvement.

John was in business in the city and one day his parents, who lived on a farm in Massachusetts, received a letter from him written by his type writer.

"Land sakes!" exclaimed the old lady, "how John has improved in his writin'."—Judge.

Easier Work.

Old Gentleman—I suppose you get tired going up so many times in a day, boy?

Elevator Boy—Yes, sir; but then you know I rest coming down.—Judge.

It Is Fatal, Too.

"What disease does a murderer die of?"

"Is it throat trouble?"

"No; he dies of drop, see?"—Yonowine's Bob.

The Afternoon.

They met today on Broadway, and greet was their surprise.
'Twas difficult for either to believe his or her eyes.
A few soft fleeting weeks ago they parted with a tear,
And neither dreamed of meeting, face to face, the other here.

'Twas down at Coney Island where their friendship first began—
He was a cultured lawyer and he a nobleman,
And side by side they strolled together on the pebbly sands
Of fate or fortune called them home to widely diff'rent lands.

He'd or the seas to sunny France must sadly sail away—
She through the orange groves of Florida would stray.
But since vacation days are o'er and winter's drawing near,
She's darning in a cotton stove while he hands out the beer.

—Chicago Herald.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG MAN of 22, is steady, willing, and obliging, wants work of any kind. Addres G. Johnson, P. O. Box 139, Scotch Plains. 11-2

APARTMENTS to let. Inquire 33 Madison avenue. 9-6-tf

FURNISHED rooms, for lodgings, at No. 5 Peace street. 9-20tf

FOR EXCHANGE for a small farm in vicinity of Dunellen preferred, fine property on Manning avenue, house in good order, fruit plenty, etc. Address Owner, 99 Manning avenue. 34-oct-6s*

SQUARE piano to let. Terms $3 per month. 65 Grandview avenue. 10 17-tf*

TO LET—A cellar; also lot in rear of store for sale. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 11-4-tf

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster place. 10-26 tf

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. References required. Apply at No. 179 West Front street. 11-4-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 11-6-tf.

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Tea. For sale by Barkalew & Dunn, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

Thursday, Nov. 7th.

America's Elite Minstrel Attraction,

THE GORMANS

The world's greatest Minstrel producers, under the management of HARRY HARDY. Positively presenting the same excellent program that made the phenomenal hit at the Globe Theatre, Boston, week of Aug. 12th. Every act new—every act a feature. "The new first part." "The all American base ball team." "The New South." "The golden shoe quadrille." Magnificent and elaborate production of James Gorman's original, oriental operetta, "The Princess of Cambodia." The whole performance a most notable production in Modern Minstrelsy.

Prices—50c, 75c and $1. Seats on sale at usual places Monday, Nov. 4th.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run, open to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.
2—Seventy yards dash. Open.
3—Potato Races. Club.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open
5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.
Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Bowler, of Brooklyn.
6—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.
7—Three Legged Race. Club.
8—Running High Jump. Club.
9—Half-mile Run. Open.
10—Consolation Race. Open to non-winners. Club.

Entries close Nov. 5th, with F. L. C. Martin, 135 Park avenue. An entry fee of fifty cents must accompany all entries.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenz, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. H. Hallock, R. P. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. F. Mann and L. W. Sherrill, Jr. 11-6-11

SAVE YOUR MONEY

and buy goods for

15 Per Cent Off

for Spot Cash. We offer our Stoves, Lamps

Tinware and Granitewares, Carpenter and Machinist Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS at

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

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GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED

WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.

DOANE & VanARSDALE'S

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

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Professional Cards.

D. K. S. SIMPSON,
No West Fifth street, corner of Liberty
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E. K. VOORHEES, D. Y. S.,
Dentist, Rooms 29 and 30 Smith avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44.

WILLIAM G. H. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 2 Mercer street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

GEORGE A. MARTIN,
Counselor at Law, Commissioner of Deeds, Master in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1 y

CLARK & SARAH,
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Just received a large lot of popular and standard works, well bound, at the remarkable price of 30 cents each.

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HOME SCHOOL
for young ladies and children, 162 Grant street, Plainfield, re-opens Sept. 19th, 1889. Special preparation for the best, wishing to enter college, and most careful attention to those wishing to read and study. Vocalization by the method of Del Sarte. Applications may be made at any time personally or by letter to Mrs. Sadler or Miss Pomeroy. 8-30-1m*

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Kindergarten and School, 6 Craig Place, near Grove Street. In each department elementary branches are carefully and thoroughly taught. Special care is taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-22-tf

MR. T. S. HASELL,
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MISS SHAW
resumed her lessons in Gymnasium at her residence, 21 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Pastven's system used and special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-10-3m

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A graduate of the Gymnasse of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

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PLAINFIELD SEMINARY
for young ladies and children will re-open Thursday, Sept. 19th. A kindergarten will be opened Tuesday, Oct. 1st. For particulars address Miss E. H. Kenyon, Principal. 8-30-3m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
Miss Sutphen and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Chestnut avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Monday, Sept. 30th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M. Roesp, Principal, Ida F. Roesp, Assistant

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Residence of Union avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box 1293. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

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Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

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Before Winter, Call at Carpenter Shop, 26 Somerset Street, and leave your order. Open a. m. to 6 p. m.

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I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKWHEAT, BOLTED, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is especially recommended. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HICKEY'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 30th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.42, 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42 a. m., 12.42, 1.42, 2.42, 3.42, 4.42, 5.42, 6.42, 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 p. m. Sundays, 5.42, 6.42, 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 a. m., 12.42, 1.42, 2.42, 3.42, 4.42, 5.42, 6.42, 7.42, 8.42, 9.42, 10.42, 11.42 p. m. Express trains, 7.42 a. m., 12.42, 3.42, 5.42 p. m. Sundays, 12

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

The late John Gilbert, the actor, left an estate worth $41,000.

Lord Salisbury is one of the best amateur tennis players in fashionable London society.

It is said that Henry Irving has grown so stout that he has been obliged to resort to boating.

Wagner is to have a statue in Munich, built by funds obtained from ladies throughout all Germany.

Barnum is counting upon the skeleton and hide of Jumbo as one of his chief attractions in England.

Paolo Tosti, the famous song composer, has lately taken unto himself a wife, Miss Bakhi, an opera singer

Emile Zola is opposed to the guillotine, because when he was a boy he witnessed its operation and it sickened him.

A monument has been erected at Gosselmen to the memory of Louis Favre, who planned the St. Gothard tunnel.

Dan Lamont is at the head of a syndicate in New York which is gathering in the street railroads with a view of organizing a trust.

The Protestant Episcopal bishop of North Dakota is having a car made for his official traveling. It will be both chapel and hotel.

Professor Englisch, the famous champion, lately played thirty games of chess simultaneously, and all were won within five hours.

Mr Kendal, the famous English actor, carries a typical English bathtub with him on his travels. It is rubber, and is strapped to his trunk when on route.

Professor Todd, of Amherst, before sailing for Africa to observe the solar eclipse, was thoroughly "coached" on the general subject of Africa by his accomplished wife.

The Hon. I. C. Lewis, of Meriden, Conn., has given a fine new block of buildings in that city, valued at $75,000, to the local City Mission society. Thus he celebrated his 77th birthday anniversary.

Gen. Stewart Van Vliet is the oldest general on the retired list in the army. He is 74 years old, and has been in the service fifty-two years. He served in the Florida and the Mexican wars and during the late rebellion.

Sir Julian Pauncefote reads every day accounts of baseball games. He has not had an opportunity yet to learn the game by observation, but he takes a warm interest in the game, is anxious to become an expert as a baseball crank.

Dr. Aveling, the socialist, who visited the United States not long ago and made lavish expenditures of cash as a dilettante, livery stables, etc., to the scandal of some of the weaker brethren, has lately been brought to book in court by a London type writer, to whom he owed $30 for copying.

A. M. Bishop, who arrived in Washington recently as a delegate from China to the international maritime congress, is a transplanted Yankee from Cape Cod. He now holds the rank of coast inspector in the imperial maritime customs service of China. There are only two officers in the service who outrank him.

Mr. Petrie, the Egyptian explorer, is described as of a good height and rather slender build. His hair and coloring generally are black and dark, but it is mistaken for a foreigner, which impression is aided by his elegantly eastern cast of features. But he is English and of Scotch descent. The mode of life he prefers is life in a tent with the sand for carpet.

AGE OF ANIMALS.

A bear rarely exceeds 20 years.

A lion has been known to live to the age of 70 years.

A tortoise has been known to live to the age of 107.

A dog lives 10 years; a wolf 20; a fox 14 or 16 years.

A squirrel or hare lives 7 or 8 years; rabbits 7 years.

Camels sometimes live to the age of 100. Stags are long lived.

Elephants have been known to live to the great age of 400 years.

A swan has attained the age of 300 years. Pelicans are long lived.

Sheep seldom exceed the age of 10, and cows live about 15 years.

Cuvier considers it probable that whales sometimes live 1,000 years.

Pigs have been known to live to the age of 30 years; the rhinoceros to 30.

A horse has been known to live to the age of 62, but average from 30 to 35.

Insects, as a general rule, are short lived, though there are a good many exceptions to the rule.—Mail and Express.

HOBBIES OF GREAT MEN.

Grover Cleveland yearns for hard work.

Henry Villard is an authority on comic opera.

Russell Sage prefers chess to the stock market.

The historian, Bancroft, is an expert in rose culture.

President Harrison collects bric-a-brac and ancient coins.

Charles A. Dana delights in chrysanthemum culture.

John Wanamaker's Sunday school is the apple of his eye.

Joe Jefferson, the artist, surrenders on the time of Jefferson, the actor.

Mr. Gladstone chops down trees, while Bismarck prefers seltzer water.

John D. Rockefeller makes a hobby of church work and the Baptist.

Jay Gould is passionately fond of flowers, while his son George prefers postage stamp collections.

George W. Childs is fond or collecting autograph manuscripts and the letters of great men.—Philadelphia Republic.

ROYAL FLUSHES.

The queen of Italy has been growing stouter and stouter, much to her annoyance.

Emperor William of Germany recently discharged an attendant who had been reading a French novel.

King Humbert of Italy has given $6,000 to the sufferers by the recent storm in the province of Reggio Emilia.

Speaking of Queen Victoria's literary tastes a recent writer says: "She still finds pleasure in Trollope's novels. Tennyson is her living idol."

The shah of Persia was so delighted with the performance of Brooker's circus he witnessed at the Paris Hippodrome that he determined on having a representation given in his palace at Teheran.

The emperor of Russia has ordered 300 wall scenes, showing scenes from the Russo-Turkish war, to paint a picture 300 feet long of Prince Bismarck conducting the wife of Emperor William into the harbor of Kronstadt. It will be presented to the German emperor when finished.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Robson's Choice.

Always said	'Tis you see
When I wed,	My wife she
Gyp'd me her to be	Has a softer style;
Wicked sweet,	Hair as' sich,
Finger neat	Black as pitch,
Ez you'd ask to see.	Eyes 'tis midnight in;
She must wear	Carrys what
Sorrel hair	One ez set
Curlin' thoo an' thoo;	In his ways ez me,
Skin must show	Should get back
White ez snow	On the track,
Eyes a cl'ar deep blue	Or a sot kiss

Twas't then.

Altered by
Nothing, but I guess
Them that grows
Sick of "hoss."
—Detroit Free Press.

Of Course.

Man (to friend)—See that fellow standing there listening to that hand organ. He must have never heard one before.

Friend—Oh, not that, but he is hungry for a tune.

Man—Easy enough, I should think, to satisfy so inexpensive an appetite. Where could he have been keeping himself to become so hungry for a tune, as you express it?

Friend—Traveling with a grand opera company.—Arkansaw Traveler

A Novel Way.

Susan—Oh, dear, I wish Charley was made of pop corn.

Hollie—What in creation do you want Charley turned into pop corn for?

"Then I'd build up such a hot fire in the parlor some night that he'd have to 'pop' whether he wanted to or not. I'm getting tired of waiting."—Danville Breeze.

Anglo-Mania.

The Prince of Wales may will and dare
To some economy wear.
A garment which of loudness smacks,
But which the Anglo-maniac
Adopt with most complacent air

The royal manner debonair
They copy, hoping thus to share
The homage which he never lacks—
The Prince of Wales.

So be it English, naught they care,
From out of coat to out of hair;
Until in time upon their backs
They'll find the description that English Jacks
As mutineers were wont to bear—
The prints of Wales
—F. H. Curtis in Judge.

Absolute Rest.

City Editor (to reporter)—Billings, you are overworked.

Billings—I fear so, sir.

City Editor—You need absolute rest, Billings, and must have it. Go out and report the donations made to the world's fair committee.—Arkansaw Traveler

Why He Stayed at Home.

First New York Anglo-maniac—What's up, Dick? I haven't seen you at the club for two days.

Second Anglo-maniac—Haven't you heard? Why, they've been expecting another riot in London and I didn't dare to go for fear I'd get hurt.—Judge.

An Autumn Rhyme.

The leaves are in a withered whirl;
How quick the seasons pass!
We leave with sighs the summer girl,
And woo the winter lass

Gone is the blazer's beauteous stripe
From mountains and from pier
The changing hues the darker clothes,
Left over from last year

And she who wore a bathing suit
Alarmingly petite,
Now wears a sealskin ulster
That reaches to her feet.
—Kate Thorne in Time.

Explained.

"I see the French people call a chestnut a 'roustigoal,'" said Squibby, the funny man. "I can't see the connection, really, because a roustigoal is a nightingale."

"Oh, well," replied Mrs. Squibby, "may be they're all heard a nightingals before."—Harper's Bazar

Two Standpoints

Beale—My foot slipped yesterday and I got it wet in the lake. Charlie came and pulled me out. It was so fortunate the water wasn't over my shoe.

Jennie—Charlie told me about it. He said it was over your head and he saved your life.—Epoch.

The Postmate.

THE BEST DEFINITION YET GIVEN.

I would not be a beauty for
If all the world were given me,
I would not be a bear or bull
If down on Wall I'd a pull.
I would not be a cow or sheep,
A hen, or dormouse, fast asleep,
I would not be a dog or cat,
An elephant, a duck or rat,
And if I followed out my plan
I would not even be a man.
In truth, if I were wholly free
To choose my lot, I wouldn't be
—James Davis in Commercial Advertiser.

Getting at His Views.

Jack—How is it, Algy—do you like married life as well as you did club life?

Algy—Yes; about the same.

Jac—As I remember it, Algy, you never cared much for club life.

Algy—No, never cared about it.—Judge.

A Question Answered.

Hunter—I say, ole fellah, is there anything in these woods?

Farmer Wayback—Yes, sir.

"What's in 'em?"

"Upwards of woods an' a big swamp hole. G'lang, Dolly!"—Danville Breeze.

Disenchantment.

While we gamble admiration
On a sweet and radiant face,
And think only sweetest music
Through those sweet lips can pass,
We're awfully shocked to see her
Down the garden pathway stride,
And hear her sing, "Sky, Johnnie, come in
Or mother will tan your hide!"
—Boston Courier.

Questions in Boston.

Ethel (6 years old)—I have secured manma's permission to come over and spend the afternoon with you.

Mabel (7)—That's nice. You sit over there and read Gadbury's "Geesthilosophy" while I finish Pudney's "Translation."—Judge.

Hark! Do You Hear It?

Now across the backyard gate
Sounds the old domestic yell,
As Ophelia calls to Kate,
"Can't you make your jelly fair?"
—Springfield Homestead.

Pleasant for Both.

Ed—I love you, Allie.

Allie—How pleased Charlie will be to know it. We were married this morning.—Epoch.

The Press.

What time the printer fails to save,
He saves until he can lend
Then show his critics how they groan
The power of the press
—Judge.

THE LATEST IN JEWELS.

Silk watch chains are much worn.

Watch chains have appeared from which dangle Eiffel tower seals.

A black pearl in a cup of diamonds comprises a scarf pin much affected.

Studs are worn with full dress suits; three small studs represent the correct style.

Sapphires and opals are both fashionable. Hungarian opals are specially desirable.

Garnets artistically grouped in scroll designs form some very desirable brooches.

Numbered among fanciful designs in scarf pins is a gold crook with sheared gold fop.

Scarf rings are out in a variety of patterns to meet a moderate but growing demand.

Scarf pins are worn quite large. A fine pearl represents a very desirable scarf pin.

Gold and platina, skillfully interwoven, compose some exceedingly nice pencil cases.

Sterling silver photo frames are pierced in floral characters, are a desirable acquisition.

Half hoops of diamonds find admirers, and the same may be said of the Marquise settings.

Fanciful designs in scarf pins are rendered effective by the employment of fresh water pearls

A rich and tasty bonbon box, and a decided novelty, is fashioned as a tomato in a colored crystal.

Flexible necklaces are fashionable, especially those that simulate a chain of field flowers.

Single pronged hairpins have flat tops, made up of moonstone faces in burnished gold crescents.

Lockets are making their appearance in nugget finished gold, diamond shaped, with cut jewels.

Decidedly unique are silk purses into which are woven seed pearls. These purses have gold mounts.

Pendants are much worn. Double stars of diamonds and clusters of opals or other gems are favorites.

Roman gold lovers' knots, fringed with silver in imitation of lace, are brooches having a good sale.

An effective necklace is composed of fine garnet hearts outlined with brilliants and linked together.

Gems are set high or imbedded, as best accords with the fashioning of the ring and the value of the stone.

Among the new comers in watches are the open faced ones set in rough gold, in which some are imbedded.

Bracelets with flexible links afford pleasing effects by the employment of different colored golds and enamels.

Quite new bonnet pins are in circular and pear shapes and of deep gold, in close set sections, with crinkled edges.

For the patrons of sleeve links a new pattern has been provided—little padlocks and keys connected by small chains.

One of the prettiest bonbonnieres seen, had set in its cover the miniature copy of a Gainsborough beauty in picturesque costume.

The pas-pod ring, as the name suggests, shows an opening on top, through which protrudes a link of gold and has shaped stones

Very dainty are the brooches that come in the form of a gold buttercup with diamond sparks tipping the stamens and a pearl in the center.

Among the new watch bracelets are those set in curb chain style in hammered gold. This has a peculiar effect, the whole surface being indented.

Pearl brooches and pearl necklaces are leading features in the selection of a bride's toilet, although pearls are not worn to the exclusion of diamonds.

Double heart mountone bracelets, heart shape mountone brooches inwrought with brilliants, and crescent and horseshoe pins are other popular gifts for bridesmaids.

A diamond set in gold, without backing, affords a fashionable scarf pin for day wear, and other occasions. A thin diamond set glace, as described, shows to advantage. —Jewelers' Circular.

WOMAN'S WEAR.

Long cloaks are in great favor for both large and small girls.

Dresses made low about the throat have rendered necklaces popular.

Petunia and Java browns are the favorite colors for English street gowns.

Women of reason now often wear sword belts of linen, ending in buckles.

Check velveteens are new and are said to trim woolen gowns very effectively.

Mousseline chiffon, a softly falling material is used a great deal for evening gowns.

Natural sealskin, plucked but undyed, is used for trimming the dressy cloaks of fur.

Buttons are either very small or very large, and in the latter case are used as ornaments.

A new feather trimming is known as "ahora ostrich." It is very clean and looks like fur.

The new laces are mostly arranged in distinct points and are very effective when used as trimmings.

Accordion plaited skirts of cream net over colored silks are very pretty, and much liked for evening wear.

A new galloon is made of silk cord, united by crochet stitches, the effect being similar to that of "point lace."

Cowboy hats for misses are of gray, ecru, or bright red felt, with wide, unwired brims edged with fur felt.

Large velvet crowns, like those of students' caps, are a feature of hats alike for misses, little girls and babies.

A novelty in chantilly lace, sixty inches deep, has the pattern wrought in silks of subdued colors instead of black.

Furs will be again used the coming winter to border the skirts and edge the fronts of the bodices of street costumes.

Velvet sleeves in mutton-leg shape are added to wool cloaks for tiny girls, giving them a warm and picturesque appearance.

Serviceable school hats are Tam o' Shanters of plaid cloth, and plain felt caps in the same shape may be procured in all colors.

Ruches of silk braid of different widths, intermixed with oblong drops and sigullitares, are used to trim the new mantles.

White dresses for little girls under five years are considered most tasteful when trimmed with feather stitching and fine tucks.

Fur lined dolmans worn are now favored than in previous seasons, but are still occasionally made to order, to suit the taste of purchasers.

Muffs and boas of both red and blue fox will be worn by young ladies. The red fox is a very beautiful fur, and especially becoming to a certain type of blonde.

A handsome corsage ornament is in the form of a spray of the new chrysanthemum, composed of a stem of black and a white pearl, with the stems and leaves of diamonds. —Somerville Journal.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND DISTINCTION.
Prof. Beadle's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Saturday, from 2 to 5 o'clock, and 7 to 10 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."
What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the home owner get? He gets the results. What are they likely to be? Value for your money on one hand; a chance of a few or a funeral on the other. Good intentions prevent neither. Mortal; organized 1861; Incorporated 1882; At the head of the profession 1889.
The Electric Construction and Supply Co. Telephone Building, Cortlandt street, New York.
Plainfield Office, 28 North Avenue.

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.
THIS HOUSE HAS ALWAYS BEEN NOTED FOR HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, AND THIS YEAR WE ARE GIVING BETTER VALUES THAN EVER. WE HAVE EVERYTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, LADIES AND CHILDREN IN WHITE, RED AND NATURAL WOOL. WE ASK SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR 50c FLANNEL SHIRTS, AND A NATURAL WOOL LADIES' VEST THAT SELLS AT $1.25 IS A GOOD ONE.
* * *
We sell at $2.50 per pair, a good wool 11-4 blanket, cheap at $3.00, and $1.25 buys a cotton filled comfortable, made of best quality calico.
* * *
We have received from the manufacturers 1000 Linoleum Mats, size two feet by three (2x3) regular price 75c, our price 37c. They are just the thing to throw in front of a stove or door.
* * *
Our Cloak Department is one of our leading features, 'tis something new with us, and a great success. All our garments are well made and nice fitting. There are Jackets and New Markets for ladies and children in all sizes, and our prices are low.
* * *
In Dress Goods we have everything that is new and desirable. There are fifty-inch all-wool suitings 50 cents per yard, forty-inch all-wool Serges at 47 cents, forty-inch wool mixtures at 25 cents. There are many good values in black goods of all kinds.
* * *
Have you tried our 4-button Embroidered Kid Gloves at 65 cents? They are just as good as many that are sold at $1. We average 100 pairs a week and no complaints.
* * *
Here you will find lamps of all kinds. For the hall there is a very pretty lamp, price $1.50. Hanging lamps from $2.00 up, and stand lamps at any price you want to pay.
* * *
We deliver goods everywhere.
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

A Card to the Public.
About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Here after I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

THE BEE HIVE
Fare and Fur Trimmings.
2 in. black bare trimming, fluted, per yard, 25 cents.
3 in. black bare trimming, fluted, per yard, 30 cents.
Black hare muffs, 75c., 98c. and $1.
Nubria muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $3.00.
Raccoon Boas, $3.00.
Opossum Muff, $3.50.
Opossum Boas, $3.00.
Children's flat muffs, 39 cents.
Children's coney muff, flat muff and boa to match, 90 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.
Louis Callman,
92 WEST FRONT STREET

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GERMAN
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Boneless Soup Stock, and Terrapin Canned, to name a few.
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

FUR MUFFS AND CAPES!
We have just received three cases of Muffs, Capes and Fur Trimmings from three of the Fur Fur Houses in New York, which are now being displayed.
The Large Assortment comprises everything desirable in this line, and we can confidently say that no such exhibition of these goods have ever been made in this city before.
THIS WEEK will be the best opportunity to get the choice selections, as later on they will be sold. "A WORD TO THE WISE." Etc., you know.
LACE CURTAINS! LACE CURTAINS!
In another Specialty with us this week. We have purchased several "CLOSING OUT" lots from the Importers, and offer entire Bargains in these goods.
WINDOW SHADES! WINDOW SHADES!
We have been very agreeably surprised at the increased demand made upon us in this department. Everybody is pleased with the excellent and prompt manner in which our work is done. Parties having house to Shade or Carpet, will do well to get our "estimate" before ordering elsewhere.
Edsall's, 20 West Front St., Edsall's
THE BEST PLACE TO GET GENUINE BARGAINS.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have
Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.
We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Goods' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.
Call and examine our goods.
JOHN J. KENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and [Park avenue.]

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.
Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 yrs, 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 yrs., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.
are a few of the many bargains to be found at
JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St

GREAT SPECIAL SALE
At Boehm's for the next 10 days.
We are receiving daily shipments of Jackets, Cloaks, New Markets and Wraps for Ladies, Misses and Children. Jersey and Cloth Jackets in Black and Colors, $2.69, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5. New Markets $4.50, $5.50, $7.50 and $10. Largest Stock of Quilts and Blankets to be seen in the city at Lowest Prices. All grades of Cotton Batting for quilting. Best quality of odorless Geese Feathers packed daily in sanitary bags. Hair's patent, all wool. Dress form $3. We are offering special inducements to purchasers of Carpets and Oil Cloths this week. We still keep in stock Specialties in Silk Plushes and Stripe Surah for trimmings. Our Millinery Department is well stocked with tastily trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Children's Hats, Plush and Cashmere Caps. Needles for Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson, Singer and Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines.
I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.
Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.
IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.
THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Settees, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.
THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to Parlor Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the house generally.
ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.
GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.
THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.
PIANOS BRADBURY, BAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.
Bought, Rented and Exchanged.
Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase.
AND
ORGANS The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, Of CHICAGO, Illinois.
CHAPEL and PARLOR.
Repaired and Polished.
MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and well Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

FURNITURE.
R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.
NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
[Just below the post office] Dealer in
ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,
BEDROOM SUITES,
WARDROBES,
CHIFFONIERS
and SIDEBOARDS.
Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,
FINE CARRIAGES,
ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.
Our repair department is excelled by none.
10 and 12 SOMERSET STREET.

Our Specialties
Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full lined $4.50 and $5.00.
Vests to match $1.50.
Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.
Lisarne Underwear, the best in the best all colors $1.25.
Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.
Schwed Brothers
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E Front Street.

NO. 43 NORTH AVENUE.
Edw. C. Mulford,
BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.
North America of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.
Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.
And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syndicate Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado
MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Lisley's Hotel.

NEW STYLES
IN
FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.
ALSO A FULL LINE OF
Oil-Cloth and Carpets
GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.
H. A. POPE,
corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.
A. D. Cook & Bro.
LUMBER
and COAL,
Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield
Cannel Coal
a specialty. Lumber and coal of all sorts cover. Telephone No. 26.

Call and Examine
HARTHENWARE and WOODENWARE of all kinds.
Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames, Stoneware and everything to use in kitchen or house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge.
S. FRUCHT,
No. 9 Somerset street. Come and see the Bargains.

FOR
TINWORK
PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACE ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to
R. THORN'S,
No. 2 Park Avenue,
2d and 3d floors. Box 106.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
PARKS.
Park stores. W. S. SLATER, Manager

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE.
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. Office, Front street and Park avenue.

FEARLESS DYES 25c. PLAID

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—During the progress of the fire this morning Engine Company No. 2 burst two lengths of hose.

—The workers' training class for ladies will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 4 o'clock.

—The Gorman Minstrel Company paraded the streets at noon to-day. They made a fine appearance.

—The Union county Board of Freeholders are in session this afternoon at the Court House in Elizabeth.

—Mr. Burdick will conduct the temperance meeting in Music Hall next Sunday afternoon, continuing two weeks.

—The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. will meet this evening at 8 o'clock and the Membership Committee at 7:30 o'clock.

—The first match game between the Westfield bowling club and the Elks both bowling club will take place at the Westfield alley to-night.

—The sisters of Charity connected with St. Mary's church supplied the firemen with coffee during the fire at St. Mary's rectory this morning.

—The regular business meeting of the Plainfield Reform Club will be held in Reform Hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Members are requested to be present promptly at that hour.

—Any persons who are willing to serve in a volunteer choir at Mr. Burdick's meetings, which are to commence with a mass meeting at four p. m. next Sunday, will meet at Music Hall on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock.

—At a meeting of the Board of Education held on Monday evening, Messrs Lewis F. Wadsworth and John W. Murray were appointed a committee of two to secure estimates for lighting the public school buildings by electricity.

—A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend the anniversary exercises of the Women's Temperance Aid Society at Reform Hall this evening. An address will be given by the Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist church.

—There will be a very interesting meeting in Reform Hall to-night. The Woman's Temperance Aid Society, Mrs. F. M. French, President, will tell what time their anniversary exercise. The program will be highly attractive, including an address by the Rev. Mr. Mitchell of the Methodist church. Exercises commence at 8 o'clock.

—We will state for the benefit of those who are not well versed in athletic matters, that a consolation race, such as is on the program of the Bicycle Club games, to be held on the 14th, is open only to members who have attempted and failed to win a medal in any of the previous events. This has been made a consolation race. Two laps on a bicycle, one lap walk and one lap run, and doubtless will end in a general mix up. The prize, a handsome silver shaving mug and brush, can be seen in Randolph's window.

Plainfield Public Library.

The regular meeting of the Board of Directors was held in the library building last evening at eight o'clock. Present Messrs. Main, Dunham, Taylor, Babcock, Baldwin and Tracy, the president, Mr. Male, presiding. In the absence of the secretary, Mr. Tracy was elected secretary, pro tem. The minutes of the regular meeting held October 2, 1889, were read and approved.

The following bills were presented, verified, and ordered paid out of the general fund:

T. W. Morrison, printing	$27.75
W. H. Williams, papers, etc	10.97
E. J. Tracy, salary	14.00
Miss Adams, librarian, October	41.09
T. H. Allen, janitor, October	40.70

Mr. Tracy Squaia in Tourette presented to the Library and Art Gallery an Indian stone battle axe, and a book entitled "A North Jersey Jaunt." On motion it was resolved that the thanks of the board be tendered to him therefor.

Mr. Frederick B. Smalley presented to the Library and Art Gallery five Indian arrowheads found at New Market, Middlesex county. It was resolved that the thanks of the board be also tendered to him.

The report of the Librarian for October was received and ordered to be placed on file, after which the meeting adjourned.

Following is the Librarian's report for October:

Volumes on accession-book Sept. 30th	5,699
" added by purchase	5
" " gift	28
Volumes now in Library	5,732
Number of cardholders, 1,568.	
Cash from fines	$13.70
Cash from subscriptions of non-residents	4.00
Total	$18.70

Circulation—Fiction, 960; juvenile, 284; biography, 6; travel, 10; philosophy, 6; religion, 2; sociology, 14; philology, 2; science, 10; useful arts, 16; fine arts, 22; literature, 5; history, 72. Total, 1,284.

Visitors in the building, 2,803.

Attempt to Break Jail.

On Sunday evening Warden Dodd, of the Union County Jail, at Elizabeth, frustrated a fatal attempt to break jail. It was made by John Jennings, alias "the Kid," and Anton Jones, two of the burglars sentenced to State prison a few days ago. Yesterday Judge Magie added five years to each of their sentences for their attempt to secure their freedom.

Their Trials Adjourned.

Patrick Muldoon and Peter Gaibert the two men who were arrested on Liberty street, on Sunday evening, for being drunk and disorderly, were arraigned before Mayor Male this morning. They pleaded not guilty and their trials were set down for two o'clock this afternoon. Later in the day they were adjourned for a week.

THE COLORED CHURCH ROW.

The 4 cases of it Said to be Over the Selection of a Committee.

It appears that the row in the Mt. Olive Baptist church on Tuesday evening, the meeting having been adjourned from Monday evening, was over the selection of a committee to investigate the charges against the pastor.

The committee was to consist of seven persons. The pastor had the privilege of naming three, and those who believe him guilty of immorality three, the six to agree upon a seventh man, who in either deemed important should not belong to either side.

It was the selection of this man that excited the members, and caused such loud talking and noise as to lead people outside to believe that a rough and tumble fight was going on inside. One outsider who had a strong prejudice against the colored people telephoned for Chief Carey.

As we stated yesterday, when the Chief arrived, quietness prevailed. He asked the Rev. Mr. Mitchell, the pastor of the church, whom he met in the vicinity, about the row. The pastor told him that it was nothing more than a discussion over an investigation, in which some of the members got excited.

Among the drunken gang who stood on the street and abused the Chief for not arresting the colored people was Patrick Muldoon and Peter Gaibert. They were so abusive that the Chief was compelled to arrest them, as elsewhere noted.

At the church they were unable to agree upon the seventh man to complete the investigating committee, and further meetings were decided upon. It was agreed to keep the whole matter secret, but by the row the affair would perhaps not have become so generally known, although the scandal has been talked about for weeks.

The pastor, it is said, visited the woman in the case yesterday and spent some time at her house. It is inferred from this by those who wish to have him quit the church for its good, that he and the woman were arranging a story for the committee, although they have no evidence that this is so.

The church people are very much worked up over the affair, which threatens to cause a disruption. The pastor was formerly connected with a church in Providence, R. I., and it is alleged that a similar difficulty caused his retirement from there. Generally he has been looked upon here as an exemplary Christian, and his friends are anxious that he will succeed in wiping out from his life the character which those opposed to him believe merited.

The Soldiers' Monument.

The following gentlemen have been chosen a committee to locate the proposed new soldiers' monument in or near Plainfield:

Col. Mason W. Tyler, Chairman.
Gen. Joel R. Ingley.
S. A. Gloss.
A. C. Babcock.
E. R. Clark.
J. Evarts Tracy.
C. W. McCutchen.
L. W. Serrell.
Rowland S. Cox.
L. W. F. Randolph.
J. E. Stewart.
George W. Moore.
Nelson Runyon.
W. H. Williams.
E. J. Otco.

The committee are to meet next Saturday evening in Washington Scott Post room, to confer respecting different proposed sites. It will be remembered that a plot in Hillside Cemetery was offered about a year ago. Since then other eligible sites have been suggested, and it is relating to these suggestions that the committee will act.

Reckless Driving.

At about half-past four o'clock yesterday afternoon an unknown man, in a state of beastly intoxication, caused considerable excitement on Park avenue and Front street, by the reckless way in which he drove a horse through those thoroughfares. The carriage in which he was seated collided with a phaeton belonging to Mr. Herman Schwed. Several pedestrians who were crossing Park avenue narrowly escaped being run over. A friend of the man finally succeeded in jumping into the wagon, and drove the much abused horse home.

Pleaded Guilty to Burglary.

Henry Forrester, the burglar, and "Pooping Tom" of Plainfield, who was arrested by Chief Carey a few weeks ago, for breaking and entering the house of Edward J. Olsen, on East Second street, and committed to the Union county jail this morning, retracted his plea of not guilty, and pleaded guilty to the indictment. He was remanded for sentence. He is a hardened criminal and will be undoubtedly arrested for bigamy when his sentence expires. He has a wife living in Newark and another living in North Plainfield.

Free Singing Class.

The Young Men's Singing Class will meet to-night at 8 o'clock, instead of Monday at 8 p. m., as heretofore.

A thoroughly competent teacher has been provided in the person of Mr. R. O. Rowbery, and no pains will be spared to make the class interesting and useful and a pleasure to all. Young men who desire instruction in singing and reading music are requested to apply at the Association rooms to-night, when at the close of the lesson an hour for the regular session of the class will be decided upon.

Rattled Over the Bounders.

In our article yesterday entitled "Two $100,000 Mansions" the typos made us say that "Mr. Hyde's possession continue on up the mountains, and embrace about 1,000 acres." It should have read, the finest property of John Taylor Johnston," instead of "adjoining the elegant property of John Taylor Johnston," as intended. Further on we were made to say that Mr. Hyde would lay out a roadway "the consent in a circle to Crescent avenue," instead of "in a circle like Crescent avenue," as written.

—The young men's singing class will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. Instruction free.

GUTTED BY THE FLAMES

ST. MARY'S RECTORY BURNED EARLY THIS MORNING.

Father Stafford Nearly Suffocated by Smoke—The Firemen Experience Considerable Difficulty With Burning Hose.—The Loss Estimated at About $3,000.

At 4:30 a. m. this morning Father Stafford, the assistant pastor of St. Mary's church, who occupies rooms on the third floor of the rectory, on West Sixth street near Liberty, was awakened from his slumbers by a dense volume of smoke which filled his sleeping apartment. Hastily springing from his bed and yelled "Fire!" at the top his voice. His cries alarmed Father Smyth, who partially dressed himself and stepped out on the roof of the portico. Father Smyth joined in the cries of alarm and his lusty lungs quickly brought policeman McCue to the scene. The officer ran to No. 1's Engine House and an alarm was sounded.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH AND RECTORY.

The department was rather slow in responding. Gazelle Engine Company was the first to arrive at the scene of the fire and two lines of hose were stretched from the well at the corner of Sixth and Liberty streets. Engine No. 2 was posted at the well at the corner of Third and Liberty streets. Zephyr Hook and Ladder Company did excellent service in helping to extinguish the flames.

The fire was a stubborn one. It worked its way into the rafters between the ceilings and floors and the exterior brick work, and it was some time before the firemen could get at it. The members of Zephyr Hook and Ladder Company, with their axes, finally succeeded in cutting holes in the ceilings in several places and a steady stream of water was poured upon the burning timbers.

The fire started in the butler's pantry on the first floor and worked its way along the timbers to the roof on the third floor, where considerable damage was done. The flames were extinguished about seven o'clock.

The Rev. Father Stafford had difficulty in escaping, only having time to partly dress himself, running barefooted to the street. His bedroom adjoins his study, in which he had a valuable library. This was partly saved, but greatly damaged. Mr. Stafford estimates the loss of his library at $300. He also lost all of his clothing and the valuable paintings of his father and mother which he had had painted in Rome. They were hung in his bedroom and were prized above everything else. This young priest is very popular and is much loved by Father Smith and all his people. His property was not insured and is therefore a total loss.

Father Smyth was unable to state his loss this morning, but it will be heavy. The Rev. Father was greatly agitated to-day over the calamity that has befallen his people, but it might prove a tax upon them. They have already heavy burdens to bear, and will need the sympathy of their host of friends.

Chief Doane thinks that the fire was probably started by some match.

The loss on the house and furniture is estimated at about $3,000 and is fully covered by policies in the German American Fire Insurance company. Mr. E. R. Pope, the company's agent, visited the rectory this morning. The losses will be adjusted as soon as possible.

The rectory is built of brick and stone. It is three stories high and is connected with the church through a hall.

Nearly all of the household furniture was saved by the firemen and various members of the congregation.

At one stage of the fire the church was in imminent danger, but the heroic efforts of the firemen saved the beautiful edifice. It is not damaged in the least.

Father Smyth is unable to account for the fire. Everyone in the house was in bed before ten o'clock evening. Father Stafford was nearly suffocated by the smoke before he succeeded in escaping from the burning building.

The bursting of hose and several other mishaps greatly retarded the work of the firemen.

Plainfield Choral Society.

The chorus of this society is now thoroughly organized. It is doing excellent work at its weekly rehearsals at Vincent chapel on Monday evenings, preparing for its first concert, which will occur in the month of December.

The character of the program will depend somewhat on the amount of subscriptions received. The managers desire to arrange a concert superior in all respects to anything of the kind previously given in this city, including the nice attendance and a full orchestra. They are daily in receipt of substantial expressions of approval and encouragement in the form of liberal subscriptions, and they desire to close the subscription list, which is limited, at the earliest possible moment, so as to be able to complete their plans for the season.

The season, three concerts, is two dollars, payable to William T. Kaufman, treasurer, or W. W. Howland, president. Mr. Pitsinger is giving excellent satisfaction as conductor.

—D. L. Moody says: "The Young Men's Christian Association has under God done more in developing me for Christian work than any other agency."

PERSONAL.

The Misses Sarah and Harriet Manning, of this city, sang in New York last Sunday.

Mr. Howard Fleming has moved from East Fifth street to his new residence, No. 120 Park avenue.

Miss Byrdee A. Randolph, of 28 Putnam avenue, has returned from a trip to Colegate and the West.

President Van Deventer, of the First National Bank, is said to be recovering from his recent serious illness.

Mr. J. B. Bacon, has sold his beautiful residence on Willow avenue to Miss Agnes Faber, of New York.

Mrs. Manning, formerly of this city, but now of New York, lies seriously ill. She is suffering from cancer.

On Saturday, Nov. 16th, Dr. and Mrs. Lowrie, of Park avenue, will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding.

A young daughter of ex-Mayor George W. Rockefellow is reported to be recovering from a serious attack of pneumonia. Her illness is the result of a cold contracted in one of the public schools.

Chauncey B. Ripley, LL. D., of Westfield, delivered the salutatory address at the inauguration of Dr. John H. Harris as President of Bucknell University. Dr. Ripley's address, together with the inaugural address of Dr. Harris, has been printed in neat pamphlet form.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut, of this city, will give a lecture at the tenth annual convention of the Union County Sunday School Association, which is to take place in the Third Presbyterian church, in Elizabeth, tomorrow. His subject will be, "How can we secure the best spiritual result in Sunday-school work?"

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Margaret Manning, of East Fifth street, to Mr. John B. Drayton, of Richmond street. The ceremony is to take place Wednesday evening, November 20th, at six o'clock, at the Crescent Avenue church. Miss Manning is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Manning, and a sister of Mr. Harry Manning, the popular secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Miss Belle Butler reached New York last evening on the steamer Teutonic. She was one of the party of seven young ladies who went abroad three months ago, and of which party Miss Bulkley, the Misses Kirkner, Miss Fritts and Miss Yates were also members. Mr. Butler's residence on East Front street was tastefully overgreened and the word "Welcome," prettily worked in letters of green, greeted Miss Butler on her arrival home early this morning.

Mr. Charles Schermerhorn, a son of Manager Schermerhorn, of this city, left here a few weeks ago for Vicksburg, where he joined the Fifth Infantry band. Mr. Schermerhorn, who is a fine musician, has composition of his own to his credit. Among them are the "Vicksburg Regiment March," "Sherman's Grand March," "Thomas, Rosecrans' Son of Judge Rosecrans, of St. Louis), Buck, also of Vicksburg, and Schermerhorn. The march is of a prime importance and could not be in better hands.

A World-He Repeater.

Patrick Cahill, a Democrat, attempted to vote twice in this city on election day. It appears that Cahill formerly resided in the First Ward; but some time previous to election he moved into the Second Ward.

Tuesday he went to the Second Ward polling place where he was registered and cast his ballot. After voting, it is said, a prominent Democrat told Cahill that the latter's name was also on the First Ward registry list. A bystander overheard the conversation and informed Chief Carey. Mr. Geo. W. Moore, the Republican Inspector of the First Ward. When Cahill attempted to vote he was challenged on the ground that he lived in another ward. Cahill insisted on his right to vote in the First Ward and he was informed that he could vote if he brought a party to identify him. Cahill accordingly voted in one ward. Cahill saw that he was entrapped and did not further insist upon voting. The warrant issued by Justice Neall and sworn out a complaint against Cahill.

The Lattimer Will Probated.

The Lattimer will case came up before Judge McCormick, at Elizabeth yesterday and was admitted to probate. There was no contests by any of those who filed the caveats.

About $600,000 in securities have been held in Boston since the death of the late Sarah M. Lattimer. Those who kept the case in court refused to deliver up the money until an order was presented from the Probate Judge. The latter complied with such a request, but the Boston bondholders took an appeal before Supreme Court Judge Doran. He will render his decision in the matter within a few days.

Railroad News.

The Central Railroad has constructed a new turntable at "Fiddler's Green," Commonpaw.

Conductor John McBirth has not yet resumed his old position, but is improving.

Conductor McGee has just returned from his Western trip and is very much infatuated with the Cheyenne Indians he saw on all sides during his travels.

The Central Railroad sent out forty-seven coupon and five parlor cars on its regular excursion from New York to Rhinebeck race track on election day.

A. Rogers, of Bordentown, father of Engineer Harry W. J. Rogers, died last Thursday. This is the fifth death in the engineer's family within a year, and followed closely upon that of Conductor Rogers, a brother of the bereaved engineer.

George Clicken, engineer on the Central, and a delegate to the Convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at Denver, is expected back next week. He secretaries have formulated a number of questions for him to answer.

—The sign boards in some sections are badly in need of repairs. The Township Committee should give them a dose of paint.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Sophomores Outwitted.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 7th.—The class of '93 Lehigh University held their first annual banquet on Saturday evening, Nov. 2d, at Allentown, Pa. Notwithstanding the efforts of the sophomores to prevent it, the affair was arranged with the utmost secrecy by the executive committee appointed by the class.

A special car was chartered from the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company and left standing on a side track. The car lights were out and windows down. It stood about a hundred yards from the Lehigh Valley depot, where the sophomores were vigilantly watching.

From 8:15 to 8:40 p. m. the freshmen were stealing up to the car from all directions and at exactly 8:45 the door was locked and all was still. There were between 75 and 100 expectant freshmen in the party. At about 8:50 the train from Easton arrived, and, attaching the car, backed down to the station for freight. Little did the watching sophomores suspect that the objects of their vigil were so near them.

The train started off on its way for Allentown. The quiet was then broken, and the pent-up enthusiasm of the freshmen broke out, continuing to increase until Allentown was reached at 9:15. Piling out of the car, the new initiates formed in a line, two abreast, and marched through the streets of the quiet town, whose startled natives peered from behind their windows and doors.

Arrived at the Hotel Allen, a fine supper was served. The greeting began amid great merriment. Some of the speeches were very witty. The supper broke up at 12:30, when the freshmen began to make their way back to the depot.

At about 1:30 a. m. all were back in Bethlehem, after having conducted a most successful affair under the very noses of the contwitted sophomores.

There are several young athletes from Plainfield at the Lehigh University, among whom L. J. Krom stands high in the estimation of his classmates.

Too Much Temper.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7th.—Mrs. Laura Wilcox, for the past twenty years a well known modiste of Syracuse, is seeking a divorce from her husband, Joseph Wilcox, on the charge of abandonment.

The plaint of Mrs. Wilcox is that his wife has a violent temper and that her aim has been to make his life as uncomfortable as possible. He says that not withstanding this she offered her a home at Plainfield, N. J., with his mother and sister, which she refused to accept.

More Presents to his Customers.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The last offer of presents made by us through your columns was that a $100 the first week and encouraged us to try again with the offer set forth in the accompanying circular to our advertisement, which please have displayed in THE NEWS' usual good taste and placed for a few days as conspicuously as possible.

Sincerely yours,
J. P. LAIRE & Co.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GENTLEMAN wishes situation for his wife to do washing, with or without board, as coachman. Call at No. 5 East Ninth street, or address "Coachman," post-office box 218, Plainfield. 11-2

A YOUNG MAN of 22, is steady, willing, and obliging, wants work of any kind. Address G Johnson, P. O. Box 199, Scotch Plains. 11-2

A PARTMENTS to let. Inquire 32 Madison avenue. 9-5-tf

A GOOD BAKER wants work by the day; will work for $1 a day. No. 97 Brook avenue. 7-2

FINE CHRYSANTHEMUM show at Dennis's Hillside avenue greenhouse. Winter blooming plants in great variety. 9-4

FURNISHED rooms, for lodgings, at No. 8 E. Front street. 10-26-tf

LOST—A hound dog, on the mountains near Sebring's mill. Answers to the name of "Nigger." Whoever has found the dog will please return to Plainfield, Literal reward paid if returned to Henry A. Vorhis, Somerset street. 7-2

LOST—A pocketbook containing money and valuable papers. The finder will be paid a reward if the same is left at this office. 11-7-tf

LOST—On Monday last, between 3 and 6 p. m., between Mrs. Dyer's store and the depot, a heavy dark green carriage robe with edging of light fur. Finder please return to Mr. J. B. Brooks, 54 West Seventh street and secure reward and thanks of owner.

SQUABS placed by Mr. Farrow, $3 per month. 65 Grandview avenue. 10-17-tf

TO LET—A cellar; also lot in rear of House for sale. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 11-4-tf

TO LET—House, four rooms. 21 West Front street. 10-26-tf

WANTED—A young man about seventeen years old to learn the fancy goods business. Address "Hosiery," care of Evening News.

WANTED—A place by a competent woman to cook at a house or to work in small family. Good reference. Call at 18 Sixth street, corner of Union.

WANTED—Carpenter; must be first class and sober. Apply to Jacob Van Winkle, builder, Central avenue, Randolph road. 11-7tf.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesman. Position permanent. Special inducements now for fall and winter operations. Don't delay. Salary from start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 10-14-1m $ 14

WANTED—Ten root-cutter brown Leghorn pullets. Box 247, Plainfield. 11-7-tf

WANTED—Situation as coachman and gardener. Good reference. Address "A. A." box 97, Scotch Plains, N. J. 11-7-tf

WANTED—Special or active partner, with $10,000 to $20,000, in wholesale auction business in Philadelphia. Business well established. This is a good chance for investment. Address J. W. Turner, 406 Market street, Philadelphia. 10-24-4w

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. References required. Apply at No. 178 West Front street. 10-31-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 3 First place. 11-6-tf.

WANTED—People to drink the Brose Bros. Tea, for sale by Barbaker & Bro., grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

YOUNG MEN of good address can secure good salaries and permanent positions by calling at the office of the Provident Life and Trust Co. of Philadelphia. Love Building. 11-7-tf

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

TO-NIGHT

America's Elite Minstrel Attraction.

THE GORMANS

The world's greatest Minstrel producers, under the management of HARRY HARDY. Positively presenting the same excellent program that holds the phenomenal hit at the Globe Theatre, Boston, week of Aug. 12th. Every act new—every act a feature. "The new fun part." "The all American base ball team." "The n w South." "The golden show girl." Magnificent and elaborate production of James Gorman's original, oriental operetta, the Princess of Cambodia. The whole performance a most notable production in Modern Minstrelsy.

Prices—50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale at usual places Monday, Nov 4th.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink. Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run, open only to members of Leaf's and Plainfield High School.

2—Seventy yards dash. Open.

3—Race Race. Club.

4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.

5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.

6—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.

7—Running High Jump. Club.

8—Half-mile Run. Open.

10—Consolation Race. Open to non winners. Club.

1 to 4. Tug of war between Elizabeth Wheelmen and Plainfield Bi. Club.

Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c. to be obtained at Shaw's, and Randolph's Drug Stores.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenox, Chairman; F. L. C Martin, J. H. Hallock, H. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. P. Munn and L. W. Serrell, Jr. 11-2-11

BUZZ!

A Monthly Magazine.

New Jersey Literature. Original, Sparkling, Refined. Every Plainfielder will take a State, a local, and a literary pride in it. Subscriptions now received at office.

LOVE BUILDING.

Single number . . . . . 10 cents.
Year's subscription . . . . . $1.00.

SUBSCRIBE FROM THE START.

ORDER AT ONCE. 7-2*

Executors' Sale.

T. J. Gillies, Auctioneer, will sell at the late residence of Mrs. Helen A. Hitsch, deceased, corner Rockview avenue and Orchard place, North Plainfield, N. J., on

Friday, Nov. 8th,

at 10 a. m., R. W. Parlor Suit, 7 pieces; Chairs, Tables, Paintings, Lamps, Carpets, etc., Bedroom Suits, Hair Mattresses, Wire Spring Beds, Pillows, Blankets, Sheets, etc. Silverware, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils. Terms cash. By Order of Executrix. 7-2

SATURDAY,

Oct. 9th,

ALL DAY,

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store,

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, that they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

128 WEST FRONT STREET.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Sozzaldo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
and buy goods for

15 Per Cent. Off

or Spot Cash. We offer our Stoves, Lamps

Tinware and Granitware, Carpenter and Machinist Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 42 West Front Street.

FURNITURE

FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines,
Umbrella Stands,
Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the first name to avoid any unnecessary change. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

THE BEE HIVE

Fancy and Fur Trimmings.

2 in. black bare trimming, Hoed, per yard 20 cents.
3 in. black bare trimming, Hoed, per yard, 25 cents.
Black bare muffs, 50c., 75c. and $1.
Baby's muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $6.00.
Raccoon Boas, $5.00.
Opossum Muff, $7.00.
Opossum Boas, $6.00.
Children's fur muffs, 50 cents.
Children's coney sets, flat muff and boa to match, 60 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

Louis Callman,

26 WEST FRONT STREET.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."

What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the inexperienced buy? He gets the results. What does he try to be? A failure. How few years necessary on one hand; a change of a title or a funeral on the other. Good! Experience personified. Established 1881; Incorporated 1885; At the head of the profession 1889.

The Phonograph Conservatories and Supply Co., Telephone Building, Cortlandt street, New York.

Plainfield Office, 28 North Avenue

MORNING NEWS.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 13 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The little steel dispatch boat Dolphin, of the United States navy, has returned from a trip around the world. She proved herself quite equal to the task. This is the vessel in which naval experts reported there was a "structural weakness" and broke old John Roach's heart.

The instantaneous photographer sneaks are now called Peeping Toms, and a very good name it is, too.

Chauncey H. Depew has been telling the newspapers what he would do if he were a woman. One thing is, that he would "strain every nerve, first and last," to get an education. He would do this because the area of self support to a woman enlarges in proportion to the education she has.

It is a fact that the English holders of confederate bonds have never given up up the hope that they would recover later, through the help of providence, perhaps, get something for them. The bondholders offer now to supply the south with all the money it needs to develop mines and manufactures, if the south will contract to pay 1 per cent. on the bonds. Meantime it is said several court loads of the confederate bonds have been worked off on travelers going to the southwest. They thrust great rolls of them and of worthless state bank bills into their pockets, to fool the gentle highwayman as he bids them throw up their hands on a train. Their real money is meantime carefully concealed elsewhere.

Lord Fauntleroy's Brother.

It may not have been just the thing, but it is certainly very amusing, that newspaper reporter's interview with the eldest son and heir of Mrs. Frances Hodg son Burnett on the subject of Little Lord Fauntleroy. The boy is 13 now, and tells of the efforts of his mother to make him and his brother Vivian live up to their high vocation as Lord Fauntleroys, both of them. Vivian was the original of Fauntleroy, the unterrified Lionel says. Lionel hates little Lord Fauntleroy.

"Vir," he said, "was as much of a boy and a gentleman as any one could be. Fauntleroy puts it on. He has had orders to appear in our midst suits and to behave like little lords. Vir is 12 and immediately simmered down to a good according to orders. He smelled, wouldn't wear my curls or my velvet suit, and decamped, leaving the whole thing to me.

"I never took much stock in books, except reading books. There's 'Lone Jack, the True Hearted of the Rocky Mountains.' It's a dandy. No stuff and nonsense about that. Lots of blood and thunder, and a fine detective in it.

"Vir is a regular mollycoddle. Before they were published he was a first rate fellow, and liked a good, big spree as much as I do now."

"Ma's books have *ruined Vir*," is delicious.

Eight Hours a Day.

An attempt was made in 1886, by the Federation of Trades and Labor unions, to establish the eight hours working day throughout the country. The effort was successful among the cigar makers and German printers. Furniture workers compromised with their employers on nine hours. Carpenters obtained also important concessions. In eighty-four cities their working day was reduced to nine hours, while in seven cities they obtained their full demand for eight hours. These were the substantial results from the effort of 1886.

The two organizations named have since been merged into the Federation of Labor, with a membership of 620,000. It embraces all the most powerful trades unions in the land. With this power behind it the organization proposes again to take up the fight for the eight hours labor day. As a beginning they have asked Mr. Powderly to present the subject to the general assembly of the Knights of Labor at Atlanta in November. It is expected this will be done. Then, with the moral support of the knights, the Federation will make its fight. The general adoption of the eight hours working day is set for May 1, 1890.

Eight hour leagues will be formed among working people throughout the country, literature and statistics will be scattered broadcast, and all means of peaceful agitation taken to arouse the labor element to the occasion. A national day will be set apart to win adherents to the cause. Strikes will only be resorted to as a last necessity.

The Federation of Labor believe that, with wise management, the movement will succeed this time. Mr. Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation, remarks doubters that not the first, or even the second attempt of any movement, for improving the condition of a whole people is successful, though it be carried at last. Among arguments for the eight hours labor day Mr. Gompers adduces these:

We find today that the working people of the country are forced upon either one or the other horn of a dilemma. Either they must be idle for the thing without employment by reason of the vast army of unemployed. It seems to me to be not only a necessity, but a duty to find employment for those who are willing to work and cannot find it, but a consideration of the moral conduct of our laborers, fond of obtaining our employment more steadily and rendering our wages more stable and less liable to reduction. These considerations demand of us that we reduce the hours of labor to eight per day.

Certainly in this latter part of the nineteenth century, with all the inventions of machinery, science and knowledge constructing toward the production of wealth, we have arrived at that point when eight hours per day's labor is sufficient to produce all the necessaries and the luxuries that any people can reasonably desire.

THE VOTE IN TWO STATES

Returns from New Jersey and New York.

HON. LEON ABBETT'S MAJORITY.

The Personnel of Senate and Assembly in Both of These States—Democratic Majority in New York—Political News of Various Kinds.

TRENTON, Nov. 7.—As a result of Tuesday's election, Hon. Leon Abbett has been chosen governor of New Jersey by from 10,000 to 12,000 plurality. The twenty-one counties of the state, so far as the returns show, voted as follows. The figures represent the pluralities for Abbett and Grubb:

Counties (21.)	Abbett.	Grubb.
Atlantic	—	95
Bergen	—	859
Burlington	—	1,559
Camden	—	2,351
Cape May	—	1,051
Cumberland	—	1,070
Essex	—	503
Gloucester	—	423
Hudson	11,515	—
Hunterdon	1,500	—
Mercer	30	—
Middlesex	1,600	—
Monmouth	1	—
Morris	1,600	—
Ocean	339	—
Passaic	1,521	—
Salem	27	—
Somerset	1,000	—
Sussex	400	—
Union	1,600	—
Warren	189	—
Totals	20,072	9,541

The Senate.

The senate will be republican by one vote, the senators elected being: John J. Gardner, Republican, in Atlantic; H. D. Winton, Democrat, in Bergen; Samuel B. Fowler, Republican, in Cumberland; Edward F. McDonald, Democrat, in Hudson; John D. Rue, Republican, in Mercer; George T. Werts, Democrat, in Morris, and George T. Cranmer, Republican, in Ocean.

The Democrats have seven senators holding over, and elect three new members. The Republicans also have seven hold over senators, and elect four new ones. With one majority in the senate, the Republicans will be able to control matters, but on a joint ballot the Democrats will have a large majority.

New Jersey Assemblymen.

Official returns throughout the state give the election of the following assemblymen: Atlantic county—S. S. Hudson (Rep.). Bergen county—G. Zimmerman (Dem.), Abram De Ronde (Dem.). Burlington county—E. C. Hutchinson (Rep.), M. B. Perkins (Dem.), L. L. Sharp (Rep.). Camden county—F. C. Woolner (Rep.), John Harris (Rep.), A. Bloomfield (Dem.). Cape May county—R. C. Cox (Rep.). Cumberland county—J. A. Claspell (Rep.), R. Cheesman (Rep.). Essex county—G. Robenstein (Dem.), T. H. Pollock (Rep.), Thomas Smith (Dem.), Joseph Bullock (Dem.), R. A. Pieros (Rep.), Charles Trefz (Dem.), J. G. Bertram (Dem.), E. F. Synder (Dem.), E. W. Jackson (Rep.). Gloucester county—E. W. Webb (Rep.). Hudson county—M. Mitchell (Dem.), H. Byrnes (Dem.), J. Murphy, (Dem.), W. C. Heppenheimer (Dem.), J. H. Cooper (Rep.), Erwin (Rep.), J. F. Kelly (Dem.), A. J. Berry (Dem.). Hunterdon county—W. H. Martin (Dem.), L. H. Fagan (Dem.), T. P. Usher (Dem.). Hunterdon county—W. H. Martin (Dem.), L. H. Trimmer (Dem.). Mercer county—J. H. Wyckoff (Rep.), H. Stad (Dem.), J. Scrotti (Dem.). Middlesex county—L. H. Tappan (Dem.), J. Mulvey (Dem.), C. H. Monahan (Dem.), Samuel Conover—F. Johnson (Dem.), W. D. Campbell (Dem.), C. H. Irvin (Dem.). Morris county—J. P. Albright (Dem.), J. Norris (Rep.), W. S. Naughright

A JOKING WOMAN.

Some Little Pleasantries Which Her Husband Didn't Appreciate.

"Now you say that you have always been a loving and faithful wife, and that your husband has no cause for complaint, do you?" asked a lawyer of an Indiana woman opposing her husband's petition for a divorce.

"Yes, sir; I do say that very thing," was the reply.

"You never threw sticks of wood at him, or hot water over him, did you?"

"Oh, I don't know but I may have done that once or twice in a playful way."

"Oh, you did? And were you joking when you shoot him all over the house with a red hot stove?"

"Yes, I was; and he knows it, too."

"Didn't you saw him up in the bed clothes one night and pound him with a club?"

"Well, now, the idea of a man trying to get a divorcement from his own lovin' wife for a little joke like that!"

"Oh, so that was a joke too, eh! Was it intended for a joke when you knocked him down collar and threw three flat irons after him?"

"Of course it was. I always was a joky kind of a woman."

"I should say so. You thought it a joke when you locked him out of the house with the thermometer below zero and he had to sleep in the hen roost. That was a joke, eh?"

"Okaw, now! He's gone and told you of that little caper of mine, has he? Well, he sure could take a joke, somow."

"A few more of your jokes would have killed him."

The judge thought so, too, and gave the libel a "fill," whereupon his spouse of the past said:

"The idea of a man bein' allowed a divorcement from the true and lovin' wife of his bosom for a few little jokes like that. There ain't no justice in it."—Detroit Free Press.

A Sure Cure.

Lady Visitor (at office of eminent physician)—I have called, doctor, to ask if there is any cure for sleep walking. I have been the latest for years, and lately it has become worse.

Dr. Highprice—It can be cured, madam. Take this prescription, and have it filled at Tabb, Steele & Co.'s.

"Tabb, Steele & Co.'s? Why, that is not a drug store. It is a dancing school firm."

"Yes, madam. The prescription calls for a paper of tacks. Dose—two tablespoonfuls scattered about the floor before retiring."—New York Weekly.

Taking a Mean Advantage.

"I understood you to say, didn't I, that the baseball score has ended?" suggested a Hartford housewife to her husband.

"Yes, my dear."

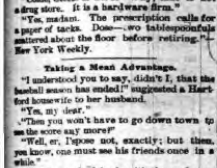
"Then you won't have to go down town to get the score say more?"

"Well, er, I spose not, exactly; but then, you know, one must see his friends once in a while."

"Why not make friends with those of your own household?"

And that is just the way a woman acts.—Hartford Post.

Hope Dashed to Earth.



"Now I can work—do something," says the gifted amateur, "as none of those infernal boys are about."

—Life.

Ought to Learn by Experience.

A clerk in one of the departments in Washington has discovered that "soldiers in the late war were killed in their first, third and fifth battles more than in any other." After a soldier is killed in three battles he ought to have experience enough to escape death in all subsequent engagements.—Norristown Herald.

A New Breed.

Boy Fancier—Yes, ma'am, I have all kinds of dogs here. Is there any particular breed you wish?

Old Lady (who reads the papers)—Oh, any thing that's fashionable. I guess one as ocean greyhound.—New York Weekly.

Where Politeness Didn't Pay.

"Thirteen pays, does it?" he remarked, musingly; "you bet it doesn't, and I can prove it!"

"Oh, please! Of course it does," said someone who wanted to draw him out.

"But it doesn't. You see, it was this way. I have been told that it was impolite to pass a man on the street, so this afternoon I thought I'd try it. It was right at the corner of Main and Appleton—not much of a crowd being there, however, until there was a couple right in front of me. I was in a hurry, but I let him keep ahead, and just as we came into Appleton street—say, don't you politeness always pays," and he stopped.

"Go on with the story."

"Well, just as we turned into Appleton street what did this cripple do but stoop down and pick up a bright twenty dollar gold piece on the sidewalk! Politeness pays, does it? I hadn't been so tongue-polite I might have had that double eagle. I'm going out more as I used to with the women and old men I see."—Norristown Daily Herald.

GREAT BOOM IN OVERCOATS,

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED

WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.

DOANE & VanARSDALE'S

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. A. SIMPSON, Surgeon, 30 West Front street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. K. VOORHEES, D. D. S., Office Woman's Temple, North Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 11 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JAMES A. MARTIN, Counselor at Law, Commissioner of Deeds, Master in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st. Plainfield.

CHARLES M. SEARS, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Special and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Second, next Stores.

F. A. BAKER, Counselor at Law and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties living in any parts of the country, headquarters corner Front and Somerset streets.

C. Architect, 267 Broadway, New York city. Room 23 and 24. Improved and Unsafe Tenement Building Machine Designed.

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE!

THIS HOUSE HAS ALWAYS BEEN NOTED FOR HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, AND THIS YEAR WE ARE GIVING BETTER VALUES THAN EVER. WE HAVE EVERYTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, LADIES AND CHILDREN IN WHITE, RED AND NATURAL WOOL. WE ASK SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR 50c FLANNEL SHIRTS, AND A NATURAL WOOL LADIES' VEST THAT SELLS AT $1.25 IS A GOOD ONE.

* * *

We sell at $2.50 per pair, a good wool 11-4 blanket, cheap at $3.00, and $1.25 buys a cotton filled comfortable, made of best quality calico.

* * *

We have received from the manufactures 1000 Linoleum Mats, size two feet by three (2x3) regular price 75c, our price 37c. They are just the thing to throw in front of a stove or door.

* * *

Our Cloak Department is one of our leading features, 'tis something new with us, and a great success. All our garments are well made and nice fitting. There are Jackets and New Markets for ladies and children in all sizes, and our prices are low.

* * *

In Dress Goods we have everything that is new and desirable. There are forty-inch all-wool suitings 50 cents per yard, forty-inch all-wool Serges at 47 cents, forty-inch wool mixtures at 25 cents. There are many good values in black goods of all kinds.

* * *

Have you tried our 4-button Embroidered Kid Gloves at 65 cents? They are just as good as many that are sold at $1. We average 100 pairs a week and no complaints.

* * *

Here you will find lamps of all kinds. For the hall there is a very pretty lamp, price $1.00. Hanging lamps from $2.00 up, and stand lamps at any price you want to pay.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere.

VANEMBURGH & WHITE, 19 West Front street.

Educational.

EDUCATION in Education, class or private instruction. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Mons. Louis Vieux and Gerdtner, of the Conservatory of Kassel and Stuttgart, Madison Square, New York. Special terms to Plainfield High School, and to private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. P. O. Box 1044. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th street. 9-26-1y

HOME SCHOOL for young ladies and children. Will reopen at Plainfield, Thursday, Sept. 19th, 1889. Special preparation for those desiring to enter college, and most careful attention to home training. Circulars may be had by application to the method of Del Sarte. Applications may be made at any time personally or by letter to Mrs. Bladin or Miss Perry. 8-22-1m*

MISS FAWCETT'S Mt. Kisco Seminary and School, of Craig Place, near Grove Street. In each department elementary branches are carefully and thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 6-22-6f

MR. E. K. HAEHLI, Teacher of Music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Director of choral classes. The art of reading at sight especially. Rooms at Mrs. Bodine's, No. 70 Door street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW resumed her lessons in German at her residence, 11 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Modern system used and special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-19-3m

MR. A. CORDIER, Teacher of violin. 15 years as conductor. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of reference. P. O. Box 253. 4-9-1y

MISS C. A. HELLWIG, A graduate of the Gymnasia of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Emperor to the best scholars, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German language, and Art Needlework. For further particulars address Miss C. A. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-18-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1503.

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY for young ladies and children will re-open Thursday, Sept. 19th. A kindergarten will be opened Tuesday, Oct. 1st. For particulars address Miss E. H. Kenyon, Principal. 8-30-2m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Newton's school for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS Will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M. Koeap, Principal. Ida F. Koeap, Assistant

William C. Smith, Practical Mason and Builder.

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grasslyn avenue. P. O. Box 313

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Also manufacturer of Scroll-saw work, Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING, Residence Evens. P. O. Box 350. Carpenter and Builder, 30 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

S. PICK & HUBBARD, Madison avenue and Third street, Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glaze of all kinds

FOR THE Choicest of Butter at the most moderate cash prices, call at the Park Ave. Market

PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to do the same. I may serve me with a call. MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY at FAIR PRICES.

W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-12-1m

JOHN JOHNSTON Dealer in BEST QUALITY COAL YARD AND OFFICE: SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CANNED GOODS

We expect in a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Honey Drop, B. & M. and Snowflake Corn, Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 76 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

Wm. J. Stephenson, CATERER and Ice Cream Dealer, 28 NORTH AVENUE

TUNIS J. CAREY 42 WEST FRONT STREET, all kinds of Second-Hand FURNITURE including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES, Bought and Sold.

Consignments for sale Monday and Thursday of each week at Wholesale Prices, as per will be conducted by auction. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

Perfect Parlor Stoves, SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS, Othello Ranges,

PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS. PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.

A. M. GRIFFEN, 12 EAST FRONT STREET. Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers AND MATAL WORKERS. CARNEY BROS. Dealers in *Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.* Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

INSURANCE. Isaac Brokaw. *REAL ESTATE* and *Fire Insurance,* 20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE for RHEUMATISM. Breaks up the most stubborn cases in a few days. Call and get particulars. Sold by HERR, QUICK & CO.

Sulphur Vapor Baths Fifth street, near Front. 10-25-1y

L. HEYNIGER. 81 & 83 Somerset St., NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKWHEAT, BOLTED, PILLSBURY and BEAR. The latter is my specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. The finest of BECKER'S foods constantly on hand.

Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson, Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made. Furniture Express 31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to and from any city or any where in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-tables in effect June 23th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK

Leave Plainfield at 3.40, 5.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. 12.01 a. m. Express for Elizabeth, 7.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m. Express for New York, 3.40, 5.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m., 12.01 a. m. Sunday, 3.40, 5.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. 12.01 a. m. Express for New York, 7.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m. Express for Elizabeth, 7.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.40, 6.50, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. 12.01 a. m. Sunday, 5.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. 12.01 a. m. Express for Newark, 7.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m. Express for Plainfield, 7.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30, 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. 12.01 a. m. Sunday, 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Express for Somerville, 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Express for Plainfield, 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND FOR HATFIELDS.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.19 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Bound Brook, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. Sundays 4.40 a. m. for Easton.

For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 9.37 a. m., 5.19 p. m. For Bound Brook, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Wyoming, Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 4.34 p. m. For Bound Brook, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Reading, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Manch Chunk, 5.19 p. m. For Flemington, 9.37 a. m., 5.19 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge, Lambertville, Trenton, 9.37 a. m., 5.19 p. m. For Flemington, 4.34 p. m. For Easton, Bloomsbury, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, On Sundays at 4.34 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.48, 8 00, 11 07 a. m., 2 46, 5 31, 6 20 p. m. Sundays, 8 00 a. m., 5 31 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7.48, 8 00, 11 07 a. m., 2 46, 5 31, 6 20 p. m. Sundays, 8 00 a. m., 5 31 p. m. For Matawan, 7.48, 8 00, 11 07 a. m., 2 46, 5 31, 6 20 p. m. Sundays, 8 00 a. m., 5 31 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 7.48, 8.00, 9.37, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30, 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sundays, 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 10.40, 11.30

WOMAN AND HOME.

"MOTHER'S HELP," FROM AN ENGLISH POINT OF VIEW.

Myths Concerning Women—Marriage in an Iowa Family—The Kentucky Farmer Fenced His Daughters Up—Edward Atkinson's Ideas on Modern Cookery.

American "reduced ladies," or as I prefer to call them, "ladies in reduced circumstances," like their English cousins, seem to find it very difficult to discover a remunerative field for their energies which is not yet overcrowded. English ladies' journals toss with suggestions concerning "new openings for women's work," from the occupation of a "lady guide" down to, or up to, "scientific dressmaking," and no doubt American eagerly catch at many of these ideas in the hope that they may be equally practicable to the "land of the free."

But there's an intermediate position known in England which might be successfully tried in America, that is a "mother's help." In a good many families this position is occupied by an unmarried sister or a maiden aunt, but every one is not endowed with such a convenient blessing. Hence a "mother's help" is a recognized member of many households, and the columns of the local newspapers contain numerous advertisements of situations wanted or vacant. The duties of a mother's help are manifold; she assists in the housekeeping, the dairy perhaps, the household sewing or mending, dressing the children and teaching them the rudiments of their education. Sometimes she is a sort of a nursery governess with additional household duties, sometimes she acts chiefly as housekeeper with occasional care of the children, but she is always what her name indicates, the mother's help. Her wages vary from a good round sum down to nothing except her food and lodging.

A case has come to my knowledge of a young lady, the orphan niece of a country doctor, who, when left penniless, found herself with a modest fortune; but she was not happy in her uncle's house. She had received an excellent education and was a good musician. While her uncle was debating at the request of mother's help in a farmer's family. She undertook the education of the two young daughters and assisted the governess in the household duties, receiving in return for these services her board and lodging. This arrangement lasted for several years, but the daughters grew up, their ideas were no longer limited to the nursery and they took her duties of helping their mother. She was grieved at parting from the farmer's wife, who had been like a mother to her, but she set about looking for another place. With the experience she had had she was well qualified to "better herself," and soon succeeded in obtaining a very good situation, this time in a gentleman farmer's family, where she has the care of two children of 6 and 7 years of age, and she helps the mistress with the housework. For this she receives her board and lodging, with a salary of just about $50 a year.

There are many American households, especially in the smaller towns or country proper, where a servant cannot be afforded; there the mother does the housework and cooking, with the occasional aid of a charwoman for a week's work perhaps. She has so many calls upon her time and strength that she finds it hard to pay proper attention to the care of her children, and many children, for she divides herself so much to them that she despairs of keeping the house in order. There are, moreover, many "reduced ladies" who find it difficult to eke out a comfortable existence on their small incomes as long as they have to pay high for their board and lodging. If this were provided for, life would be more easy. Then, too, perhaps, hangs heavy on their hands if theirs has been a busy existence heretofore.

Many of them may have had experience as housekeepers in their own homes, which were broken up by money losses or before the death of a husband, fitted may be in every respect to have the care of house and children, yet unable to fill the position of a regular housekeepers. But they might willingly enter some family as "mother's helps," where in return for a comfortable home they would assist or even take charge while the mistress of the house, not rich enough to pay for an assistant in her weary round of work would find in the "mother's help" a confidante for the worries of everyday housekeeping, and yet the weekly bills would show scarcely any increase for the one additional mouth to feed.—Frances B. Janes in Good Housekeeping.

Myths Concerning Woman.

Woman's first appearance has been a fruitful subject for the legend mongers. The Phrygian myth of creation is found in the story of Pygmalion and Galatea. There the first woman was carved by the first man out of ivory and then endowed with life by Aphrodite. The Greek theory of the creation of woman, according to Hesiod, was that Zeus, as a cruel jest, ordered Vulcan to make woman out of clay, and Minerva clothed her with gold and goddesses to invest the clay doll with all their worst qualities, the result being a lovely thing, with a witchery of mien, refined craft, eager passions, love of dress, treacherous manners and shameless mind. The Scandinavians say that as Odin, Vili and Ve, the three sons of Bor, were walking along the seashore they found two sticks of wood, one of ash and one of elm. Sitting down the gods shaped man and woman out of these sticks, whittling the woman from the elm and calling her Embla.

One of the strangest of stories touching the origin of woman is told by the Madagascarens. In so far as the creation of man goes, he agreed in most unlike that related by Moses, only that the fall came before Eve arrived. After the man had eaten the forbidden fruit he became afflicted with a boil on the leg, out of which, in time, came a beautiful baby girl. The man's first thought was to throw her to the pigs, but he was commanded by a voice from heaven to let her play around. The child grew up, was of unstoppable appetite, so he gave her his wife. He did so, unlike our Bartholomew, and she became the mother of all races of men. Her name is Lolo, and the origin of Adam and Eve are numerous and unconvincing. Some traditions trace back woman's parents to white and red mules; another is that man, searching for a wife, was given by daughter of the king of muskrats, who, being dipped into the waters of a neighboring lake, became a woman.—London Tablet.

Married Life in Iowa.

"Observer" in lady out in Boone, Ia., sends me the subjoined pretty sketch—pretty because of its simplicity:

"Some wise counselor's marriage a failure ought to have witnessed a little scene that occurred at one of our hotels this morning. A young wife who had been to Des Moines on a visit arrived on the night train and made her appearance at breakfast. She was no longer young, and on her plain face care and hard work had left their marks. Her husband, was of remarkable freedom, having acquired a charm of simplicity, for she had dammed several articles of unexpected luxury. She sat with her bonnet and traveling dress on, and her coffee cup was filled with plants, and if her wife sugar, partly covered with white cloth, containing 150 jack rabbits. Both a farm wagon—with her husband and little farmer boy—drove up—the farmer a big, rough man in his working clothes, but the smile which radiated his face on beholding his wife made him positively handsome. The women hugged and kissed the child and then with increased fervor she hugged and kissed the man, and laid her head on his shoulder, and cried a little, put her chin down to see the dead rabbits. I thought, wait until he sees those rabbits, there will be a change. Not so, however. What misgivings he had regarding the young farmer's true and dirty overalls and boots had been completely overwhelmed by more joyful emotions, for after carefully placing their new acquisition in the wagon box along with their jars and egg baskets, the trio drove off with the smiles and greeting still lighting their kindly faces. Verily, 'wealth and contentment belong to no estate,' even if I don't quote correctly.—Chicago Tribune.

Mrs. Gladstone.

Her figure is tall, shapely and impressive; her carriage is a little too rapid to be entirely graceful; her costuming is—is English, which requires no elucidation. Despite deficiencies in externals, which a French modiste would have no difficulty in abolishing—for Mrs. Gladstone would be a charming subject for a dressmaker of taste—she would be singled out in any company as the most distinguished woman. Her face is uncommonly long, even in England, very high in the forehead, and very strong and gentle, equally devoid of romance and of pedantry. The eyes are large, liquid, well shaped, dark blue and meditative. The silvering hair is parted in the usual way and combed in natural waves down either cheek, and is the familiar portraits of noted women of forty years ago. Her mouth is well proportioned to the other dimensions of her face, and her voice is low and vibrant with cordiality toward those she addresses. In the Parnell commission she was generally accompanied by her daughter Helen. The latter carried a small, plain black satchel, and on days, when they were seated, the mother took a fairly large note book, which she placed for use on her lap. Mrs. Gladstone took copious notes, correctly omitting the redundancies and inessentials of the testimony. These, when the day was over, she digested into a connected narrative for Mr. Gladstone. Familiar with his purposes and methods, she thus performed for him an inestimable service. She saved him the time that would otherwise have to be spent reading yards of small print or attending the court, and the days thus supplied were devoted by him to national interests. Thus, not only without sacrificing a jot of womanliness, but ennobling herself in the eyes of friends and helps to her husband, she, too, served the highest interests of her country.—Chicago Herald.

He Fenced Them In.

In an old book written by a western congressman, a contemporary of Clay and Webster, containing reminiscences of his times, a story is told of one of his friends, a farmer in Kentucky named Payne, who had six daughters, some of whom were engaged with beauty. The congressman knew them in their homely youth, and when he returned a few years later found them all married to good, industrious men. On his first visit he inquired and he ventured to ask their father way they all had been so sought when other girls remained neglected. The old farmer chuckled:

"Well, I'll tell you how it is. I've had a heap of trouble with my girls. Every time I'd get 'em a new bonnet or dress they'd want another. Then they'd want to have company, and they'd want to go to parties. Then they'd want to ride in a carriage. Then they'd want to go to the springs. Then they'd want to go to Louisville. Then they'd want to go to Cincinnati. Then they'd want to go to New Orleans. Then they'd want to go to Europe. Then they'd want to go to Paris. Then they'd want to go to Jericho. Then they'd want to go to the devil. Then they'd want to go to Heaven. Then they'd want to go to Hell. Then they'd want to go to Kingdom Come. Then they'd want to go to Jericho. Then they'd want to go to Paris. Then they'd want to go to Europe. Then they'd want to go to New Orleans. Then they'd want to go to Cincinnati. Then they'd want to go to Louisville. Then they'd want to go to the springs. Then they'd want to ride in a carriage. Then they'd want to go to parties. Then they'd want to have company. Then they'd want another dress or bonnet. Then they'd want another. Then they'd want another. Then they'd want another

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—A. S. Bertine, of Plainfield, has received a patent for a printing press.

—The Columbia Social club held a ball in the Gesang and Turning Society's Hall last evening.

—The Central Railroad announces important changes in the time table next Sunday.

—Arrangements have been made to place the band in the balcony over the entrance at the Bicycle Club games in the Crescent Rink on Nov. 16th.

—The Methodists will have a sociable this evening to which all are invited. Mrs. Henry Wolfe is chairman of the entertainment committee, which is a guarantee that it will be of the best.

—A social meeting will be held under the auspices of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. at the association rooms to-morrow evening at 4 o'clock. Boys over 14 years of age who are interested are invited to attend.

—Harrison Randolph, a young man of color, while in an intoxicated condition at about one o'clock yesterday fell over the railing into the area way leading to the basement of Pope's dry goods store, but he escaped with slight injuries.

—The very successful fair which has been in progress at the German Reformed church since Monday will close to-morrow at 7:30 p. m. There will be an auction sale of the fancy work and other remaining articles. The fair will not be open to-day.

—Governor-elect Abbett, during his coming term, will have many important appointments to make, including a Secretary of State, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Clerk in Chancery, Keeper of the State Prison and Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

—While the minstrel band was playing in front of Music Hall last evening a horse became frightened. The animal broke loose from the wagon and ran into a post in front of the Bee Hive. It was caught before it succeeded in doing any damage, further than breaking the harness.

—The failure of the W. C. T. U. free coffee wagon to appear at the fire at St. Mary's factory yesterday morning attracted the attention of the firemen. It has become quite an institution, but the rarity of fires has probably made the management a trifle rusty. It was on duty all election day, but the coffee was not as good as usual and hence was not much sought after.

German's Minstrels.

For original yet clean minstrelsy the German minstrel performance at Music Hall last evening is to be commended. The boys were more real artists than we remember ever having seen in one company before. Taught by able direction and possessed of health. Hence instinctively people attend minstrel shows to laugh. Nowadays many so-called minstrel troupes resort to much coarse, vulgar jokes, to please the lower element, that the better class feel strange at such entertainments. The German's is a company of true artists who make much fun without degrading themselves or disgusting their audience. The Opera House last evening personally complimented Mr. Gorman on this feature and said he had got at least double the fun he paid for, and hoped the troupe would come again, and that seemed to be the feeling of all.

Obituary.

—Mrs. Amy A., wife of Mr. S. C. Conklin, died yesterday afternoon at about half-past five o'clock. Mrs. Conklin had for a long time been a patient sufferer from cancer. Yesterday she underwent an operation, in which four physicians were employed, but died shortly after words. Mrs. Conklin was over sixty years of age and had been a resident of Plainfield for a number of years. Her husband and survives her. The funeral services will take place from her late residence, No. 20 West Front street, on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The Crescent Ave. Church Organ

An organ manufacturer from Brooklyn visited the Crescent avenue church Wednesday inspecting the proposed new organ for that beautiful edifice. The organ was to have been placed back in the pulpit, but as Mr. Richards objects to having a choir behind him it has been decided to place it a little to one side. The work on the new Sunday school room progresses finely.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes From Various Parts of the States.

The Request Furnace, which has been idle for two years, has been bought by the Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company, and will be started up in a short time.

The village of Sterling, in Somerset county, is reducing over a new silk mill which has just been erected, by a Paterson firm and which will give a steady employment during the Winter.

The Camden Board of Trade have fitted up a room and about to make a collection of samples of all kinds of products raised in the county and place them on exhibition in the room.

William S. Lawler, of Jersey City, made application to the County Board of Health through W. Von Borcke, a grocer, for selling bad potatoes. Lawler alleges that the non-barred potatoes are poisonous. The case was dismissed.

George Green has appointed Henry S. Hancock, Superintendent of Public Instruction; Industrial Factory, Trenton; John H. Patterson, State Prison Keeper; Rev. Father Thomas M. Wright, of Trenton, Chaplain to the Prison Congress to be held soon.

The freeholders of Cape May county are to consider the project of having constructed a bridge at a cost of $20,000, to connect Cape May City, Atlantic and Cape May, which are located on Grassy Sound, with Stevens' Point, located on Great Egg Harbor Bay and Ocean. The bridge will be 3,000 feet long, and will land at Somers' Point, a distance of one and one-eighth miles.

The locomotive boiler over built in the United States, for over twenty years, has been recently finished at the Rogers locomotive works. It is made from solid Otis steel, and is of the following dimensions: Seven-eighths of an inch thick, with a diameter of sixty-six inches. The length of the boiler proper is 64 1-8 feet, and each weighs 4,775 pounds. The weight of the steel plate from manufacturer ring to the flange at the back end is 39 feet and the weight 15 tons.

STILLMAN RANDOLPH'S REVENGE.

A Young Woman Attacked by a Cowardly Brute on the Street.

Last evening the members of the Columbia Social Club of this city gave their fourth annual ball in the Gesang and Turning Society's Hall on Somerset street, North Plainfield. Miss Kate Murphy, a young woman from Metuchen, attended the ball in the company of a friend named Gilbert Murray, of this city. Stillman Randolph, a hostler, also attended, and, it is said, was under the influence of liquor. Miss Murphy, it is stated, on some previous occasion had refused to dance with Randolph and she declined again last evening. Her refusal enraged Randolph to such an extent that he threatened to shoot her. The Committee in charge of the affair ejected him from the ball room.

Not satisfied with the disturbance he had already caused, Randolph determined to lay in wait for the unoffending girl and her escort. When Miss Murphy and Mr. Murray arrived at the corner of Somerset street and Craig place early this morning Randolph jumped from his hiding place and hit the young woman a blow in the face, following this assault with several others. When her escort sprang to her rescue Randolph's pal, James Wartinge, who had been watching with him, attacked Murray. In the meantime the woman fainted and the two assailants took to their heels. They have not since been seen.

Two young women, one from Jersey City and the other from Plainfield, witnessed the brutal affair. They also fled. When the three girls were carried to the residence of Dr. Carman, who lives near by. The doctor was awakened from his slumbers and worked hard to restore the girls to consciousness, but it was some time before he brought them to. Miss Murphy's face is terribly swollen and discolored.

In running away Randolph left his overcoat, which he dropped on the ground, and Marshal Pangborn secured it. In searching the pockets a letter and several other papers bearing his name were found, and therefore his identity is established beyond a doubt.

A party of young men were searching for Randolph this morning. Had they succeeded in ascertaining his whereabouts, they would have taught him a lesson he would not soon have forgotten.

PERSONAL.

City Judge Wm. M. Stillman returned to Plainfield this morning from a business trip to Chicago.

The Rev. Mr. Fiske, formerly rector of the Holy Cross church in North Plainfield, visited Plainfield to-day.

The Rev. Fathers Smyth and Stafford, of St. Mary's church, have taken up temporary quarters at the City Hotel.

Mr. W. N. Terry, of Dunellen, gave a select party one evening this week in honor of his 21st birthday. Only a few of his most intimate friends were invited. The evening was most enjoyably spent.

Mr. George Kline, who lives on the mountain, gave birth to triplets last Tuesday. The three children, all boys, together weighed twenty-four pounds. They did not live. Dr. Zeigler, of Mt. Bethel, attended.

The Rev. J. L. Benetist, of New York, has been been conducting a series of revival meetings at the New Market Baptist church. He has been assisted for two weeks ago. Last evening there were fourteen inquirers.

Mr. John Geary, of New Brooklyn, and Miss Kate F. Leary, of Athens, Pa., were married at the home of the bride on Wednesday, Nov. 6th. A reception will be tendered the happy couple at the home of the groom's parents in New Brooklyn on Saturday, Nov. 16th.

A very select party were entertained last evening by Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Patton, of East Ninth street, in honor of Mrs. Patton's nephew, Mr. "Jack" Miller. The young ladies of the party were remarkably handsome and vivacious. The host and hostess made every one very happy.

Their First Bowling Match.

The first match game between the bowlers in the Union County League took place on the Westfield alleys last night. The Westfield boys were victorious. Following is the score in detail:

HANDLESS, OF WESTFIELD.

	S.	S.	S.	Total.
Young	3	3	5	136
Moore	5	3	4	170
Jackson	3	3	5	159
Hanford	2	3	5	140
Marsh	3	3	3	126
Hart	3	3	2	179
Hurst	0	5	5	119
Howe	3	3	3	1111
McQuoid	3	2	3	140
Foster	3	1	6	129
				1372

ELIZABETH ATHLETIC CLUB.

	S.	S.	S.	Total.
Fleming	1	4	5	133
Hall	3	4	4	1031
Carr	2	4	4	151
Van Sickle	3	2	6	197
Hall	3	3	7	119
Warner	3	2	5	137
Bates	3	3	5	131
Hall	1	3	5	133
Dimock	1	4	5	126
Duncan	3	5	3	139
				1368

Sequel to a Road Collision.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Job Coddington, of North Plainfield, vs. William Poltz, of New Market, came up for trial before Justice Cole of Dunellen. On Sept. 30th both men were driving on Park avenue, the former driving a horse and the latter a mule. Mr. Coddington's vehicle was wrecked. Coddington claimed that Mr. Poltz purposely ran against his horse and wagon, and he brought suit for damages. Justice Cole reserved his decision. Lawyer W. A. Coddington represented the plaintiff and Lawyer Hall Coddington appeared for the defendant. The damages are placed at $25.

False Alarm.

A fire was started in the laundry of Mr. O. B. Tweedy's beautiful residence on Crescent avenue about 9 o'clock this morning. A passerby saw the smoke issuing from a window of the laundry, thought the house was on fire, and turned in an alarm. The fire department responded promptly, but their services were fortunately not required.

THE VITAL QUESTION.

LADIES' AID SOCIETY ANNIVERSARY AT RE FORM HALL.

Addresses by Mrs. P. M. French and Rev. C. H. Mitchell.—The Duty of Our City Fathers.

The Ladies' Aid Society celebrated the first anniversary of their organization in Re-rm Hall last evening. About four hundred persons were present. Everyone seemed to enjoy the programme, which consisted of both vocal and instrumental music. Mrs. P. M. French, president of the Society, made the annual address, which elicited considerable applause. She said that the society was organized in response to an appeal from the Reform Club, and that since its organization it had taken charge of the Sunday morning and afternoon meetings held under the auspices of the Club. Their efforts had been very encouraging. She also stated that they had received $150 in the treasury and that the committees of the society had been very successful in the various branches of work undertaken by them. In closing Mrs. French thanked all those who had assisted in the work during the past year, and made an appeal for more help.

The Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, was the next speaker. His address was eagerly listened to and his witty remarks and anecdotes drew many considerable applause. In substance he said:

"The most sublime spectacle the world has seen is presented in this, the afternoon of the nineteenth century, where these noble women have assembled on this as on other occasions to fight that terrible curse, Rum. The curse of intemperance is not a new one by any means. It can be traced back for centuries. The saloon is a curse, the most terrible one Satan has ever concocted. The question remains, How shall we get rid of it? The only way to deal with it is the same way as you would deal with a snake. The only way to deal with a snake is to put your heel upon its head and jump up and down on it until the sun goes down. The only way to get rid of the rum traffic is to put the heel of National Legislation on its head and crush it out of existence. Some people think that this curse has come to stay. It need to be said that American slavery had come to stay, but we all know it has been wiped out of existence. I believe the liquor curse will follow in its wake. We are endeavoring to educate the people to have wrongs righted. I would like to have a talk with every voter and every councilman in the city. If the city government licenses those places to sell rum, it goes into partnership with them. Our City Fathers may either pronounce it a legitimate business or they may say it is a curse to the community, and that they will curtail the number of places by a tax or license. Or they may say to the traffic, 'You are a murderer; a destroyer of the home; a destroyer of the purity of the ballot box. You rob men of their money and their manhood, and we absolutely prohibit your existence in our community.' I favor no such partial prohibition. It is granted under restrictions and if these restrictions are violated the licenses are forfeited. I claim that every man who believes in restricting the sale of Liquor by license is helping to make a prohibitionist. A license practically declares that the liquor traffic is an evil, and it is granted not merely because it brings money into the treasury of the city, but because it is a restraint on that evil. It prohibits the sale of liquor on Sunday and it prohibits the sale to children under a prescribed age. If liquor selling is an evil and we can check it for five feet why cannot we restrain it for a mile? If we can curtail the saloons to ten, five or three why cannot we destroy them altogether? God bless the man who is so mean that he votes for the granting of licenses simply because it lightens his taxes. He reminds me of the man who, when his house was on fire, rushed into the fireyard and saved his yellow dog and left his family to burn to death. The poorest man who ever lived can check a cancer by the application of acid in a few minutes. He works for his living and makes something; but the saloon-keeper can show no cause. The only thing he makes is the drunkard. When the city licenses a saloon it enters into partnership with the proprietor. If you believe that the city should go into partnerships of that sort you might as well believe it right for the ministers of the gospel to go into partnership with the devil. We have had no license in Plainfield since March 1st; and some people have seen fit to say that the saloon question is a failure here and that there are some sixty places selling liquor unmolested; that you can go into any quarter of the city and procure all you want providing you pay for it. Some people seem to know a great deal more about it than the proper officials do. But, my friends, please remember that no license in Plainfield this year was an accident. If you elect men who will refuse to license these death traps; men who mean business; men who will see that the prohibitory law is enforced, then the saloons will close. It would be any trouble about it. I believe that if such a law were in existence and the rumsellers saw that the people were in earnest about enforcing it, there would be very little trouble in so doing. When a law-breaker finds out that the law is against him and that a majority of the people are in favor of the law, he will not continue to break it. He will cease to carry on his nefarious business. It would be too risky. I believe the strictest prohibition law can be enforced. I went to Kansas, fresh from college, just after the prohibition movement was first agitated, and lived there for three years. I know something about the effect of the law in that State. According to the testimony of the State's attorney there is no law so well enforced as the Prohibitory law. There are many counties in the State where not a saloon exists; the jails and the number of prisoners in State prisons is decreasing every day. I believe the day will come when New Jersey will be so free from the traffic as Kansas. The saloon-keeper is never satisfied. If you tell Pockinghan he wants too much, he will talk high Horace he wants low Roman. So I believe in fighting in opposition to him every time. He reminds me of a story I once heard about a deacon. This deacon was an easy going sort of a man who always appeared to be happy and who always wore a smile on his face. His neighbors used to say it would be impossible to get Deacon Jones mad. One day the deacon labored hard to fix the beautiful lawn in front of his house. When the work was completed he spread grass seed all over the nice soft ground and retired to the house and afterwards went to bed. During the night some cattle a-rovers left his gate open and some long-nosed pigs got into the yard and rooted havoc with the lawn. The next morning the neighbors noticed the state of affairs and began to write or smear on the gate that of the deacon did not get mad over and destruction of the lawn nothing would make him angry. Both neighbors awaited anxiously for the deacon to appear. He finally made his appearance, but when the good man saw the lawn he said nothing. On his face was a look as much as to say, he'll never return and to the lawn. One of the neighbors, thinking he had not noticed the condition of his property, decided to call his attention to it, and said: 'Deacon, isn't it a shame that those ignorant cattle should root up your lawn after all your hard work?' 'Yes,' responded the deacon, 'but I tried who could make ground to suit a hog.'"

REV. J. W. MITCHELL'S DEFENSE.

How the Colored Pastor Vindicates Himself.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING NEWS:—In the columns of your paper dated Nov. 6, there is an article headed "A Pastor in Disgrace." Then follows my name which designates the article as referring to me.

I am surprised to find that we have in our city such a paper as that, and it nobles a position as the "official" check on the colored people and no unscrupulous as to throw broadcast in the community statements which are false. So discreditably on a Christian minister.

Allow me to make a true statement of the facts both as to myself and the action of the church.

In regard to the matter in question I will say that I never visited the pastor of the Mt. Olive Baptist church nearer his residence than the city designated in your paper, nor any other, nor have I ever, that I know of, e mined that such was the case. The family in question, who reside on North avenue has for some time sustained the relation of intimate friends to the family of the pastor of Mt. Olive church. My wife and daughter have visited in the family and I myself and family have in some instances spent the night with them on the invitation of the host. As for my part, I dropped in whenever I felt inclined.

Secondly, I would have the public to know that I never walked locked arm with any lady on any secluded street; that statement in your paper of the kind is a false fabrication or willful words, a lie and I challenge the author.

I have my wife and I have at different times accompanied the pastor at night home, to various times, after tea, the lady in question has been present, but not in the capacity of a service or prayer meeting. I have also known my wife to go home with and lady from the church to her house and remain there until I called for her, but never left her, which time I have walked up the street to my own house and came to where I had to turn to go to my lodgings.

I repeat my frequent visits were in company; you, I remember having visited it a number of times myself, and I am sure that the husband of the lady was sick abed.

Now, Editor, you have had little to say, I have in view other things, when working up your evil report in the church or when I have been looking for strangers within the city; once when expecting a company of singers. I went to and from my work for about five times that day to said house, but remembered that I had to go to the depot to receive them to serve them refreshments.

Now, Mr. Editor, I will tell me what there is in all this and the likes that effect morality? Not a word as to the cause, that was considered by the pastor and lady friends, but in origin. There is it seems a house in this city where certain females of color meet for gossip. According to rumor their conversation is on the line of immorality. They, so it is said, express their views one to another relative to who they are keeping company with, and they have expressed their desire from a beautiful standpoint about Pastor Mitchell. It is said, by the lady who is a member for the public rumor, she went to this place over a year ago. Now, Mr. Editor, I am a married man, being among my friends, cracked a joke concerning them, but the matter was whispered, and I have not been disturbed since. Why should not the public say the same of the ladies as it was not said in a public manner? Why should it say that the public may judge? The statement is the result of a reflective character. As long as those individuals are kept in the dark by each other, all was well, but they became alienated, then the statements were made public. Pastor Mitchell, the pastor of the church became the sufferer.

Now, Mr. Editor, who is responsible for the gossip of these women? Surely not the pastor. He is not to blame, but the public is.

As soon as Pastor Mitchell ascertained what was rumored in public, he called together those members of the church who were willing to investigate the matter. Parties concerned were summoned and after a careful inquiry they framed the following report which was presented to the church, viz:

"Whereas, certain reports detrimental to the pastor's reputation have been spread in the community, and as your Board of Deacons have investigated the same, and have found according to evidence, that they are false, Mrs. ——, however, admitted that she did in time past say that certain reports were whispered, but not the character of Mr. Mitchell, for which reason we exonerate him from all blame."

This report was unanimously adopted, except so much as referred to the forgiving of Mrs. ——, which was left to the option of the church feeling that its honor and that of the pastor's character was involved. After a full and hot short of the exclusion of the offender, she was forgiven.

Another incorrect statement made in your paper was that the church was divided as to the pastor's guilt or innocence. Such was not the case. The church was unanimous in their conduct both in and out of the house, as proved by a standing vote declared their belief in the pastor's innocence.

Pastor Mt. Olive church.

Plainfield, Nov. 7, 1889.

A row occurs in Mr. Mitchell's church over his conduct, toward a woman. The row attracts the police. A NEWS reporter investigates the cause, and ascertains from the members of the church's own church the facts as publ hed, and confirmed by his own letter.

The set of resolutions which Mr. Mitchell says were adopted by his Board of Deacons, are not signed by them. This may have been through oversight, but it is a fact. The resolutions, being his moral character, the minister should have his board publish the resolutions over their signatures to satisfy his own people, who gave us all the information we published and more of a similar nature, but the reverend gentleman is not to be, I, ought to know that we are only interested to have our reports accurate, and spare no expense to attain that object. In right conduct he will find no stronger friend than THE NEWS. In wrong conduct he will find no stronger reprover in the country, so far as it may in us be proper. We know nothing about his guilt or innocence. He has a congregation of worthy colored people, who are in a discussion of minister's failures to him, according to the information given by us. We only report what is said. We do not say Mr. Mitchell is guilty, perhaps that he may satisfy his people of his absolute innocence.

Short Hand at the Y. M. C. A.

It is proposed to introduce in the Young Men's Christian Association a class in short hand, provided a sufficient number of young men can be secured. The association rooms are to be fitted up with all the conveniences of such instruction. Members of the association will be charged $1.50, while outside this pale and other privileges of the association.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

An Outsider Chosen.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Nov. 8.—Considerable indignation was manifested among the leading Republicans here yesterday over the appointment of William T. Hoppock, of Middlesex county, as collector of the port of Perth Amboy. Hopper is said to be protege of President Hoey, of the Adsers Express Company, and was appointed under Collector Edgar, who gave way to Collector Kelly, democrat. The Republican candidates for the place in Middlesex county were C. C. Campbell, of Metuchen; William Edgar and Wm. Pinkcomek, of Perth Amboy, and C. B. Herbert, of New Brunswick. The last named was morally certain of it.

The Speakerships.

BURLINGTON, Nov. 8th.—An interesting question that now arises is as to the presiding officers of the coming Senate and House. The Senate belongs to the Republicans. Bradbury is likely to go to Senator George T. Cranmer, who has just been elected to a third term from Ocean county. Senator Gardner, of Atlantic, is entering on his fifth term, but he already had the distinction of the Senate Presidency. Senator Garrison, of Burlington or Martin, of Essex, and Ros of Gloucester, may, one or all, be in the field against Senator Cranmer, however. The Speakership of the Assembly may be a bone of contention among the Democrats, although the leaders, it is stated, assert that Hank. of Union, deserves the honor. Leonard Kalisch, of Essex, is likely also to be a candidate.

Another New Jersey Railroad.

TRENTON, Nov. 8th.—The corps of civil engineers who have been engaged in laying out the Trenton and Atlantic Railroad have completed the location of the line from Point Pleasant to Trenton. The engineer reported that the enterprise has received everywhere the cordial support of the residents along the route. Great success is predicted for the road, as it runs in the natural line of traffic. The final estimates will soon be prepared and the showing as to cost of construction will be favorable. If the report be right of way is equally favorable, the Trenton and Atlantic Railroad will soon be an accomplished fact. There is now no doubt that such will be the case. The route is as follows: From Point Pleasant to West Point Pleasant; to Burrsville; to Lakewood; passing near Van Hiserville; to Francis Mills; passing near Red Valley; to Imlaystown; to Allentown; to Trenton. The entire length of the route is about forty miles.

The Value of Advertising.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The good results of advertising in THE NEWS are again shown by my finding my pocketbook this morning. While making my bed, I heard it fall from the pocket of my night dress to the floor. I was then below and found it to be the pocketbook. In hanging my cloak on the foot-board for a few moments the morning before, it must have fallen from the pocket and slipped between the mattress and the springs. I gladly pay the amount of the book, $5.00 dollar bond, and am willing to give THE NEWS the entire credit of finding the missing property.

Very cordially yours,
MRS. W. A. WOODRUFF.

Plainfield, Nov. 8, 1889.

School Laws and Blanks.

A compilation of all the school laws of the State, including those passed last Winter, has just been completed under the direction of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Besides the laws are in the book the rules and regulations for the government of school officers, various decisions given by the State Superintendent and the Attorney-General and forms prepared for the use of school officers. The book is a very useful one to all persons engaged in school work.

Died.

CONKLIN.—In this city, Nov. 7th, 1889, Mrs. Amy A., wife of S. C. Conklin.

Funeral services from her late residence, 20 West Front street, Monday, Nov. 11th, at 2:30 p. m. 8-2 *R.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG MAN of 22, is steady, willing, and obliging, wants work of any kind. Address C. Johnson, P. O. Box 338, Scotch Plains. 11-2.

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day; best of work for $1 a day. No. 37 Bevard avenue. 7-2

FOR SALE.—Best residence property in Westfield, N. J. Five minutes from depot, churches, schools and post office. High grounds, 800x231. House, twelve rooms, with bath, hot water, farm and carriage house, all in complete order. Terms to suit. Apply to Luther M. Whitaker, Westfield, N. J. 5-3*

THE CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW at Dennison's Hall will open to-morrow. Will be in blooming plants in great variety. 8-4

UNFURNISHED rooms, for lodgings, at No. 7 Arlington avenue. 8-3

LOST.—A hound dog, on the mountains of near Sebring's mill. Answers to the name of "Jack." Any one finding will please bring to Liberal reward paid if returned to Henry A. Voehl, Somerset street. 7-3

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $5 per month. 25 Grandview avenue. 10 15-6*

TO LET.—Two desirable rooms with board; terms reasonable. 19 Madison avenue. 8-3

TO LET.—A cellar; also lot in rear of store on Park st. L. Beyniger, 31 and 33 Somerset street. 11-4-tf

TO LET.—House, four rooms. 31 Webster street. 10-29-tf

WANTED.—Girl for general housework. 23 East Sixth street.

WANTED.—Carpenter; must be first class workman. Apply to owner of the new factory building, Central avenue, Randolph road. 11-7tf.

WANTED.—Situation by coachman and gardener. Good reference. Address "L. A. M." care of Evening News. 7-3

WANTED.—A competent cook and housemaid are required. Apply at No. 178 West Front street. 11-4-tf

WANTED.—Girl for general housework. Three in family. 11-6-tf

WANTED.—A boy to drive the Troy wagon. Tea. For sale by Sartalee & Dunn, ground, North avenue. 11-1-tf

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Semadeni's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address the Misses Semadeni, 17 East Front street, Newark, N. J.

TOILETTES NEW FRENCH SYSTEM
of dressmaking as now on exhibition at Payne's Hotel, room 2. This system with its adjustable square, revolving ruler, its exact measure, simple and rapid use precludes all necessity of refitting, giving perfect ease, style and elegance of figure. Dressmakers and ladies interested are invited to call and test its merits. Is capable of being learned and in place in families. Patterns cut and fitted to order and system taught. A few fitted as tests. 8-3

A CARD OF THANKS.
I wish to express my thanks to the members of the Fire Department and the many gentlemen who assisted so generously in saving my property, and worked so heroically to save St. Mary's church from destruction at the recent fire.
P. E. SMYTH.

An Ordinance

for the repairing and permanent improvement of Elm Place.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the portion of Elm Place for its entire length be forthwith repaired and graded with Belgian stone for width of from six to eight feet each side of the center line thereof and to a depth varying from two to six inches as circumstances may require, at the entire expense of the city to be paid for out of the general fund for tax for the improvement of streets, as provided by the act entitled "An act to authorize the cities of this state to make permanent improvements in the streets thereof and to pay for the general expense." Approved, May 13, 1880.

Adopted by the Common Council, Nov. 4, 1889. Approved by the Mayor, Nov. 6, 1889.

JOB MAIER, Mayor.

Attest:—O. B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

THE FAIR

in the Sunday School Room of the German Church

Will not be open to-day,

but will come to a close To-morrow Evening at 7:30 with an

Auction Sale.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink. Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run; open only to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.

2—Seventy yards dash. Open.

3—Half-mile Run. Open.

4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.

5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.

6—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Sander, of Brooklyn.

7—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.

8—Standing Broad Jump. Club.

9—Running High Jump. Club.

10—Two-Mile Bicycle Race. Open to non-winners. Club.

11—Tug of war between Elizabeth Wheelmen and Plainfield Bi. Club.

Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c., to be obtained at Shaw's, and Randolph's Drug Stores.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenox, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. H. Hallock, E. F. Mooney, C. L. Murphy, J. F. Munn and L. W. Serrell, Jr. 11-9-11

BUZZ:

A Monthly Magazine,

New Jersey Literature. Original, Sparkling, Refined. Every Plainfielder will take a State, a local, and a literary pride in it. Subscriptions now available at office.

LOVE BUILDING.

Single number	10 cents.
Yearly subscription	$1.00.

SUBSCRIBE FROM THE START.
ORDER AT ONCE. 7-2*

SATURDAY,

Oct. 9th,

ALL DAY,

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete

AT THE

City Pharmacy

You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth when you call for your Soda. Pure in form, pure in taste and any injurious substances.

SARSAPARILLA, prepared in the best way with pure sarsaparilla and the best Pineapple syrup at 25c. per bottle.

L. W. Randolph,

Successor to Field & Randolph,
216 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
and buy goods for

15 Per Cent. Off

or Spot Cash. We offer our Stoves, Lamps

Tinware and Graniteware. Carpenter and Machinist Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS

J. C. Pierson. Jr.,

No. 42 West Front Street.

FURNITURE.

FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines, Umbrella Stands, Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store,

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."

What does inexperience make? A pretender. We tell dare the house owner and the public that we have more than 20 years' experience in the business. Does your experience count for anything? Ask a dozen of a dozen or a thousand on the other. Good workmanship and reasonable prices. Repairing of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Spectacles a specialty. Established 1863; as the best of the profession (1889.)

The Manufacturing Optician and Mechanical Co.,
Telephone Building,
Cortlandt street, New York.

Plainfield Office, 28 North Avenue.

PLAINFIELD DAILY NEWS

A NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF 10 CTS. A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The poets have dropped the summer girl, and now they sing the autumn girl. But the fact is the girl, the everlasting and perennial girl, spring, summer, autumn, winter, is always sweet and bright.

It is announced with the utmost gravity that the 6½-foot infant giraffe at Cincinnati is the first one ever born in captivity in America. Might one ask, without any offense, as it were, when there was a giraffe born in America out of captivity?

Now that Mr. Trautweiler has hit upon it, the wonder is that nobody ever thought before of ascending inaccessible mountains by tunneling up through the inside of them. Mr. Trautweiler has applied to the Swiss government for a permit to build an underground railway up the Jungfrau mountain. It will reap as great a harvest from tourists as the Eiffel tower has done.

It has long been thought that Chicago was a gassy city. But nobody supposed the gas had struck in. There can be no doubt of the fact, however, since a vein of natural gas shot up from under the lake bed, caught fire from a lamp carried by some laborers employed in tunneling for the new water works and seriously burned the men. Doubtless the gas has been accumulating under there since the first real estate boom in Chicago, until now there is probably enough to supply the whole city with heat and light from this first class article of home manufacture.

Green Goods and Green People.

The newspapers have done their best to enlighten a stranger on the ways that abound for taking him in, but somehow it does seem as though there were just as many fools as ever. A fellow calling himself Charles Wilson, of Hoboken, N. J., has been practicing on the innocent gullibles of Alabama and Georgia, chiefly, in a way to make angels weep. By means known to rogues, he secured numbers of names of country people, and some not from the country, and then sent them circulars informing them that for $1 he would send them $10 worth of counterfeit money, good enough to deceive even the very elect. It was quite surprising the number of virtuous citizens who bit at the bait. The scamp had even given the name of a reliable Philadelphia firm for reference. The honest but too confiding citizens who were not averse to increasing their wealth by passing "green goods" on their neighbors, sent their honest dollars and got of course nothing, or a package of old newspapers in return. Then they really thought they had been badly used, although the unprejudiced verdict of their fellow countrymen would be that they were served right.

"Don't monkey with bricks," says The Germantown Independent.

When a man offers to sell you a gold brick for $9.41, don't invest. Also, when you see an unusual bargain offered on the pavement leaving the car marks of age and hard usage, don't kick it. It is pretty sure to have been forged and hardened brick that the seams under it. This brick business all around is a pretty bad sell.

Ocean Tragedies of September.

The tragedy of the ill fated steamer Earnmoor, of the Earn line, is one that might well figure in a minor key as such in a fiction writer. Twenty-five men started merrily out in the steamer Earnmoor, from Philadelphia, about the 1st of September. Oct. 21 seven weak, broken men returned again to Philadelphia, all that remained of the brave crew of the Earnmoor. She was caught in the September cyclone on the 5th of the month and foundered. The captain and thirteen men went down with her. Eleven took the lifeboat, hoisted their coats upon an oar for a sail, and set upon the tremendous ocean. Twenty days they were in this open boat on the ocean.

All they ate during that time was a flying fish and two small sea birds, devoured raw. It seems incredible. During the twenty days there was rain three times, and the men squeezed the fresh water out of the sail into their mouths, and so quenched their thirst. On the eleventh day the engineer and mate sat alone in the stern of the boat. A man approached them with wildness in his eye.

"We have made up our minds to draw lots," said he, "to see who shall be killed and eaten to save the lives of the rest." The engineer seized the madman by the throat and told him the two in the stern of the boat would have nothing to do with this foul deed. This daunted the man, and they were saved from adding cannibalism to the tragedies of the sea. But the madman sprang overboard and drowned himself. Three others died from exposure. How say lived is the marvel.

The same day that brought the Earnmoor survivors home, news came of another sea tragedy. The Bristol steamer Brooklyn City, on the 15th of September, rescued the starving survivors of the wrecked bark Baron Podestor. They had lashed themselves to the bowsprit and squeezed drops of rain water from their clothing to stay their thirst.

But how many tragedies of the sea in this September cyclone will never be known?

[MORNING NEWS.]

THE MILKMAN'S STORY.

Evidence Implicating Kunze and Coughlin.

THE KEY TO THE FAMOUS TRUNK.

It Was Found at the Carlson Cottage.

Testimony That Connects Kunze and Coughlin with "Simonds," the Buyer of the Cottage Furniture.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—In the Cronin trial things are looking a trifle bad for Kunze. Willis James, a stenographic student, has identified Kunze as the man whom he saw in the apartments at 117 South Clark street, where Simonds got the furniture and trunk he had purchased one afternoon late in February or early in March. William Marbes, a milkman, also identified Coughlin and Kunze as two men who he saw drive up to the Carlson cottage on the night of the murder. The horse was dark brown with a white face. He heard a sound like that made by nailing at this residence. A faint smile played over the ex-detective's face, while Kunze flushed a trifle. The witness was cross-examined by Judge Wing and said that he picked Kunze out of a long line of men in the station. He had stood looking at the man in the buggy for fully five minutes, and the man looked at him sharply, too. "I never saw a man look like he did at me," said the witness.

Coughlin Gets Red.

Marbes went on to say that he fully recognized Coughlin when he saw him in the county jail. This evidence troubled the ex-detective. His face and neck became suffused with blood and his eyes grew moist. The cross-examination developed the fact that Judge Wing had called upon the witness at his home and put him through a course of sprouts for half an hour of examination. Marbes, however, had been warned by Capt. Schuettler to tell nobody the evidence he was going to give.

Horse and Fairy Story.

Finding himself unable to shake off the attorney for the defense he had told him a fairy story. It was upon this trial the cross-examination ran longest, and as a result, the lawyer found himself treading on dangerous ground. The witness frankly admitted that he had lied to the lawyer, because he had been told to say so by Coughlin, adding: "That was in my house, but this is different. In my house I tell whatever I please. When I come in court I swear by God to tell the truth, and, by God, I tell the truth."

A Threat from the Judge.

At this there was loud applause, which caused Judge McConnell to say that if the demonstration was repeated he would adjourn long enough to clear the court and then resume the trial. The cross-examination continued for over an hour, but the witness did not vary in his story.

Coughlin's Pallid Speech of Key.

Officer Lorch, who was one of the first to enter the Carlson cottage, described its condition and told of finding the paint spotted key to the famous trunk on the sidewalk in the front room. The key was placed in evidence and the court took a recess. Another interesting point in the testimony was that by ex-Police Capt. Wing, of Lake View, regarding the finding in the Carlson cottage of the key to the bloody trunk in which the body had been packed.

O'Sullivan's Evasive Replies.

Ex-Police Capt. Schaack, of the Chicago avenue station, was the first witness at the afternoon session. He testified to his conversation with O'Sullivan on May 7 and May 29. The latter denied that he belonged to the Clan-na-Gael, and gave the witness a very unsatisfactory account of his relations with Dr. Cronin. O'Sullivan reluctantly admitted that he had talked with Coughlin by telephone shortly before the murder and while there was a detective under Schaack, and that he made inquiry about Kunze.

Chief of Police Hubbard Testifies, Too.

Chief of Police Hubbard was the next witness, and his appearance on the stand caused a ripple of excitement, He having been understood that he would have something important to reveal. He was first asked about the custody of the jugful of ashes he was given to the coroner. He said it had been in his sole care until delivered to the state's attorney. This was also true regarding the lock and key. The chief identified Suspect Burke as the Burke he had first seen in the Winnipeg jail, and the direct examination ended, much to the disappointment of the spectators.

Police Capt. Schuettler next told of his connection with the case on which he had been working since the beginning. He first heard of the Carlson cottage on the night of May 28, the day the body was discovered, and went out to the next day. Among the things he found there was a pool of blood stained soap on which was some hair. He told of the footprints on the blood stained floor and upon being shown pieces of the flooring that had been taken up, identified them. The witness controverted the theory of the defense that the trunk in court was not the one that was in Evanston avenue by indicating to the jury identification marks made on it by him last May. Before the conclusion of the cross-examination court adjourned.

A Fatal Wreck in Maine.

DOVER, Me., Nov. 6.—A train of empty gravel cars, without a locomotive, running on a down grade on the Dexter and Piscataquis railroad, was run into near Blackstrap bridge by a freight train, and several cars were wrecked and thrown down an embankment. A man named Shea, who had begun work in the morning, was killed. An Italian was injured. Engineer Hall escaped. Malcolm Livingston, of Cape Breton, two Scotchmen and an Italian were also hurt, but not dangerously.

The Wedding Went On.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 6.—While Mrs. John M. Brown lay dead in one room of her husband's dwelling in Bordentown, N. J., Wednesday, her daughter, Isabella, was married in an adjoining room. Mrs. Brown died a few hours before the time set for the wedding, and as the ceremony could not be postponed made for the latter event, it was decided not to postpone the wedding.

Ten Counterfeiters Arrested.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 6.—James R. Brown, George Morris, Andrew Cinson and James J. Cinson have been arrested at Cleveland, Tenn., charged with counterfeit money, making ten arrests in this vicinity within a few days. The operations of the counterfeiters have been very extensive throughout this section for several months past.

A Fatal Rabbit Hunt.

CATTARAUGUS, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Charles S. Smith, of this village, while rabbit hunting accidentally stepped and fell. The hammer of his gun collided with a log, discharging both barrels. Both charges passed through Smith's head. He expired shortly.

A MILL AT BOSTON.

Jack Ashton Knocked Out by George Godfrey, Colored.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—At the Parnell Athletic club rooms last night Jack Ashton, of Providence, and George Godfrey, the colored heavy weight pugilist of Boston, faced each other for fourteen rounds. The latter received a knock-out in Godfrey's favor. Ashton was seconded by Billy Madden and Steve McManus. Godfrey's seconds were Patsy Sheridan and Frank Carney. Tom Dunn, of New York, referee. Providence sporting men wagered their money freely on Ashton at odds of $100 to $60, and the result of the contest was the surprise of the evening. At first round Godfrey stock rose rapidly, and it became painfully evident that Ashton was overmatched. Godfrey got in a terrible right hand blow on Ashton's left eye, which in the first round which seemed to daze the latter, and he did not appear to recover from the effect during the whole contest.

In fact, after the first round Ashton was practically out of the fight. In the second round Godfrey planted another blow over Ashton's left eye, while Ashton tried in vain to land on Godfrey's face.

In the third round Ashton rushed the fighting, but Godfrey parried his body blows and repeatedly landed on Ashton's face. In the fourth, fifth and sixth round Ashton was kept busy defending himself from Godfrey's blows, which sought Ashton's face and ended with telling effect. Godfrey seemed to enjoy Ashton's hits. They were ill-directed mainly at the latter's stomach, although Godfrey received one slinger between the eyes in the sixth.

In the seventh Ashton was caught with a heavy left hander on the right jaw and went to the floor. From the eighth to the thirteenth round Godfrey had the fight, nearly his own, showing his superiority over Ashton. Ashton planted but three telling blows upon Godfrey during the entire contest. In the fourteenth round Godfrey succeeded in landing a powerful blow under Ashton's left jaw that brought him to the floor a beaten man.

By the terms of the match Godfrey received $100 and Ashton $60, the latter taking a $200 trophy. As the conclusion of the contest Godfrey was challenged by Joe Lannon, the well known heavy weight, of Boston.

A BLOW AT TRUSTS.

A General Term Decision in Regard to the Sugar Trust Matter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Judge Danlely wrote the decision which was handed down by the general term of the supreme court affirming the decision of Judge Barrett at the special term, by which the North River Sugar Refining company was dissolved for violating its charter in joining the sugar trust. Presiding Judge Van Brunt and Judge Brady concur in the decision. The court holds that though the trust agreement does not set forth as one of its objects the prevention of competition and the enhancement of prices, these objects may be judicially inferred from the facts in the case and from the ordinary motives governing men's actions. And even though a suitable competition might prevent the trust from realizing these objects, this accidental fact would not relieve the parties to the agreement from responsibility for their illegal course.

It is a condition under which a corporation is allowed to be created and maintained that it shall confer no benefit from its franchise to the benefit of the public. And when it voluntarily declines to do that or places itself in a situation in which that may be prevented as a consequence of its voluntary action, under the statute as well as the decisions of the courts, its charter may be annulled at the suit of the attorney general.

Threw a Bomb at the Jap.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—The steamer City of Sydney, from Japan, brings the news of an attempted assassination on Oct. 18 of Count Okuma, the minister of foreign affairs for Japan. The count was returning from a cabinet meeting and just entering the gate of his official residence when a man named Kurishma Tanseki, who was politically envious of the count, stepped in front of the carriage and threw a bomb at the count. The bomb struck the top of the carriage and exploded at the count's feet, inflicting deep wounds on the right leg and right arm, and on the right hand and face. The would-be assassin then drew a short sword and killed himself by cutting his throat. The count's leg was amputated above the knee and it is thought that he will not be entertained for his life.

The Evansville Strike Settled.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 6.—The differences between the Evansville and Terre Haute Railroad company and the striking conductors, firemen and brakemen were amicably settled this morning, much to both sides. The firemen joined the strikers in the morning, but the action made no material difference in the situation, as no freight trains could be moved. All trains are running regularly.

Jaggar Arrested in Canada.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 6.—Alfred Jaggar, of Utica, N. Y., has been arrested here on a charge of bringing stolen property into Canada. The arrest was made at the instance of J. S. Hamilton, of Utica, whose store Jaggar had stolen two diamond rings. The jewelry was pawned in Utica, after which Jaggar got married and started for Canada on a wedding tour.

A Bank Cashier's Son Arrested.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 6.—Alfred Graham, a prominent young society man of northern New Jersey, was arrested here, charged with passing a forged check for $900. The prisoner is the son of Alfred Graham, cashier of an excellent family. His father is cashier of the Third National bank of Philadelphia. Young Graham has been leading a fast life lately. He was held for trial.

He Lived to Be Hanged.

ROME, Ga., Nov. 6.—"Pig" Vann, who was hanged today at Summerville for murder, set his friends in the jail pleasantly soon after being informed that the governor had refused to interfere in his behalf. He also cut a few pigeon wings for them, lost a good deal of blood, but the wounds were not serious, and he was executed just the same.

A Samoan Victim Buried.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The body of Capt. G. Marcus Schoonmaker, who met his life in the hurricane at Samoa, was interred in the family lot in Wiltwyck cemetery. Brief services, attended only by immediate relatives, were held. Lieut. Cooke, who was executive officer of the Vandalia, was present.

A Suicide Antipasmed.

BUFFALO, Nov. 6.—Henry W. Gorton, formerly of Gorton & Co., Chicago, committed suicide at assignment to E. M. Lyndsorman. The employes are made preferred creditors, as is also Mrs. Gorton, and the assignment is about $5,000, made by the firm of Gorton & Co. There are no other preferences.

Mrs. Wanamaker's Guest.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Mrs. Harrison has returned from New York, and is the guest of Mrs. Wanamaker at Chelten hills.

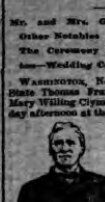
SHE IS NOW MRS. BAYARD

The Ex-Secretary of State Weds Miss Clymer.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS PRESENT

Mr. and Mrs. Grover Cleveland and Other Notables Graced the Occasion—The Ceremony Occurred at Washington—Wedding Costume of the Bride.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Ex-Secretary of State Thomas Francis Bayard and Miss Mary Willing Clymer were married yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's



THOMAS F. BAYARD.

mother, 1,764 H street, N. W. The house was decorated and drew a noticeable gathering of people prominent in the last administration. Ex-President Cleveland honored his cabinet associate with his presence, and with him was his wife, looking as vivacious as when in the White House. Ex-Secretary Fairchild and wife were present, and also Mr. Dickinson, wife of the postmaster general of the last administration. Mr. Bayard was almost the first one at the wedding. He walked up from Mr. Dodge's, where he was stopping, with his son, Thomas, Jr., and entered the house just as the start was rolled up. He wore a Prince Albert coat, gray trousers, and carried his top coat. A bunch of violets gave him a festal air.

The guests had all assembled by 1 o'clock, and just on the moment the groom took his place in front of the flower formed chancel and there met his bride. She came on the arm of Dr. Sbubrick, of Boston, who gave her hand in marriage. Dr. Dodge, the rector of St. Johns performed the ceremony, and the two knelt upon a scarlet prie dieu during the prayer. The fire dauphters of the Bayard house stepped up to congratulate the bridal couple, and they were followed by Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland and the other guests.

The Wedding Gown.

The bride is a noble looking woman, a decided blonde with slender, graceful figure. Her magnificent robe of white Canton crepe with long court train and bodice, made with

MISS MARY CLYMER.

puffed sleeves and square cut opening at the neck, was elaborately trimmed with old Venetian point, which also formed a soft frilling at the throat, fastened with a single spray of orange blossoms across the breast. Over the entire form fell the soft folds of the tulle veil, caught in its place with the same delicate blossoms.

Mrs. Cleveland's Toilet.

A wedding breakfast was served in the dining room, to which Mr. Cleveland escorted the bride. Mrs. Cleveland went out on the arm of the groom, Mr. Clymer, the bride's mother, followed with Hon. George Bancroft. Mrs. Cleveland wore a gown that was almost eccentric. It was of pale yellow cloth, with satin of black velvet ribbon, vandyke points of lace finished at the throat and waist. Her bonnet was also pale yellow cloth with a black ribbon. The other guests were attired in full evening dress. The presents, which were very elegant, were not shown to the guests. Among them was a handsome silver basket tendered from Mr. George W. Childs.

The Bridal Party Leaves.

The guests left early, as many of them were obliged to-day traveling dreams. The Misses Bayard, Mrs. Lockwood, Mr. Bayard's sister, and his sons left at 3:45 for Wilmington. The wedding party, which consisted of the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, ex-Secretary and Mrs. Fairchild, Mrs. Dickinson and George L. Rives, took the 4:30 train for New York. In addition to the members of the Bayard and Clymer families, there were present many of the most distinguished citizens of the capital.

The Contracting Parties.

Ex-Secretary Bayard is the last of a long family line of United States statesmen from the state of Delaware. His bride is the daughter of the late Dr. Clymer, of the navy, granddaughter of Commodore Shubrick and a direct descendant of the latter who was a histiame almost as high as John Hancock's on the Declaration of Independence. The bridegroom has just turned 60 years, but is a young man yet. The bride has passed her four decades, but youth and beauty are still here.

CLEVELAND VISITS HARRISON

The President and Ex-President Enjoy Friendly Chat Together.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Grover Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison shook hands at the executive mansion late yesterday afternoon and said any number of polite things to each other. The ex-president and Mrs. Cleveland, after leaving the Clymer residence, where they had witnessed the wedding of ex-Secretary Bayard and Miss Clymer, drove directly to the White House. Mrs. Cleveland did not leave the carriage, but left her card for Mrs. Harrison. Mr. Cleveland went in and visited Mr. Harrison for half an hour.

THE BASEBALL CONVENTION.

A Three Years' Contract Signed with the Brotherhood Leagues.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The Brotherhood of Baseball Players, which has been in session at the Fifth Avenue hotel, adjourned last evening until Jan. 7, without completing the work of the formation of a new league. It is learned that at yesterday's meeting a form of contract was adopted, and that the form of service contracted for will be three years. No copy of the form could be secured by reporters, who were informed that the document had been sent out for signature. The reserve feature of the old league contract is omitted from the new form.

It was also decided that each club should be given one, its own, and that no club should be responsible for the losse of another.

The division of the gate receipts is to be on the basis of 60 per cent. of the gate and grand stand to each club, thus giving the home and visiting club an equal share in the receipts of each game.

A prize fund of $25,000 is to be raised by an assessment of $2,500 on each club. Of this fund $7,000 is to go to the club winning the championship, the balance to be divided into four parts, the same to be awarded to their relative positions in the championship race. John M. Ward was elected temporary secretary in place of John Morrill, who said he would be unable to attend to the duties of the office on account of a trip he had engaged to make in the west. The new secretary was authorized to receive proposals for the publishing of the minutes.

Al Johnson retains his position as temporary president.

The following committee was appointed to draw up a constitution and arrange all the preliminaries of permanent organization: Col. McAlpin, John Addison, Henry Love, Al Johnson and Ned Hanlon.

One of the things which occurred in the convention and was kept very secret was a dispute over an attempt to elect a permanent secretary. Harry Wright, of Philadelphia, Frank Brunell, of The Chicago Tribune, were the candidates. The result of the vote was 9 to 5 in favor of Mr. Brunnell. It is understood, however, that the latter will not serve. It is the opinion that the election of officers before the adoption of a constitution was illegal, and the vote was then declared off.

THE TILDEN WILL CASE.

The General Term Reverses the Decision of the Lower Court.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The general term of the supreme court has reversed the decision of the lower court in the case of the Tilden will case. Presiding Judge Van Brunt concurs with Judge Brady in holding that the clause of the will providing for a Tilden free library in New York city, but if not there elsewhere with the residuary estate is void. Judge Daniels dissents.

The court says: "Without action on the part of the executors the trust could not possibly claim anything, and its power to claim an endowment is not only taken away in case the trustees should determine that it was imprudent to do so, but its power to take anything depends upon the affirmative judgment of the executors and trustees. If the provisions of the will relating to the residuary estate were to be deemed a trust, therefore, they are void; and if they are to be deemed to confer simply a power in trust upon the executors and trustees it is equally invalid for indefiniteness, unless the execution or non-execution of the power was made expressly to depend upon the will of the grantee of the power.

"It is plain that the discretion vested in these trustees cannot be controlled and cannot be exercised by any other person or court, and thus no duty has been imposed upon them, the performance of which can be upheld by a court of equity, and this is the test of the validity of such a power as a power in trust."

Cardinal Gibbons' New Book.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 6.—Our Christian Heritage," the latest production of Cardinal Gibbons, has just been issued. It contains 508 pages, divided into 35 chapters. The first twenty chapters are devoted to religion, then follows an argument to show that there is no conflict between science and religion. There is one chapter on labor, and the book closes with chapters on Marriage, Socialism and American civilization." These dangers, he says, are Mormonism and divorce; an imperfect and vicious system of education which undermines the religious principles of the youth and a violation of the Christian sabbath; the gross and systematic election frauds, and the unreasonable delay in carrying into effect the sentence of the criminal courts, and the numerous subterfuges by which criminals evade the execution of the law.

Miss Drexel Takes the White Veil.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 6.—Miss Kate Drexel, whose wealth is estimated at $5,000,000, has decided upon duties as a novice in the Convent of Mercy. Hitherto, during her stay in the convent, she has been merely a "postulant" or applicant on trial for admission to the order. During the probation being ended, she now receives for the first time the habit of a sister, with the white veil, which admits her to the novitiate and the duties and regulations of the order.

The Engineer Perished.

HAMILTON, Ont., Nov. 6.—A through freight started from the west on the Grand Trunk railway ran off an open switch near here. The engine and several cars were badly wrecked. John Cain, engineer, of Toronto, was killed. Fireman Hall fatally injured. The switch was left open by a telegraph operator who was acting as a substitute for the switchman.

West and Graham Out on Bail.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—J. J. West and Charles Graham, formerly cashier and secretary of The Chicago Times company, have given bail in Judge Baker's court on the indictments against them for overissuing Times stock and signing false certificates. West gives bail in the sum of $75,000, and Graham $10,000.

Overcome by Gas.

CORUNNA, Mich., Nov. 6.—News has just reached here of the accidental deaths of Isaac Woodward George Spoore, aged 18 and 20 years, and Hezekiah Bowdish, aged 30, all of this county. Wood went to the bottom of a well and was overcome by gas. Spoore descended to his rescue and both were taken out dead.

The American Copyright League.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—At the annual meeting of the American Copyright league the executive committee were re-elected. The committee will choose officers of the league at a meeting to be held next week. The meeting indicated that the international copyright project is gaining ground.

An Alleged Mormon Murderer.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 6.—George Hancock, a Mormon high priest, has been arrested at Payson, charged with murdering Mrs. Balch and her son, George Jones. The bodies were found on Monday. Hancock was also in custody when the Gentiles say it was a church murder.

THE LATEST FROM OHIO.

Governor-Elect Campbell's Majority Estimated at 11,454.

THE STATE TICKET IS VERY CLOSE

The Democrats Have the Legislature with Eight Majority on a Joint Ballot—Senatorial Aspirants to Succeed Mr. Payne. Various Political Notes.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 6.—The returns from every precinct in Ohio, unofficial, show that Campbell defeats Forster by 11,454, and that the Democrats have both branches of the legislature with eight majority on joint ballot. On the rest of the state ticket it is very close, and probably some on each ticket is elected. It now looks as though the Republicans had the state treasurer, clerk of supreme court, attorney general and school commissioner, and that the Democrats had secured the lieutenant governor, supreme court judge and member of the board of public works. It will take the official count to determine all below the governorship, and this will be completed this week.

Democratic Senatorial Aspirants.

The Democratic scramble for the United States senatorship to succeed Mr. Payne has already begun. Hon. Thomas Ewing, the rich Springfield manufacturer, and Hon. Calvin S. Brice, chairman of the national Democratic committee, both wish to succeed Mr. Payne. Hon. Lawrence T. Neal, of Chillicothe, Mr. Campbell's competitor for the nomination, is also in the field, as is ex-Congressman George L. Converse, of this city. Mr. Payne will not be a candidate for re-election. The other gentlemen mentioned are John R. McLean, of The Cincinnati Enquirer, and Hon. Allen W. Thurman, of Columbus, chairman of the Democratic state committee.

The Evening Post, the leading Democratic organ here, publishes an interview with Editor McLean in which he says he "wouldn't have the Ohio senatorship on a gold platter." This declaration of Mr. McLean is believed by his most intimate friends to be final.

The Latest from Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 6.—While the Democrats claim their entire state ticket is elected, the indications are that the result on the state ticket, except the governor, is doubtful, and that the Republicans will have seven majority in the house and one in the senate. One senator, Finn, had one hundred majority. It is also said he defied the Republican caucus nomination of Senator Wilson two years ago, are both re-elected. They are pronounced anti-Allison in their votes might go toward the defeat of Senator Allison if cast with the Democrats for Maj. Anderson, who is already talked of for the place.

Mr. Harrison Did Not Talk.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Private Secretary Halford says that neither the president on Tuesday's elections, attributed to him by an evening paper and quoted in these dispatches, were unauthorized. "The president," he says, "has made no statement of his views and anything that has been published purporting to be so is untrue. I have not heard him express himself at all, and we have had no conversation on the subject."

Governor-Elect Abbett's Plurality.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 6.—Nearly all the returns of the late election have been filed in the various county clerks' offices, and the latest figures show a plurality for Leon Abbett, the Democratic candidate for governor, of nearly 19,000.

From the State of Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 6.—In Virginia eight counts and one district to elect three heard from indicate that the Democratic majority is 41,000. The Democrats have 69 of the 100 members of the house, and 35 of the 40 members of the senate.

FATAL FIRE AT PETERSBURG.

A Police Sergeant Burned to Death in One of the Destroyed Buildings.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 8.—A terrible fire started at 3 a. m. in George H. Davis & Co.'s dry goods store on Sycamore street, and burned down the whole iron front block and adjoining properties. The flames leaped across the street and destroyed Odd Fellows' hall and 6 other smaller buildings. Sergt. Crichton, of the police force, was in one of the buildings, when the wall fell in on him. He was burned to death.

Half a block on each side of Sycamore street, from Tabb street westward, is gone The estimated loss is $750,000; insurance, $550,000. Lieut. Crichton leaves a widow and several children. In the presence of the fire John Brewer, a negro, was arrested for using inpendiary language to a crowd of colored people. He told them that Crichton had shot a negro some time ago. The mayor fined him $100, placed him under $1,000 bonds for twelve months to keep the peace, and also made him give an appeal bond in the same amount to insure his appearance in a higher court.

College Presidents in Secret Session.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 6.—Presidents Eliot, of Harvard university; Gilman, of Johns Hopkins; Carter, of Williams; Steele, of Amherst; Low, of Columbia; Andrews, of Brown; Smith, of Trinity; Bartlett, of Dartmouth; Capen, of Tufts; Long, of Boston university; Raymond, of Wesleyan, and Hyde, of Bowdoin, were in secret conference with President Dwight, of Yale, in the latter's office in the Yale theological building. What the college presidents are here for and what subject or subjects they are discussing they positively refuse to say. It is thought that the conference will result in the formation of an association of the presidents of New England colleges.

A One-Armed Lotharin.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Nov. 6.—Charles Noble, assistant cashier of the Smithfield (O.) National bank, has disappeared with $2300 of the bank's funds, and probably more. The young ladies, whose families are among the most prominent and respectable in the county, are also heartbroken over his disappearance. Mr. Noble is married and his wife is Miss Nobles. Noble is 23 years of age, and has but one arm. He is married and has one child.

Sir Henry James Still Speaking.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—Upon the opening of the session of the Parnell commission Sir Henry James resumed his speech in behalf of The Times. Sir Charles Russell, formerly of counsel for Mr. Parnell, was present in the court for the first time since the withdrawal of the Parnellite counsel.

Cut Alive and Boy Dead.

BROOKHAVEN, N. Y., Nov. 8.—Near Delhi a young son of Amasa Smith, while attempting to kill a rooster, was accidentally killed by Louis P. Ogilvie, aged 3 years.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 500 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SCHOOL BOOKS

New and Second hand. School Supplies.

Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices.

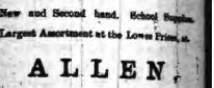
ALLEN,

The Stationer,

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Thanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lye on Garden and Well Fertilizers. P. O. Box 696. Telephone call 29.

STEPHENSON

38 WEST FRONT STREET.

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

The New Fall Styles.

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves.

Etc., just received at

U. B. CRANE'S,

13 PARK AVENUE.

Largest Stock of Boys' School Hats, Caps.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smiley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the business name to avoid unnecessary changes. Ever since I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. HENRY B. SMALLEY,

Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right in this section for the sale of the GILMAN FARM

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation for purity, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Succotash, Lima Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables,

54 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 101. Plainfield, N. J.

Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Unsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

THE CITY CHOIR.

Father an' me are gettin' old;
We ain't need to the way
We goin' to hear this angelic strain
Of preachin', Sabbath day.

So when we was with Andrew's folks,
An' Sunday mornin' come,
We'd joined we'd hear that word and pass
In the street hymns short some.

An' when we stood in that dim aisle,
'Fresh arched an' fossil stone,
A ray of light touched Father's hair
An' his wore features shone.

The organ's grand an' solemn tone
Just sounded like a prayer,
An' when it stopped I seemed to feel
Wings beatin' through the air.

"The prodigal," the preacher said,
"Of sinnin' weary grown,
Riot left the swine an' now has turned
His face nearards his home."

Then all at once the choir rip;
It almost made me laugh
To hear that young soprano shriek,
"Bring in the fatted calf!";

"Bring in the fatted calf, the calf,"
Inquired the Ribs low,
An' all the rest joined in, as if
They couldn't let it go.

The tenor's pleadin' touched my heart;
A critter's been a stone
Not to her come a-frinkin' in
In answer to that tone.

We'al, ye, he not with oysterous bass,
Like Nature touched with snow
A growlin' round some shoogy john,
Half ridin' its paw grow

But when the bass had started in
A-callin' for that calf,
He jist reached for his han'kerchief
To cover up a laugh.

"Bring in the fatted, fatted calf."
Believed the bass; an' simply
Our grandson John called (half asleep),
"Grandpa, let down the bars!"
—Grace D. Nye in Chicago Inter-Ocean.

His One Objection.

Adolphus Beagood (on the sofa)—My dar ling, my love for you is of the deep passion ate sort. Were it not for one thing I would ask you to be mine, and would clasp you to my heart!

Beatrice Moriarty—O Adolphus! Name the objection. Am I too frivolous? Do I engage in fartish actions? Do I—

"No, dear; it is not that!"

"Then why do you not clasp me to your heart?"

"Because," and his voice trembled, "because you don't seem to get on to the scheme of pinning your collar on so that the point of the pin will not run my neck for a cushion."
—Lawrence Daily American.

Not Pride, But Caution.

Sweet Girl—Mother, Mr. Nicefellow is coming to take me out riding this afternoon. I may go, mayn't I?

Mother—If he drives up with a span of spirited horses you can go; but if he comes up with that broken down old nag he had last time, you sha'n't.

"Way, mother, I didn't suppose you would ever have style enough to ride behind it."

"My dear, a young man who comes with a pair of spirited horses expects to drive with both hands."—New York Weekly.

Wanted the Royal Road.

Miss Lilly, aged 3, was being initiated into the mysteries of the alphabet. In a few moments she refused to repeat the lesson and burst into torrents of tears.

"Then you don't want to learn how to read and amuse yourself all day with those nice fairy books?" asked her mother.

"No," replied Lilly, stamping her feet in a rage; "me don't want to learn; me only wants to know how!"—Judge.

A Rising Diplomat.

Johnny—Oh, I'm so glad that I've got to go to school today!

Father—Why, Johnny!

Johnny—Because Bill Spriggins is going to give me some lessons on the drum at recess.

Father—Um! I guess you had better stay at home today. Diplomacy is a rather prevalent.—Lawrence Daily American.

No Show for Him Now.

"No, sir," said the old tramp, sadly; "I can't get no work at my trade. I've tried hard, but it ain't no use."

Philanthropist—How much, then, was your trade?

Tramp (tearfully)—Yes, sir. I'm a writer waiter at a summer resort hotel.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Lesson He Must Learn.

Father—My son, you must not dispute with your mother in that way.

Boy—But she's in the wrong.

Father—That makes no difference, and you might as well learn, my child, once for all, that when a lady says a thing is so, it is so, even if it isn't so.—Pick-Me-Up.

A Dead Beat.

First Policeman—I'm goin' to kick.

Second Ditto—Why?

"'Cause, there's nothin' goin' on on my beat."

"Sort of a dead beat, eh?"

And then he was clubbed.—Lawrence Daily American.

Insurance.

"What insurance man, sir."

"What do you want now? You've made an insure my life, insure the title to my real estate, insure my plate glass and everything else I own."

"True, sir, but the next thing to get insured is your policy of insurance."—Society.

What He Couldn't Discover.

Christopher Columbus (from the head of the class)—Say, I'd like to know where my name is. I can't find them anywhere.

Mrs. Columbus—Right in the top bureau drawer where I put them.—Lawrence Daily American.

Two Patches.

Patches are hated by a boy,
His clothes they never match;
Yet there's one patch that gives him joy,
And that's the swine patch.
—Goodall's Sun.

Under a Ban.

Clarence—I was never so insulted in my life. That old poverty case along 3rd' hung his coat right on me nose.

Wilson—Why don't you thrash him?

Clarence—Can't, dear boy; he's an inebriate and I have to be careful. Inebriates is under a ban, don't dun me.—Judge.

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED

WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.

DOANE & VanARSDALE'S

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Late Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. ROBERTS, at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1-7-1y

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city, rooms 24 and 25. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

FOR THE Choicest of Butter at the most moderate cash prices, call at the **Park Ave. Market** PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell you may favor me with a call. MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-13-1m

JOHN JOHNSTON Dealer in BEST QUALITY COAL YARD AND OFFICE: SOUTH AVENUE. P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CANNED GOODS

We open a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Rower Drop, B. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN, Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

Wm. J. Stephenson, CATERER and Ice Cream Dealer, 28 NORTH AVENUE.

TUNIS J. CAREY 21 WEST FRONT STREET, all kinds of Second-Hand FURNITURE including CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES, Bought and Sold

I remember the store Mason's used to occupy at Webster, Tyler, as you will be convinced by visiting Purchser repaired with neatness and promptness.

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN HOUSE.

THIS HOUSE HAS ALWAYS BEEN NOTED FOR HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, AND THIS YEAR WE ARE *GIVING BETTER VALUES THAN EVER.* WE HAVE EVERYTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, LADIES' AND CHILDREN IN WHITE, RED AND NATURAL WOOL WE ASK SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR 50c FLANNEL SHIRTS, AND A NATURAL WOOL LADIES' VEST THAT SELLS AT $1.25 IS A GOOD ONE.

* * *

We sell at $2.50 per pair, a good wool 11-4 blanket, cheap at $3.00, and $1.25 buys a cotton filled comfortable, made of best quality calico.

* * *

We have received from the manufactures 1000 Linoleum Mats, size two feet by three (2x3) regular price 75c, our price 37c. *They are just the thing to throw in front of a* store or door.

* * *

Our Cloak Department is one of our leading features, 'tis something new with us, and a great success. All our garments are well made and nice fitting. There are Jackets and New Markets for ladies and children in all sizes, and our prices are low.

* * *

In Dress Goods we have everything that is new and desirable. There are fifty-inch all-wool suitings 50 cents per yard, forty-inch all-wool Serges at 47 cents, forty-inch wool mixtures at 25 cents. There are many good values in black goods of all kinds.

* * *

Have you tried our 4-button Embroidered Kid Gloves at 85 cents? They are just as good as many that are sold at $1. We average 100 pairs a week and no complaints.

* * *

Here you will find lamps of all kinds. For the hall there is a very pretty lamp, price $1.00. Hanging lamps from $2.00 up, and stand lamps at any price you want to pay.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere.

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Perfect Parlor Stoves, SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS, Othello Ranges,

PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS. PLUMBING, TINNING AND GAS FITTING.

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ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private. Miss Emma Burns, address Miss Allbertl, P. O. Box 1020.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Gentlemen of the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms moderate. For application, address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street.

HOME SCHOOL for young ladies and children, 152 Grove street, Plainfield, reopens Sept. 18th. Special advantages for those desiring to enter college, and most careful attention to teaching children to read and study. Coulthurst Hall, the second of 2nd Sterm. Application may be made at any time personally or by letter to Mrs. Sidney Dean Bayley. 9-20-1m*

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 43 Craig Place (off Second street). In each department elementary branches are carefully and thoroughly taught, and every care exercised to make the school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-23-1f

MR. T. E. HASELL, Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, piano, organ or upon the violin. Director of choral classes. The art of reading at sight taught. Rooms at residence, No. 70 Dunellen avenue, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW, Has resumed her lessons in German at her residence, 11 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Pestozzi's system used and special attention given to beginners. Reference from former pupils.

MR. F. L. CORTIS, Teacher of violin. 12 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Terms of reference, P. O. Box 206. 4-9-1y

MISS C. B. HELLWIG, A graduate of the Gymnasium of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the most successful pupil, is ready to teach pianoforte, in French and German language, at her Plainfield, for further particulars address Miss C. B. Hellwig, No. 24 Fifth street.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to class. Best of references. P. O. Box 1585.

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY for young ladies and children will re-open Tuesday, Sept. 10th. A Kindergarten will be opened Monday, Oct. 1st. For particulars address Miss E. J. Kenyon, Principal. 9-30-3m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 19 *LaGrande avenue, corner of* Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central Avenue and Fourth street. M. M. Recsp, Principal. Ida F. Recsp, Assistant

William C. Smith, Practical Mason and Builder

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the country by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY. Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 30th, 1889. PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK: Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 6.46 and 7.50 a. m., 12.04 noon, 2.45, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 5.46, 6.46, 7.50, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 2.45, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave New York at 7.45, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 9.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK. Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 6.40, 6.57, 7.50, 8.40, 8.57, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 5.46, 6.40, 6.57, 7.50, 8.40, 8.57, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Newark at 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE. Leave Plainfield at 5.46, 8.40, 9.57, 10.30, 11.30, 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.40, 9.57, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Somerville at 6.32, 7.32, 8.32, 9.32, 10.32, 11.32 a. m., 12.32, 1.32, 2.32, 3.32, 4.32, 5.32, 6.32, 7.32, 8.32, 9.32, 10.32, 11.32 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.32, 9.32, 10.32, 11.32 a. m., 12.32, 1.32, 2.32, 3.32, 4.32, 5.32, 6.32, 7.32, 8.32, 9.32, 10.32, 11.32 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND BOUND BROOK. Leave Plainfield at 6.40, 8.40, 9.57, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.40, 9.57, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Bound Brook at 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC. Leave Plainfield at 7.46, 8.40, 9.57, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.40, 9.57, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.04, 1.30, 2.45, 3.30, 4.32, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Long Branch at 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE. For Trenton at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50 p. m., 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. Sunday at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50 a. m., 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. For Philadelphia at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. Sunday at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50 a. m., 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. For Philadelphia at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. Sunday at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50 a. m., 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. For Baltimore and Washington at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m. Sunday at 7.00, 9.12, 10.50 a. m., 2.12, 3.50, 5.12, 6.50, 8.50 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt. J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS NEW YORK MAILS. CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m.; 1.45 and 5.30 p. m. ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.50 a. m.; 1.45, 5.30 p. m. SOUTH PLAINFIELD, ROCK, MAILS. CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.00 p. m. ARRIVE—8.50 a. m., and 6.30 p. m. Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 7.30 a. m. mail. Direct mail to Fulton, Pa., closes 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS. Arrive at 8.50 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m. Mail for Waynesville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes. Owners of lock-boxes can only without their keys receive mail for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

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7% City Mortgages. Safe as the best U. S. Bond. Better than any new R. R. Bonds, while Nearly Double the Income. Send for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO., 52 Broadway, New York. 12-7-1m

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A. M. RUNYON & SON Undertakers and Embalmers 26 Park Avenue. Telephone Call 66. Residence 42 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 71. Office at Residence entrance.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and all kinds, choice and imported, at Lindsley's, No. 20 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsley's Intelligence office, same place. 9-11-1y*

ELECTRICITY and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by DR. GRIFFEN, will cure Constipation Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 66 East Second street, corner of Washington.

GOOD QUALITY BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors. C.C. 6-7-1m

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President. WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President. NATHAN HARPER, " " ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

GIVEN AWAY 10 days only. A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or cover.

Eugene M. Laing No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instructions of MR. F. F. HELLWIG, At reasonable rates. Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Crushed Stone. The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reason able Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

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H. N. Spencer, 76-78 Somerset St. Grocer and Sogdeman, Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Bitter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, 4 years old: White Granulated, Yellow Rochester, Earthen and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Planet Jr. corn drills. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield.

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Desirable Building Lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

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PEERLESS DYES Are the Best. Sold by druggists. Beware of imitations. Ask for the Peerless Dyes.

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Pianos Moved with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

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MRS. E. J. MARTINS "MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID," Renovates grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans and glovers, crepe, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by C. E. CLARKE, NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn, FASHIONABLE MILLINER, latest shapes of Bonnets and Hats FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS, Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Blocking and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice. *14 West Front St.*

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Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy or at A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE. PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY Invite Everybody to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or no

Sole Agents for Dr. Kingh's specialties, 50c a bottle and cheapest in the end.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON, 14 Park avenue.

IS THE PRINCE DYING?

QUEEN VICTORIA'S SON SAID TO HAVE BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Some of the Characteristics of the Heir Apparent to the British Throne—A Fat-Idle Man, but Not a Politician—His Enormous Income.

A GOOD deal more than a hint comes from London that the Prince of Wales has been informed by his physicians that he has that incurable ailment known as Bright's disease of the kidneys. If this be true there is no probability of his ever sitting on the English throne. There are yet no signs of any breaking down in his mother, the queen, and there is no malady more sure to bring death than Bright's disease.

The English people would regard the death of Albert Edward as a great misfortune to them. This may seem singular, since his reputation in America is that of a profligate. One hears of him at the theatres paying especial attention to the most beautiful actresses. In India, some years ago, he was said to have given free vent to his immoral tastes and shocked the civilized world. Recently he witnessed a sparring match in which the bruiser John L. Sullivan took part. Why is it, then, that the English people take so great an interest in the life of this man, who is neither pious nor good?

In the first place the prince had largely finished sowing his "wild oats" ten years ago. Of late those scandals with which he once was formerly connected seem to have ceased. His English taste for manly sports led him to view a sparring match, perhaps an undignified act for one of his position, but it would easily be forgiven by a nation whose young men all read sporting papers; and whose school boys are trained to box and settle their disputes in a ring. Indeed, one of the elements of popularity of Albert Edward is that he is the patron in England of those hardy sports which have given such strength and courage to Englishmen, and enabled them always to do more with fewer troops than any other nation.

The prince, though not a great man, is far seeing. One occupying his position, belonging to a family set apart from all others except of royal blood, would be expected to hold to the belief that he was secure in his position. The prince does not take this view of royalty in England. He has watched the democratic tendency of the age and adapted himself to it. He has the wisdom to follow public opinion rather than stand against it. The Prince of Wales is the most democratic man of those enjoying a similar position in Europe. He makes it a point to become identified with all classes. He can always be counted upon to take a part in meetings and other matters tending to benefit the public.

He constantly is called upon to preside at these meetings, and his speeches are remarkable for being adapted to the audience and to the purpose. To hospitals, churches, public buildings of all kinds he constantly lends the interest attaching to his presence, and is kept busy either in laying their corner stones or at their dedication. In this way he becomes identified in the public mind with things, it was supposed, he would one day be, and is perhaps this want of holding aloof from them, common with his predecessors, which has led him to the democratic manner he shows whenever court etiquette will permit. He goes about quite as other people go, and of late years it has been a common occurrence to see him riding in the park in a hansom cab.

It is said that the prince would do well in politics; not that he troubles himself as to the law making of the nation, for he has never availed himself of his privilege as a voter in the house of lords except once, and that was upon the deceased duke's sister bill. His reputation is not as a politician, but for being politic. He remembers faces; he has rare tact; he is easy and unstudied in his manner; in short, he has dropped all that lofty carriage which is so indispensable to other European princes of the blood as a ramrod is to an old flint lock musket.

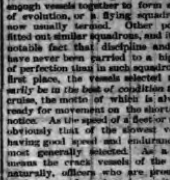
THE PRINCE AS A NIGHLANDER.

There is a pretty story in this connection which may result as it might come from one of those fairy tales wherein princes are constantly doing something very nice or very wicked. Albert Edward on one occasion stopped to speak to the little cane of a cripple. The prince did not regard it as remarkable an act for him to do as to remember it, but the cripple appreciated it sufficiently to send the prince a handsome cricket, with a note containing the information that it was in acknowledgment of the prince's kindness in picking up his cane. The clock came from Stockholm, Maine, and if the sender was probably an American. It adorns one of the rooms of Marlborough house.

The prince, if he had any boys born to an equitable distribution of honors, would make a typical club man. He likes good company and be a man about town. There is scarcely an evening that he doesn't dine at some one of the Hunters. Among whom he has devised should be presented on his leave, with one exception, accepted the invitation. The exception is Mary Anderson. It doubtless required a good deal of courage for the American to decline this invitation. Her action was liable to misconstruction, and she might offend the British public. Miss Anderson, however, boldly declined the honor, and it does not appear that her audiences grew less after she had done so.

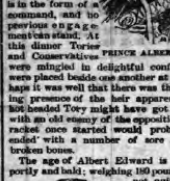
The prince has a royal income, but when he was younger he spent as much money that he became involved. His allowance by parliament is £40,000 a year, or nearly $200,000, and the princess is allowed $10,000 more, or $50,000. The prince thus has the large income of over $250,000, or $300,000, from his revenues of the duchy of Cornwall, which is his by inheritance, so that his income aggregates about $300,000 a year. But he has nearly all the royal entertaining to do, and it is said that his mother makes him an additional allowance. He spends every penny of his income, including the allowance.

The prince has had sufficient sense to avail himself of his position as out of or above party strife. Several years ago he gave a dinner at Marlborough house, at which he gathered forty-two guests, all prominent in one way or another. Such a dinner could only be given by the Prince of Wales, for he need receive no regrets. An invitation from him is in the form of a command, and to previous engagement can stand. At this dinner Tories and Conservatives were united in delightful confusion, and were placed beside one another at table. Perhaps it was well that there was the restraining presence of the heir apparent, or some hot-headed Tory might have got into a row with an old enemy of the opposition, and the racket once started would probably have ended with a number of sore heads and broken noses.



PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR.

The age of Albert Edward is 48. He is portly and bald; weighing 195 pounds, though not quite 5 feet 7 inches in height. He dresses well, and on the whole is quite a respectable looking gentleman. He is the leader of society in England, being a monarch of what is called the Marlborough or Sandringham set. Both names are taken from his residences. He used to set the fashion for dress, but that is now the province of his son, Prince Albert Victor.



PRINCE GEORGE.

In the autumn the prince has usually gone to Scotland for deer stalking. Early winter he has spent in the south of France; spring and early summer—the social season—in London, and Goodwood on the mainland. He is the father of five children, Prince Albert Victor and George and the Princesses Louise, Victoria and Maud. The Princess of Wales is a sister of the present czarina of Russia.

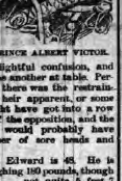
Should the heir apparent die of the disease which it is said has come upon him, the event will cause considerable commotion in social circles in England. Albert Victor will then be Prince of Wales, and will have to do the entertaining. This will necessitate his taking a wife, which thus far he has delayed.

The cut at the head of this article is of the prince's country house, Sandringham.

HONORED BY HARVARD.

Sketch and Portrait of Clement G. Morgan, Elected Senior Orator.

Clement Morgan, the colored man who was chosen senior orator of Harvard, but who has declined to serve, was born in Petersburg, Va., twenty-eight years ago, and early removed, with his family, to Washington. He attended school and was graduated from the high school there, learned the barber's trade and worked at it awhile. Then desiring more education he taught school in St. Louis.



CLEMENT G. MORGAN.

When he had laid aside a fair amount he went to Boston, and in 1884 entered the Latin school. He was in the school with the boys and was graduated well up in his class. In 1886 he entered Harvard. During his spare hours he piled the rasp and misery as a means of support. During the summers he served as hall boy in a Saratoga hotel. Last summer he earned considerable money lecturing on college life. By these and other devices he worked his way through his undergraduate course and secured a fair library. In spite of his narrow means he always contrived to dress in becoming style and good taste.

Morgan is of medium height, weighs about 130 pounds and wears a mustache. He is a brilliant speaker, and talks in a smooth, fluent, yet forcible style. He pronounces his words with clear articulation and never falters for a word.

His manly traits, he makes a striking figure, his elocutionary training having taught him how to hold himself when on his feet. His oratory is finished to a degree. His manners are polished, his personal appearance prepossessing.

Morgan has not associated with the members of his class to any great extent. That is, his association with them has not been of the intimate character of student life. This, it is claimed, has not been on account of hostility among the students toward a colored man, but because he has had little time outside of his college work that has not been devoted to money making. He intends to study law and to enter the race for legal honors in the south.

A Rational Theory.

The little 7-year-old daughter of a leading physician in a neighboring city heard the question as to what flower would make the best national emblem discussed at considerable length only the other day by a party of guests at her father's dinner table. Each guest had given an opinion and supported it with the usual arguments, when suddenly the little girl woke up.

"Papa," she said, "I know what I think would be the best natic al emblem."

"Well, Josephine," said the father, "what is it?"

She answered with an air of relief, as if glad to have the question definitely settled, —

"The chestnut!"—Boston Transcript.

The number of horses in Russia reaches the imposing total of 32,000,000; but of just one of these are under state village monies.

THE FLYING SQUADRON.

A NEW DEPARTURE IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

Important Results Expected from the Coming Cruise of the Chicago, Atlanta, Boston, Yorktown and Perhaps the Dolphin.

Rear Admiral J. G. Walker in Command.

For some years it has been the aim of various naval officers high in authority to get enough vessels together to form a squadron of evolution, or a flying squadron, as it is now usually termed. Other powers have fitted out similar squadrons, and it has been a notable fact that discipline and efficiency have never been carried to a higher degree of perfection than in such squadrons. In the first place, the vessels selected must, necessarily be in the best of condition to stand the cruise, the motto of which is always to be ready for movement on the shortest possible notice. As the speed of a fleet or squadron is obviously that of the slowest ships, having good speed and endurance are those most generally selected. As a rule, this means the crack vessels of the navy, and naturally officers are proud of both their profession and anxious to see it succeed in everything, are those most apt to be selected.

Another to command such a body must have a certain amount of tact, ability to make things go and to bring all out of the ship and men that there is in them. Owing to the old wooden vessels of the United States navy being in such a bad state of repair, with holes in all patches, machinery worn and built pretty well through, there has hardly been possible to get enough vessels together in any one place to form a respectable command for a rear admiral, and for a flying squadron it is entirely impossible, and with the terribly slow speed the word "flying" would most certainly be a misnomer.

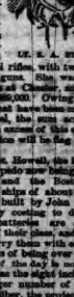
REAR ADMIRAL WALKER.

Since the government has begun building steel cruisers with staunch frames and strong, powerful machinery, the case assumes a different aspect, and the possibility of realizing a squadron of the long talked of and well digested scheme has at last arrived. With the new vessels and improved guns have come new methods of doing things, which differ in many respects most radically from what cruisers and men, during the long period of stagnation, have been accustomed to. In those days of what it is presumed may be now most properly called the "old navy," or perhaps still earlier in the days of self supporting sailing ships, method was not so indispensable, although even then it made important contributions to success, but in these days of massive armored ships, of coal and countless mechanisms, torpedoes, electricity, high powered rifled guns and explosives, of which new and factories contribute to the fit out and outfit of a single ship, and a single misfitting valve may cause disaster. Method, the most refined and exact, is the soul of the navy, of which is tested by experiment and manoeuver, is absolutely requisite.

The vessels of the squadron, although not up to the latest notions as to their style of construction, disposition of batteries, power of machinery and so forth, are vessels that those who serve in them will have no reason to be at all ashamed of, as they are very much superior to the foreign squadrons that, as a general rule, are sent to visit our ports. They are unarmored, to be sure, but they have such powerful decks and more or less protection to their vitals. The batteries of the Boston and Atlanta are very much heavier than any ships of similar tonnage carry in other navies, they have fine sailing qualities, good maneuvering power, and are comfortable craft to serve in.

Four, or at the most five, vessels, should the Dolphin be added to the squadron, do not make a very large number for extensive evolutions, but for cruising or a flying squadron the differences in type, the electric appliances and the various fittings make them well calculated to fill every requisite. Should the present plan be carried out, all the other new vessels, as they are in commission ready for service, will join this squadron for a period of six month's drill, and at the end of that time, if they pass the rigid scrutiny of the commander-in-chief, they are to be detached and sent to join some one of the squadrons on a foreign station.

The Chicago, the flagship, is the largest of our cruisers in commission. Her commanding officer is Capt. H. B. Robeson, and at her mizzen she is to fly the broad blue flag with the two white stars of a rear admiral, which is flown by Commodore J. G. Walker, who has for the time being been made an acting rear admiral. The main battery of the Chicago is four 8-inch, eight 6-inch and two 5-inch breach loading steel rifles, with twelve rapid fire and machine guns. She was built by John Roach & Sons at Chester, and the contract price was $800,000. Owing to the numerous changes that have been made in the fitting of this vessel, the sum actually expended is largely in excess of this estimate.



LIEUT. U. S. A. STANTON.

Lieut. S. S. Stanton will be flag lieutenant of the squadron.

The Atlanta, Capt. Howell, the inventor of the automobile torpedo now being furnished to naval vessels, and the Boston, Capt. O'Kane, and sister ships of about 3,000 tons displacement each, built by John Roach & Sons, and probably costing to date about $625,000. Their batteries are extremely heavy for vessels of their class, and although they apparently carry them with ease, showing thus far no signs of being over weighted, the latest practice of the day is not in favor of such heavy guns, but rather in favor of tendency being a larger number of quick fire guns of smaller caliber, the projectiles from which are sufficiently powerful to pierce the sides of any craft upon which these ships would be called upon to fight.

Their batteries are two 8-inch and six 6-inch breech loading steel rifles, with ten rapid fire and machine guns, these also carrying fittings for steam vessels. A radical departure from the then existing methods of construction is apparent in the build of these ships, the raised portions forward and aft are moved together, forming a superstructure deck amidships, leaving the sails low and affording thereby a free sweep for her large guns, one of which is mounted on the port side forward and the other diagonally aft on the starboard side. All sorts of special predictions were made regarding the vessels when they were at first projected, and it would have been a good deal superior as the steamers and crackers when their staunchness and stability as sea vessels as assured fact.

The Yorktown, Commander Chadwick,

LIBBY PRISON MUSEUM.

It Was at Last Been Opened in the City of Chicago.

Old Richmond has adopted a fair share of Chicago's enterprise, and by way of fair ex-

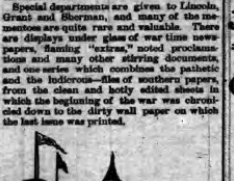
LIBBY PRISON AS IT WAS.

change Chicago has taken Libby prison. This noted structure now stands in Chicago with almost exactly the same appearance it had in Richmond, though a castellated wall surrounds it, and is a museum of curiosities of the war and southern life and history generally. The removal and reconstruction of the old tobacco warehouse may be compared in skill with the noted removal of the obelisk of Tanis from Egypt to Paris and similar feats, save that no opening had to be moved entire, while the Libby was taken to pieces.

The old building as it stood in Richmond was first photographed and numbered as a whole, and the parts large and small, till it was so complete every way, point that every detail could be restored. Then, as it was taken down, the 1,000,000 pieces of wood, brick, stone and iron was classed and numbered; they were transported to Chicago and, save the charred wooden portions which were destroyed in a railroad accident, the whole was restored. It stands upon a commanding point, and is filled with Union and Confederate relics, largely the collection of Mr. C. F. Gunter, the president of the Museum association.

There are old swords, guns, flags, shells, pictures and fragments of a hundred kinds collected from the battle fields. There are diaries from the pockets of fallen soldiers, containing the last lines they wrote; photographs stained with the blood of their owners, letters without direction when the writer was killed, scores of curious ornaments whittled out in wood, and hundreds of original letters written on the battle field or immediately after by men who had taken part, and donated by their recipients. There are also many relics not so directly connected with the war, such as autograph letters of eminent men and old books and papers throwing light on those times.

Special departments are given to Lincoln, Grant and Sherman, and many of the mementoes are quite rare and valuable. There are displays under glass of war time newspapers, facsimiles of "extras," noted proclamations and many other stirring documents, and one series which combines the pathetic and the indicrous—files of southern papers, from the last clean and lowly added sheets in which the beginning of the war was chronicled down to the dirty wall paper on which the last issue was printed.



LIBBY PRISON MUSEUM.

The famous tunnel through which Col. Straight and others escaped is reproduced as nearly as possible, and all the beams and bricks on which the prisoners carved or painted sentences or devices are in their places. Libby Prison Museum, Col. John Brown are of peculiar interest. The Libby prison war museum will rank high among the sights of Chicago.

CINCINNATI'S FAVORITE.

The New Baby at the Zoological Garden.

The first giraffe ever born in America, and the only one ever born alive in confinement, has taken up his abode at the Zoological Garden in Cincinnati. He was born on Sunday, and in honor of the occasion was immediately dubbed "Sunday." The little shaver weighed shortly after birth about 125 pounds. His height was 5 feet 8 inches, and measured from the ground to the root of his tail 3 feet 3 inches. From his nose to the top of his head he measured 16 inches. The neck from jaw to withers measured 18 inches. The head of this interesting animal is of a reddish brown color. The abdomen and legs are whitish and richly spotted. The neck, back and sides, outside the shoulders and thighs, are of a dull rust color.

The father of the baby is eighteen feet tall, and is exactly twenty-two feet. The mother is seventeen feet tall. The pair have been in the Zoo for twelve years, and have never missed a single meal on account of sickness during the time of their captivity. The mother is very affectionate, but, strange to say, will not nurse the baby, thus forcing the attendants to supply him with a bottle. However, this does not seem to affect him in the least, and his chances of becoming a strong man, like his father, and an honor to the Zoo are good.

THE BABY GIRAFFE.

[From the Commercial Gazette.]

Giraffes are caught in pitfalls about ten feet deep, having a wall of dirt heaped up from one side to the other and about six or seven feet high. When caught in one of these pits the fore legs fall on one side, the hind legs (in the other), and the abdomen rests on the edge of the wall. The animal thus balanced by its belly on the wall is unable to spring out. Sometimes, however, the hide of the giraffe is so thick that even a musket ball will not pierce it.

Theory and Condition.

Doctor—Take these powders as directed, and your cold will be gone in two or three days.

Patient—You mean quite bourne, doctor.

Doctor—Yes; I've had a bad cold for four weeks.—Epoch.

FUR MUFFS AND CAPES!

We have just received three cases of Muffs, Capes and Fur Trimmings from three of the Fur Fur Houses in New York, which are now being displayed.

The Largest Assortment and prices everything desirable in this line, and we can confidently say that no such exhibition of these goods have ever been made in this city before.

THIS WEEK will be the best opportunity to get the choice selections, as later on they will be sold. "A WORD TO THE WISE," End you know.

LACE CURTAINS! LACE CURTAINS!

In another Specialty with us this week. We have purchased several "CLOSING OUT" lots from the Importers, and offer extra Bargains in these goods.

WINDOW SHADES! WINDOW SHADES!

We have been very agreeably surprised at the increased demand make upon us in this department. Everybody is pleased with the excellent and prompt manner in which our work is done. Parties having houses to Shade or Carpet, will do well to get our "estimate" before ordering elsewhere.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St., Edsall's

THE BEST PLACE TO GET GENUINE BARGAINS.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best make of Gents' Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes. Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys, 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St

GREAT SPECIAL SALE

At Boehm's for the next 10 days.

We are receiving daily shipments of Jackets, Cloaks, New Markets and Wraps for Ladies, Misses and Children. Jersey and Cloth Jackets in Black and Colors, $2.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5. New Markets $4.50, $5.50, $7.50 and $10. Largest Stock of Quilts and Blankets to be seen in the city at Lowest Prices. All grades of Cotton Batting for quilting. Best quality of odorless Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Half's Pillows, all Sizes, Down from $3. We are offering special inducements to purchasers of Carpets and Oil Cloths this week. We still lead in Drugget Goods. Specialties in Cotton Printed and Stripe Furah for trimmings. Our Millinery Department is well stocked with healthy trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Children's Fancy Felts, Velvets and Plushes. Needles for Domestic, Wheeler & Wilson, Singer and Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Settees, Hall Stands, Large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to parlor and bed furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low priced, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, Proprietor.

PIANOS BRADBURY, BAUS, and JACOB BROTHERS.

Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase.

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ORGANS The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, OF CHICAGO, Illinois.

CHAPEL, HALL or PARLOR.

Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and work Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT OUR STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

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R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

(Just below the post office) Dealer in

ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES,
WARDROBES,
CHIFFONIERS
and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

[illegible]

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full linings $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lisserne Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

NO. 43 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Silverville Mining and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM

MY customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, such as Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Long's Hotel.

NEW STYLES

IN

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal of all kinds cover. Telephone No. 98.

Call and Examine

EARTHENWARE and WOODENWARE of all kinds.

Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames, Tinware and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge.

S. FRUCHT,

No. 9 Somerset street. Come and see the Bargains.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES, ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. Box 1208.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—The Park avenue Social Club are making extensive arrangements for their visit to Summit on Thanksgiving Day.

—Read Van Emburgh & White's ambulance. They are offering special inducements throughout every department.

—The King's Daughters will have a parlor sale on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons of next week at No. 16 West Eighth street.

—The Somerset county Board of Freeholders will hold their regular November meeting in the Court House at Somerville next Tuesday.

—Chief Doane wishes to thank, through THE NEWS, the Sisters of Charity who supplied the firemen with refreshments on the morning of the Catholic rectory fire.

—A journalistic weather prophet says: "The weather will remain warm enough for months yet for the enterprising business man to plant advertisements on the sunny side of local newspapers."—Ex.

—The winter time table of the Central and Philadelphia and Reading Railroads will take effect to-morrow. Many important changes have been made, and the service to and from Trenton has been improved.

—Mr. George Kennan, the Siberian traveler, whose articles on Exile Life, in the current magazine, have attracted such widespread attention, will lecture at Music Hall on Nov. 19. Mr. Kennan will wear the Russian exile costume and fur fetters.

—There will be a chrysanthemum show and musicale at the residence of Mr. John C. Shaw at Pinderns, next week Monday and Tuesday, afternoon and evening. The proceeds will be devoted to the Ladies' Aid Society of the Round Brook Congregational church.

—Potato rot is the working of a minute insect. Pasteur, the eminent chemist, recently examined a piece of this rot the size of a pin head. In it, living a regular cat-and-dog life, continually biting and clawing at each other, he found over 300 minute forms of animal life.

—If the drunken man who assaulted himself and his last Saturday night by shooting off a revolver, repeats the practice, he may be compelled to answer a charge of disorderly conduct and carrying concealed weapons. The police are in possession of his name. A word to the wise is sufficient.

—Is it happens you want it! If so, Edsall is in a talkative mood to-day that he can supply them in genuine good goods, not auction lots or "seconds" and imperfect stock, as he only deals in regular goods. He says he has built up his large trade by this method of doing business, and means to continue it. His house may be relied upon every time.

—It will be well worth the price of admission to see the exhibition of an ordinary bicycle at the games of the Bicycle Club next Thursday night. Those who have seen him in his wonderful feats say he is on a par with Canary, the professional. Mr. Snyder is an amateur and only gives these exhibitions for the pleasure he derives from them himself, and is as much at home on a buggy wheel as on the saddle of a bicycle.

—A new danger confronts amateur photography. The all pervading Croton bug has taken to the gelatine of the dry plate. An amateur who developed some cherished negatives, and set them up on the kitchen washtub to dry over night, to the morning found the gelatine eaten off all around the edge of the plates in an irregular band as wide as the average Croton bug is long. The bugs had sampled the dish, and apparently not liking the first taste of it, had turned tail without waiting further into the landscape.

A Philosophical View.

[From The Elizabeth Journal.—Rep.]

To the man of philosophic mind this is not at all encouraging. This campaign was fought largely upon issues that should have affected very material changes all over the State. It was a campaign of moral questions as well as party policy. The people of New Jersey were asked to decide for or against the Saloon Power on the local option question, on the ballot reform law, on the tax question, on the action of the Legislature in regard to their rights as a body of electors, on the personal power of politics. How did they express themselves? Simply the same as if there had been no questions at issue at all.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

Stephen Wright, a Morrisville butcher, accidentally shot and killed himself while on a hunting expedition the other day near Taylorville.

William S. Gummere, of Newark, has been elected New Jersey counsel of the Pennsylvania Railroad, vice Edward T. Green, resigned.

The McClellan monument has been completed. No date has been set for its dedication, which will probably be postponed until spring.

The industrial school for the special benefit of colored children is to be located either at Morristown or Bridgeton. Mayor Holmes, Sheriff Reed and State Superintendent Chapman have been appointed trustees of the new school.

The Supreme Court has appointed the following managers of the State Lunatic Asylum: Edward H. Howard Pugh, of Burlington, in place of Dr. W. J. Shinn, deceased; General Wm. S. Stryker, of Trenton, in place of Dr. E. M. Hammill, deceased.

On Wednesday evening last Miss Abbie Chapman, daughter of E. O. Chapman, superintendent of Public Instruction, was united to Howard Watkinson, son of the Rev. Mr. Watkinson, formerly a Baptist minister of Trenton, but now of Philadelphia.

The first litigated case of Joseph J. Ely vs. Henry S. Forman was settled in the Supreme Court on Thursday. There has been a fierce fight between these two families, which reached as far as Hightstown, for years. It was decided against Ely in the Mercer County Court and was then carried up. Both Governor Ludlow and the opposing counsel say that the Court of Common Pleas has not abandoned the action and the decision of the Court is reversed.

TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION.

Union County Sunday School Association's Session.

The Union County Sunday School Association held their tenth annual convention in the Third Presbyterian church at Elizabeth yesterday afternoon.

The address of welcome was delivered by the Rev. J. T. Kerr, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church. James H. Durand, president of the association, responded.

The conference on "How can we secure the best spiritual results in Sunday school work?" led by the Rev. Jesse Lyman Hurlbut, of this city, was one of the pleasant features of the convention. Dr. Hurlbut's remarks were listened to with earnest attention.

Papers on other interesting topics were introduced by the Rev. Henry M. Booth, of Englewood, Rev. S. W. Clark, the State delegate, and the Rev. T. B. Fullan, of East Orange.

The Corresponding Secretary's report shows the association to be in a flourishing condition.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—M. Marvin Dunham, of Plainfield; Vice Presidents—H. P. Updyke, of Plainfield, and W. H. Porter, of Summit; Corresponding Secretary and Treasurer—J. M. Dudley, of Elizabeth; Recording Secretary—A. C. La Boyteaux, of Plainfield. Member of State Executive Committee—M. Marvin Dunham, of Plainfield; County Executive Committee—James H. Durrand, of Railway; R. W. Woodward, of Elizabeth; Rev. P. W. Cadwell, of Westfield; Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, of Plainfield; J. R. Connolly, of Westfield; Isaac Faulks, of Elizabeth and A. C. La Boyteaux, of Plainfield.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Schleider, formerly of Chimney Rock, will hold a variety wedding at their home in Plainfield Dec. 3.

Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut will address the third triennial conclave of the New Jersey State Sunday School Association at Trenton next week Wednesday.

Miss Angie R. Feytel, one of the prettiest young ladies of North Plainfield, is reported by the Rahway Democrat to be visiting friends in the latter city.

Miss Florence, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Randolph, of this city, will be married on Nov. 20th to Mr. W. D. Harmon, step son of Mr. Lewis Cass Teller of North Plainfield.

Miss Agnes H. Smith, daughter of the late Stephen H. Smith, of this city, and William Erickson Van Needon, of Brooklyn, N. Y., were married at the Church of the Holy Cross in Manhattan on Nov. 5th by the Rev. Logan Murphy officiated. The bride was attired in a golden brown traveling costume. The happy couple will reside in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. J. Worth Coddington, accompanied by his nephew, Allen Coddington, and Mr. Mark Smalley, left last evening for Clarksville, Va., on a hunting expedition. They were well equipped to go on an exhibition of an ordinary bicycle at the games of the Bicycle Club next Thursday night. Those who have seen him in his wonderful feats say he is on a par with Canary, the professional. Mr. Snyder is an amateur and only gives these exhibitions for the pleasure he derives from them himself, and is as much at home on a buggy wheel as on the saddle of a bicycle.

Mr. Coddington taking with him his fine Remington, of which he is justly proud. He will visit some of his old battle grounds and other points of interest on his return.

The latest intelligence from Europe is that Miss Carrie Kirkner, the youngest daughter of Hon. Jacob Kirkner, President of the Plainfield Board of Education, is so seriously ill with fever at Dresden that her recovery is despaired of. As already stated in THE NEWS, she has had a relapse of the fever with which she was attacked several months ago. It was hoped that the fever would be broken again, so that she could return home next January, but there are now grave fears that she will not survive. Mrs. Kirkner started on the steamer Werra for Germany at half-past seven this morning, having gone aboard last night so as to be certain not to miss the first vessel that could bear her to her beloved ones. She is filled with the gravest anxiety regarding her child. In referring to the matter a few days ago we inadvertently stated that it was Miss May Kirkner who was ill.

The Social Methodists.

Regardless of the mist and rain last night there was a surprisingly large audience at the Methodist church at the first regular series of Methodist socialists. There was vocal and instrumental music, recitations and tableaux by the young people of the church, assisted by Misses Genevieve and Shirley Wild, of Brooklyn, the former of whom is a professional reader and she certainly pleased. Refreshments were served, and a social spirit contributed much toward making the evening agreeable within, however disagreeable it was without. These sociables are quite a popular feature in all churches, but in probably none are they more so than in the Methodist church. The one last evening was under the management of a committee of which Mrs. Henry McGee was chairman.

At it Again.

It is reported that the venerable John Sexsmith was out upon his home a mile and a half from New Market a few days ago by two men who said they wanted to buy his farm. On some plausible pretext he was also called upon to show $1,000 and went in a buggy with one of the men to Bonker Jr. from a bank in Somerville. On the way back with the money a couple of confederates sprang from a clump of bushes and relieved the old farmer of the cold cash and left Mr. Smalley that much poorer in fortune but with increased knowledge of the ways of this wicked world.

Business Failures.

There were 345 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the current week, against 351 in the preceding week and 177, 203, 206 and 198 in the corresponding weeks of 1888, 1887, 1886 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 9,681 against 8,471 in 1888.

The Foot Bridge Gone.

The heavy rains last night and this morning caused Green brook to rise far above its usual height. The water rushed over The's foot bridge and the structure was carried away. The bridge was built by subscription and was a favorite resort for pedestrians. The loss will be considerable.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Rector William J. Leonard will preach at the Christian church at No. 6 Second place, to-morrow.

Services will be held as usual in the church of our Saviour at Netherwood to-morrow morning at 11 a. m.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Sunday school will be held in the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow afternoon at half past two o'clock.

German Lutheran services will not be held this nor next Sunday, but on the last Sunday in November at 10:30 a. m.

Services in the German Reformed church, on Craig place, North Plainfield, will be held to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. only.

Services in St. Joseph's church will hereafter be held at 8:30 and 10:30 a. m., and 3 p. m. The Rev. Father Freeman, pastor.

Grace church, Rose avenue: Service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Sunday School will be held as usual at the Warren Mission Chapel to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. There will be no evening service.

The usual Sunday services will be held in the church of the Heavenly Rest at Evona to-morrow. The Rev. Dr. Taylor will occupy the pulpit.

Meetings in Reform Hall to-morrow at 3:15 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. There will be addresses in the evening, and choice music. All are cordially invited.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Early celebration 9 a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45 a. m. Second service at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 4:30 p.m.

Services will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, preaches. A cordial welcome to all.

The Rev. Fathers Smyth and Stafford will conduct services in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 6:45, 9:45 and 10:45 a. m., Vesper service at 8 p. m. Good singing by a male choir.

At the First Baptist church, to-morrow, services in the lecture room of the church at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 3:30 p. m. The prayer meeting of the Young People's League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching service in the evening at 7:30.

Services will be held as usual at the First Presbyterian church to-morrow. The Rev. K. P. Ketcham will occupy the pulpit. The topic of his sermon in the evening will be "Changes in the church to meet changes in the world."

The Woman's Temperance Aid Society will not hold the usual 4 o'clock meeting in Reform Hall on Sunday afternoon. It is closed to give its regular attendants an opportunity to attend the mass meeting in Music Hall, led by Mr. Burdick.

At the Congregational church, on Seventh street, morning prayer will be held at 10:30. The pastor, the Rev. C. L. Goodrich, will preach. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 4:15 p. m.

At the Crescent avenue church, the regular services to-morrow will be: Morning, 10:30; evening, 7:30. Sunday-school, 2:30 p. m. Strangers are welcome at all services. In the evening pews are free. In the morning ushers will provide seats for all as promptly as possible.

Services will be held in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa R. Dike, at 10:30 and 7:30 p. m. The Lesson of a Successful Undertaking and How to Profit by It," will be the morning theme. That of the evening: "Hiding from God." Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. All are welcome.

The First Church of Christ, in Plainfield, will meet at Reform Hall, at 10:45 a. m. A special season of prayer for conversion in the evening pews are free. At 11 a. m. Mr. Cleaver will speak on "Reasons why prayer is not answered." At 12 m. "The Banquet of Love." At 2:30 p. m. Bible school. Social meetings on the evenings of Wednesday and Friday. Parties of all kinds are cordially invited to come and instruct us in the way of the Lord more perfectly.

Are Electric Lights Inferious?

We see it stated that observers in many of the small cities blessed with shade trees have noticed that since the introduction of electric lights the trees blighted by something, and for the lack of some more apparent cause, the trouble is ascribed to the electric lights. The local arboriculturists say that trees need dark rest as much as man need sleep. There seems to be some reason for supposing that the nearness of electric lights is the cause of the drooping of the trees, for similar trees not exposed to any other illumination than that of the sun, have not been affected in any way, and are bright and strong.

While it seems hardly probable that such a statement can be well founded, still, it will be interesting to those of this city, having shade trees near electric lights to carefully notice the future growth and if finding if the statement be true.—Exchange.

The Latimer Will Case.

The Latimer will case was continued before Justice McCormick yesterday morning. All the objections to the probate have been adjusted, and yesterday the court issued a decree fixing the lawyers' allowances. There have been in the hands of Surrogate Farrer, pending the adjustment, the sum of $1,500 of a million dollars the estimated value of the estate, which consists principally of Dakota and Texas lands. Messrs. Dickinson, Nelson Bangs, and J. Fred MacDonald are the executors of the estate.

LIBERALISM IN RELIGION.

The Influence of Unitarianism in the United States.

Much has been said in this country about liberalism in religion. Granted religious freedom, there are many people of one denomination or another who do not understand the tenets of any faith except their own, and are apt to indulge in uncharitable remarks concerning beliefs which do not accord with their views. The following from the Philadelphia Telegram of Nov. 9 very fully explains the character and influence which Unitarianism has exercised over religious thought in the United States, and may enlighten some of our readers as to this particular system of theology:

The National Unitarian Conference just held in this city was probably the most important meeting of the kind in the history of that body. Never before have the various conventions of the religious denominations in general been assembled, they are known to represent large and influential bodies of the people, with numerous churches, and an active and zealous ministry, numerous efficient press, and for the time being they command the attention of a very widespread interest. This is particularly so of the leading denominations, but the Unitarian church is one of the least numerous of all branches of modern religion; in fact, in most parts of this country, the people have no personal knowledge of it whatever. Its existence is only known to them like a tradition, like a name in history, and which they have in general the most shallow ideas. There are, we believe, but two Unitarian churches in all the boroughs, and scarcely five in the West, only two in New York city, and only two in this city, while they are never heard of in the rural regions at all, and throughout the whole United States number at this time about 350. The center of Unitarianism in this country is still in New England, where it was founded considerably less than a century ago chiefly by the brilliant-minded Channing.

All this being the case, it is reasonable to note the character and undoubted influence which Unitarianism has exercised over religious thought in this country during the past half century. Directly, it has made exceedingly few converts. Its method are so outwardly conservative and unobtrusive that its power is exerted in an unseen manner, and by sympathy reaches the masses of intelligence, capable of true observation as to the drift of current events. The secret of this is found in the fact that the notes are taken of such a representative assemblage as that which has just completed its work in this city. The average intellectual character of this National Conference was far above the ordinary. Its leadership was composed almost entirely of men of great brain, the highest culture, and bravest spirit, and these men do not admit, seemingly, by the noblest of human motives. It would be quite impossible for such men as appeared on the platform at the meetings in the Academy of Music, to appear in public anywhere without attracting the widest attention, and their every movement, public and private interest. It is thus in quality, not in quantity, that Unitarianism in the United States makes itself a force in every community where it is known, and its aggregate influence is found in the classes of thinkers everywhere. The striking down by fire of such men as Theodore Parker, Dr. Bellows, Frothingham, Furness, Priestley, and for our own venerable Furness, would leave itself felt anywhere. In any other denomination, the larger opportunities for development in the world's field, the highest culture, and bravest spirit, and best talents, would admit, seemingly by the noblest of human motives. It would be quite impossible for such men as appeared on the platform at the meetings in the Academy of Music, to appear in public anywhere without attracting the widest attention, and their every movement, public and private interest. It is thus in quality, not in quantity, that Unitarianism in the United States makes itself a force in every community where it is known, and its aggregate influence is found in the classes of thinkers everywhere. The striking down by fire of such men as Theodore Parker, Dr. Bellows, Frothingham, Furness, Priestley, and for our own venerable Furness, would leave itself felt anywhere. In any other denomination, the larger opportunities for development in the world's field, the highest culture, and bravest spirit, and best talents would have come to the front and stood in the van.

The general character, also, of the Unitarian ministry and membership is of a high intellectual grade, and from it a general influence that is felt is much greater in proportion than in other denominations. In fact, whatever the merits of particular tenets, Unitarianism, in the public mind, is regarded as the highest type of ethical religion, and thus it attracts a class of men who would not feel at home in any other religious society, or be comfortable if environed by the limitations of a less liberal creed. It has also, like many other societies of other denominations, especially men of the highest culture, profited through the feeling of intellectual fellowship, have been attracted by the thoughts and radical ways of thinking of Unitarians, and have come to adopt them in more or less, though perhaps unconsciously, become influenced in their own modes of thought and in their own beliefs. This, indeed, is largely the secret of much of the present agitation for the breaking of the bonds of creeds and the rise of the alleged liberalism, that has so deeply stirred the religious world during the past two or three decades, and which was the secret of action and forceful as at this hour.

This point was referred to by one of the speakers at the Unitarian Conference, who, perhaps with pardonable enthusiasm, took a more liberal view of the influence of his people in the country. But, so far as the great mass of American citizenship is concerned, this denomination, as a body, is and probably never will. It is beyond the reach of the spiritual comprehension, so to speak, of the average citizen, and is disposed to give serious thought to the great problems concerning their future existence. It claims, and with reason, to be the broadest and freest of all faiths, and to be planted firmly upon the doctrine of the Fatherhood of God and Brotherhood of Man, but it has not a sufficient hold of the common people the growth of the church, especially in this restless era, would be comparatively small. The fact is that the evangelical truths are so deeply rooted by centuries of teaching, that any reaction in the religious thought of the people would require a vast period of time for accomplishment. Somewhat the same thing is true of denominations the highest type of citizenship. It will be the favorite belief of many men of lofty ideals and generous spirit, will assuredly labor to lift up mankind and to promote their welfare, and to set an example of honest living and manly spirit in all the walks of life.

Patents Granted.

The following patents were granted to citizens of New Jersey during the past week: T. Aldcorn, New Durham, pipe coupling; F. Braham, Newark, drawer lock; E. D. Chamberlain, Westfield, band stamp; S. F. Gold, Englewood, car steam heater; G. F. Hall, Newark, rocking chair; J. Hamilton, Jersey City, electric meter; J. McEntire, Newark, electric terminal; J. McNab, Camden, discharging; A. F. Mansfield, Newark; fish net; J. T. Murray, Newark, journal bearing; F. F. Schenck, Highlands, life boat; C. H. Schnitzler, Camden, conveyer; W. Scull, Camden, dry dock; W. Sellers and H. Stauffer, Jersey City, pinions; G. W. Van Tine, Elizabeth, metal rounding; C. A. Vaughn, Newark, power hammer; F. V. Wells, Butler, water closet.

Union Teachers Meeting.

In response to the wish expressed by many Sunday school workers, the superintendents of the various school wards in a call for a Union meeting of the Sunday School teachers of Plainfield, to be held on Tuesday evening next, at 7:45 o'clock, in Vincent chapel. The lesson of the International Series for the following Sunday will be taught by Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, D. D., and the question of arranging for a course of such meetings will be discussed.

A WORD TO YOUNG MEN.

Intending to Revenge the Attack on Miss Murphy.

It is reported that young men of Plainfield propose to chastise the cowardly brute, Sullivan Randolph, for striking down a young girl in the street, while returning with her escort from a party yesterday morning.

Young men, the spirit which prompts to protect women from such brutes is right. But don't take the law in your own hands. The law on such a fellow must have had a murderer's instincts in order to be capable of doing such a thing, and he was quite sober enough to know what he was at.

The girl's screams, when she was struck in the face and knocked down in the street by the burly ruffian, and the screams of her companions, were heard nearly a mile away. Yet the fellow escaped.

—Boys interested are reminded of the social meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

Died.

CONKLIN.—In this city, Nov. 7th, 1889, Mrs. Amy A., wife of S. C. Conklin.

Funeral services from her late residence, 20 West Front street, Monday, Nov. 11th, at 2:30 p. m.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Sandford's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Address every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark; N. J.

COLLETTE'S NEW FRENCH SYSTEM of Dressmaking is now on exhibition at Foyer's Hotel, room 2. This system with the adjustable figure, covering rules, its exact measure, simple and rapid use precludes all necessity of refitting, giving perfect ease, style and elegance of figure. Dressmakers and ladies interested are invited to call and test its merits. It is excellent for beginners and to place in families. Patterns cut and fitted to order and systems taught. A few fitted as tests 8-3

Cent-a-Word-Column

A YOUNG MAN of 23, is steady, willing, and obliging; wants work of any kind. Address Johnson, P. O. Box 138, Dunellen. Plains. 11-2.

FOR SALE at a bargain, a few W. W. Kimball Summer top goes. Inquire at No. 27 Grant avenue. 9-7-tf

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of seven or four acres. R. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-6-tf

FOR SALE—Handsome shepherd dog. 5 E. West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—Fine residence property in Westfield, N. J. Five minutes from depot, churches, schools and post office. High ground, well drained. House, barn, with gas and water, barn and carriage house, all in complete order. Terms to suit. Apply to Luther M. Walker, Westfield, N. J.

FREE CHRYSANTHEMUM show at Denton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. Winter blooming plants in variety. 8-4

SITUATION wanted by a practical gardener and florist. Can build greenhouses, if desired, and heat them. Thoroughly understands the care of fine horses, cattle, cows and harness. Is a stylish, careful driver. Best of references given. Apply to or address Mansion, Plainfield post office.

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $5 per month. 55 Grandview avenue. 10 17-4tp

TO LET—Two desirable rooms with board; terms reasonable. 20 Madison avenue. 8-3

TO LET—A cellar; also lot in rear of store for sale. L. Heyniger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 11-4-tf

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster place. 10-29 tf

WANTED—School teachers to canvass for prizes offered by Base, a monthly magazine. Particulars on application. Editorial Rooms, Times building. Post-office address Look Box 707.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesmen. Steady employment. Special inducements now; fast-selling specialties. Don't delay. Salary from start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 10-14-4t $15

WANTED—Special or active partner, with $10,000 to $20,000, in wholesale custom business in Philadelphia, Pa. Business established. This is a good chance for investment. Address W. T. Turner, 634 Market street, Philadelphia, Pa. 10-26-5-nov5

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. References required. Apply at No. 126 West Second street. 11-2-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 3 First place. 11-6-tf

WANTED—Men to drink the Three B. Tea. For sale by Barkalow & Dunn, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN,

The Siberian Traveler, Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

A Parlor Sale

OF THE

King's Daughters

On the afternoon of

Nov 12 and 13, '89,

Between two and six o'clock, at No 16 West Eighth Street.

THIS NO. 8 STOVE PUT UP COMPLETE WITH PIPE SHELF FOR $18 NET.

J. C. PIERSON, Jr.,
NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

"IS IT BARGAINS YOU WANT?"

We can give them to you in Genuine Good Goods, not "Seconds" or Auction Lots. This is the way we get them. A large Importer of

LACE CURTAINS

offered us several lots of these goods at 33 1-3 per cent. less than the usual price to close out what they called ends of certain numbers of which they would not have any more. We purchased them and offer the same to our patrons at the same reduction from our regular prices. Note the LOW PRICES and then come in and examine the goods and you will be convinced that they are the best bargains to be found anywhere.

NOTTINGHAM at 65c., 81, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.25, 3.50 and up. Also a good line of Real Lace, Point, Antique, Swiss, etc., at equally low prices.

Edsall's, 20 West Front St., Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first class dry and fancy goods, merino underwear, carpets, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (386 Broadway, N. Y.,) thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving specialties daily in Dress Goods. Fancy Cloths, Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c., 36 inch Tricots, 40c. Improved all iron Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calicos 5c. per yard. Best grade Live Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run; open only to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.
2—Twenty yards dash. Open.
3—Sack Race. Club.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.
5—Quarter Mile Run—Handicap. Club.
6—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.
7—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.
8—Three Legged Race. Club.
9—Running High Jump. Club.
10—Half-mile Run. Open.
11—Consolation Race. Open to non-winners.
12. Tug of war between Elizabeth Whitesmed and Plainfield St. Club.

Admission, 50c. Reserved Seats, 50c., to be obtained at Shaw's, and Randolph's Drug Stores.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

Committee of ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenox, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. H. Hallock, R. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. P. Munn and L. W. Gerard, Jr.. 11-9-11.

CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW AND

MUSICALE

At the residence of John C. Shaw, Pinderns, Monday and Tuesday,

November 11 and 12.

Afternoons, 2 to 5; Evenings, 7 to 10. 50 varieties of Chrysanthemums will be shown.

The following ladies and gentlemen have kindly consented to take part in the Musicale each evening:

Miss S. N. Leo and Miss Hannah Sloane, of the Knox Kane Opera Company, and Miss Amelia Forster, of Somerville; Rahway; W. W. Jordan and Prof. J. B. Barrow, of Boston; Mrs. Rose Ingland Wheeler, pianist on the Sag-Pipe, Champion of the United States and Canada.

Handsome Cards, Coffee and Lemonade.

Stages will be provided to convey visitors to and from the station at Pinderns.

Afternoon admission, 25 cents; evening admission, including Musicale and Refreshments, 50 cents. Should the weather prove unfavorable on either of the above dates the entertainment will be postponed to the following day.

Proceeds for the Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational Church, Round Brook.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 62 East Front street, (also rooms with dining room); built and formerly occupied by Henry G. Latimer, is now for sale. Apply to C. H. Butler, No. 1 East Front street. 10th-11-4tf

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, 50 CENTS IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

School reports show that Jewish boys and girls are passing rapidly to the top in our educational institutions throughout the country. They seem to pass to the top after they leave school, too. America is, or at least ought to be, a good enough Palestine for the Hebrew people.

Too Much.

Professor W. O. Atwater, director of the agricultural experiment station at Washington, read a paper before the American Public Health association in Brooklyn, in which he declared that we Americans eat too much by half. His paper was a thoroughly convincing one. He showed how Americans eat far more than Europeans. Especially we eat too much meats and sweet stuffs. Dr. Jerome Walker had found that children were much better off for not eating all their appetite craved.

The true rule has been declared to be to eat just as little as will satisfy the hunger, without consulting the appetite. Following this rule, the quantity of food can in time be lessened one half, with the greatest advantage to the general health. When one begins to lay on fat over his muscles it is a sign he is eating too much, and he should slack up at once. Fat, according to the latest school of hygienists, is a disease, and a thoroughly uncomfortable one, at that.

Other doctors at the meeting declared with equal force that we dress too heavily and warmly in winter. In fact, we put too much both on the inside and outside of us. We clog the skin and weight ourselves down by our thick and heavy clothing, and give nature no sort of chance to keep us warm. Consequently nature weakens and we suffer.

What did our prehistoric ancestors, who had no clothes at all to speak of, do? They certainly did not freeze to death or we would not have been here. No! Light clothing and brisk exercise, which warms us from the inside instead of the outside, and a light quantity of food, is the way to be healthy, wealthy and wise.

Cook Atkinson.

Mr. Edward Atkinson is known as the fairest idealist of his time. Lately, however, he has put one of his best ideas into the shape of an apparatus which may revolutionize old cooking methods. He calls his contrivance a "Modern Aladdin oven. Its design is to utilize the heat of an ordinary kerosene lamp for cooking, and the design is wrought out effectually. While one sits and reads by a lamp, or does other work, his food is thoroughly and deliciously cooked by the heat given off from the lamp at the same time. The oven is constructed of wood pulp, faced with tin. All kinds of food may be cooked with the apparatus. The saving in fuel, dirt, ashes, space, smoke and hullabaloo can hardly be computed.

Mr. Atkinson, unlike many reformers, uses his own machine at home. He also *delivers lectures, exhibiting it in operation.* One was given before the American Public Health association recently.

Will the Mormons Leave Utah?

There is rumor of a vast movement among the Latter Day Saints to gather together their household goods, shake the inhospitable dust of the United States from their feet and migrate in a body to some realm where each Mormon may have as many wives as his conscience dictates. Negotiations to this end have been in progress with Mexico, but for some reason they have been broken off, and now the Saints are looking elsewhere. It is said the Argentine Republic has offered them handsome terms, the prejudice against many wives not extending, apparently, to the South Americans. Mr. E. G. Sprague, an artist who spent some time sketching in Utah, asked a Mormon boy of 18 who the president of the United States was. The boy replied that it was George Q. Cannon.

It is not unknown that the Prince of Wales has expressed doubts whether he would ever reign over England. Recent reports of his health seem to justify his doubts, even though there should be no political revolution in England—not yet awhile. It is said now that the prince certainly has Bright's disease. Strange it would be if, like Emperor Frederick of Germany, the Kingdom of Love should go to the grave in the flower of manhood. What would England do then? But Victoria lids fair to live many years yet. She appears to have a better constitution than her wedding male descendants, probably because she has taken better care of herself. Her greatest shortcoming, next to her avarice, is said to be a weakness for British ale.

Kansas has raised the largest crop in the history of the state this year. It is pleasing to record that the number of marriages have increased proportionally. In all nations, the marriage rate is a reliable index to the prosperity of the country, rising and falling with that. It is not out of place to hope that this Kansas divorce rate will not also increase accordingly.

There are now 300,000 stamps in this country, 60,000 of them boys. This is a little when city schoolhouses will not accommodate the pupils sent to them. The two facts go well together.

(SECOND PAGE.)

CRONIN RELICS FOUND.

His Instrument Case and Clothes Recovered.

CONCEALED IN A CATCH BASIN.

Coughlin, O'Sullivan and Kunze Drank Together in Nieman's Saloon on the Night of the Cronin Murder—The Finger Prints on the Blind.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Less than one mile south of the catch basin into which Cronin's mutilated remains were thrown, and only one block from where the bloody trunk was discovered, the murdered physician's clothes and medical instruments were found yesterday afternoon. The disposition of these things had been an inscrutable mystery to the police, and while that is likely to continue clews that may result in such evidence as the guilt of some of the suspects as to preclude all possibility of their escape from justice. Upon a complaint that the sewer was clogged, Michael Gilbert, of the Lake View water department, started out to locate the difficulty, accompanied by Michael Ree, an assistant. Everything was found clear until a basin near the corner of Buena and Evanston avenues was reached at 2:15 o'clock.

The water having been dipped out, Gilbert noticed something at the bottom, and ordered Ree to investigate. Lowering himself into the manhole Ree pulled up a big valise, covered with slime and rotting away at the edges. Within was a spring overcoat, a vest, a hat, two trousers and underwear. The clothes were very bloody and badly torn. A leather covered case of instruments was also in the valise, the seams rotted and the sharp points protruding from the canvas on both ends.

Dr. Cronin's Entire Outfit.

In the inside coat pocket was a small medical book, a sort of encyclopedia, and a prescription book, the pages of which were a half dozen cards, inscribed "Dr. P. H. Cronin," with his house and office addresses and hours for business. A large box of splints, about a foot long, that the doctor carried with him on the fatal night was also found, as was a hypodermic syringe.

The clothes were cut in such a manner as to show they had been hastily slashed from the corpse. Even the collar was cut to pieces.

It Was Simonds's Valise.

Probably the most important thing in connection with the find is the fact that the valise in which were the gory evidences of assassination was the very one purchased by W. B. Simonds, "of Conay, from Alexander H. Revell's store, and identified to by Salesman Hartfield in court. It has been positively identified by Hartfield, and Hakan Soderstrom, the coachman, declared without hesitation that the valise was the same he had taken, with the other things, from 117 South Clark street to the Carlson cottage, having driven Dr. Cronin Burke.

The clothes and other things were taken to the central station, where Mrs. Conklin pronounced everything found as being property of the doctor. They were then taken to the Chicago avenue station, where they are being dried, while the medicine case and prescription book were taken possession of by Judge Longenecker.

A Valuable Find.

The find will not only connect many broken links in the chain of evidence against the prisoners on trial, but will tend to inculpate others. It is also important in connection with the actual murder that the defense have almost given up all hope of saving the prisoners. The defendants heard of the find in the freight depot. At the conclusion of court, last week, they were hurriedly moved.

From the location of the place where the clothes and instruments were found it is evident that the murderers, after they had taken them threw out the trunk and then finally threw the valises and cases of instruments down the manhole.

The Cronin Trial.

Police Captain Schnettler resumed the witness stand in the Cronin trial. He brought with him into court the blind taken from a window of the Carlson cottage, with two paint prints of a hand on it. Capt. Schnettler said that the finger marks on the window blind were made with the same yellow paint with which the floor was smeared. One slat of the blind was broken off, and Schnettler says some one had attempted to close the blind hurriedly and did not notice that his hand was covered with the paint.

Witness found in the cottage a pail or can of paint, and in it a brush. The paint had evidently been exposed to the air for some time. This paint corresponded to that on the floor.

What O'Sullivan Said.

The captain told of the conversation between Sullivan and Capt. Schaack, in which he (witness) took part, on May 28, and in which O'Sullivan admitted the contract between him and Dr. Cronin, and also that he (O'Sullivan) had been employed by Dr. Cronin to inform him about the man named Kunze and a horse. O'Sullivan also admitted in his conversation that none of his men had ever been injured, and that he had never been asked for damages. O'Sullivan denied positively that he was a member of the Clan-na-Gael.

The Finger Marked Shutter.

Capt. Schnettler stated how he became possessed of the blind, and also told the history of the hair taken from the trunk. Witness identified the hair found in the trunk as one by Dr. Egbert and the other by Capt. Wing. Both of these he had given to Dr. Haskell in the same condition that he received them. On the records examination by Judge Wing witness went into a detailed history of the key of the trunk. Officer Edward Hodges testified to having taken the shadow blind from the window of the house of the Carlson cottage and having brought it to Capt. Schnettler. Witness identified the blind in court and also the finger marks.

Mrs. Lingren, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carlson, testified to having been at her parents' house on May 4, when Dr. Weil had rented by the Carlsons after the receipt of the "Frank Williams letter." She told how Charlie Dickson and her husband painted the house by the direction of Dr. Weil, and described the condition of the interior. Mr. Lingren corroborated his wife's testimony. The piece of window shutter was offered in evidence.

A Sensation in Court.

William Nieman was then called and his presence created a sensation. Nieman is a saloon keeper on Deborah street and Ashland avenue. He opened his place Friday, May 3, and on that day made a contract with O'Sullivan for ice. The next evening, May 4, the night of the murder, O'Sullivan came into the witness' saloon about 9:30 o'clock, accompanied by two men. The three men drank two glass-s of wine each and stayed in the saloon about half an hour. When asked to look around the court room to see if either of the men who accompanied O'Sullivan was present, the witness looked long and said that one of them very much resembled Coughlin. Nieman, when asked if he was the smaller man who was with O'Sullivan that night, promptly pointed toward Kunze and replied:

"Yes, sir. The man is John Kunze, there."

The defense tried hard to confuse the witness on this point, but he had them well fixed in his mind by having opened his saloon and secured his license the day before the murder occurred.

Andrew J. Mort, a p inter, was called to identify the card given by the driver of the white horse to Dr. Cronin. Sergts. Hollig and Mostickquer, of the Chicago avenue station, testified to the frequent telephone messages passing between Coughlin and O'Sullivan, and Officer Kalvelage identified the piece of cloth found in the floor.

Helping Out the Big Detective.

Alfred Kestner, a young German watch maker, said he had known Coughlin for several years, and had assistance by the detective to show that the big detective was in the vicinity of the Carlson cottage pretty much all of May 4 from noon to midnight. There was a man with Coughlin, the witness said, similar in appearance, but more stout, and having a small black mustache growing if to have been either Cooney or Simonds.

Officers Hunkler and Robinson testified to seeing more on the sidewalk in front of the cottage on the night of May 12, and a light inside. Five minutes later the men disappeared and the cottage was in darkness.

Court then adjourned.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Lord Wolseley denies the report that he will visit America in December next to assist in the unveiling of the monument to Gen. Robert E. Lee.

Frank J. Lee, formerly private secretary of Sam Jones, the revivalist, has been arrested in Sacramento, Cal., for robbery.

The president has amended the civil service rules so that appointments to vacancies in the railway mail service shall be from among those who have passed the civil service is to be rendered, instead of from the state at large.

Justice Andrews has granted Mrs. Flack $30 per week alimony from Sheriff Flack pending the suit of the proceedings for divorce. He has also granted $600 for counsel fees.

The Altoona Wreck Exaggerated.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—The following dispatch relative to the railroad smashup west of Altoona has been received by General Agent Latta, of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, from Superintendent Pettis, of Altoona: "Engineer Wilson, the engineer of the work train, was killed and H. McKelvey and Engineer Ashcroft, of engine No. 1,140, were slightly injured by jumping from their engine. The wrecker was cleared in a short time. Reports were and are yet very sensational, but fortunately the above are all the facts."

A Colored Boy Lynched.

LEESBURG, Va., Nov. 9.—Wednesday evening about 6 o'clock as Miss Leith, a school girl about 17 years of age, was returning from the Hamilton academy she was feloniously assaulted by a colored boy named Owen Anderson. The assailant has not been identified but as she could not identify him he was released. Afterward Anderson was rearrested on circumstantial evidence and confessed his guilt. About 7 p. m. a hundred armed men came to town, gained admission to the jail, took Anderson out and hung him on a derrick in the freight depot. After hanging him they fired a number of bullets into his body and rode away.

Smith and Andrews Held.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Judge Merwin handed down his decision in the case of contractors John Smith, T. J. Sullivan and Charles B. Andrews, which has been argued before him on a motion to vacate the order of arrest by which the parties named had been taken into custody, charged with fraudulently obtaining payment from the comptroller of the state for work claimed to have been done on the ceiling of the assembly chamber at Albany. Judge Merwin decides that the motion must be granted as to Sullivan, but denied as to the other defendants.

The Park Will Not Be Used.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The world's fair committee on site and buildings have decided to abandon the proposition to include any portion of the park in the site for the fair, and to confine it to Morningside and Riverside parks and such lands as may be available lying between Ninety-sixth and One Hundred and Eighteenth streets and Fourth and Fifth avenues. The general committee received the report of the site committee and adopted it unanimously by a vote of 38 ayes to 2 nays. A Paris special to Chicago says many of the French newspapers favor Chicago for the fair.

A Woman in the Case.

CHESTERTOWN, Md., Nov. 9.—A serious shooting affray occurred between a negro entertainment held at Perkins' hall. Frank Harris, a colored waiter on the steamer Emma J. Pard, of the Chester River company's line, had an altercation with another negro men, deliberately fired at and killed Al. Trusty and Edwin Brown. Harris fired three shots from a large pistol and the fifth went through Trusty's body and killed Brown. There is intense excitement among the negroes. It is hinted that there is a woman in the case.

A Daring Interviewer Disappears.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—E. W. Barrett, Washington correspondent of the Atlanta Constitution, was sent to Alabama two weeks ago to seek an interview with the outlaw, Rufus Burrows. He started with a special commission to order Pinkerton detectives to a point where Burrows was supposed to be stopping, and has not been heard from since. It is feared he has been killed. The Constitution has telegraphed all its men of that district to investigate the matter.

A Gift to Johns Hopkins' University.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—Mayor Latrobe has notified the trustees of Johns Hopkins' university that he had been intrusted by Mrs. Caroline Donovan, of Baltimore, widow of a New York merchant, who died in 1887, with nearly a check for $100,000. Mrs. Donovan gave as a reason for this that it be used to found a chair of English literature. The board accepted the gift for the purpose named.

He Illegally Used the Mails.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—Charles R. Wallace, Jr., of Richmond, Va., was before United States Commissioner Bond this afternoon, accompanied by two men. The three men drank two glass-s of wine each and stayed in the saloon about half an hour. When asked to look around the court room to see if either of the men who accompanied O'Sullivan was present, the witness looked long and said that one of them very much resembled

WITH KNIFE AND PISTOL

Two Chivalrous Kentucky Gentlemen Fight at Sight.

ONE IS DEAD; THE OTHER MAY DIE

Col. Goodloe and Col. Swope, Prominent Kentucky Republicans, Engage in a Bloody Impromptu Duel at Lexington.

Col. Swope Is Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 9.—Col. William Cassius Goodloe, yesterday afternoon literally cut to pieces Col. Armistead M. Swope in pieces, causing his death within three minutes. In the affray Swope shot Goodloe, inflicting what is thought to be a fatal wound. The ill feeling between these men began some time in 1885, while Swope was private secretary of General Logan. Goodloe went to Washington and tried to induce the president to remove him. This came to the ears of Swope, and ever since then the men have hated each other with a deadly bitterness. This feeling was deepened at Louisville a year ago last spring, when, in the state convention of the state delegates to the National Republican convention, a delegate from Pulaski county arose and protested against his county casting its vote for Swope as delegate at large to the National Republican convention at Chicago. At this point Col. Swope arose and said: "That's right! I don't want your vote. Don't do like my county did—instruct for one man and vote for another."

Col. Goodloe rose from his seat and exclaimed: "It ill becomes the gentleman from Fayette to denounce the action of the delegates, because fully two-thirds of them do not speak to or recognize him on the street."

Friends to Prevent Peace Meshes.

This came very near causing a hostile meeting at the time, but friends interfered and the two colonels did not meet until several days afterward when the paper published the remarks for the remarks he made in the convention. Friends interfered and prevented blows, but those who knew the nature of the men prophesied bloodshed. The fact that both gentlemen were leading Republicans in the state added interest to the affair. Towards evening a movement was set on foot to secure the consent of both gentlemen to the submitting of differences to a committee of friends for honorable adjustment. This plan was agreed to, and United States Senator Beck, Col. E. F. Clay, Gen. J. C. Robinson and Professor John Shackleford were chosen to adjust the differences. The details of their deliberations were not made public, but the following cards were published by the gentlemen acting as arbitrators:

The Cards of Truce.

GENTLEMEN—That all the personal differences between Col. William C. Goodloe and myself may be amicably settled, I hereby, in my duly accredited by You, gentlemen, to withdraw the offensive language used by me to Col. Goodloe at the Phoenix hotel on the 7th inst.

A. M. SWOPE.

GENTLEMEN—Col. Swope having retracted his offensive language, I am now ready to say, as I had said to friends prior to this difficulty, and publicly said in the state convention, that Col. Swope's property, quoted, that the language used by me in the Louisville convention was in defense of the Pay-ne-Lindsay delegation, of which I am a member, and not as a personal attack on Col. Swope. Upon this statement Goodloe was arrested, but he died before and regretted he met a moment afterwards.

WM. CASSIUS GOODLOE.

The Men Meet Again.

As far as known the two gentlemen never met freely face to face until yesterday afternoon. At 1:30 Col. Swope went to the postoffice. He had just put his mail in his pocket when Col. Goodloe came to get his letters. The men looked at each other and some hot words passed between them. Instantly both men drew their weapons. Goodloe four paces from Swope, with a long blade—one of those kind held open with a spring—and Swope's weapon was a 32 caliber Smith & Wesson pistol.

The Fight to the Death.

The couple started towards each other and Swope quickly fired at his antagonist, the ball missing him and lodging inside the mailing room. Goodloe did not flinch, but rushed on his opponent, and quick as a flash his dash plunged the knife into his breast up to the hilt. Quickly withdrawing it, he drove the blade into Swope's breast twice more. The latter, realizing his fatality, and placing the pistol against Goodloe, four inches to the right of the navel, fire. The ball lodged, it is thought, in the left wall of the abdomen.

Then Goodloe's frenzy knew no bounds, and with the fierceness of a tiger he grabbed Swope by right arm with his left and began one of the most horrible butcheries ever seen in Kentucky. The blade flashed repeatedly until five frightful wounds were made in Swope's body, one of which was a gash across his right wrist which nearly severed it. Goodloe then turned him loose. Swope and attempted to open the door, but fell to the floor. Goodloe then stepped within three minutes. Blood was spattered around the scene of the encounter and a large pool collected where the horribly mutilated form fell. The gory and bloody body was then taken in charge by officers and carried to his rooms, where an undertaker washed and dressed it.

Six Mortal Wounds.

Twelve wounds were found on the body, and at least six of them would each have proved fatal. Col. Goodloe was assisted to a doctor's office, where the best talent in the city waited on him. He was conscious all the afternoon, but the physicians thought it best not to probe for the ball until the arrival of Dr. Conway Howard, of Louisville.

It is the opinion of the doctors that the *bullet did not cut any of the intestines*, but of course that cannot be determined until after Goodloe's examination.

A Typical Kentucky Gentleman.

Col. Goodloe was appointed collector of internal revenue for the Seventh district of Kentucky by President Lincoln on June 1, last. He served in the Union Army in the great struggle of 1861 to 1865 and has several times been state senator. He was minister to Belgium during the Cleveland and Harrison administration. He is a typical Kentucky gentleman of culture; of undoubted courage, firmness and loyalty. He is a scholar of the highest order, and is a leader of the state in national politics. He is an effective stump speaker, a good story teller, but would rather talk horse than do anything else in the world. Col. Goodloe has a wife and four lovely daughters.

Col. Swope's Record.

Col. A. M. Swope was born in Harrard county, Ky., forty-five years ago. He moved to Paris and read medicine here. He was an uncompromising Republican, and during Grant's administration was appointed collector of the Seventh internal revenue district of this state, with headquarters at Lexington. He served in that capacity four years, when he traveled in Europe and Asia, and upon his return to Kentucky entered the law office of Gen. Bennett H. Young. He was a candidate for governor and president, and was a candidate against Col. William C. Bracken-ridge last year for congress, and ran a good race. He was unmarried, but leaves a brother and sister. He was highly respected by both parties as a man of honor and unflinching loyalty.

Mr. Was a Peculiar Enemy.

He said a few days ago that he knew if he and Goodloe met the issue would be death and said that in such event he preferred to be the slain rather than the slayer, for the reason that Goodloe had a large family dependent upon him.

The President's Grief.

The president knew Col. Goodloe well and esteemed him highly. The sad news was communicated to him and affected him to a most marked extent. The intelligence seemed to stun the president almost as though a near relative had been killed, for which he was holding in his hand at the time fell to the floor, and after a few moments he paced nervously and absentedly up and down." He stated that all of the details of the tragedy should be communicated to him.

Clarkson a Tribute to Goodloe.

First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson said last night: "His (the Republican party of the state) there are few men better or more widely admired than Col. Goodloe. The announcement of yesterday's tragedy will be like a personal grief to thousands of Republicans throughout the north. Col. Goodloe could have had recognition under the present administration, but he preferred to stay in Kentucky because of his devotion to the party. He was a man of absolute fearlessness, manly and generous."

CELEBRATING WITH DYNAMITE.

Postmaster McClure Says Some One Wrecked His Office.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The following telegram has been received by the postmaster general:

LOUISA, Ky., Nov. 7.

I claim protection and redress at the hands of the government. I am postmaster at this place, and had the handsomest fourth class office in the northern Kentucky, surpassing many presidential offices.

Office is this morning completely demolished, being the work of a few persons wanting to let the postmaster here know how Ohio had carried it. They used dynamite, giant powder and other combustibles, caved in front door, broke every window in front of building, and tore down the entire front. Should I find my office little protection to United States mails, pouches or money order deposits.

Being a disturbing element, the finding of guilty parties will be an easy task for a detective force.

R. C. MCCLURE, P. M.

The postmaster general has instituted an investigation of the matters contained in this telegram.

Chicago Is Pulling Every Wire.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Sometime ago the Chicago world's exposition managers addressed inquiries to the various American consuls resident abroad, asking them what the industrial classes in their districts would prefer to participate in a world's exposition on the seacoast or one near the geographical centre of the country. The answers thus far received are from various points in Canada, England, France, Germany, Mexico, Greece, Italy, Wales, Ireland, Russia, Spain, Scotland, Norway, Sweden and Africa, and they indicate an overwhelming sentiment in favor of Chicago, with a small minority believing New York to be preferable. This, it is understood, will be the line to be followed by the committee of congress on a substitution bill now pending in the senate, which will be an amendment to the Chicago bill, providing that the language used by me in the Louisville convention was in defense of the Payne-Lindsay delegation, of which I am a member, and not as a personal attack on Col. Swope. The latter was exonerated from blame in the best of debate

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

How He Wanted to Be an Alderman but Failed to Bring It About.

"Well, what do you think?" queried Mr. Bowser, as he looked up at his across the supper table one evening.

"You mean 'haven't been and bought another horse, Mr. Bowser?'"

"Horse! Can't you think of anything but horse! I suppose you'll throw that horse up to me to your dying day?"

"I'm so glad you have decided not to buy another! Is it some more chickens, or a new fire escape, or another dog to eat us up?"

He turned pale and refused to say another word for two hours. Then he could hold himself no longer, and he suddenly observed:

"I suppose you will feel proud of the title of Mrs. Ald. Bowser."

"What do you mean?"

"Just what I say. You are soon to be known as Mrs. Ald. Bowser."

"Are you going to run for office?"

"I am. It was settled this afternoon. I am going to be nominated for alderman of this ward."

"Mr. Bowser, is it possible that you are going to let them lead you into any such foolishness? I thought you had a more level head than that, in spite of your mistakes."

"My mistakes! Be satisfied. I never made one in my life, except when I married you! Level head! I'd like to see some one who carries a more level head than I do!"

"And so you are going to be alderman?"

"If I live."

"But what for?"

"Because it is the wish of the people. My committee calls. The committee have canvassed the ward and concluded that I was not only the best man for the office, but the only one who stood any show against the vicious opposition. It is a sacrifice on my part, but the vox populi must be ready to sacrifice."

I didn't say any more. As soon as he left the house next morning I prepared for visitors, and I was not disappointed. He was hardly out of sight before the bell rang, and I opened the door to find a dirty looking fellow with his hat on his ear who asked:

"Is Bowser home?"

"No, sir."

"Gets out pretty early, doesn't he? Leave any money for me?"

"No, sir."

"He didn't, eh? Furty specimen of a candidate he is! Expects us to do all the figurin' for nothin, does he?"

"Who are you, sir?"

"Who are I?" he repeated as he slanted his hat a little more and spit over his shoulder. "I'm the party as carries the ward in his vest pocket, I am, and if old Bowse don't cum down liberally he gets left. Tell him to come and see me."

Nine times that forenoon I answered the bell to find a ward heeler or some other sort of political parasite on the door step. One of them gave as much as far as to ask me to pledge Mr. Bowser to vote for him to run one of the city hall elevators. There were three others waiting for him when he got home to dinner, and I saw him give them all money. He came in excited and jubilant, and when I told him what had occurred he replied:

"Let the dear people come! They know that I am the man to do all I can for them when I am elected, and elected I shall be as sure as the sun rises on the day. What do you think! I was talking with a prominent man belonging to the opposition and he said it would be no use for his party to put up a man against me. Bowser stock is way up, hey?"

For a week I lived in a state of miserable agitation. Every time I went to the city a ward heeler rang the bell, and when he wasn't ringing, it was some man who wanted a new or other contract. Every evening the house was full of politicians saying pleasant and gassing down my currant wine, and on three nights Mr. Bowser had to "go the rounds" of the ward and "see the boys." On the last night I had to help him up stairs, and the tears rolled down his cheeks as he whimpered:

"Mary, Mrs. Bowser, it just breaks my heart to shee how m'r people love me. They cry fr me, and—and I cry fr them!"

The week on for a week, and then the caucus was held to nominate. Mr. Bowser and he would go through by acclamation, but as the boys would expect some sort of speech, not to say a keg of beer, afterwards, he would have to be on hand. As soon as nominated there would be no more heelers running after him, and a nomination meant election by a large majority. I didn't say much, but I felt pretty sure how it would come out.

Along about 9 o'clock he came home. He was running. He also breathed hard and looked white.

"What on earth is the matter now?" I asked as he banged into the hall.

"O—gone!" he gasped.

"How gone?"

"Gone up."

"Mr. Bowser, tell me what has happened. You said as if you had met a ghost and lost your senses."

"I—I didn't get the nom—nomination!" he whispered, his knees quaking so that he had to sit down on a chair.

"Why didn't you?"

"Because they concluded that Mr. Scott was far more popular and the stronger man. I—I was in the room—my friends—when Scott arrived only last week for whipping his—his—"

"Pa," I suggested.

We looked at each other for a long time without speaking. Then I said:

"I thought the dear people loved you, Mr. Bowser?"

"Yes."

"You were to be selected above all others and honors thrust upon you."

"Yes."

"Your country called upon you to down the odious opposition. You were the patriot who was ready to sacrifice himself."

"Yes."

"How much has this experience cost you?"

"Four hundred."

"Well, you have made a fool of yourself, and I hope it will be a lesson to you. You'd better go to bed."

"I guess I will."

At midnight he woke up, sat up in bed and chuckled.

"Look here, old lady, I hope you feel sour, having accomplished your villainous ends?"

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that you defeated me in the caucus! Everybody knows you, and this opportunity for revenge could not be passed over. Mr. Bowser, you have gone a step too far! To-morrow I shall commence a lawyer about those proceedings!"

"Go to sleep."

"Yes, I'll go to sleep, but don't imagine I shall forget or overlook your base duplicity. You've borne and borne, but this is the end!"

Next morning, however, he made no reference to the matter, and at noon I got my party. Even him believes that he had been with me in the interests of harmony. He came over one day to shake hands.

I hear that my honest to being mentioned for mayor, but I shan't take the nomination. I prefer to be a plain, humble citizen."—Detroit Free Press.

"How do you like your French pupil?" asked Jenny.

"She is a precocious creature—I—can't say I like her."

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Raccoon Boas, $3.00.

Opossum Boas, $2.50.

Opossum muffs, $6.00.

Children's fur muffs, 50 cents.

Children's fancy furs, fur muff and boa to match, 90 cents.

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Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

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THE CURIOSITY SHOP

Is Cellular Lining in Take the Place of Silk?

An article in The American Analyst gives some information as to a new use of cellulold

Man is gradually developing an ability to dispense with the familiar old time processes of manufacture in supplying his wants, which is fraught with startling suggestiveness in relation to the future advancement of the race. The latest illustration of this fact that has come to our attention is afforded by a French savant named de Carbonnet, who, it is claimed, has discovered how to make silk without worms. He began his experiments some time ago with the guiding idea that the peculiar appearance of silk was the result of the spinning of the liquid. After many months of repeated and unsuccessful trials he produced several yards of silk in this wise. He poured a collodion solution into a copper receiver, which emptied into a system of small glass tubes. These tubes terminated in capillaries which carried off the solution in fine, thread-like streams. In the second system of glass tubes, filled with water, the fine streams became fine threads, which, before leaving the water, were caught mechanically and wound round tiny rollers.

They were heated and coated in an acid of special gravity and temperature, the threads were made less combustible than cotton by being saturated in a simple chemical preparation. The quality of the silk goods manufactured from these threads is said to be fine. The threads are cylindrical, and are from one to forty micro-millimeters in diameter. They sustain a weight of 30 to 35 kilograms per square millimeter. Ordinary silk thread's weight of 30 to 45 kilograms per square millimeter. De Carbonnet's silk is much more brilliant than ordinary silk, and absorbs and holds coloring matter more satisfactorily. As yet only a few pieces have been produced by the new process. Several of these are shown in the Paris exposition, but Carbonnet is confident, however, that further experiments will enable him to manufacture silk cheaply and in large quantities. In fact, he thinks that a few years hence the silkworm may as well go and die, as machinery will then be doing their work much better than they can do it themselves.

Old Blandford Church.

The author of this little poem was Tyrone Powers, the famous Irish comedian who perished with the steamship Pulaski, which was wrecked on the coast of North Carolina in 1841. The church was built in 1735.

Those old walls seem meet to rear dirge and pall!
Thus art hastening to thy fall,
And round thee in thy loneliness,
Gloom shelters to thy sad
The worshipers are scattered now.
Who knelt before thy shrine;
And silence reigns where anthems rose
In days of "Auld Lang Syne."

And sadly sighs the wandering wind,
Where oft, in pastor gone by,
Poured vows from many hearts to Him,
The highest of the high
The tramp of many a heavy foot,
Where death's sad work is o'er,
And many a weary heart around
Is still forever more.

How doth ambition's hope take wings
And drops the spirit's power!
We hear the distant city's din,
The dead are mute below.
The sun that shone upon their paths
Now gilds their lonely graves.
The sephyrs which once fanned their brows,
Now murmur o'er them waves.

Oh! could we call the many back,
Who've gathered here in vain,
Who've carolled round where we do now,
Who'll never meet again!
How would our very hearts be stirred,
To meet the earnest gaze
Of the lovely and the beautiful—
The lights of other days.

United States Naval Pennants.

The size of pennants in the United States navy is as follows: The narrow pennant is described as follows: Hoist—6.94 inches to a length of 9.72 inches; 7.64 inches to a length of 25 feet; 8.34 inches to forty feet; 4.9 inches to 90 feet, and 4.5 inches to 25 feet. As to the commodore's or broad pennant, whatever the size adopted it must be of the proportions to be observed, as noted in the following description:

Swallow tailed, the angle of the tail to be inserted by a line drawn at a right angle from the center of the hoist, and of a length at a distance from the head of three-fifths of the length of the pennant; the lower side is to be rectangular with the hoist or hoist; the upper side is to be tapered, leaving the width of the pennant at the tails $\frac{1}{3}$ the hoist. The stars to be ranged in the field alone in equidistant vertical lines, and horizontally to taper with the pennant. Hoist, 6 their length.

Symbolic Gems.

The following is the association of precious stones with the different months of the year:

January, garnet, constancy and fidelity in every engagement; February, amethyst, preventive against violent passions; March, bloodstone, courage, which gives a length of affection; April, sapphire, free from enchantment, denotes repentance; May, emerald, discovers false friends and insures true love; June, agate, insures long life, health and prosperity; July, ruby, discovers poison, corrects evils resulting from mistaken friendship; August, sardonyx, insures conjugal felicity; September, chrysolite, frees from evil passions and sadness of the mind; October, opal, denotes hope and sharpens the sight and faith of the possessor; November, topaz, fidelity and friendship, prevents bad dreams; December, turquoise, prosperity in love.

Who Discovered America?

Buddhist monks from China discovered the western coast of America in the summer of 499 A. D. In 464 more Chinamen came over, and in 499 still more. The aborigines did not exclude them. In 725 monks from Ireland settled in Iceland. In 995 Bjarni from Norway sailed along Nova Scotia and Labrador, being the first Europeans to see the shores of the continent. Leif, the Icelander, made a settlement in Rhode Island in 1000 A. D. In 1170 Madoc, prince of Wales, made a settlement somewhere in the west, and in 1492 Columbus discovered the country. Columbus made the first practical business discovery.

Discharged Soldiers' Citizenship.

The United States revised statutes provide (section 2,169) that any alien of the age of 21 years and upward enlisted in the army of the United States, who may be honorably discharged, shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States upon his petition without any previous declaration of his intention to become such, and he shall not be required to prove more than one year's residence within the United States previous to such application.

To Prevent Rust.

The rusting of bright steel tools is due to the precipitation of moisture from the air. It may be obviated by keeping the air surrounding such goods dry. A saucer of powdered quick lime in a showcase will prevent the rusting of cutlery exhibited therein.

A Son's Citizenship.

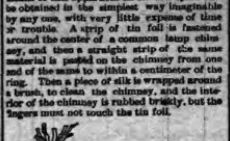
The naturalization of a father makes his son under age residing in the United States a citizen.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE ARTS AND SCIENCES.

An Illustrated Description of a Simple Apparatus by Which Electricity Can Be Generated—The Easy Way by Which a Spiral Bottle May Be Made.

The apparatus shown in the accompanying cut, and described in The Elektrotechnischen Echo, can hardly fail to be of interest. By means of this apparatus an electric spark can be obtained in the simplest way imaginable by any one, with very little expense of time or trouble. A strip of tin foil is fastened around the center of a common lamp chimney, and then a straight strip of the same material is pasted on the chimney from one end of the same to within a centimeter of the ring. Then a piece of silk is wrapped around a brush, to clean the chimney, and the interior of the chimney is rubbed briskly, but the fingers must not touch the tin foil.



ELECTRICAL EXPERIMENTS

If this is done in the dark, each time that the brush is withdrawn from the chimney a bright electric spark will be seen to spring from one piece of tin foil to the other. Many other experiments of this kind can be tried with this simple apparatus. For example, it may be shown that poor conductors can be electrified by rubbing; further, that good conductors can carry the electricity from an electrified body to one which has not been charged with electricity, and finally the power of bodies charged with the same kind of electricity to repel each other can be illustrated in the following manner:

Bind a woolen thread (or, better still, an inner brass wire) over the tin foil ring, and on the end of this hang little strips of thin paper. If the interior of the chimney is now rubbed, the silk covered brush being introduced at the open side to that in which it was formerly placed, the ring of tin foil is charged with electricity, which is conducted by the thread (or wire) to the strips of paper, which fly apart. As in all such experiments, the loss of electricity through dampness must be avoided. This can be done by thoroughly drying the brush, the silk and the chimney at the fire before trying the experiment.

Counting Dust Particles.

An ingenious method, devised by Mr. John Aitken for counting the dust particles in the atmosphere, is described as follows by Popular Science News:

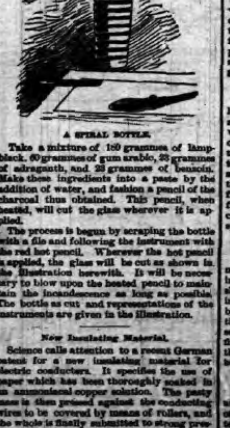
It was found that, when the moisture is condensed in a rarefied atmosphere, each raindrop has a dust particle for its nucleus, so that by sweeping a measured portion of the air into an exhausted receiver, by means of pure air, and counting the number of deposited drops, it is easy to calculate the number of dust particles in a given volume of the impure air. The counting is managed by having the silver plate in the receiver divided into millimeter squares, so that it is only necessary to count the drops on one square millimeter. Mr. Aitken showed that the air of a hall contained 500,000 particles to the cubic centimeter, while a specimen of air taken near the roof of the hall gave 3,500,000 to the cubic centimeter. In Edinburgh, on a fine day after snow, the number of dust particles in the cubic centimeter was 75,000, but in pure country air the number is often as low as 5,000.

Where Fine Sponges Grow.

The finest and best sponges in the world are now obtained along the Florida Keys. Native Floridians do the principal gathering. There are some Bahamas Islanders also. The sponge fishers are called conchs. They do not dive, but tear up the sponges with three tined forks on long poles. A Grant man goes down from New York a year or so ago, and tried gathering them by diving, using a regular diver's suit, but he made a failure of it. The sponges grow rapidly; a bed which has been fished clean will be covered with a new growth in six months. The product amounts to nearly half a million dollars annually.

How to Make a Spiral Bottle.

The spiral bottle shown in the engraving may be produced in the manner now to be described, so that the bottle actually becomes a glass spring.



A SPIRAL BOTTLE.

Take a mixture of 180 grammes of lampblack, 60 grammes of gum arabic, 30 grammes of silvagnath, and 30 grammes of benzin. Make these ingredients into a paste by the addition of water, and fashion a pencil of the charcoal thus obtained. This pencil, when heated, will cut the glass wherever it is applied.

The process is begun by scraping the bottle with a file and following the instrument with the red hot pencil. Wherever the hot pencil is applied, the glass will be cut as shown in the illustration herewith. It will be necessary to blow upon the heated pencil to maintain the incandescence as long as possible. The bottle will cut under the influence of the instruments are given in the illustration.

New Insulating Material.

Science calls attention to a recent German patent for a new insulating material for electric conductors. It specifies the use of paper which has been thoroughly soaked in an ammoniacal copper solution. The pasty mass is then pressed against the conducting wires to be covered by means of rollers, and the whole is finally submitted to strong pressure. When dry, the covered wire is passed through a bath of boiling linseed oil, being left in it until the covering is saturated. This makes it elastic and impermeable to moisture. The covering is said to be durable and efficient as a non-conductor.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

How the Chinese Grow the "Water Fairy Flower," and Other Notes on Flowers.

The cultivation of the Chinese sacred lily is a fad that is quite popular among flower lovers. It is, therefore, interesting to learn the following facts in regard to how the Chinese themselves grow the variety which they call the "Water Fairy Flower." An English correspondent in that far-off land of Hong Kong says: In addition to the fact that the Chinese for the most part grow the bulbs in water, the leading distinction between their cultivation and ours appears to be that in China they are universally grown as annuals, the bulbs being always thrown away after bloom ing and new ones bought for the next year.

The most curious feature of the Chinese culture, however, is as follows: They select the strongest bulbs having three or four flowering "breaks," and cut away the whole circular mass of the bulb right down to the base, leaving the centers containing the embryo flower stalks surrounded only by a thin coating. If large specimens are required, two or three bulbs, after being so treated, are fitted together with cotton wool wrapped round the upper side of the base, and wrapped together in a circular form, the points of the lights of flower stalks now turn inwards, rather like the claws of a crab, and the plants are placed in shallow wooden trays in about an inch of water.

The effect of cutting away the outer coatings of the bulbs is to stimulate very rapid development of the flowers, which are borne on stalks varying from two inches to six inches, and, as a rule, the smaller the bulb the flowers come out at once. Just before this time the plants can be removed into any suitable bowl or china ornament, and a pretty and attractive mass of flowers is obtained. The bulbs treated as above bloom in about twenty days after being put into the water, and it may be changed two or three times. In addition to this mode of growth,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—"The Brigands" is the next play booked for Music Hall.

—The work on the new county roads is progressing favorably.

—A number of tramps are encamped in the east between Fanwood and Westfield.

—Work on the new Hand building on West Second street is progressing rapidly.

—The Central Railroad Company have decided to put gates at the Broad street and Central avenue crossings in Westfield.

—A man who was helplessly drunk laid down in the gutter on East Front street near Roden Plains yesterday afternoon and went to sleep.

—The King's Daughters will hold a fair at the residence of Mrs. George F. Opdyke on West Eighth street, Tuesday and Wednesday afternoon and evening.

—Everyone now seems to be suffering from a cold. The continued damp, rainy weather is a source of constant danger, and all care should be taken to guard against it.

—A horse left standing on East Fourth street yesterday afternoon became frightened and ran away, and before it was caught succeeded in demolishing one of the wheels of the wagon.

—The men's mass meeting under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., which was announced to take place at Music Hall Thursday evening at 7:45 o'clock, has been postponed to Friday evening at the same hour.

—At the grounds of the Union Gun Club at Springfield, Union county, to-morrow, there will be a pigeon shooting tournament. Four hundred selected birds have been secured for the occasion. The shooting will begin at 10 a. m.

—Lawyer William Sulzer, formerly of Roselle, who ran as a candidate for member of Assembly on the Tammany ticket in the Fourteenth District of New York City, was elected by a large majority. He says he will keep "open house" in Albany.

—The Pastime Club, of Westfield, in their bowling match with the Plainfield Club tonight, will be represented by the following team: Littleton Welch, John Hall, Fred Crouch, C. E. Pearsall, J. H. Cash, W. H. Wart, Chas Sorter, Wm. Darby, E. Love, J. I. Cubberly. This will be the second match in the Union County League series.

—In Holland a lady is expected to retire precipitately if she should enter a store or restaurant where men are congregated. She waits until they have transacted their business and departed. Ladies seldom arise in Spain to receive a male visitor, and they rarely accompany him to the door. A gentleman does not offer to shake a Spanish lady's hand.

—Our Presbyterian friends, who are now considering the revision of their ancient standards of faith, will gladly accept the aid of the two thoughtful sermons lately preached by the Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor of the Crescent Avenue church, which have been issued in the form of a neat pamphlet of 32 pages, and are now on sale at Reynolds's pharmacy.

—An item is going the rounds of the press to the effect that General Kreger C. H. Knox, of Trenton, N. J., State prison is exhibiting in the various cities of this State, a model of a fire engine, with full equipments, which was made by convicts. Some sort of contest is to be gotten up at which all the fire companies in the State can take part, the winner to receive the model.

—The Cranford club house association bids fair to soon become an accomplished fact, as $8,500 out of the $6,000 required has already been raised. All the prominent men in town are investing largely in the enterprise, which will be undoubtedly a source of considerable profit to the shareholders. It is proposed to erect a handsome building in a central location to contain a ball room, billiard room and bowling alleys in the basement and possibly a tennis lawn as an adjunct.—Union County Standard.

—It is singular that the borough officials allow such a dilapidated side-walk as that on Somerset street between Jackson and Grandview avenues to remain in a constant source of danger to pedestrians. The boards are broken and full of holes in which the unwary catch the feet. Some one, tired of jumping here, has lifted portions of the walk on end and laid them against the fence. In its present condition, persons are liable to injury and the borough to suits for damages.

English Judicial Dicta on Drink.

"Almost every crime has its origin more or less in drinking."—Judge Garney. "Ninety-nine cases out of every hundred are caused by drink."—Judge Erskin. "If it were not for drink, your jury and I would have nothing to do."—Judge Hawkins. "If all men could be persuaded from the use of intoxicating drinks, the office of judge would be a sinecure."—Judge Alderson. "Three-fourths of the cases of crime have their origin in public-houses and beershops."—Judge Wightman. "Intemperance has destroyed large numbers of people, and will at its present rate of increase soon destroy the country itself."—Justice Grove. "I can hope no terms with a vice that fills our goals and darkens the faces of honest men, the peace of families, and debases and brutalizes the people."—Chief Justice Coleridge, Irish Law Times.

The Thermometer Record.

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A Once Respected Official Astray

City Clerk Leonard treats the complaints against him with a supercilious air that is rather amusing, though characteristic. He intimates that there is nothing in the statement that he keeps the poor city laborers waiting for their pay warrants until it suits his august pleasure to wait upon them. Let any one that doubts that he does hamper them inquire of the officials. The very paper which he chases for his mouthpiece to try and influence the Common Council, and make it appear that he, and he only, rails the city, some months ago called attention to the fact that those doing business with the city, and particularly the poor, were subjected to the most vexatious delays because of the clerk's negligence. In also called attention to the fact that the city offices were often filled with laboring men clamoring for their pay warrants, weeks after the bills were ordered paid, and were duly signed. No one seems to mind what that paper says, and neither did the clerk, though in that instance it spoke the truth. THE NEWS was cognizant of the fact at the time, as was every one having business with the city, and we would have called public attention to the matter, but that we did not wish to appear as if simply retaliating for the clerk's utterly unjustifiable attacks on THE NEWS, so subscribing in one person to be a source of constant danger, and all care should be taken to guard against it.

—A horse left standing on East Fourth street yesterday afternoon became frightened and ran away, and before it was caught succeeded in demolishing one of the wheels of the wagon.

—The men's mass meeting under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., which was announced to take place at Music Hall Thursday evening at 7:45 o'clock, has been postponed to Friday evening at the same hour.

—At the grounds of the Union Gun Club at Springfield, Union county, to-morrow, there will be a pigeon shooting tournament. Four hundred selected birds have been secured for the occasion. The shooting will begin at 10 a. m.

—Lawyer William Sulzer, formerly of Roselle, who ran as a candidate for member of Assembly on the Tammany ticket in the Fourteenth District of New York City, was elected by a large majority. He says he will keep "open house" in Albany.

—The Pastime Club, of Westfield, in their bowling match with the Plainfield Club tonight, will be represented by the following team: Littleton Welch, John Hall, Fred Crouch, C. E. Pearsall, J. H. Cash, W. H. Wart, Chas Sorter, Wm. Darby, E. Love, J. I. Cubberly. This will be the second match in the Union County League series.

—In Holland a lady is expected to retire precipitately if she should enter a store or restaurant where men are congregated. She waits until they have transacted their business and departed. Ladies seldom arise in Spain to receive a male visitor, and they rarely accompany him to the door. A gentleman does not offer to shake a Spanish lady's hand.

—Our Presbyterian friends, who are now considering the revision of their ancient standards of faith, will gladly accept the aid of the two thoughtful sermons lately preached by the Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor of the Crescent Avenue church, which have been issued in the form of a neat pamphlet of 32 pages, and are now on sale at Reynolds's pharmacy.

—An item is going the rounds of the press to the effect that General Kreger C. H. Knox, of Trenton, N. J., State prison is exhibiting in the various cities of this State, a model of a fire engine, with full equipments, which was made by convicts. Some sort of contest is to be gotten up at which all the fire companies in the State can take part, the winner to receive the model.

—The Cranford club house association bids fair to soon become an accomplished fact, as $8,500 out of the $6,000 required has already been raised. All the prominent men in town are investing largely in the enterprise, which will be undoubtedly a source of considerable profit to the shareholders. It is proposed to erect a handsome building in a central location to contain a ball room, billiard room and bowling alleys in the basement and possibly a tennis lawn as an adjunct.—Union County Standard.

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ACTIVE CHRISTIANITY.

MR. P. A. BURDICK OPENS THE TEMPERANCE CAMPAIGN.

A Large Audience and a Stirring Address at Music Hall Yesterday Afternoon—Another Meeting To-night.

Music Hall was well filled yesterday afternoon on the occasion of Mr. P. A. Burdick's first address in the series of temperance meetings announced to be held under the auspices of the Plainfield W. C. T. U. On the platform were seated several officers and many members of the Union, and prominent among the clergymen who were also present, and who have promised to aid in the meetings, were the Rev. Asa Read Dills, Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, Rev. W. R. Richards, Rev. Mr. Schenck and Rev. Mr. Honeyman.

Mrs. Helen Eaton, Superintendent of Evangelistic Work and one of the Vice-Presidents of the Union, in the absence of Mrs. Tomlinson, the President, presided. Rev. Mr. Richards, who opened the services by reading a portion of Scripture and offering prayer. Preceding these exercises there was a service of song, conducted by Mr. Charles McCutchen, aided by Miss Alice Smith, pianist; Mr. Andrew Carpenter, violinist; Mr. Prasse, cornetist, and a chorus of nearly one hundred voices.

Mr. Burdick's address was on the importance of active Christian work. In his opening remarks he explained how it was that so little had been accomplished, comparatively, in the work of building up the church. There is entirely too much theoretical and not enough of practical Christianity. The man who signs the pledge and then expects to keep it, relying upon his own strength, is apt to fail. He needs the strong arm of Jesus Christ to help him.

The difference between the views of Christians on the temperance question at the beginning of the present century and to-day were brought out. Ninety years ago it was no uncommon thing for deacons and even clergymen themselves to carry "spirits" of a questionable sort into their colleges and colleges. To-day the great majority Christian leaders are too jealous of their reputations to countenance the liquor habit. It shows that the tendency of thought to-day is toward total abstinence.

The speaker illustrated his remarks as to active Christianity by relating how the members of a certain branch of the Young Men's Christian Association went about inviting strangers to attend divine service at the church in their city. Twenty-six lawyers from one hotel alone were induced to go to church one Sunday morning, and the effort was greatly blessed. Mr. Burdick hoped that some such work would be undertaken in Plainfield and every body be invited to attend the forthcoming meetings at Music Hall.

The falsity of arguing in favor of intemperate habits by any other than the total abstinence principle was shown by an imaginary rank of drunkards, which, when depleted by death, was filled by recruits from another rank, the rank of excessive moderation. Members of the Council, who, acting conscientiously, were satisfied that a gross injustice was being done THE NEWS by the clerk, and hot words passed between them, for which the clerk is alone to blame.

How They Won the Tug.

A few evenings ago an amusing incident occurred at the Crescent Rink, when some of the athletes who will compete in the coming races were training. The tug-of-war team were, for the practice, pulling against twelve others. The opposing twelve seemed mightily amused over something, before they started. After a minute or two of pulling, the regular team had the rope three inches on their side, further than which it would not come, in spite of "bowing."

The three minutes allowed for the pull being up, the team were acknowledged victors by the judges. Then it was learned that besides the twelve men to pull against the rope had been tied to a post in their rear, thus forming a very effective anchor—hence their amusement and hilarity. A bystander remarked, speaking of the team: "If you followed up each three inches from a post and twelve men, there's not much danger of your losing the tug on Thursday." The team was composed of Messrs. R. Rumpler, M. S. Anderson, Jr., Ed. W. Hall and W. Walz. Mr. Walz, however, is now sick abed with a heavy cold, which may prevent him from entering the contest. Mr. Rumpler will be in training for one of the teams. In his stead it is thought they will get Mr. Daniel Adams, who will make a team mighty to look at and mighty to pull.

Target Excursion.

The Hibernian Rifle Corps and the Parnell Guards, accompanied by the Parnell Drum and Fife Corps, of Elizabethport, are expected in Plainfield on Thanksgiving Day. They will be received by the members of Branch No. 4, A. O. H., of this city, and at the conclusion of the day's sport will be entertained at the T. A. B. Hall, on West Fourth street.

The Memorial Monument.

The Memorial Monument Committee held a meeting in the room of Whield Scott Post No. 10, G. A. R., on Saturday evening. Messrs. B. A. Gims, Rowland Cox and E. B. Clark were appointed a committee of three to decide upon a site for the monument and report at a meeting to be held at the same place next Saturday evening.

PERSONAL.

Mr. C. H. Brandon, of Poughkeepsie, is visiting friends on West Second street.

Mr. John Anglemen, formerly of Plainfield, but now of New York, was in Plainfield today.

The funeral of the late Mrs. A. A. Conklin took place this afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Mr. Charles J. Wilcox, of East Sixth street is spending two weeks with friends in Buffalo, N. Y.

Peter Cuthbert Charles Gims, expects to move into his new house on Orange street about December 1st.

UNION COUNTY COURT.

Boy Gets Only One Year in State Prison—Other Criminals.

A special session of the Union county court was held on Saturday for the purpose of imposing sentence on a number of prisoners who had been convicted and had entered pleas of guilty.

Edward Fanning, James Fanning and Patrick McKee were arraigned, and by advice of counsel retracted their former pleas and pleaded non vult to an assault. Judge McCormick sentenced each defendant to pay a fine of $10.

William and Michael Farrell pleaded guilty to assault and battery. It was their first offense, and they were each fined $10.

Owen Sullivan, convicted of assault, was next arraigned. A fine of $10 and costs was imposed.

William Roy, the negro who was convicted of the assault on Beatrice Bartley and Nellie Childs, had been in jail since early in July. He was sentenced to State Prison for one year on each count, terms concurrent.

The case of three boys, runaways from Philadelphia, charged with the larceny of four dollars from a store in Rahway, took place immediately after the conclusion. George Trout, the youngest, a lad of ten years, seems to have been led away. His mother was present in court, and the Prosecutor entered a nolle pros. Young Trout was discharged. Hemsley and Gormley, the other boys, were sentenced to the county jail for 60 days.

Frank Nugent pleaded guilty to assault and battery. As the young man had always borne a good character the court suspended sentence.

William Tucker, saloon keeper, pleaded guilty by selling without license. Hon. John Taylor, counsel, stated that Tucker had never bought the saloon, and thought he could sell pending the transfer by the board of excise. Sentence was suspended.

Jefferson Morris, an old colored vender of ice cream, was arraigned for assault and battery on his wife. Judge McCormick suspended sentence.

Michael Ford, charged with assault and battery, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5.

James McMahon and Joseph Murphy, the youths who broke into the store of C. B. Tytsman, at Roselle, and stole a quantity of cigars, etc., were next arraigned. Murphy is fifteen years of age. It was his first offence and he was led into it. McMahon, who is twenty years old, had been convicted of crime before. He was sentenced to State Prison for two years. Murphy was sent to the Reform school.

A Wreck at Roselle.

A west-bound coal train on the New Jersey Central Railroad ran on a switch late Saturday night and plunged at full speed into the company's yard at Roselle, crashing into a line of five empty passenger cars on the siding. One car was telescoped by the big locomotive, which had its smoke stack knocked off in the collision and its front part badly damaged. Although the engineer and fireman stuck to their posts they did not get off in time. The tender cars were hurled down the embankment which at this point is 18 feet high. They were completely wrecked. A dozen coal cars were wrecked and piled on top of each other. The road bed was ploughed up. In the first passenger coach struck was Jesse Harper, of Roselle. He escaped death by leaping through a window. It took two wrecking crews until Sunday night to clear away the debris and repair the damage.

A Trestle Through Elizabeth.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has made a proposition to the Elizabeth City Council to erect a trestle for the passage of twelve to sixteen fast throughout the city, at a cost of $750,000, to be borne by the Company, and will also open Chestnut street if the city will close Magnolia avenue, Murray street and Railroad avenue. The latter is the only bar to the Company's free track from Elizabeth to Jersey City. The proposition will be acted on to-morrow night. The Company had nearly one hundred men at work yesterday near the Union depot in Elizabeth taking out the troublesome curve at West Grand street.

—Taxpayers may be interested in knowing that the tax rate in Brooklyn this year is $2.95, while that of Plainfield is only $2.15 per $100.

—An old broken-down white horse has been wandering loose, around North Plainfield for about a week past. It has evidently been turned out to die.

—Many prominent Westfielders are actively engaged in an effort to secure a borough government for that thriving village. On election day 169 voters signed a petition in favor of the movement, and 20 signatures were obtained to a paper which opposed it.

The Ladies Explain.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—As a member of the Coffee-Cart Committee, I desire to make both an explanation and correction of an item in Friday evening's NEWS, concerning the non-appearance of the W. C. T. U. coffee cart at the fair.

We had secured, as we supposed, a man to take charge of the cart, but, having suddenly changed his mind without notifying the committee, he having no place to keep it, consequently neither he nor the cart were on duty the morning of the fair.

Complaint as to the demand for and quality of coffee served on election day, the man in charge said the patronage was so great the supply (which was a generous one) was entirely consumed, and in order to gratify the demand, he had liberally added water to the last few gallons.

We have grateful cause to feel the public appreciative our feeble efforts to do good to a greater extent than your columns have given us credit for.

We have no doubt that we do not give the public credit for all the good they are doing, so far as referring to their cart every time it is in service, but we endeavor to do so, in every way. The complaint Saturday was from a Scamen, and it was made that the latter might know how much the Scamen are patronizing the cart, and that they noticed the absence of the men the ladies had employed.

Imposing on Us to Wound a Prominent Family.

Some two weeks ago a young man called on Mr. W. D. Harmon and congratulated him on his forthcoming re-marriage to Miss Florence Randolph, with whom he was slightly acquainted. He thought the matter was intended as a joke and treated it as such, and was greatly surprised when it appeared in THE NEWS of Saturday that he and the young lady were to be married, the announcement having been sent by mail from Newark in the following form:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I have a friend (Miss [illegible] D. Harmon) of your city, for our News, as to a marriage that is to take place on the 12th inst., at the residence of the bride, Front street, on Friday, 8th at 7:30 p. m., to the person of Miss [illegible], only daughter of Mr. [illegible] Randolph, to Mr. [illegible] W. D. Harmon, of North Plainfield.

I ask as a favor, and that you will do me a kindness, and thinking that you might want to serve both [illegible] and myself, I send you the only paper of any consequence in your city—[illegible] Journal, and also the Newark Daily, as it is your prompt attention, and greatly oblige.

GEORGE F. SANGUIN,
Reporter for the Evening News,
Newark, N. J.

Without expecting any friend, inquiries were made which led us to the conclusion that the story was correct, probably because of the rumors put in circulation by some one, evidently an enemy of the Randolph family. Ex-Prosecutor Randolph, the young lady's father, informs us that the whole matter is of the slightest foundation in fact, and is utterly false. Of course such a story wounds the feelings of all the parties concerned, and is cruel in the extreme to such estimable people. We know of no one who would be guilty of anything of the sort. In this the first time we have been imposed upon. We trust it will be the last. No paper no matter how vigilant can always escape such things. Even the great New York dailies do not escape, but it is the first time in our journalistic experience of thirty-five years that we have seen such a shabby act applied to a young lady—in the present instance one of the most estimable in every way in the community. It is hoped the person may be discovered and held up, as he deserves to be, to public contempt. If the person wrote us word that the notice was incorrect and untrue, and that he will endeavor to find and have the author suitably punished.

Then She Blushed.

A Westfield lady teacher was having her scholars enumerate the various articles to be found in a parlor, and after a number of pieces of furniture had been mentioned, the teacher said: "There is still something that I should have in my parlor which you haven't yet thought of." Silence ensued for a time and then a small hand was raised and a childish voice said: "Oh, Miss —, I know, a beau!"—Union County Standard.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.—Prof. Semalley's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. Class for Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue.

Private lessons at residence. 8-7-1m

TOILETTE'S FRENCH SYSTEM of dressing is now on exhibition at Fogg's Bazaar, 111 and 113 Fulton street. The adjustable square, revolving rules, its exact measures, simple and rapid use practicles all ladies to cut, make and trim their dresses in any design of figure. Dressmakers and ladies interested are invited to call and test the system. Pattern cut and fitted to order and systems taught. 8-3

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A STATION at general housework in a small family. Call 109 Second street. 11-2

A MIDDLE-AGED woman wants a situation at general housework in a small family. Call at 109 Second street. 11-2

A YOUNG MAN of 23, is steady, willing, and obliging, wants work of any kind. Address G Johnson, P. O. Box 139, Scotch Plains. 11-2

FOR SALE—Best residence property in Westfield, N. J. Five minutes from depot, corner Elm and Prospect streets. Lot 100x200, house, twelve rooms, with gas and water, barn and carriage house, all in excellent order. Inquire of owner, Lester M. Whitaker, Westfield, N. J. 8-5

FREE CHRYSANTHEMUM show at Dexter's Hillside avenue, Nutley avenue. Wire blooming plants in great variety. 8-4

LOST—A Beagle hound, on the mountains near Scotch Plains; answers name of Speed. Slight black and tan marked. A reward will be returned to John Miller, Scotch Plains.

SITUATION wanted by a first class cook and laundress. Apply at 65 East Fourth street.

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 65 Grandview avenue. 10 17-4*

TO LET—Two desirable rooms with board; terms reasonable 89 Madison avenue. 8-3

TO LET—A cellar; also lot in rear of store for sale. I. Heyniger, 61 and 63 Somerset street. 11-4-tf

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster Place. 10-26 tf

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; good plain cook; reference. 109 Plainfield avenue. 11-4-tf

WANTED—Two gentleman boarders. 30 East Fifth street, corner Invadena. 11-2

WANTED—A good cook. Apply with references at 114 Madison avenue. 11-4-tf

WANTED—Situation as nurse or chore boy and general housework. Apply 9 Pond place, Plainfield. 11-2

WANTED—$2000 on first mortgages on property in New Market worth $6000. Terms to suit. Cash paid by borrower. Box 311, Plainfield, N. J. 11-4-tf

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. References required. Apply at No. 5 First place. 11-4-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 11-4-tf

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Tea. For sale by Barkalow & Bergen, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

YOU WILL WANT BUES on your list of supplies for the coming year. We want a club of four, pay four dollars for four subscriptions to your favorite paper or magazine free. Send for subscription furnished at office of publication. Love building. Leave your orders now.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 62 East Front street, nine rooms with closets; bath and gas; lot 50x150 feet; stable. Address or apply on the premises, or to W. G. Rose, No. 1 East Front street. 8-3 10-11-2w

"IS IT BARGAINS YOU WANT?"

We can give them to you in Genuine Good Goods, not "Seconds" or Auction Lots. This is the way we put them. A large Importer of

LACE CURTAINS

offered us several lots of these goods at 33 1-3 per cent. less than the usual price to close out what they called ends of certain numbers of which they would not have any more. We purchased them and offer the same to our patrons at the same reduction from our regular prices. Note the LOW PRICES and then come in and examine the goods and you will be convinced that they are the best bargains to be found anywhere.

NOTTINGHAM at 95c., $1, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.10, $2.25, $2.50, $2.60, $2.75, $3.00 and up. Also a good line of Real Lace, Point, Antique, Swiss, etc., at equally low prices.

Edsall's 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first class dry and fancy goods, merino underwear, carpets, oilcloths, etc. Carpets made and laid. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Consumera" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Cloaks. The newest styles. The goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (369 Broadway, N. Y.), thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in Dress Goods Department. Fancy double width, Dress Goods 12 1-2c. 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c., 36 inch Trico'ds, 45c. Improved fall lines Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 50c. each. Fine Comforts, Calicos 8c. per yard. Best quality five Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 14c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.89, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merrit Skirt. Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.]

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods every where free of charge.

VAN HEMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.

1—Scholastic Championship, quarter-mile run, open only to members of Lyal's and Plainfield High School.
2—Seventy yards dash. Open.
3—Sack Race. Club.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.
5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.
6—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.
7—Tricycle Race. Open to Plainfield.
8—Three Legged Race. Club.
9—Running High Jump. Club.
10—Halfmile Bicycle Race. Open.
11—Consolation Race. Open to non-winners. Club.
12—Tug of war between Elizabeth Wheelmen and Plainfield Bi Club.

Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c. to be obtained at Randolph & Randolph's Drug Store.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Leslie, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. H. Hallock, R. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. P. Mundi and L. W. Serrell, Jr. 11-9-11

A Parlor Sale

BY THE

King's Daughters

On the afternoon of

Nov 12 and 13, '89.

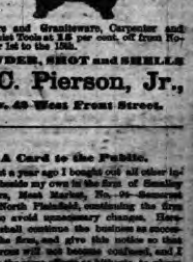
Between two and six o'clock, at the home of Mrs. G. F. Opdyke, No 16 West Eighth Street.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

and buy goods for

15 Per Cent. Off

or Spot Cash. We off er our Stoves, Lamps,



Tinware and Granitewaro, Carpenter and Machinist Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 43 West Front Street.

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN.

The Siberian Traveler. Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

AT THE

City Pharmacy

You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and acid. Contains necessary changes. Has after 1 shot continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as formerly to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. HOWARD S. BAILEY.

Successor to Stelle & Bailey, Music Market, 301 Second corner, North Plainfield.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests inside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Music Market, No. 08 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name and no necessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as formerly to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.

HOWARD S. BAILEY.

Successor to Smalley Brothers, Music Market, 301 Second corner, North Plainfield.

L. W. Randolph,

Successor to Field & Randolph

32 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

BY W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Cost of a Great Newspaper.

In an interesting paper in Lippincott's Magazine Melville Phillips figures out the cost of one of these mammoth journals of the present that take a whole day to read them thoroughly, when anybody does read them.

The paper bills are the item of greatest cost, though it hardly seems so. A copy of the largest size, with an average circulation of say 75,000, costs $1,000 a day, or nearly that, for paper alone. For the ten and twelve page dailies the composition bills are $6,000 weekly.

What may be called the brains component of a newspaper is, strange to say, the least item of its cost. Many a hard working day and night reporter on a newspaper is not paid weekly as much by a third or fourth as the printer who weaves into type the spinnings of his brain. There are journals, highly successful ones too, that pay their best corps from four or five hundred dollars a week and their editorial writers less than a hundred. On the other side are journals that pay as much as $1,000 weekly for editorial writing. The best paid writer of this class in the Union is said to be Mr. Mayo W. Hazeltine, of The New York Sun. In connection with this it may be said that the excellence of The Sun's editorial page is noted among newspaper people.

Another item of expense unknown to the old-time journal is the telegraph service. Papers like the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, Cincinnati Enquirer, Philadelphia Press, New York World and several other New York papers pay anywhere from $500 to $1,200 weekly for telegraph news from all parts of the world. Some of the papers that pay the least for editorial writing go to the heaviest expense for telegraph news. Large newspapers pay reporters $15 to $25 a week, and the city editor $35 to $60 weekly, and have a staff of from ten to twenty-five reporters.

Each of the great newspapers has its own telegraph office under its own roof, with from two to five persons who receive the news, night and day, and edit it for publication. The syndicate idea is now utilized to its furthest extreme, both in news and correspondence, by journals in different cities clubbing together and paying in partnership for matter each can use in its own place. The managing editor of a large journal gets $50 to $60 a week. It is said that Mr. John A. Cockerill, managing editor of The New York World, is paid $20,000 a year. Seasoned all up, the largest newspapers earn a million dollars annually, and sometimes more than that.

Troubled Theology.

It cannot be concealed that two great questions are now agitating the religious world. One of these is the Calvinistic doctrine of election and foreordination. There are communicants of the Presbyterian church, devout Christians, who find it difficult to believe that certain of their fellow men are foreordained from the foundations of the world to be damned, while others are elected to be saved.

The other burning question is one that is causing deep and anxious thought in various Protestant denominations. It concerns the state of man after death. Is the punishment of the evil doer eternal, or is there a time of probation allowed him after death, during which, by suffering and penitence, he can atone in a measure for the sins committed in the body, and after purgation be fitted for the joys of heaven? The latter view is, in fact, a departure from the belief in eternal punishment, and is called the doctrine of future probation. It is an oriental and Roman Catholic tenet, and many learned and devout Protestants have given their adherence to it. That the subject is stirring the Episcopal church was shown in the animated discussion on a form of prayer for the dead which was proposed, but not adopted, among the changes in the prayer book.

The young gentlemen students of the University of Pennsylvania, who oppose the equal admission of women to this state institution, assert that if girls want as education there are colleges provided for their own sex, where they can get all the higher education they want. This is not true. There is not an exclusively female school on the globe this day where girls can get any education to compare with that of Harvard, Michigan, University or Cornell. The question reminds one of the remark of Fred Douglass when the subject of admitting colored persons to the spectators' galleries in the Capitol at Washington was discussed. Douglass said: "Well, if the negroes can stand congress, I guess congress can stand the negroes."

Paul du Chaillu proposes to revolutionize history by proving that all English speaking peoples are descended from the sailor Norsemen instead of from the flaxen haired Saxons. He will devote the rest of his life, if necessary, to showing the proofs.

There are now half a million pensioners on the government lists. Let no man say that republics are ungrateful after this.

THE CHURCH IN AMERICA.

A Century of Catholicism in the New World.

RELIGIOUS POMP AND ELOQUENCE.

Opening of the Great Centennial of the American Catholic Hierarchy at Baltimore—Sermons of Archbishops Ryan and Ireland.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11.—"A century closes; a century opens." A hundred years have come and gone since first a bishop of the Catholic church was given to America, a century of time has been added to the past since the creation of the See of Baltimore. The centenary of the church was celebrated Sunday in a manner befitting the occasion. Admission to the cathedral could be gained only by the purchase of a card of invitation. Every available bit of space within was utilized, yet thousands of people had to be shut out. The gathering of prelates assembled two cardinals, seventeen archbishops and seventy-five bishops. The pope was represented in the person of Archbishop Satolli, of La Penna; Canada by Cardinal Taschereau; Mexico, by Bishop Montes d'Oca and El Antequera Gillow; England, by Bishop John Virtue, of Portsmouth, and Monsignor of London. All of the archbishops in the United States were in attendance except Kinrick, of St. Louis, who is too feeble to travel, and nearly all the bishops.

An Impressive Procession.

The students of St. Mary's seminary and the priests, local and visiting, collected at St. Joseph's academy on Saratoga street, and the bishops commanded at the archbishop's residence on Charles street, where they donned their purple vestments. The procession of 150 seminaries and 4,000 priests in the order named, two abreast, started from the rendezvous at 10:30, marched down Saratoga to Charles to the archiepiscopal house, where the prelates fell in line in this order: Cross bearer, Abbots, monsignori, bishops, archbishops, the papal delegate and Cardinals Gibbons and Taschereau. The procession then continued up Charles to Franklin, to Cathedral street and into the cathedral. The seminaries and priests occupied camp chairs in the aisles. The archbishops and bishops were seated within the chancel. Cardinal Gibbons, Cardinal Taschereau and Archbishop Satolli occupied thrones. That of the latter was draped with the papal colors of yellow and white. The solemn pontifical mass began at 11:15 with the following officiating: Celebrant, Archbishop Williams, of Boston; assistant priest, Rev. Dr. Magnien, of Baltimore; deacon, Father Berlett, of Baltimore; sub-deacon, Father Duffy, of Brooklyn; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. T. McCallan, of Montreal; assistants, Fathers Whelan and Riordan, of Baltimore. The musical features of the mass was as heretofore published.

Archbishop Ryan's Sermon.

It was 12:45 p. m. when the "Ite missa est" was said. Then Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, ascended the pulpit and preached the sermon, taking his text from Ecclesiasticus I, 1, 2, 7, 14. The sermon was one of retrospection. The archbishop reviewed the incentatives from the holy see, from Canada, Mexico and England. This was as a religious union of all the Americas, and he said he would not bat the beginning of a still more intimate union in the future. Ireland, Germany, France and other European countries were represented in the largest of the Union and descendants among priests, prelates and people. It was in truth a great historic Catholic celebration, calculated to gladden the heart of the pope, the founder of the church of the American hierarchy and the hearts of his brother bishops and priests, and to rejoice and console the pontiff himself. It was a demonstration which was deeply interested the thinking men of all denominations or of no denomination. At the beginning of the present century the church's unity and catholicity was subjected to a state of society now in the history of the world.

A Great Political Catholicity.

Up to that time men legislated for a single people of the world. The framers of this republic had to form a constitution for every race. They had to combine a political catholicity with a political unity. So, also, before the establishment of the Catholic church in this world, religions were national in their organizations and adapted to people of the same race. But the church was destined to embrace in its unity all the various peoples of every nation and hold them there. And in no country has she to exercise this power as here for nowhere else were they brought together. The organization of this government and of the church were, therefore, striking and suggestive coincidences. He (Archbishop Ryan) then spoke of the thoughtful man will see that this wonderful catholicity and unity will prove a most powerful auxiliary for the perpetuation of our political existence. He regarded Bishop Carroll in the church to George Washington in the life of the republic.

Archbishop Ryan paid a glowing tribute to the first bishop and gave a sketch of his life.

Speaking of the suppression of the Jesuits, of whose order Carroll was one, Archbishop Ryan said Carroll knew that no society, no individual was essential to the church's existence; but he believed that it predisposed Carroll in favor of that great principle in the American republic by which he declared that the state should not interfere with religion.

The Church Not Education's Enemy.

In reference to the charges that the church fosters science and is the enemy of education he spoke at length. He said the last to fear intellectual progress was the Catholic. He knew that it is the one church whose tenets contradict in the revelation of the Scriptures what He exhibits in the revelation of science. He knew the Catholic church never opposed the progress of science, and that Carroll acted in harmony with the spirit of the church, therefore, when he founded Georgetown college, and the Catholic bishops were among the intelligent spirits in founding Washington university. The charge that the laity were priest ridden every Catholic knew was false, and he believed that in the congress of the week the laity would speak for themselves freely. It was time they took and expressed an interest in the great questions of the day affecting the church and society. He closed with a prayer for the continued prosperity of the church in the new century.

Archbishop Ireland's Sermon.

In the afternoon at vespers, Archbishop Ireland, of Minnesota, was the preacher. Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, preached the sermon, which dealt entirely with the future. He said the great work the Catholic church of the nineteenth century was to make America Catholic. The importance of the Catholicity of America to the cause of religious education in the world and to the nation's influence is widespread among the nations, and the church triumphant in America, Catholic truth would travel on the wings of American influence and encircle the universe. He was aware there were those who do not agree with his hopefulness. What can be done, they say, in America? Catholics are a handful, 10,000,000 in 65,000,000, struggling amid temptations and difficulties, and as for speak in that manner the world would not be brought to God, and the enemies of the church will pass the age.

It can be shown to the American people that they need the church for the preservation and complete development of their national character and social order. They must learn that to be good and fit for heaven is the conscience of citizens the principles of natural equity and law, without which a self governing people will not exist.

A Note of Warning.

In conclusion, the speaker sounded a note of warning against a favored aristocracy in the church, upon whom so much care is lavished that none seem for the people. The strength of the church today is the people, who are held by their intellect and heart," said the speaker. "We have a dreadful lesson in the history of the European countries, in which, from neglect of tradition, the church clings to dioceses and classes and loses her grasp upon the people."

Monday night the grand torchlight parade will take place. Then every Roman Catholic church in the city will be ablaze with electric lights, and Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Satolli will bless.

On Wednesday the Catholic University of America at Washington will be dedicated. Most Rev. Francesco Satolli, archbishop of La Panto, the pope's representative, will celebrate pontifical mass, and the Right Rev. R. Gilmour, bishop of Cleveland, O., will preach the sermon. The literary part of the university course will occur at 4 p. m. with an oration by the Right Rev. J. L. Spalding, D. D., of Peoria, Ills., and a Latin poem by Father Augustine Hunt will be read.

Roll Down, Gentlemen.

Ex-Governor John Lee Carroll, of Maryland, has been named for president of the congress, with one vice president from each state. The following papers to read will be required to condense them so that each of them may be read in twenty minutes. Twenty minutes more will be allowed for the discussion of each paper, no delegate to occupy more than five minutes.

The list of papers to be read numbers fourteen, and the order in which they will be presented in the congress is as follows: "Catholic Congresses," by John Gilmary Shea, of New York; "Lay Action in the Church," by Rev. Thomas S. Preston, Detroit; "Papal Independence," Charles J. Bonaparte, Baltimore; "The New Social Order," Peter L. Foy, St. Louis; "The Right of the Church to Direct Education," Bishop Chatard, Florida; "Religion in Education," W. L. Kelly, St. Paul; "Catholic Journalism," George D. Wolff, Philadelphia; "Societies," H. J. Spaunhorst, New York; "Recent American Literature," Conde B. Pallin, St. Louis; "Sunday Observance," Manly B. Tello, Cleveland; "Temperance," John H. Campbell, Wilmington; "Labor of the Century," Richard H. Clarke; "Labor and Capital," William Richards; "Church Music," Heman Allen, Chicago.

TWO MORE VICTIMS OF THE FEUD.

Paris Brumfield and His Wife Murdered by Masked Men.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 11.—A report has reached here that a party of masked men broke into the home of Paris Brumfield on Hart's creek, Lincoln county, and killed Brumfield and his wife.

The report is believed to come from trustworthy authority. It is known that Runyon and his friends, who recently fled to avoid the Brumfields, are armed and have returned to the Hart's creek region, and trouble is anticipated.

More Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The appointment of the following postmasters is announced: New York—Bushnell's Basin, T. B. Slocum; Lima, C. A. St. John. New Hampshire—Deering, Lemuel Lovell; Hillsboro Bridge, Bomford, Mrs. Jennie H. Gillette; Trumbull, S. J. Parks; West Haven, H. G. Eames. New Jersey—Deans, George Williams; Morristown, Joseph Vogel; Rockaway, Mrs. Rebecca Mills. C. S. Pratt; Big Bend, W. W. Crawford; Bixler, G. C. Palm; Blanket Hill, H. J. Rose; Comly, H. A. Shade; Gordon, G. B. Ake; Mountville, Mrs. Mary Ann Holly; Mrs. C. L. Harmer; Lafayette, G. W. Keener; McMurray, Mrs. E. M. Matthews; New Park, J. A. Galley; Rathmel, John Smith; Tunkhannock, J. W. Davis; Worthington, J. M. Williams.

Did He Forge the Will?

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—On the 21 of May, 1869, Elbridge G. Stone, of Harvard, Mass., died, and a few days afterward his nephew presented for probate a will made by the deceased March 4, which was put in the probate court at Worcester. By this will, which bore the names of Irving J. Smith, Wm. Orr and Wm. Wise as witnesses, Richard Dr. Stone received the bulk of the property, valued at about $20,000. Dr. Stone, who resides at Newburyport, Mass., has just been arrested on a charge of forgery. The Fairbanks having furnished information showing that none of the supposed witnesses had witnessed the signing of the will.

Pan-Americans at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—The Pan-Americans have enjoyed a day of comparative rest in Philadelphia. They were entertained by a number of the delegates in company with their wives, who had come on from Washington to meet them, visited Girard college. The delegates were met at the entrance to the literary and welcomed them in a short address. They attended the morning service in which 1,200 boys took part, and afterward Mr. Murphy, of the city, and Col. McCarthy, of Jersey City, have been signed. The man will fight with skin gloves, within 100 miles of New York on Jan. 31, for $500 a side and a purse of $1,000.

Dempsey and Young Mitchell Matched.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—A telegram received by Capt. Cook from the effect that Jack Dempsey and Young Mitchell, of California, have been matched to fight in two months at the California athletic club rooms for $2,000 and for half of $5,000 on the outside.

Another Yale Man Dies.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 11.—Frederick B. Cook, of the Yale Divinity school, died last night at the New Haven hospital of typhoid fever. His relatives reside at Oliver, Mich.

JACKSON BESTS SMITH.

England's Jem Worsted by the Colored Australian.

TWO RATTLING ROUNDS ENOUGH.

Smith Was Being Badly Battered When He "Stuck Hested" the Dark Skinned Champion, and the Referee Awarded the Latter Both Fight and Stakes.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Australian negro pugilist, Peter Jackson, won his fight this morning with Jem Smith on a foul declared in the second round. When the referee declared the contest at an end and gave his decision Smith became so angry that he tried to pull off his glove and attack Jackson, who was standing quietly in his corner. Smith's friends held him back, and probably saved the referee from a thrashing he ever got in his life. Smith declined at first to shake hands with his conqueror, but finally did so. Jackson was the prize money and wins an equal amount in bets for his night's work, besides earning the reputation among sports here as the hardest hitter and the most scientific boxer in the world.

PETER JACKSON.

Received with Praise.

Right hundred members of the Pelican club were packed close around the ring at midnight to watch the contest. No strangers were admitted except three friends of Jackson's. Five times as many people stood outside and were kept in order by a posse of police. The entire front of the club building was barricaded with strong planks.

The Fighters and Their Backers.

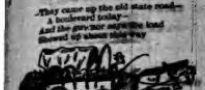
Jem Mace, Bill Goode, Alec Roberts, Dick Roberts, Jem Carney and Bat Mullins were on hand to see the fight, and among others were the Marquis of Queensberry, Lords Londesle, Lurgan, Deerhurst, Dudley Granville Gordon, Esmo Gordon, De Clifford Mandeville, Churston and many officers of the army and navy. The American members of the club present included Clinton Wheeler, Charles Gilsey, W. J. King, Walter Kogeshall, Harry Marks, Ned Fox, Maj. Noah, Tom Burbidge, Eugene Kelly, Jr.,

EVOLUTION IN THE GARDEN CITY.

Back in the early days—
I think 'twas twenty-nine—
Before the stage coach ways
Gave place to railroad line.

Grandfather drove from Maine
Over to Elmer town
In a jumbo sort of chaise
With an old mare—black and brown.

They came up the old state road—
A boulevard today—
And the gay new equipage had
Created no stare nor stay



But was a paragon of pride;
Its father bought some land—
Some acres right or two—
Right where those buildings stand.

They drove a family trade
For flour and beans and tea;
But the said lot really made
The governor—and we.

When father got some interest,
And took things more at ease,
He gave up selling beans,
And bought some chickens like theirs—

Then thought the frame rig
Is now a dandy drive;
Wouldn't he worth a fig
With what they now days drive.

I've just bought me a cart
In Paris—latest form—
'Twill make the whole town all start
And take the town by storm.

My pair—Kentucky bred—
Have better blood and speed
Than all in town, 'tis said;
Look here,

Are you agreed?
—Will L. Davis in Chicago Herald.

Explicit Instruction.

"Do you want me to call again at Mr. Brown's for the bill he owes you?" said the office boy to the physician.

"Yes, and use every possible effort to get it."

"If he won't pay, may I do him up?"

"Yes."

"Good and brown?"

"Yes, that Brown expresses the requirements of the case exactly."—Merchant Traveler.

An Unfortunate Remark.

Bagley—How's that pretty little widow in Harlem that you have been raving about lately?

Bailey—Oh, she's married.

Bagley—You don't seem to have very good luck in your matrimonial ventures, do you, Bailey?

Bailey—Oh, I don't know. You see, I'm the one she married.—Judge.

Justifiable Revenge.

"Where have you been, Brown, that you look so delighted?"

"Circus."

"Good show, eh?"

"No, poor show; but I sat in front of a couple of young women and kept my heaver on till I made their necks ache. It was immense, old man!"—Life.

Too Strong for Her.

"Self denial," said a traveling man to another, "is a trait that will be found in nearly every woman. It seems to be an essential part of her nature. She is equal to almost every self denial."

"And yet," was the rejoinder, "how few of them are equal to a seaskin sack-rides."—Merchant Traveler.

Wanted to Know Who Threw It.

An old negro walking around the railroad curve toward Richmond after dark was startled by the flash of the headlight of the Washington night express, and was found by his friends about two blocks away. On recovering his consciousness the first question he—"Who in jaw dickey throw dat Grocery-Cash mile."

His Last Plea.

Traveler—This umbrella once belonged to Lord Tennyson.

Goggle Eyes—You don't say so! How did you come to get it?

Traveler—I was having a limb at the Adelphia one day, and he dropped in to have a tree, too. I here comes an end.—Orig

In a Bad Way.

Fanny (who is engaged to Charles)—Charles, don't you remember you said that you would buy me the first real handsome ring you saw? Here is the very thing, a regular beauty.

Charles—Y-es; I haven't got my pocket-book in these pants, and they are the only pair I've got.—Pinguoda Blaster.

Not the Right Shade.

Mrs. De Style—What! Going to cut the De Goode girls?

Mrs De Style—Why, yes, ma—I have to at this season of the year. They have skins that never tan, and guess will think we associate with people who stay in town all summer.—New York Weekly

Chic.

First Swell—Horror, how! Horror!

Second Swell—What's the matiah, now?

First Swell—My valet died, now, this morning, and I—ch—ch—I had to put on my shoes and tie my cravat.

Second Swell—How! horful!

—Epoch.

(With faint.)

Strong Appeal to the Imagination.

Judge—Witness, you are 49 years of age.

Female Witness—Yes, sir; I was forty-nine every day.—And yet I was young once then, by a sight. Ah, your worship would hardly believe how young I was.—Pinguoda Blaster Kalender, 1889

A Short Sermon.

"Why should I be compelled to pay extra for bringing things over from Europe in my trunk?" said a traveler.

"Simply as a matter of duty," was the reply of the customs officer.—Merchant Traveler.

Professional Cards.

D. M. S. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 6 p. m. 9-5-17

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinary Surgeon, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 108 West Front street.

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Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Masters in Chancery, &c. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR SEC-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines,
Umbrella Stands,
Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of H. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 6-15-1m

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE;
SOUTH AVENUE,
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

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27 WEST FRONT STREET,
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FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold
I guarantee that my prices shall be as low as those of Woolworth, Prices, so you will be sure to call. Goods delivered. Furniture repaired and varnished. Carpets cleaned and laid.

Are You Alive
TO THE FACT THAT AT THE
Music Hall
Furniture Store.
They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for
Holiday Gifts.
Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.
Powlison & Jones,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE
Have now in Stock
2 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard 25 cents.
2 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard, 25 cents.
Black bare muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.
Worth 75 cents, $1.00 and $1.00.
Black Astz Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boas, $3.00.
Opossum Muff, $3.50.
Opossum Boas, $5.00.
Children's fur muffs, 50 cents.
Children's fancy muffs, fur muff and boa to match, 75 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Bare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.
Louis Callman,
28 WEST FRONT STREET

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Oct 16th,
ALL DAY,
J. P. LAIRE & Co.
will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete

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U. B. CRANE'S,
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Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
Othello Ranges,
PLUMBING, TINNING & GAS FITTING.
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CALL AND EXAMINE.

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ELOCUTION.
Lessons in Elocution, class or private. Terms reasonable. For terms, address Mass. Z., P. O. Box 1080.

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Teacher of French, Latin, Greek Verses and Orations, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison square, New York city. Special Instructions at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Classes formed at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West Fifth street, Plainfield. 12*

HOME SCHOOL
for young ladies and children, 140 Second street, Bethlehem, Pa. Opens Sept. 18th, 1889. Special preparation for those desiring to enter college, and most careful attention to health, manners, etc. Terms moderate. Pronunciation by the method of Del Sarte. Application may be made at any time personally or by letter to Mrs. Hooper or Miss Peters. 8-30-1m*

MISS HAWORTH'S
Kindergarten and School, 28 Cook Place, and Grove Street. In each department of this school every branches are carefully taught by thoroughly trained teachers. Special attention given to individual instruction. Circulars can be obtained at the residence, Grove street. 8-24-1y

MISS. E. R. BARRELL,
Teacher of Music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin, guitar, mandolin, or piano. Terms moderate. Rooms, Vessel Music a specialty. Rear Cook's Store, No. 75 Door street, North Plainfield. 6-14-1m*

MISS SHAW
announces her return to Glenwood Hall, Orange, N. J., for the season of 1889-1890, Sept. 26th. Kindergarten, primary and special instruction given to boarders and day pupils. Circulars sent on application. 6-28-1m

MR. F. L. COMER,
Teacher of Violin. 15 years a student. Gives private lessons to beginners for those who desire to learn to play for dances, etc. Also gives concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 205. 6-6-1y

MISS C. L. HELLWIG,
a graduate of the Gymnasium of Moscow, Russia, and the pupil of a gold medal professor of Berlin, Germany, by to the key of scholar, gives lessons in latest and gentlemen's. French and German conversation, and Art Painting. For further information address Miss C. L. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street.

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of painting. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Address, box of references, P. O. Box 1080.

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY
for young ladies and children will re-open Thursday, Sept. 19th. A kindergarten will be opened Monday, Oct. 1st. For particulars address Miss E. A. Kenyon, Principal. 9-20-2m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Haines and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M. Koap, Principal. Ida F. Koap, Assistant

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—Fine Cabinet Work, Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Residence, Evona. P. O. Box 320.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

IF YOU WANT ANY
Repairs to your House
Before Winter, Call at Carpenter Shop, 26 Somerset Street, and leave your order. Open a. m. to 5 p. m.
JAMES HARDY.

Frank Linke,
(Established 1886.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Wines and Best Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

CLEANLINESS
without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOA in the city for long odds.
AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.
Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap. Prices from 10 to 75 c.
OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is the finest of the most fashionable fashion in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUERSTREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM
Breaks up simple and colds and soothes the blood. MRS. QUICK'S
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Park. 10-15-1y

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, SUNNY, PILLSBURY and BEST, also Rye flour and Graham flour and Buckwheat. Feed, Hay and GRAIN of all kinds. PRICES LOW. A full line of KITCHEN Goods constantly on hand. Also a variety of
WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made,
Furniture Express
21 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city, or any part of the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of
Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2.30, 4.45, 6.40, 7.40 and 10.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 2.30, 4.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 2.30, 4.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 2.30, 4.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 2.30, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 2.30, 4.45, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Leave Newark at 2.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 2.30, 4.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 8.00, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 3.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.30, 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 10.30 a. m., 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.00, 9.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.45 a. m., 5.05, 6.30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9.30 a. m., 5.30 p. m.
(WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.)
5.10 a. m.—For Boston, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
8.00 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
9.30 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 12.00 m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 3.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 5.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 6.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 8.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 10.30 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Reading, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 2.30, 8.00, 10.27 a. m., 12.02, 3.25, 5.56 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.27 a. m., 3.56 p. m. For Asbury Park at 2.30, 8.00, 10.27 a. m., 12.02, 3.25, 5.56 p. m. Sunday 8.27, a. m., 3.56 p. m.
ROUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 2.15, 4.10, 8.20, 9.25, 11.20 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 5.25, 6.40, 8.40 p. m. Sundays at 2.17, 8.20, 9.25 a. m., 5.25, 6.40, 8.40 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 2.15, 4.10, 8.20, 9.25, 11.20 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 5.25, 6.40, 8.40 p. m. Sundays at 2.17, 8.20, 9.25 a. m., 5.25, 6.40, 8.40 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 2.15, 4.10, 8.20, 9.25, 11.20 a. m., 12.05, 2.05, 5.25, 6.40, 8.40 p. m. Sundays at 2.17, 9.25 a. m., 6.40, 8.40 p. m.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m., 11.40 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, RARITON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.50 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.
Direct mails to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 12.45 p. m. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4.30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.50 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Weverville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office open from 7 a. m. and closes at 7.00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.00 p. m. to oversee mail matter.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Delivery Window.
Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.
Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.
Safe to the last Dollar.
Better than any 5 % Bonds.
With Nearly Double the Interest.
Send for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO.,
56 Broadway, New York.
NO FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
28 Park Avenue.
Residence 28 Park Avenue. Telephone Call 27. Office at residence.

ELECTRICITY
and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Constipation
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Patients attended for. Residence 29 East Second street, corner of Washington.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 920.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS K. POPE, Treasurer.

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only,
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-10-1y

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Chest Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
P. T. B. NEVIUS,
RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
P. O. Box 792.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
97 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers,
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 72-78 Somerset St.
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Buckwheat, Tea, Coffees, Sugars, Canned Goods, Fruits, Preserves, Pure Cider Vinegar, 4 years old; White Onions, Yellow Globe Onions, Potatoes and Preserves; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farm Implement. John F. Webb, Rear Court House, North Plainfield.

Smalley Brothers,
72 Somerset street,
Meat Market.
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased on Edgewood Park, Somerset and other Additions.
Address
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in reliable companies only. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

Don A. Gaylord, DEALER IN
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Celebrated Peerless Grates. Office, Madison avenue. Yard, South Second street.

T. L. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.,
27 1/2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

James H. Pope.
Carpenter & Builder.
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N.
All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to. Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 681.
W. J. Pearsall, No. 15 Pine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 26 Pine Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks,
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
HYSES AND WAREROOMS,
18 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Newton. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

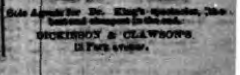
MRS. E. J. MARTIN'S
"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crepe, lace, ribbons, hats, and revives the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET
Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Cured at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 25 Park avenue.
P. O. Box 892.
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy of
A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
to call before purchasing from stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show our goods, and give prices, whether you buy or not.



Sole Agents for Dr. Kisch's spectacles. Most scientific adjustment in the world.
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S
21 Park avenue.

LIGHT FROM THE ROCKS.

"THE ROCKS POURED ME OUT RIVERS OF OIL."—JOB.

Thousands of Barrels Per Day—Startling Facts in the Production, Sale and Transport of Oil—Ancient Methods — E. L. Drake the First to "Strike Oil" by Boring.

"A great gusher—1,000 barrels of oil per day."

Such is the report on the new oil well just opened near Pittsburg, Pa.—"within five miles

COL. DRAKE.

of the court house." Only thirty years ago was the first oil well in America or the world opened, and twice already has the business declined till men said it was at an end, and revival again only to be greater than ever. In these thirty years at least $450,000,000 have been invested in it, at least 40,000 wells have been bored at a cost of $100,000,000, and the cash receipts for the products have slightly exceeded $300,000,000. Verily a great American industry.

But it is far from being exclusively American. Indeed, the idea of using the oil of the rocks first came from Asia, and the greatest oil basin in the world is thought to be in one of Russia's late acquisitions. And the greatest strike in oil annals was by a Russian company at Baku, where a well was opened last year which spouted a column 225 feet high and yielded 11,000 tons per day for some time. In America, even at the lowest prices yet known, it would make millionaires; in Asia it bankrupted the projectors. The rates for transportation did not justify their shipping the crude petroleum, they had no facilities for refining it and had to pay heavy damages to adjacent land owners.

The phenomena attendant on the Baku spouter exceeded all previously known in the business. The Russian official speaks of the preliminary birth throes of the monster, in which stones were hurled to a great distance. Then came the roar of the escaping gas, which could be heard several miles and rendered the atmosphere almost insupportable, and after that the fine sand and then the oil. Sand and dust continued to be the prodigal darling of the well's vigorous period, and, drifting into neighboring dwellings and gardens, did much damage. The oil formed great lakes sufficient to float large vessels, but for reasons given above the product was almost a total loss. For want of a pipe line to the Black sea uncounted millions of gallons sank into the soil, but the owners at last made agreed to place an immense cap on the mouth of the well, and its further gushing awaits a more favorable season.

As was cited above, $450,000,000 or more have been invested in American wells, pipe lines, etc., and about $500,000,000 worth of product secured; but all the figures are fascinating. In 1859 the papers noted with se-

DRILLING TOOLS.

tonishment that 82,000 barrels had been produced—all in a little district of Pennsylvania. In 1876 the yield was 9,000,000 barrels. Then the great "Bradford field" was struck, and the next year the yield was 13,000,000 barrels. Thence the increase was about 3,000,000 a year, and in 1881 the total was reported 27,000,000 barrels; a total yield of 31,789,190 barrels.

What wild freaks did fortune play in those years in many a home. What must have been the sudden elevation when Titusville sprang at one bound from a country hamlet to a city of 10,000 or more, when Oil City sprang up in the wilderness, and when thousands of acres, worth scarcely three years before, suddenly became of immense value. What lavish display by the suddenly rich; what gorgeous plumage and gaudy jewelry; what "bo-tare," as we say in Paris (Illinois), by land and water; what "totch up" in a cabin and hood corn barefooted, but must now "make the tower of Tarrup, toss pa had struck oil;" and how fast the suffrids and carriarotts and slang makers followed the movements of the newly rich. Our language was adorned with many new and striking phrases; but why enlarge when one has summarized the whole thing in his own person. The mere name of "Coal Oil Johnnie" has a volume in it. It means everything possible in the line of lavish squandering, the folly of a youth with suddenly acquired wealth, and a wild passion to illustrate how "the fool and his money are soon parted."

The varieties of prices were wonderful. "Pacific Mail" stock was a dead level compared to petroleum. The oil has actually sold as low as ten cents a barrel and as high as $20, though the general average has been about $4. At first it was shipped by barges down the Allegheny, and by team and in cans and barrels by rail. Then came the pipe lines and greatly decided cash gains, and soon after the pipe lines which are now connected with some 21,000 wells and receive from them anywhere from 30,000 to 40,000 barrels daily. In addition they hold in storage tanks from 30,000,000 to 50,000,000 barrels, and this is the consideration which gives the speculator room. It is not to the power of any one individual yet formed to gamble "bull" on article of which so much is ready any hour for the market. There are about 5,000 miles of pipe lines and over 1,600 large iron tanks, and from Chicago to New York city four 10,000 or 20,000 barrels daily.

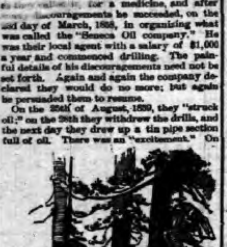
The export trade has for outgrown (by percentage) that in any other product. In the campaign of '84 the people learned with amazement that in one dozen years the United States had exported more wheat than in all previous years since the Pilgrims landed; but of petroleum the increase in twenty years was from 400,000 to 500,000,000 gallons per year—the latter in 1885—and its value at point of product $44,000,000. But the amount produced or exported was but a trifle to the amount sold—the former could happen but once or a burst, but it might be sold any number of times. The "bull" tanks in the last very speculative year, the sales at four "oil exchanges" were:

	Barrels.
Oil City Exchange	1,601,050,000
New York City Exchange	1,045,475,000
Bradford Exchange	1,878,161,000
Pittsburg Exchange	1,836,540,000
Total	6,904,926,000

The first vein of oil struck by boring was at Titusville, Pa., on Aug. 23, 1859, and the man who did the work, who inaugurated this great industry, was an unnoted hero, Col. E. L. Drake. He read of the ancient methods of collecting rock oil in Persia and other lands of the orient, saw the American method of digging pits for it to seep into, and after long study of the subject concluded that its storage place was in the rocks and that it must be bored or dug for. He did it, made a success and a name, and a most peculiarly American—nay, for—for this he deserves, and all men may shall have, a monument.

Edwin L. Drake was born March 29, 1819, in Greenville, Greene county, N. Y. He early manifested [illegible] near Avon, Mich., and [illegible] a city goods [illegible] ark city. The oil fields of [illegible] various pursuits, till in 1858 [illegible] manager for a little oil company, [illegible] the people being the "Seneca oil," [illegible] for a medicine, and after [illegible] encouragements he succeeded, on the 3d day of March, 1858, in organizing what was called the "Seneca oil company," and was then local agent with a salary of $1,000 a year and commenced drilling. The painful details of his discouragements need not be set forth. Again and again the company declared that it would do no more, but again he persuaded them to resume.

On the 28th of August, 1859, they "struck oil;" on the 29th they went under the drills, and the next day they drew up a tin pipe section full of oil. There was an "excitement." On



A SCOUT.

the last day of August Mr. Drake was recognized in Titusville as a success, for it was known that early the next week he would yield at least twenty barrels a day. It soon rose to twenty-five, then gradually declined; but the problem was solved, "boring for oil" was soon to be a rage. Like most great discoverers, Mr. Drake got no benefit from it. In 1869 he was so poor that the oil operators made up for him a purse of $4,000. Like James Marshall, who discovered gold in Capt. Sutter's mill race in California, he was long forgotten. In 1873 the legislature of Pennsylvania granted a pension of $1,000 a year to Mr. Drake, and a wife during the life of either. In 1870 he located in Bethlehem, Penn., where, on the 9th of November, 1881, he died.

Many columns like this would be required to trace the development of the new industry, to relate how the "Seneca oil for rheumatism" became a great illuminator, how lamps were invented to suit it, and how kindly the people took to it until, in three or four years, "star candles" became obsolete and a hallow one was exhibited as a specimen of the "light of other days." Equally interesting is the development of the tools for boring and pumping, "shooting wells" and other adjuncts of the trade. It has also its amusing features; there are "scouts" on the lookout to discover the condition or prospects of a well, guards to prevent intrusion, and explorers and speculators' detectives, for the manipulators of the stock market often have a vital interest in knowing all about a new well or a newly developing district.

"Wildcatters" are those who take the risk of sinking wells in unknown territory, and when they do "strike oil," it is often of the utmost importance to the "scouts" to learn the exact character of the new well. It was in 1883 that the most memorable contest between two companies took place. Cherry Grove was a primeval wilderness in Warren county, and the politicians at the county seat

AN OIL FIRE.

always knew without waiting for the returns just how the township had gone, for it combined but fourteen votes. Four men early in 1883 set up a derrick in that wilderness and began to bore, and soon alarming reports reached those who were "long of oil stocks" that in Cherry Grove they struck oil and therefore would the price to go up. So the woods were soon full of "scouts."

The owners surrounded the derrick with a high fence, hired guards and had several guards, who at night kept up a random firing into the woods to scare away the "scouts." Nevertheless, one daring young man crept past the guards and lay hidden for seventeen hours inside the derrick, gaining the all important knowledge that "Number One" was a flowing well. His report was duly telegraphed to one of his employers, for they "held stock," and in a few days prices fell so greatly as to involve a total loss of $20,000,000 to the holders. It was "Black Friday" to the "bulls," and no wonder, for "Number One" yielded 4,000 barrels a day from the start, and what was more, it proved that a new field was to be opened, and that hundreds of new wells would soon be flowing. Crude petroleum, which had been selling at eighty-five cents a barrel, declined rapidly to forty-nine cents—a figure which, for a time, stopped production on all but the big flowing wells.

"Shooting a well," or "torpedoing" is a ticklish business. The nitro-glycerine—enough of it to blow up a regiment—must be poured into a certain cylinder which looks like a large water spout, and the same lowered very gently to the bottom of the well, so fixed with a trigger attachment that it will in due time explode. This blows out the loose mud and loosens the sand rock in which is the petroleum, and so the oil flows again. But if anything sets off the nitro-glycerine prematurely, either in the hands of the "shooter" or before he can get away from the mouth of the well, then "Good-by, John!" Cases have occurred in which a single finger was the only remnant ever found. And at least one case in which a teamster, wagon and two mules, transporting the peaky stuff, were suddenly obliterated—atomized, so to speak, for not a trace of either was ever found, not even a splinter of the wagon. It was supposed that the man drove too hard against a big stone—there was a terrific explosion, scores of dust a hole in the ground and nothing else.

A blaster will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—Someone has wisely said: "Never seek an occasion for strife. A man that hath friends must show himself friendly."

—An unknown man was struck by a Central railroad train on the Newark Bay bridge last night, and knocked into the water. The body has not been recovered.

—The amount of insurance on the life of John M. Jackson, who died in State Prison about two weeks ago, while serving a term for arson, was paid in full yesterday.

—Several Plainfield business men are obtaining signatures to a petition favoring New York as the site for the world's fair. The petition is being very generally signed.

—Miss Francis E. Willard has been re-elected President of the National W. C. T. U. Her picture, and a telegram from Chicago regarding the meeting yesterday, appear on another page.

—The members of Missionomo Tribe, No. 118, I. O. R. M., will leave Plainfield on the 4:54 train to-morrow evening, to pay a fraternal visit to Watchung Tribe, No. 110, I. O. R. M., of Newark, N. J.

—The Central Railroad Company yesterday put the finishing touch to its fourth track from Bound Brook to Elizabeth. The new track was commenced at Elizabeth and Bound Brook at the same time, and the rails were joined at Grant avenue, Plainfield, yesterday. When the work at Greenville is finished the new track will then be complete from Jersey City to Bound Brook.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Henry Pieter, of West Front street, is visiting friends in Rahway.

Miss Angie Peytel has returned to her home on Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, from a pleasant visit to Easton, Pa.

Mrs. Phillipena Zimmer, aged 64, died at the home of her son, Mr. Charles Zimmer, on West Front street last night.

A representation of the "Old Oaken Bucket" in Werner's Clothing House attracts considerable attention and reflects credit on Mr. Werner's window-dresser, Mr. Walter Linharger.

Past Commanders J. P. Allis and L. A. Bummer, of Ivanhoe Council, No. 1074, American Legion of Honor, represented that council in the Grand Lodge which met at Passaic, N. J., at 10 a. m., to-day.

It will give pleasure to the friends of the family of Hon. Jacob Kirkner to know that a recent obligram reports that Miss Carrie Kirkner is so far recovered from her recent relapse that she is now able to leave her room at Dresden.

Mr. George E. Hoadley, a retired New York broker, who formerly resided at the corner of Seventh street and Arlington avenue, died at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. William F. Smith, at Netherwood Heights, yesterday. Mr. Hoadley lost his wife by death a few years ago and shortly after her demise he was stricken with paralysis, from which he never entirely recovered.

David Wambold, one of the best-known negro minstrels in the country, died on Sunday night at the Continental Hotel, in this city. Wambold was formerly connected with the firm of Birch, Backus & Wambold, under whose management the San Francisco Minstrels acquired such fame.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

Camden expects to show close to 90,000 population at the coming census.

A cat measuring three feet from tip to tip was shot near Pennsgrove recently.

Birmingham, on the Camden and Long Branch Railroad, some miles above Mount Holly, is to have a large new hotel and street improvements.

The Supreme Court has ordered the Atlantic county Board of Freeholders to show cause why they should not join the Board of Burlington county and build a bridge across Mullica river, which divides the counties.

Vice-Chancellor Pitney has granted an injunction restraining T. L. Woodruff, Sheriff of Hudson county, from publishing the Sunset Record. The Record was started in 1885 by Newton Woodruff, who transferred it to William H. De Forest a year later.

Burglars effected an entrance into the Somerset County Supply Company's store at Somerville, Monday, and secured a rich haul of silk handkerchiefs, scarfiers, umbrellas and jewelry. The loss is about $600. A loaded freight car standing on a side track of the Central Railroad Station was also broken open and merchandise to the amount of $100 was taken.

Robbers entered the post-office at Pennington, on Sunday evening, by prying open the back door. They turned things topsy-turvy, and tried to find the key to the safe, but failed to do so. In the money drawer they found nothing but a few pennies. Postmaster J. L. Hunt was at church at the time, but he reckoned 100 soon for the rascals, and they left without getting anything.

A reduction in the wages of the girls employed in Kinsel's Lamp Works at Harrison took place on Saturday night. A committee of the girls visited the manager, Mr. Upton, and he refused to talk to them. They then announced that they would not return to work Monday at the reduced rates. A month ago a similar reduction was made among the workmen, who promptly stopped work. They were taken back at the old rates.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Sidle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	8 A. M.	12 M.	3 P. M.	6 P. M.	9 P. M.
1 Friday	44	48	48	46	44
2 Saturday	44	48	48	46	44
3 Sunday	44	48	48	46	44
4 Monday	44	48	48	46	44
5 Tuesday	44	48	48	46	44
6 Wednesday	44	48	48	46	44
7 Thursday	44	48	48	46	44
8 Friday	44	48	48	46	44
9 Saturday	44	48	48	46	44
10 Sunday	44	48	48	46	44
11 Monday	44	48	48	46	44
12 Tuesday	44	48	48	46	44

SOUNDING THE ALARM.

A RINGING TEMPERANCE ADDRESS AT MUSIC HALL LAST NIGHT.

The Effect of Personal Influence and the Influence of Society on the Drink Question—A Meeting for Organization To-Night.

Less than 200 persons, all told, listened to Mr. P. A. Burdick's address at Music Hall last evening. The rain and the fog may have had something to do with the small attendance, but temperance advocates, like the children, ought not to fear a little water. There was a noticeable thinning out in the number of clergymen present, the Rev. W. E. Houseman being the only minister on the platform. This is explained, however, by the regular monthly meeting of the pastors at the residence of Mr. F. M. Demarest, and the absence of one or two from the city. There were also fewer singers on the stage, but those who were on hand sang with an earnestness and a sweetness which fully compensated those who listened. Mr. Marvin M. Dusham presided, the leader's baton, and the piano, violin and cornet helped to swell the chorus, as before. The Rev. Mr. Houseman conducted the devotional exercises of the evening and pronounced the benediction.

Mr. Burdick's address was mainly on the line of personal effort, personal influence, and the influence that society ought to exert toward checking the moderate use of strong drink. He illustrated his remarks by anecdotes and reminiscences of his own experience, and told how his first refusal to take wine, after having become convinced of the evil of intemperance, converted a whole family to teetotalism and saved the father from the precipice over which he had been hanging.

The speaker gave three reasons why he did not drink. "The first and meanest reason," said he, "is that from a monetary point of view it is cheaper not to drink. The second is that total abstinence promotes longevity. There are lots of people who are continually whining and crying about the hardships of life and wishing they were dead. For my part, I'm perfectly willing to let them die. I have no patience with such people. There's enough beauty and enjoyment in this world, and so many good people here to help make life pleasant, that I want to stay here just as long as I can. The third reason is that I don't like drunk. The Bible says that no drunkard shall inherit eternal life. After I die I want to go to heaven."

The lecturer dwelt upon the indifference of most people as to the question of closing up the saloon. One father assured him, once, that he could take care of his son and would see that he kept away from the saloon-keeper's shop. "Yes," said Mr. Burdick, "have you a perpetual lease of life? Do you expect to live always? You may be able to take care of your son now, but after you are gone—what then? The saloon will remain." It is the duty, therefore, of fathers and mothers to exert themselves to the uttermost to save their children from associations which contaminate them.

A meeting of pastors, officers of all temperance organizations, superintendents of W. C. T. U. work, leaders of Y. M. C. A., and all Christians who are interested, was announced to be held at Music Hall at 7 o'clock to-night, for the purpose of organization. The address this evening will begin at 7:45, preceded by a service of song.

Plainfield "Razzle-Dazzled."

The Pastime Bowling Club of Westfield came to this city last night and bowled a game with the Pastime Club, on the alley over alley at No. 5 East Second street. Much interest was manifested throughout the contest, which was finally decided in favor of the visitors by a score of 1257 to 1208.

The Plainfield team did not play as well as usual, owing, probably, to the fact that there were many ladies present who seemed to have "dazzled" the boys, while the Pastimes were "razzling" them. This explains why they were so badly "razzle-dazzled."

Below is the score:

PASTIME BOWLING CLUB.

	S.	S.	B.	Total.
Surtor	0	3	7	119
Cash	0	1	9	97
Hall	0	2	3	143
Burlington	3	4	4	149
Powell	3	3	5	165
Collins	0	4	2	153
Darby	3	2	5	159
Welch	3	4	3	169
Ward	1	3	7	119
Love	1	3	4	145

CRESCENT LEAGUE TEAM.

	S.	S.	B.	Total.
Van Emburg	3	3	4	144
Van Winkle	0	3	7	113
Rogers	2	4	4	131
Bunn	2	4	3	141
Tilers	1	1	6	103
C. Tod	3	3	4	147
Reed	0	3	7	110
Emerson	1	4	5	130
Kline	4	4	2	176

One Hundred Visitors.

Some fifteen entries for the open events of the Bicycle Club games on Thursday night have been received and declined since the list was closed and sent to the printer.

The club will probably entertain in the neighborhood of one hundred visitors at their house, after the games, including contestants and visiting club men.

The Hudson County Club, of Jersey City; Atlantic, of Newark; Kings County, of Brooklyn, and the Elizabeth Wheelmen will all send large delegations. Active preparations are being made to welcome them in a style befitting the enviable reputation of the Plainfield Club.

Bordine Convicted.

The trial of Charles Bordine, the Linden tavern keeper, who was indicted by the Grand Jury for shooting John Walker and his son George, both residents of Roselle, with a revolver, during a brawl in his tavern last summer, was concluded in the Union County Court at Elizabeth yesterday. The elder Walker was present in the dock and the last sight of one eye. After an hour's deliberation the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

SOMERSET COUNTY OFFICIAL RETURNS, 1889.

Townships.	Governor. Abm. Hewitt, D.	Governor. Geo. B. Smith, R.	Assemblyman. La Monte, P.	Sheriff. Klotz, D.	Sheriff. Garretson, R.	Sheriff. Voorhees, P.	Collector. Dillingham, D.	Collector. Bergen, R.	Collector. Spencer, P.	Surveyor. Klotz, 1888.
Bedminster	278	118	9	260	133	7	260	128	9	263
Bernards, 1st District	116	98	10	106	107	10	106	103	10	107
" 2d "	111	90	10	100	97	10	1	1	1	1
Branchburg	113	90	10	100	97	10	100	97	10	102
Bridgewater, 1st District	111	90	10	100	97	10	100	97	10	102
" 2d "	34	34	1	34	34	1	34	34	1	34
" 3d "	34	34	1	34	34	1	34	34	1	34
Franklin, 1st District	146	111	10	136	121	10	136	121	10	137
" 2d "	146	111	10	136	121	10	136	121	10	137
Hillsborough, 1st District	146	111	10	136	121	10	136	121	10	137
" 2d "	146	111	10	136	121	10	136	121	10	137
Montgomery	142	142	7	141	142	7	141	142	7	141
North Plainfield, 1st District	142	142	7	141	142	7	141	142	7	141
" 2d "	142	142	7	141	142	7	141	142	7	141
Warren	198	86	15	150	86	15	150	86	15	150
Total	2092	2000	152	2004	2774	194	2101	2024	162	2103
Plainfield	1	1		1	1		1	1		1
	2093	2001	152	2005	2775	194	2102	2025	162	2104

The total Prohibition vote in Somerset county last year was 185.

UNION COUNTY OFFICIAL RETURNS, 1889.

Polling Districts.	Governor. Abbett, D.	Governor. Grubb, R.	Assembly. La Monte, P.	Assembly. Connolly, D.	Assembly. Voorhees, P.	Assembly. McLeod, P.	Assembly. Second Dist. Marsh, D.	Assembly. Second Dist. Benjamin, R.	Assembly. Second Dist. Armstrong, P.	Assembly. Third Dist. Godmington, D.	Assembly. Third Dist. Ulrich, R.	Assembly. Third Dist. Mc'ort, P.
Elizabeth, 1st Ward, 1st District	238	208	1	241	206	6						
" 1st "	161	124	1	162	120	6						
" 2d "	161	124	1	162	120	6						
" 3d "	161	124	1	162	120	6						
" 4th "	238	208	1	241	206	6						
" 2d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 3d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 4th "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 1st District	34	34		34	34	1						
" 2d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 3d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 4th "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 1st District	34	34		34	34	1						
" 2d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 3d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 4th "	34	34		34	34	1						
Linden	238	208	1	241	206	6						
Roselle	161	124	1	162	120	6						
Springfield	87	64		90	61							
Union	161	124	1	162	120	6						
Rahway, 1st Ward	238	208	1	241	206	6						
" 2d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 3d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 4th "	34	34		34	34	1						
Clark	63	58		63	58							
Cranford	161	124	1	162	120	6						
Westfield	238	208	1	241	206	6						
Plainfield, 1st Ward	238	208	1	241	206	6						
" 2d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 3d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 4th "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 1st District	34	34		34	34	1						
" 2d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 3d "	34	34		34	34	1						
" 4th "	34	34		34	34	1						
New Providence	161	124	1	162	120	6						
Summit	238	208	1	241	206	6						
Total	4031	3666	281	4010	3771	12	2124	1630	8	1726	2141	102

Why Don't Oliver Pay His Taxes?

While the City Clerk has managed so as to secure about $5 per hour and perquisites from the city for his services—the most extravagant wages paid to any of the city employes—one would suppose he would pay his debts to his employer. He does not do so. There are $70 taxes due these days on three lots which are kept in his wife's name, and there is $1 poll tax which the city has tried for two years to collect of him, without avail.

It will be found that His Consequential Mightiness scarcely allows the ink to dry on his bills against the city each month before he pounces on the city treasury for his pound of flesh, like Shylock of old, but will not pay even so small a matter as $1 poll tax. It is the old story again: "Good collector: Poor pay."

What a fine specimen to fill the position of City Clerk! Call for your laborers of the city, who receive but fifteen cents per hour, and must wait until His August Presence condescends to attend to them, get behind in their taxes, and lo! a special deputy collector pounces on them and levies on what little property they have, to squeeze out of them the last dollar and even the last odd cent.

Employes in the Potter Press Works, Scott Press Works, and even the Pond Tool Works, have called on us and asked us the pertinent question, Is it fair to treat the city employes and yet allow to go scot free persons like the City Clerk, receiving for actual service per hour nearly or as much as some of them receive for a day's work?

The Clerk should be compelled to pay his taxes or be sold out just as the poor men are. This making fish of one and flesh of another is a outrage on the taxpayers. A city official who will not pay his taxes ought to be removed from office.

What applies to the Clerk, applies to his brother, the editor of The Times, who draws money each month from the city treasury, and who has a poll tax to pay, according to the advertised list of tax delinquents.

Since the above was written we are informed that Justice Nash has forced the City Clerk to pay up to avoid an execution. Two years taken to collect. The amount has not yet been received by the collector, however.

Miscellaneous Boys.

Last evening the police were summoned to No. 7 First place by telephone. Officer Giese found an elderly lady and a girl the sole occupants of the house. They were terribly frightened and informed the policeman that some person had been rattling the doors of the house and acting as though he were endeavoring to effect an entrance. The officer made a thorough search of the premises, but found no one. He concluded that it was the work of boys who were endeavoring to frighten the inmates of the house.

—The sale of stoves, lamps, tinware, etc., at 15 per cent. off, by J. C. Pierson, Jr., has been a great success and we would remind those who want to take advantage of it that it closes on the 15th.

—Thomas Wilson, the colored man who assaulted and robbed ex-State Senator Moore, at Kingston, about ten days ago, pleaded guilty to the charge in the court of Special Sessions at Somerville, Saturday, and was sentenced to ten years in State Prison by Judge Bartles.

—The new office building of the Central Railroad of New Jersey at the corner of West and Liberty street, New York, is fairly started. The spiles are all driven and the first courses of huge foundation stones of granite are nearly all in place. There will be no subcellar to this building, because the present excavation is below tide water, and a constant stream trickles though it and backs a steam pump busy. The building will be ten stories high.

Proposed Phonography Class.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The Young Men's Christian Association has under consideration the opening of a class in Phonography or Shorthand for young men. There are hundreds of young men to whom the acquisition of shorthand would be a great benefit. The demand for qualified shorthand writers in New York City is great and the supply is hardly sufficient to meet it, and they are better remunerated than ordinary clerks and office assistants. Of course it is true that large numbers of young ladies are constantly qualifying themselves for, and do fill, situations with lawyers and business men, still there are a great many situations that can be filled only by young men, and there are many business men who prefer to employ young men. The chances for a good demand for stenographers by business men is the great increase in correspondence, for the rapid and satisfactory conduct of which they must have competent assistance. Time is very valuable to the average business man, and while a shorthand writer to assist him, he saves a great deal.

A large number of young men go into New York every day and work for a mere pittance, whereas if they could write shorthand they would at once receive double or treble the salary. Shorthand besides lends to a far better position for advancement. It has been the starting point with many young men who are now filling lucrative situations. Any one with a good common school education can, with application and perseverance, acquire the art of writing shorthand in a comparatively short time. The principles can be learned in three or four months, and after that it is simply a question of practice.

Should there be found a good competent teacher, and if a sufficient number of those who would like to join such a class will immediately apply to the General Secretary at the rooms, no time will be lost in getting to work. It is hoped that this opportunity will not be neglected. YOUNG MEN'S FRIEND.

—A young man named Backman smashed his foot last week at Pond Tool Works, by letting a large iron casting fall on it.

—Miss Amelia B. Edwards, the distinguished Egyptologist, will give an illustrated lecture on "Queen Hatasu and the Women of Ancient Egypt" at Music Hall during December.

—Several new letter boxes have arrived and will be placed in position in a few days. One will be located at the Evona station and another at the corner of Monroe avenue and Fourth street.

—While walking along Somerset street last evening Samuel Groff stubbed his toe and fell, striking his face on the gravel in front of Carney Bros.' store, inflicting an ugly gash under his left eye. A physician dressed the wound.

—A parlor sale under the auspices of the King's Daughters opened at the residence of Mrs. George F. Opdyke, at No. 16 West Eighth street, this afternoon. It will be continued this evening and to-morrow afternoon and evening.

—Acting Principal Goodrich, after school hours yesterday, met a number of young men in the High School chapel for the purpose of discussing the organization of a cadet company. The matter will be laid before the parents of the boys.

—The Rev. Cornelius Schaeck, pastor of the Reformed church, previous to the services on Sunday morning, installed Messrs. R. H. Field, G. Q. Dolliver, and O. W. Dunham as elders and Messrs. J. H. Van Winkle, T. E. Hamill, E. R. Anthony and A. L. Force as deacons of the church.

THE PLOT THICKENING.

CONTRADICTORY REPORTS REGARDING LAST WEEK'S FRACAS.

First Randolph Did Hit Miss Murphy and then he Didn't.—Miss Garland the Girl—The Story of an Affidavit.

The Press last night published the following affidavit, alleged to have been signed by Miss Nora Walsh and Miss Minnie Garland, one of whom claimed to be the "Kate Murphy" who was so brutally waylaid by North Plainfield last Friday morning, and knocked down by a blow from a burly ruffian:

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
COUNTY OF UNION, }

Personally appeared before me the subscriber, a Notary Public, Nora Walsh and Minnie Garland, who being duly sworn on their oaths, say the billiness of Randolph who has been accused of committing an assault upon Miss Murphy, in North Plainfield, on Friday morning, Nov. 8, last, on their way home from a ball in the Columbia Social Club, held in Burt Hall, on Second street, North Plainfield, N. J., is innocent of the crime of which he is accused, and further say that the statement made by The Evening News was without foundation, and that they further acknowledge him from blame.

NORA WALSH,
MISS MINNIE GARLAND.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this eleventh day of November, A. D. 1889.

J. C. POST,
Notary Public.

There were three girls in the party and three young men. One of the girls, named Kate Murphy, went to a house in question whether Randolph had struck her friend, informed a News reporter yesterday that the "fellow" distinctly did, and that Miss Garland's face was badly swollen as a result.

"Did you sign your friend make an affidavit vindicating Randolph?"

"I do not know whether my friend signed any such paper or not. But I never did, and would not parley myself for Randolph or any one else. I was more than surprised to-night when I learned my name was attached to such a document."

In conversing further with the reporter Miss Walsh said that Miss Garland lives at Jersey City, but has been visiting me in Metuchen. Since the assault Randolph has been to my house several times to see her, and he finally got her consent not to prosecute him. I am sorry for signing a paper vindicating him, I do not think he would do any such thing. Randolph certainly was frightened and begged for forgiveness. If he had struck me I would have prosecuted him at any cost. Why, he may hit her again the first chance he gets. It is the first time that I have been mixed up in any affair of this kind and I hope it will be the last."

Gilbert Murphy, of the city, was in the company of Miss Walsh and Miss Garland on the night they returned, and was present during the interview last evening. Mr. Murray corroborated Miss Walsh's story so far as Randolph's innocence is concerned. He further stated that he had met Randolph returning from a visit to Miss Garland last Sunday, and that Randolph had informed him that he (Randolph) had been to see her and that she had promised not to prosecute him.

The affidavit was sworn to by Mr. James C. Pope, the notary public before whom the affidavit was signed, who said that the girls, in company with Stillman Randolph, came before him yesterday morning and made the statement which they signed. Mr. Pope also said that he never saw the girls before. They may not have been Miss Walsh and Miss Garland, but they gave those names to Mr. Pope.

In an interview with several members of the Columbia Social Club The News reporter found that the affair is very much talked of and that they had never made such an affidavit. The members of the club are very indignant over the assault, and say that they never intended the girl to prosecute Randolph.

Randolph's friends say that he has been coaxed or coerced into making an affidavit exonerating the scoundrel or scoundrels who struck them, their assailants ought to be arrested on information and belief, and punished to the full extent of the law. It matters not whether it was Randolph or Warnken who struck the blow; they, having laid in wait for the brothers, are guilty of as much crime or accessories, and all parties should be spared to make an example of them before others of like character, or, rather, want of character.

Died.

HOADLEY.—At the residence of his son-in-law, W. F. Smith, Netherwood Heights, Nov. 11th, George E. Hoadley.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

Edgar William Nye, on whom the public have thrust the name of Bill, is going to tell the readers of "Bom, A Monthly Magazine," what he thinks of New Jersey.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG MAN of 23, is steady, willing, and obliging, wants work of any kind. Address G. Johnson, P. O. Box 139, Scotch Plains. 11-2.

FOR SALE—Best residence property in Westfield, N. J. Five minutes from depot, churches, and school. Fine shade trees, fruit grounds, 200x350. House, twelve rooms, with gas and water, barn and carriage house. Will be sold cheap. Terms to suit. Apply to Luther M. Whitaker, Westfield, N. J. 5-5*

FREE CHRYSANTHEMUM show at Dennison's Hillside avenue greenhouse. Winter blooming plants in great variety. 8-4

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 45 Grandview avenue. 10-17-tf*

TO LET—A cellar; also lot in rear of store for sale. L. Hayaiger, 81 and 83 Somerset street. 12-4-tf

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster place. 10-28 tf

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; good plain cook; reference. 109 Plainfield avenue. 11-11-tf

WANTED—Two gentleman boarders. 39 East Fifth street, corner Somerset. 11-8

WANTED—A good cook. Apply with reference at 54 Grandview avenue. 11-2

WANTED—Situation as nurse or chamber maid. Good needlewoman. Apply 6 Pond place, Plainfield. 11-1-3

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. References required. Apply at No. 179 West Front street. 11-6-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 11-6-tf.

WANTED—People to drink the Three R. Tea. For sale by Barkalow & Dye, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress, and chambermaid and waitress. References required. Mrs. A. Johnson, La Grande avenue, cor. Broadway.

WANTED—Housekeeper. For particulars address Post-office Box 308, Plainfield, N. J.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesman. Permanent position. Special inducements now; fast-selling specialties. Don't delay. Salary from start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 10-14-3* 15 2

YOUNG LADY would like position as clerk in store. Address "W," Plainfield, N. J.

"IS IT BARGAINS YOU WANT?"

We can give them to you in Genuine Good Goods, not "Seconds" or Auction Lots. This is the way we get them. A large Importer of

LACE CURTAINS

offered us several lots of these goods at 33 1-3 per cent. less than the usual price to close out what they called ends of certain numbers of which they would not have any more. We purchased them and offer the same to our patrons at the same reduction from our regular prices. Note the LOW PRICES and then come in and examine the goods and you will be convinced that they are the best bargains to be found anywhere.

NOTTINGHAM at 90c, $1, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.15, $2.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.25, $3.50 and up. Also a good line of Real Lace, Point, Antique, Swiss, etc., at equally low prices.

Edsall's 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first class dry and fancy goods, merino underwear, corsets, gloves, etc. Carpets made and laid. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Irish Frieze Cloak. Misses' and Children's Cloaks in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (666 Broadway, N. Y.) thus obviating jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in Dress Goods Department. Fancy cloths, 36in. Dress Goods 12 1-2c.; 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c.; 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c., 36 inch Trimmings, 6c. Improved (all iron) Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest; 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calicos 5c. per yard. Best quality five Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.
Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms, etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

FOLLETTE'S FRENCH SYSTEM of dressmaking is now on exhibition at Force's Bazar, Dunellen. This system with its adjustable square, revolving rules, its exact measures, simple and rapid use precludes all necessity of refitting, giving perfect ease, style and elegance of figure. Dressmakers and ladies interested are invited to call and test its merits. Patterns cut and fitted to order and systems taught. 8-3

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscriber, Administrator Pendente lite of Antoine DeBaud, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday the fifteenth day of January next. WALTER D. HETFIELD, Administrator Pendente lite.
Dated November 9th, 1889. ouw-td

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:
OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.
1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run, open only to members of Local and Plainfield High School.
2—Seventy yards dash. Open.
3—Sack Race. Club.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.
5—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.
Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.
6—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.
7—Three Legged Race. Club.
8—Running High Jump. Club.
9—Half-mile Run. Open.
10—Association Race. Open to non-winners. Plainfield.
11. Tug of war between Elizabeth Wheelmen and Plainfield Bi. Club.

Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c. to be obtained at Shaw's, and Randolph's Drug Store.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenox, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. H. Hallock, R. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. F. Munn and L. W. Sarrell, Jr. 11-8-11

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN,

The Siberian Traveler. Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Paralysis, etc. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 60 East Second street, corner of Washington.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
Barrels and wooden ware of all kinds. Quarterly, Laundry, Picture Frames. The ware and everything to use in kitchen and dairy. Repairing promptly attended to, free of charge. S. FISCHEL, No. 9 Somerset St.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 15c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merrit Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
19 West Front Street.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
and buy goods for

15 Per Cent. Off

or Spot Cash. We off er our Stoves, Lamps

Tinware and Graniteware, Carpenter and Mechanics' Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 40 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The United States bonds bought by the government from Aug. 8, 1887, to Oct. 19, 1889, have effected a saving of $47,864,986.19.

Gen. Benjamin F. Butler promises to write his memoirs and tell the whole truth about himself, his friends and his enemies. Let no one question that he will particularly enjoy telling it about Admiral Porter.

At the late annual convention of street railway presidents their executive committee reported the almost total collapse of the organization known as the Knights of Labor, at least so far as attempting to dominate railway companies was concerned. General Master Powderly, however, says the order has been gaining rapidly during the last year, and is in better condition financially than it ever was before. Secretary Hayes, of the general executive board of the Knights, says there are 300,000 members in the order still. The editor of the paper called Knights of Labor declares there are less than 100,000 in good standing. Perhaps he makes up the number from his subscription lists.

The happy and fortunate breeders of fast horses in Kentucky can now trace the interesting history of their industry back through a full century. The first racing meeting was held a hundred years ago this October. Now Kentucky horses are famed the world over. The industry has been faithfully fostered, with magnificent results. The Kentucky horse is not an accident, or the product of a few years. Another Kentucky industry has been fostered with like fidelity, but, if reports are to be believed, not with like favorable results. That is, the manufacture of Bourbon whisky. High as the standard still confessedly is, it is said that the present article does not begin to compare with the oily, amber fluid that mellowed the noses of the pioneer Kentucky horse breeders who held their first race meeting in October, 1789.

Two Good Ideas.

If the story of two new patent processes is not somebody's joke, then we are soon to have the benefit of a couple of valuable inventions. It is said that an Ohio young woman, Miss Proctor, of Lima, has patented a process by which ice cream can be made by mixing cold air from one barrel of petroleum. If this be true, here is welcome release from many human inconveniences. If the process makes illuminating gas it can also be utilized for fuel gas. What is more, in time every farmer in the land can have his house illuminated and heated by gas, for the machinery can be made small and inexpensive in converting oil into gas.

The other idea bears also on the fuel question. The trade journal Iron mentions that at last there is an invention that treats coal chemically before it is put upon the fire, and so prevents the liberation of smoke. The coal is dipped into the preparation, which hardens it and keeps the smoke and gases within it. The editor of Iron saw two grate fires in a room together. In one of them the coal had been treated by the new process, in the other not. The ordinary coal burned with the usual tarry smoke, while in the grate with the chemicalized coal there was a bright glow and flame, but almost no smoke.

Colored Orators.

The fact that a colored student has been chosen class day orator of the senior class at Harvard college has excited general comment. The fact that he is very black, was born a slave, and supported himself by working as a barber while getting his education has also attracted its due share of attention. The negro, Clement G. Morgan, is a graceful and forceful speaker, and, it is said, would have been chosen just the same for class orator if he had been white. Among the 2,000 students at Harvard three are colored, and it is noticeable that two of the three have obtained prizes for oratory. It seems, indeed, as if the first intellectual development of the colored race in the United States will be in the line of oratory. Long ago two ex-slaves, Frederick Douglass and Sojourner Truth, distinguished themselves as speakers.

W. E. B. Dubois is the other colored student at Harvard who carried off a prize for oratory. Both expect to be lawyers in the south.

Fervid specimens of negro oratory were uttered on the day of fasting and prayer recently appointed by the governor for the deliverance of their people from outrages in this Union. Rev. W. B. Johnson, a negro preacher in Washington, said his people were fast learning the lesson of organization from the Irishman and the socialist, and twenty years from now they would not be the docile beings of today. Another colored minister, Rev. George Lee, said the negroes must take their rights in their own hands and maintain them. A significant utterance was this: "The civil rights bill always has been a fallback." It is useless to seek redress from congress. Two-thirds of the congressmen are negroes, the other third drunkards."

[MORNING NEWS.]

THE CONGRESS OPENED.

Proceedings of the Eminent Catholics at Baltimore.

A BLESSING FROM THE VATICAN.

Extracts from Interesting Speeches Made and Papers Read—The Church and the National Constitution—A Reception to the Visitors in the Evening.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.—At the opening of the Catholic congress in the Concordia Opera house, Ex-Governor John L. Carroll was made chairman, and the following secretaries were appointed: R. C. Hamilton, of Georgetown college; J. F. Edwards, of Notre Dame university, Indiana; Dr. William S. McDonald, of Boston college; J. P. Fisher, of the Immaculate Conception college, New Orleans; Amity Ramburg, of St. Louis college, and John M. Duffy, of Chicago. In his speech, Governor Carroll eulogized the Catholics of America, and cited the cases of Archbishop Carroll, Chief Justice Taney and Gen. Sheridan to show that they have ever been foremost in the councils and the battlefield.

ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN.

Daniel Dougherty, of New York; Hon. Honore Mercier, premier of Quebec, and Rev. James Nugent, of Liverpool, England, then spoke. Mr. Dougherty said that the Roman Catholics of America had silently submitted to wrongs and injustices in manifold shapes. They were proscribed at the bottom of the ballot box. Many of the republic are denied them by prejudice. The Catholics assert they are pre-eminently Americans; that there would be no America had it not been for Catholics. He then traced the work of the Catholics down from the discovery by Columbus, who was a Catholic.

A Message from the Pope.

Cardinals Gibbons and Taschereau and Archbishop Satolli then came into the hall, and were loudly cheered. Cardinal Gibbons then warmly welcomed the delegates. The following message from the pope was read:

Having made known to the holy father the expressions of devotion conveyed to him on the part of the Catholic congress to be held in Baltimore, his holiness graciously bids me to say that he most affectionately imparts his blessing to all the members. R. CARDINAL RAMPOLLA.

President Harrison Invited.

When the congress reassembled a committee, with John Lee Carroll as chairman, was appointed to wait upon President Harrison and invite him to the congress. The following were appointed a committee on resolutions: M. J. O'Brien, of New York; William Walsh, of Maryland; John R. Culahan, of Pennsylvania; William J. Kelley, of Minnesota; P. Donan, of Michigan; J. Semmes, of Louisiana; the Hon. Davidson Carroll, of Arkansas; C. A. Maier, of Illinois; John C. Donnelly, of Michigan; R. C. Lenihan, of Iowa, and W. O'Brien, of Michigan.

The First Paper Read.

The first regular paper was read by John Gilmary Shea, of Elizabeth, N. J., on "Catholic Congresses." He said: "Catholics in Germany organized in opposition to a law made against Catholics. The first congress met at Mayence, 1848. It was not predominately a lay congress, but laity had an active participation in it. Catholic art, music, literature and the sciences were discussed. The later congresses had more serious questions before them, and the one this year was outspoken for the complete independence of the pope.

Catholics' Rights Invaded.

"In 1863 the first congress was held in Belgium, at Mechlen. Indifferent and timid Catholics were aroused to energy and action. Switzerland, Holland and Spain joined the movement. In the United States a congress has long been desired. Though conventions of societies have been held there has been no representative body without regard to nationality, to define our position toward the government and the holy see. In this country we are free, but the constitution is not perfect. The government is precluded by the constitution from establishing a church, but it has invaded the rights of Catholics.

"The question of religious liberty in the army and navy, and the Indian question needs looking into. In many states educational questions are discussed. To meet that a legislature was assembled by the governor.

The Church and the Constitution.

The next paper was by Henry F. Brownson, of Detroit, on "Lay Action in the Church." He said: "Can Catholics vote in religion and politics, how can they expect purity in elections? If Catholics would unite in the cause of temperance they could abolish all the barrooms in the country and thus do much to purify politics. No constitution can be in greater accord with the church than that of America, and no religion can be found more harmonious with the constitution than the Catholic religion. The American system is anti-Protestant, and must either reject Protestantism or be overthrown by it."

Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, then spoke on "The Independence of the Holy See."

A Reception to the Visitors.

A reception was tendered in the evening at the Concordia Opera house by the clergy and laity of Maryland to their visiting brethren. The hall was crowded to the doors with prelates, priests and people. The bishops, priests and delegates to the congress were welcomed by Mr. Charles B. Roberts, of Washington, Pennsylvania, on behalf of the state. Archbishop Elder on behalf of the visiting clergy and delegates responded to the address of welcome.

The Nicolls' Sentence Confirmed.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 12.—Chief Justice Paxson, in the supreme court, has rendered an opinion affirming the judgment of the lower court in the case of Nicolls, who, with David Nicoly, recently convicted in Somerset county of the murder of Herman Umstedge, an aged German, in that county in February, and that February while they were trying to rob him of $16,000.

Mr. Cleveland Will Assist.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 12.—Ex-President Cleveland will assist in laying the corner stone of the Thomas Jefferson club's new building in Bogerum place, Wednesday afternoon. The club hopes to be the local headquarters of the Democracy.

A Mexican War Veteran Dead.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Nov. 12.—George Pinto, formerly bugler to the corps of cadets, has just died at Highland Falls. He served over thirty years in the regular army, and was a veteran of the Mexican war.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Thomas F. Bayard, the Irish patriot, and Dawn Wambold, the minstrel, are dead.

W. L. Warner's planing mill at Jamestown, N. Y., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $25,000.

Work has been begun on the big Nicaragua canal.

A session of the legislature of Montana has been called for Nov. 23 by Governor Toole.

The Broadway Railroad company, from which New York city now receives about $70,000 per annum in rentals, has offered to guarantee that the payments on this account shall not be less than $150,000 per annum if the city allows it to run the cable system instead of horses as motive power.

Rev. James S. Bush, aged 60 years, died at Ithaca, N. Y., while raking in his garden.

Replied Austrian, a big importer and manufacturer of jewelry, whose stock was burned at Pittsburg, has failed and the sheriff has levied on his property on executions amounting to nearly $11,000. The Johnstown disaster, Austrian says, was the cause of his failure, as he had a large number of customers throughout the Conemaugh valley.

The long bridge connecting Cambria City and Millville, Pa., has been completely washed by the high water and drift in the Conemaugh valley.

The skeletons of 100 persons, the supposed victims of ex-President Rahfivar, have been found in a cellar at Port au Prince, Hayti.

By the death of a brother in Providence, R. I., Austin Sheare, an inmate of the Soldiers' home at Chelsea, has fallen heir to $100,000 in cash and real estate.

Dell & Noblitt, upholsterers, Philadelphia, have assigned. Liabilities probably $150,000; assets not learned.

Two hundred weavers at the Berkshire Manufacturing company's mills at Pittsfield, Pa., struck because of a notice of a reduction in wages.

A branch of the Knights of Labor has been formed by the roysenkors of Belfast, Ireland.

Three prisoners escaped from the St. Albans (Vt.) jail Sunday night after throttling the sheriff.

"Young Tom" has been continuing his operations at Red Bank, N. J., recently, and the citizens are lying in wait for him with 40-caliber "bullets."

A PHILADELPHIA HORROR.

Three Men Blown Up and Several Others Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Three men were killed by a terrific explosion in Wylie & Wallace's chemical works, No. 134 North Seventh street, yesterday afternoon. At 3:45 o'clock the noise of an explosion startled the passers by, and then every pane of glass in the lower stories of the building blew out in splinters. A gush of flame followed and almost at the same instant the factory was to be enveloped in flames. When the explosion occurred the three men were knocked down as though with one shot. Fourteen girls, who were employed in the factory, were also rescued. One of them was badly cut by flying glass, and Joseph Brown, a clerk in the office, was cut about the head and face.

As each body was found it was handed to them on stretchers and had them sent to the morgue in patrol wagons. One of the dead men is the senior member of the firm and his companion is the junior member of the firm.

The substance that exploded was flash powder, which had been standing in a large bottle on a shelf for a long time. Mr. Wylie concluded to get rid of the powder, broke it and was pouring it out into a sink when the explosion occurred. Charles Rhinedollar and Rudolph Lippmann were helping him by planking the sink with the powder. Just what caused the explosion is not known, but it is supposed that Mr. Wylie knocked the bottle against the sink. The three men were torn to pieces. William Wylie, a brother of Thomas Haslam, the bookkeeper, were slightly injured.

Mr. Wylie was 33 years old and leaves a large family. Rhinedollar was a chemist. He was 29 years old and unmarried. Lipp man was 19 years old. About a year ago a boy was killed while handling the powder in the works, and the boy's father is suing the firm for damages. Mr. Wylie, on returning from court yesterday said he would get rid of the powder. He thought it was while doing so that the disaster occurred.

Pan-Americans in Wanamaker's Store.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—The Pan-American delegates were driven from the Continental Hotel early in the morning to Wanamaker's big store at Thirteenth and Chestnut streets, where they were shown everything of interest. A detachment of police accompanied the party, and the crowd from annoying the visitors. The store was handsomely decorated with bunting, and hung with flags and the national emblems of the various countries represented. The delegates expressed themselves as very much pleased with what they saw. From Wanamaker's the delegates were driven to William Sellers & Co.'s iron works at Seventeenth and Hamilton streets, and afterward to the extensive plant of the Baldwin Locomotive works, where a magnificent lunch was served.

Editor Benjamin Acquitted.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 12.—The trial of J. H. Benjamin for killing Capt. J. Wade Douglass last June has ended in a mobs prosequi being entered, and Benjamin was released. The trial excited widespread interest. Benjamin had attacked Douglass in The Deland News, of which the former was editor, and a fight occurred between the men, in which Douglass was shot dead. The court ruled out all evidence of what occurred previous to the fatal meeting, and it being shown that Douglass was the attacking party, it became impossible to convict Benjamin.

Annual K. of L. Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 12.—Many leaders of the Knights of Labor have arrived to attend the annual convention of the order, which began here today. Grand Master Workman Powderly has just arrived. The committee on credentials met and found no contests. Among the matters to be discussed are: Federation with the trades union; equal wages for women doing men's work; children's labor; national banks, and government control of railroads and telegraphs.

Suicide of a Politician's Son.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.—John F. Buckheister, son of Fritz Buckheister, the political "boss" of the Fifth ward, committed suicide by shooting himself at his home, corner of Albemarle street and Eastern avenue. He was 34 years of age and employed as a clerk in the custom house. No reason is known for the act.

Killed by a Caving Bank.

BESSEMORE, Ala., Nov. 12.—James and Charles Haywood and Julian Carter were killed by a cave in of the river bank while trout fishing at Cahaba, below Selma.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be fair and slightly warmer.

CRONIN RELICS IN COURT

Mrs. Conklin Identifies the Recently Discovered Articles.

BEGGS' SIGNIFICANT REMARK.

"You Are Not in the Inner Circle; We Are."—Knaus Was Known as Kaiser at the Boarding House—Burke's Iron Box.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—In the Cronin trial Kunze's landlord, Henry Buchholz, and Charles Herchner, a tailor, who keeps a shop near Buchholz's saloon, swore that Kunze lived with Conklin from April 14 until his arrest, and was known as John Kaiser. John F. Dunne, a plumber at the Lincoln avenue, said he was in Carpenter's saloon one night in April when Kunze and Coughlin entered. Dunne had previously known Kunze, and was introduced by the latter to Coughlin, who referred to Kunze as his friend. Frank O. Washbourne, a saloon keeper at 1,320 Wellington avenue, saw Kunze and O'Sullivan at his saloon some time in March. They were driving a brown horse attached to a buggy, which Kunze said he had bought from O'Sullivan. Joseph Petowski, a laborer, testified that he boarded at Buchholz's with Kunze, and that the latter gave his name as Kaiser. Kaiser talked frequently of Lake View, and invited witness to go thither with him. Witness left Kaiser one night in May, and the next night one night in May. Petowski was not cross-examined.

Burke and His Iron Box.

Gus Klahre, the tinsmith, testified that one Monday morning in the early part of May Martin Burke had an expressman came to his father's tinshop on North Clark street. Burke had the galvanized iron box and wanted a top soldered on it. Witness spoke about the Cronin case, and Burke said he was a British spy and ought to be killed. Witness then told of his attempt to raise the lid of the box and Burke prevented him. Witness tried the box and it was taken away by the expressman. Burke's face flushed while Klahre was giving his testimony. Witness said he next saw Burke in jail.

On cross-examination Klahre said it was May 8 when Burke brought the box to be soldered. He remembered it because that day the papers said something about the doctor being a spy. Witness described the expressman and then gave a detailed representation of every stage of the process of soldering the box. Witness had stated that he gave the first information of the box to Capt. Schnettler, and on re-direct examination said that Capt. Schnettler sent for him to see about some boxes he had made for Sullivan.

Burke's Friend Testifies.

Michael Walsh, a gas fitter, was next called. Walsh and Burke roomed together in Joliet, a short distance from the city, from May 9 to May 18, and it was attempted to prove by the witness that Burke during his stay there was comparatively poor, if not in needy circumstances, while a week or so later the suspect was found in Winnipeg with money in his pocket, a ticket bought for Europe, and with counsel to defend him in the subsequent extradition proceedings. The effort proved so unavailing, however, and the witness so recalcitrant that Mr. Forman had to put case to one side for the present.

Beggs' Suspicions Remark.

Joseph O'Byrne, senior guardian of Camp 206, was re-called and testified that on the Tuesday after the killing of Dr. Cronin Beggs in conversation with the witness, Maurice Morris and Dennis Ward, said in reply to a suggestion made by Morris that the doctor was a Mason: "You are not in it, you don't know what you are talking about. You are not in the 'inner circle,' we are." The witness previous to that time had never heard of an "inner circle" in the Clan-na-Gael.

Dr. John F. Williams was called to cast suspicion on O'Sullivan's mysterious contract with Dr. Cronin. He testified that he had been O'Sullivan's physician for a period of two or three years, and during that time the latter's health had not amounted to over $5 a year.

Maurice Morris was re-called and corroborated the testimony given by O'Byrne in regard to the "inner circle" conversation held with Beggs.

The Cronin Relics in Court.

Mike Gilbert, a sewer cleaner, testified to finding Cronin's effects last Friday, and then the clothing and instruments of the murdered physician were brought into the court room. There was a buzz of excitement from the spectators' benches as the tell tale relics were displayed to view, and Coroner Hertz was compelled to wield his gavel vigorously to restore the crowd, which had risen to catch a glimpse of them as they were exposed to the view of the jury. He said: "If Dr. Cronin's son, Joseph Beggs, who scarcely looked at them, evinced as much curiosity as the spectators. Chief of Police Hubbard read the card and several pawnbroker's tickets found in the dead man's pocketbook which bore the doctor's name. Corroborative evidence was given by Michael Rosen, Frederick Meyer, Capt. Schnettler, Detective Koch and others.

The Relics Identified by Mrs. Conklin.

The clothes were held up for the inspection of the jury. Then Mrs. Conklin took the stand and identified each piece of clothing and each instrument as having been worn and carried by the doctor when he left his home on his fatal ride. She recollected each article perfectly, and the truth of her testimony was so self evident that the defense waived cross-examination. Court then adjourned.

Cannon Throws Bernard.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The final contest of the wrestling match between Cannon and Bernard, champion of France, was held today. When the result was declared the excitement, which had been intense throughout the struggle, could no longer be restrained. Cheers, hisses and cries of horror burst forth, clothing was torn to shreds, and the yells and cheers of the crowd could be heard some distance away. Several of the more disorderly persons were arrested, and the disorder subsided.

Barnum Opens in London.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Barnum's great show opened here last night in the presence of an immense crowd, the returns of the ticket taker's showed that 26,000 persons were in attendance. No great degree of enthusiasm was manifested. The representation of "Nero" was the last received of any part of the show.

Shot by a Clergyman.

HYDE, Ga., Nov. 12.—Rev. C. K. Henderson, pastor of the Baptist church at Cedartown, accidentally shot Mr. Guiss Jones, the victim dying instantly. The two men were out bird hunting and Mr. Henderson's gun was accidentally discharged, the load entering Mr. Jones' head, scattering his brains upon the ground.

MISS WILLARD RE-ELECTED.

Resolutions Regarding Vice Presidents Morton—Miss Willard's Gift.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—The Women's Christian Temperance union convention at its morning session re-elected Miss Frances E. Willard president of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union by an al-

FRANCES E. WILLARD.

most unanimous vote. Miss Willard withdrew while the informal ballot was being taken, and Miss Mary T. Burt, the New York Woman's Christian Temperance union vice president, was called to the chair. The ballot resulted in 1,300 for Miss Willard, 430; Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, 115; Mrs. Mary H. Hunt, 5; scattering, 11; blank, 5. On motion of Miss Willard it was directed by the secretary to cast the ballot of the convention which was carried by a standing vote, only the Iowa delegation, headed by Mrs. Foster, remaining seated. In expressing her thanks for the honor conferred upon her Miss Willard said she was sure that many of the delegates has supported her for office who were not in sympathy with her methods. This she took to mean that they expected her to keep peace, and, so far as lay in her power, she would follow the bidding of these voters. What they had done had been under a blessed restraint. Miss Willard again brought up the subject of the Shoreham hotel saloon license in Washington, and this caused a discussion which was closed by the almost unanimous adoption of the following resolution, introduced by Mrs. Z. G. Wallace:

Inasmuch as the vice president, L. P. Morton, accepted his nomination by authority in an administration that favors the policy of high license, be it moved that the white ribbon women of the national convention, so far as could not have done otherwise without rebuking the policy of his party.

At the afternoon session the election of officers was continued. Mrs. Caroline B. Buell was re-elected corresponding secretary; Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge, recording secretary; Mr. M. B. Wittenmyer, auditor; Miss Anna Gordon, secretary, and Miss Esther Pugh treasurer. Miss Willard announced that there remained due her from the sale of her book "Glimpses of Fifty Years" a balance of $2,000, which sum she hereby donated to the society. Amid great confusion Miss Pugh moved that the convention should not accept the money which Miss Willard had earned by her own hard work, but that it be invited to put the motion, and promptly ruled Miss Pugh out of order, when the latter attempted to put it herself. Miss Willard's gift is one of the most generous ever tendered to a W. C. T. U. The remainder of the afternoon session was devoted to speechmaking and the reading of reports.

BETRAYED THROUGH HIS WIFE.

Samuel Lahley, a Noted Swindler, in the Law's Custody.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Samuel Lahley, a noted swindler, has been captured by inspector Byrnes' detectives, and is now awaiting trial on an old indictment for larceny. Lahley's method was to assume the garb of a priest and buy diamonds, assuring the dealers that he would pay for the goods on receipt of a check purporting to be drawn by his father, the names of various prominent men being used by him in this connection.

Lahley would generally contrive to accept the check without certification, and the supposed priest would offer to go with a clerk to get the check certified. On arriving at the bank Lahley would request that the check himself while the clerk's attention was diverted. The check would then be accepted in payment. Sometimes Lahley would give a genuine order, asking that a clerk be sent with him to his father's office, where a check was to be procured.

The clerk would remain in the office while he went into the office of some leading merchant, whose son he had represented himself to be. Presently Lahley would come out with a check, which was accepted, and which afterward proved to be bogus. Lahley has operated in this city, Providence, Washington, Troy and elsewhere, and lately has been in continual correspondence with a certain student named Clark, whom he met in jail at Kingston, Ont., in 1881, where Lahley was doing time for some crime. Lahley married a Montreal girl, and his wife lately came here to live with her father, who is a janitor. It was by watching her that the detectives were able to catch Lahley, who was incautious enough to visit her.

A Window Glass Pool.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 12.—A gigantic pool, in which all the leading window glass manufacturers of the United States will co-operate as nearly as possible, and which promises of importance to the trade, is now in process of organization. When completed the combination will include the members of the Pittsburg, Washington, Ohio River glass company, the United Glass company, of Chicago, and the Chambers & McKee hand glass factory at Jeannette. There is a strong probability that all the window glass manufacturers of Baltimore and the large concerns in Ohio and Indiana, which are controlled by the United company, will also enter the combination. Kodak Brothers, of this city, are negotiations. When the constitution is completed all the property belonging to each firm will be turned into the co-operative company, and divided pro rata among the firms of appraisers. Each firm will then receive shares of stock in proportion to the assessed value of plants. The new pooling arrangement will go into effect about Jan. 1.

Passengers in Peril.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 12.—Yesterday the passenger steamer J. H. Libby, from Westport, Columbia river, was discovered on fire in the straits, between Dungeness and Smith's Island. Fifteen passengers were on board at the time. The Libby was laden with 500 barrels of lime, which got wet and ignited. While crossing the straits a strong wind came up and several heavy seas were shipped. An accident to the rudder left the Libby helpless. The passengers were compelled to take to two rafts, the rapid progress of the flames rendering the life boats useless. One of the rafts nearly foundered before those clinging to it were taken off. The schooner Jean finally took all from the rafts. The hull of the Libby was taken to Port Townsend and sunk. The steamer with cargo was valued at $30,000. The Libby was owned by Herbert F. Beecher, late government agent at Port Townsend. Several bags of United States mail were burned on the steamer.

Stabbed by His Son.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 12.—Capt. Osgood Chollon, of the schooner Chilion, was seriously stabbed by his son, Winslow Clarke, aged 22, on board the schooner. The son quarreled with his father over some trifle, and first attacked him with an ax. Then he drew his sheath knife and inflicted two painful wounds, one in his father's shoulder and the other in his back. Young Clarke escaped to the main shore.

ONE MORE STAR ADDED.

The President's Proclamation Admitting Washington.

GREAT REJOICING IN THE STATE.

News of Interest from the National Capital—Pension Commissioner Raum's New Assistant—He Is Charles P. Lincoln, of Michigan—Army and Navy News.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—President Harrison late yesterday afternoon signed and issued the proclamation declaring the territory of Washington to be a state in the Union. The president, in the proclamation, after reciting the terms of the act of congress providing for the admission of the new state, says:

"Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, do, in accordance with the provisions of the act of congress aforesaid, declare and proclaim the fact that the conditions imposed by congress on the state of Washington to entitle that state to admission to the Union have been ratified and accepted, and that the admission of the state into the Union is now complete."

The president affixed his signature to the proclamation at 5:27 last evening, and Secretary Blaine soon afterward notified the territorial and state governor of Washington by telegraph of his action.

Will with Enthusiasm.

A special from Olympia, Wash., says: "The senate and house met in the afternoon and proceeded to elect minor officers. Later, while both houses were in joint session, a motion to proceed to the election of United States senator, a message was received from Governor Moore announcing the reception of a dispatch from Secretary Blaine stating that the president had signed the admission proclamation. Instantly every member sprung to his feet, and the entire house and spectators gave vent to an enthusiastic cheer. When order was restored one of the members, Tucker, an old pioneer of the state, rose to his feet, trembling with emotion, and in a brief speech congratulated the legislature and the people on the admission. In the senate the proclamation was also received with continued cheering and the wildest enthusiasm.

Contracts for the New Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Secretary of the Navy has awarded the contracts for the steel shapes and steel plates to be used in constructing the cruisers to be built at the New York and Norfolk Navy yards. Carnegie, Phipps & Co., of Pittsburg, were awarded two contracts at $65,856 each for steel plates, and two others for steel shapes at $30,160 each. The Linden Steel company, of Pittsburg, was awarded two contracts at $27,055 each for steel shapes.

Examined for Naval Service.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The annual report of Surgeon General Wyman to the secretary of the navy shows that a balance of $308,989 remains on hand to the credit of the naval hospital fund. The number of persons examined for the naval service during the year was 10,000, and of this number 2,914, or more than one-third, were rejected for physical disqualifications. The death rate was 12.33 in a thousand for the entire service.

More Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The following postmasters have been appointed: Frank Brown, Bluff Point, N. Y.; O. B. Sherwood, Caystaville, N. Y.; Avery A. Smith, Shelby, N. Y.; Charles Merriam, East Hartford, Conn.; Frederick Merriam, Conn.; W. J. Moulton, Barber, now Greendale, Mass.; Andrew C. Swift, South Walpole, Mass.; W. A. Wheeler, Corbett, Pa.

Paymaster General Rochester's Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Paymaster General William R. Rochester, of the army, has submitted his annual report to the secretary of war. The amount deposited by enlisted men with pay officers during the fiscal year was $285,758, a slight decrease from the amount deposited during the previous year.

Gen. Raum's Assistant.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Charles P. Lincoln, of Michigan, has been appointed second deputy commissioner of pensions. He was born in Coldwater, Mich., and served in the civil war.

Will Sullivan Meet McCaffrey?

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—It is rumored that John L. Sullivan and Patrick McCaffrey will be matched shortly to fight before the California Athletic club for a purse of $10,000, the fight to take place in January. Parson Davies says that Peter Jackson is open to a challenge from any one in the world.

Booth and Modjeska Are Friends.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The sensational story published in The Herald that Modjeska had left the Booth-Barrett combination on account of alleged ungentlemanly treatment from Mr. Booth is denied by both actors, who further claim to be the best of friends.

Murderer Hillman's Last Days.

WOODBURY, N. J., Nov. 12.—Joseph Hillman, the murderer, on Wednesday in the jail here for the murder of Peddler Suckman, still maintains his self possession, and, with the exception of the substitution of piety for profanity, seems little moved by his fate.

Robert Bonner Buys Sanol.

BUFFALO, Nov. 12.—Robert Bonner has purchased the great 3-year-old, Sunol, from Pleasanton, of California, for $21,000. It is not as yet made public. Mr. Bonner's offer for Sunol was made and was accepted by Mr. Stanford before she made her last great performance.

In Favor of the "Teenage Bill."

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Charles A. Hill, secretary of the American Shipping and Lumber league, has written a letter to chamber of commerce here on "Our Merchant Marine." Resolutions were passed favoring the passage of the so-called "teenage bill."

Pirates Sweep a Village.

MEDINA DEPOT, N. Y., Nov. 12.—A fire here last night destroyed the large furniture store of Henry Hoag on Main street, and damaged many other buildings. The losses are estimated at about $50,000. The insurance is for about one half its amount.

Stanley Again Heard From.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 12.—Mr. Portal, British agent here, has received a letter from Stanley wherein the explorer states that he hopes to reach Zanzibar about the middle of January.

Oliver Johnson Dying.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 12.—Oliver Johnson, one of the founders of the Abolitionist party, is dying at his house, No. 91 Columbia heights.

The Consolidation Bank to Reopen.
Nonamesport, Pa., Nov. 12.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Tradesmen's National bank of Consolidation it was decided almost unanimously to restore the capital stock from $100,000 to $50,000, and to resume business at the earliest possible moment after the plan has been approved by the comptroller of the currency. The $50,000 to be raised by the stockholders putting up $30,000 and Cashier Cresson's bondsmen paying the $20,000 for which they are liable. Before opening the doors for business a new set of officers will be elected.

Boring for Oil in Canada.
QUEBEC, Nov. 12.—Col. James Foley, of Boston, representing a strong company of American capitalists which has acquired 100,000 acres of land covering the oil deposits of Gaspe, on the south shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, has arrived at Gaspe with very extensive machinery and a strong force of engineers, derrick builders, etc., and is pushing forward preparations for the sinking of two wells to a depth of 3,500 feet each.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.
GROCERS,
Duer and Emily Sts.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies.
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices.
ALLEN.
The Stationer.
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

STEPHENSON
53 WEST FRONT STREET,
CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.
LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a
Five Cent Counter.
An interesting one. Call and see it.

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right for this section for the sale of the GILMAN FANCY
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, String Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 87 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine Groceries.

A Card to the Public.
About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield; continuing the business as usual without any change. Heretofore I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and solicit a liberal share of their patronage. NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market,
94 Somerset street, North Plainfield

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and acid, it reduces substances.
SAPARACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in specimen size at 25c. per bottle.
L. W. Randolph,
Successor to Field & Randolph,
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

RICHARD H. DAY'S
City Livery Stables,
54 West Fourth street,
Telephone call 181. Plainfield, N. J.
Special attention given to boarding horses. Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

He Was Poor But Honest.

The other forenoon a young man with a forlorn looking countenance, and a suit of clothes which seemed to have run all together and consolidated to save expense, mounted a salt barrel on the sidewalk on Michigan avenue, and started off with:

"My dear friends, pausing for a moment and hear my narrative. I am a poor but honest young man. My motto is 'Excelsior.' My parents are dead and I am a fine organ-r.

He added considerable to the above, and in a few minutes he had a crowd of fifty people around him. Then he announced:

"My dear friends, I do not ask for charity. All I want is a fair show to make my way in life. I shall now ask you to chip in a nickel apiece, and I will endeavor to do something never yet done on the face of the globe. I will try to turn a quadruple somersault in the air."

The crowd seemed to like the idea, and the small change rattled in until the grave amount was about three dollars. Then the young man got down off the barrel, spit on his hands, picked out his ground, and turned a pretty fair somersault. He turned another and another and then remounted the barrel and said:

"Kind friends, I have tried to, but I can't do it. Assuring you of my heartfelt thanks for your kindness, I remain yours truly."

And not a man uttered a word of complaint.—Detroit Free Press.

On a Grave Subject.

Wife—Will you see that my grave is kept green, my darling?

Husband—No, my dear, but I will plant violets upon it.

"For what reason?"

"Because I do not wish any grave robber to dig up your body."

"How will the planting of violets upon my grave prevent them from digging me up?"

"Why, your grave will be kept inviolate, of course."—Texas Siftings.

Infallible Signs.

To meet a funeral procession is a sign of death.

To lose a pocketbook containing bills of large denominations is considered very unlucky.

When a cat prepares to wash its face, it is a sign that some one in the house will shortly receive a licking.

If you are in a home and hear a baby cry, it is a sign of marriage.—Texas Siftings.

Why She Couldn't Use It.

They were in a private box, and she was both pretty and prettily dressed. But she was in a bad temper because she could not see the stage.

"Why," said he, trying to mollify her, "did you not bring your opera glass?"

"I did, but I can't use it."

"Is it lost?"

"No, but I forgot to put on my bracelets."—St. James Gazette.

Wholesome Advice.

Some one had given a beggar two cents.

Belisarius weighs them in his hand and then turns upon his benefactor, and, in tones of ill-concealed contempt, asks:

"Well, guv'ner, and what may yer be 'specin' that I's again' fer ter do wid two cents?"

"I'd advise you to give them to the first poor person you meet who really needs them."—Judge.

A Bad Bargain.

Chicago 5-year-old boy (only child)—Mamma, I wish you'd get me a little sister. I'm so lonesome.

Same Boy (at a subsequent period, sitting upright in his bed, at 11:30 p. m., and shaking his fist at his sweet little sister in next room)—If I'd known what a howler you was goin' to be, you can just bet your life I never would have ordered you.—Chicago Tribune.

Presence of Mind.

Lieutenant—Yes, a man ought always to have his wits about him. I was once riding over a battle field with a trooper when my companion was suddenly struck in the mouth by a bullet, which smashed four of his teeth, and would undoubtedly have shattered his spinal column had not the man had sufficient presence of mind to swallow it.—Spassvogel.

They Ought to Have Waited.

An "anti-trust" coffin and casket company in St. Louis announces that it will "cut prices about sixty per cent." This may cause a boom in funerals, but it must be a disappointment to those persons who died and paid the old rates before the "cut" was announced.—Norristown Herald.

A Fearful Predicament.

Said a man to his bosom friend, who was about to get married: "I suppose I ought to wish you both much happiness; but, as I don't know the bride, I cannot congratulate you. On the other hand, as I know you only too well, I cannot congratulate the bride."—Life Illustrated.

A Serious Omission.

"The youngest of nine children which tried mom's nerves." This is the way it reads in the obituary sketch in a contemporary. The line, "Who were born in times," is left out, and should be inserted after the word 'children' in the first sentence.—Hartford Religious Herald.

That's Different.

George—Clara, be mine!

Clara—I will be yours.

George (in rapturous—My love, my sweet! Clara (calmly)—Hold on, George, dear. I am to be yours, but not in the way you think. I am to be your stepmother!—Munsey's Weekly.

The Best Cure.

"How is your husband's insomnia, Mrs Jones?"

"Oh, he is much better. There were burglars in our house last night, and I tried for ten minutes to wake John up and couldn't."—Munsey's Weekly.

The New Pegasus.

Mr Jimson (of an inventive turn)—If you kin graf de skin ob a rabbit onto man, why can't you graf de wings on a buzzard onto a horse? I goin' to keep him along up dat ere ash till de wings kum—see? Den I git him mad an' den off'n his fast hoss—Life

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 10 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-1-1y

E. VOORHEES, D. Y. S., Dentist-Yeoriarian, No. 20 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 3 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. H. REE, Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Rooms 203 and 204 Mutual Life Insurance Building, Newark, New Jersey. Residence, No. 709 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds, and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. DURNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to promptly and carefully. Assistance to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Counsellor at Law, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE

FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines, Umbrella Stands, Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

FOR THE

Choicest of Butter

at the most moderate cash prices, call at the

Park Ave. Market

PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-13-1m

JOHN JOHNSTON, Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE:

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CANNED GOODS

We open a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Honey Drop, B. & M. and Snowdake Corn. Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

28 NORTH AVENUE.

TUNIS J. CAREY

37 WEST FRONT STREET,

all kinds of second-Hand

FURNITURE

including

CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture my own Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, so you will be sold them at Wholesale Prices, so you will be suited by calling. Furniture repaired and upholstered promptly.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

34 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE

Furs and Fur Trimmings.

9 in. black bare trimming, fixed, per yard 25 cents.

6 in. black bare trimming, fixed, per yard, 15 cents.

Black bare muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.

Natural muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.

Black Hare Boas, $1.75.

Raccoon Muffs, $3.00.

Raccoon Boas, $3.00.

Opossum Muff, $2.50.

Opossum Boas, $3.00.

Children's fur muffs, 39 cents.

Children's coney sets, fur muff and boa to match, 50 cents.

Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.

Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET.

SATURDAY, Oct. 16th,

ALL DAY,

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete

The New Fall Styles

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves,

Etc., just received at

U. B. CRANE'S.

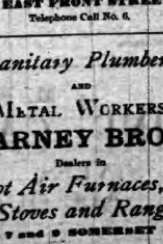
12 PARK AVENUE.

Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,

SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,

Othello Ranges,



PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS,

PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.

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Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers

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METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and other bulbs and preparations at Lindley's, No. 24 West Front street. See Lindley's Intelligence office, same place. 4-11-1y*

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberta, P. O. Box 1069.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, Taught by Mesdm. Louis Vivaux and Creditor, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to families. Terms moderate. Circulars and references furnished on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 26th street.

HOME SCHOOL for young ladies and children, 142 Grove street, Plainfield, re-opens Sept. 19th, 1889. Special preparation for these desiring to enter colleges, and most careful attention in teaching children to read and study. Vocalization by the method of Del Sarte. Address Miss Mary Louise Hall, or Miss Lucy Hall personally or by letter to Mrs. Sedar or Miss Pomeroy. 8-30-1m*

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 43 Craig Place, near Grove Street. In each department instruction is given with care, skill and thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-23-4w

MR. T. R. HAZELL, Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Director of choral classes. The art of reading vocal Music a specialty. Residence, No. 19 Door street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW resumed her lessons in Gymnasium and Calisthenics, at her residence, 19 Park street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Pupils' system used and special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-10-3m

MR. F. L. CONDE, Teacher of violin. 15 years student. Studied in Europe. Instruction by time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 1085. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG, A graduate of the Gymnasia of Moscow, Russia, and pupil of Kullak, of gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gents in piano, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 24 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1583.

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY for young ladies and children will re-open Thursday, Sept. 19th. A kindergarten will be opened Monday, Oct. 1st. For programmes address Miss E. S. Kenyon, Principal. 8-30-2m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Mrs. and Mr. Herbert and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS will open Thursday, Sept. 12th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M. Hoosp, Principal. Ida F. Hoosp, Assistant.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Also First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

R. V. SAUMS, Carpenter and Builder, Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1293. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING, Residence Evens. P. O. Box 350. Carpenter and Builder, 20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SMITH & HUBBARD, Madison avenue and Third street, Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

IF YOU WANT ANY *Repairs to your House* Before Winter, Call at Carpenter Shop, 20 Somerset street, and have your order. Open p. m. to 5 p. m.

JAMES HARDY.

Frank Linke,

(Established 1866.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer, Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Imported Wines and Fine Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 9-17-1yr

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOA in the city of long odds.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.

Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. P cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM

Breaks up complete and cures and purifies the blood. SURE CURE.

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Town. 10-26-1y

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKWHEAT, BRAN, MIDDLINGS, FEED, Etc., Etc., at the lowest prevailing rates. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of KINDLING WOOD constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)

Furniture Express

31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men, insure promptness and promptly removal to all parts of the city, or any part of the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of

Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:56, 6:04, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00, 7:30, 7:45, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:15, 9:30, 9:45, 10:00, 10:15, 10:30, 10:45, 11:00, 11:15, 11:30, 11:45 a. m., 12:00, 12:15, 12:30, 12:45, 1:00, 1:15, 1:30, 1:45, 2:00, 2:15, 2:30, 2:45, 3:00, 3:15, 3:30, 3:45, 4:00, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:15, 9:30, 9:45, 10:00, 10:15, 10:30, 10:45, 11:00, 11:15, 11:30, 11:45 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:37, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:10, 8:00, 9:37 a. m.; 2:05, 3:34, 7:00, 9:35 p. m. Sunday at 5:10, 8:13 a. m.; 2:05, 9:35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:37 a. m.; 5:05 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7:10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8:00 a. m.—For Pennington, Easton, Saegar Manch Chunk, 9:37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Shamokin, Dalton, Williamsport, Scranton, 2:05 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, 5:00 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton, 7:00 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton, 9:35 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Harrisburg.

Sundays at 8:30 a. m. for Easton; 8:13 a. m. for Allentown, Manch Chunk; 5:05 p. m. for Easton, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville; 9:35 p. m. for Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3:37, 8:00, 10:37 a. m.; 12:05, 3:37, 5:56 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:37 a.m.; 12:05 p.m. For Asbury Park at 8:37 a.m. 12:05 p.m.; 12:05, 3:37, 5:56 p. m. Sunday 8:37 a. m. 1:37 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 5:37, 8:21, 8:30, 9:35, 10:30 a. m.; 2:05, 3:34, 4:56, 5:34, 7:30, 9:35 p. m. Sundays at 5:37, 8:21, 10:30 a. m.; 2:05, 5:34, 7:30, 9:35 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 5:37, 8:21, 8:30, 9:35, 10:30 a. m., 2:05, 3:34, 4:56, 5:34, 7:30, 9:35 p. m. Sundays at 5:37, 8:21, 10:30 a. m., 2:05, 5:34, 7:30, 9:35 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 5:37, 8:21, 8:30, 10:30 a. m., 2:05, 3:34, 4:56, 5:34, 7:30, 9:35 p. m. Sundays at 5:37, 8:21, 10:30 a. m., 2:05, 5:34, 7:30, 9:35 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:00 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7:30, 9:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 5:30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9:50 a. m., and 6:00 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:00 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Philadelphia, closes 6:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 9:30 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:00 p. m. Delivery closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to oversee of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Main Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 9 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.

Safe as the best R. R. Bond. Better than any new R. R. Bonds. With Heavy Bonus in the Interest. Send for Ins. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO., Members New York Stock Exchange, 50 Broadway, New York.

NO FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

28 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 6a. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office at Hillside cemetery.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties employed, tried to disappoint. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 986. Telephone call 16.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage as generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 980.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 792.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

97 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers,

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer 78-79 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman.

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Sugars; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Preserves and Pickles. Pure Cider Vinegar, 8 years old; White Grapes, Yellow Egg Plums, Bartlett and Glenmore; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rakes, Corn Shellers, Furs from wagon. John F. Wells, Race street North Plainfield.

Smalley Brothers,

79 Somerset street,

Meat Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Bonsack Pulp Grinder. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.,

37 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front-pant place. P. O. Box 943.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builaer.

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to. Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS.

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

19 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. E. J. MASTIN'S

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the napion Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty; Pinking, Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 36 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 32 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 339.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY

Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. Kline's specialties, 25c bottle and cheapest in the end.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

15 Park avenue.

LITERARY LIGHTS.

Robert Browning calls Alfred Austin, the poet editor of The National Review, "a Banjo Byron."

Rhoda Broughton, the novelist, lives in a charming old house at Oxford in the companionship of seventeen pug dogs.

Lady Colin Campbell's first literary work was "Torpedo," a story written when she was 16, and illustrated by Kate Greenaway.

Benjamin Lossing, the historian, is "a man of full stature, with a noble and distinguished head, framed in gray hair and a bushy gray beard."

Charles Delmonico and John Chamberlin are both writing syndicate letters which are published in newspapers in all parts of the country.

Eric Brighteyes, the hero of Mr. Rider Haggard's new romance, is an Icelandic chieftain of the ancient days, and a performer of glittering deeds.

Mrs. Alexander McVeigh Miller, now a hopeless invalid, lives in Stafford county, Va. She receives $5,000 a year for her sensational stories in The Family Story Paper.

Edward Bellamy, the author of "Looking Backward," now in its 132d thousand, spends most of his leisure hours in sorting and labelling his collection of rare sea shells.

It is said that only one man in England knows more about things than does Andrew Lang, and that "human encyclopedia" is W. Robertson Smith, a writer of rare grace and finish.

Oliver Wendell Holmes is a methodical worker, and when he has any task in hand makes it a rule to spend a certain number of hours at his desk every day writing and rewriting with infinite care.

Bronson Howard recently remarked: "I suppose that I write a whole play about three times from beginning to end, but in doing so I copy many whole scenes unchanged. Certain parts of the play I may write six times before it suits me."

H. H. Kimball, editor of The Atlanta Constitution, is a stout, black haired, black eyed man of 39 and can appear either 25 or 50. He is of an elastic temperament and believes in relaxation. He is like a Trojan, and frolics with the rest of a boy.

Fitzgerald, compiler of the O'Connell Letters, and known in Dublin as "The Sham Squire," the title of his remarkable novel of twenty years ago, is a tall, spare figure with white Dundreary whiskers. He dresses in the costume of 1860, and to dignity of appearance he adds perfect charm of manner.

Walt Whitman, the good gray poet, has a boy about 12 years of age to drive him around. The boy is clever. He recently said: "I think a great deal of W. W. Keep a note book and I part down all he says into that note book, and after he's dead I'm going to go round lecturing about him."

Ainsworth R. Spofford, the librarian of congress, is a tall, square man, over 50 years of age, with long gray hair and the manners of a student; he has been in the library since he was a boy, has a marvelous memory, and can tell the location of almost every book in the congressional library.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Gen. von Moltke is enthusiastic over the phonograph.

Verdi hates to hear any one speak of music in his presence.

George Bancroft is the oldest living graduate of Harvard.

Gen. Boulanger registers the lady friend who travels with him as his daughter.

Secretary of War Proctor has been given the name in Washington of "The Silent Man."

The grand duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin is one of the foremost horse dealers in Europe.

The Duke of Fife will probably be the lord high commissioner for the Church of Scotland next year.

Beauregard, near 75 years old and snowy, carries himself 20 years younger, says the Charleston News and Courier.

Jakobowski, the composer, is a young looking, sturdily built man, with an actor's face and a musician's mustache.

Mr. James Shea, of Indianapolis, is called the Methuselah of Indiana. He is over 106 years old and still bright and active.

Col. J. D. Stevenson, who commanded the Lower California expedition that sailed from New York in 1846, is still living at the age of 96.

Emin Bey is a slender man of medium height. He is swarthy, with black eyes and hair, and his face is that of a studious professional man.

Hugo Ziemann, recently steward of the White House, is an accomplished linguist, speaking Italian, French, German and English fluently.

Archduke Albert, commander-in-chief of the Austro-Hungarian armies, likes to sup in cafes on beer, black bread and butter, pickled ox nose and potato salad.

Cardinal Newman, who is nearing the 90th year of his age, is the oldest member of the Sacred college. Six cardinals are over 80, and twenty-one are between 70 and 80 years old.

Gilbert, the librettist, does not care at all for society, but is much sought after in London. His conversation is said to possess the same whimsical flavor which has made his poems and operas so popular.

Gen. Topete, who has just been appointed governor of Lower California, is a most distinguished soldier. He has won for himself a high name in military circles, and there is not a braver man in all of Mexico. He is about 45 years of age.

Gen. Butler is an inveterate slippery slab bark chewer. At any time of the day he may be seen mauncting in a way to suggest the act of tobacco chewing. He takes to this mild form of dissipation as a relief from his desire for cigars, which he has given up for some time by the order of his physician.

RARE THOUGHTS.

Have great respect for the boy part of the boy.

There are two ideals in the boys mind—a manly man and a womanly woman.

If the teacher can get hold of the whole child he may hope to make a man of him.

We need to be careful that we are not misled by sure catch words and popular phrases.

Secure attention through the skillful presentation of choice material suited to the child's mind.

The teacher in the rural school may not do the same work that is done in the graded school; but she can do work equally as good.

There is a widespread idea that the country school is inferior; if it is, it is not a matter of necessity. It ought not by be so any longer.

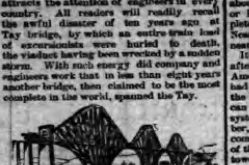
The pupil should be taught to interpret the trees, the waters, the flowers of summer, and the crystal forms of winter into a living thought unwritten language.—Henry Sabin in Journal of Education.

THE BIG FORTH BRIDGE.

IT IS ONE OF THE WONDERS OF THE MODERN WORLD.

Nothing Like It Has Ever Been Built—Its Form Is Due to the Awful Disaster Which Swept Away the Tay Bridge and Engulfed a Train Load of Passengers.

Scotland is about to astonish the world with a cantilever bridge over the Firth of Forth at Queensferry, which from its size and complexity, as well as the principles applied, attracts the attention of engineers in every country. All readers will readily recall the awful disaster of ten years ago at Tay bridge, by which an entire train load of excursionists were hurled to death, the viaduct having been wrecked by a sudden storm. With such energy did company and engineers work that in less than eight years another bridge, that claimed to be the most complete in the world, spanned the Tay.



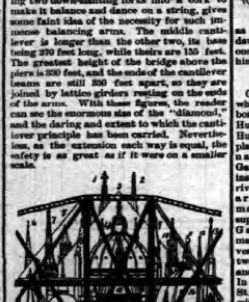
THE FORTH BRIDGE.

Sir Thomas Bouch had taken in hand the job of spanning the Firth of Forth, had planned a huge suspension bridge and had considerable work done on it when the Tay disaster put an end to the project at once and forever. In the natural reaction of horror there was a general protest against any bridge, and a very extensive feeling that no safe one could be built. In due time, however, the question was submitted to three eminent engineers—John Fowler, W. H. Barlow and T. E. Harrison. After careful inquiry they decided upon a cantilever of a plan jointly devised by Mr. Fowler and Mr. Barker, and the bridge thus arranged for is now rapidly nearing completion.

By a glance at the annexed engravings and the following figures the reader will see what enormous difficulties they had to encounter; and but for the rocky little Isle of Inchgarvie, in the middle of the Firth, the new bridge would have been an impossibility. That island is but a mere point of stone, but it is enough. On each side of it the channel is nearly 1,700 feet wide, the water is over 200 feet deep, and yet the railway track, on a level with the approaches on each side, is 208 feet above average tide. To span such a chasm with a bridge sufficient to support the heaviest trains and proof against the greatest tension ever known in Scotland, was indeed a task for engineers. Yet all inspectors and scientific visitors admit that they have accomplished it.

The structure is briefly classified as a "cantilever truss double span bridge, all steel, and the largest of its kind in the world." The material used is tested for an ultimate resistance of thirty tons per square inch in tension and thirty-four tons in compression; it will, therefore, sustain four times the combined strain of a wind pressure of fifty-six pounds to the square foot and a maximum moving load of two tons to the foot or 5,400 tons to the span. It might be well for the North British Railway company to have cards printed with engineers' certificates to these facts, and have one handed to each passenger on the line just before the train reaches the bridge, as passengers will certainly feel the need of such an assurance of safety if they see the structure they are about to pass over.

The cantilever has the shape of an elongated diamond, and four huge steel masonry piers supporting the four gigantic "legs" on which are poised the balancing arms, and these extend out 675 feet on each side of the base. The "double anchor angle" tried and true two down-slanting forks into a cork to make it balance and dance on a string, gives some faint idea of the necessity for such immense balancing arms. The middle central lever is longer than the other two, its base being 270 feet long, while theirs are 155 feet. The greatest height of the bridge above the piers is 360 feet, and the ends of the cantilever beams are still 350 feet apart, as they are joined by lattice girders resting on the ends of the arms. When these are added the cantilever has the enormous size of the "diamond," and the daring and extent to which the cantilever principle has been carried. Nevertheless, as the extension each way is equal, the safety is as great as if it were on a smaller scale.



BRIDGE AND BUILDINGS COMPARED

1. Cologne cathedral. 2. Old St. Paul's, London. 3. Pyramid of Cheops. 4. Peter's, Rome. 5. Pyramid Ghizeh. 6. Chartres cathedral. 7. St. Stephen's cathedral, Vienna. 8. Strasbourg cathedral. 9. Chester cathedral. 10. Salisbury cathedral. 11. Florence cathedral. 12. Hotel de Ville, Brussels. 13. Salisbury cathedral. 14. Hotel de Ville, Swalden, Paris. 15. St. Paul's, London. 16. Bell Harry Tower, Canterbury. 17. The Monument, London. 18. Temple of the Graces, Agrigentum. 19. The Baptistery, Pisa. 20. Pantheon, Rome.

Like all big things which are symmetrical, the Forth bridge does not at first view seem near as big as it is, yet, when one compares its height with that of other noted structures, the result is amazing. The great pyramid of Cheops is considered a big thing, as it is 450 feet high, yet it barely exceeds the great diamond of this bridge by a few feet. St. Peter's, at Rome, which is 448 feet high, might stand just under the higher central span of the "diamond." Cleopatra's Needle would scarcely be noticed alongside of one of the lower piers, and the noted Porcelain tower at Nankin, China, would terminate fifty-two feet below the railroad track. But the Washington monument would still overtop all the foregoing, as well as the bridge; old St. Paul's, London, would go near fifty feet above the center, while from the top of the Eiffel tower one could look down on the "diamond" as such an acute angle that only the head and shoulders of a man on it would be visible.

One of the engineers of the Forth bridge has devised a simple but most ingenious method of illustrating the principle of a cantilever bridge. Two men sit in adjacent chairs, their outstretched arms on each side grasping beams which pass under them. The downward slope of their arms and the upward slope of the beams make the diamond, and in the two hands nearest to each other they grasp a brace which represents the latticed girder. Attaching a weight of stones to the outer hand of each of course tends to pull them over outwardly—that is, away from each other—but as they grasp the central brace the weight of the stones thus holds it up and supports a heavy man sitting on it. The cantilever bridge is of English origin, but has been adopted by American engineers.

The importance of this bridge will be apparent by a glance at the map; the Firth of Forth extends so far westward in Scotland, the deep channel of the river going farther, that this bridge greatly shortens all the lines of eastern Scotland. At present the fastest trains between Edinburgh and Perth require almost two hours and a quarter, by Stirling or Burntisland. When the bridge is completed the run can be made in one hour. Nearly half of Scotland will be so much nearer in time to London.

It is a curious fact that Sir Thomas Bouch, after long study, had decided to adopt the American system of suspension bridge, and had provided for two towers 600 feet high for the Forth bridge, just about the time American engineers began to favor the cantilever system, and that the Tay disaster in December, 1879, should have settled the matter so completely. A novel and interesting feature of the new bridge is in the bases of the mines towers—these consisting of four cylindrical masses of concrete and masonry, so placed as to have the strength of a solid mass as wide as their combined width. Taken as a whole, the Forth bridge must rank as one of the great wonders of the world.

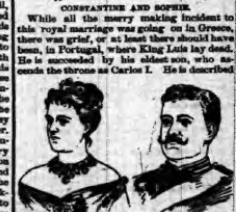
SOME ROYAL PERSONAGES.

Prince Konstantine and His Bride—Portugal's New King and Queen.

The world is still talking about the marriage of Konstantine, crown prince of Greece and Duke of Sparta, with Princess Sophie of Prussia, which was attended by a great sum ber and variety of royal silbees and was made a great event in Athens. Here are presented the latest pictures of the happy couple, who, it will be observed, have a very innocent and unsophisticated appearance indeed.

CONSTANTINE AND SOPHIE.

While all the merry making incident to this royal marriage was going on in Greece, there was peace, or at least there should have been, in Portugal, where King Luis lay dead. He is succeeded by his eldest son, who ascends the throne as Carlos I. He is described

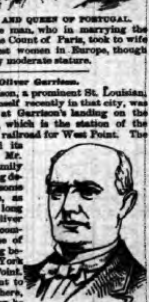


NEW KING AND QUEEN OF PORTUGAL.

as an amiable man, who in marrying the daughter of the Count of Paris, took to wife one of the tallest women in Europe, though himself of very moderate stature.

Oliver Garrison.

Oliver Garrison, a prominent St. Louisan, who killed himself recently in that city, was born in 1812 at Garrison's landing on the Hudson river, which is the station of the Hudson River railroad for West Point. The



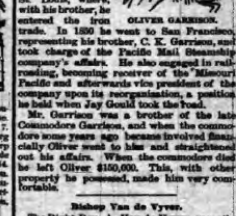
OLIVER GARRISON.

place received its name from the Garrison's family instead of being derived from some army officer, as many have long supposed. Oliver Garrison commanded a line of vessels running between New York and West Point. In 1843 he moved to St. Louis, where, with his brother, he entered the iron trade. In 1850 he went to San Francisco, representing his brother, C. K. Garrison, and took charge of the Pacific Mail Steamship company's affairs. He also engaged in railroading, becoming receiver of the Missouri Pacific and afterwards vice president of the company upon its reorganization, a position he held when Jay Gould took the road.

Mr. Garrison was a brother of the late Commodore Garrison, and when the commodore some years ago became involved financially Oliver went to him and straightened out his affairs. When the commodore died he left Oliver $150,000. This, with other property he possessed, made him very comfortable.

Bishop Van de Vyver.

The Right Rev. A. Van de Vyver, recently made vicar general of the diocese of Richmond, Va., to succeed Bishop Jansson, has



BISHOP VAN DE VYVER.

now been consecrated as Bishop of Richmond. The scene of consecration and induction was unusually solemn and grand, and among the prominent persons present were Governor Fitzhugh Lee and wife, Mayor Ellison, Commander Curly and wife, City Engineer Cobbs, President of Common Council Cauley and Rabbi A. Harris, of the Israelite synagogue. Admissions were by card only, and the presence of so many dignitaries of other faiths is a pleasing index of the liberality of the place and age.

The ceremonies took place in St. Peter's cathedral. And His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons was the consecrator, assisted by Bishop Kain of Wheeling and Bishop Haid, the Benedictine of North Carolina.

STRAY BITS.

The French settled Nova Scotia in 1605.

The Swiss term for a curtain or hanging was "swabrift."

Four Bulgany societies have been formed in San Francisco.

A third of the deaths in the French army are due to typhoid fever.

An insurance company conducted by women has been established in New Orleans.

Mummies guaranteed to be 3,000 years old may now be purchased in Europe for $25 apiece.

Settlers in the Big Bend country, Wash., have to ride forty miles to get their mail and vote.

A Japanese has discovered a process for making artificial tortoise shell with the white of eggs.

It takes 2,500 yards of carpet to cover the floor of the national house of representatives and its galleries.

The tallest smoke shaft in America was completed recently on the grounds of the Pail River iron works. The chimney is 340 feet high above the granite base, and 30 feet square at the bottom.

The earliest Druidism seems to have admitted neither of covered temples nor sculptured images of the gods. Jupiter, indeed, is said to have been represented by a lofty oak and Mercury by a cube.

Delaware, which was settled in 1638, was the only colony that Sweden ever founded. But, after seventeen years of separate existence, New Sweden, as the colony was called, was merged in New Netherlands.

At the Exposition Universelle of 1889, held at Paris, the highest award to any author of juvenile books was given to Thomas W. Knox, author of the "Boy Traveler Series" and other works for young people.

An adult phenomenon has been discovered among the recent patients of the Paris hospital known as Hotel Dieu. The phenomenon is a woman who can see two different sets of objects at one and the same time.

Among the valuable jewels of which Miss. Wyan Rosencrans de Rion was recently robbed was a pearl valued at $12,500, which had been presented to Prince Lucien Bonaparte by the queen of Spain, at whose court he was ambassador.

So famous was the church music of the Irish at an early period, that the daughter of Pepin, of France, in the Seventh century, is recorded to have sent to Ireland for persons qualified to instruct the nuns of the abbey of Hivelle in psalmody.

It is fifteen years since the Trappist monks began to plant eucalyptus trees in the Roman campagna. Now several hundred acres are covered with them, and, as a result, there has been a large decrease in the malarial fevers once so common in the district.

One of the most interesting colored men in Washington is John Williams. He was born in slavery in 1824. His master was John Krupp, of Fredericksburg, Va. Williams has twenty-nine children and fifty-eight grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

In St. Louis, Mo., there is a society of colored women numbering forty-three members which has raised recently the sum of $1,500 for the support of the home for colored orphans. The members visit jails, workhouses and hospitals, caring for those of their own race.

There is in Wales an inn run entirely by women. The proprietor is a woman a little more than five feet in stature. The cook is a young woman more buxom than the landlady, who in the intervals of cleaning mixes drinks behind the bar. The "boots" is also a girl, younger and more buxom than the clerk.

CHARACTERISTICS OF ORATORS.

Shiel would rush to the clerk's desk and pound it.

Mr. Gladstone "pounds the box," as it is called in England.

Pitt used his fist; "It is necessary to pound it into them," he said.

Burke often lost his temper; Disraeli lost his very rarely; Pitt never.

Daniel Webster's nerves were like iron. He was cool, calm, collected under all the circumstances of debate.

Grattan gesticulated so violently that "it was not safe for any member to sit within reach of his right arm."

Cicero, according to Pliny, began to speak with timidity, and it trembled until he struck the earnest current of thought.

Chatham was noted for his distinct articulation. His whisper penetrated everywhere, and his full voice was never shrieking.

Alexander Duffy held his left coat tail under his left arm, and sometimes bit his finger nails in the midst of an oratorical flight.

Tierney, one of the most ready and finest debaters of his day, said that he never rose to speak without feeling his knees knock together.

Charlotte Cushman once said: "I don't know what elocution is. I never studied it. God simply gave me a mouth of peculiar conformation."

Lord Clarenden's brilliancy was lost in his sluggishness. "A little more rapidity," some one has said, "and Lord Clarendon might have died prime minister."

Lord Derby often held a roll of paper in his right hand, which he repeatedly raised and brought down into the palm of his left hand with a resonant whack.

Archbishop Whately wrote an essay on rhetoric, yet he was so inanimate and so insensible that it was sometimes said "his grace seems to be half asleep when speaking."

Lord Derby said that his principal speech cost him two sleepless nights—one in which he was thinking what to say, the other in which he was lamenting what he might have said better.

Mirabeau depended very much for oratorical success upon his ugliness. His ugliness. He had the ferocity of a polar bear, and yet, as Mme. de Sallisat says, he was but "an empty bugbear."

When Disraeli rose to speak he took out his handkerchief and shook it in a certain way. More frequently he thrust his hands into the pockets of his coat tails, so as to extend them at an angle.

Wendell Phillips' force was in his self reliance. He ruled the minds of men by his rhetoric. He was a born agitator—calculatively strong in that, and almost correspondingly weak in controversy.

The famous Curran had a sensitiveness in public speaking which often hindered his success. He was painfully affected by any mark of inattention in his audience. If any one slept or gazed vacantly around the room, his eloquence began to flag, and much of his power was lost.

Chancellor Thurlow made up in physical earnestness for what he lacked in intellectual force. He "rushed like Achilles into the field and dealt destruction around him more by the strength of his arm, than by the power of his voice and the lightning of his eye than by any peculiarity of genius."—Frank H. Stauffer in The Epoch.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents' Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys, 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED

WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES. WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.

DOANE & VanARSDALE'S,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH

ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our Large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Settees, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS AND *ORGANS*

BRADBURY, HAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.

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The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, Of CHICAGO, Illinois. CHAPEL and PARLOR. Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and well Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

FURNITURE.

R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

(Just below the post office) Dealer in

ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES, WARDROBES, CHIFFONIERS and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH.

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

18 and 19 SOMERSET STREET.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full Indigo dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lenox Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

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LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

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North America of Philadelphia, Phoenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Laing's Hotel.

NEW STYLES

IN

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at main office, Telephone No. 93.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT.

What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the home owner get? He gets the result. And we are the very likely to be! **Father for your memory** on one hand; a chance of a live or a funeral on the other. Good intentions prevent neither. Moral: go organized 1881: Incorporated 1883; At the head of the profession 1889. §

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Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

FEARLESS FITS

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE VERY STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—Chrysanthemum fairs are now the proper thing.

—To-date has as yet been set down for the second trial of the Sullivan liquor case.

—The surface mud was scraped from the macadam on Park avenue yesterday afternoon.

—James Cahill, the would-be repeater, is as yet at liberty, and it is reported that he has left for parts unknown.

—There were fifty-six attendants at the opening of the night school for men at the High School building last evening.

—While John Voss was unloading iron girders at the depot yesterday morning one of them fell on his hand, terribly crushing the fingers.

—The work on the new flat now being erected by Mr. Alexander Thorn, on Somerset street at the corner of Craig place, is progressing finely.

—The annual tournament of the Plainfield Bicycle Club will occur at the Crescent Rink to-morrow evening. The reserved seats are selling rapidly.

—At about ten o'clock this morning a wagon belonging to Mr. Mahlon Vail collided with a phaeton belonging to Mr. M. M. Dunham on West Front street.

—The Pastime Bowling Club, of Westfield, will visit Elizabeth next Monday evening and bowl a game with the Elizabeth Athletic Club's bowling team.

—Some Chinese laundrymen will advance small sums at a reasonable rate of interest on a good size wash. *At least so a Newark editor* says, and we suppose he ought to know.

—A gushing Newark man was one of a party at a rabbit supper in the country a few days ago, and she was real provoked because she could not find a single wishbone in the whole potpie.

—Mrs. J. Ellen Foster tried to amend the National W. C. T. U. constitution yesterday at Chicago, but was defeated. A similar effort was made at the National convention in New York last year.

—The trial of Charles Kantz, for assault and battery, occupied the attention of the Union county court at Elizabeth yesterday. After remaining out two hours the jury brought in a verdict of guilty.

—Last night Policeman Joseph Cooney found the door of a Park avenue jewelry store unlocked. He rapped for another officer and sent for the owner of the place, recording on guard until the latter arrived. Nothing had been disturbed.

—John Johnson, a farmer residing near Plainfield, is trying to cure "Eph," a colored boy employed on the farm, of drinking milk, by *mussling him like a dog.* The neighbors are talking of prosecuting him for cruelty. So says the Newark Journal.

—An old-fashioned wood-burning stove, said to be one hundred years old, together with several other relics, is on exhibition in front of Carney Bros.' store on Somerset street. The old wood burner was formerly the property of the late Dr. Charles H. Stillman.

—Don't throw your old rubber boots and shoes away. Save them for the agents of the white glass manufactories, who are now buying them up in all parts of the country. Pulverized rubber boots and overshoes, flavored with vanilla, strawberry and other extracts, make the nicest chewing gum.

—Mr. F. S. Dunn, the Plainfield agent for F. E. Kneeman & Co, the electricians, has just completed the difficult task of wiring the residence of *Mr. Charles Foster, Jr.*, on West Seventh street. Mr. Dunn re-wired the gas fixtures for electric lighting, put up electric burglar alarms and a manual for electric gas lighting.

—Nearly every afternoon, at the close of school, a number of small boys flock to the railroad track in vicinity of Richmond street and indulge in the dangerous practice of catching on passing coal trains. These boys not only run the risk of losing their lives but they are liable to arrest. The police should make an example of some of them.

—The Plainfield correspondents of the New York and Newark papers have been sending such papers some greatly exaggerated reports of the Randolph-Murphy affair. Some accounts say that Randolph and Wearings are hiding in the mountains. As a matter of fact they are attending to their work here in the city, and the authorities must be aware of it.

—Some mischievous small boys have been amusing themselves for some time past breaking the globes on the street lamps in North Plainfield by shooting small stones through the glass with sling-shots. The lamp-lighter reports that thirty-six globes have already been broken. The boys should remember that they can be arrested and severely punished for such mischief.

—The quarter-mile club handicap to be run in the games of the Bicycle Club to-morrow night will doubtless be hotly contested. The members who are to run in it have been quite active lately for some time past and are getting the time down to very near the record. The school championship quarter-mile run also promises to be very interesting, owing to the intense rivalry in athletics between the two schools.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the Blumenstiel store at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1. Friday	38	52	40
2. Saturday	36	50	40
3. Sunday	36	50	40
4. Monday	36	50	40
5. Tuesday	36	50	40
6. Wednesday	36	50	40
7. Thursday	36	50	40
8. Friday	36	50	40
9. Saturday	36	50	40
10. Sunday	36	50	40
11. Monday	36	50	40
12. Tuesday	36	50	40
13. Wednesday	36	50	40

AN UNSOLVED MYSTERY.

Searching for Mamie Hughes in Plainfield.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Miss Mamie Hughes is daily deepening. Miss Mamie is the sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. R. W. Hughes, the proprietor of an extensive steam laundry in New Brunswick. She disappeared Oct. 29th. The first clue obtained led the searchers to the house of a notorious woman in Little Dublin, a small town about one mile from Metuchen.

Mr. Hughes, accompanied by Detective Gregory, visited the house, and, it is alleged, found there a number of girls from fifteen to eighteen years of age. Among them was a daughter of a neighbor of Mr. Hughes, but no trace of Mamie could be found. The anxious father came to Plainfield last night and had a talk with Chief of Police T. J. Carey. No effort will be spared to aid the father in his search.

PERSONAL.

Dr. S. D. Kenney, of West Fourth street, is confined to her home by illness.

Patrick Convery was yesterday sworn in by Judge Stewart as clerk of Middlesex county.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bailey, formerly of this city, but now of Newark, spent yesterday with Plainfield friends.

Dr. and Mrs. Lowrie will celebrate their silver wedding at the residence on Park avenue this week Saturday evening.

Dr. Congressman Alvah A. Clark, of Somerville, was in Plainfield yesterday on a visit to his law partner, Borough Counsel Charles A. Reed.

Rev. Cornelius Schenck yesterday united in marriage Mr. Frederick A. Weber, of South River, and Miss Mary A. Lange, of *this city.*

Messrs. A. D. Pope and Albert Drake, of Piscataway township, were yesterday drawn as petit jurors for the December term of the Middlesex county court.

Mrs. Dr. T. H. Tomlinson, of La Grande avenue, is attending the convention of the W. C. T. U. now in session at Chicago. Mrs. Tomlinson is a delegate from the Union County W. C. T. U.

The funeral services over the remains of the late George R. Hoadley will take place at the residence of Mr. William D. Smith, 154 Belvidere avenue, Nutherwood, on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Beginning November 17th, and continuing until the 30th inst., the Rev. G. A. Carstensen, General Missioner of the Parochial Mission society, will conduct a series of meetings in Grace church on Park avenue.

A gentleman who visited the insane asylum at Trenton a few days ago met there Mr. D. O. Kilbourne. He was quite cheerful and happy and said he was improving rapidly. Mr. Kilbourne was at one time a partner in the grocery business with Mr. Geo. W. Rockfellow *in this city and is well known here.*

Miss Amelia Bradford Hildreth, who is to instruct the Plainfield public in lecture, arrived the piter day in the Etruria. Her talent ranges from fiction to archæology, especially Egyptian lore, in the increase of which she has employed her pen and her powers of observation personally in the land of the Pharaohs.

Forrester Taken to State Prison.

Yesterday morning Sheriff Glasby, of Union county, took Harry Forrester to Trenton. He was sentenced to five years in State prison for burglary committed in this city.

Forrester was one of the youths who robbed C. B. Trimmer's store at Roselle, and William Roy, the negro who was convicted of assault on two women, were also escorted to Trenton.

City Court Cases.

Peter Gilbert pleaded guilty to-day to a charge of being drunk and disorderly on Liberty street on election night and Judge Stillman fined him ten dollars.

The trial of Patrick Muldoon, who is charged with the same offense, which was set down for to-day, has been postponed for another week.

Fined $3 for Swearing.

Policeman Lynch yesterday afternoon arrested a Mrs. Gyno for using profane and indecent language in the vicinity of Madison avenue and Second street. She was taken before City Judge Stillman and fined three dollars. She paid the fine.

Dislocated Her Ankle.

As Miss Minnie Rockafellow, of West Front street, was leaving Music Hall at the conclusion of the meeting last night, a misstep caused her to fall, dislocating her ankle. Dr. Tomlinson, who happened to be present, attended her.

—There was a meeting of Sunday School teachers and Superintendents at St. Vincent chapel last evening. The international lesson for next Sunday was explained.

—Gospel Temperance meetings which are held in the Hope chapel every Friday evening are well attended. The projectors have a change of programme at every meeting.

—A meeting of W. C. T. U. officers, and others interested in the course of lectures now being delivered in Music Hall, was held at the hall at 7 o'clock last evening, for the purpose of organizing the temperance campaign.

—While the temperance people are showing much earnestness and zeal at the Music Hall meetings the saloon-keepers are working to secure the nominations of their friends at the forthcoming primaries, so that they will be sure, no matter who party wins. If half means, no matter who party wins. If half means, no matter who party wins. If half this zeal is displayed by the temperance men of Plainfield at the primaries the plans of the saloon element will be defeated.

SOME PLAIN ENGLISH.

LECTURER BURDICK TALKS ABOUT THE SOCIAL EVIL.

How Skepticism and Infidelity are Implanted in the Youthful Mind.—A Good Audience Last Night.

The attendance at Music Hall last evening was much better than the night before. Fully 400 persons were present. The Rev. K. F. Ketchum and the Rev. W. H. Hoagland led in cupid seats on the platform. The former conducted the devotional exercises, and Mr. Horace Martin lead the singing.

Mr. Burdick again emphasized, in his address last evening, the importance of personal work in the home, on the street, and in the business place. The most successful temperance meetings are those in which the people themselves are directly interested, *and to which our neighbors* have been personally invited. If people are interested at all in anything which leads to elevate mankind intellectually, morally and physically, they are interested in the temperance question. There is no neutral ground. Men are either for or against the drink shop. In the education of our children we teach them it is wrong to lie and to take the name of God in vain, but our teaching will come to naught unless we practice what we preach. Nine-tenths of the skepticism in this world is sown in the minds of children by their parents, who are unconsciously, perhaps, practicing deception of one description or another in the presence or within the hearing of their boys and girls.

The speaker recounted the story of a man who had been visited in his own home by three ladies of the W. C. T. U., and invited to attend a temperance meeting. He indignantly refused, the ladies had no choice but accept their invitation and left them. On the way down the street he met the president of a bank, who stopped the angry citizen, and, much to his disgust and astonishment, repeated the invitation of the ladies. A words argument followed, during which the bank president informed the first gentleman that he had signed the pledge, and that through that act two young men, relatives of the disputants, had been induced to do likewise. Even this announcement, although just such a one as had been hoped for by both the men, had no effect on the first man, and he still declared that he should drink when he wished to—it was his right. At his juncture a bleer-eyed drunkard, a man notorious for his immorality and general wickedness, entered the room, declared that those were his sentiments, too, and wanted to treat to whisky on the spot. The gentleman was cured. He signed the pledge.

Mr. Burdick's criticisms go home every time. He deals with men and women as he finds them, and he never hesitates to call a spade a spade, whether he addresses men or women. He believes in calling things by their right names, *also, and the man who is worth $50,000 in* cash, and takes his daily half-dozen or dozen drinks, is as much a "rumkey" as the sodden lodger in the station house who scarce owns a dollar and a quarter a day and does the same thing.

The young ladies also came in for a share of his censure, although in a very mildly given. He said that young men would be just as manly as young women required them to be. Young ladies must discountenance the liquor habit or the cigarette habit or the part of their admirers have themselves to blame if, after they are married, their husbands become confirmed in the use of intoxicants or tobacco.

The address this evening will begin at 7:45, as usual. More singers are needed, and the ladies solicit their attendance.

The Sunday School Convention.

The third triennial Convention of the New Jersey State Sunday School Association will open a two days' session at Trenton to-day. Delegates will be present from every county association in the State regardless of denomination. The pastors of the various churches will be delegates ex-officio. The session will open this afternoon at three o'clock, and will continue to-night. Addresses will be made by Ralph Wells, of New York; Dr. Spellman Hodgman, of Orange; Dr. Wardell, of Trinity, and others. To-morrow there will be three sessions. In the morning a business meeting will be held, and in the afternoon and evening papers will be read and discussed. Councilman *M. M. Dunham* is a delegate from the Union County Sunday School Association.

Union Co. Teachers' Association

This association will hold its sixtieth regular quarterly session at school No. 9, Elizabeth, next Saturday morning, at 9:30 o'clock. Besides the usual opening exercises, there will be an address on "Advanced Methods of Teaching Geography and History," by Miss Mildred Britton Fairfield, of New York, a report of Committee on Marking System, and a report on condition of the New Jersey Teachers' Reading Circle in Union county. The committee, appointed at the last meeting of the association to draft resolutions expressing the high regard and esteem of the teachers of the county for ex-Superintendent Pease, will also report at this meeting.

A New Mail.

One of our Scotch Plains correspondents remarks that postal money orders can now be sent to a stranger and paid without identification at the request of the sender, who instructs the Post Office Department to "waive examination." The new rule is a great convenience to commercial travelers and others who frequently have occasion to send money by mail, but hesitate to do so because of inability to identify them in a city where they are not acquainted. Inquiry regarding this report was made at the Plainfield Post Office this morning. No such instructions have been received here as yet.

—This is the kind of weather in which the small boy who acts in the capacity of a running swooper reaps his harvest of pennies.

—There will be a reunion of the class of '72, Plainfield High School, at the residence of Mr. George B. Titsworth, No. 32 Madison avenue, this evening.

GEN. GRUBB ACCOUNTS FOR IT.

He Thinks Frauds in Hudson and Ross Greatly Aided to Beat Him.

Gen. E. Burd Grubb, late Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey, says that too much principle and not enough ballots caused his defeat at the polls last week. In an interview Gen. Grubb says:

"I *stand firmly* on the platform, but it was evident early in the campaign that the liquor plank was not framed to draw enough of the Prohibition vote to overcome the loss through the liquor element. I do not know of a single leader of any party who deserted me or was lukewarm in his support. Gen. Sewell is an *old friend*, and I have no reason to suspect him of disloyalty. He was not guilty of treachery. I do not think he thought a Republican could be elected. Gov. Abbett is the hardest Democrat in the State to beat at the polls.

"The reports that the railroads helped me with money is not true. Nor was I used to my disadvantage for the purpose of winning the Legislature for the Republicans. We had little money with which to carry on the campaign, and it went for ordinary expenses, and was furnished by the party leaders. The liquor interest raised large sums, which were unscrupulously used against me and contributed largely to my defeat. In Essex the result seems to have been due to the Federal appointments made before the municipal election. Repeating and ballot-stuffing were carried on without restraint in Hudson county. The Republicans could not drop it. The normal Democratic majority in Hudson is between 5,000 and 6,000. I see they have doubled it. The result in Hudson I believe to be due to the fraudulent registration and to fraud at the ballot-box. I do not think that fusion did our party any good. Gloucester City was as bad as Hudson. It is headquarters of a liquor association.

"I think I polled considerable of the temperance vote. The result in Passaic shows that my advocacy of ballot reform drew the labor vote. If we had a good election law, like the Australian system, Hudson county methods would be forced out of fashion. I hope the Democrats will carry out their ballot-reform pledges as faithfully as I would have done if I had been elected. In New Jersey a reform of this kind is greatly needed.

"The campaign was too short, and equal taxation was not sufficiently discussed by our men. Between Gov. Abbett and myself there was perfect pleasantness throughout the campaign."

Denying Its Own Words.

Our little cotemporary is audacious enough to deny that it ever published the fact of the city laborers being put to needless inconvenience and loss in getting their pay for their services. The News would enable it to do so, but unfortunately for it, the work was done for the city. The item was published some months ago. The fact, as our cotemporary is aware, that no one seems to value the paper enough to preserve a file of it (in this respect unlike The News) enables it to make such a statement without fear of contradiction, since even those who may read it have probably forgotten the paragraph.

It was published, nevertheless, and an attempt was made to try and make it appear that members of the Council were to blame. When they learn of it they were naturally indignant since it was evident the blame was—except in one instance, and then through oversight—due to the City Clerk, if we are, as we believe, correctly informed.

It is said that the clerk does not charge the laborers for any services. No one said he did. That was said was that they were required to waste needless money and time to get them affidavits because the clerk was not to be found in his office, being absent at his other job in New York all day, although the city is mainly concerned with him probably more per hour than he receives per day from the business concern which employs him.

It is not right to the taxpayers to pay such extravagant wages to such an employe.

We do not say this with any feeling toward the clerk, but from a desire to see the public money spent to the best interests of the city. He has been a good official in times past, but now has too many irons in the fire, and since to gratify a foolish grudge he has taken it upon *himself to defy the Common* Council, he shows himself clearly unfit for the position he occupies. At least we think so.

Good Health in New Jersey.

Raritan township, in Middlesex county, is a strip of country bordering on Union, and running up very near to Plainfield, which is one of the healthiest cities in the State.

Recently the Lehigh Valley railroad had occasion to run a spur off the main line to Amboy, and it crossed Raritan township. On its way to Union it crossed four adjoining farms, the longevity of whose owners attest the wonderful good health that prevails in that section.

The first farm was that of Mr. Isaac W. Laing. His age is 76, and he was born on this farm and has lived on it ever since.

The second farm was that of Mr. Noah Munday. His age is 94, and he, too, was born on this farm and has spent his whole life on it.

The third farm belongs to Mr. Samuel D. Kelly, whose age is 84 years. He was not born on this farm, but it belonged to his grandfather, and he came into possession of it when he was 24 years old. He has, therefore, lived sixty years on this farm.

The last of the four farms is that of Mr. John Carlsen Nox, who is 86 years old. He was born on this farm and, like the others, would like to end his days where so many happy, active years have been spent.

Each farm contains about a hundred acres, more or less, and until they were cut up by the railroad they were in good condition. They are located about three miles from Plainfield, on what is known as Park avenue. The people are principally old farmers and are a good reason for the good health of New Jersey.—Elizabeth Journal.

—A splendid opportunity is now offered to get a good dress cheap at Estelle's. He has secured a special offering in new fashionable goods of the best quality, at very low prices. His new advertisement in another column tells how you can save money.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

Captain Allen H. Carson, one of the best lumbermen in East Jersey, is dead.

A new Canning factory will shortly be established at Woodruff's, near Bridgeton.

The new Catholic Church on Monmouth street, Gloucester, will be dedicated next Sunday.

The election returns of Jersey City show an almost unanimous vote in favor of increasing the pay of the police department of that city.

On Monday Charles Evans, proprietor of the Senate House, Atlantic City, discovered that the money drawer in the hotel office had been robbed of $200 in money and checks. There is no clue to the thief.

The injunction granted by Vice-Chancellor Pitney last week against D. M. Smythe from publishing a paper under the name of the Summit Record. Thomas F. Lane will continue publishing the paper of that name.

The New Jersey State Board of Assessors have completed their assessment of the *railroad systems to the State.* The total amount of taxable to be paid by the railroads for the year is $1,329,000, against $1,316,293 last year, an increase of $13,398.

"Bill" Neeves, an alleged desperado, of Monmouth county, was shot in the leg while attempting to escape from an officer who had pursued him to the river's edge. Neeves received a number of shots in the leg from officers, who had joined in pursuit, firing at him.

John H. Conner, the Republican candidate for Sheriff of Hudson county, at the recent election, has filed with the Middlesex County Clerk a bond of indemnity in his contest for the place against ex-Sheriff Convery, who was declared elected by 16 majority. The case will be heard within thirty days.

Thomas Scoffall, a silk weaver employed in the Workingman's Silk Mill, disappeared from the mills on Tuesday and no trace of him was found until Sunday night, when the door of his house was forced open and his body found dangling from a rope fastened to the shelves. Scoffall, who was a middle-aged bachelor, lived alone.

Ferdinand Meyer, of Elizabeth, a well known agent for the installment firm of Dunn & Lindsley, is in custody. Many families are estimated at some thousands of dollars, and a wife and four little children in destitute circumstances. Meyer has the swindled several persons by borrowing money from them and then giving bogus checks on banks in which he had no account.

An entire business block of the town of Jamesburg, ten miles south of New Brunswick, was destroyed by fire Monday night and for a time the entire town was threatened with destruction. The total loss will be $75,-000. The Middlesex Fire Company and the Arcat Company lose $25,000, Adam Kulmer $15,000, George Van Arsdalen $12,000 and P. H. Rimer $5,000.

Chancellor McGill gave a decision Monday in the case of Mrs. Susan E. Britton, of Jersey City, against the Royal Arcanum. Mrs. Britton's husband, who died in Plainfield, borrowed $800 from Robert M. Brennan, joining the Royal Arcanum and insuring his life for $5,000 in favor of Brennan. The Royal Arcanum refused to pay the money because the beneficiary was not a relative of the insured man, and Mrs. Britton sued for it. The Chancellor decided that it must be paid her. Brennan can recover his $800 from the estate.

—A gentleman *who died recently near Ber*lin desired to have his tombstone decorated by the following sentiment: "I believe in the Savior, in him everyone must believe, of what ever religion he may be—and he is Death, for he releases us from all our troubles." This has been done, and now the parish authorities *have requested the heirs to remove the grave*stone.

Married.

WEBER—LANGE—In Plainfield, Nov. 12th, 1889, by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, Mr. John C. Weber, of South River, N. J., and Miss Mary A. Lange, of this city.

Died.

HOADLEY—At the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. C. Sutphen, Nutherwood Heights, Nov. 11th, George R. Hoadley.

Funeral services from his late residence, 154 Belvidere avenue, Nutherwood, Friday, Nov. 15th, at 2:30 p. m. R 13-3t

Cent-a-Word-Column.

DOG FOUND—*A young bird dog.* Owner can have it by calling at 123 West Front street.

FOR SALE—Best residence property in Westfield, N. J. Five minutes from depot, churches and school. Two good offices. Large grounds, 200x231. House, twelve rooms, with gas and water, barn and carriage house, all in complete order. Will be sold cheap. Address or call on Luther M. Whitaker, Westfield, N. J. 8-tf

FREE CHRYSANTHEMUM show at Destrow's Hillside avenue greenhouses. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. 11-4

SITUATION wanted by a practical gardener and florist. Thoroughly understands the care of the horses, carriages and harness. Is a careful driver. For good three year reference from this county; 22 years gardener's experience. Address Gardener, this paper.

TO LET—House, four rooms, 21 Webster place. 10-28 tf

WANTED—Housekeeper to go in country Address P. O. Box 350.

WANTED—Two connecting rooms with board for wife and two children, ages 10 and 5. Terms not to exceed $12 per week. Address with full particulars, K. L. W., News office.

WANTED—Situation for boy of fifteen. Understands care of horse, etc. Prefers to work for board and attend school. Call or address Mrs. Carpenter, care Mrs. Henry Opdyke, Plainfield. 13-3

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; good plain cook; references required. 609 Plainfield avenue. 12-17-tf

WANTED—Two gentlemen boarders. 20 East Fifth street, corner Broad way. 11-8

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. Apply Saturday or Monday at 9 o'clock, No. 179 West Front street. 11-4-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 Floyd place. 11-6-tf.

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Coffee. For sale by Batcheler & Bogardus, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress, and housework and cook. Apply at once at 9 o'clock. Mrs. J. W. Jessen, La Grande avenue, cor. Broadway. 4 — 9-3

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY!

TO BUY DRESS GOODS CHEAP! SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Nov. 14th, 15th and 16th.

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give in free, 1 bot skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reeds, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 65c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reeds.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining. The Special Low Prices on Lace Curtains will hold good another week.

Edsall's 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first-class dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at store notice.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Costesmar" or *25-seam Coat, Misses and Children's Coats* in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (268 Broadway, N. Y.,) thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new spechities daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy double width, Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 39c., 50 inch Trico 54, 49c. Improved (all iron) Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

As Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest; 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Fine Cotton Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calicos 5c. per yard. Best quality iron Grass Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. George Guilford, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Private lessons. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 26 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

FOLLETTE'S FRENCH SYSTEM of dressmaking is now on exhibition at Force's Hotel, room 2. This system with its adjustable square, revolving rules, its exact measures, simple and rapid use precludes all necessity of refitting, giving perfect ease, style and elegance of figure. Dressmakers and ladies interested are invited to call and test its merits. Patterns cut and fitted to order and systems taught. 8-5

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB,

Crescent Rink, Evening of

Thursday, Nov. 14th

EVENTS:

OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run, open only to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.

2—Potato Race. Open.

3—Sack Race. Club.

4—Three Legged Race. Club.

5—Running High Jump. Club.

6—Half-mile Run. Open.

7—Consolation Race. Open to non-winners. Club.

8—Fancy Bicycle Race. Open.

9—Quarter-Mile Run—Handicap. Club.

10—Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Sayler, of Brooklyn.

11. Tug of war between Elizabeth Wheelmen and Plainfield Bi. Club.

Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c., to be obtained at Shaw's, and Randolph's Drug Stores.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenox, Chairman; F. L. C. Martin, J. B. Hallock, R. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. F. Mann and L. W. Serrell, *Jr.* 11-8-11

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN.

The Siberian Traveler. Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendants for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

STEPHENSON

30 WEST FRONT STREET,

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 15c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 64c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the *Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool* and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods every where free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,

16 West Front Street.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

and buy goods for

15 Per Cent. Off

or Spot Cash. We offer our Stoves, Lamps

Tinware and Graniteware. Carpenter and Mason Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 20 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AV.
VERSITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK
EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11
SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS
OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK,
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE,
AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Richer and richer grows our country,
A new silver mine, expected to prove of surpassing value, has just been struck in Arizona. The output of the mines of Idaho is increased $9,000,000 over last year, having more than doubled. Perhaps all this will partly make up for the money Americans spent in Europe last summer.

The next great American work will be the irrigation of arid lands in the west. It will open millions of acres of the best land in the world to cultivation, and that means support for millions more people. One view is that the agriculture of the future will be wholly conducted by irrigation, thus making it independent of rains and droughts. A company of eastern capitalists have engaged to irrigate 1,200,000 acres of land in the Rio Grande valley. They have bought the land outright. This irrigation scheme will be one of the great industrial works of our time.

Do Animals Suffer Pain?

Dr. W. Collier records in The Nineteenth Century his belief that they do not to any great extent. What the animals might say, if they were consulted on the subject, does not appear. Their judgment might not agree with that of Dr. Collier.

Dr. Collier argues from man. People of nervous organization suffer more pain than those whose muscular system is prominently developed. In general, the more nerves the more pain. Pain bears a close relation to the size of brain. The larger the brain the greater pain. It is well known that savages endure without flinching physical torture that would kill a civilized man.

He says natives of New Zealand chopped off their toes without hesitation, so as to be able to wear the boots English traders brought them in the early days. This, to be sure, may be a traveler's yarn, and it is best to make allowance for it.

When we come down to worms and insects, Dr. Collier scarcely thinks they suffer pain at all, having no brain to speak of and only a rudimentary nerve system.

Useful Inventions.

It has been remarked time and again that the one department of industry which was behind the rest in the application of labor saving machinery was that of the household. But even that seems now to be catching the spirit of the age. Indiana woman, Mrs. W. A. Brenkan, has invented a machine which will perfectly wash dishes, the first one on record. It will thoroughly cleanse and dry five to twenty dozen dishes of all shapes and sizes in two minutes. At the same time it is warranted not to break the most fragile and shell like china. That is much more than any woman can be warranted not to do.

Another domestic invention worth noting is one that appeals to the æsthetic sense especially. Suppose a lady or a lone bachelor lives in one room, and wishes it to look always like a parlor. The folding bed was the first godsend to these lonely souls. Now there is another. It is for those who wish to save an honest penny by doing a little home cooking. Your friend comes into your room and sees a handsome antique Dutch clock. It is of mahogany, white wood gilt, or cherry. It is thoroughly ornamental. It has an honest face of the top, from which you tell the time of day as by any other clock. But concealed in its inside is complete little gasoline cooker, with shelf for pots and pans, and a tiny china closet above. See

John Morgan's Death.

It has frequently been denied that the Confederate general John H. Morgan met his death through having his whereabouts revealed by a Union woman. Capt. James Rogers, of Abbeville, S. C., sets the matter at rest, at length. The woman part of the story was undoubtedly true. On the night of Sept. 4, 1864, Morgan and his force were in Greenville, Tenn. Morgan's headquarters were at the house of a Mrs. Williams. The Union general, Gillem, with 3,000 cavalry, was at Bull's Gap, a few miles away. Knowing this, Morgan had all the roads leading to Bull's Gap carefully guarded. Morgan intended to attack Gillem on the 4th, and gave orders for his men to move at 3 a. m. But a tremendous rain storm came on during the night, and the order was countermanded. Some time in the night, too, a citizen of Greenville came in and informed a member of Morgan's staff that Mrs. Williams' daughter-in-law had been seen riding away from the town. It was known that young Mrs. Williams' husband was with Gillem. Morgan's officers at the outposts were notified of the information. Morgan's personal guards and orderlies were in the veranda, but the general moved them into the house *out of the rain*. At daylight there was sudden and heavy firing, and Morgan and his men looked out to find the yard full of Union soldiers. Morgan tried to escape through the yard, but it was too late. Sergeant Amos Morgan was shot and killed after the whole party had surrendered, and that his dead body was treated with indignity.

MORNING NEWS.

CLOSE OF THE CONGRESS

The Last Proceedings of the Catholic Centennial.

HON. HONORE MERCIER SPEAKS.

The Various Papers That Were Read and the Resolutions Adopted—Marriage and Divorce, Labor and Capital, the State and the Schools, Etc., Etc.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.—In the Catholic congress, after prayer by Bishop La Fesch, of Montreal, M. D. Brockett, of Indiana, moved to appoint a committee to consider the expediency of holding state conventions of Catholics annually. The matter was referred to a committee. The Hon. Honore Mercier, prime minister of Quebec, made an address in some length, in the course of which he eulogized the patriotic services of Archbishop Carroll, and said that Washington had no greater ally than he. Speaking of education, he said:

Prime Minister Mercier's Speech.

We in Quebec are determined to be guided in public matters by Catholic principles. When the Protestant minority of lower Canada demanded the right of educating their children in their own schools, the French Canadians and Roman Catholics hesitated not one minute to grant to the Protestant minority their separate schools. In the same spirit, with no intention of undue favoritism, but for justice's sake, we gave back to the Jesuits, and to the Jesuits alone, the property of which they had been despoiled by the same George III who would have despoiled your fathers of their liberties and rights.

Country and Canada.

At the conclusion of Premier Mercier's address Edward F. Fagan, of New York, offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the representatives of the Roman Catholic congress teacher that cordial greetings to the people of Canada, and offer their grateful acknowledgements and congratulations to her for the warm sentiment of love entertained for this country and people, as expressed by her noble son, Premier Mercier.

Thomas Addis Emmet, England, expressed the cordial feelings of Cardinal Manning and of Bishop Vaugh, whom he represented, and desired to convey their feelings of deep respect and heartfelt sympathy, also to this noble congress. Peter L. Foy, of St. Louis, read a paper on "Philanthropy."

Religion in Education.

"Religion in Education" was the subject of a paper by Bishop Ireland, of St. Paul. He took the ground that the reasons why questions relating to this subject had yet no solution absolutely satisfactory to the Christian people of the country as a whole, and one tending to the good of the nation, were the absence of fairness on each side in discussion, the prejudice against the Catholic church still largely entertained by many Protestants, and the activity of infidels and so called indifferentists in using that prejudice to create division among the great Christian church, Catholic and Protestant. He declared that no one but a madman would advocate the destruction of the magnificent system of American public schools.

Other Leading Papers.

"Sunday Observance" was the title of a paper by Manly B. Tello, editor of The Catholic Universe, of Cleveland. He took the ground that the question of Sunday is one Catholic has to do with the rights of others, and has to take into practical consideration the state of American society in which he lives. George Parsons Lathrop, of Salem, read for a topic "The Catholic Press." He advocated a greater spirit of fraternal unity in the Catholic press, and care in excluding disobliging matter, particularly the objectionable advertisements and mawkish stories. "What Catholics Have Done in the Last Century" was the subject of the paper read by Richard H. Clarke, LL. D., of New York city. Professor Heman Allen, of Chicago, had a paper on "Church Music," advocating the Gregorian as the standard, and a figured music that did not conform to the plain chaunt prototype. T. C. O'Sullivan, of New York, on behalf of the National Union of Catholic Young Men's societies, read a *memorial, and asked the congress to encourage the work.*

The State and the Churches.

A paper by Richard F. Quinn, of Florida, created great enthusiasm. It was a direct attack upon the present school system. He said: "You cannot teach children even the multiplication table or the goddess of luck or godless teacher without hurting the soul, and if the soul be not fed, there is no education. Insolent secularists say two hours a week for religious instruction is all we have tried it, and we know the result, and we will have none of it; we ask for but justice for the great natural right of every parent to bring up his children in the fear of human rights. Legislators think they can't be instructed in this matter. They mistake their duty. They also mistake the temper of the American people. They have mixed the true dividing line between state and human rights. To aid in educating, the state may confer with religious bodies. But itself to teach? No! That it beyond its charter, beyond its rigist, beyond its power."

Mayor Latrobe was then introduced, and welcomed the delegates to Baltimore, and extended the freedom of the city. H. J. Spaunhorst, of St. Louis, read a paper on "Catholic Societies." He urged the congress to take steps to unite the many merciful aid could be given to all Catholics, members of societies, when sick or indigent.

The Resolutions Passed.

The report of the committee on resolutions was then submitted by Rush and Burrah. The resolutions set forth that Catholics claim to be acquainted with the laws and spirit of both the church and the country, and declared that there is nothing antagonistic in them, and continue:

"We repudiate the assertion that we need to lay aside devotion to our church to be true to our country, and the assertion of patriotism of the nation to be good Catholics. But we cannot shut our eyes to the many things that threaten those institutions. We regard the encyclicals of our pontiff as one of the chief factors, and recommend popular education, with moral training, for our youth. But as in the state schools no provision is made for religious training, we must continue our system, so that the benefits of Christian education may be given to all the Catholic children in the United States." We declare that the evil of legalized divorce as bringing ruin and disgrace upon the people and threatening the morality of the whole country.

Capital and Labor.

On societies, the report holds that it is not sufficient for Catholics to shun bad societies. They ought to take part in good ones. Concerning labor it asserted that accomplish ought, and sometimes does, not be formed on a race or nationality basis. The plan and form of St. Vincent de Paul society is recommended as a typical Catholic society.

The constant conflict between capital and labor imperils society. "We condemn Nihilism, Socialism and Communism, and we equally condemn the heartless greed of capitalists. The remedy for social trouble between labor and capital must be sought in the mediation of the church, by its action on the individual conscience and it such civil enactments as are necessary.

World's Fair Pleasantries.

Mr. Onahan, of Chicago, moved that an international congress be held in 1892 in Chicago. Mr. Campbell, of New York, said the international congress should be held in the city where the world's fair is to be held.

Mr. Onahan accepted the amendment, for, he said, "the world's fair was to be held in Chicago, and not in New York." It was then so amended. Archbishop Ireland, in response to loud calls, made a short address after which the congress adjourned sine die. The following resolutions, thanking Mayor Grant, ex-Mayor Grace, Daniel Dougherty and Judge O'Brien, accompanied by the Protestory band, serenaded Cardinal Gibbons at his residence.

The President and the Catholics.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Catholic congress, now in session at Baltimore, to present an address to the president and invite him to Baltimore called at the White House and were received in the blue parlor. J. J. O'Donohoe read and presented the address to the president, expressing the hope, in conclusion, that he would favor the congress with his presence at his earliest convenience. The address cited the faithfulness of the 10,000,000 Catholics in America to their country and its laws. In reply the president said he reciprocated and appreciated the sentiments expressed in the address. The Catholics of America were, he believed, law abiding and faithful, and he thought that a congress of the Catholics in session at Baltimore would be productive of much good. He said he would be obliged to decline the invitation to visit Baltimore on account of the pressure of public business.

K. OF L. CONVENTION.

Proceedings of the Annual Assembly of the Order at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 13.—Two hundred delegates were in attendance when the annual assembly, Knights of Labor, was called to order. Besides the four ladies, Mrs. Stevens, of Ohio; Mrs. Barry, in charge of the woman's department; Miss Elizabeth Donohue, of New Jersey, and Miss Catharine Kirk, of New York, General Master Workman Powderly did not arrive until 4 o'clock this morning on account of a wreck on the road. After preliminaries, the order was declared open and temporarily adopted, and then sent to Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the National W. C. T. U., at Chicago, Ills.; "General Assembly Knights of Labor in session assembled send to National W. C. T. U. fraternal greetings, with *cordial good wishes for the continued success* for the great work of mankind in which *your organization is engaged.*"

An invitation was formally tendered to President Livingstone, of the Georgia Alliance, to address the convention. This means to indicate that the knights want an expression of opinion from the Farmers' Alliance as to the proposed federation with the Knights of Labor. The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to routine business.

For the past two weeks the committee on laws has been engaged in a complete revision of the constitution, and their report has it that a new clause in the constitution will enable the order to enter into politics throughout the country, and also modify the present irregularity. The annual reports will show that notwithstanding a considerable falling off in the membership the order is still in a flourishing condition.

A National Fraternal Congress.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—The third annual session of the fraternal congress was this opened at the Vendome. The president, Hon. John Haskell Butler, of Boston, being absent through sickness, the congress was called to order by Secretary C. H. Kellogg, of New York, and *D. H. Shields, of Missouri*, was elected president pro tem. The societies represented are the Ancient Order of Workmen, Knights of Honor, Royal Arcanum, American Legion of Honor, Home Circle, Order of United Friends, Royal Templars of Temperance, Knights of Maccabees, Endowment Rank of Knights of Pythias, Equitable Aid union, Improved Order of Heptasophs, National union, New England Order of Protection and Royal Society of Good Fellows. The committee on credentials reported favorably for membership, as follows: Knights and Ladies of Honor, Northern Mutual Life association, United Order of Pilgrim Fathers and United Endowment Association. The first three named were admitted, but the case of the latter was referred back to the committee on credentials, objections being made on account of the endowment feature. A long discussion followed upon the proposed establishment of a bureau of medical information.

Our Merchant Marine.

BUFFALO, Nov. 12.—At the meeting of the merchants' exchange, Charles S. Hill, secretary of the National Shipping League, made a very clear and forcible address upon the importance of building up the merchant marine. He argued that something should be done to aid the country in regaining its ebb tide in American shipbuilding and place American vessels upon an equal footing with other countries. At the conclusion of his address applause was unanimously adopted indorsing the remarks of Mr. Hill; also the project of national aid to the merchant marine of the United States.

Fifty Lawyers Bunco'ed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A number of lawyers, including some of the most eminent of the city of Gotham city, have been discovered that they have been "bunco'ed" by a man who pretended to be getting up a book about the New York bar, and who secured from their offices photographs, sketches of their lives and other documents to aid in the publication of the work. The price charged for the book was to be $21, and it is understood that about fifty shrewd lawyers each paid the swindler the sum. The man's present whereabouts cannot be learned.

Another Political Shooting Affair.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 13.—Charles A. Smith, a prominent Republican politician, and a brother of ex-Governor William Alexander Smith, has been killed by Calvin Brown, in a Hollis, Clarke county, 100 miles east of here. It is said that the killing was the result of a political quarrel, but the particulars have not been learned. Smith was a wealthy citizen.

A Fatal Collision.

ATLANTA, Nov. 13.—A collision occurred at Lula on the Richmond and Danville road, the north bound passenger train running into the rear of a freight train. Firemen Lord, of the passenger engine, was instantly killed, and Engineer Jeffries died from his badly crushed that he will probably die.

DOCTOR CRONIN'S CRIES.

A German Witness Who Says She Heard Them.

SHE WAS PASSING THE COTTAGE

And Saw Cronin Enter—Then Came Blows, Cries of Pain, Moans and the Sounds of a Great Struggle Which Died Away in Silence.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—At the Cronin trial the clothing, instruments, etc., of Dr. Cronin, which were recently discovered, were received in evidence. Clerk J. P. Haskell took the stand and identified the framework of the satchel found in the Lake View sewer containing Dr. Cronin's clothes as being the frame of a satchel identical with that which he sold to "J. B. Simonds" Feb. 19. Mrs. Pauline Hoertel, a woman who could speak no English, testified through an interpreter that she was passing the Carlson cottage between 7 and 8 p. m. May 4 and saw two men in a buggy drawn by a white horse drive up to the cottage.

She Heard Cronin Killed.

A big tall man resembling Dr. Cronin got out and carried something like a surgeon's case up the steps of the cottage. When the man entered the door was closed immediately, and witness heard sounds as though heavy blows were being dealt; there was the noise of a great struggle. Witness stopped and listened. She next heard cries: "Oh, my God!" There were a few more noises, as if some one was struggling, cries and moans, and then all was still.

Prisoners Turn Pale.

The witness, a complexioned German woman, gave her evidence with so much simplicity and straightforwardness that every one in the court room was impressed with the recital. Coughlin and Burke at first turned pale, and then a look of blank despair settled over their faces. The witness went on to say that after passing the cottage she went round the corner street, where she saw a man standing between the cottage and another house in the shadow. This was near the real estate office, where another witness put the scene. She identified O'Sullivan on watch while the assassins were at their bloody work.

With the statement that the man in the buggy did not have to wait on the steps, but that the door was quickly opened for him, the examination in chief of the witness closed. Judge Wing inaugurated the cross-examination.

How She Fixed the Date.

The witness admitted that she had been arrested two or three times for troubles with saloonkeepers, but it turned out that those people had made the charges for her because she had tried to keep her husband away from their saloons. She had been compelled to cause the arrest of one saloonkeeper for selling liquor to her husband in the face of her protests. As she related her sufferings and tribulations at the hands of the saloonkeepers and her intemperate husband she became frantic in her voice and gestures.

She fixed the date on which she had seen the man enter the Carlson cottage by the fact that it was on the Monday of the same week that she had been to the lumber yard.

A Missing Link Furnished.

The Hoertel woman's evidence furnished the last missing link in the proof that between the shooting of Dr. Cronin and the time the house was to be finding of his body in the catch basin. The defense has always maintained that Dr. Cronin could not be traced after the outrage. That contention could exist no longer, it would seem. Thursday, or before, the state will close. It has not yet been decided whether it will be policy to introduce evidence concerning the quarrel in the Clan-na-Gael and Dr. Cronin's notes of the Buffalo convention.

Burke Admitted His Name.

Officer Thomas McKinnon, of Winnipeg was the first witness called in the afternoon. He testified to the arrest of Burke in that city on June 18. Burke when arrested had a ticket to Montreal, a steamship ticket *from Montreal to Liverpool and $58.30 in* money. The name of W. J. Cooper was on the tickets, but after being warned that anything he said might be used against him, the prisoner admitted that his name was Martin Burke. When asked how many names he had, the suspect replied that he was sometimes called Delaney. He said he came from Chicago via Hancock, Mich., and in the latter city worked in a store owned by John F. Ryan. Henry Fiedler, a clerk in a North Clark street boarding and lodging store, testified that on the morning of May 5 he sold shirts and collars to two men, one of whom he identified as Burke. A photograph of Dr. Cronin was shown the witness by the prosecution, he declared, was an exact likeness of the other man.

Coughlin Would Not Tell.

The next witness was Thomas Carroll, a railroad laborer, and once a fellow boarder of Kunze. He testified that one evening in May or June Kunze asked to see a newspaper which the witness had in his hand. Witness asked what he wanted of it, and Kunze said he was afraid he was going to be arrested in connection with the Cronin case. Chief of Police Hubbard was recalled to tell of his conversation with Dan Coughlin just after the body was found. The chief said he told Coughlin that he was suspected of having stood sponsor to Liverpool Dinan for the man who had driven Dr. Cronin away, and asked him where he was on May 4. Coughlin was unable to state.

The witness had then asked him about the man of whom he had told Dinan would call for the horse. Coughlin said the man was James Smith, a stranger, whom John F. Ryan, the saloonkeeper, had told to call on Coughlin when the Chicago livery was ready and wanted to ride there. When the chief asked him why, when he met Smith afterwards, he had not arrested him to clear himself, Coughlin replied because Capt. Schaack told him that Mrs. Conklin had failed to identify the witness. Coughlin said he had looked for Smith afterwards, but could not find him. He had not, however, looked for him either at the hotels or at the house of Smith's present whereabouts cannot be learned.

He Charged Cronin With Treason.

Daniel Brown, an ex-member of the Clan-na-Gael and the man who in 1885 preferred the charge of treason against Dr. Cronin, was then called. Attorney Harrington, who will be the opening wedge into a new feature of the case by showing that Coughlin was a member of the committee which voted for the expulsion of Dr. Cronin, and indorsed Coughlin's denunciation of Cronin then as a traitor with a similar animus exhibited, just prior to the murder. The defense entered a vigorous objection and the attorneys for both sides argued long. The judge said he would give his decision in the morning and the court adjourned.

More Strikers on the Thames.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The hands employed on the steam craft on the Thames river have struck.

CARMICHAEL'S ALLEGED CRIME.

An Amsterdam Man Said to Have Forged $110,000 Worth of Paper.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Nov. 13.—Daniel Carmichael, one of the best known business men of this city, has been arrested by Detective Sweeney, of Albany, on the charge of forgery. The alleged forgeries extend over a period of two years, but the first forged note was not discovered until the first week in October, when a note went through the Chemical bank for $7,000, which was also repudiated by the indorser, Janeway & Carpender, of New York, was the name of the firm. The signature was declared a forgery, and investigation led to the discovery of other paper which was claimed to be fraudulent. In order to extricate Carmichael from the predicament he half-sister, Miss Jane Carmichael, ex-Mayor Carmichael and James C. Miller furnished funds to take up $31,000 worth of paper alleged to be forged in the Farmers' National bank.

It was then supposed that all the troubles some paper was out of the way, but the other notes came coming in, and it was evident that it was useless to attempt to prevent them. Mr. Miller has paid $25,000 to date the employes for wages. Carmichael is confined to his bed from nervous prostration attendant upon the disclosures, and it is not likely he will ever leave it alive. Detective Sweeney is constantly on guard and escape is impossible.

A MINISTER'S AWFUL CRIME.

He Shoots His Wife, His Young Son and Himself.

STOCKTON, Cal., Nov. 13.—C. A. Ross, a preacher living near Lockeford, has just shot and killed his wife, his 8-year-old son and himself. He was a Methodist preacher and formerly was a Baptist. He was an itinerant Congregationalist, engaged in selling books. He had not lived happily with his wife and they separated some time ago. This aroused the anger of the people living around near Lockeford, and made her home at the residence of Frank Foster. For some time past Ross had been driving to the school house and waiting for the children at the close of school hours. He did this yesterday and remained with her all night. He arose at 5 o'clock this morning and shot her through the temple with a pistol, killing her instantly. The report awakened the little boy, who slept in an adjoining room. He rushed into his parents' room, and the father shot him twice, in the cheek and temple, causing death in a few minutes. He then shot himself in the head and soon died. The real cause of the tragedy is not known.

He Shot Three Persons.

DETROIT, Nov. 13.—A special to The News from Matchwood, Mich., says: "At 8 a. m. James B. McDonald, a homesteader living three miles from here, shot and seriously wounded Dark Beveridge, Mrs. Beveridge and Mrs. James Redpath. He then turned his rifle on James Redpath, but the magazine failed. Then he went to the camp next to Weir's lumber camp, about half a mile away. No cause is given for the shooting. It is known that McDonald made a transfer of his homestead to Mrs. Beveridge, upon which he has since regretted. McDonald has always borne a good reputation."

Assaulted and Shot.

BROCKTON, Mass., Nov. 13.—Mrs. A. F. Bosworth, of East Bridgewater, tells a story to the effect that while walking from Whitman to this city about 9 p. m. she was overtaken by a man driving a horse and buggy. Tyler, who offered her a lift in his buggy. Tyler, she says, drove her into a lonely spot and assaulted her. She broke away and he fired with a revolver. The bullet passed through the woman's neck, making a severe flesh wound. Tyler then fled and Mrs. Bosworth made her way to this city. A number of Mrs. George Witherell, on Lawrence street, this city, where she is attended by Dr. Brown.

National Academy of Sciences.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—The National Academy of Sciences has commenced a three days' session in the University of Pennsylvania. Professor Marsh, of New Haven, presided. Among those present were Professor Asaph Hall, of Washington; James Hall, of Albany, N. Y.; Wolcott Gibbs, of Newport; R. S. Woodward, of Washington Lesley, of the Smithsonian institution; Dr. Gould, of Cambrige, and G. F. Barker, of New York, and Messrs. H. C. Wood and William Sellers, of this city. A number of papers will be read during the session.

State Treasurer Hart's Funeral.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 13.—There was a large attendance at the funeral of the late State Treasurer Hart, which took place yesterday afternoon. Rev. Dr. Chambers, pastor of the Pine Street Presbyterian church, delivered the funeral address. The pall-bearers were non-commissioned officers of the three military companies which participated in the reception. Senator Quay, State Treasurer-elect Boyer, ex-State Treasurer Rawle, Senator Penrose and others attended the funeral.

Ornithologists Meet.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The seventh annual conference of the American Ornithologists' union has begun in the Museum of Natural History, with President Coues in the chair. About forty delegates were present. President J. A. Allen, of this city, presided, and among those in attendance were Professor Elliott Coues, of Washington; Cooper Batchelder, Cory and Brewster, of Cambridge, and many other well-known scientific men.

After Anarchist Schevitch.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Superintendent Murray says that the speech delivered by Mr. Schevitch, the Russian Nihilist, Cooper union was more incendiary and revolutionary than the famous speech of John Most, which sent him to the penitentiary. It has been learned that the police had taken notes are transcribed they will be sent to the district attorney, who will present them to the grand jury for action.

A Picture Dealer Assigns.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Theron J. Blakeslee, importer and dealer in oil paintings at No. 316 Fifth avenue, has assigned to Henry Bennett to John J. Connelly, preferring the thrave, Crump and Low company, of Boston, for an amount not stated.

He Died on the Ems.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Rev. William Smith, a second cabin passenger on the Bremen steamer Ems, which has just arrived here, died on board the vessel. His death was due, it is said, to bronchitis. His remains will be forwarded to his late home in Detroit.

Barrett, the Mountaineer, Dead.

CAMDEN, Me., Nov. 13.—W. S. Barrett, widely known as "Bill" Barrett the Mountaineer, died, aged 78, of paralysis.

W. C. T. U. LADIES AT WAR

A Non-Partisan Amendment Stirs Up the Convention.

MRS. FOSTER SPEAKS IN ITS FAVOR

Hisses, Cheers, Protests and Applause Greet the Speaker, Who Was Choking with Emotion—The Party That the Union Will Give Its Support.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—In the W. C. T. U. convention a proposed amendment to the constitution to the effect that the union's objects shall be "to institute a unity of Christian women of the nation in non-sectarian and non-partisan temperance work for the reformation of the intemperate and the education of the public sentiment in behalf of total abstinence and the prohibition of liquor, the development of purity, the improvement of rice and labor, and the education of the masses in the duties and responsibilities of citizenship," was lost.

Mrs. Foster's Sensational Speech.

It was evident from the commencement of the discussion that the feeling of the convention was overwhelmingly against the proposed amendment. The history of the debate gates in opposing it characterized it as a reflection upon the previous course of the W. C. T. U. and its previous claims to non-partisanship. Mrs. Foster, of Iowa, who favored the amendment, made a sensational speech which was frequently interrupted by hisses and words of disapproval, although applauded at some points.

Choking with emotion as she waved her arms she declared the organization to be practically insensible as it had given preference and allegiance and support to one party. Upon this platform, she said, the sentiment had been applauded by this great body of women, and the non-partisan means Republican, and from this platform the names of honored men in the Republican party had been derided. This statement was followed by cheers and cries of protests, as the speaker was hissed loudly. It was an injustice, said the speaker, that any woman should be compelled to submit to the invasion of her political preferences at the will of a majority.

The Amendment Defeated.

A vote was then taken on the amendment, and it was defeated by the votes of the great body of the union, only the Ohio delegation, and probably forty other delegates, voting in its favor. In the afternoon a number of interesting addresses and reports were read.

Mrs. S. A. McCloss, of New Jersey, who read a report on "Soldiers and Sailors," announced that President Harrison had just sent out an order forbidding the sale of liquor by sutlers in military camps. The convention adopted a vote of thanks to Gens. Schofield and Howard for the example of total abstinence set by them for their subordinates.

In the evening the majority report from the committee on resolutions was presented by Mrs. Bateham, of the non-partisan faction, and reads as follows:

The Party the Convention Will Favor.

"We believe it is vital to the temperance reform that the principle of prohibition be made the cardinal principle of all political parties. We, therefore, give our approval to that party only which declares in its platform for prohibition in state and nation, and stands in action for its application to law."

A minority report was brought in by Mrs. Mattie Bailey, of Iowa, which declared it taken the sense of the organization to pledge its influence on allegiance to any political party, but it received only the votes of the Iowa delegates. The majority report was adopted by an almost unanimous vote.

Murderer Hillman Hangs.

WOODBURY, N. J., Nov. 13.—Joseph Hillman, the murderer of Peddler Herman Seidman, was executed at 10 o'clock a. m. today in the Woodbury prison. The execution was private, according to the wish of the prisoner. He arranged every detail in regard to his funeral, and expressed a wish that he be buried under the old apple tree in front of his home. The gallows was designed by James Vanhise, the expert hangman of Newark, who has attended the last moments of thirty-six other unfortunates. Hillman met his fate with remarkable coolness. The night before his death Hillman confessed his crime to his uncle, George Cook. He said the peddler slept in his house near Turnersville, Pa., where he murdered him and his wife carried the body out and threw it into the mill pond, where it was found four months later.

A Fatal Criminal Operation.

DOYLESTOWN, O., Nov. 13.—Miss Jennie Peters, a highly respectable young lady of this place, has died from the effects of an abortion, performed by a well known physician, at the instance of John W. Brouse, her betrayer. Brouse, who is one of the most prominent young men in town, has been arrested and is now in jail. He denies that he advised the girl to undergo an operation, but admits that he was responsible for her condition. George Peters, the dead girl's brother, visited the jail and threatened to kill Brouse, but was prevented from doing so by the sheriff. The coroner's inquest is now in session, and it is generally feared that a lynching will take place as soon as the abortionist's name is divulged.

Fined for Employing a Child.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 13.—Jeremiah Casey, an overseer in the Slade mill, was fined $100 and costs today for employing children under 13 years of age. For the want of evidence three cases were nolle prossed. On a fourth complaint Casey was fined $30 and costs.

Sullivan Will Meet McCaffrey.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—L. Sullivan says he is ready to meet McCaffrey under the auspices of the California Athletic club for a $10,000 purse and an outside bet of $10,000 that he can put him out in four rounds. The offer of a $7,500 purse he would not entertain for a moment.

Hearst Wants Sumi.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—Senator Hearst says he will pay $50,000 to keep Sumi in California. He has offered the Chief Justice Stanford to put a price on Palo Alto. He says so figures can be too high for him if he can keep the animals in California.

Another Brooklyn Belle's Suicide.

WOODHAVEN, L. I., Nov. 13.—Miss Gertrude Kimball, a Brooklyn society belle and a member of several of Brooklyn's amateur dramatic societies, committed suicide here by shooting herself to the heart. The suicide is supposed to be due to a love affair.

Two Men Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—Michael Regan, aged 31, and his grandson, John Regan, aged 3 years, were killed by a train on the Reading railroad in Manyunk last night while walking on the track.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 500 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SCHOOL BOOKS

New and Second hand. School Supplies

Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at

ALLEN,

The Stationer,

20 EAST FRONT STREET.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GILMAN FARM

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Snap Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, 101 Main St., No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.

NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Bros. Meat Market,
94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

AT THE

City Pharmacy

You may obtain DENTINE for your teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and any injurious substance.

SAPANACEUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

L. W. Randolph,

Successor to Field & Randolph

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Bartron and woodenware of all kinds. Crockery, Lamps, Fancy Frames, Hardware and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge. E. PRUCHT, No. 9 Somerset St.

Thousands in Successful use The CELEBRATED PERFECT RANGES WARM AIR FURNACES HOT WATER HEATERS manufactured by RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO. New 232 & 234 Water St. New York FOR SALE BY A. M. GRIFFEN, 12 EAST FRONT STREET.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Killer on Earth's Greatest Remedy for Corns, Bunions and all diseases of the feet.

WHY HE WEPT.

The Sad Tale of a Sympathetic Stranger and a Chronic Mourner.

He was lachrymose and callow, also young. He sat in a Grand street ferry boat and cried. The tears were not outward expressions of repentance, because he had been drinking too freely, but a sort of wet joy, such as affords some women delight at a funeral. His solo attracted the attention of a venerable bachelor sitting on the opposite side of the boat. Drawn by the welling evidences of apparent grief, the benevolent party crossed over to the young man and placed a comforting hand on his shoulder, saying in a soothing tone:

"My son, unburden your heart to me. Nothing may relieve you. Have you lost a father?"

"Y-y-yessir."

"Perhaps it was your sister. I lost a sister when I was about your age, eh?"

"No, sir; 'tain't m' sister. She's alive. Boo, hoo!"

"It may be your father. I know what it is to lose a father's care. Tell me, my son, was your father ill?"

"Yessir, m' father's dead!"

"How unfortunate! But cheer up, my son. The darkest cloud has a silver lining. May I ask when your father died?"

Here the young man's grief became uncontrollable. The tears rained down his cheeks and excited the deepest sympathies on the part of the comforter. When the young man had pulled himself together a bit he replied:

"He died s-six years ago, sir!"

The effect was electrical. The comforter arose and looked down severely upon the weeping youth. As he moved away from the unregenerate youth with a reproving gesture he exclaimed:

"Well, it takes you a long time to get over your grief!"—New York Sun.

Mr. Littlejohn—Will you dance me?
Miss Hesper—You'll excuse me.
Mr. Littlejohn—Pwomenade?
Miss Hesper—Hardly. I'm so unused to carving little ones I'm afraid I might let you drop.—Judge.

A Sad Accident.

Judge—You are charged, sir, with being the leader of a party which hunted down and lynched a horse thief. The days have gone by when citizens of this great commonwealth can thus take the law into their own hands. Prominent Citizen—I ain't guilty, Jedge. I'll tell you how it was. We caught the feller and his hands and feet. Notchin wrong about that, was there, Jedge?

"No; that was no doubt necessary."

"Well, Jedge, there was a storm comin' up and we didn't have him on an umbrella very well, so we stood him under a tree. That was all right, wasn't it?"

"Certainly."

"Well, the clouds kept gatherin' an' the wind was purty high, and we didn't want him blown away, so we tied a rope around his neck and fastened the other end to the limb above—not tight, Jedge, just soas to hold him—and we left him standin' solid on his feet. Nothin' wrong about that, was there?"

"Nothing at all."

"Then I kin be excused, can't I?"

"But the man was found suspended from that tree and stone dead the next morning."

"None of us had anything to do with that, Jedge. You see, we left him standin' there in good health and spirits, for we give him all he could drink when we said 'good-by,' but, you see, during the night the rain came up an' I 'spose his rope got purty wet and shrunk a couple o' feet. That's how the sad accident happened, Jedge."—New York Weekly.

He Didn't Call.

He timidly climbed up the brown stone steps.
He timidly rang the bell.
He felt that visit might be his last.
But why so he could not tell.

As he stood at the door the winter wind
Whirled in the streets of slush.
But above its roaring he heard her say:
"John, tell him that I am out.

As the door was opened with stately miss,
He said to the butler tall:
"Say go to Miss Jones with my compliments,
And tell her I did not call."
—Williams' Weekly.

A Definition.

Teacher—Now, boys, can any of you tell what is meant by posthumous works?

Boy in the head of the class!—Yes, sir; I can.

"Well, now, let me hear what it means."

"Sir, posthumous works are books which a man writes after he is dead."—London Tidbits.

Correct.

Teacher—Parse the word "man" in that sentence, Tommy. Tommy—Man is a common noun, masculine gender, and subject of—Teacher—Subject of what, Tommy? Tommy—Subject of woman. And the teacher smiled to herself and didn't correct him.—Kearney Enterprise.

Of One Mind.

First Convict—When my time's up I shall keep on making shoes.
Second Convict—And I shall keep on at my old work, too.
First Convict—Breaking stones!
Second Convict—No; laws.—Brooklyn Citizen.

Only a Question of Time.

"But, doctor, you said last week that the patient would certainly die, and now he is perfectly well."

"Madam, my confirmation of my prognosis is only a question of time."—Pingaree Bioctter.

Hospitable.

"Come and dine with me this evening."
"I can't."
"Why not?"
"I am going to see 'Hamlet.'"
"Bring him with you."—Journal Illustre.

True Affection.

Envelope—What do you want? Stamp—Do not regret me, I am stuck on you!—Lowell American.

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WILLIAM G. H. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Masonic Temple, corner Grove street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

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Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boas, $2.00.
Opossum Muff, $2.50.
Opossum Boas, $5.00.
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Leave Plainfield at 5:17, 6:40, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:27, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:17, 6:40, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave New York at 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave Somerset at 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night. Sunday at 8:15, 9:45, 11:00 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night.
Leave Bound Brook at 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night. Sunday at 8:15, 9:45, 11:00 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night.
Leave Dunellen at 6:20, 7:35, 8:35, 9:50 a. m., 12:35, 1:50, 3:05, 4:35, 5:50, 7:05, 8:20, 9:35, 10:50 p. m., 12:35 night. Sunday at 8:20, 9:50, 11:05 a. m., 12:35, 1:50, 3:05, 4:35, 5:50, 7:05, 8:20, 9:35, 10:50 p. m., 12:35 night.
Leave Bonnie Brae at 6:23, 7:38, 8:38, 9:53 a. m., 12:38, 1:53, 3:08, 4:38, 5:53, 7:08, 8:23, 9:38, 10:53 p. m., 12:38 night. Sunday at 8:23, 9:53, 11:08 a. m., 12:38, 1:53, 3:08, 4:38, 5:53, 7:08, 8:23, 9:38, 10:53 p. m., 12:38 night.
Leave Fanwood at 6:26, 7:41, 8:41, 9:56 a. m., 12:41, 1:56, 3:11, 4:41, 5:56, 7:11, 8:26, 9:41, 10:56 p. m., 12:41 night. Sunday at 8:26, 9:56, 11:11 a. m., 12:41, 1:56, 3:11, 4:41, 5:56, 7:11, 8:26, 9:41, 10:56 p. m., 12:41 night.
Leave Scotch Plains at 6:30, 7:45, 8:45, 10:00 a. m., 12:45, 2:00, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45, 11:00 p. m., 12:45 night. Sunday at 8:30, 10:00, 11:15 a. m., 12:45, 2:00, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45, 11:00 p. m., 12:45 night.
Leave Netherwood at 6:33, 7:48, 8:48, 10:03 a. m., 12:48, 2:03, 3:18, 4:48, 6:03, 7:18, 8:33, 9:48, 11:03 p. m., 12:48 night. Sunday at 8:33, 10:03, 11:18 a. m., 12:48, 2:03, 3:18, 4:48, 6:03, 7:18, 8:33, 9:48, 11:03 p. m., 12:48 night.
Leave Westfield at 6:36, 7:51, 8:51, 10:06 a. m., 12:51, 2:06, 3:21, 4:51, 6:06, 7:21, 8:36, 9:51, 11:06 p. m., 12:51 night. Sunday at 8:36, 10:06, 11:21 a. m., 12:51, 2:06, 3:21, 4:51, 6:06, 7:21, 8:36, 9:51, 11:06 p. m., 12:51 night.
Leave Garwood at 6:39, 7:54, 8:54, 10:09 a. m., 12:54, 2:09, 3:24, 4:54, 6:09, 7:24, 8:39, 9:54, 11:09 p. m., 12:54 night. Sunday at 8:39, 10:09, 11:24 a. m., 12:54, 2:09, 3:24, 4:54, 6:09, 7:24, 8:39, 9:54, 11:09 p. m., 12:54 night.
Leave Clark at 6:42, 7:57, 8:57, 10:12 a. m., 12:57, 2:12, 3:27, 4:57, 6:12, 7:27, 8:42, 9:57, 11:12 p. m., 12:57 night. Sunday at 8:42, 10:12, 11:27 a. m., 12:57, 2:12, 3:27, 4:57, 6:12, 7:27, 8:42, 9:57, 11:12 p. m., 12:57 night.
Leave Rahway at 6:47, 8:02, 9:02, 10:17 a. m., 1:02, 2:17, 3:32, 5:02, 6:17, 7:32, 8:47, 10:02, 11:17 p. m., 1:02 night. Sunday at 8:47, 10:17, 11:32 a. m., 1:02, 2:17, 3:32, 5:02, 6:17, 7:32, 8:47, 10:02, 11:17 p. m., 1:02 night.
Leave Elizabeth at 6:52, 8:07, 9:07, 10:22 a. m., 1:07, 2:22, 3:37, 5:07, 6:22, 7:37, 8:52, 10:07, 11:22 p. m., 1:07 night. Sunday at 8:52, 10:22, 11:37 a. m., 1:07, 2:22, 3:37, 5:07, 6:22, 7:37, 8:52, 10:07, 11:22 p. m., 1:07 night.
Leave Newark at 7:00, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30 a. m., 1:15, 2:30, 3:45, 5:15, 6:30, 7:45, 9:00, 10:15, 11:30 p. m., 1:15 night. Sunday at 9:00, 10:30, 11:45 a. m., 1:15, 2:30, 3:45, 5:15, 6:30, 7:45, 9:00, 10:15, 11:30 p. m., 1:15 night.
Arrive in New York at 7:30, 8:45, 9:45, 11:00 a. m., 1:45, 3:00, 4:15, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 1:45 night. Sunday at 9:30, 11:00, 12:15 p. m., 1:45, 3:00, 4:15, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 1:45 night.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 6:40, 6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:27, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 5:37, 6:40, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave New York at 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sunday at 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night.
Leave Somerset at 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night. Sunday at 8:15, 9:45, 11:00 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night.
Leave Bound Brook at 6:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night. Sunday at 8:15, 9:45, 11:00 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 3:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 12:30 night.
Leave Dunellen at 6:20, 7:35, 8:35, 9:50 a. m., 12:35, 1:50, 3:05, 4:35, 5:50, 7:05, 8:20, 9:35, 10:50 p. m., 12:35 night. Sunday at 8:20, 9:50, 11:05 a. m., 12:35, 1:50, 3:05, 4:35, 5:50, 7:05, 8:20, 9:35, 10:50 p. m., 12:35 night.
Leave Bonnie Brae at 6:23, 7:38, 8:38, 9:53 a. m., 12:38, 1:53, 3:08, 4:38, 5:53, 7:08, 8:23, 9:38, 10:53 p. m., 12:38 night. Sunday at 8:23, 9:53, 11:08 a. m., 12:38, 1:53, 3:08, 4:38, 5:53, 7:08, 8:23, 9:38, 10:53 p. m., 12:38 night.
Leave Fanwood at 6:26, 7:41, 8:41, 9:56 a. m., 12:41, 1:56, 3:11, 4:41, 5:56, 7:11, 8:26, 9:41, 10:56 p. m., 12:41 night. Sunday at 8:26, 9:56, 11:11 a. m., 12:41, 1:56, 3:11, 4:41, 5:56, 7:11, 8:26, 9:41, 10:56 p. m., 12:41 night.
Leave Scotch Plains at 6:30, 7:45, 8:45, 10:00 a. m., 12:45, 2:00, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45, 11:00 p. m., 12:45 night. Sunday at 8:30, 10:00, 11:15 a. m., 12:45, 2:00, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45, 11:00 p. m., 12:45 night.
Leave Netherwood at 6:33, 7:48, 8:48, 10:03 a. m., 12:48, 2:03, 3:18, 4:48, 6:03, 7:18, 8:33, 9:48, 11:03 p. m., 12:48 night. Sunday at 8:33, 10:03, 11:18 a. m., 12:48, 2:03, 3:18, 4:48, 6:03, 7:18, 8:33, 9:48, 11:03 p. m., 12:48 night.
Leave Westfield at 6:36, 7:51, 8:51, 10:06 a. m., 12:51, 2:06, 3:21, 4:51, 6:06, 7:21, 8:36, 9:51, 11:06 p. m., 12:51 night. Sunday at 8:36, 10:06, 11:21 a. m., 12:51, 2:06, 3:21, 4:51, 6:06, 7:21, 8:36, 9:51, 11:06 p. m., 12:51 night.
Leave Garwood at 6:39, 7:54, 8:54, 10:09 a. m., 12:54, 2:09, 3:24, 4:54, 6:09, 7:24, 8:39, 9:54, 11:09 p. m., 12:54 night. Sunday at 8:39, 10:09, 11:24 a. m., 12:54, 2:09, 3:24, 4:54, 6:09, 7:24, 8:39, 9:54, 11:09 p. m., 12:54 night.
Leave Clark at 6:42, 7:57, 8:57, 10:12 a. m., 12:57, 2:12, 3:27, 4:57, 6:12, 7:27, 8:42, 9:57, 11:12 p. m., 12:57 night. Sunday at 8:42, 10:12, 11:27 a. m., 12:57, 2:12, 3:27, 4:57, 6:12, 7:27, 8:42, 9:57, 11:12 p. m., 12:57 night.
Leave Rahway at 6:47, 8:02, 9:02, 10:17 a. m., 1:02, 2:17, 3:32, 5:02, 6:17, 7:32, 8:47, 10:02, 11:17 p. m., 1:02 night. Sunday at 8:47, 10:17, 11:32 a. m., 1:02, 2:17, 3:32, 5:02, 6:17, 7:32, 8:47, 10:02, 11:17 p. m., 1:02 night.
Leave Elizabeth at 6:52, 8:07, 9:07, 10:22 a. m., 1:07, 2:22, 3:37, 5:07, 6:22, 7:37, 8:52, 10:07, 11:22 p. m., 1:07 night. Sunday at 8:52, 10:22, 11:37 a. m., 1:07, 2:22, 3:37, 5:07, 6:22, 7:37, 8:52, 10:07, 11:22 p. m., 1:07 night.
Leave Newark at 7:00, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30 a. m., 1:15, 2:30, 3:45, 5:15, 6:30, 7:45, 9:00, 10:15, 11:30 p. m., 1:15 night. Sunday at 9:00, 10:30, 11:45 a. m., 1:15, 2:30, 3:45, 5:15, 6:30, 7:45, 9:00, 10:15, 11:30 p. m., 1:15 night.
Arrive in New York at 7:30, 8:45, 9:45, 11:00 a. m., 1:45, 3:00, 4:15, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 1:45 night. Sunday at 9:30, 11:00, 12:15 p. m., 1:45, 3:00, 4:15, 5:45, 7:00, 8:15, 9:30, 10:45 p. m., 1:45 night.

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"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, lamps, laces, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by
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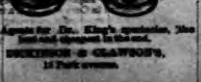
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DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
15 Park avenue.

BRIC-A-BRAC.

Bronzes, both French and rust, find ready customers.

Quite new are the high lamps on artistically wrought iron pedestals.

The Chinese cactus and tulips for laying on the tablecloth find purchasers.

Terra cotta statuettes are out in new designs that will be sure to please.

Tete-a-tete sets in handsome cases are decidedly seasonable at the present time.

Coalport china receptacles are attractive from their pure whiteness and original forms.

Marble figures and busts are favorites in house decoration, notably the exquisite Carrara marbles.

Real Berlin bronzes are imported in large numbers to supply the increased demand for this class of ornaments.

Wedding gifts of choice china and glass are now in order; those in satin lined plush and velvet cases find ready sale.

Some of the 5-o'clock tea kettles are swung from high standards that rest on the floor; others swing over a spirit lamp, and rest on the table.

Cut glass tableware now comes in such unique shapes and designs that in many dining rooms it has become a powerful rival to silverware.

There are flower stands in basket work, made on the same plan as the palm leaf table, in three tiers, the basket large enough to hold a growing flower.

The Carlsbad ivoryware affords many pleasing designs in vases, urns and mantel pieces, with pierced handles and designs wrought in raised gold.

Vases of Bone ware, in tapestry ornamentation, afford pleasing flower receptacles. The same may be said for the jardinières of Bonn faience with gilt decorations.

There is a long range of inexpensive but attractive articles in bamboo, such as the bamboo easels for drapings, and the tubes for the corners of rooms and for laying on dinner tables.

One of the handsomest piano lamps seen this month rested on a Mexican onyx column. Others were shown in Mexican onyx pedestals elaborately carved and furthermore decorated with gilt trimmings.

The French porcelain plates decorated with hand painted portraits of celebrated French beauties are more than popular in their way as are the French miniatures of court beauties that are mounted on brooches and bracelets.

A novelty in standing lamps is one having a telescopic standard, by which the light may be raised or lowered at pleasure. One seen had a stuffed bird perched on the standard. This bird apparently supported the lamp with its decorative shade of silk and lace.—Jewelers' Circular.

BIG THINGS IN THE WORLD.

The largest empire in the world is that of Great Britain.

The most extensive cavern is the Mammoth cave, in Edmonson county, Ky.

The Chinese wall is the largest wall in the world. It was built by the first emperor of the Tsin dynasty, about 220 B. C., as a protection against Tartars.

The largest body of fresh water on the globe is Lake Superior. It is 400 miles long, 160 miles wide at its greatest breadth, and has an area of 32,000 square miles.

The largest inland sea is the Caspian, lying between Europe and Asia. Its greatest length is 760 miles, its greatest breadth 270 miles and its area 156,800 square miles.

The largest suspension bridge in the world is the one between Brooklyn and New York. The length of the main span is 1,595 feet, 6 inches. The entire length of the bridge is 3,989 feet.

The largest bell in the world is the great bell of Moscow, at the foot of the Kremlin. Its circumference at the base is nearly 68 feet and its height is 21 feet. Its weight has been computed to be 443,772 pounds.

The largest tunnel in the world is that of St. Gothard, on the line of railroad between Lucerne and Milan. The summit of the tunnel is 960 feet beneath the surface at Andermatt and 6,900 feet beneath the peak of Kastelhorn, of the St. Gothard group.

The largest library is the Bibliotheque National, in Paris, founded by Louis XIV. It contains 1,400,000 volumes, 300,000 pamphlets, 175,000 manuscripts, 300,000 maps and charts, and 150,000 coins and medals. The collection of engravings numbers 1,300,000, contained in some 10,000 volumes.

A cast steel gun weighing 235 tons has just been shipped by Messrs. Krupp from Hamburg for Cronstadt. The caliber of the gun is 13½ inches, the barrel is 40 feet in length, its greatest diameter being 6½ feet. The range of the gun is over eleven miles, and it will fire with a charge of 660 pounds of cocoing between 2250 and 2300.—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

PHOTOGRAPHIC NOTES.

A good method for making a quicksilver print without toning is to wash thoroughly after printing, soak in a solution of common salt, and then fix in hyposulphite of sodium, as usual.

Capt. de Abney states that, out of 10,000 people who take photographs, scarcely 1 per cent. know or care anything for the "why and wherefore," or investigate it as an applied science.

From a recent paper on dark light photography by Mr. F. W. Hart, of London, the following points of interest are given: "In photographing by magnesium light, the principal object should be to produce breadth of lighting, so as to give as near as possible the effect of the parallel rays of daylight."

A correspondent of The British Journal of Photography, having found by a twenty minutes' exposure in photographing the moon, that the moon's travel nearly the length of his plate during the exposure, suggests that photography might be made a means of measuring the movement of the heavenly bodies.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

Iron can be coppered by dipping it into melted copper, the surface of which is protected by a melted layer of cryolite and phosphoric acid, the articles thus treated being heated to the same temperature as the melted copper.

In experiments made in France, where sheets of cellulose were used for sheathing ships' bottoms instead of copper, it was found that the plates were intact and free from marine growth, which was abundant on parts not protected by the celluloid.

Watch springs, piano strings and similar articles have been successfully tempered by electricity. The steel is wound on a spool, placed in an oil bath, and by the electric current kept at the exact degree of redness necessary for the temper required.

A large and very important discovery of uranium is reported in Cornwall. It is a true pitch blende vein, the ore containing an average of 1 per cent. of the pure metal, going up as high in many places as 20 per cent. The richer parts of uranium is $21,000 a ton.

FASHIONS FOR MEN.

Fancy vests are in favor.

Golden rust is a favorite glove color.

Full dress vests are of black, cream and white silks.

Solid fast black hose, with fancy tops and heels, are favorites.

White neckwear promises to be fashionable throughout the season.

The standing collar, turnover fronts, with space, is the correct style.

Large, English puff scarfs, in light weight silks, are in active demand.

Spear points are displacing stitching and embroidery in men's gloves.

Riding whips, canes and umbrella handles are now selling best in silver finishes.

Underwear is the only article of attire in which stripes are not prime favorites.

The puff scarf, particularly the Malvern shape, is sure to be much of a success this season.

Links continue to grow in favor, and jewelers are exerting themselves in new ideas and finishes.

New socks shown for fall are of the pleated variety. This comes from the influence of the pleated puff.

A set of shirt studs is made to represent three green peas. These make a nice set for a vegetarian.

In printed linen handkerchiefs, small, neat spots have replaced the heavy color effects so painfully in evidence.

Silk vest chains in white, white and black, black, brown, and brown and white are among the novelties.

The newest shades of London scarfings are in peculiarly rich tones of gray, denominated smoke, slate and elephant.

The new four-in-hands will beat the record in size. Two and a half to three inches are the correct proportions, with the latter in the lead.

Pearl colored gloves, with self black stitching of medium width, continue in popular favor as the correct hand wear for evening dress.

The correct cut for trousers is nineteen and one-half inches wide at the knee, eighteen and three-quarters at the bottom, straight and without crease.

The inclination to knee breeches, cape coats, etc., shows that the ruling generation long to get back to the clothes that their great-grandaddies wore.

The overcoat question may be summed up in a few words: they are a trifle louder, with their wide seams and straps, than heretofore, and growing horrier in shape.

Large plaids, checks and stripes, as well as combination effects, are shown in smoking jackets. All jackets of this description are now cut short, instead of being bound with braid.—Clothier and Furnisher.

BRIC-A-BRAC.

Mantel ornaments in fine earthenware are again very popular.

Four strawberries imitated in biscuit, and each having a smiling Cupid's face showing through a spray of Virginia-creeper-nuts, make an attractive cologne receptacle.

Olive and pickle dishes of cut glass, decorated with the leaves of oak and maple trees, the veins being delicately enameled, are handsome additions to table service.

A small oval mirror, swung between two springs of oak held in the hands of a shapely Cupid, constitutes an ornament of great attractiveness for the toilet table in silver bronze.

That ever changeful and fickle goddess, Fashion, has revived the banquet lamps which years ago were very popular. The present style is rather taller than that formerly affected.

Glass salad bowls imported this season are very artistic. One, which is of unusual thickness, has pictures of various European races engraved on its surface, and has inspired considerable admiration.

The face of an eight day clock showing through the head of a barrel, held in the mouth of a fish's mouth, the animal's tail, is unique. A brewer of Teutonic countenance stands on the head of the monster, his arm resting on the barrel.

California onyx is a substance which this season is being extensively used for parlor clocks. The stone, which has a reddish brown, mottled appearance, is exported to Europe in a crude state and returned in the shape of various household ornaments.—Jewelers' Weekly.

THE LATEST IN JEWELS.

Silver bead necklaces are quite as popular as those of gold.

Mourning jewelry, like Banquo's ghost, won't be downed.

Chased silver lover's knots are scarf pins in demand at present.

Link cuff buttons, devised as diminutive bonanzas, are an innovation.

A crescent, pointing toward an oval on each side of a diamond star, is a favorite brooch design.

There is no diminution in the sale of bangle bracelets, the ladies affecting them as much as ever.

Knife edged bars, ornamented with enameled garnet stars, are a pleasing addition to lace pins.

A rival to the expensive garter clasp is the new silver and gold stocking supporters now on the market.

Cloak buckles in various sizes, of the most exquisite pierced work in silver, are a fad among the ladies.

A semicircle of diamonds, slightly raised above an opal pearl, is a scarf pin top at once attractive and rich.

A novel conception in scarp pins is a gold anvil, in the front of which is sunk a perpendicular line of diamonds.—Jewelers' Review.

MORSELS OF GASTRONOMY.

Tons of honey are shipped from San Diego, Cal.

Japanese persimmons are large and luscious.

Mongrel geese are very delicate and toothsome.

Maryland oyster packers have put up prices.

Last election day France ate 432,800 pounds of oysters.

The sugar crop of Yucatan is smaller than usual this year.

A Nebraska man has raised a beet more than three feet long.

The sausage and the buckwheat cake are gastronomic Siamese twins.

There is only one vineyard in Great Britain from which wine is made.

What an ordinary man eats during his life time would load twenty freight cars.

Three bushels of potatoes from one hill is the claim of a West Virginia farmer.

The guests of the United States hotel, Saratoga, consumed 5,000 eggs in one day last summer.—Hotel Mail.

NOVELTIES IN LINEN.

The elegant silk warp linens are among the most beautiful fabrics yet shown.

A gorgeous orange cover has large floral patterns with doves flying among the flowers.

Some handsome plain surface cloths have a large medallion center and a border to match.

The pink, blue, straw, buff, ecru and pea-green covers are either fringed or deeply hemstitched.

Napkins are of the usual size, and match the cloths and center pieces with which they are to be used.

For lunch and tea cloths the delicate colored spreads are still used, and are shown in exceedingly rich patterns.

For the hemstitched borders the hem is two inches wide, and for the napkins accompanying the set one inch in width.

The cheaper grades of cloths are good and firm and in artistic patterns, while the satin damasks are things of beauty.

Other cloths had no decorations except a deep border representing a waving satin ribbon or a succession of fine satin lines.

Some covers are hand embroidered in wide patterns on perfectly plain grounds; others display several rows of Mexican work.

Among the most serviceable and, at the same time, the newest center pieces, doilies and carving clothes are those which are finished in the German spachtel work.

Other doilies are of fine white or cream china silk, hemstitched or fringe, and painted with bits of color taken from Japanese fans. Here an old flower, there a mandarin or a strange foreign scene.

A delicate but decided salmon colored spread is richly covered with Egyptian designs of spinxes, obelisks, pyramids and other figures, each one standing out plainly from the brilliant ground.

The doilies are exquisite works of art, and some are mere scraps of white, pink, blue, buff or green satin damask, with a rough pond lily, rose or daffodil artistically stamped on their smooth surface, and with fringed borders.

The German spachtel work is a strong embroidery in the linen which, being cut out, leaves a handsome, durable, open work embroidery. This embroidery is a favorite ornamentation this season, and appears on bed spreads and pillow shams as well.

The choicest patterns are the ash leaf pattern, the oak flower, large clusters and vines of wild roses, the red clover, leaf and blossom, large lozenges, clusters of lily of the valley and great pond lilies floating on a fine satin damask surface, all of natural size.

A rose color cloth has a rustic border of wheat and forget-me-nots drawn with artistic accuracy, and a pretty amber cloth is crowded with dancing figures of nymphs and other graceful figures, while still another represents scenes in a Roman chariot race.

Another design in doilies is a faint shade of pink or blue faille, finishing nicely with a hemstitched border and a quiet bit of landscape painted with a few dainty touches, in monotone, or a sea view, a snow scene, or a branch with a bird, or birds in any possible arrangement.—Good Housekeeping.

"ATCHISON PHILOSOPHY."

It is harder to hate folks than it is to like them.

A cynic is a man who has much to do with the world and its people.

Yesterday he said he was his best friend; today he had a fight with him.

Men seldom die from overwork, though they often die from over worry.

If you ever expect to get rich, you must make money when times are hard.

Some men would rather be able to kill a quail at every shot than to preach it.

Some men are neither good nor bad, and there is no demand for the indifferent.

A flatterer does not fall as soon as he deserves, but when he does fall he falls harder.

The man who is mean to his own children is usually very good to the children of others.

No wonder so many people prefer to travel in the beaten paths; there are not so many jolts.

The easiest way for a good wife to get along pleasantly is to practice what her husband preaches.

It can be said to the credit of the women that they admire those men most who talk most about their wives.

A worthless man is one who does nothing during the day, but is greatly rushed with business after supper.

No man knoweth what a day may bring forth, but he can guess within one of it; it will either be death or trouble.

When a man catches the itch he does not believe it a long time, because he has been associating with are such nice men that he cannot believe it.

When you think of the ease with which you may be untrue to your friends, you should think of the ease with which your friends may be untrue to you.—Atchison Globe.

LEGAL DON'TS ABOUT WILLS.

Don't leave anything uncertain in a will.

Don't mention people by their nicknames.

Don't let a person interested in it be a witness.

Don't try to devise real property to an alien.

Don't make a will without two witnesses; better three.

Don't neglect to declare it to be your last will and testament.

Don't make a new will unless you revoke or destroy the old one.

Don't make a will that does not provide for children that may be born.

Don't try to force a wife to accept certain property instead of dower.

Don't neglect to make your witnesses write their full names and addresses.

Don't fail to specify which one is meant when two bear the same name.

Don't add a codicil unless you execute it in the same way as the original will.

Don't forget that if a woman your marriage will invalidate a will already made.

Don't allow a minor to will away personal property unless 18, if male, and 16, if female.

Don't make a new will without specifically revoking the prior one and physically destroying it.

Don't imagine that the contents of a lost will may not be proved by good evidence.—Lawyer Lockwood in Boston Budget.

The Russian nut, with coarse cotton, is now made in mohair of every color. It is likely to be a popular material for home evening wear.

Fur boas are to be worn the coming season. At last writing, bear is the leading fur in this line, followed closely by black marten and both black and natural lynx.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys, 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St.

ARE YOU DISSATISFIED

WITH THE WEAR OF YOUR DAUGHTER'S SCHOOL SHOES, IF SO, WE WOULD LIKE YOU TO TRY A PAIR OF OUR CALF SHOES, WE FIND FROM EXPERIENCE THAT THEY WEAR ALMOST AS LONG AGAIN AS THE GOAT OR KID. WE HAVE THEM NOW IN LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SIZES, AS WELL AS FOR MEN AND BOYS. WE THINK IT WOULD PAY YOU TO INVEST IN THIS SORT OF A SHOE.

DOANE & VanARSDALE'S,

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT BOOM IN OVERCOATS,

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Parlor, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.

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Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase.

The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, Of CHICAGO, Illinois.

CHARTS and PARLOR.

Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and well Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

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R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

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(Just below the post office) Dealer in

ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES,
WARDROBES,
CHIFFONIERS
and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

116 and 118 NORTH AVENUE.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets full lined) dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lumber Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

No. 41 SOUTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

North America of Philadelphia, Phenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

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CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

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FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

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LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

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What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the home owner get? No gain for results. What are they likely to be? Values for your economy on one hand; a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other. Good intentions prevent neither. Mercial: (Established 1881; Incorporated 1885; At the head of the profession 1891.)

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park Avenue.

PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—Meeting for men only at Music Hall to-morrow evening.

—Don't forget the Bicycle Club games at the Crescent to-night.

—Stenography is one of the new studies which is being taught at St. Mary's Parochial school.

—The regular weekly meeting of the Plainfield Reform Club will be held this evening in Reform Hall.

—Five new buildings, with stores on the first floors and flats above, are in process of erection in Plainfield.

—The rain storms the past week have greatly interfered with the mason work on the Somerset street bridge.

—At the next meeting of the Catholic Young Men's Literary Union, the semi-annual election of officials will occur.

—Some very good matches have been played between members of the Crescent League at their alleys on East Second street.

—A runaway horse attached to a phaeton collided with a tie-post on Madison avenue this morning. One wheel was wrecked.

—At the conclusion of the Bicycle tournament this evening, the visiting cyclers will be entertained at the club house by a "smoker."

—A prominent Plainfield merchant, a Republican, remarked to-day: "We don't want such a man as City Clerk and we won't have him."

—A number of Plainfielders have been invited to attend a musicale to be given by the Alpine Club of Bound Brook on November 20th.

—A household bazaar is being arranged by the ladies of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church. It will occur about the middle of December.

—Fires were started in the Crescent rink yesterday, in order that the building may be thoroughly heated for the games of the Bicycle club to-night.

—A stone wall has been built along Green brook between Washington avenue and Grove street, to prevent the water from washing the earth away.

—A ladies' meeting was held at the W. C. T. U. rooms this afternoon to pray for the success of the gospel temperance work now going on at Music Hall.

—It is reported that a number of citizens are about to circulate a petition requesting the railroad company to remove the freight house to the other end of the city.

—Sheriff Tunison took Thomas Wilson and William Hall to the State Prison from Somerville on Monday. This was his last official trip as sheriff of Somerset county.

—The Friday evening meeting at the Seventh-day Baptist church will be omitted this week in order to give those who desire a chance to attend the Gospel temperance meeting in Music Hall.

—There is some talk of enlarging the *foundry* at the *Pond Tool and Machine Works*. The present structure is not large enough to carry on the constantly increasing business of this prosperous concern.

—The members of the Park Avenue Social Club are arranging to take a band with them on their target excursion to Summit on Thanksgiving Day. They will be entertained by the Summit Lyceum.

—Park avenue is not wide enough for the traffic on that thoroughfare. This morning several blocks occurred, delaying vehicles some time, and occasioning great inconvenience to persons in a hurry.

—The Somerset County Board of Freeholders held a *meeting in the Court House at Somerville* yesterday and after discussing several matters of importance, adjourned until Tuesday morning at ten o'clock.

—On Tuesday the mud was scraped from the surface of Park avenue and left standing in heaps along the gutters. Wagons driven along the curb splash the mud over passing pedestrians, greatly to their discomfort.

—It has been reported that a lamp explosion started a small fire in the residence of Mr. F. M. French, on Craig place yesterday. Mr. French denied the rumor when questioned about it by a NEWS reporter yesterday afternoon.

—The parlor sale under the auspices of the King's Daughters at Mrs. George Opdyke's was brought to a close yesterday afternoon. The sale was more successful than had been anticipated even by the ladies who had it in charge. The proceeds will be used to meet the demands of those in distress among us.

—On Saturday morning Mr. Burdick will occupy Dr. Lewis's pulpit in the Seventh Day Baptist church using a theme appropriate to "Y. M. C. A. day." All are cordially invited to this service. If not prevented by ill health Dr. Lewis will be absent, in attendance upon the yearly meeting of the Seventh-day Baptist churches of New Jersey and New York city at Shiloh.

Injured by a Brick.

While Martin McCarthy, of West Third street, a bricklayer employed on the new building now being erected by Miller Bros. on the corner of Park avenue and Fourth street, was at work in the cellar of the building this morning, a brick dropped from the third floor above and struck him on the head. A deep gash was cut, from which blood flowed freely. Dr. Prudence dressed the wound.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Shiltz's drug store for this month is as follows:

November,	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1889.			
Friday	46	56	50
Saturday	46	56	50
Sunday	46	56	50
Monday	46	56	50
Tuesday	46	56	50
Wednesday	46	56	50
Thursday	46	56	50
Friday	46	56	50
Saturday	46	56	50
Sunday	46	56	50
Monday	46	56	50
Tuesday	46	56	50
Wednesday	46	56	50
Thursday	46	56	50

AN ENJOYABLE CLASS REUNION.

High School Graduates Entertain Their Friends.

The reunion of the Class of '79, Plainfield High School, was held last evening. It was in all respects an unqualified success, and had a very enjoyable air of spontaneity about it. The meeting took place at the residence of Mr. George B. Titsworth. Assisted by his charming wife, Mr. Titsworth ministered to the wishes of his guests admirably.

A piano solo by Miss Dunn opened the programme. She played with all her accustomed taste and expression. The recollections of her good musical work, when, as Miss Gardner, she played so often at the morning assembly in chapel, were vivid and pleasurable. In the "address of welcome" by the class president, the host, a cordial greeting was extended to the assembled class and their guests. He made appropriate reference to the two members who were absent in both body and spirit. Regret was also expressed for the absence of Miss Bulkley, now traveling abroad.

Mr. F. G. Fosdick rendered very beautifully a violin solo, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Downs. "Class Reminiscences" were read by the secretary, Mrs. C. F. French. These were in a light and humorous vein, replete with scenes of certain happenings in and out of the class-room. "Echos of Commencement" was a theme upon which Mrs. J. J. Leppa played all the changes. Her allusions to the personal characteristics, tastes and ideas of the different class members were highly entertaining, and crowded with happy hits. C. A. Smith was the vocalist of this evening, and right well was her share of the programme executed. The Class Poet, Mr. Franklin B. Wiley, read the following original lines:

On the wind of the autumn night
From far and near, and low,
The echoed strain of a farewell song
That we sang long ago;
Thrillingly soft and sweet
It all our hearts with a strange delight,
And our eyes with unshed tears.

For it carries us back to the time
When we were young and merry,
And life was a round of study and romps
And happy summers and fall.
It carries us back to the time
When we were all together,
Through the autumn chill and the winter cold,
And the golden spring tide weather.

On the wind of the autumn night
'Tis borne from the days after,
When our class of '79 were as bright
and high
As seven's silvery star,
When each heart beat quick and the color
flamed
In each youthful earnest face,
As we thought how we should surprise the
the world
And step in the foremost place.

We sang it first in June
When we left our school and
And we hear it now in the autumn night
When the leaves are turning red.
And we think of those that died
Like flowers of icy-cold June,
And the sweet voice of the junior chord
Is heard through the olden tune.

Then proud, and clear, and high
Rings out our class song,
Of encouragement for every one
Who sang it long ago.
We sang ten years ago.

Later in the regular order of exercises was an interesting account, by the class historian, Mr. F. S. Smith, of the post-graduate doings of each member of '79. It furnished much pleasant personal information in an exceeding droll style.

Out of '79's eighteen graduates, eight of the young women have married, while but two of the men have become Benedicts. Letters and telegrams from absent members were then read, among which were interesting epistles from Miss Bulkley and Mrs. Sayre (nee Stevens) both former teachers of the class. Miss Bliss, also a teacher, was present in person. At the close of the regular programme it was unanimously voted to send a cablegram of greeting to Miss Bulkley, now in Germany, and a committee was appointed to transmit the message. Refreshments were served, and after singing in chorus the company dispersed.

PERSONAL.

Mr. James Mallon, Sr., of West Fifth street, is dangerously ill.

Mr. Fraxon Thorn, of East Second street, is the happy father of a bouncing baby boy.

Mr. Charles E. Bos of North Plainfield has obtained a patent for a color, form and number board.

The Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D., has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able *to go out-doors*.

Miss Marie C. Lotsbaum, of 101 Brook avenue, North Plainfield, entered this morning for a two weeks' visit with a cousin, at the Inglewood Seminary, Inglewood, New Jersey.

The Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, will occupy the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church on Thanksgiving Day. Union services will be held there.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Mahon, of 16 La Grande avenue, left to-day for Grand Avenue Hotel, Asbury Park, where they will remain a week. Mrs. Mahon expects to receive much benefit from the sea air.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Philipana Zimmer, mother of Mr. Charles Zimmer, of West Front street, took place from the German Reformed church at half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Sheriff-elect Coddington, of Somerset county, took the oath of office before Judge Bartine, Jameson and Ten Eyck Tuesday morning. County Clerk Schomp administered the oath. He also filed his bond for $20,000, giving as sureties Messrs. A. I. Coddington, P. Major, Peter Strive, W. A. Schomp, W. W. Tunison and Thos. Coddington.

Two Pairs of Twins.

After John M. Jackson, the fire-bug, was sentenced to imprisonment in Trenton, his wife gave birth to twins, both girls. A similar occurrence has occurred in the birth of girl twins last night at the house of Harry Forrester's widow, Grove street. Mrs. Forrester is in destitute circumstances!

The Union County Court is now busy trying criminal cases.

THE TRUE SOLUTION.

HOW PLAINFIELD MAY BE SAVED FROM THE SALOON.

What Lecturer Burdick Thinks It Is Necessary for Temperance Men to do.

Last evening being the regular prayer meeting night at many of the churches in the city, and also owing to a measure to be storm, there was a small attendance at Music Hall. Dean Rollman lead the devotional exercises and Miss Alice Smith, superintendent of the Elmhurst Garden branch of the W. C. T. U. work, played the piano. The violin and cornet accompaniments were missed last night.

F. A. BURDICK, THE TEMPERANCE LECTURER.

Lecturer Burdick, whose portrait we present to-day, and whose stirring addresses are arousing so much interest in the temperance campaign, confined his remarks last evening to illustrations of the effect of prayerful, earnest, hand-to-hand work in the spread of temperance principles. Until Christians band themselves together and pray for the divine blessing to follow them in the work, there will be no perceptible change in local conditions. Plainfield's best and highest interests can only be made secure through the utter banishment of the dram shop, and no citizen who really desires to see Plainfield prosper will deny that the saloon is a menace to all that elevates and ennobles the young men within its borders.

The meeting to-morrow evening will be under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., and the announcement has been made that it is exclusively for men.

Legion of Honor Convention.

The annual session of the Grand Council of the State of New Jersey, American Legion of Honor, opened Tuesday in Passaic. A full representation from all parts of the State were present. Energetic measures for the advancement of the Order were adopted. Reports of the various committees were read and the officers for the ensuing year were elected. At the conclusion of the session a banquet was tendered. The Grand Council will hold its next session in Elizabeth on the second Tuesday of November, 1890. Messrs. J. F. Allis and I. A. Hammeo, were the delegates of Ivanhoe Council, No. 1074, of this city.

Attempted to Clear the House.

John Burns, of Elmwood place, spent yesterday among convivial companions. Last evening, when he went to his home, he was so full of Jersey lightning that he could no longer restrain a grudge which he bore toward a neighbor. He ordered her to vacate the premises. The woman refused to obey, but shut the door on such a stormy night, and summoned Policemen Flanagan and Giss. These obliging gentlemen escorted the irrepressible John to the station house, where he spent the night. This morning he was arraigned before City Judge Schlicher.

He pleaded guilty to the charge and the Judge imposed a five-dollar fine.

Nearly $55,000 in Fees.

The following allowances have been made for counsel and other fees in the Latimer will case: Ex-Chancellor Runyon has received $5,000 for his services; J. R. English, of Elizabeth, $4,500; Clark & Read, of this city, $4,000 as the representatives of twenty-nine heirs, and ex-Chancellor Williamson, $750. Ex-Judge Nelson Runyon will receive, as administrator of the estate, pendente lite, about $5,000. The executors, Messrs. J. Fred MacDonald, William H. Shotwell and Nelson Runyon, will receive about $12,500 each in allowances, before the estate is adjusted.

A Small Fire.

Shortly after ten o'clock last night, as Mr. Ephraim Hedden, of this city, was passing the butcher shop of Mr. N. B. Smalley, on Somerset street, he noticed smoke issuing from the building. He looked for the cause and found a lot of wood on fire in the butcher shop next door. Mr. Hedden notified the building by the door and extinguished the fire. An employe of Mr. John Liable had put some wood on a stove to dry over night and it had taken fire as above stated.

Both Legs Cut Off.

Michael Mulvey, of Bound Brook, a brakeman on a Philadelphia & Reading fast freight train, had both legs cut off by the cars in the railroad yards at Philadelphia yesterday afternoon. He has been in the employ of the Philadelphia and Reading Company about four months, and is a general favorite with all who know him. He is a member of the Knights of Honor, and at the time of the accident he will receive a monthly benefit from that society.

Bowling at Dunellen.

To-morrow morning at ten o'clock the Middlesex and Somerset Bowling League will hold the final game of the series on the Dunellen Bowling Green. It is expected that the game will be a lively one.

PLAINFIELD'S GOOD SHOWING.

An Extract from the Annual Report of the Board of Health.

Mr. C. B. Leonard, City Auditor, City Clerk, and Secretary of the Board of Health, has furnished for publication the following extract from his annual statement to the State Board of Health:

"The work of the Board the past twelve months has been directed mostly in the line of preventionary action and warning to prevent the existence of accustomed nuisances and, hence, the absence of the Board of Health during the causes of preventable disease. The thorough inspection of yards and the removal of debris from the premises have resulted in comparative cleanliness and a fair degree of exemption from sickness. No epidemics have existed nor any unrelated disease—there having been reported on an average less than one case per week of sickness of a communicable character.

"The corporate limits cover an area of 3,500 acres and include 11,000 or more inhabitants of which the population of about 11,500 people occupy less than one-fourth of this territory. Being the older and more thickly settled part of the city. The garbage collections have been performed with only a degree of partial satisfaction, but the Board expects the coming year to greatly improve. An effort has been made to have occupants of houses provide suitable vessels for the reception of kitchen refuse so as to keep it separate from ashes and rubbish. House-keepers generally have not yet exercised the necessary to a systematic method of caring for their kitchen waste which the Board of Ordinances requires. But progress is being made in this direction.

"Perhaps no more imperative duty commands itself to the Board than in the line of the health of the citizens, than the absolute necessity of watching the condition of the numerous privies and vaults within our jurisdiction. The contents of these underground receptacles are cleaned out and removed by the scavengers appointed. The difficulty of a proper disposal of the emptyings is a source of annoyance and dissatisfaction. During the year 706 cesspools and vaults have been emptied and cleaned.

"In addition to a constant examination of those nuisances and dangers, a close inspection has been kept of the surface nuisances such as hidden, privy-yards, accumulations of refuse materials, etc., and the use of disinfectants has been made in all cases, and whether ordered by the Board or by individuals or grounds, they have been under consideration and treatment. The subject of public sewerage for a large portion of the city is a considerable discussion and examination. A plan has been proposed which seems the only feasible one for a level area like Plainfield where there is no tide outlet. It is a dual system of purification of the sewage and its intermittent filtration through properly graded and underdrained land, allowing the effluent to pass off into Green brook within the city limits.

"The number of births reported through return of vital statistics, the registration of which by the secretary shows for the twelve months ending Oct. 1, 1889, the following recapitulation:

"Marriages solemnized, 97; births attended, 251; still births, 5; deaths occurring, 185, (being 39 of 5 years and under, 69 from 5 to 60 years and 57 of 60 years and over.)"

Musicale at Finderne.

The chrysanthemum show and musicale at the residence of Mr. John C. Shaw, Finderne, on Monday and Tuesday evenings was a complete success so far as the exhibition and the music were concerned. On Tuesday evening there was a large attendance, but Monday evening was stormy and only a few came. The house was thrown open again last evening, but the night was stormy and only the faithful few were there.

At the musicale Mr. Robert Ireland, the champion bag-pipe player of the United States, and Mr. Frank Bowlby, who recently arrived in this country from Scotland, delighted the guests. The latter, danced the highland fling, the sailor's horn-pipe and several other fancy terpsichorean studies to the notes of the merry bag-pipe. He was attired in Highland costume.

Prof. Bartow, of Bound Brook, accompanied by Miss Phillips, executed several solos on the violin. His playing was heartily applauded. Miss Kate Opdyke, of Somerville, and Mrs. S. D. Lee, of New York, favored the guests with vocal selections, Miss Opdyke on Monday and the latter on Tuesday evening. Miss Hannah Sloane, also of New York, rendered selections on the piano both evenings, and the Rev. Mr. Riddle, of Falls Church, Va., gave a reading.

There were many exhibits of chrysanthemums on exhibition, nearly all of which were grown from seedlings at Finderne. The show was a decided success, the handsome home of Mr. Shaw, which stands on high ground and can be seen for some distance, was illuminated with Chinese lanterns and with fire-balls. Altogether the show was a credit to everyone concerned in it.

A Musical Treat.

Lovers of light opera will have a good opportunity of having their tastes gratified at Music Hall next Thursday, Nov. 21, when the Carleton Opera Company will appear in the latest of New York successes, "The Brigands." Although Mr. W. T. Carleton heads this company and appears in one of the leading parts, he has surrounded himself with artists of excellent reputation, which affords him an opportunity to give a representation satisfactory in every detail. As the cast shows, there are several favorites in "The Brigands," who made great success here during their previous visits. The following is the company: Miss Alice I. Carle, Miss Clara Lane, Miss Clara Wisdom, Miss Marie Langdon, Charles A. Bigelow, H. W. Dodd, H. C. Blake, J. K. Murray, E. E. Dallons, H. W. Landon, H. Barnes, F. C. West, Miss Parker, H. Ellis, J. Riversdale and W. T. Carleton. The advance sale commences here on Monday next at the usual places.

C. L. S. C.

The following item was received by mail yesterday too late for insertion in Wednesday's NEWS:

The 104th meeting of the Hurlbut Circle will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, corner of North avenue and Front street on Wednesday, Nov. 20th, at 7:45 p. m. Below is the programme:

1. Roll call.—Each member to respond by naming some topic for future programmes.
2. Michael Angelo.....Miss Ida Randolph
3. General remarks by which to judge a picture.....Mrs. Grant
4. Summary of the Punic Wars...Mr. Larrabee

RECESS AND MUSIC.

5. Mental Philosophy, No. 2.....Mrs. Emerson
6. Questions for November Chautauquan on "Romans as Home Keepers".....Circle

—The Elizabeth wheelmen will attend the "Bi" club tournament this evening in a body

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

The Rev. C. F. Blauvelt was installed as pastor of the Franklin Park Reformed church, New Brunswick, last night. His brother, the Rev. L. A. Blauvelt, of Roselle, preached the sermon.

John C. Raymond, in his trial for arson, at New Brunswick yesterday, attempted to prove an alibi. Witnesses swore that he was in New York on the night on which the fire at Iselin occurred.

The Paterson Board of Trade has appointed a committee to formulate a plan for establishing a Home for Needy Women and Wayward Children. The idea seems to meet with great popular favor.

Ben Thum, a sixteen-year-old boy, was hunting in the woods near Madison Tuesday evening when a gun slipped from the hand of John Podmore, his companion. The shot blew off the side of Tyson's head.

A number of paleoliths have been discovered in the bed of the Delaware river, at Trenton. A fine paleolith or argillite was also found in a railway cut just opened by the Pennsylvania railroad at Morrisville, opposite Trenton. Dr. Abbott, of Trenton, confidently declares that these relics of pre-glacial man are genuine.

The hanging of Joseph M. Hillman at Woodbury yesterday was done in a most bungling manner. The noose failed to tighten, and the rope slipped around the victim's chin, man's neck. He stood there and shrieked, and finally succeeded in freeing his hands sufficiently to almost reach the rope. He was strangled to death.

The Rev. Father Gessner, pastor of St. Patrick's church, Elizabeth, while superintending the erection of his new church was engaged in fastening a hook and pulley to a rope attached to a huge block of granite, when the rope broke. As the holders signaled and Father Gessner, instead of the stone, was rapidly dragged skyward, the pulley catching around his neck. The priest was not much the worse for his aerial flight.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Long Branch Ocean Pier Company was held on Monday. William Osborne, a butcher, of New York, was elected president; A. A. Stone, secretary, and Charles W. Field, treasurer. Frank M. Taylor was re-elected superintendent of the pier. It was announced that the Pier Restaurant Company of New York, which has the exclusive right to land passengers at the Ocean Pier, would run more boats next season.

More About Our Tax Delinquent City Clerk.

The City Collector has not yet received the $75 taxes due the city from the over receiving City Clerk, not even the $1 poll tax due since 1887. Yet the city pays him about $5 per hour, which he draws promptly every month. His brother's paper, The Times, however, with its usual hypocrisy, undertakes to defend the Clerk in his abuse of power entrusted to him, dishonest when he uses it to gratify private grudges against THE NEWS in every good furtherance of principle for which the Common Council appear dishonest and only His Consequential Mightiness honest. The Councilmen all give their service to *the city without charge, and they pay their* taxes promptly. The Clerk manipulates things so as to squeeze about $5 per hour from the city, and then, like a thief, he don't pay his taxes until a Justice of the Peace threatens to sell him out. The Times has not a word to say about that. Oh, no. It strikes too near home. The editor is himself *in the soup. He, too, draws generously on* the City Treasury, and Mr. Frank Bowlby, recently said, yet don't pay his taxes, according to the delinquent tax list published in another column. Mr. Bowlby is another of the fellows that the non Council for doing its duty, and not allowing itself to be bulldozed by such blatherskites. Because we call attention to such shortcomings of His Consequential Mightiness we are called names. Call for doing what is *duty! That is the kind of rot* The Times serves in its few readers.

The Times, The Gleaner, and the weakly daily are into a sort of a combine. Before THE NEWS was started the two papers managed to get up or another paper nearly one-eighth of the $10,000 intended to support the city government. Since their power has been broken by THE NEWS this sum has not been brought down fifty per cent. That is one reason they are so sore. The city should not pay one dollar to these people or any others, until they pay what they owe the city. It is due to no one small, following them, follows to raid the city treasury while yet refusing to pay what they owe the city for taxes.

Injuring an Industrious Mechanic.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The story in The Times about a lot to be tried for drunkenness and disorderly conduct before City Judge Stillman is without one particle of truth. I have never been arrested for drunkenness or disorderly conduct in my life, and I have been here for twenty years. I am working every day at my trade. Such a report works to my injury, and I respectfully request that you set me right in public estimation. JAMES MULDOWNEY.

Died.

HOADLEY.—At the residence of his son-in-law, W. P. Smith, Rutherwood Heights, Nov. 13th, Daniel B. Hoadley, in his 84th year. Funeral services from his late residence, 154 Belvidere avenue, Rutherwood, Friday, Nov. 15th, at 2:30 p. m. 11-13-2t

Cents-Word-Column.

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 25 Grandview avenue. 10-17-6t

THIRTY-FIVE TONS OF NO. 1 timothy hay for sale. Inquire of A. R. Proud, 39 East Third street, city. 11-4-6t

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster street. 10-26 tf

TWO Small properties for sale cheap. Inquire of Wm. A. Coddington, 34 West Front street. 14-20-6 and 7

WANTED—Situation for boy of fifteen. Understands some housework. Willing to work for board and attend school. Call or address, Mrs. Bangs, care Mrs. Henry Opdyke, Plainfield. 10-7

WANTED—Neat cottage near centre of town, rent about $16. Address with particulars, Drawer 5, care Evening News.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; good plain cook; reference required. 109 Plainfield avenue. 11-11-6t

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress. References required. Apply at No. 179 East Front street. 11-6-tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 5 First place. 11-6-tf

WANTED—People to drink the Three X Beer. For sale by Barbaro & Bro., 15 Grosvenor, North avenue. 11-1-tf

WANTED—Two girls, cook and laundress, and second-girl and chambermaid. Reference required. Mrs. J. W. Johnson, La Grande avenue, cor. Broadway. 10-9-2

THAT COLD WAVE

OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVEN'T A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMB'S WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.

DOANE & Van ARSDALE'S

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY!

TO BUY DRESS GOODS CHEAP! SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Nov. 14th, 15th and 16th.

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give in free, 1 best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reeds, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 65c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reeds.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels.

WITH A $1. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card hooks and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining. The Special Low Prices on Lace Curtains will hold good another week.

Edsall's 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first-class dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

Special Notices.

TO THE PUBLIC.
Having disposed of my coal business to Loomis & Rice I desire to recommend them to my customers. CHAS S. GUION. 14-9

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Segatio's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

SECOND ANNUAL

FALL GAMES

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BICYCLE CLUB, Crescent Rink. Evening of

TO-NIGHT

EVENTS:

OPENING WITH CLUB PARADE.

1—Scholars' Championship, quarter-mile run, open only to members of Leal's and Plainfield High School.
2—Seventy yards dash. Open.
3—Race Race. Club.
4—One Mile Safety Bicycle Race. Open.
5—Quarter-mile Bicycle Race. Club.
Fancy Bicycle Riding—by Mr. Horace Snyder, of Brooklyn.
6—Hurdle Race. Open to Plainfield.
7—Three Legged Race. Club.
8—Running High Jump. Club.
9—Half-mile Run. Open.
10—Consolation Race. Open to non-winners. Club.

11. Tug of war between Elizabeth Wheelmen and Plainfield Bi. Club.

Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c., to be obtained at Shaw's, and Randolph's Drug Stores.

Gold Medal to First, Silver to Second, in each event.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—D. H. Lenox, Chairman; C. C. Martin, J. H. Hallock, S. F. Murray, C. L. Murphy, J. F. Munn and L. W. Sorrell, Jr. 11-8-11

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN.

The Siberian Traveler. Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

SATURDAY,

SAVE YOUR MONEY and buy goods for

Oct 16th,

All This Week.

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation for the City of Plainfield will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in November, the 26th inst., and all from 9 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m., or longer if found necessary, to dispose of all cases submitted to them.

MANNING VERMEULE,
JEREMIAH MANNING,
ANDREW J. HOAGLAND,
Commissioners.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 12, 1889. 11-14-8w

Thermometers, Carpenter and Machinists' Tools at 15 per cent. off from November 1st to the 15th.

POWDER, SHOT and SHELLS at

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 48 West Front Street.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 14c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will not say one but we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 63c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 44c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

Ask to see the Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but as we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 24 SOMERSET STREET,
C. W. NORRIS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Pumpkin pie and pippin cider, ah, there!

Probably the last American of the race will be overtaken by death while engaged in trying the Cronin murder case.

Condolences are in order for several distinguished American statesmen who recently flubbed all day and caught—a cold.

Information has been received at the state department at Washington that the question of bi-metalism is gaining steadily in Europe.

The Eiffel tower has already paid to the stockholders of the company more than it cost. What shall we have in place of it in America in 1892?

Cheap Chinese labor has at length reached that point where a Chinese bank is needed. It will be established in Chinatown, in New York, and will be a curiosity. It will run on the savings bank plan.

There is at least one large hotel in America where, to the proprietor's credit be it said, tipping is absolutely forbidden, and means the discharge of any one found accepting a fee from a guest. It is in Chicago.

There is a call for an improved rifle for the armies of the nations, but exactly the right kind of gun has not yet been invented. The general opinion is in favor of a repeating rifle with small cartridges.

Cholera has appeared in Asia, and, some uneasiness is felt lest it reach Europe next summer. During the past summer it was epidemic in Persia and Mesopotamia. In August it attacked Bagdad, and 200 persons a day died. Cholera is always to be found in Asia to some extent, but since 1831 it has not become fatal in Bagdad as it was last summer.

At last it is claimed there is a charm to remove wrinkles, and preserve women in endless beauty. A French physician, Dr. Verney, says he can do this *miracle my* means of electricity. The process is painful, but not so very painful. Even if it were, though, that would make little difference, all the world would go in for it.

In New York a man says he is going east *when he goes to Maine.* In Dakota a man who makes a journey to Chicago says he is going east. At Cincinnati people go to the far west when they take a trip to Kansas City. And The Kansas City Times announced lately that Speaker Carlisle had returned to that city *from an extended tour in the west.* Where is the east, and where is the west in this country, anyhow?

Street Commissioner Gilroy, of New York, has given a good hint to other large cities. The streets are at present undergoing extensive repairs. The commissioner has ordered gas, electrical and other companies running pipes through the streets to make all the changes contemplated in their piping now while the highways are ripped up. Clawing the pavements up after they are in order will in no case be permitted for new pipes, and only urgent repairs may be made.

Pope Leo has relegated to Asia Vera all cases of ecclesiastical appeal that arise in this country. He will thereby relieve *himself of* the burden of attending to them in person. The court of appeals for the Roman Catholic church in America will be composed of Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishops Corrigan and Ryan. Thus the church in the United States will be placed on a singularly independent footing. It is an important step.

The success of novels founded on Scripture subjects is at present something remarkable. Those dealing with the life and times of Christ are the most popular, and "Ben Hur" leads them all. There is profound significance in this return of the popular mind to the old faiths in an age of such far reaching skepticism and materialism. Spiritually we seem tending back to the times of two thousand years ago. Professor George Ebers in Germany, Rider Haggard in England and Elizabeth Stuart Phelps in America are all now writing Scriptural novels. But it is not likely there can be more than one "Ben Hur."

There seem somehow to be mysterious natural forces that provide their own means of recovery after great disasters. In the awful floods at Johnstown, in Pennsylvania, from 8,000 to 9,000 lives were lost and $30,000,000 of property destroyed. Yet all this has not even delayed the industrial progress of the Conemaugh valley to an appreciable extent. The Cambria iron works, one of the most crippled of the wrecked establishments, has declared the usual semi-annual dividend, and the earnings of the railroads leading to that region are largely increased over last year.

It took the court at Chicago until the tenth week of its session to complete the jury in the Cronin murder case.

The New York Sun says of Hon. John Sherman that, in the course of a long public life, "the senator from Ohio has never been known to go off at half cock."

One of the worthiest charities on record is the "Shelter," in Philadelphia, which gives food and lodging to worthy mechanics and laboring men out of employment.

Mr. Charles Dudley Warner wants to know in Harper's Magazine whether woman is really a being of mystery. If she is, it is time this mystery was cleared up.

Gen. Hawley says he would rather be a United States senator than vice president. No wonder. Compared to the awful social rank of a senator in Washington the dignity of a vice president is nowhere.

Capt. Zalinski is satisfied that his *pneumatic dynamite torpedo gun* will throw, every two minutes, a 200 pound shot which will travel a mile. This gun is part of the armament of the cruiser Vesuvius.

Even the heathen tribes of Africa progress. The sultan of Zanzibar has presented to the British consul in his dominions a written pledge that all children born in his country after Jan. 1 *shall be free.*

Most intelligent people would have liked to see Canada invited to join in the *deliberations of the international congress* at Washington, and many have wondered why she was not asked. The reason was that, however friendly our government feels to Canada, she cannot take part in this congress because she is not a nation.

The champion money spender of this generation is probably Eugene Benson, a young Englishman. He ran through with $1,950,000 in less than two years. It is fortunate for the rest of the world that rich men's sons are so often spendthrifts. If it were not so, in two or three generations all the money in the world would be accumulated in the hands of a few families.

Governor Beaver's Proclamation.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 14.—Governor Beaver has issued his proclamation, fixing Thursday, Nov. 28, as the day of thanksgiving. The governor says:

Realizing the abundant cause which the people of this commonwealth have for joining in his proclamation, I, James A. Beaver, governor of the said commonwealth, do hereby recommend to all our people the general observance of the day so designated.

Not unmindful of the deep waters of affliction through which many parts of our commonwealth have passed, we can rejoice with them in the generous and abundant stream of charity which has flowed from all parts of the world for the alleviation of their distress, and which, while it has been as such ministrations can avail, of their sorrow.

Let the day be one of devout worship, of hallowed memories, of grateful praise for the many amenities and of large hearted beneficence, not so shall we honor God and be a help and a blessing to our fellow men.

"Of America" Dropped.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 14.—At the session of the Knights of Labor convention here the words "of America" were dropped, making the title of the order simply the Knights of Labor. This was done at the request of Assembly No. 2300, of Birmingham, England. The addresses of Messrs. Powderly and Hayes were submitted. The afternoon session was devoted to the trial of Homer McGaw, of Pittsburg, charged with libel by Peter J. Campbell, president of the Window Glass Workers' association. The formal charges against McGaw were vilification and slander. The officers had an attempt to disrupt the order. McGaw is editor of a trade paper in Pittsburg, and made himself obnoxious to Campbell by charging him with a violation of the silent contract labor law.

A Forger's Brother Assigns.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Ex-Mayor John Caminschied, brother of the forger, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors to James T. Stewart. This was the result of asking the assignee's brother, Daniel, in order to secure the signing of proper good. The Canajoharie bank, the merchant's Bank of Albany, and the Utica City bank, who hold John Caminschied's paper, will file claims in Fonda, and have brought suit against John to recover the amount of the notes.

Too Much Writing Paper.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Nov. 14.—The leading manufacturers of loft dried writing papers in this city have concluded to shut down their mills to relieve the market of the surplus now on hand. Some are in favor of stopping production for a month and others for only two weeks. As soon as they agree on the time the mills will be closed. They claim that fully twenty-five tons are produced daily more than the market requires, and for six months there has been a decline in prices.

Quite a Number of Passengers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The annual meeting of the Manhattan Elevated railroad was held yesterday, and the entire present board of directors re-elected. The annual report shows that 179,807,235 passengers were carried during the year ending June 30. The gross earnings for the year were $9,060,880; operating expenses, $5,482,204; net earnings, $3,-950,676; interest and rentals, $1,554,893; surplus, $2,104,406; equal to 8.09 per cent. on the stock.

Sergt. Emerick's Bereavement.

NEWARK, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Four more deaths have occurred in the family of Sergt. Emerick, of the Engineer corps at West Point, from diphtheria. The family have been lying in state at the rear of the hospital since the first child died, having been ordered there by the military authorities to prevent the spread of the disease.

Woolen and Worsted Overseers.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—The annual meeting of the National Association of Woolen and Worsted Overseers was held here. Reports of officers were received and W. E. Davidson, of Uxbridge, Mass., was elected president for the ensuing year; E. A. Cummings, Webster, Mass., treasurer, and F. F. Whitmore, of Putnam, secretary.

(MORNING NEWS.)

A NOTABLE DEDICATION.

The New Catholic University at the Capital.

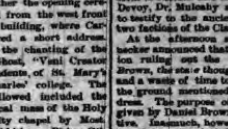
PRESIDENT HARRISON'S ADDRESS.

Speeches by Secretary of State James G. Blaine, Cardinal Gibbons and Other Well Known Gentlemen—Miss Gwendoline Caldwell Sends Congratulations.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The dedication of the new Catholic university yesterday afternoon occurred in a rain storm. On account of the unpleasant weather the opening ceremony was transferred from the west front to the interior of the building, where Cardinal Gibbons delivered a short address. This was followed by the chanting of the Veni Creator Spiritus," by 250 students of St. Mary's seminary and St. Charles' college. The ceremonies which followed included the celebration of pontifical mass of the Holy Ghost in the university chapel by Most Rev. Mgr. Satolli, archbishop. Bishop Gilmour, of Cleveland, then preached an eloquent sermon to a congregation composed of distinguished church dignitaries from home and abroad.

The President Arrives.

The arrival of the president was about given up, when, at about 4:15, the sun having come out to brighten up the day and the rain having ceased, President Harrison drove up in the White House carriage, was hailed by a series of cheers, while the Marine band played "Hail to the Chief." His entrance in the hallway and to the banquet hall, where he was to speak, was also accompanied by a series of enthusiastic cheers.



DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE NEW CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY.

A like reception was given Vice President Morton, Secretaries Windom and Rusk and other officials. When the president and Mr. Morton, in leaving the building, stepped to the lecture room, where the gathering in honor of the founder of the university had assembled, they were cheered time and again, and they smilingly recognized the compliment; but the exhibition of popularity of the officials reached its height as Secretary Blaine appeared. The applause then became deafening.

Secretary Blaine's Speech.

In the banquet hall, responding to the toast "Our Country and Her President" Secretary Blaine said:

"It seems to represent the United States, not in any doubtful sense, much less in any partisan sense nor in connection with any church or sect, but to speak for all and the great freedom which we enjoy. I have made the statement in Protestant assemblies and I am glad to make it in a Catholic one." He then referred to the administration of President Harrison as one which had evidenced good results, and, continuing, said: "I am glad of every college that is endowed, no *matter who endows it. Every* institution of learning increases a country's culture, and this, I believe, will build up the permanent of this great country of ours, under which all are free and equal." Mr. Blaine was cheered repeatedly at the close of his remarks, and the applause at its close lasted some minutes.

President Harrison Applauded.

The toast, "Our Sister Universities," was responded to by Cardinal Taschereau. He spoke of the universities of Catholic but of Catholic and said that imagination had no bounds to picture its future, judging by what he had seen. Just at this point the band was heard playing "Hail to the Chief," and President Harrison, escorted by Father Garrigan, entered the hall. The entire assemblage rose to their feet and applauded him until he took his seat on the left of Cardinal Gibbons. Bishop Keane proposed the health of the president of the United States. It was drunk standing, and in response to urgent calls for a speech, the president said:

The President's Remarks.

"I am thankful for the reception you have given me. I have avoided speechmaking heretofore on occasions of this kind. It has been my fortune, however, to have the courage, and broken, being compelled to make a speech. I am sure you will permit to exact a compliance with that covenant, and again to simply thank you for your kindly greeting."

Just as the president concluded, Vice President Morton and his wife entered the hall. They were greeted with cheers and escorted to seats at the cardinal's table, Mrs. Morton taking Bishop Keane's seat, and her husband was seated on her left.

Cardinal Gibbons's Patriotic Remarks.

Cardinal Gibbons responded to the toast "The Hierarchy of the United States." He thanked the president and the other officials of the government for their presence, and referred to the distinguished gathering as being of more than ordinary local significance. "In this university," he said, "your children will be educated to strengthen the country by their number, enlighten it by their wisdom, and, if necessary, defend it with their valor."

Archbishop Ryan made a humorous speech in reference to the same toast, and after John Boyle O'Reilly had responded to "The Press," the exercises were closed with grace by the cardinal. A number of congratulatory cablegrams and telegrams were received during the day from all parts of the world. The students of the American colleges in Rome sent a dispatch, and Miss Lens Caldwell cabled from Paris:

"Heartiest congratulations and sincerest wishes for success of a great work."

Miss Caldwell's Congratulations.

Miss Mary Gwendolen Caldwell cabled from Paris:

"Deeply regret not to be with you. My heart shall always be in the university."

Baroness Burdett-Coutts sent from Rome the following: "A thousand good wishes for the great work dedicated today."

Two Men Perish.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Frederick Freeman, of Tuppers Lake, was killed by falling from a train at the Macomb's Lake crossing. He fell between the platforms, which fell upon his back, causing instant death. Thomas Mahan was drowned at the same place. His body has not been recovered.

Six Third Decade Weddings.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The death which has again been placed on murderer Charles Giblin today. This is the third time that the watch has been placed on him. His respite expires on the 22d of this month.

THE CRONIN CASE.

Evidence Excluded Regarding the Clan-na-Gael Quarrel.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Hatfield, the salesman, and other witnesses who had seen Bitzonde, have seen the man arrested at Lake View. They declare that he is not the much wanted suspect at the Cronin trial. Judge McConnell held all relations that the decision of the question as to the admissibility of evidence relating to the internal quarrel of the Clan-na-Gael would involve the opening of the whole matter as to whether or not Dr. Cronin was really guilty of treason in 1885, and the whole matter in which Coughlin was the commissioner sitting in judgment on Dr. Cronin. The court did not think the evidence competent, as it would involve the trying of other issues. This ruling would seem to exclude also the testimony of John Devoy, Dr. Mulcahy and others, who were to testify to the ancient feud between the two factions of the Clan-na-Gael.

At the afternoon session Judge Longenecker announced that in view of the decision ruling out the testimony of Daniel Brown, the state thought it would be useless and a waste of time to go over any more of the ground mentioned in the opening address. The purpose of the testimony to be given by Daniel Brown was to prove a motive. Inasmuch, however, as the state believed a motive had been proven already, the state would not resist the court's decision. There was but one more witness to be called, a Mr. Clancy, who would simply testify to a conversation he had with Coughlin. With the exception of Clancy the state's case was closed.

Mr. Forrest said that the defense be given until Monday morning for a proper preparation of its case. If necessary, he said, he would make an affidavit that it was absolutely impossible for him to proceed until he could get rest. He had been working every night until 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning for two weeks. The court was disposed to give Mr. Forrest until Saturday morning, saying that he considered two days and a half considerable indulgence. After a good deal of argument Judge McConnell cut off Forrest by announcing decisively that the court would adjourn until 10 o'clock Saturday morning, when the state would conclude its evidence.

A Division in the W. C. T. U.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—The withdrawal of the Iowa delegation and the creation of a division in the W. C. T. U. on the political question to be voted upon by the women's conventions, not yet named, but created under Mrs Foster, the Iowa state president, and the co-operate in the undertaking.

With representatives from several other states, a meeting was held in the room of the Iowa state headquarters and after discussing the situation, a provisional committee was selected to report its action to the women of the country preliminary to a call for a convention to organize the proposed society. Several members of the committee have gone home and further action could not be taken immediately. The committee will be called together during the winter to prepare the address. Five hundred dollars were collected to defray the expenses of the work, and The Iowa Messenger was selected as the official organ of the committee. In another room of the Palmer house the regular W. C. T. U. executive committee continued the work of the convention in committee work. The action of the bolters did not annoy them, Miss Willard presiding over the meetings with apparent equanimity.

Rice's Suit Against the Standard.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The suit of George Rice, the Mariotta (O.) oil refiner, against the Standard Oil trustees to compel the transfer on the books of the Standard Oil trust stock now standing in the name of J. B. Mallaby, has begun in the supreme court here. Mr. Rice bought the stock in 1880 from Mallaby, but delivery was refused. The Standard people take the ground that Rice's object in buying the stock was to obtain a right to inquire into the inside operations of the trust, intending to use the information in suits against the trust, and ultimately compel the trust to buy his refinery, which he values at $500,000. Mr. Rice denies that he wants to sell the refinery, and says that all he wants to obtain by litigation is equal freight rates. The argument will continue today.

Dr. Mary Burnett Sues Again.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Dr. Mary Weeks Burnett has sued Mrs. H. M. Barker, one of the leading lights of the W. C. T. U., for $25,000 damages. The doctor and Miss Willard and her sister officials last week for $50,000, claiming that a circular which they had sent out concerning the management of the Chicago Training Hospital was false, malicious and libelous, and had injured her professional reputation. The last suit is practically based on the same charge. Mrs Burnett has named Miss Willard's sister as Mrs. Burnett, and said in the convention that she believed the circular was all right. The suit is the result of her remarks.

Scientists in Session.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—The session of the National Academy of Science was continued yesterday in the University of Pennsylvania. Professor A. A. Michelson, of Clark university, read a paper on "Relative Wave Lengths." "On the Spectrum of Zeta Ursae Majoris," by Professor E. C. Pickering, of Harvard college, was read by Professor G. F. Barker. Other papers were read by Professor J. S. Ryder, Professor W. R. Brooks and others. The business of the afternoon was transacted in executive session.

A Church Treasurer Absconds.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 14.—An evening paper says that E. H. Miller, a son of Emily Hussey Miller, of the same name, has absconded, leaving debts due members of the Trinity Methodist church, in Kountze place, amounting to about $1,600. Miller was treasurer of the church, and had always been considered an exemplary young man. He is a nephew of Paul Miller, a Cincinnati millionaire, and one of the leaders in the Chautauqua movement.

Jimmy Hope's Hope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Counsel for Jimmy Hope, the bank burglar, has obtained a writ of habeas corpus, returnable today, when they will ask for Hope's release on the ground that the writ of extradition on which he was brought from California was based on his conviction of a crime for which he has served his term in prison. The police are holding Hope in the expectation of connecting him with the great Standard bank robbery.

Galvin for Mayor of Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—Hon. Owen A. Galvin was nominated by the Democrats for mayor last night. Gen. Darrill was renominated for street commissioner, and the selection of eight members of the school board was referred to a sub-committee.

Fair Money from the Brewers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The Lager Beer Brewers' association has subscribed $400,000 to the world's fair guarantee fund. The total fair guarantee fund now amounts to $5,854,116.

THE LONG JOURNEY OVER.

The Pan-Americans Return to the Capital.

SIX THOUSAND MILES TRAVELED.

The Journey Occupied Forty-one Days and Covered the United States—One Engine Was Used the Entire Distance. Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The great tour of the International American conference through a part of the United States was concluded last evening when its special train drew into the Baltimore and Potomac railroad station, and the promise of its manager that the same engineer who opened the throttle on the same spot forty-one days ago should shut off the steam of engine 1,033 at the conclusion of the great tour was fulfilled.

Nearly 6,000 Miles.

The locomotive and the entire train have traversed every foot of the 5,925 miles, and came to a full stop in the station last evening on the minute of the schedule, apparently as fresh and as powerful as when it steamed out on the morning of October 3. The train with the party pulled into the depot at 6:40. The members of the party soon found their way to the front entrance of the depot, where carriages awaited, and they were at once driven to their rooms.

Reception for the Engineer.

The party as it passed the big locomotive on its way out of the station paused long enough to call Engineer Hart from his engine and to give him three hearty cheers. Afterward the members shook hands with Hart and bade him good-by.

The Railroad Arrangements.

When the idea of the great trip first began to assume definite shape, the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company was requested to undertake the entire management of the party from Washington around the circle and back to the starting point. The company readily consented and placed the machinery of its personally conducted tourists' system in motion to compass the result. An outline of the schedule was made, the running time between points was fixed and every detail for the proper movement of the party was reduced to a printed itinerary. Letters were then addressed to the officials of connecting *lines, who in* every instance approved the plan as fixed and signified their hearty willingness to co-operate in the undertaking.

The Altoona shops of the Pennsylvania railroad furnished engine No. 1,033, class O, weighing 91,000 pounds, and the crew was selected with a special regard to their fitness.

Uncle Sam's Ordinances.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Brig. Gen. S. V. Benet, chief of ordinance, in his annual report to the secretary of war, makes the following estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891: Machinery and tools for the present gun factory at Watervliet arsenal, $60,000; to complete army gun factory building, $226,743; machine tools and fixtures for the new gun factory at Watervliet, $388,570; manufacture of 12-inch breech-loading mortars, $400,000; mortar carriages, $225,000; forgings for one type 16-inch breech-loading rifle, $100,000; armor piercing projectiles for seacoast guns, $200,000; steel shot for seacoast cannon, $70,000; finishing and annealing 8-inch, 10-inch and 12-inch guns, $150,000; steel for gun forgings for seacoast carriages, $100,000; metallic carriages for field gun batteries, $143,-150; steel field guns of three 2-inch caliber, $25,000.

During the year 41,372 rifles and carbines, besides swords, sabers, hospital corps knives, spare parts and appendages for arms have been received from Maliaby, but delivery was refused. *The Standard people take the ground* that Rice's object in buying the stock was to obtain a right to inquire into the inside operations of the trust, intending to use the information in suits against the trust, and ultimately compel the trust to buy his refinery, which he values at $500,000. Mr. Rice denies that he wants to sell the refinery, and says that all he wants to obtain by litigation is equal freight rates. The argument will continue today.

Dr. Mary Burnett Sues Again.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Dr. Mary Weeks Burnett has sued Mrs. H. M. Barker, one of the leading lights of the W. C. T. U., for $25,000 damages. The doctor and Miss Willard and her sister officials last week for $50,000, claiming that a circular which they had sent out concerning the management of the Chicago Training Hospital was false, malicious and libelous, and had injured her professional reputation. The last suit is practically based on the same charge. Mrs Burnett has named Miss Willard's sister as Mrs. Burnett, and said in the convention that she believed the circular was all right. The suit is the result of her remarks.

Scientists in Session.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—The session of the National Academy of Science was continued yesterday in the University of Pennsylvania. Professor A. A. Michelson, of Clark university, read a paper on "Relative Wave Lengths." "On the Spectrum of Zeta Ursae Majoris," by Professor E. C. Pickering, of Harvard college, was read by Professor G. F. Barker. Other papers were read by Professor J. S. Ryder, Professor W. R. Brooks and others. The business of the afternoon was transacted in executive session.

A Church Treasurer Absconds.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 14.—An evening paper says that E. H. Miller, a son of Emily Hussey Miller, of the same name, has absconded, leaving debts due members of the Trinity Methodist church, in Kountze place, amounting to about $1,600. Miller was treasurer of the church, and had always been considered an exemplary young man. He is a nephew of Paul Miller, a Cincinnati millionaire, and one of the leaders in the Chautauqua movement.

Jimmy Hope's Hope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Counsel for Jimmy Hope, the bank burglar, has obtained a writ of habeas corpus, returnable today, when they will ask for Hope's release on the ground that the writ of extradition on which he was brought from California was based on his conviction of a crime for which he has served his term in prison. The police are holding Hope in the expectation of connecting him with the great Standard bank robbery.

Galvin for Mayor of Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—Hon. Owen A. Galvin was nominated by the Democrats for mayor last night. Gen. Darrill was renominated for street commissioner, and the selection of eight members of the school board was referred to a sub-committee.

Fair Money from the Brewers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The Lager Beer Brewers' association has subscribed $400,000 to the world's fair guarantee fund. The total fair guarantee fund now amounts to $5,854,116.

Millionaire Blair Dead.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The death which has again been placed on murderer Charles Giblin today. This is the third time that the watch has been placed on him. His respite expires on the 22d of this month.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Calvin S. Brice, chairman of the national Democratic committee, has announced his candidacy for the United States senate from Ohio.

The report of W. H. McClung, auditor of the partial account of the assignee of the Farmers and Mechanics' bank, of the North Side, Pittsburg, shows that the bank will be able to pay twenty-six and two-third cents on the dollar.

Andrew C. Drum, of Kansas City, who forged the name of his uncle, Maj. Andrew Drum, to checks amounting to $58,000, has been captured in Toronto.

Republicans in Virginia are signing a petition to President Harrison asking him to recommend the passage of a national election law.

James Wardell, a painter, who had lived apart from his wife and family at Ocean Grove, N. J., for the past year, and had been drinking heavily, shot himself in the head and died.

Chief of Police Swiggett, of Wilmington, has resigned, and accompanied his letter of retirement with a check for $400.83, the money paid him by the contractor for supplying the prisoners with food.

Governor Beaver has appointed William Livsey to be state treasurer of Pennsylvania for the unexpired term of the late William H. Hart.

The trial of the Flack case has been postponed to the second Monday in December on account of the illness of Judge Monell.

W. L. Scott's Hickory Ridge coal mine has shut down indefinitely, and it is expected that the Hickory Swamp mine will also close. Dullness in the western coal *trade is given as the cause. Five hundred* men are thrown out of work.

The suit of David H. Ramsey, of Brooklyn, against George J. Byrnes, for $50,000 damages for alienation of Mrs. Ramsey's affections, has resulted in a verdict of $2,500 in favor of Ramsey.

The total official vote of Iowa for governor is: Hutchinson, Republican, 174,122; Boies, Democrat, 179,926; Boies' plurality, 5,804. For lieutenant governor: Poyneer, 177,400; Sestow, 175,154; Poyneer's plurality, 2,246. This shows that the whole Republican ticket save governor is elected, and the other pluralities will reach nearly 10,000.

The corner stone of the Thomas Jefferson club house, the headquarters of the Democracy of *Kings county, in course of erection* at Boerum place, Brooklyn, has been laid with appropriate ceremonies by ex-President Grover Cleveland. The structure will cost about $150,000.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-tf

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue
Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1yr.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counselors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Mast in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG & MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUSHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 53 and 55. Inspector and Tenders' Bond Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE

FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines
Umbrella Stands,
Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.
ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
28 NORTH AVENUE

RICHARD R. DAVIS
City Livery Stables
24 West Fourth street,
Telephone call 102. Plainfield, N. J.
Special attention given to boarding horses.
Orders left at A. Thorowitch's, North avenue, will receive prompt attention.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and Crocus, Shrubs and Evergreens, Lindsley's, No. 10 West Front street. Telephone call 102. 4-11-1yr

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.
GROCERS,
Duer and Emily Sts.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies.
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GILMAN FARM
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Snap Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.
NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your teeth which has had one year's trial with the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.
NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

L. W. Randolph,
Successor to Field & Randolph,
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

JOHN JOHNSTON
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1467.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

CANNED GOODS
We open a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Rioter Drop, B. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous
Springville Peas.
On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots
ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 70 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

TUNIS J. CAREY
EAST FRONT STREET,
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
All kinds of Second-Hand
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture for them Mattresses and put them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

RESENTED THE OUTRAGE.

The Macaw Looked Art, Saw a Vacancy and Got Mad About It.

Mr. Daniel, the man of parrots in the Kimball house, made a queer deal yesterday. He had lately received a very fine macaw, of gorgeous plumage, and the bird has been greatly admired.

But when one of the high mack-a-macks of the Connecticut was sauntering along the corridor and copied him he became wild.

"How much feather?"

"No wantee sellee fedder," replied the dealer, in his blandest Chinee, not being able to talk Comanche.

"How much red feather?" repeated the Comanche.

"No wantee sellee red fedder," again replied Mr. Daniel, feeling very much embarrassed.

"Quarter for red feather?"

"No."

"Fifty cents?"

Mr. Daniel shook his head.

"Give you dollar."

That was irresistible, and the dealer agreed.

"Quarter for blue feather," said the Comanche.

"Can't gotee longee 'nuther blue fedder," said the sapheaded.

"What have it. Half a dollar."

"No."

"Dollar."

"It's a go," said Mr. Daniel, recovering his head, and taking the macaw inside, he carefully clipped off the two feathers and handed them to the delighted Indian, who threw down his two dollars and uttered a repressed war whoop as he strode off down the street.

The macaw was so mad when he looked around at his tail that he muttered several Brazilian cuss words, refused to speak to his master and went to bed without his supper.—Atlanta Constitution.

And No Wonder.

Mr. Slimdood—Dear me. It's most extraordinary. I can't find the coat belonging to my new suit.

Mrs. Smalley (his married sister)—Why, Bertie, was it that new English suit that was sent home yesterday?

Mr. Slimdood—Yes: it has disappeared most mysteriously.

Mrs. Smalley—Nora, have you seen anything of Mr. Slimdood's new coat?

Nora—Faith, indeed I have, mum. The children do have a sight it far a chicken board, mum.—Chicago America.

Agricultural.

Here is a late story, but a good one, from last week's cattle show. A lady was admiring one of the fine, thick fleeced rams in the sheep exhibit, and asked the rustic in charge:

"What does that sheep weigh?"

"About 280 pounds," replied the Vermonter.

"It isn't all wool then," said a bystander, jokingly.

"No, of course not," replied the attendant.

"What," spoke up a third man in an overly earnest tone; "is it part cotton?"—Boston Record.

The Price of Royalty.

Mrs. Smith—Yes, my daughter Lucy married a blacksmith, and they have a fine house and are getting along nicely. Mary married a butcher, and is very comfortably provided for. Jennie married a section hand, and they are happily living in a shanty.

Mrs. Jones—And your daughter Gladys?

Mrs. Smith—Alas! she married a foreign nobleman. I send her $2 per week and some of the harvested crumbs, and by taking in washing she manages to support the family.—New York News.

A Striking Resemblance.

A more than middle aged bachelor married a young girl.

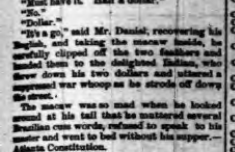
When a son and heir was added to the family the nurse was sent to show the new comer to visitors, with the traditional remark:

"Looks like his pa, doesn't he?"

One of the crusty old gentleman, who couldn't see the resemblance, replied, with a grunt:

"Just so, he's quite bald, and has no teeth."—Judge.

A Clever Trick Exposed.



State's Attorney—So the defendant did propose to you that you set fire to the store and get half of the insurance. State your answer and not be offered to protect you from all risk of punishment at the hands of the law. What did he say about that?

Witness—He said he wanted to see me through. He said he'd manage to catch me in the act and let you prosecute me.—Munsey's Weekly.

The Worst Yet.

"Jones, I hear you said I was carousing around town last night. Now you've got to contradict that statement. I left the club just after 12; stopped into the oyster saloon where I met you, ate half a dozen raws and went directly home. Now you've——

Jones—That's what I said, and now you own up to it.

Brown—I'd like to know how?

Jones—You acknowledge that you were a midnight raw oyster, don't you? That's what I said.—Judge.

Appraised.

First Passenger standing in car)—I'm going to make that man move up and give me half of his seat.

Second Passenger—Go slow; that's old Gotrix. Do you know what that man is worth?

First Passenger—If pork is eight cents a pound, live weight, I should think he ought to be worth $16 easy enough.—Exchange.

Food of Music.

Fond Mamma—Oh, uncle, you should see our darling baby when I play the piano. He keeps time by the hour, and when I cease playing the nurse has to take him away, he cries so awfully. Cynical Uncle—Perhaps—anyway dear, he—er—reaps for—er—joy!—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Lost! Reward!

Lost at the ball last night.

[Behind the roses, hidden from the glare of lamps, but not out of sight.]

A woman's heart!

And the reward, if you should find it, dear, And should return the bedding thing to me, Why—you may keep it for your bounty

—Kattie Lee Seeger in Life.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued to me by William H. Hann, Mayor of the City Judge of the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, on the 30th day of August, 1889, for the sale of lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises, in the said City of Plainfield in the said County of Union, for the non-payment of taxes thereon, the undersigned, the collector appointed and authorized by the said warrant, will sell at public vendue, at the office of the City Collector, in the City Hall, in the City of Plainfield, on the twenty-third day of November, A. D. 1889, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, at his office, in Park avenue, in the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union, aforesaid, the tenements and real estate hereinafter described, or such portion of the same as shall be sufficient to pay the several sums of taxes assessed thereon, with the interest and costs thereon, which any person or persons shall agree to take the same and pay such taxes, together with interest and costs, for the least quantity of land, tenements and premises.

Cook, Samuel C., h and 5 and 6 in s. Rose Place, below Raymond Ave. 1 00
Cook, Samuel C., h and 1 in s. Rose Place, below Raymond Ave. 1 05
Baker, Jas. of Cornelius, h and l, 75 East Front St. 138 00
Baker, Jas. of Cornelius, lot, Dunellen Ave, Fanwood 3 00
Bonnell, Wm. E., h, lots, Netherwood Ave. Nos. 18, 20 and 26 ..... 1 40
Bonnell, Wm. E., h and l, Rose St. 1 40
Brundage, Jerome, h and l, Rose St. 1 40
Craig, James, h and l, Dunellen Ave. 37 00
Craig, James, 2 h and 2 lots, North and Craig streets 108,00
Craig, James, h and l, Front St., near Craig 19 00
Craig, James, h and l, Front St., near Craig 19 00
Cole, Abram, h and l, Front St., near Craig 19 00
Cook, William, 2 h s, Dunellen Ave. 74 00
Cook, William, h and l, Dunellen Ave. 37 00
Cook, William, h and l, Front St., near Craig 19 00
Cook, Winfield S., h and l, 2 Rose St. 2 80
Block, w. Front St. 2 80
Conway, Jas. of Daniel, h and l, 121 West Front St., below Sherman Ave. 1 40
Cole, William A., 2 lots, 19 W. Eighth St. 2 80
Cole, William A., of Sarah A., h and l, 45 East Front St., near 3 mill road. 2 80
Cole, William A., h and l, 2 lots, Dunellen Ave. 37 00
Cole, Wm. A., h and l, 2 lots, Dunellen Ave. 37 00
Cole, Wm. A., h and l, 2 and 10 W. Second St. 37 00
Cole, John, h and l and 2 lots, E. Front St. 180 00
Cole, John, h and l, 2 lots, E. Front St. 180 00
Cowen, Margaret, h and l, Somerset St. 1 40
Cowen, Margaret, h and l, Block, 81 and Park Ave. 180 00
Dugan, Thomas C., h and l, Fifth St and Madison Ave. 74 00
Dunn, Solomon P., h and l, 21 Park Ave 74 00
Dunn, Solomon P., h and l, 27 Park Ave 74 00
Dilly, Geo. of Mary, h and l, 18 Third St., bet. Liberty St. 18 00
Dilly, Geo. of Mary, h and l, 16 Front St. 36 00
Fowe, James H., lot 9, Second St. 2 80
Fly no Jas., h and l, 1 W. Third st., bet. Liberty St. 2 80
Fisher, est. of Abram, h and l, 15 West Third St. 1 40
Flanigan, P. J., lot, Evens. 1 40
Flanigan, John, h and l, Dehaup alley. 1 40
Glacken, Edward, lot, Lane tract 1 40
Glacken, Edward, lot, Lane tract 1 40
Harriott, Randolph H., lot 5 s. E. Front St. 45 00
Hartley, William H., h and l, 77 West Third St. 5 60
Hall, Harry, of George F. Randolph, lot, George St. 1 80
Jones, Mary Emma d., h and l, Carlton Ave. 18 00
Jones, Jas. P., h and 8a, Kensington ave and LaGrande 45 00
Jimmerson, Aaron L., h and 7 a, Leland Ave. 37 00
Kohl, Charles H., h and l, Kensington Ave. 36 00
Kane, John, h and l, 36 W. 3d St. 2 80
O'Keefe, John O., h and l, 109 W. 5th St. 2 80
Lane, Miss Mary M., 2 l Lane tract 10 00
Leonard, Wm. Jas. H. s, Plainfield and Somerset 29 70
Leonard, Wm. Jas. H. s, Plainfield and Somerset 29 70
Leonard, Elizabeth, h and l, Union St. 37 00
Leonard, Mrs. Elizabeth, double h and l, 80 W. Front St. 74 00
Leonard, Mrs. Elizabeth, h s, Plainfield and Kensington Ave. 29 70
Lee, Thomas, h and l, 5 S. 2nd St. 2 80
Lillienthal, Isaac, h and l, 2 Front St. 37 00
Lawrence, John C., 2 l North Ave and Terrell 2 80
Marcuy, M. F., 66 W. 2nd St., h and l. 1 40
Marcuy, M. F., 65 and l, New st, all above 1 40
Marcley, Caroline T., 1 W. 5th St and 61 s. 1 40
Marcuy, Caroline T., h and l, 1 New St. 1 40
March, Randolph, h and l, 54 Plainfield Ave. 18 00
March, Lucy A., h and l, 15 W. 5th St. 2 80
Martine, Anna M., h and l, 2 Broadway and Kensington Ave. 45 00
Mansfield, Wm. H., h and l, 113 W. 6th St. 2 80
McCarthy, Chas., h and l and 35 Plainfield Ave. 1260
McLaughlin, W. F. 5,106 17 to 26, 56th near Lexington. 1 80
Moore, Elizabeth, h and l Broadway and 5th St. 45 00
Moore, Thomas, 2 s and l Richmond St. 2 80
Moe, Experience, h and l 31 W. 5th St. 2 80
Martine, Anna M., h and l, Barn and Cedar Brook 45 00
Martine, Anna M., ex-cutrix, h and l 31 St. near Park Ave 2 80
Martine, Anna M., estate D farm 118 a Woodland Ave 126 00
Martine, James E., h and l Park Ave near Clinton Ave 4 60
Martine, Anna M., brick h Broadway and Kensington Ave. 69 00
Martine, Joseph, h and l, 2 Rose St. 2 80
Murray, Joseph, or Dem estate, Harlan Ave. 2 80
Murray, Joseph, or Dem estate, 1 Prospect Ave. 2 80
Murray, Joseph, or Dem estate, 15 Cor Dunellen and Clinton Aves. 2 80
Nos, Charles J., h and l Midway and Netherwood Ave. 7 30
Noel, Charles J., 4 h and 1 South Ave and Somerset St. 4 77
Ohl, Caroline J., 32 s and s l Pemberton, Field and Elizabeth St. 37 00
Pound, Daniel S., h and l North avenue. 2 80
Byrne, Thomas, h and l, 2 Rose St. 2 80
Perry, Jas. B., h and l 29 La Grande Ave 37 00
Price, Josephine A., h and l 122 E. Front st 2 80
Price, Josephine A., 1 6th and Union Ave 2 80
Roll, Theodore, h and l 9 Fence St. 2 80
Roll, Theodore, h and l, 2 Rose St. and 26 ..... 2 80
Richmond, O. B., 2 s and l 2 80
Richmond, O. B., h and l, 31 E. 10th St. 2 80
Stevens, Richard J., h and l, South avenue. 37 00
Stewart, David, Jr., h and l, 2 Rose St. 2 80
Smith, Patrick, h and l, Prospect Ave. 2 80
Smith, James F., h and l 10 Rose St. 2 80
Thomas, Lydia, h and l, 2 Rose St. 2 80
Sullivan, Ellen, h and l 10 Central Ave. 2 80
Sullivan, Ellen, h and l, 2 Rose St. 2 80
Smalley, Mary H., h and 2 l, s s Woodland Ave. 19 00
Smith, Mary S., 1 Lake St. 2 80
Smith, estate of J. C., h and l 16 W 3rd St. 74 00
Thomas, James A., 4 l, 2 Broadway. 2 80
Thompson, Sarah A., h and l, 31 Broadway and Park Place. 37 00
Ulrich, estate of Henry, h and l 16 W 6th St. 18 00
Vermeule, Sarah A., h and l 2 Rose St. 2 80
Van Winkle, Jeremiah B. and l 18 Central Ave. 37 00
Vail, Mrs. Stephen, 25 s Broadway and Hillside 37 00
Vail, Lafayette S., h and l 29 E 2nd St. 2 80
Vail, Lafayette S., h and l, 4 s Clinton and Dunellen Aves. 14 60
White, Isaac, Estate, 2 h and l 105 W Front St., Salesbury 17 20
Wells, Wm., 1 E 2nd St. 2 80
Wright, John, h and l 6 W 3d St. 2 80
Wells, Wm. H., h and l, 2 6th St. 2 80
Wyllie, Franklin, h 12 s Front St and Terrell road. 63 00
Wyllie, Lucretia B., h and l 10 W 6th St. 2 80

Witness my hand this 30th day of July, A. D. 1889. VINCENT W. APGAR,
Special Policeman and Collector of Delinquent Taxes.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store.

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE

Furs and Fur Trimmings.

2 in. black bear trimming, lined, per yard $5 cents.
3 in. black bear trimming, lined, per yard, 85 cents.
Black bear muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.
Sibria muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boas, $3.00.
Opposum Muff, $2.50.
Opposum Boas, $6.00.
Children's fur muffs, 39 cents.
Children's cosey sets, flat muff and boa to match, 60 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 65 East second street, corner of Washington.

STEPHENSON

33 WEST FRONT STREET.

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE, LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

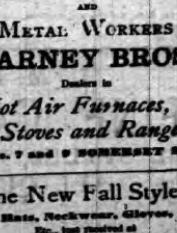
Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,

SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,

Othello Ranges,



PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS. PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

12 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

The New Fall Styles.

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, &c., just received at

U. B. CRANE'S,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

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WOMEN AND HOME.

ONE OF THEM WHO SAYS WOMAN'S SPHERE IS GROWING TOO WIDE.

How to Bathe the Baby—The Recognized Virtues of the "Born Nurse"—New Points About Women in China—French Ideas on Cooking Utensils.

It is clear from the recent discussions about female suffrage that there is a good deal of uncertainty and difference of opinion at the present day as to woman's sphere in the world. The movement which led to the improvement in women's education is still so young that its results can hardly yet be tested. We have no sufficient material to enable us to decide whether, and if so in what direction, the female intellect differs from the male. We have no adequate means of judging whether those special womanly qualities which are universally valued and admired are inherent in a woman's nature, or are due, in part at least, to the circumstances of her past life, sheltered as it has been from much of the struggle and competition of life. It must still be considered an open question whether the particular direction taken by the higher education for women is the ideally right one. The advance has been so rapid that we have hardly had time to breathe, still less to pause and judge. But the cry is for further advance, or rather for more change, for new openings, for fresh developments.

It might perhaps be wiser, seeing that we have done so much, to be content for the present to move a little slower, and take time to the work that has been already done. There seems something selfish in our haste. We wish that the changes should, at any rate, come in our day, that we may have the merit and the benefit of them. A little more caution is surely needed before we take steps which it would be impossible to retrace. Is it too much to ask that those who wish for more changes should at least take time to formulate what is their conception of woman's share in the work of society? I have been told that the only way to decide this is to open everything to woman for which nature has not obviously unfitted her. This suggestion, for Christians at least, has one decided objection. There is nothing in the nature of women to unfit them for holy orders, but we cannot imagine that any Christian, however advanced an advocate of women's rights she may be, would wish to see women as priests. And so this test does not, as far as seen to be an altogether safe guide in this tangled question. I should like to ask my fellow Christians whether revelation has not something to say to us on this subject.

The old story of the creation of woman tells us that she was made as a helpmeet for man. I doubt whether modern claims have advanced her far to a nobler place. Mr. Punch views about women are well known, but they are, as a rule, dismissed with some remarks about the nature of the times or a statement that St. Paul did not appreciate women—was a misogynist, in fact. Yet even he had valued women friends—Priscilla, Phœbe, Lois, Eunice. St. Peter was a married man, and he had with him a wife about, and he had found out that the ornament of women was "a meek and quiet spirit." The political platform of the Nineteenth century does not, apparently, seem akin to the meek and quiet spirit.

I fancy that *I have seen in America* among the best women a better ideal of woman's sphere than seems to be held up in this country. I seem to have noticed there some glimmerings of an idea that women should regard it as a duty to bring sweetness and light, intellectual as well as moral, *into the lives of their male relations and friends*, and that with that object each woman should aim at making herself a complete a character as she could. If we women would only take the trouble to be something, to have a character, to have interests, to have plans, to have views about who could say where our power would stop? But no, we want our rights, we want to make a noise, we want to be of consequence, we are afraid that our opinions are not sufficiently valued, we clamor for an appreciable test of our influence.

The gospel teaches us a different lesson. It would be well if we could contrast ourselves for a time with bringing the fruits of our improved education, of our enlarged opportunities, to bear upon the duties imposed upon us within our own sphere, and those others which are intimately connected with it. Meanwhile we might well study, with a little more care than we have hitherto done, what are the peculiar characteristics of the female intellect. Too much time has been wasted in the desire to prove that it is the same or equal to that of man. If we believe that the mind of the sex is peopled with beings of different sexes is not due to chance, but to the will of the Creator, we are bound to believe that he has appointed work of different kinds for each sex, and we cannot believe that in the revelation he has given us he has left us without guidance in the perplexing task of how this work is to be apportioned.—Louisa Creighton in *Guardian*.

Woman in China.

In a missionary periodical published in Shanghai, Dr. Mateer, well known as a scholar, published a paper on the status of women in China. He refers especially to the theoretical position assigned to women by the classics. These lay down the following dogmas on the subject: (1) Women are as different in nature from man as earth is from heaven. (2) Dualism, not only in body form, but in the very essence of nature, is indicated and propounded by Chinese moralists of all times and creeds. The male belongs to yang, the female to yin. (3) Death and all other evils have their origin in yin, or female principle; life and prosperity come from its subjection to the yang, or male principle, and it is, therefore, regarded as a law of nature that women should be kept under the control of men and not allowed any will of their own. (4) Women, indeed, are human beings, but they are of a lower state than men, and never can attain to full equality with them. (5) The aim of female education, therefore, is perfect submission, not cultivation and development of mind. (6) Women cannot have friends, because of their sex they have to live and work for men. (7) Only as the mother of a son, as the counterpoise of the direct line of a family, can a woman rise from her degraded position and become in a certain degree her husband's equal, but then only in household affairs, especially the female department, and in the ancestral hall. (8) In the other world women's condition is exactly the same, for the same laws of existence apply. She is not the equal of her husband; she belongs to him, and for departure for her happiness the sacrifices offered by her descendants. These are the doctrines taught by Confucius, Mencius and the ancient sages, whose memory has been reverenced in China for thousands of years.—London Times.

How to Bathe the Baby.

Get everything ready before you begin bathing, in order not to make him suffer needless delays. Fill the tub two-thirds full, and be sure that the water is exactly the right temperature. If it is too hot or too cold it will shrink from it even afterwards. It should be a little more than blood warm, and your hand, which is much less susceptible than his tender body, is no test. Plunge your elbow in; that is safe rule in one part boiling water and five of cold. A half teaspoonful of borax will make him clean and sweet, and in hot weather a small handful of sea salt, which comes in brown coarse powder, for the bath will strengthen him. A silk sponge, a piece of seamless soap, towels and all his little clean clothes must also be in readiness. Lay a large piece of flannel, with a piece of rubber cloth under it, on your lap, thereon his baby nakedly, lay him on his stomach and sponge him all over quickly, being very careful not to let soap and water get in his eyes or ears.

Wet and soap the sponge, and wash carefully in the crosses of his neck and arms and under his arms, inducing the stomach well to get up a circulation. Now lower him gently into the tub, and amuse him by letting him splash the water with his hands while you sponge him rapidly all over the body for four or five minutes. Many young mothers are clumsy and awkward, and baby, who knows a great deal more than you give him credit for, feels that he is not treated properly and resents it in the only way possible to him by a free use of his lungs. Lift him out on a piece of dry blanket, cover with a soft Turkish towel, and dry thoroughly; then rub chest, back, arms pits and the entire body well with an old piece of gauze flannel. All this takes longer in the telling than in the doing. Dress baby in the safest and best. By the time baby is arrayed in his dainty, clean garments, he will be tired and ready for his next meal, after which a healthy baby will properly brought up infant will take the long nap that gives mamma time for the thousand and one duties that she cannot always perform in the waking hours, or for her own much needed rest.—Country Gentleman.

The Born Nurse.

The "born nurse" is a family institution, and when she is found her virtues are well recognized. Perhaps her talents are inherited from a long line of ancestral nurses, whose touch was healing, and who from time immemorial have been the comfort of each family doctor. Perhaps she is unique in the family history, but however this may be, she is quiet, she is self contained, she has a low voice, and gentle manners have always authority withal, for the born nurse does not permit her heart to run away with her head. She understands how to prepare a tempting dish for an invalid with a relish, for this talented person is a born cook as well. Her hot drinks are always hot, not lukewarm, her beef tea and her jellies are just what they ought to be, and her buttered toast thin, but never burned. This ideal person never asks her patient what she can think of that she would like to eat, neither does she leave dishes or delicacies of any sort in sight of the patient when the invalid's meal is over.

She is cheerful without being boisterous and hopeful without extravagance. She believes in sunshine and fresh air and the cleanliness which is so near akin to godliness. She obeys the doctor's orders implicitly, and it does not occur to her to question his wisdom in the smallest of her duties, whatever she may do in the silence of her own mind, any more than it does to substitute some nostrum for his prescription because it cured Aunt Sally last summer when she had exactly the same symptoms.

But until the doctor comes she is the fountain head of aid and relief. She knows that hot water is good for sprains, as well as for colic and a toothache. She remembers the best remedies for stings of insects, she knows what a thing it would be had he laid by, and when there are arms or legs or fingers to be bandaged her deft hands make the turns and manage the injured member with the least possible motion, and she can improvise a splint *from an old cigar box or* an umbrella handle with perfect success.—Art Interchange.

Cooking Utensils.

English friends often ask me how it is that one gets in the humblest places in France appetizing and varied food and sics made dishes. The answer is: "The meal always cook in copper." All meat, from veal to game, that is used in a made dish, is first fried in butter, which can only be done properly in a copper pan, because the heat is so evenly diffused, and it does not grow rapidly very hot or cold. Butter melted in an iron vessel, even though it have a porcelain lining, becomes bilacious. Potatoes fried in butter in a copper saucepan take a beautiful golden tinge. In an iron one they get black. That glory of the French cordon bleu, "canard aux petits pois," would stain to the bottom of any but a copper stewpan, and get burned if not constantly stirred. Now, frequent stirring involves a loss of aroma. What I have said of dishes applies to "sauce à la mode," or "poulet a la Marengo," or shoulder of mutton braise, or "gibelotte de lapin."

I have now in France built myself up with a battery de cuisine bought in Belgium. It was of iron, enameled with blue without, and with white within. Having one day invited a dozen people to dine, I found I could not do service of a chef. I shall never forget how, on being taken into the kitchen, he folded his arms and eyed the utensils with which he was to operate, and "You want, seriously," he said, "to lay before your guests a dinner which they will eat with pleasure?" "Of course." "Well, as it is impossible to work with that battery de cuisine, I beg you to go and get another. I beg leave to go away. The vessels you have are only fit to scald vegetables."

In England there is an exaggerated fear of verdigris. Copper is a poison, certainly, but it never fatal in its effects. But as the prejudice is strong, it might be well for manufacturers to guarantee the absolute safety by using tinned instead of tin for lining. Nickel hardly ever wears out, and is easy to keep clean.—London Truth.

Two Home Pictures.

Look on this picture and then on that: "Father is coming!" and the little round faces, which, during the day, mother should be toys are thrust into the cupboard, mamma glances nervously at the door; baby is bribed with a lump of sugar to keep the peace. Father comes in; two heads are not a minute, the little group huddle like timid sheep in a corner. Tea is dispatched in silence, as though speaking were prohibited. The children creep like culprits to bed, marveling that baby dares crow so loud now that "father has come!"

"Father is coming!" Bright eyes sparkle and faces flush, fairy dance with glee, eager faces press against the window pane, and a bevy of rosy lips claim kisses at the door. Picture books be laps on the table, and tops, bats, dolls and kites are dismissed. Little sharp lays her soft cheek against the paternal whiskers with the most circuitous abandon; Charley gets a love pat for his medal; mamma—the dear mamma—with the radiance that is read aloud, and tea and buns and time vanish with celerity, for jubilee has arrived and "father has come."—Exchange.

Polite About Cameries.

"Can't you tell me of some antidote that I can give my canary?" asked a lady, the other day, of the proprietor of a bird store. "I'm afraid it's growing blind, though I can't imagine what is the cause."

"How old is your bird?" was the man's question in reply.

"I've had it eighteen years—ever since I was a very little girl," she added, blushing.

"Well, then, the cause is easily found," answered the proprietor with a chuckle, "your bird's blindness is due to old age. It's on its way to the grave, and nothing can now restore its sight.

"When birds live to a good old age—20 years or twenty-five, or sometimes thirty—they are pretty often fleas and total eclipse settles down upon them. It is just as impossible to restore a bird's vision at such a stage as to prevent an old man's looks from turning gray. A large percentage of deaths of children that is liable to victimize songsters of all feathers and all ages. This is of comparatively rare occurrence, and it is doubtless considerable use of paint or lead that has caught while hanging in a draught. Then cheap bird foods containing opium are very injurious to a canary's health.

"I believe, moreover, that a brass or painted cage is not the best thing in which to house one's lemon colored troubadour. The bird's continual pecking at the wires must result in a sprinkling more rapidly all over the body the finer ing its way into its maw, and this surely cannot be wholesome. Besides, in the case of brass cages, after the lacquer is nibbled away, verdigris sometimes forms, and this and the poison must have a baleful effect on the yellow peckers within, acting as a prolific source of sightlessness."—Philadelphia Record.

Rose Thorpe's Own Poetry.

Rose Hartwick Thorpe, the author of "Curfew Must not Ring To-night," is now living in the south for the benefit of her husband's health, but as her own health suffers there, they think of making their home in California their future home. She is now a widow of 39, and she wrote the well known verses when she was under 17. All she got for them was a letter of thanks from the editor of the Detroit newspaper, to whom she sent the lines. She is a native of Indiana, and passed her childhood in great poverty. She says: "Of all dull, prosaic lives mine was the dullest and most prosaic." When she wrote "Curfew" she had no education and no knowledge of books, though she afterwards applied herself to them and became a well read woman. But even during her early married life it was more important to her reputation among her neighbors that she should "keep house" in approved fashion than that she should write well, and she remarks: "Until the year 1880 I was laundry maid, cook, seamstress and nurse for my children." This experience recalls the story of Mr. George Bigney, to whom suspended Harvard students used to go to be coached. Some one is said to have once found her listening at the same time to one boy who was reciting Greek and another who was demonstrating a proposition in algebra, while she shelled peas and rocked the baby's cradle with her foot.—Buffalo Courier.

Beautiful Stand Cover.

The flat top of the stand is covered with embossed leather, with an edge of lambrequin falling from each side. The fall, which is eleven inches deep, is made of Pompeian red silk, with chamois skin decoration. A pattern of vine leaves is drawn upon a wide strip of chamois, which is finally sewed upon the silk. The design is worked in heavy buttonhole stitch with silk the color of the skin, and the spaces between cut away, leaving the chamois to show through. Gold threads. The leaves are veined with gold paint. In doing this veining the best success is achieved by using dry gold, mixed as it is used, with thick gum water. A line of Japanese gold thread is couched upon the edge of the leaves after the chamois has been cut away. The connecting stems are also worked upon the silk ground with gold thread.

The decoration should make a cross strip from five to six inches broad, below, it should be at least one inch of silk bemmed up, and also a finish round each end of the stand, *and on over a fringe made by cutting a strip* of chamois three inches deep into strands.

A description given very little idea of the beauty of this decoration. The cover of a piano scarf or a cross stripe on a short cabinet curtain it would be very rich and effective.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Lady Decorator.

At least one bright young woman in this city has found congenial employment as a professional decorator. It is not a new, but none the less practicable avenue to feminine sustenance, yet calls for special fitness. The tendency of the times, in the matter of home decoration, is to the artistic, and in the direction of prodigality, rather than taste. Liberality of outlay, not refinement of feeling, is manifested in the house of those that have newly acquired the means for rendering their homes as attractive as those of their well to do neighbors. To such homes the fair professional decorator brings a taste and skill applied to "make over" all she arranges with a quality not purchasable, and a fitness and harmony not to be secured by gold, silver or bank checks. An able architect is summoned to plan the new house, but the interior adornment of that house is left to the—often—crude tastes of its occupants. To remedy this defect comes the young woman of artistic bent, who has had special lessons in that direction, and cultivated by experience and observation.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Women As Notaries.

Having occasion a few days ago to require the services of a notary public, I went into the office of an Olive street patent lawyer, and stating my business, I was surprised to learn that the young lady who was industriously plying her pen over the desk was a notary public whose shingle hung without the door. She had been duly commissioned by Governor Francis, and claimed, justly, I presume, to be the first lady notary in the state. I do not know that there is any legal obstacle in the way of a lady holding a commission, and I presume that Governor Francis consulted the law before issuing it, but it will probably open up another avenue to ladies to become self supporting, and lady notaries are likely to become quite the fashion.—Congressman O'Neil in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Woman and Work.

Mr. William T. Stead, editor of The Pall Mall Gazette, was asked if women would probably do important work on the newspaper of the future. He answered: "Women in the future will take a more important part in everything. In the ordinary callings of life, where there is the carrying of heavy weights and that sort of thing to be done, we see very little difference between the sexes in Europe. It is only in the higher callings, where there is better pay, that the difference comes in and women are barred out."

Woman's First Duty.

Mrs. Annie Jenness-Miller has the correct idea. It is not only a woman's first duty to form is to devise garments that are more graceful and more beautiful than those now in vogue. The average woman considers it her first duty to look handsome, and anything that assists or detracts from that end goes treated accordingly. No sensible woman is going to make herself look like a frump simply for hygienic purposes.—Boston Herald.

A woman in Wadley, Ga., has become a grandmother at the age of 30. She married when only 14 and her daughter at fourteen.

If a woman hates you you may be sure she has loved you, loves you now, or will love you.—Pittsburgh Bulletin.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

STYLES THAT ARE APPROVED IN THE WORLD OF FASHION.

Gowns That Are Being Made by New York Modistes for Breakfast and Luncheons. An Imported Mourning Costume in Parisian Circles.

In the world of fashion, gowns are provided in great quantity, not only for dinners, receptions and balls, but for breakfast and luncheons as well. In the illustration is given a beautiful model for a breakfast gown. The three photographed for our use was in a pale shade of coral pink cashmere. The trimmings were of sarah ribbon, of a shade to match, and vandyked lace.

A BREAKFAST GOWN.

A skirt is bordered with a double row of lace, mounted on a kilting and beaded with several rows. The jacket bodice has inserted lace on the bust and a lace basque edged with points.

Ladies' luncheons have become such fashionable entertainments that special gowns have been designed for them. Luncheon gowns described by Harper's Bazar consist of a princesse dress of rich brocade, so simply made that it sits smoothly under the long coat of cloth that is worn over it when in the street. The coat is lined with the brocade of which the dress is made, and covers the dress completely except where the waist is front, where it opens slightly, in order to display the rich skirt beneath. The brocaded princesse dress dress is double breasted, lapping in a point on the left breast, and its skirt front is doubled, to be caught up as a Greek apron, a row of galloon edging the front of waist and skirt being its only trimming. A fur cuff and muff trim the great princesse coat of cloth, which is removed when the wearer is in the house, and its brocade lining is visible only when it is laid aside in the carriage.

The bonnet, which is retained during the luncheon, is a toque made of cloth like the coat or velvet of the same color, with trimming of passementerie like that on the dress and a little fur, also narrow velvet strings that begin at the end of the crown. A rich costume of this kind for a design of American manufacture in red shades on a brown ground for the brocade of the princesse gown, while the great coat is of dark green cloth made with a very high collar and cuffs of black Astrakhan. A bodice trimming of two great palm leaves of black silk cord passementerie begins narrowly on the shoulders just back of the sleeve seam, and while curves extend under the arms to the waist line; from thence a long fringe falls low on the side, made of strands of cord and balls.

An Imported Mourning Costume.

The stylish costume presented in the accompanying cut is of French manufacture, and contributes several new features which may be seen at a glance, as both front and back views are given.

COSTUME FOR MOURNING.

The coat is in paramatta cloth, trimmed with imperial crape and plaitings, which ornament the front of the bodice and the skirt, as well as the basque. The crape bonnet falls a long crape veil, and a white lisse ruching appears around the brim.

A Famous Wedding Veil.

The beautiful veil worn by the Princess Sophie at her wedding was made at the Salesian lace schools at Montfeten. The designs were selected by the Empress Frederick from those in the Berlin Museum of Industry. Thirty-five figures in the utmost variety of stitch are used in the lace, in point de Venise and point gaze. The veil is more than three yards long and nearly two yards wide. The edge of the veil in point gazne is made of 110 different parts. More than 300 Salesian work women were employed on this veil for four months.

Linen.

A new fabric has been brought out by a French manufacturer, made of the fiber of ramie and called ramie linen, that is said to combine the qualities of linen and silk with double the strength of linen.

A new use has been found for the miniature paintings which heretofore have been mounted chiefly for brooches. These are now placed in silver and bronze and chatelaine, making exceedingly effective ornaments.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, *we can suit you.* Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connaught" or "Queen of Cloth, Misses' and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (288 Broadway, N. Y.) thereby saving jobbers' profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy Double Width Dress Goods 12½c. Extra Heavy Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c., 36 inch Trieots, 25c. Improved fall front Dress Forms $1 each.

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If An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 50c. Quilting Calico 5c. per yard. Best quality five Goose Feathers packed handsomely in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

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MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some house, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes. Call and examine our goods.

JOHN A. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

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Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St

GREAT BOOM IN OVERCOATS,

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Settees, Hall Stands and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to Carpets and Art Goods for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices. Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

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MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

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BRADBURY, SAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS. Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase.

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BEDROOM SUITES, WARDROBES, CHIFFONIERS and SIDEBOARDS.

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FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES, ALL QUALITIES, ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full Indigo dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lenoxa Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

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LEADING CLOTHIERS, 7 E. Front Street.

NO. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

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BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

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FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

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GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

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LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

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"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT.

What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the home owner get? He gets dissatisfied, and are they likely to be? Wait for your masonry on one hand; a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other. Good intentions prevent neither. Moral: Be patented 1881; incorporated 1888; At the head of the profession 1889.) [illegible]

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INSURANCE.

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Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—Surprise parties and socialables are now in order.

—The Charter election will occur on Tuesday, December 3d.

—Father, take your boy to hear Burdick at Music Hall to-night.

—Mr. John H. Demott, of Flemington, is visiting in Plainfield.

—It is said that the costumes used by "The Brigands" company cost $8,000.

—The Union county Board of Freeholders will hold an adjourned meeting on the 21st inst.

—Only business of a routine nature was transacted at the Reform Club meeting last night.

—Several young men are arranging for a select evening party to be given within two weeks.

—The work of repairing St. Mary's rectory has been commenced. The repairs will cost about $3,000.

—Members of the Y. M. C. A. are requested to reserve Thursday evening, Nov. 21st, for a first-class reception at the rooms.

—Rev. Joseph H. Crosher has accepted an invitation to address a Reform Hall meeting on Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—The winds of yesterday and last night dried up the mud on the roads to a considerable extent, and carriage riding is once more a pleasure.

—The temporary foot bridge which was washed from the piers at Elm place on Tuesday last has been replaced by another, a similar structure.

—Even plants die in the atmosphere of alcohol. This is evident from the fact that plants in liquor saloon windows have to be frequently replaced.

—The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation will meet in the Council Chamber on Tuesday, Nov. 26th, from two to five p. m., or longer if necessary.

—A large variety of holiday goods is already displayed in the windows of our merchants. Read what THE NEWS advertisers have to say and act accordingly.

—A native Hindoo newspaper makes the following brilliant hit: "Our liquor traffic begins by hanging a sign over the door, and ends by hanging a man on a gibbet."

—The bowling green game at Dunellen, which was to have taken place yesterday, has been postponed until next Thursday, on account of the softness of the ground.

—The Monday Nightstand Thursday Nights, of Westfield, bowled one of the league games on the Elm street alley, Westfield, last night. The Thursday Nights won the game by 69 pins.

—During the games at the Crescent Rink last evening a black vest, containing a handsome gold watch, belonging to W. Lee Simmonds, of the Plainfield Bicycle club, was stolen.

—Thomas Flood, formerly of this city, but now residing in Rahway, was yesterday convicted in the Union County Court, at Elizabeth, of indecent assault. He was remanded for sentence.

—The members of the Bound Brook Ivy Hook and Ladder Company will hold their annual sociable this evening. A number of Plainfielders will attend. Prof. O'Reilley will furnish the music.

—Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., is in receipt of an invitation from a fraternal organization at Union Hill, requesting their presence at an anniversary celebration to be held on November 20th.

—At the young people's meeting at Bethel chapel to-night Mr. Richards will talk on "The Canon of Scriptures; or, How and Why the Twenty Books of the Bible Have a place in the Bible." Visitors will be welcome.

—People who seem to have nothing better to do than to try to make trouble between friends generally wind up by themselves coming out at the small end of the horn. A case of this kind came to light this morning.

—Mr. George Kennan, the Siberian traveler and author, will lecture in Music Hall next Tuesday evening in aid of the Muhlenberg Hospital. His subject will be "An East Siberia Convict Mine." Mr. Kennan's articles in The Century magazine have interested thousands of people in the exile system of Russia.

—A mass meeting of the Christian Endeavor societies will take place on Nov. 21st, at eight o'clock in the evening, at the First Baptist church in New Brunswick, when the Rev. Whalen Hoyt, of Philadelphia, will deliver the opening address. All the societies of Middlesex county have been invited to attend the services.

—A gentleman in reading a photograph of his daughter to a friend, in his letter accompanying it, "I send you a photograph of my little Saxon E., eight years old. I am very fond of photographs. Did you ever examine what the photographers call the negative, in which all that is to be light is dark, and vice versa? If so, you will feel how beautiful it is that I made for a brother-in-law of mine, that 'This world is only the negative of the world to come, and that which is dark here will be light hereafter.'"

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Sidle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
Friday	38	50	40
Saturday	40	50	40
Sunday	40	50	40
Monday	40	50	40
Tuesday	40	50	40
Wednesday	40	50	40
Thursday	40	50	40
Friday	40

PLAINFIELD DAILY NEWS
A NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,
C. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

It is as last fully understood between Queen Victoria and parliament that no more government grants for her grandchildren are to be asked for during her reign.

A few months ago the society notices spoke of "the president and Mrs. Cleveland." Now it is "Mrs. Grover Cleveland and her husband."

A great advance in steel manufacture is noted at the Paris exposition. By means of hydraulic pressure frames for railway engines and cars are cut out of sheet steel.

Barnum has been telling those British that he would rather live in England than in America. In time they will be up to the ways of the greatest showman on earth, over there.

Amelia B. Edwards will give 100 lectures in America. She is the most learned Egyptologist who has visited America. But for all that she cannot solve for us the riddle of the sphinx. Everybody must do that for himself.

A Methodist woman preacher, Miss Alva Button, has left that communion because it refused to ordain women, and connected herself with the United Brethren. The Brethren have regularly ordained her as a circuit preacher.

While the law courts of New York were wrangling over the question whether electricity will kill, men were killed every week by coming in contact accidentally with live wires.

A woman asks a very pertinent question, which is this: If the increasing divorce figures of our time prove that marriage is a failure, why is it that nearly all divorced people marry again, and that very soon?

When you hear an extraordinary story from Niagara falls, wait a day or two *before accepting it. Niagara is one of* the spots on which the sensation syndicate has laid its delicate fingers.

Chicago has already more millions subscribed for a world's fair than New York has. The goose bone indications are that it will be a cold day when Chicago gets left.

The pension department has at last been forced to refuse an allowance to a crippled volunteer. He received his injury in a bloody engagement with one of his own messmates.

Of all the gold regions ever discovered those who have been there declare that the Transvaal, in South Africa, is the richest. Edward Bates Dorsey says it will produce, when fully mined, more gold than California and Australia combined. The metal is in quartz veins, and requires the heaviest milling machinery to extract it.

The Republican candidate for governor of Massachusetts has been much praised because he declared he would not pledge himself beforehand to any particular line of action in case of state measures to come before him. Now let us find a candidate brave enough to say he will not pledge himself before election to appoint any particular candidates to office.

A learned Russian physician, Dr. de Tarchanoff, has made a discovery recently which should be enough to make all brain workers take a daily bath. It is that all thought is accompanied by electrical discharges upon the skin, and the more intense the thought the stronger are the electric currents. These electric discharges move the glands of the skin. This is the discovery. What our physiologists can make out of it remains to be seen.

It would be interesting to an antiquarian to calculate just how far Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, is behind the times. His party of the revolution is in this year celebrating the revolt of a hundred years ago against God's rights." Well, it depends on how one looks at the matter. In America and France we are accustomed to think that by the revolutions at the close of last century God helped mankind to recover their own rights from the hands of a few indecent old usurpers, and that he bade us guard them sacredly henceforth.

A striking illustration of the precarious living made by most actors is found in the fact that Charles H. Bishop, the comedian, who died during a theatrical performance recently, left a widow in destitute circumstances. It was found necessary to give a benefit for her relief at once. Yet her husband was 55 years old, and had been more successful than most actors of his time. He was a talented and uncommonly popular delineator, and could secure engagements with little trouble. Still he left his wife destitute. If he had put by, day by day, the grocery business the income would be applied to the dramatic profession, he might easily have been a millionaire.

Columbus Day.

Some of the newspapers have been remarking that Oct. 12, 1892, would be the great day of the World's fair in America, because that will be the four hundredth anniversary of the very day on which Columbus sighted our continent. A correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger calls attention to the fact that this would not be correct. According to the Julian calendar, old style, the 12th would be the right date. But the Julian calendar counted 11¼ minutes too much in a year. In a century this amounted to three-quarters of a day. The Julian method of reckoning time was adopted 46 B. C. At the discovery of America the dates were 9¾ days behind. In course of time this would knock Christmas, Thanksgiving and even Fourth of July all out of kelter.

The calendar was ten days behind at the time of Pope Gregory. In 1582 he rectified it by simply adding out of his supreme authority ten days to the calendar, making Dec. 15 Dec. 25. Whatever popes said went in those days, and all the countries of Christendom gradually adopted the Gregorian or correct calendar, except the Greek church countries, Russia and Greece. These still reckon time by the Julian method, and are now consequently twelve days behind the true time.

All other important dates and birthdays have been changed to suit the new style. This must be also. The true Columbus day is Oct. 21.

Our State Legislatures.

We learn in a paper by Mr. Albert Shaw, in The Contemporary Review, all about our American state legislatures. We learn that in a legislative session of *twenty-four* months in our states no fewer than 25,000 laws are passed.

In the early days of the republic, Mr. Shaw tells us, the Americans had no great faith in written constitutions, and so left nearly everything to their legislatures. The result was an era of wildly extravagant legislation. States were plunged into swamps of debt and had imposed on them no end of cranky, senseless laws. Then the people rose in their majesty and swept away much of this unrestricted legislative power. They put into their state constitution just what a legislature might and might not do, thus protecting themselves from the rapacity and folly of their own lawmakers. From having almost nothing in the state constitution, the tendency is now to put almost everything into it. *Our state constitutions are becoming* more and more legislative.

Mr. Shaw is of opinion that a study of the thousands of different laws passed by American state legislatures, embracing as they do about every topic human and divine, would be most instructive. In this he is right. One would especially learn what not to do in legislation.

Taxing Real Estate Alone.

The Boston Executive Business association have recommended to that city the adoption of the single tax system. They recommend that taxes be levied on real estate alone for city revenues. For state revenues they suggest the taxation of inheritances and legacies. It is their judgment that an income tax would also be advantageous.

It is significant of the progress made by the single tax idea in a few years, that some of those who recommend the system for adoption are among the heaviest real estate owners in Boston. They are of opinion that putting taxes on real estate alone, and releasing other property, would give a great boom to the manufacturing and commercial interests of the city. Taxes could not be evaded as they are now, and, all being paid of necessity, the amount would be larger than is now raised for municipal purposes. Therefore, they believe the rate per thousand could be lowered.

If anything could curdle the blood of a French absinthe drunkard it would be the report made to the French Academy of Medicine on this intoxicant by Dr. Cadeac. Genuine absinthe he declares to be one of the deadliest of poisons, affecting the spinal cord and causing epileptiform convulsions and death. The only reason it does not oftener produce death in a short time is that the ordinary article imbibed by the absinthe drinker is weak and of thoroughly poor quality. But students of physiology have for some years insisted that the men of the French nation are deteriorating rapidly. Certainly the French population scarcely increases at all. Perhaps absinthe is the fiend at the bottom of it all.

Gladstone urges British workingmen to study the story of the American revolution. The seeds of American liberty were carried from England in the beginning. Now in return England reaps advantages from the American vindication of the principles of liberty. Meantime it would not be half a bad plan for American workingmen to study the history of their own country and find out the true principles of the foundation of our government.

One of the electioneering methods resorted to by Mahone in Virginia is about the most novel and amusing on record. He is charged with organizing the white women in the state into a league to force their male friends to vote for the Mahone general. And when once a colored woman gets her dander up and gets started, nothing can stop her.

Much of the surplus money of the United States has been kept for some years in the national banks.

[BOOMING NEWS.]

AN ALIBI ALL AROUND.

Plans of the Defense in the Cronin Trial.

THE SUSPECTS' FIGHT FOR LIFE.

How the State's Important Witnesses Will be Contradicted—Will Coughlin Break and Confess?—The State is Well Satisfied with the Case So Far.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The defense in the Cronin case will devote its attention principally to the proving of alibis for the suspects. This is, in fact, its main hope so far as Coughlin, Sullivan and Burke are concerned. As for Kunze, his attorney does not think he is in any danger whatever, notwithstanding the testimony of Milsmen Merten that he saw the little German and Coughlin drive up to the cottage together. Should it be found, however, that the alibi business does not take well with the jury, Coughlin's friends, aided by the suspect's wife, will do what they can to induce him to confess. There is no doubt that Coughlin has been solicited to confess many times, but has always asserted that he has nothing whatever to tell. To one friend who saw him in the jail he said:

"Hell will freeze over before I ever say anything."

A Dangerous Man.

And it is the belief of the state that it is time wasted for any one to plead with him He is stubborn, has a certain pride which would prevent his "splitting," and has always borne the reputation among his friends and enemies of being capable even of being a desperate and dangerous man in an emergency. One fact weighs heavily with the state, however, and this is that if there is any one behind the prisoner, the latter will not betray him, and that even when they find all hope gone. Therefore, what is to be gained by withholding a confession? Coughlin has said he would die game. Burke and Sullivan have made no such declarations.

Tactics of the Defense.

The defense will occupy about ten days with the testimony they hope to introduce. As to Coughlin, Sullivan and Kunze, being in Nieman's saloon, near the Carlson cottage, on the night of May 4, at 10 o'clock, as Nieman swore they were, Nieman will swear that it would have been impossible for the two first named to have assisted in the murder, washed themselves and removed the bloody evidence of their crime, and then go to the saloon by 10 o'clock, particularly as Cronin did not arrive at the cottage until after 8. Then the defense will insist that had these men participated in the murder their actions would have shown it, whereas Nieman could not see that they were excited or nervous. They were mysterious in their conversation, but the defense will argue that they might have been talking over private business.

Mrs. Hoertel to be Attacked.

Mrs. Hoertel will also be fiercely attacked by the defense, which will claim that she was not sense enough to testify intelligently about anything. An alibi will also be set up for her, and Ertels, the saloon keeper, in whose place Mrs. Hoertel spent all the evening, will swear as to the time she was in his saloon. Her character will in all probability be also attacked. Witnesses will be brought to show Coughlin's whereabouts from that night up to midnight, when, it will be claimed, the detective went home. It is proposed to follow Coughlin from an early hour in the evening until midnight, and the contention that it would have been an impossibility for him to have been at the Carlson cottage that night at any time. Just before his arrest Coughlin had been on duty with Superintendent Hubbard, Coughlin could not tell where he had been that night.

Sampson Was Coughlin's Enemy.

Officer Sampson, a noted rough, swore Coughlin offered him money to "do up" Cronin, and witnesses are ready to swear that Sampson has "had it in" for Coughlin for some time for having arrested him. Sampson's unreliability will also be dwelt upon, and policemen will swear that they would not believe him under oath. Garrity, who swore he saw Coughlin and Sampson separated Sampson, is an enemy of Coughlin, the defense assert.

White Horse Testimony.

Mrs. Conklin's identification of the Dinan white horse is to be another subject of attention. Two newspaper reporters will swear she failed to identify the animal when Capt. Schaack brought it up, though it regard to this Mrs. Conklin will swear that was raining when Schaack drove past her house, and this changed the color of the animal somewhat. Veterinary surgeons and other experts will testify that the Dinan horses ever lived that had peculiar knees as testified to by Mrs. Conklin, as having partly identified the animal by [illegible] particularly.

Again, a young girl living on Blue Island avenue will swear that she was out riding on the night of May 4 with the team she got from Dinan's barn, and remained out a long time which would have prevented the driver from having gone to the Conklin flat after Cronin.

Sullivan's Alibi.

Sullivan's alibi will be established by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Whalen. The latter will swear that Sullivan went to bed about half past 8 o'clock on the night of May 4 and did not go out of bed until the next morning. Her husband will corroborate her. In rebuttal, however, the state will produce one of Sullivan's former friends, who will swear that Sullivan was let in at the front door at midnight by Mrs. Whalen, the former being in the adjoining flat.

What Dodge Heard.

Unless the testimony of E. C. Dodge can be used in rebuttal it may perhaps not be used at all. He is the man who heard Coughlin say to Burke that he had "Aspell as Cronin drove past them in a buggy. He ought not to be allowed to take many more buggy rides before he is killed." To this Burke replied: "Good for you." It may be that Dodge is in Washington Territory somewhere, but just where the state does not know. He is the husband of one of the police matrons and a resident of Chicago.

The State is Satisfied.

The lawyers for the state all feel that a good case has been presented to the jury so far—one without a material flaw and which, barring any surprises, will have been presented within two days. Dr. Cronin to the cottage was admitted as there. The prosecution would not say what connection with the case the other part may have had.

A Dying Convict Confessed.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—Charles R. Blake, who was sentenced to the state prison for seven years in the state for forgery, has been pardoned. Blake is dying of consumption.

THE AYER HEIR TROUBLE.

Harriet Hubbard Ayer Compromises with Her Husband.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—Litigation in the celebrated case of Harriet Hubbard Ayer against Herbert C. Ayer has just terminated here. *Three years ago* Mrs. Ayer procured a divorce from her husband on the ground of desertion and was given the custody of their daughter, Margaret, now 13 years of age. In July last Mr. Ayer petitioned Judge Stein for removal of Mrs. Ayer as guardian of Margaret, alleging that she was addicted to the use of strong drink and that she was a victim of morphine.

A short time ago Mr. Ayer's lawyers went to New York to take depositions of witnesses there to prove the allegations, but were met with overtures by Mrs. Ayer for a compromise, which have resulted in a settlement.

Mrs. Ayer's lawyers submitted to Judge Shepard a resignation by Mrs. Ayer of her position as guardian of Margaret upon the ground that the youth of the child made it undesirable that she should be the subject of litigation until she is qualified to choose for herself. Mr. Ayer's examination of all charges against Ayer for attorney and consent to the entry of a decree barring her from setting up any claim for alimony were also filed. Judge Shepard then entered an order appointing Herbert C. Ayer guardian of the daughter Margaret until the further order of the court.

KNIGHTS IN CONVENTION.

Master Workman Powderly and the W. C. T. U.—Proposed Changes.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 15.—The morning session of the Knights of Labor was taken up in receiving and discussing the report of the committee on laws. Nothing of public interest was done. It is decided that on Saturday the convention would go into committee of the whole on the state of the order. During the afternoon session the committee on laws made a report favoring the entire and state W. C. T. U. societies. A speech was made by Miss Missouri Stokes, of Georgia, during which she congratulated Master Workman Powderly on having excluded the rum sellers from the order and on being himself a prohibitionist. Mr. Powderly replied by answering that the W. C. T. U. would always find their friends affiliating with the Knights of Labor. When the ladies had withdrawn, the report of the law committee, the reading of which was commenced at the morning session, was resumed. Some very important changes in the by laws and constitution were suggested. The most important change was to allow the transfer of any local assembly by district assembly or to the general assembly without the consent of either the district, national trade or state assembly, as heretofore required. It was proposed to amend the fourth plank of the platform, and a long discussion followed. The matter will be taken up and settled on Monday.

Mrs. Cope's Alleged Insanity.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The consideration of the application of C. Oscar Beasley on behalf of Porter F. Cope and Mrs. Emma D. Coolidge for a commission in lunacy for Mrs. Josephine P. Cope was to have been heard yesterday, but owing to another case was postponed by Judge Hare. Subsequently four affidavits were filed in support of the lunacy of Mrs. Cope. They set forth that Mrs. Cope has been gradually growing worse for the last three or four months; that she complained that she did not have property enough; that she was afraid of Catholics and Jesuits, because they had a conspiracy to do something to her; that she was afraid of being poisoned, accusing her best friends of this; that she intended to have a large cross put over her door to protect her from the Catholics; that she was careless of money, a $5,000 United States bond having been found among some rubbish in her room, and that she is unable to take care of herself.

The W. C. T. U. Division.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The executive committee of the National W. C. T. U. before final adjournment adopted resolutions cordially inviting all women of Iowa, irrespective of political sympathies, whether members of the W. C. T. U. or not, who desire to adhere to the national organization, to meet at a time and place to be hereafter designated and consult as to the best method of procedure in view of the secession of the Iowa delegation last Tuesday night. Miss Frances E. Willard and other leaders will be present. Over 1,200 telegrams from Mrs. D. D. Carhart, of Marion, Ia., formerly president of the Iowa W. C. T. U., will furnish cards admitting to the privileges of the convention women who may favor their adherence to the National W. C. T. U.

FOUR MINERS FATALLY BURNED.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The Inquirer's Pottsville special says: A force of fifteen men was put at work in the Middle Creek colliery, near Tremont, to extinguish a fire in a coal breast. While they were at work at an early hour yesterday morning a mass of coal fell burying four of their number at the face of the burning breast. When rescued the men were all alive, but so badly burned that they cannot recover. Their names are: The names of the victims are: Francis Klein, John Jones, Henry Knauber and Thomas Jones."

A National Amateur League.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The board of managers of the amateur athletic union held a long and interesting meeting last night. The principal subject discussed was the report of the baseball committee. It is proposed to organize a national amateur league to play for the amateur championship of the United States. A. and W. McMurray, of Boston, Archie Day, of Newark, and J. A. Morris, of New Brunswick, N. J., on application, were admitted amateurs. The board will meet again on the 23d inst.

German Hanlon as an Actor.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 15.—Ned Hanlon made his debut as an actor here last night, taking the part of the winning caravan in the play "The Dark Secret," at the Academy of Music. He will remain with the company all winter, and says that next spring he will try to recover the world's championship.

Scott's Colliery Shuts Down.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 15.—As heretofore predicted, the Hickory Swamp colliery, owned by William L. Scott, and employing 1,000 men, has suspended operations because of the dullness of the western coal trade.

What Premier Mercier Said.

MONTREAL, Nov. 15.—Premier Mercier says that what he said in Baltimore was that the French and British Canadian Liberals were both annexationists and anti-annexationists, and that the latter were in the majority.

An Ice Company Assigns.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 15.—The James R. Smith Ice and Coal Company, of Belleville, St. Louis, Ills., has made an assignment. The liabilities are placed at $91,000, but the assets, which are nearly encumbered, are not given.

FARMERS IN CONGRESS.

Proceedings of the National Meeting at Montgomery.

THEY DIFFER ON THE TARIFF.

A Very Lively Argument is Expected on Questions Relating to That Subject by Judge Lawrence, of Ohio, and Hon. J. A. McKenzie, of Kentucky.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 15.—The second day's session of the Farmers' congress was well attended. The former report as to all the states being represented was a mistake. Delegates did not arrive from Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Mississippi, Arkansas and several northern and western states. At the morning session Judge Lawrence, of Ohio, president of the Wool Growers' association, on behalf of a majority of the committee on resolutions, reported a resolution favoring the repeal of the McKinley schedule. A minority report from the protective policy is continued all farm products shall be as fully protected as any article of manufacture.

No Favored Tariff Reduction.

Mr. Wilkins, of Missouri, offered a minority report, pleading the farmers of the United States to be content with the present and to a change of duties from the necessaries to the luxuries of life as far as possible. Both reports were laid over, and will come up for action later. Judge Lawrence offered resolutions to the effect that the government does not need the revenue raised by the tax upon whisky, and that it should be repealed to the states; also favoring the repeal of the tax on tobacco. Both resolutions were reported adversely by the committee.

Protection Needed by Growers.

Hon. L. S. Coffin delivered an address on "Railroads and Their Relation to the Farmer." The speaker was sharply criticised by Mr. Powderly for having excluded much in sympathy with railroads and corporations. Judge Lawrence read a paper on "Wool Growing and Mutton Producing," pointing out the great benefit which would arise to the whole people from increased sheep raising and urging protection for this interest. Judge Lawrence's address was followed by Hon. A. Nevil, of Illinois, entitled "A Word of Encouragement to Our Farmer Boys." Another paper was read on "The Possibilities of Agriculture in Alabama," by Professor J. F. Duggar, of the Alabama Agricultural and Mechanical college. Many speeches were delivered by delegates from the north and west, all advocating wool protection. The evening session was a regular tariff debate on the minority and majority reports of the committee on resolutions. Hon. James A. McKenzie, of Kentucky, will present a reply to Judge Lawrence. The voting is by congressional representation, and the delegations from Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Indiana are practically solid. Hon. Hiram Price, of Iowa, is opposed to it.

Against the Chicago "Combine."

At the evening session, after a heated debate, a resolution offered by John Kelly, of Kansas, was adopted, denouncing as an insult to the honest people of the United States the refusal of the Chicago "combine" to testify before the senate committee.

The majority resolutions of the committee on resolutions above referred to were adopted by a vote of 171 to 101. The affirmative vote was: Iowa 13, Kentucky 7, Kansas 11, Missouri 1, Rhode Island 6, Ohio 24, Colorado 5, Florida 2, Illinois 28, Idaho 2, Indiana 15, Michigan 14, Nebraska 8, Virginia 32. The negative vote was: Alabama 12, Kentucky 7, Georgia 15, Missouri 18, North Carolina 11, Texas 14, Florida 7, Indiana, 7.

SIX MEN KILLED.

Fatal Premature Explosion of a Blast in Montana.

BUTTE, Mon., Nov. 15.—Six men were instantly killed on the construction branch of the Northern Pacific railroad, fifteen miles east of Butte, by the premature explosion of a blast. The men were employed in a cut blasting rock. Two others had their eyes blown out.

The killed were: Con Sullivan, the foreman; John Dell, A. W. Larson, T. O. O'Leary, Hans Ross and A. Finn.

Football Player Met.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The graduate advisory committee of the intercollegiate Football association, was held out in Richardson, '92, and R. B. Young, of the University of Pennsylvania, '93, at a meeting held in the Fifth Avenue hotel to consider the *protest from Harvard preferring charges of* professionalism against Amos, of Princeton; Princeton against Hallowell, of Pennsylvania; Dean, of Harvard, and charges of receiving compensation for playing football against Cranston, Upton and Stickney, of Harvard. Princeton and Pennsylvania men appeared, but men charged denying the allegations. Shortly before 9 p. m. the meeting of the committee was called to indefinitely. The protest against Amos was withdrawn, but it was decided that not sufficient time had been given Amos to prepare his case. Princeton's protest against Harvard was, by reason of the decision of the committee in Amos' case, also laid on the table.

French Novels Tabooed.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The will of the late John Crerar, of the firm of Crerar, Adams & Co., railroad supplies, has been probated. His entire estate is valued at $4,320,000. The principal bequest is $1,000,000 and $1,500,000 for the establishment of a public library, which its philanthropic founder directs shall contain no immorality in the way of French novels. The Wood & Richardson and personal friends run up to nearly $1,000,000.

$250 for a Life.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 15.—Benjamin F. Lawson, a well known colored man of Anne Arundel county, has been convicted of murdering Hodge, an old colored man, on June 21. The evidence showed that Lawson found Hodge in his corn crib and that he struck Hodge a terrible blow on the head with an ax.

The Women's Equal Rights Meeting.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The Women's Equal Rights association's eleventh annual meeting here, sixty-two delegates from branches in all parts of the country being present, among whom were Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, Mrs. F. F. Shepard, Mrs. Judge Dillon and Mrs. Judge Chubb. Encouraging reports were submitted as to the work of the organization.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

An explosion of gasoline at Michael Lynch's cigar store, 1,405 Vine street, Philadelphia, caused the death of Jennie Riley and severely injured her proprietor.

At a meeting of the striking miners at Spring Valley, Ills., it was decided to go to work upon the terms offered by William L. Scott, practically the same conditions that were in force at the time of the strike.

Sydney Rosenfeld, who wrote "The Oolah," has brought suit in New York against Francis Wilson to prevent him from publishing a burlesque pamphlet of the songs of the comic opera.

Mrs. William Cassius Goodloe is said to be an applicant for the position of collector of internal revenue for the Seventh Kentucky district, the position held by her husband at the time of his death.

The following is the official count on election for governor in Ohio: Campbell (Dem.) 328,426, Foraker (Rep.) 326,315. Campbell's majority, 10,873. Halwig, Prohibition candidate for governor, 28,584.

The Republicans have gained an assemblyman in the Twelfth district of Kings county, N. Y. The board of canvassers decide that Charles J. Kurth (Rep.) has beaten Mortimer C. Earl (Dem.)

The Capitol hotel at Dallas, Tex., has been destroyed by fire. The seventy-five guests lost all, or nearly all, of their effects. Two drummers are missed in the flames. Loss on building, $40,000; insurance, $30,000.

The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed in New York state: T. A. Halloway, Evergreen; R. C. Almy, Jacksonville, and S. G. Odell, Pleasant Ridge.

The executive committee of the Woman's Christian Temperance union selected Atlanta, Ga., as the place of the next annual meeting.

A big deal in the Ohio oil fields has been consummated by which J. C. McKinney, of Titusville, Pa., and New York and Philadelphia capitalists secured 20,000 acres of territory. The company will erect refineries and pipe lines at Findlay, Ohio. The headquarters is situated in Findlay and vicinity.

Among those who have been awarded prizes by the French academy is F. Marion Crawford, the author of "Mr. Isaacs."

THEY DESERT THE ASSOCIATION.

The Brooklyns and Cincinnati Ball Clubs Join the League.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15—Two American association ball teams, Brooklyn and Cincinnati, have joined the National league, giving the league ten clubs to the association's six. Byrne, of Brooklyn, and Sterne, of Cincinnati, have both resigned from membership in the association.

At the League meeting N. E. Young was elected president for the ensuing year. Messrs. Robinson, of Cleveland; Nimick, of Pittsburg; Hart, of Washington, and Byrne, of Brooklyn, were elected on the board of directors for the ensuing year. Messrs. Spalding, Chicago, and Nimick, Pittsburg, committee on playing rules. Decoration Day, New York; Rogers, Philadelphia, and Young were appointed on the board of arbitration, and also a committee on playing rules.

The next meeting of the League will be held in New York, and the meeting of the schedule committee included.

Spalding, Ramsey and Day were appointed a committee to prepare an address to the public. They will try and explain why they did not give the players the same considerations as the association. They are willing to give them now. C. H. Byrne and F. A. Abell were elected to represent Brooklyn. A. H. Sterne and Harry Stern, Cincinnati. President Von der Ahe, of the Brooklyn club, has signed Tom Burns for 1893.

The President Goes Duck Shooting.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—The Sun's special from Chase, Md., says: President Harrison and Gen. W. J. Sewell arrived here at 5 o'clock Wednesday night, and were met by Senator Gibson and a party of friends which is composed of the following Philadelphians. Edward Ridgway, Colonel Alfred Knight, Colonel Dale Benson and Edward S. Clark. The party spent a quiet night at the club house on the Gunpowder river. Early in the morning the president went in the "Daisy" with a party number of the clubmembers. The party hunched at 2 p. m. and killed more ducks in the afternoon. Frank Thomson, vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad, joined the party at 3 p. m. and a delightful duck dinner was served. Mr. Thomson returned to Philadelphia at 9:30. The president retired early, intending to be out for the early morning shooting. He intends remaining until Saturday.

An Embassy Wishes to Return.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—The Herald is informed that the Chinese embassy which was dispatched from Boston to Europe because he had damaged irretrievably a large number of private estates introduced to his care, is now in Toronto, Canada, and is desirous to consult with *friends here* with a view to such an adjustment of his matters as would permit him to return to Boston unmolested. The Herald says that he is little prepared for a gratification of his wish. It understands that Mr. Crowley is almost penniless.

Actors in a Collision.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 15.—A special train from Aberdeen, Miss., with a theatrical troupe on board, collided with a switch engine at Canton on the Illinois Central road. Engineer Patterson, Redmond, of the switch engine; Switchman Tom Loftins and an unknown negro were killed, and Jim Smith, Ed Birney, Wm. Bonsall and several others were injured. The switch engine was on the main line going to a water tank, the night operator at Canton having reported the track clear.

A Murder at Johnstown.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 15.—Charles Gibson is in custody for the murder of Frank Campbell, colored, at Johnstown, and the authorities at that place have found incriminating clothes which removed from jail after the murder, were found in possession of Gibson. Gibson sent for by Governor Pattison rearrested later on receipt of a telegram from Johnstown.

Higher Persons Killed.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—An explosion occurred in the Royal Powder factory at Rummelsburg, Germany, yesterday, killing eight persons and injuring twenty eight.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 200 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR
75 Cts per bushel
IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF
R. W. RICE & Co.
GROCERS,
Duer and Emily Sts.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies.
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GILLMAN FARM
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Snap Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JOHN JOHNSTON
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

A Card to the Public.
About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.
NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Thousands in use
The Successful
CELEBRATED
PERFECT
RANGES
WARM AIR FURNACES
HOT WATER HEATERS
MANUFACTURED BY
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.
NOS. 232 & 234 Water St. New York
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A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 EAST FRONT STREET.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Sure Cure. Absolutely Harmless. Prevents Blood Poisoning. Stops Pain Instantly. Makes Corns Disappear. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 15 cents. Manufactured by SCATTER-CORN CO., 115 Nassau St., New York. Sold in Plainfield by Dr. Hance, 116 Park Ave., and Dr. Hall, 1 E. Front st.

HACKETTS, TULIPS, CROCUSES
Just received at the Greenhouses of Lindsey's, No. 25 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsey's intelligence office, same place. 4.11-1y

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67 WEST FRONT STREET,
All Kinds of Second-Hand
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Bought and Sold
Also, Second-hand Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and all kinds of Household Furniture, bought and sold. Furniture repaired and upholstered by calling. Furniture moved with prudence and promptness.

It Was Done' Beeswax.

A good story comes to us from the sunny south. An old darky having accumulated a considerable quantity of beeswax, came into town to sell it. Approaching a storekeeper, he said to him: "Massa, want to buy some beeswax today?"

"Beeswax, Sambo? Well, I don't know, what sort of beeswax it is?"

With a look of indescribable disgust, the darky replied, as he turned on his heel: "Why bees' beeswax, you blasted fool."—Tuscaloosa News.

Melodious.

"You stay dere, shild'ut. I'se of holdin' you got tired."

Mr. Spenzer (enthusiastically)—Ach! Dot Wagner music was sound human almost sometimes.—Life.

The Song of the Talker.

Sweeter than Italian breathings on the tense and trembling wire,
Made by flower burdened zephyrs from the pearl fence resting mouth;
Sweeter than the heavenly harpings of the rapt angelic choir,
Is the music, ceaseless music, of my ever sounding mouth!
How I love its giddy gurgle!
How I love its fluent flow!
How I love to wind my mouth up!
How I love to hear it go!

Sweeter far than the bulbul singing idyl in oriental grove,
How it satisfies the hunger of my wide, voracious ears;
I listen to its music and no longer disbelieve
The Pythagorean fancy of the music of the spheres!
How I love its giddy gurgle!
How I love its fluent flow!
How I love to wind my mouth up!
How I love to hear it go!

Sweeter far than sawings and cymbals, harp and psaltery to me;
Sweeter than the flow of water they've sun sunk ten fathoms of it round;
Sweeter than the sunrise music of Memnonian melody
Is the ventriloquistation of my automatic mouth!
How I love its giddy gurgle!
How I love its fluent flow!
How I love to wind my mouth up!
How I love to hear it go!
—S. W. Foss in Yankee Blade.

Handed In by Stag Rises.

When I think of the towel, the old fashioned towel, that used to hang up by the printing house door, I think that nobody in these days of shoddy can hammer out iron to wear as it wore. The tramp, who abused it, the devil, who used it, the comp, who got at it when those two were gone, the make-up and foreman, the editor, poor man, each rubbed some grime off, while they put a heap on. In, over and under, twas blacker than thunder, 'twas harder than poverty, tougher than sin; it was the trifler suspended, it never was bended, and it flapped on the wall like a banner of tin. It grew thicker and rougher and harder and tougher, and daily put on a more inkier hue, until one windy morning, without any warning, it fell to the floor and was broken in two.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Beware of This!

"Laura," said the young lady's mother, not unkindly, "it seems to me that you had the gas turned rather low last evening."

"It was solely for economy, mamma," answered the maiden.

"There is no use trying to beat the gas company, my daughter. I have noticed that the shutting off the gas is always followed by a corresponding increase of pressure."

"Well, that leaves the waist, doesn't it, mamma, dear?" replied the artless girl.

And her fond parent could find no more to say.—Exchange.

Only a Tramp.

Magistrate—You say you are a tourist, Prisoner—Yes, sir; I love nature in all her radiant beauty.

Magistrate (testily)—Never mind that now. How much money have you about you?

Prisoner—Threepence-halfpenny.

Magistrate (severely)—Then I shall consider you as a vagrant. Wednesday the line between tourists and tramps at one shilling.—London Tid Bits.

The Latest Courtesan.

Conjugal scene between Monsieur and Madame de Boudamacoeur:

"Why," said the husband, "do you put the hair of another woman on your head?"

"Why," retorted his better half, "do you wear the skin of another calf on your hands?"—Le Voltaire.

Suitable Music.

Popinjay—Bidson, if a man should die from chewing too much tobacco, what would be the proper musical composition to perform at his funeral?

Bidson—A dirge!

Popinjay—No, sir; an overture.—Burlington Free Press.

Very Likely.

Stranger—Yours must be a solemn life, sir. I should think that your mind would be full of lugubrious thoughts.

Grave Digger, looking over a skull—Well, sir, I must confess that I sometimes have grave thoughts.—Lawrence American.

Wanted Particulars.

Miss Ethel—Poor Clara! I'm so sorry for her. You know that she had lost her sister, didn't you?

Young Fitzgerber, obtusely—No; I hadn't heard about it. Where did she lose her?—Judge.

Cruel Work.

Shoemaker—You must've hard heart to do so much embroidery.

Miss de Tampe—Why?

Shoemaker—Because it is such cruel work.—Lawrence American.

Anonymous.

Teacher—Anonymous means without a name; write a sentence showing your understand how to use the word.

Small Girl (writes)—Our new baby is anonymous.—Life.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
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Umbrella Stands,
Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

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Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. p cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

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PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

SATURDAY,
Oct 19th,
All This Week.

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the Business of D. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

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3½c. black bare trimming, lined, per yard. 5 cents.
2½c. black bare trimming, lined, per yard. 25 cents.
Black bare muffs, 49c., 69c. and $1.
Siberia muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boas, $3.00.
Opossum Muff, $3.00.
Opossum Boas, $5.00.
Children's fur muffs, 29 cents.
Children's coney sets, fur muff and boa to match, 69 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.00.

Louis Callman,
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ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Consumption, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 23 East second street, corner of Washington.

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An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
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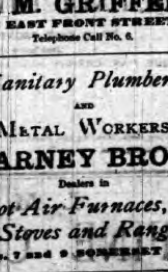

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Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, Etc., just received at
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resumes her lessons in German at her residence, 21 East Fifth street, Monday, Sept. 30th. Prevere's system used and special attention given to beginners. Terms from first quarter. 9-19-2m

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SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
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You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and any injurious substance.
SAPARAGOUS, pleasant to use. Its tonic will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 18th, 1888.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 5.46, 6.44, 8.00, 10.08, 11.26 a. m., 12.56, 2.40, 3.27, 4.30, 5.20, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.42, 11.28 p. m. Sundays, 2.37, 5.46, 6.44, 8.00, 10.08, 11.26 a. m., 12.56, 2.40, 3.27, 4.30, 5.20, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.42, 11.28 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 2.32, 5.41, 6.39, 7.55, 10.03, 11.21 a. m., 12.51, 2.35, 3.22, 4.25, 5.15, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.37, 11.23 p. m. Sundays, 2.32, 5.41, 6.39, 7.55, 10.03, 11.21 a. m., 12.51, 2.35, 3.22, 4.25, 5.15, 6.25, 7.25, 8.25, 9.37, 11.23 p. m.
Leave Bound Brook at 2.45, 5.54, 6.52, 8.08, 10.16, 11.34 a. m., 1.04, 2.48, 3.35, 4.38, 5.28, 6.38, 7.38, 8.38, 9.50, 11.36 p. m. Sundays, 2.45, 5.54, 6.52, 8.08, 10.16, 11.34 a. m., 1.04, 2.48, 3.35, 4.38, 5.28, 6.38, 7.38, 8.38, 9.50, 11.36 p. m.
Leave Dunellen at 2.50, 5.59, 6.57, 8.13, 10.21, 11.39 a. m., 1.09, 2.53, 3.40, 4.43, 5.33, 6.43, 7.43, 8.43, 9.55, 11.41 p. m. Sundays, 2.50, 5.59, 6.57, 8.13, 10.21, 11.39 a. m., 1.09, 2.53, 3.40, 4.43, 5.33, 6.43, 7.43, 8.43, 9.55, 11.41 p. m.
Leave Bonnie Brae at 2.52, 6.01, 6.59, 8.15, 10.23, 11.41 a. m., 1.11, 2.55, 3.42, 4.45, 5.35, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.57, 11.43 p. m. Sundays, 2.52, 6.01, 6.59, 8.15, 10.23, 11.41 a. m., 1.11, 2.55, 3.42, 4.45, 5.35, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.57, 11.43 p. m.
Leave North Plainfield at 2.55, 6.04, 7.02, 8.18, 10.26, 11.44 a. m., 1.14, 2.58, 3.45, 4.48, 5.38, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 10.00, 11.46 p. m. Sundays, 2.55, 6.04, 7.02, 8.18, 10.26, 11.44 a. m., 1.14, 2.58, 3.45, 4.48, 5.38, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 10.00, 11.46 p. m.
Leave Dunellen at 2.58, 6.07, 7.05, 8.21, 10.29, 11.47 a. m., 1.17, 3.01, 3.48, 4.51, 5.41, 6.51, 7.51, 8.51, 10.03, 11.49 p. m. Sundays, 2.58, 6.07, 7.05, 8.21, 10.29, 11.47 a. m., 1.17, 3.01, 3.48, 4.51, 5.41, 6.51, 7.51, 8.51, 10.03, 11.49 p. m.
Leave Bound Brook at 3.03, 6.12, 7.10, 8.26, 10.34, 11.52 a. m., 1.22, 3.06, 3.53, 4.56, 5.46, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 10.08, 11.54 p. m. Sundays, 3.03, 6.12, 7.10, 8.26, 10.34, 11.52 a. m., 1.22, 3.06, 3.53, 4.56, 5.46, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 10.08, 11.54 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 3.17, 6.26, 7.24, 8.40, 10.48, 12.06 a. m., 1.36, 3.20, 4.07, 5.10, 6.00, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.22, 12.08 p. m. Sundays, 3.17, 6.26, 7.24, 8.40, 10.48, 12.06 a. m., 1.36, 3.20, 4.07, 5.10, 6.00, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.22, 12.08 p. m.
Arrive at New York at 3.37, 6.46, 7.44, 9.00, 11.08, 12.26 a. m., 1.56, 3.40, 4.27, 5.30, 6.20, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.42, 12.28 p. m. Sundays, 3.37, 6.46, 7.44, 9.00, 11.08, 12.26 a. m., 1.56, 3.40, 4.27, 5.30, 6.20, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.42, 12.28 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at: 7.17, 9.21, 9.58, 11.28 a. m., 2.41, 4.31, 5.31, 6.31, 7.31, 8.31, 9.31, 11.07 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.18, 10.35 a. m., 7.30, 4.08, 7.54, 8.55 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 7.17, 9.21, 9.58, 11.28 a. m., 2.41, 4.31, 5.31, 6.31, 7.31, 8.31, 9.31, 11.07 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.18, 10.35 a. m., 7.30, 4.08, 7.54, 8.55 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 7.17, 9.21, 11.28 a. m., 2.41, 4.31, 7.31, 8.31 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.18, 10.35 a. m., 7.30, 4.08, 7.54, 8.55 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m., 1.45 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.00, 8.30, 11.15 a. m., 1.45, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, RARITON, BOUND BROOK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.30 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.
Direct connection to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1.05 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4.30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.30 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p. m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m., and closes at 7.00 p. m. Saturdays closes at 12.00 p. m. Delivery commences at 7.30 a. m. to owners of lock boxes.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply at the window. Lock Box Delivery at Windows.
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Better than any new R. R. Bonds, with Nearly Double the Income.
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Fine Groceries,
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Undertakers and Embalmers
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Telephone Connection. 128 PARK AVENUE
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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Twelve tanks in operation. Apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties attended to, and prompt to disinfecting. Orders received at Post Office, Masonic Temple, or at the last Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizer. P. O. Box 866. Telephone call 38.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
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10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

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German and French
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MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-18-1y

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
P. T. B. NEVIUS,
RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
P. O. Box 792.

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City Livery Stables
54 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J
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Grocer and Seedsman,
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to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
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"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing green spots from clothing. For sale by
C. E. CLARKE,
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Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating, Bleaching and Framing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
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For Information in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy at
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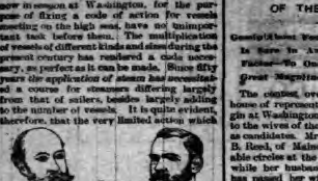
Invite Everybody
to call before purchasing your fruits which of course goods, as we always present to our customers goods and give prices, therefore you buy or sell

Sole Agents for Dr. Elmer's spectacles, the best and cheapest in the world.
DOCKINGTON & CLAWSON'S,
15 Park avenue.

THE MARITIME CONGRESS.

Some Points Regarding Its Work and Its Members.

The members of the Maritime conference now in session at Washington, for the purpose of fixing a code of action for vessels meeting on the high seas, have not unimportant work before them. The multiplication of vessels of different kinds and sizes during the present century has rendered a code necessary, as perfect as it can be made. Since fifty years the *application of steam has necessitated* a course for steamers differing largely from that of sailers, besides largely adding to the number of vessels. It is quite evident therefore, that the very limited action which



VERNEY. VERSBUOGHE. BISSER.

CHEN NORI TAO. SIEVERING.

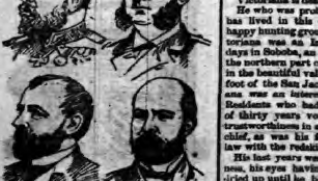
can be taken by the members of the commission are: Baron de Spaun, representing Austria; a man well read in international law *and experienced in maritime affairs*; Professor W. Verseg, representing Siam, is attached to the Siamese legation at London; Lieut. Cottman, of the United States navy, is secretary of the United States delegation; Capt. F. S. Malmberg, of Sweden, is chief of the nautical meteorological bureau of Norway; Capt. P. T. Salvesen, a Norwegian, is a member of the Swedish navy; Capt. A. M. Bisbee, a delegate *from* China, is an American who has been in the service of the Chinese government for many years. The other members of the delegation are Chinamen, one of whom is Commander Chen Nori Tao, of the Chinese navy. Then there is Dr. F. Sievering, of Germany, and Theodore Versbruggine, of Belgium, both prominent members of the commission.

The older and simpler maritime code referred, of course, especially to sailers. It has always been essential, where two ships meet at sea, that one should be the time to take to guide them to prevent collisions. These rules naturally took cognizance of the wind, and the direction of the ships course. Steamers have a universal rule to pass to the starboard. When two steamers are about to cross each other's track, the one having the other on her starboard side must give way. Then she would by following another, she must keep away from the ship she follows. There is an old fashioned rule which works badly. It is that all steamers must give way to all sailing vessels. Such a rule requires all payment to be made by the steamer in case of accident, and instances may arise where it would be to the interest of a sailer to be wrecked by a steamer.

On the other hand, the steamer in a fog has a great advantage over a sailer, since she is nearly always longer and heavier. It is well known that some of the captains of the ocean greyhounds prefer to run at full speed in a fog, so that in case of collision the chances of damage shall be in her favor and against the sailer. Practically this would result in an attempt to make these advantages more equal, and it is probable that the exclusive right of way will be taken from sailers, and the speed of steamers in a fog will be limited.

Lights and fog horns must necessarily be taken up and disposed of. The light question is very important, and the penalty fixed for any vessel showing a light at night should be very severe. There has been a good deal of imitation in this respect by sailors who either neglect to put lights out, or to have them burning, thus endangering their lives and the lives of others. Fog horns are said to be inefficient. Those used on sailers cannot be heard for more than half a mile, and on steamers the sound of machinery and other causes seriously interfere with that of their fog horns. The Chinese use a gong, which is considered more efficient, having three times the range of the fish horn and ten times its life. It is not improbable that the commission may adopt gongs for the world.

Then a signal is required as to the position of the lights of vessels lying in harbor or at sea. It is essential that lights be carried at the highest possible points. These at present in use will doubtless be considerably altered, change, the only innovations being from additional lights. White lights can be seen *further than* colored lights, and there seems no reason why, for example in fog, they should be one brilliant headlight which is unobscured by rigging and can be readily seen. In steamers using electric light, being more intense than the colored light, has often obscured them. Then pilots are not all able to distinguish colors readily. For these reasons it is proposed in time to do away with the colored side lights and replace them by one white head light.



DE SPAUN. SALVESON.
MALMBERG. COTTMAN.

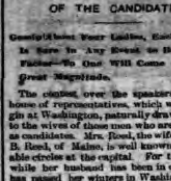
From these few instances it is apparent that there is plenty of problem for discussion by the commission. Since the advent of steam the character of vessels has become much diversified, especially as to size. There is still a little fishing vessel, as in the early day, when vessels of about the same size were all that were seen on the ocean. But since then the ocean leviathan, such as the City of Paris, was built, and where 100 years ago there was one vessel on the sea there are doubtless ten today. More than this, the nations heretofore making little progress in maritime importance, like Germany and Russia, are striving to make themselves felt on the ocean. It is quite probable that the work of the commission may in future be noted as one of the chief events of the century.

WHO WILL BE SPEAKER?

THIS CALLS TO MIND THE WIVES OF THE CANDIDATES.

Country Almost Four Ladies, Each of Whom Is Sure to Any Event to Be a Social Failure—To One Will Come a Prize of Great Magnitude.

The contest over the speakership of the house of representatives, which will soon begin at Washington, naturally draws attention to the wives of those men who are prominent as candidates. Mrs. Reed, the wife of Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, is well known in fashionable circles at the capital. For twelve years while her husband has been in congress she has passed her winters in Washington. She is the daughter of the Rev. S. H. Merrill, one of the most eloquent Congregational minis-



MRS. BURROWS. MRS. REED.

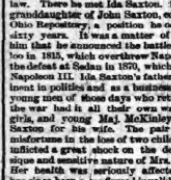
ters in New England. In 1870 Susan Merrill married Mr. Reed in Portland, and they afterwards resided there. Mrs. Reed is described as being a cultivated and refined woman, who would well fill the prominent social position falling to the wife of the speaker of the United States house of representatives. As to personal appearance Mrs. Reed is of medium height, with dark hair and eyes. She has a daughter, who, since she is but 13 years old, would scarcely be able to assist her mother in a position of social prominence.

Mrs. J. C. Burrows, of Michigan, was a girl at the Kalamazoo academy, where Mr. Burrows was preceptor. She was Mary Peck, her father being one of the early settlers of Michigan when it was a territory. When the civil war broke out Mr. Burrows left his young lady pupils for more active duties. He went away to the war, but seems to have carried with him the heart of Mary Peck. When peace came he returned to Michigan and began to practice law. He was made prosecuting attorney in 1865, and in the same year was married to Miss Peck.

Mrs. Burrows entered Washington society when her husband went to congress in 1873. She at once became very popular. She is very accomplished, being skillful with the artist's brush, and has given a great deal of her work to be sold for charitable purposes. Her "drawing rooms," which she holds weekly, *are extremely popular*, the hostess being regarded one of the highest women in conversation at the capital.

Mrs. Burrows is tall and slender, with a wealth of hair, bright eyes and a brunette in complexion.

The popular Maj. McKinley, of Ohio, after coming out of the civil war as 21 years of age, went to Canton, O., where he studied law. There he met Ida Saxton. She was the granddaughter of John Saxton, editor of the Ohio Repository, a position he occupied for sixty years. It was a matter of pride with him that he announced the birth of Ida Saxton in 1815, which overthrew Napoleon I, and the defeat at Sedan in 1870, which overthrew Napoleon III. Ida Saxton's father was prominent in politics and as a banking man. The young lady of Canton who returned from the war had it all their own way with the girls, and young Maj. McKinley won Miss Saxton for his wife. The pair suffered a misfortune in the loss of two children, which inflicted a great shock on the delicate physique and sensitive nature of Mrs. McKinley. Her health was never perfectly restored, and of has since been a confirmed invalid. She does *not go into* society, but takes a great interest in the topics of the day, on which she is well posted. Her husband is devoted to her.



MRS. CANNON. MRS. M'KINLEY.

Mrs. Cannon, the wife of Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, who lives in Canfield, O., her father having gone there in the early days with a colony of settlers from Hartford. Her maiden name was Mary Reed. In 1862 she was married to Mr. Cannon, who was then the state's attorney in Illinois. He and her while she was visiting relatives in that state.

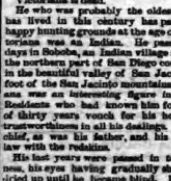
In 1873 Mr. Cannon went to Washington as representative of the Champaign district, and his wife went with him. Since that time she has been prominent in Washington social circles. She is fortunate in possessing two daughters who have been "out," respectively, one and three years.

The Oldest Man Dead.

Victoriana is dead.

He who was probably the oldest man that has lived in this century has passed to the happy hunting grounds at the age of 138. Victoriana was a Indian. He passed his best days in Soboba, an Indian village situated in the northern part of San Diego county, Cal., in the beautiful valley of San Jacinto at the foot of the San Jacinto mountains. Victoriana *was an interesting figure in his way.* Residents who had known him for upwards of thirty years vouch for his honesty and trustworthiness in all his dealings. He was a chief, as was his father, and his word was law with the redskins.

His last years were passed in total darkness, his eyes having gradually shrunk and dried up until he became blind. His trusty horse carried him into the town of San Ja-



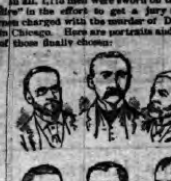
VICTORIANA AND WIFE.

cinto long after he had lost his sight. He had a robust frame and was seldom sick. Towards the end of his life he ate less and less, and finally dried up and died. His hair was perfectly white, which is a rare occurrence with the Indian race. Victoriana's age was supposed to have been 120 years, but it is quite probable that it was more. Mrs. Victoriana, his fourth wife, survives him.

THE CRONIN JURY.

Sketches of the Men Who Have Been Chosen.

In all, 1,115 men were sworn on their "voir dire" in the effort to get a jury to try the men charged with the murder of Dr. Cronin in Chicago. Here are portraits and sketches of those finally chosen:



CULVER. DIX. BOUTECOS.
PEARSON. ALLISON. CORKE.

First of the chosen jurors is John Culver, a Chicago real estate man, 40 years old, a Methodist, a radical temperance man and a native American. The second is James A. Pierson, a farmer, living near Glenwood. He is 55 years old, an American of "Pennsylvania Dutch" extraction, and an "unattached Protestant"—a phrase invented during this trial to signify a man of Protestant parentage and rearing, but not a member of any church. John L. Hall is a draughtsman, of Chicago, 29 years old, formerly a country school teacher, a native American, a Methodist, and pronounced temperance man.

Charles C. Dix is a clerk, and at present cashier at an insurance office, quite a young man, unmarried, an "unattached Protestant," but regular attendant on the Episcopal services. Henry D. Walker is 58 years old, a native American, a Chicago upholsterer and "unattached Protestant." Frank Allison is 39 years old, a Chicago machinist, native American and Presbyterian. Charles L. Corke, of Evanston, is a drug clerk, 39 years old, a Methodist and native American. On question Mr. Corke stated that he had a prejudice against the Clan-na-Gael, but could say it aside for this trial. The defense challenged him for cause, the court overruled it, and the attorney for Beggs withdrew objection on behalf of his client. William S. North, of Chicago, is a manufacturer of sewing machines, 43 years old, a native American and a Presbyterian. Charles F. Marlor, of Chicago, is a drug clerk, quite a young man, a native of New York, of American parentage and an Episcopalian. He acknowledged a general prejudice against the Clan-na-Gael, and was accepted by the attorney for Beggs, though objected to by other attorneys for the defense.

Elijah Boutecon is a dry goods salesman of Chicago, *a young man, native of New York*, "unattached Protestant" and member of several benevolent societies. Harry L. Bryan lives at Maywood, near Chicago, is a salesman and young looking man, native of New Jersey, "of a family American for several generations," and a Congregationalist. He was examined at great length, admitting that he had read "all the papers said on the case" he must have given up all other business, and had a prejudice against the Clan-na-Gael. Nevertheless he thought he could do justice. The attorney for one of the prisoners thought so, too, and the court accepted Mr. Bryan.

WALKER. NORTH. HALL.
MARLOR. CLARKE. BRYAN.

Finally, and after another the warmest struggle of all, Benjamin F. Clarke, real estate man of Chicago, was admitted as the twelfth juror. He had read much about the case, had a prejudice against the Clan-na-Gael, doubted his ability to believe a member of that order in such a trial as this, and had some more rather decided views. Nevertheless he could "swear to render a verdict that surely would not find any prisoner guilty unless the prosecution proved a clear case," so the defense withdrew its objection.

The Late Lawyer Bowman.

The wildly sensational career of Frank J. Bowman, the lawyer, defaulter and forger, recently came suddenly to a sensational end the other day when B. M. Chambers, ex-banker and bankrupt, fired a load of buckshot into his heart. For years Bowman had pursued Chambers, through the courts, trying to force him to surrender an annuity he held from his deceased wife's estate, to satisfy an old judgment. Against the Clan-na-Gael decision and went in person to seize Chambers' furniture, receiving instead a sudden death.

Bowman was about fifty years old, and for twenty-five years had been a notorious character in St. Louis. Once he was disbarred

FRANK J. BOWMAN.

for betraying clients, there being nineteen charges against him. During the life of his first wife he took a young girl to Chicago and lived with her, and after his wife's death persuaded her that any form of ceremony was a common law marriage. Disregarding that he married another woman in Brooklyn. His second wife succeeded in getting a divorce and alimony on her common law marriage, but he appealed successively to higher courts and the case was pending at his death. He had many personal encounters, challenged various parties to duels and openly threatened death to his enemies. He was employed to collect desperate claims, and in one instance was charged with fees of $70,000. To poor debtors he was merciless. By the land of cuss, a feeble old man, he met his death. Since Aaron Burr and Monroe Edwards the west has not seen his equal.

Those Don't Go.

Perhaps you are looking for a land flowing with milk and honey? If so, you should know that only one person in fourteen can drink milk in any quantity without becoming bilious, and only one in seventeen can eat honey without suffering from colic. Just better stay right here in this land and get a nice handful snow shovel ready for winter.—Detroit Free Press.

A MUCH TRAVELED DOG.

Railroad Jack, Who Is the Pride and Joy of Train Men.

Every one has heard of ship's mascots in the shape of dogs, cats and various animals, who have made a world of money, but very few have heard of an animal listening himself to a railroad. There is a dog who not only sticks to a railroad, but Jay-Gould-like inhis railroad systems. He is named "Railroad Jack," and his headquarters are at Albany, N. Y.

Jack is none of your delicate poodles, whose only idea of trip is looking out of a carriage window. When he goes on the road he takes in hundreds of miles. He began his railroad career five years ago by drifting away from his owner and into the New York Central yards on the Delaware and Hudson Canal company's baggage rooms at Albany. His first trips were on the Bolt line between Albany and Troy. He would get into a baggage car and go to Troy on one side of the river and back by the other. This was a good way for "Jack" to be broken in, for he was pretty sure to get home. Sometimes he would stop over for half an hour and inspect the baggage rooms where he was well known, and when the next Albany train came in he would jump aboard. Sometimes he would make excursions on the Susquehanna division of the Delaware and Hudson Canal company to Quaker City. On these occasions, however, he would usually stop over and go about it in the surrounding country, pleasure seeking.

Jack never requires a ticket; indeed, he disdains even to carry passes. He has become so thoroughly identified with railroading in relation to station, as he often travels, but to the great citizen of the west he is known.

RAILROAD JACK.

Jack was once kidnapped. Fortunately those who carried him off were a band of Italian railroad laborers, and they fed the dog beside the tracks, and Jack was enabled to hail his friends as they passed on the trains by howls with which they had been familiar. Finally he managed to write home by a trainman on an express train, who telegraphed back to the boys aboard an accommodation train which followed.

When the slow train came to the laborers' camp a rally was made by Jack's admirers and a rescue was effected. Jack was the happiest dog in America. It is hoped that the intelligent animal will live to write home one day, when he can publish a novel based on his own experiences and make himself the hero. "Railroad Jack, or Trainmen to the Rescue," would be a fine title.

Jack has figured at quite a number of dog shows, but being accustomed to the road he gets nervous when shown from it. After these shows he usually takes a long ride in a baggage car for Chicago. There he remained long enough to look over the proposed sites for the World's fair and then took a train for home. But Jack didn't wish to be known among his friends in the baggage room at Albany that he was putting on airs in drawing room cars, so he hopped into the baggage car and crawled himself in to return to the station in which he had been brought up. During the ride a coffin with a weighty corpse inside dropped on his toe and smashed it. It without the aid of a surgeon. The officers of Jack's road don't put him on the retired list after this and take good care of him for the rest of his life, they will simply display the ingratitude of corporations.

A Touch of Nature.

Yesterday I was out in the park while the babies, with their white capped gossiping nurses, were still there. By and by I came upon a little fellow who had strayed out of the sight of her heedless nurse. She was trotting unsteadily on, talking away to herself in her soft baby voice. Suddenly she stopped and looked down at her. She was all alone. It was getting dusk. The pink lips quivered and the blue eyes filled with tears. She had half a mind to cry.

Just at that instant there came around a turn in the walk a tall figure with the brown robe and hemp girdle of the monastic. His head was bowed and he seemed wrapt in religious thought. When he saw the little one he stopped short and looked all about him. Then, dropping on his knees, he caught the tiny white figure close in his arms, while his face, with that instinct that teaches children what love to trust, held up her wee mouth to be kissed. Then in the distance sounded the quick sound of the nurse's calling good-by to a dimly visible gray coast, and she came hurrying up, stopping in her rush long enough to pay her reverence to the monk. Then she caught the baby and on the way, walking abstractedly along with hands clasped behind him and head bowed as if in deep meditation.—New York Evening Sun.

America's Tallest Chimney.

The tallest chimney in the United States is finished. This gigantic structure, which is 360 feet above the granite base and thirty

FALL RIVER IRON WORKS CHIMNEY.

feet square at the bottom, is situated on the grounds of the Fall River (Mass.) iron works. Previous to the completion of this chimney, the Clark Thread Works chimney at Kearney, N. J., bore off the

feet, being 86 feet in height, 26 feet broad at the base, and cost the snug sum of $25,000. The Fall River's chimney will furnish draught for four new factories. It is claimed by the owners that it is "the tallest chimney in the world designed solely for making a draught for boilers." Building a chimney is a very delicate job and requires much more skill than most people give the workmen credit for.

The slightest deviation of fixed rules as to the position of its diameter, which means at the rate of one inch in eighty inches, or the failure to construct the corner which extend from the base to its top, would result in a complete demolition of the structure.

Besides these two smokestacks mentioned, there are others in various parts of the world worthy of special mention. The tallest in the world is the one at Paisley, Scotland, which is over 300 feet high. Glasgow is next on the list, with a height of 454 feet in height.

Providence has one on the Knight factory which is 185 feet high, and Boston has another 300 feet high.

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If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufacturer, 728 Broadway, N. Y., thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy Suitings width, Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c, 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c, 46 inch Tricots, 60c. Improved fall iron) Dress Forms 63 each.

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MY $2.50 SHOE.

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Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is *poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods* sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best in make of Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes. Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

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GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

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Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Wire Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Rattans, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to Parlor and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Bedroom, Music Room, Library and Dining Room, generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

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ALL PRICES,

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Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Laserne Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

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LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at usual cost. Telephone No. 93.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT.

What does inexperience make? A pretender. What does the house owner get? He gets the results. What are they likely to be? **Value for your money** on one hand, and a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other. Good intentions prevent neither. Moral: Be examined 1891; insured 1892; at the head of the profession 1893.

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Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—Werner is offering a satin-lined overcoat for $12.

—The special reduction sale at J. C. Pierson's is continued to-day. See adv.

—The singing class conducted by Mr. E. O. Embury will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The beautiful bracing weather of to-day makes one feel that life is worth living after all.

—The Queen Regent of Spain daily reads the newspaper in search of cases especially worthy of charity.

—Under the law of Utah a man condemned to death can have his choice between hanging and shooting.

—It is figured that it would take $100,000,000 to give every person in the world an oyster stew, a roast of beef and a mince pie.

—Two of the neatest looking and best printed newspapers in this State are The Hunterdon Gazette of Somerville and The Democrat of Clinton.

—About twenty persons from this city attended the annual sociable of Ivy Hook and Ladies' Company at Bound Brook last night. Prof. O'Reilly of this city furnished the music.

—The ladies of All Saints church of Scotch Plains are arranging for an oyster supper and entertainment at the residence of Dr. Cole, in that village, during the latter part of this month.

—The Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal church held its regular meeting in Vincent chapel last evening, the president in the chair. A pleasant evening was enjoyed by those present.

—A new Royal Arcanum Council, to be known as Dumont, No. 1198, was instituted at Greenville last night. Nicholas D. Vreeland was installed as regent. Supreme Representative Chadwick, of Elizabeth, presided.

—Several North Plainfield gentlemen have organized what they call the Washington Park Magazine Club. Each club member subscribes to one or more magazines, and every Monday morning a general exchange takes place.

—Nineteen men and youths have already signified their desire to join a class in short hand, provided it is organized by the Y. M. C. A. An opportunity is still offered to the young men of this city and vicinity to become enrolled.

—Chief Carey had a lively tussle with a drunken man on Somerset street at about 1:00 o'clock this afternoon, but the chief eventually conquered and took him to the station house. He gave his name as James Sherlock. He is an old offender.

—At the regular monthly meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club, held this week, it was decided to appropriate $50 to fix up a gymnasium. It will be arranged in the wheel room, which is used but little during the Winter months.

—It has been decided to omit the union teachers' meeting next Tuesday evening on account of Mr. Keenan's lecture at Music Hall. The meetings will be resumed the following Tuesday evening, the 26th inst, at 8 o'clock, p. m.

—A Westfielder rides through the streets of that embryo borough on a home-made bicycle. The Standard declares that while the owner doesn't claim the prize for speed, he gets over the ground at a comfortable rate and the machine answers his purpose very well.

—In Plainfield the city officers draw their salaries and yet their taxes remain unpaid. We do things better here, where no man can collect a bill from the city while his taxes or assessments remain unpaid. This rule has secured over city many thousands of dollar.—New Brunswick Home News.

He Deserved the Flogging.

The following extract from the New Brunswick Home News is the only sensible view of a recent New Market episode that we have yet seen in print. The flogging at New Market, by the way, has been greatly exaggerated by the newspapers and their stories should be discounted by a very large per cent. The Home News says:

Some local indignation was recently aroused by the flogging of one scholar by Prof. Priestley ville, N. Y., and another at New Market, in this county. It is strongly within the pale of possibilities that the boys had richly earned the flagellation they got. It is very unlikely that a school teacher, and especially a female school teacher, would thrash a pupil without a pretense. There are now and then school boys so entirely given over to pure and unadulterated cussedness that no amount of precept, example, or moral suasion has any influence with them. Upon such the rod, judiciously applied, has a most salutary effect. Wrongful respectability cannot be impressed upon a boy's brain it should be impressed upon his back, and will be found a very wholesome counter-irritant.

Died From His Injuries.

Michael Mulvey, of Round Brook, the Philadelphia & Reading brakeman who had both legs cut off in the Herbert wreck at Philadelphia on Wednesday last, died from his injuries, at the Episcopal Hospital in that city, at two o'clock yesterday morning. He was 29 years old. His death at a severe shock to his aged parents. The remains will be taken to Round Brook for interment.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Shuley's drug store for the month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
1. Friday	39	52	46
2. Saturday	39	52	46
3. Sunday	42	56	47
4. Monday	42	56	47
5. Tuesday	44	58	48
6. Wednesday	44	58	48
7. Thursday	44	58	48
8. Friday	44	58	48
9. Saturday	44	58	48
10. Sunday	44	58	48
11. Monday	44	58	48
12. Tuesday	44	58	48
13. Wednesday	44	58	48
14. Thursday	44	58	48
15. Friday	44	58	48
16. Saturday	44	58	48

PERSONAL.

Miss Lillie LaRoy, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting Miss Clara Webb, of Westfield.

Mr. Charles Dunham, of East Front street, started to-day for a two weeks' visit in Boston, Mass.

Mrs. M. Pixle, of 27 Chatham street, has gone to visit her parents in Osseola, N. Y. She expects to be gone about two months.

A surprise party was held at the residence of Mr. David Clark, on East Fourth street, last evening. Dancing was a feature of the occasion, and an enjoyable evening was spent.

Mrs. Chas. H. Butler, of this city, secretary of the New Jersey Branch of the Woman's Baptist Missionary society, lectured in the Westfield Baptist church last evening.

The Bound Brook Chronicle states that the Rev. H. B. McCauley, of that place, has received a unanimous call to the Presbyterian church of Port Jervis. Another name was presented at the church meeting.

Rev. L. C. Grenelle, of Dunellen, formerly pastor of the New Market Baptist church, preached a revival sermon at the meeting in that church last evening. Mr. Grenelle has lost none of his old-time vigor.

On Monday morning Messrs. Chas. Smith, Rufus Sheppard and Joel Ohl left this city for Lake Hopatcong, where they will enter on a days hunting. Last evening they returned, well loaded with ruffled grouse, rabbits, etc.

There is some talk of again nominating ex-Councilman Edward B. Clark in the Fourth Ward. Mr. Clark is a gentleman well-known to every voter in the city—a man whose reputation is unsullied and whose record as a Councilman is always correct. In 1886 he had the honor of being chosen by the Common Council to fill a vacancy in the Council occasioned by the resignation of Tunis J. Carey, now Chief of Police. One year ago he ran for Councilman on the Republican ticket in the Fourth Ward, and was defeated by a small majority. If he should run on the nomination this year, which is doubtful, and be elected, Mr. Clark would make an excellent Councilman, as those acquainted with his previous public career are well aware. This estimable gentleman is the third son of the Rev. William J. Clark, of Philadelphia, whose golden wedding was celebrated on November 13th, 1888. He was born at New Castle, Del., Nov. 12th, 1845, being therefore 46 years old. He is of distinguished ancestry, among his ancestors having been Major Gen. Anthony Wayne, and Admiral Moffat of Revolutionary fame. He was educated at the famous Episcopal Academy at Philadelphia, and was married at the age of 23. He has four children, three girls and a boy. He engaged in 1860 in the wholesale drug business, and continued so in until 1870, when the war between the two brothers called in the army, he entering the 16th Pennsylvania Cavalry of which ex-Councilman Rowland Cox, of this city, was also a member. After the expiration of his term of service in 1864 he engaged in the business of mining and selling anthracite coal in Pennsylvania, continuing thereat until 1872, when he was elected secretary of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Germantown, Philadelphia. In 1874, becoming tired of office life, he resigned, and engaged in a general insurance agency business in Philadelphia. In 1879 he was brakered and accepted the general agency for Pennsylvania of the Old Phœnix Fire Insurance Company of London, established in 1782, one of the oldest and wealthiest companies in the world. He retained this position until 1885. In July of that year he accepted the position of manager of the United States Branch of the company, with headquarters in New York. This post he still retains. He showed his exceeding good sense by selecting Plainfield as his home, and since coming here has resided continuously except that during the Winter of 1888-9 he temporarily resided in Chicago, for the purpose of establishing a western department of his business. He owns a $20,000 property on West Front street. He is senior warden of Grace church, one of the Board of Governors of Muhlenberg Hospital, and member of the Children's House, and of the Plainfield Relief Committee.

Farmer Johnson's Fatal Muscle.

As I am supposed to THE NEWS a few days ago to the effect that a farmer named John ..son, living near Plainfield, had muzzled a colored boy in his employ to prevent him from indulging in an overabundance for fresh cow's milk. It is now reported that the farmer lives in the neighborhood of Sterling, on the other side of the mountains, in Morris county. The muzzle was made by the village blacksmith, and had a peculiar contrivance of steel bands and rods, which, when locked over the lad's face, proved an effectual barrier to his mouth, and Mr. Johnson was satisfied. Some of the boarders hearing of the matter, warned Mr. Johnson that he could be prosecuted for cruelty, and suit by an old family enemy was actually to be begun, when the boy, in a singular manner, met his death. His palate yearned for milk—fresh, warm milk—and from hovering lovingly near the cows, he came to be found with the wires of his muzzle and return to his former habit. He was feeding a Holstein-Friesian one day and aroused the anger of the bovine, which knocked him over and kicked him viciously in the face. The muzzle was forced back, and a number of inflicted lacerations on his cheeks, the cow's hoofs drove one of the steel rods through the lad's eye and into his brain. He was found lying on the ground, unconscious, and died without recovering his senses. There was considerable indignant feeling after examination due by the coroner, but after considerable agitation the matter was dropped. He was an orphan, and had no relatives in the neighborhood.

An Ingenious Device.

The Central Railroad of New Jersey is giving an electric station indicator a trial on trains 2 and 3, running between Jersey City and Scranton. There is a scroll in the front of each car containing the names of the stations in black letters, and these are toggled in by the baggage master, who simply presses an electric button in the front part of the car. The motion of the train first attracts the attention of the passengers to the signs. The device has been patented by Dr. Kerdin, of Williamstown, and so far it has worked satisfactorily.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The Workers' Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 9 a. m. Visitors are welcome.

Sunday school will be held in the Mt. Pleasant school house to-morrow afternoon at half past two o'clock.

Services in St. Joseph's church will be held at 6:30 and 10:30 a. m., and 8 p. m. The Rev. Father Freeman, pastor.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Sunday School will be held as usual at the Warren Mission Chapel to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The usual Sunday services will be held in the church of the Heavenly Rest at Evans to-morrow. The Rev. Dr. Taylor will occupy the pulpit.

There will be no four o'clock meeting at Reform Hall to-morrow afternoon, on account of the Gospel temperance meeting in Music Hall at the same hour.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Early celebration 9 a. m. Sunday-school at 9:45 a. m. Second services at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 4:30 p. m.

The Rev. Fathers Smyth and Stafford will conduct services in St. Mary's church to-morrow at 8:30, 9:45 and 10:45 a. m. Vesper service at 8 p. m. Good singing by a male choir.

Meetings in Reform Hall to-morrow at 9:15 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. There will be addresses in the evening, and choice music. The Rev. Joseph B. Cleaver will speak. All are cordially invited.

Services at the Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, the Rev. S. P. Simpson, priest in charge, to-morrow: Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; morning prayer, 11 a. m.; evening prayer, 4:30 p. m.

German Lutheran services will be held on Sunday, November 24th, at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 78 West Front street, in the morning at 10:30 o'clock. The Rev. W. Euchler, of New York, will preach.

Services will be held as usual at the First Presbyterian church to-morrow. The Rev. E. F. Keator, pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sermon in the morning to young men, and in the evening to young women.

At the First Baptist church, to-morrow, services in the lecture room of the church at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. The prayer meeting of the Young People's Band at 6:45 p. m. Preaching service in the evening at 7:30.

At the Congregational church, on Seventh street, morning service will be held at 10:30. The pastor, the Rev. G. L. Goodrich, will preach. Sunday-school at 3 p. m. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 4:15 p. m.

Services will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. In the evening the pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach, by request, a sermon to young men. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Services will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place to-morrow at 10:30 a. m., and on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. A very cordial invitation to be present to-morrow is extended to all young Germans in Plainfield.

At the Crescent avenue church, the regular services to-morrow will be: Morning, 10:30; evening, 7:30. Sunday-school, 2:30 p. m. Strangers are welcome at all services. In the evening pews are free. In the morning ushers will provide seats for all as promptly as possible.

At the Methodist Episcopal church the pastor, the Rev. Chas. H. Mitchell, will preach morning and evening. Evening subject: "Is the world growing worse?" Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. and the devotional meeting of the Epworth League at 6:45 p. m. Topic: "The new covenant."

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. A. Sutherland, at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "Taking Strongholds." Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. In the evening, at 7:30 o'clock, a "Bible Day" programme will be given by the Sunday school. All are welcome.

The Growth of Plainfield.

Evidences of the steady growth of Plainfield during the past year are noticeable on every hand. Nearly every street in the city has some new building in course of erection. In the business portion of the city there are several large brick buildings, with stores on the first floor and flats above, now being erected. The improvements in the vicinity of Washington park and Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, are very encouraging to property owners in that vicinity. All the new structures are very stylish in appearance and are cosy and comfortable within. Back of the new structures on Somerset street which fall, Miss Amelia Sweaning, Geo Cook, Michael Coyne, Miss Annie Cunningham, Miss Sarah D M. Davis, Miss Lucelia (2) Davis, D S. Dunkley, Garret G Drake, Frank H Dunn, Elizabeth P Erickson, C T Erickson, Gregory, Frank Gilbert, Miss Hattie Hagaman, Jacob Hagaman, Miss Mary S Johnson, Robt W Kline, Miss John

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

W. L. Foster, Postmaster.

Both Women Deserted.

John Fitzpatrick was employed as a machinist at Pond Tool Works until a few months ago, when he and a woman with whom he had been boarding suddenly left town. He is now employed in a machine shop in Burlington, Iowa. Just before leaving Plainfield he married an estimable young woman, who discovered, two days after her marriage, the relations he had maintained with the other woman, and that he was still continuing these relations when discovered. It is supposed that he married one woman to escape being compelled to marry the other, and then, when his perfidy was discovered, fled to avoid arrest.

His wife traced him to Philadelphia, to which place she followed him two weeks later, and was aided by the W. C. T. U. to obtain redress for the wrong done her. She had her husband arrested, and was about to have the woman also arrested, when her husband, ob-tained an interview with her, and induced her to withdraw her complaint. She did so upon his promise to reform, leave the woman he had located in Philadelphia with, and become a proper husband. He then returned with his wife to Plainfield. She had known him for a year as a steady and industrious man, and thought he was not so much to blame for his unlawful infatuation as the woman was. He only re-mained in Plainfield a day or two, to allay his wife's suspicions, and then he again disappeared. The Philadelphia woman refused to continue with him, but she next time herself might be arrested. So Fitzpatrick went West, securing employment at good wages, as stated, at Burlington, Iowa. He has several local relatives in Plainfield, who are grieved at his capriciousness.

John Smalley's Misadventure.

Although the story about John Smalley's experience with a party of swindlers, noticed in THE NEWS a few days ago, has been discredited by his friends, the following particulars concerning the misadventure are going the rounds of the press:

"The sharpers agreed to buy Mr. Smalley's farm for $7,000 and offered to pay $1,000 down to bind the bargain, asserting that they had a certified check for $2,000 and wanted $1,000 change. One of the fellows said he would stay at the house while Mr. Smalley rode with the other to Plainfield for the money. At the First National Bank in that city Mr. Smalley had his note, endorsed by Howard Giles, of Laire's hardware store, discounted, and with the money in his pocket started back and was overhauled by the two sharpers about a mile from Plainfield. The man in the barge pretended to sympathize with the victim until the others had made off with the cash, and then made his own escape under the pretext of going for an officer."

Somerset County Freeholders.

At a meeting of the Somerset county Board of Freeholders held last Wednesday in the Court House at Somerville, the Finance Committee reported expenditures to date of $37,-893.21, and the county collector was authorized to borrow $15,000.

Mr. Hoagland reported danger to abutment and wing wall of Mine Brook bridge, for which repairs were ordered, and the action of the committee to build the Grant avenue bridge in North Plainfield was ratified and the bills ordered paid.

The Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds was directed to make a contract with the sheriff as janitor of the court house and jail, and on motion the board fixed the rate of board for prisoners at 45 cents a day, and a 25-cent fee for the commitment and discharge of each prisoner.

Mr. Jones reported progress on the North Plainfield bridges, and the board adjourned.

Martinsville Notes.

Pastor Haggerty will preach in the Martinsville schoolhouse on Sunday evening.

Trustee Ernest G. H. Hall will lecture in the Presbyterian chapel next Monday evening. All are welcome.

The donation visits at Mount Horeb and Spring Hill Methodist Episcopal churches have been small and supplied Pastor Haggerty with a substantial purse of $126, of which the former contributed $75 and the latter $51.

Jersey Genius.

Patents have been granted to New Jersey inventors during the past week ending Nov. 9, 1889, as follows:

File-cutting mechanism for double-pile fabric looms, P. A. Bachman, Trenton; Vegetable cutter, W. H. Brock, North Plainfield; Tooth for the cylinder of thrashing machines, W. H. Butterworth, Trenton; Lamp, H. L. Clark, Rutherford; Electric transformer, F. Diehl, Elizabeth, 2 patents; Phonograph, T. A. Edison, Llewellyn Park; Phonographic blank, T. A. Edison, Llewellyn Park; Refrigerator, C. N. Hill, Trenton; Tool for pasting or surging vegetable soles, Hiram Hunt, Newark; Apparatus for casting ingots, J. Illingworth, Newark; Cutting machine, J. C. Kingsbury, Paterson; Metal tie-clasp, J. S. McGlehan, Bergen Point; Clamp for railway rails, J. S. Mount, Bergen Point; Candlestick, J. E. Neate, Newark.

List of Advertised Letters

Remaining in the Plainfield Post-Office for the week ending Nov. 13th, 1889:

Kelly, Miss Nora
Ketchum, Mrs J H
Kline, A J
Kline, Miss Agnes
Miles, John
Marshall, Jas
Mench, Mrs M C
Mulvey, Miss Maggie
Maloney, Mrs Geo
McMahon, Jas
Mitchell, Jas J
Maddock, Peter
Marley, Mrs Thos
Naylor, Truman
Nelson, Miss Ella
Smith, G
Stoddard, Mrs H L
Smith, J
Simpson, F
Titsworth, Mr
Thomas, Miss Belle
Thomas, Mrs M
Williamson, Mary F
Werner, Mrs M L
Whilden, Mrs Martha
Wright, Sarah J
Wright, Mrs Louis

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

W. L. Foster, Postmaster.

LECTURER BURDICK'S INJUNCTION.

Stop and Think What It Costs, Young Man.

About 250 men assembled at Music Hall to listen to Mr. Burdick's talk "to men only." Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of Trinity Reformed church, conducted the devotional exercises, and a male choir, assisted by the piano and cornet, sang selections from Gospel Hymns before and after the lecture.

Mr. Burdick's topic last night was "Stop and think!" Stop and think what it costs per day and per year for your "appetites" and your "night-cap." Stop and think what it costs to call up the usual barroom crowd and treat all hands. Stop and think of your own home and your wife and children, and remember that the rum-seller is after your money only—he cares nothing for your soul.

The speaker illustrated his injunction by relating several anecdotes of the result of stopping to think. One was about a skilful sailor who earned from $3 to seven dollars a day, but who could not save a cent. He became suddenly aroused to the fact that he was spending a thousand dollars a year in treating "the boys," to the neglect of his own home. He sat down and thought it all over, reformed, saved money, and is now worth $10,000 in real estate and has money in the bank.

Another story was about a farm hand who made $200 a year above his board. The biggest portion of his earnings went to fill the coffers of the saloon by the way of fines for participation in drunken brawls. Mr. Burdick made him stop and think how he lived, and the young man is now earning a thousand dollars a year and has $6,000 in the bank.

The meetings will be continued all next week, including service to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock and to-morrow evening at 7:45. On Tuesday and Thursday evenings the hall will be given up to other attractions, but provision will be made for the lecturer some where else.

Business Failures.

There were 217 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 203 in the preceding week and 176, 188, 227, and 197 in the corresponding weeks of 1888, 1887, 1886 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 9,868, against 8,646 in 1888.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

A Mount Holly man recently captured an opossum, sucked its eggs and ate the meat without the aid of a gun.

Johnson & Johnson, manufacturers at New Brunswick, announce that they will leave the town if they do not be furnished with the high tax rates and heavy water rents.

Dr. N. C. John, of Springfield, Union County, was accidentally shot in the arm while out hunting recently. He lost much blood, in spite of all that three physicians did for him.

A Passaic valley hunter had just knocked a squirrel off from a stone wall the other day when up popped the head of a German who barely escaped the shot. Right hunters were shooting along the line of the railroad.

C. C. Foyloon, a farmer near Waverly Fair grounds, notified the Newark police yesterday that he had found a well where bills predominate, a lot of silver napkin rings and silver tea and coffee pots under an old stump. Detective Walker is working on the case.

The Bergen county farmers are all in arms against New Yorkers from New York, Brooklyn and Newark and other cities who have invaded their fields with dogs and guns since the game laws were up this Fall. They have organized the Farmers' Game Protective Association and will stop at nothing to stay the tide. Every man is to be sworn in as a deputy game constable. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

Home Building AND Loan Association

MEETING for Payment of DUES,

Monday, Nov. 18th,

AT 8 WEST FRONT STREET.

Values at Last Assessment:

1st series $18.00 paid in, $19.15; 34 series $13 paid in, $12.47; 3d series $6 paid in, $6.11.

Fourth series was opened in October. Subscribers this month pay $2.25 per share of $200. Afterward $1 monthly. Money will be offered for loan.

15-2m* S. R. STRUTHERS, Secretary.

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN,

The Siberian Traveler. Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 62 East Front street, [nine rooms with closets], built and formerly occupied by Hon. F. G. Lathrop, is now for sale. Apply to W. G. Bonnell, No. 1 East Front street. 8-23-1m

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation for the City of Plainfield, will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday of November, it being the 26th day of said month, p. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. or longer if found necessary to dispose of all cases submitted to them.

MANNING VERMEULE,
BENJAMIN MAUDSLEY,
J. F. MACDONALD,
Board of Appeals.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 12, 1889. 11-14-3t

Special Notices.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having disposed of my coal business to Loomis & Rice I desire to recommend them to my customers. CHAS S. GUION.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms, and for a catalogue, Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

THIS NO. 8 STOVE PUT UP COMPLETE WITH PIPE SHELF FOR $18 Net.

J. C PIERSON, Jr.,

NO. 42 WEST FRONT STREET.

THAT COLD WAVE

OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVEN'T A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMB'S WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.

DOANE & VanARSDALE'S

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY!

TO BUY DRESS GOODS CHEAP! SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Nov. 14th, 15th and 16th.

WITH A 25c. DRESS! We will give in free, 1 best skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 2 skirt reeds, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 50c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 card hooks and eyes.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 doz. waist steels, 7 card hooks and eyes, 2 skirt reeds.

WITH A 75c. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card books and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining.

WITH A $1. DRESS! We will give in free, 5 yds. best skirt lining, 1 skirt braid, 1 1-2 doz. tailor buttons, 1 card books and eyes, 1 doz. waist steels, 1 1-2 yds. waist lining. The Special Low Prices on Lace Curtains will hold good another week.

Edsall's 20 West Front St., Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first-class dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

THE BEST.

Stout, Spencer & Co.'s

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Celebrated Proprietary Brands of Canned Goods, New Jersey Tomatoes, New York Corn, Lima Beans, Fancy String Beans, Succotash, Extra Sifted Marrowfat, Early June and

Early Garden Peas,

are the BEST of their kinds, in the universal opinion of all who have used them in the past, and this season's pack we think the finest ever offered, surpassing former seasons, if that were possible. Every can guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to the consumer, or money refunded. For sale by the Grocers of Plainfield. 11-15-4-1-2-3-6w

SATURDAY, Oct 16th, *All This Week.*

J. P. LAIRE & Co. *will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete.*

Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best place to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.

JAMES HARDY, Prop.

Wm. J. Stephenson, CATERER and Ice Cream Dealer,

8 NORTH AVENUE

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,
BY W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Giving women's names to race horses produces odd results sometimes. How does this sound: Lady Pulsifer canters in with her nose ahead?

Bicycling for ladies is becoming quite the rage in the suburbs of American cities. The women ride the two wheeled safety machines and the newspapers talk of "grace and beauty on the wheel."

It is telegraphed all the way from Athens that the Pollingemois is of opinion that peace between Chakir Pasha and the Cretan commission is impossible. Dear, dear! How sad!

A popular novelist declares in his latest work that every woman who has reached middle life hates every woman who is young and pretty, and cherishes a malice-working spite at her What do ladies think of this?

Here is one of Professor Huxley's latest about the oyster: "I suppose," says the professor, "that when this slippery morsel glides along the palate, few people imagine they are swallowing a piece of machinery far more complicated than a watch."

It is said the next census will take the center of population from Ohio to Indiana, near Rising Sun.

The private cars of two railway presidents were caught in a collision that wrecked several of the common cars. These two, however, escaped because they were more substantially built than those in which common people who pay their fare ride every day. This fact is exciting much unpleasant comment. It ought to do so.

At last it seems possible that Gen. Grant may have a monument in New York, now that the Grand Army of the Republic have taken the matter in hand and propose to build it themselves. There are a few persons who ought to contribute liberally to the monument fund, and those are the property owners of Riverside park, along the route to the tomb.

One effect which was not foreseen has been observed in neighborhoods illuminated by electric light. Crime has been diminished therein. Burglars and sneak thieves are afraid to ply their nefarious trades in such a powerful light, and have skulked off elsewhere. Can't we manage somehow to have our trusted cashiers and highly respected bank officials constantly under fire of a powerful electric light?

Sir Edwin Arnold said he admired tremendously the vivacity, push and dash of American newspapers, and he thought they would be about perfect if they were more serious and dignified. But if they were more serious and dignified they would not have their "vivacity, push and dash." They would be as dull, in short, as London newspapers.

The science of medicine is a solemn matter, and will bear no foolishness. In Burlington, N. J., a woman was ill of a disease the regular physician pronounced incurable. A negro "doctor," so called, took the case in hand and cured the patient. Then the physicians had him arrested for practicing without a diploma. The logic of this case is that it is better for a doctor with a diploma to let a woman die than to cure her without one.

The supreme court of Indiana has decided that a bicycle rider has as much right to a road as a wagon has, and need not get out of the way for fear of frightening horses. Horses must be educated to the sight of bicycles. In America there is far less precaution against accidents at railway crossings over country roads than there is in Europe. Our theory is that people have eyes, ears and brains, and can look out for themselves and train their horses to do the same.

It must have struck terror to the hearts of the Scotch school masters to see their pupils parading the streets, bearing banners on which were inscribed their just and reasonable demands as follows: "Abolition of the Cane. Less Hours in School. Less Parsing, and No Home Lessons." The demand for less parsing and less caning seems particularly reasonable. When parsing goes out of fashion in education, people will wonder how so much time came to be spent over it

One French Canadian family settled in the town of Fall River, Mass., thirty years ago. At present the class of the population there numbers seventy thousand. In New England it is claimed that there are half a million French Canadians. Of French Canadians in Massachusetts 51 per cent. are unable to read and write. This, after some two hundred years of settlement and civilization for that race in America, is a curious showing, to say the least. It is a heavy tax, too, to be imposed on Massachusetts, after all her work in the cause of education, to now set in and drill the three Rs into all these foreigners.

There are not places enough in these piping times of peace for our young West Point graduates to fill. An admirable suggestion has been made that after graduation the young officers be sent around among the different states to teach the national guards the art of war and drill them properly.

At a meeting of distinguished citizens of Newport, R. I., President Harrison was powerfully memorialized to prevent the "wholesale and unrestrained murdering of innocent American citizens by thousands, now going on in some of the states of the south." In what states of the south is the murdering of people now going on by the thousands?

The Hoang Ho, or Yellow river in China, is 2,300 miles long. For 2,000 years the people have been building up its banks by levees, as is done with the Mississippi. Yet every year or two come disastrous breaks, loss of life and incalculable loss of property. At various points where the breaks took place last summer fifty years must elapse before the soil can be cultivated again, owing to deposits.

Delightful indeed is Prince Murat's reply in Miss Caldwell when she informed him that she proposed to allow him only $10,000 a year for permitting her to be his wife: "Madame, you deceive yourself greatly. I am not an Italian. French princes are quoted much higher in the matrimonial stock list." Then he made an exquisite French bow and left her, with an elegant bridal outfit on her hands. She can never use it on anybody else, because it is embroidered all over with imperial crowns, which wouldn't fit. Gwendolin. It serves you right. One honest American boy, who cherishes still in his heart the traditional respect of his countrymen for women, is worth a Great Eastern load of grizzled old foreign libertines with a handle to their names. They despise everything American but our money. An American woman who marries one of them generally gets what she deserves.

Kentucky Feuds.

If anybody wants to write the thrilling American novel, he need go no farther than Kentucky to find material for scenes as tragic and wildly romantic as any writer would wish to portray. The American tragic poet need not search Italian history for blood curdling topics on which to exercise his muse. The Kentucky feuds will be a rich mine for them all. These family fights are handed down from father to son. Blood is wiped out in blood, and nothing is ever forgotten or forgiven. It is said that the Martin-Tolliver fight, after lasting many years, has finally been ended by the romantic marriage of a Romeo and Juliet of the rival houses. Not so the Hatfield-McCoy feud. These two families had been at odds for many years, and had fought till, it is said, no less than twenty men and boys had been murdered on the two sides.

Then a fair Juliet McCoy met and loved a young Romeo Hatfield. They plighted their troth, as an old romancer would have put it. They became engaged to be married, the space reporter of our day would write. The wedding day came, the pair stood at the altar, the preacher was in the act of pronouncing them one. In through the window whistled the bullets of those who had sworn that a McCoy should never be the wife of a Hatfield. Both bride and groom and fell dead in their blood stained wedding garments. The Hatfield-McCoy feud has broken out fiercer than ever, and will apparently continue till none of either race is left to keep up the old hates. Where are our missionaries?

Something in This.

Fanny Edgar Thomas, a well known young newspaper woman, adds her idea to the pile of novel suggestions for the Columbus celebration of 1892. Fanny believes with all her heart that rich citizens, who are sighing for ways to do something great with their money, should form a monster fund from which struggling, starving young geniuses may draw to support themselves while they are toiling up the weary hill towards final success. She writes, and her pen is dipped in gall and blood:

For the love of heaven and in the name of humanity, cease trying to fill up your plans for expending those enormous sums of money, and build instead a fund for the use of poor young people who aspire to be great in literature, thus burning the rafters out of one-half their souls during the first best years, when the blood is supped, the ambition crippled, the nerves maimed, and the life strings so worn out by poverty and toil that many a fine instrument is laid out of use before fate permits a chord to be struck upon it! It is one thing to lift a boy bodily over a wall you wish him to climb, and another to show him how to climb when he may get in his toes. There is a time in the polishing of a diamond when polishing ends and wearing begins. Some authors have begun to go through it know the distinctive, disturbing, devitalizing horror of providing the means for accomplishing, and the joy of doing and studying when having it in sight, at least, since my memory experience at resorts, with seeing money fairly burned up in perfectly vain and idle expenditure, by those young, feckless, thoughtless, pleasure and silly daughters—money which is the very life blood of struggling authors, and which would make a goodly hunched, joyous fatherhood, lovers but, mortals are, verily—partly and solely through poverty and the crime of it.

I would have a fund large enough and solid enough to permit boys and girls while young to enter directly from the district school to a place where they are obliged to teach in order to learn. to typewrite in order to get at the keys of a piano, to paint in order to get a look at nature on going up the stairs, as they never know when a lasting money came, and I now offer a plan to the other globe.

If we do make it a bond, let it be a grave in which to bury eternally a perversion of a young girlhood. I would have for more heroic relief than the present state of things in many of them. Instead of a Rebel tower, let us have a bank account set to the credit of Young Genius.

REVOLUTION IN BRAZIL.

[MORNING NEWS.]

An Alleged Attempt to Establish a Republic

AGAINST DOM PEDRO'S KINGDOM.

The Military Is With the Insurgents. Baron Lodario, Minister of Marine, Assassinated—A Provisional Government Has Been Established.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—A private cipher cable dispatch from Rio Janeiro states that a revolution has broken out there. Other dispatches from Rio Janeiro concerning the revolutionary outbreak assert that a movement in favor of a republican form of government has recently been strongly fomented, and is the sole cause of the rising.

Brazilian Ministers Resign.

Up to the present hour, however, there is little information of a tangible character. The announcement is made in the cipher cables simply at hand that the Brazilian ministers have tendered their resignations, and that the situation is controlled by the army.

A Provisional Government Formed.

Later dispatches from Rio Janeiro fully confirm the previous reports of the revolution aims at the overthrow of the government and the proclamation of a republic. The army supports the movement. A provisional government has been established, including Senhors da Fonseca and Benjamin Constant.

Minister Lodario Killed.

Among the dispatches received, but not yet officially confirmed, is one stating that Baron Lodario, the minister of marine, has been killed.

News Received at New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Messrs. Charles R. Flint & Co. received the following cable gram late yesterday afternoon, dated at Rio Janeiro: "Revolution has broken out here. The Brazilian armies in control. Ministry has resigned. The revolution is for the purpose of forming a republic."

Army Against Navy.

Mr. Flint, when seen at his office, had informed men on Brazil in the city, interpreted this communication to mean that the Brazilian army had revolted, but that the navy had remained loyal to the empire, and that the two forces had come into hostile contact with the result of the death of the minister of the navy. Mr. Flint regarded the matter as a serious one, not only as regards Brazil, but as regards the trade of the United States with Brazil. He said that about two-thirds of the coffee consumed in the United States came from Brazil, and that nearly all the rubber used here came from the same source.

If the probable political revolution should interfere with the shipments of rubber, there was almost certainly, the rubber trade and the rubber industry in the United States would be seriously damaged. The stock of rubber here was only short. Indeed, there was not enough on hand or in sight to supply the demand for two weeks.

Very Bad for the United States.

The Brazilian province of Para, which is the great source of rubber for the United States, had long been dissatisfied with its lot under the imperial government. There was an annual assessment of duties of $6,000,000 on the products of Para, of which about $1,000,000 was devoted to the local government of Para. The other $5,000,000 went into the general Brazilian treasury. The people of Para had long considered this distribution unjust, and were consequently likely to seize any opportunity to make a change. If Para had joined the revolutionists the rubber supply from the United States must be seriously affected. But even if Para had remained loyal to the empire the revolution would still interfere with the exportation, and the rubber trade of the United States would be affected seriously.

No Need of Force.

The government since 1822 has been a constitutional monarchy. On the 7th of August last, on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the new law building at Pernambuco, the Conde d'Eu, the son-in-law of the emperor, and husband of the heir of the imperial family, said in the course of his speech that "they desired only the happiness and prosperity of the Brazilian people, and that when the people pronounced by their votes that the monarchy is embarrassing the progress of Brazil, the imperial family will retire from the country."

About a month before that speech was made the emperor's life was attempted. The would-be assassin was pronounced a lunatic, and the Republican party immediately disowned all sympathy with or participation in the attempted crime.

Ex-Slaves Against the Government.

The most powerful enemies of the government are those created by the most truly liberal actions. The emancipation of its remaining slaves—about 500,000—last year, without compensation to the owners. Even the hereditary nobility of the empire, who took the position of the government at the recent elections, and if that can be taken as a true indication of the tendency of the people the day of a republic is still distant from Brazil.

The News at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Secretary Blaine has received a cablegram from Minister General Dockery at Rio de Janeiro stating that a revolution had occurred, that the Brazilian minister of marine had been killed and that the army was in control of the capital.

At the Brazilian legation it was stated that no information whatever had been received from Rio de Janeiro about the reported revolution, except from the state department here. The report of the outbreak occasioned great surprise at legation headquarters, as their latest advices from Brazil indicated the perfect stability of the coming parliament, in which the Liberals, or supporters of the emperor, are overwhelmingly in the majority.

The Penalty Was Death.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 16.—In continuance of the investigation into the Oneida assassination, Tom Ainsworth, recently hostile to the United States, Levi Axtell swore that the penalty for divulging the secrets was death. It was understood that the "setting of the sun" was the signal for the rules of the United States against that the Mormon church was to rule.

Ex-President Fillmore's Son Dead.

BUFFALO, Nov. 16.—William Powers Fillmore, son of the late President Fillmore, died last night of apoplexy. He was about 60 years old, and had long been in failing health. He had no near relatives, and only a few friends were with him at his death, which occurred at the Tifft house. Mr. Fillmore was a lawyer.

A New Coal Bed Discovered.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 16.—The discovery of a new coal bed is reported from North Sydney. A well known expert claims that there are 19,000,000 tons in the seam.

A LARGE LUMBER FAILURE.

J. K. Post & Co., of Oswego, Have Assigned—Liabilities, $200,000.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Nov. 16.—J. K. Post & Co., lumber dealers, have made an assignment, after confessing judgments amounting to $80,000 in favor of the Second National bank, of Oswego, and Mrs. J. K. Post. The liabilities are said to be nearly $200,000, and the apparent assets will no more than cover the judgments against the firm. The failure has been expected for some time, and for two months creditors and creditors charge openly that they have been defrauded. The present firm, which consists of H. H. Post, M. K. Fitzgerald and J. Miller, was organized last July. The old firm consisted of J. K. Post, now deceased, who for forty years was a prominent lumberman, and his son, H. H. Post. After the death of J. K. Post the firm was reorganized, the new members giving their notes for $60,000 to Mrs. J. K. Post as executrix of J. K. Post estate, and assuming the old liabilities and assets.

Mrs. Post loaned the new firm $11,000 in cash with which to carry on the business, and during the last three and a half months of its existence the firm paid Mrs. Post $39,000. The creditors claim that at the time of J. K. Post's death the old firm was insolvent, and that the plan of organizing the new firm, and the money thus obtained and assets was devised to relieve the Post estate. Among the creditors are the State bank at Albany, Zoller's bank at Port Plain, and labor claims in Saginaw, Cheboygan, Ogdensburg and a number of places in Canada. Several creditors say they had no notice of the sale of the old business to a new firm, and would not have given credit on the supposition that it was the old one. Mr. H. H. Post has left the city, and it is said he has gone to Cuba for his health.

Navasso Negroes Arraigned.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 16.—Eighteen of the Navasso rioters were arraigned in the United States court under five separate indictments, in which they are charged as principals or accessories or abettors with the murder of five white bosses—Mahan, Foster, Mayo, Mark and Simpson Navasso, and on Sept. 3. The names of the accused are: George S. Key, Alfred Jones, Charles H. Smith, James H. Robinson, Charles Smallwood, James Phillips, Edmund Branch, James Johnson, Alfred Brown, Moses Williams, Edward Woodford, Edward Smith, Henry Jones, Charles H. Davis, Stephen Peters, James Tasker, Norman Foster and Amos Lee. Key is charged as the principal in the murder of Mahan; Henry Jones and Fisher as principals in the murder of Foster; Alfred Jones and Edward Smith as principals in the murder of Mayo; Edward Smith as principal in the murder of Marsh and Charles H. Smith, Davis and Peters as principals in the murder of Simpson. All the others except Charles Smallwood, who was committed for the further action of the grand jury, are charged as aiders and abettors and accessories before the fact in all the murders. Each man pleaded not guilty. The case of Keys will be taken up on Tuesday next, being the first called for trial.

Seven Presidential Ducks.

CHASE, Md., Nov. 16.—President Harrison remained all day at Bengie's Point, Middle River Neck, Baltimore county, where he is the guest of the Bengie's Point Ducking club. The wind was very unfavorable for good shooting there throughout the day, but the president remained at his post in the shooting box from about 5 o'clock in the morning until 11:30. During that time five ducks alighted, and the president killed three as one shot, the two others being bagged by Messrs. Wilson and Bengie. At 2:30 p. m. the gunners returned to the "blinds," remaining until nightfall. The president's record for the day was seven ducks at four shots.

Effects of the Great Flood.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Nov. 16.—The evil effects of the June floods on the health of the people of this city and adjacent river towns are beginning to appear. The flood left a heavy deposit of mud and refuse, from which the germs of disease have emanated all summer, vitiating the blood and undermining the health of the people. In this city there have been about a dozen cases of fever have developed during the last two or three weeks, while at Farrandsville, Wayne, Pine, North Point, Mill Hall and other places large numbers of the residents are sick. Several deaths have occurred.

More English Capital Invested.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—London and Chicago parties have just closed a trade with the Munger Wheeler Elevator company by which the latter transfer eight grain elevators in Chicago, with a capacity of 6,000,000 bushels, to the former. A sufficient bonus has been paid to the Munger Wheeler company, through the Northern Trust company, to insure the fulfillment of the contract. The new company is formed in London with a capital of $4,500,000.

In Father Matthew's Memory.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 16.—A meeting of the general committee of the Catholic Total Abstinence societies of America was held here to take steps for raising a fund of $50,000 in order to erect in the Georgetown university in memory of Father Matthew, the apostle of temperance. A number of names were added to the national committee, and circulars will be issued to every portion of the country in which to work for the purpose of raising the fund.

Coffee Takes a Rise.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Coffee suddenly advanced 30 or 31 points yesterday, and there were reports of an unexpected shortage in the crop. There was considerable excitement in the Coffee exchange, and the advance at the closing hour were unusually large. It is suspected that the advance was really due to buying by certain brokers who had inside information in regard to the revolution in Brazil.

The Doctors Are Puzzled.

WEST POINT, Conn., Nov. 16.—John Peters, a German farm hand, fell thirty feet recently from a ledge of rocks on River street. His head was horribly crushed and the brain. He was found under a shed the next morning, with his head swollen to twice its natural size. The case now puzzles the physicians of the town, who say it will be fatally hurt, appears daily upon the streets.

Singlewood Cremated.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 16.—L. T. Gillelland's residence was burned to the ground. Fifteen head of horses were destroyed. Mostly all of the animals were fine roadsters, and among them was the famous racer Singlewood, valued at $2,000. The loss will be between $30,000 and $40,000, with no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Father Damien's Work Goes On.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The work begun and successfully carried on at the Hawaiian lepers settlement on the island of Molokai by the late Father Damien, who fell a victim to the dread disease surrounding him, is to be continued by a brother of that lamented priest, who has been appointed to the vacancy.

THE WHOLE FAMILY SHOT

A Negro Fires Through a Window.

FIVE PERSONS WERE WOUNDED.

And the Desperado Was Himself Fatally Wounded by a Chance Shot in the Dark—He Was Found Dying in a Hay Loft.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Nov. 16.—News of a dastardly attempt by Robert Sutton, a Shrewsbury (N. J.) negro, to kill his wife, Hannah, and the probable death of the would-be murderer has just reached here. Sutton is in jail with a load of shot in the right side of his chest and his lungs cut almost to pieces. He is a desperate character, well known to the authorities of both Bergen and Passaic counties, and has served time in both the Hackensack and Paterson jails, and though only 35 years old, he has lived with a dozen different women in a shanty near Closter. He beat the last woman of his choice Monday night and drove her out of the house. He learned later that she was stopping with Henry Sisco, a colored man who lives in the house of David B. Blauvelt, of Schraalenburg, a member of the Bergen county board of freeholders, and armed himself with a shotgun.

An Attack on the Whole Family.

Henry Sisco and his family, consisting of his wife, her mother, William Jackson, 18 years old, and Susie Bakeman, aged 14 years, were sitting in their house with Sutton's wife at about 9 o'clock, when the report of a gun outside was followed by a shower of broken glass, with which almost every occupant in the room. The shot came through a west window. All the occupants fell to the floor, and the negro got up again and second load of shot came through a south window and hit them again. Two or three more shots followed that did no damage, and then Sisco, who had a pistol, fired it. He stood in the corner of the room, and hearing it to Jackson she said: "Go shoot them."

A Shot in the Dark.

Jackson took the gun and rushed out of the house, and started in search of the man, but it was raining and as dark as pitch. It proved afterward that an aim was good. The bombardment of the house ceased and the people remained quiet to search the premises and call assistance. Neighbors came with lanterns, but the only sign of the assailants was a single barreled gun found in the grass about fifty yards from the house.

The Desperado Captured.

It was decided to keep the fact of the shooting quiet until Sutton, who was suspected of the crime, could be found. The county constables were started out to find him, but no trace of him was discovered until last night, when Tony Robinson, an old colored man who lives about a quarter of a mile from Sisco's, found him in his hay mow, faint and probably fatally wounded. Constable John V. B. Westervelt was notified of the discovery, and he with a posse hurried to the house. He admitted that he fired two shots and said he crept into the barn because he was not able to travel any further. He complained

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

The Editorial Sardines Which a Genius of the Frozen Zone to Bear Gratefully.

We extract the following items from the last issue of The Arizona Kicker:

THEY WILL KNOW MORE.—A combination, calling itself the Acme Opera company of Chicago, gave a show of some sort at Reynold's ball last Friday night. No free tickets were sent to this office, and when we sent one of our hired reiler boy over to the manager with a note asking him why in Tunes he had neglected such an important duty, he returned word that the Kicker could kick and be hanged to it. We therefore kicked. We hired Cooper's hall for the same night, gave a free dance, and the Acme Opera company opened to an audience consisting of the landlord's cross eyed boy and five old half breeds who thought somebody was going to be scalped.

There's nothing mean about us. We simply want what is due to the profession, and what has been granted to from time immemorial. When an amusement combination sets out to improve and make us ring small, somebody will certainly hear something drop before getting to the top of the hill.

FOR SAYING A WORD.—Many of our subscribers are asking why The Kicker has nothing to say in favor of either of the local tickets now in the field. There are two reasons. First, because we were not nominated on either ticket; and secondly, because a bigger gang of rascals were never up for office. We wanted to run for mayor. It is no use being over modest about such things. We are better fitted for that position than any other man we have. The office should have been glad to get us. It didn't do so, and so we sought it. Wakeful have filled the position with credit to all, but the range wanted a fool, and so they nominated Doc Burrows and Hank Jones to head the two tickets. Neither of them will ever serve. With one month to run we will have both of them back at Joliet to serve out their unexpired sentence.

We have been warned that we must come out and support one ticket or the other, or go to the wall. Begin your wall business, gents, as soon as you please. When you come down as you have got to beat a grand aggregation of newspaper, grocery, feed store, harness shop, butcher shop, tinning factory, all under one roof, presided over by one head, and each doing a fine business.

FOR JUST YER.—The Town Cat Silver Mining company sent us a certificate of stock of the face value of $500 last week and asked us to editorially mention the fact that the mine would prove one of the greatest bonanzas of the age for investors. We can't conscientiously do it yet. We want to wait awhile and see whether we are to be assessed on the stock or not, and we'd like to hear of some one who has received a dividend. We used to take everything in silver stock that came along, and puff up their old swindles without stint, but we have made a change of late in this regard. We found that a company which would beat the public would also beat us.

THEY TOOK EXCEPTION.—Tall Bill, of the Gem Saloon; Ohio George, of the Arcade Poker Rooms, and Lovely Jim, of the Red Front Sink of Iniquity, took exception to our study remark in last week's issue that whisky and poker were the worst trying on the town, and they laid for us accordingly. On Friday afternoon we were examining the carcass of a big jackass rabbit killed over in the gulch by John Andrews, and on exhibition in front of Davies' butcher shop, when the three worthies above named approached and signified their intention of cooking our goose. We had them by the throat in five seconds, and we held them in line with hands up for full five minutes as an exhibition. When they had been disarmed we allowed them to make away.

We don't claim to own this town, and we never set out to run it, but we propose to talk in plain English on all subjects and public men in this neighborhood to the best of our ability. If the three parties named do not subside at once, we shall encourage a crowd to turn out with a rope some frosty evening and pull them down from up against a limb.

HE STILL LIVES.—A Nebraska subscriber writes to inquire if there is any other weekly published in this burg. There is. We have a genial cuss over on everything but the red headed, cross eyed, lop shouldered coyote who edits it, and can close him up at any time; but we let him run on in order to keep him off the town. We rather like his audacity as well. He prints 180 copies, none of which can be read on account of the poor work, and yet he claims the largest circulation in the known world. He knows we own the very chair he sits in, but yet he declines four columns each week to abusing us gratuitously.

Yes, he still lives, poor old unfortunate. But we are going to give him rope for the winter. If he was bounced out he might take to run for the legislature.—Detroit Free Press.

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOAS in the city by long odds.
AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.
Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medicated Soap from 10cts to $1. P cake.
OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUE.

SCHOOL BOOKS

New and Second hand. School Supplies
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at

ALLEN,
The Stationer,
21 EAST FRONT STREET.

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GHERMAN FARMS

CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Stock, and Tomato Catsup, to name a few.

Howell's Grocery,
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 14c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 85c. glove. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better one at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods every where free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,
34 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE

Furs and Fur Trimmings.

2½c. black bare trimming, lined, per yard 25 cents.
3 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard, 38 cents.
Black bare muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.
Nubria muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boas, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boas, $3.00.
Opossum Muff, $3.00.
Opossum Boas, $5.00.
Children's fur muffs, 39 cents.
Children's coney sets, flat muff and boa to match, 60 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant if desired. 66 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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39 WEST FRONT STREET,
CHINA, CROCKERY,
CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.
LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a
Five Cent Counter.
An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
Othello Ranges,
PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.
PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS.

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12 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

The New Fall Styles.
Hats, Neckwear, Gloves,
Etc., just received at
U. B. CRANE'S,
19 PARK AVENUE.
Agent for Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 8-5-1y

E. E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 30 North avenue
Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m.
1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44
Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1-y

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
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Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alice Ward, P. O. Box 1060.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Taught by Misses Louis Virouz and Creditor, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Union Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to private families and private and class lessons. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten and Boarding School, at Craig Place, corner Grove Street. In each department every branch will be carefully and thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-25-1y

MR. T. E. HASELL,
Teacher of Singing.
Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Director of choral concerts. The art of vocal production. Studio: Mansion house, Somerset street. Residence, No. 76 Dunellen, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW
Has removed her lessons in German and her residence, 11 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. A special class for advanced students given to beginners. Reference from former pupils. 9-10-3m

MR. J. C. COUTURE,
Teacher of violin. 15 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced pupils prepared for solos and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 208. 6-8-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnasia of Munich, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Queen Regent to the best scholar, gives lessons in ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and Painting. For particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 54 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

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Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1228.

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Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS.
Will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and North street. M. M. Koenp, Principal. Ida F. Koenp, Assistant

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN BROWN,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop, rear southeast corner Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

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Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

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Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DESTINE for your teeth which has had our careful study. Price from 25 cents per bottle. Injurious substances. SAPANACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

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Successor to Field & Randolph
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(Established 1865.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER.
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

CANNED GOODS
We expect a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Honey Drop, E. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous
Springville Peas.
On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots
ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties,
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REAL ESTATE
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Fire Insurance,
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Breaks up rough colds and settles in the most OBSTINATE GOUT.
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Plainfield, near Depot. 10-12tf

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I keep in stock all the choicest brands of flour, SUCCESS, DONUT, PILLSBURY'S BEST. The latter is our specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of KITCHEN FURNITURE constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom references is made)
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city. Agent for the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of
Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:46, 6:40, 7:30, 8:00, 8:25, 8:40, 9:25, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 a. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 5:00, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 midnight. Sunday, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 midnight.
Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 6:40, 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 a. m. Sunday at 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 a. m.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 6:40, 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 a. m. Sunday at 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 a. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 6:40, 9:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m. Sunday at 8:00, 9:30 a. m., 4:30, 6:30 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
For Boston, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Branch Creek, Washington, Manunka Chunk, Wilmington and Scranton.
For Lehigh, Easton, Belvidere, Delaware, Water Gap, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Dutton, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pittston, Wyoming, Hazleton, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Tamaqua, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Lehigh Valley, Bethlehem, Dutton, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., at 5:37, 6:40, 8:00, 9:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m. For Easton, Belvidere, Delaware, Water Gap, Manunka Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, at 9:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m. For Easton, 8:00 a. m., 2:30 p. m. For Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, at 8:00 a. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., at 8:00 a. m. For Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, at 8:00 a. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., at 8:00 a. m.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 3:30, 5:30 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m. Sunday (Ocean Grove only) at 8:00 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 5:30 p. m. Sunday 8:00, a. m., 5:30 p. m.
SOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 5:37, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 5:37, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 5:37, 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30 p. m. Sundays at 8:00, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m., 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:45, 5:30 p. m.
ROSELLVILLE, BARTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7:30 a. m., and 4:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.
Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 7:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8:30 p. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office open on week days, 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Stick Delivery Window.
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With Nearly Double the Income.
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Undertakers and Embalmers
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Telephone Call 43. Residence 29 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 31. Office 2 Rhode cemetery

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 686. Telephone call 28.

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BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage to generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
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10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a 65 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 19 East Fifth street between 5 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-24-1y

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
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City Livery Stables.
54 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J
Special attention given to boarding horses
Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave nue, will receive prompt attention.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers,
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Grocer and Seedsman,
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Smalley Brothers,
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Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

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Successor to Emmons Bros.
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Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

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All kinds of work. 25 years experience. Repairing attended to. Estimates given.

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
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with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 37 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 84 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

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Undertakers and Embalmers
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"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crepe, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Bleaching and Dyeing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
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Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.
and 23 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 399.
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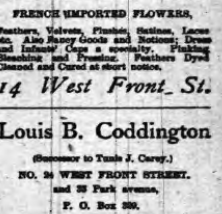
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.



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WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
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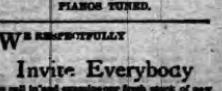


Sole Agents for Dr. King's spectacles, the best and cheapest in the city.
DICKINSON & CLAWSON,
19 Park avenue.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Interesting Facts from Professional Sources. Popular Curses and Modern Cures.

After a thorough trial of the tannin treatment for consumption, at the Hospital St. Jean, Brussels, Dr. Homs reports excellent results in all stages, after as well as originally in cases where cavities existed. Of all the different methods of treatment he has ever tried, Dr. Homs considers that this has given him the most satisfactory results. In cases ordinarily a loss of fifteen grains, taken three times a day. Where it is not well borne (which seldom occurs, he directs that it be taken with milk or coffee) the first day's expectoration and sweats diminished, the cough decreased and generally the appetite improved. Many of the patients had been constipative while others had slight diarrhœa, but, after these effects of the tannin were regulated, the general symptoms improved, the sputa becoming white and frothy, instead of green and foul, and the bacilli present in many of the cases vanished.

The Eel Skin Cure for Rheumatism.

The eel skin cure for rheumatism, though savoring of superstition, is nevertheless undoubtedly a good deal indebted to the many complete cures *are accredited to it. Among* the English it would seem to be very popular, if one may judge from the following conversation of one of the largest eel dealers in the London fish market.

"Well; you know," he said, "we don't skin eels here. We sell them in quantity and alive. All the eels we have sold a good deal about the employment of eel skins for the cure of rheumatism, and though I have never used them myself for I am thankful to say I do not suffer from the complaint, I do know of numbers of cases in which they have been used with complete success. Our men are often asked to get a few skins for customers."

"Can you tell me what is supposed to be their special virtue?

"No; except that they are effectual. Hundreds of London salmon wear them, and *swear by them, and I have a number of gen*tlemen customers in the country who ask me to send them eel skins to give away to the poor people of the district round about who have once worn them will never be without them if they can help it. But I cannot tell you what medicinal property they possess. Perhaps after all it is only moisture, for, of course, they must form an almost air tight bandage, like a piece of gutta percha or gold beater's skin. Perhaps it is the latter, and that gives it very much the same way, as you probably know. Why, I have heard that a skein of silk tied round the waist will cure lumbago, or round the neck will cure quinsy, and so in the leg. Now, what earthly medicinal property can there be in a skein of silk? Of course, the skins are generally considered as refuse or offal, and are consequently thrown away."

Effect of Dust on the Lungs.

Dust of various kinds is regarded as an enemy of the lungs, its effects being dependent, however, not so much on the quantity inhaled, as on the greater or less power of different forms of matter to irritate them. Dr. Hesse tells that Dr. Kunze, of the University of Kiel, after observation and experiments, has arrived at the following conclusions on this subject:

The least serious alterations in the lungs resulted from the inhalation of lamp black, the particles of which are very fine and little irritating. Almost equally innocuous are the dust inhaled by earthenware manufacturers and stonemasons. The lungs of a locksmith showed only a moderate hypertrophy of connective tissue, the dust consisting partly of the finest particles of iron. In a worker in oxides of iron the lungs were found full of small granules, and the cases in which changes in the tissue were very considerable. The lungs of gold miners were generally indurated and atrophied; the dust in them consisted of exceedingly fine, hard pyramidal numerous circumscribed hard nodules and thick indurations. In cloth manufactures the lungs, in spite of their contact with an enormous amount of organic dust, presented but few industrious. In the lungs of two stonemasons, induration and tuberculous disintegration were observed; all the other lungs were entirely free from tubercle of any kind.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Good Breeding in the Small and Familiar Circle of the Household.

It is a difficult matter for several people of perhaps totally dissimilar tastes and dispositions to live day by day in the necessarily intimate relation of one household and not feel their ties sometimes pressing very sorely upon them. Commenting on this subject, a writer in Good Housekeeping asks: "Who has not sometimes felt a longing for abandonment of a family where every one does what seems good to himself, without thought of the rest, and where privacy and freedom are secured but fit for the outside world to see? And who, remembering the daily struggle—albeit good natured—does not contrast such a home to disadvantage with the most genial, the most considerate of his acquaintances?

Little civilities are so easily taught a child; they so inevitably cling to him hereafter, it is a burning shame that pearls of amenity and home charities, the pains of politeness to be gathered from a later social intercourse, or to be donned and doffed like the Sunday dress. To the first lesson not to put his knife to his mouth can be added further injunctions just as important, which must be taught some time, with no real reason why they should not be taught now. The only objection can be that too many rules bewilder and perplex, and that the most important are those of principle, not behavior. But principle should guide in either case. And object teaching is said to be wearisome. If one sees and knows only the right way, how will he learn the wrong?

"A tendency to clean but the outside of the cup and platter has always to be guarded against. I have seen," says the writer already quoted, "children with an exquisite air of tugging service, and young people who would be considerable little pigs as well as prigs. I have seen dear, rough boys and awkward girls who were generous and honest, and thoroughly lovable at heart, but whose manners do not attest the fact that, in such case, the parent had not labored to advantage, nor that those small people might not have been still further improved.

And oh! if all children of an older growth would but learn the first principle of good breeding—consideration for others. If they did not try to unfold some long and not very pressing tale, while your eyes rest longingly on the newspaper in your hand. If they did not, with that detestable axiom, "I know you won't mind," heap their burdens on your grammar, and borrow, to no repayment, your postage stamps. If they did not so worst the proverb, "Faithful are the wounds of a friend," that they hurt you cruelly with unadmonished kisses upon your best hat and your new gloves. Or spoil your own appetite by merry glee at the dish your tired hands have compounded for their benefit. If they did not ravenously coldly a present, or a pleasure of your devising, which proved not entirely to their own taste. If—if we none of us ever did the same and worse! Then would home be "a little heav'n on here below."

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SUBJECTS OF INTEREST TO WIDE AWAKE READERS.

The Hydraulic Top Exhibited at the Paris Exposition, Which Is in Fact a Water Pump on a Small Scale and an Amusing Scientific Toy.

The hydraulic top represented in the cut is described in Popular Science News as follows: It outwardly resembles an ordinary top, furnished with a cup shaped holder (B), on which *it is placed while spinning.* The holder is covered with rubber on the bottom, to prevent the motion of the top from dislodging it. When the holder is placed in a deep dish filled with water, and the top set spinning upon it, a fine stream of water flows through the top, and is thrown out above, like a miniature fountain, to a height of two or three feet.

A HYDRAULIC TOP.

The simple interior construction of the top is shown in the illustration. The body (A) is hollow, forming a reservoir (B), with an opening at the bottom, which dips beneath the surface of the water. The central axis, or spindle, around which the top revolves, is hollow and provided with a horizontal tube (C), extending nearly to the side of the reservoir. Attached to the inside of the reservoir, and revolving with it, are two little metal wings, or propeller blades (not shown in the engraving), which, by their motion, force the air in the reservoir through the tubes (C, D), creating a partial vacuum, and drawing the water in the dish up into the top and through the tubes. The hydraulic top, which first appeared at the Paris exposition, is, in fact, a water pump on a small scale, and is an instructive and amusing scientific toy.

The Eyes of Great Men.

An oculist who has made the human eye a study for many years claims that the thoroughbred American eye is steel blue in color. He says: "Among the people of higher civilization eyes grow lighter in hue, and there are today far more blue eyes present than there were a century ago. If you will be at pains to inquire the color of the eyes of Bismarck, Gladstone, Huxley, Virchow, Bachaier, Rawson—in fact, of any of the living great, as well as of the great army of the dead who in life distinguished themselves, you will learn that most of them have, or had, eyes of blue or gray. The explanation of this alignment is in the way; that it obscures the objects presented to the visual organ, and that the aspiring mind seeking the greatest light casts it off."

The Geysers of Yellowstone Park.

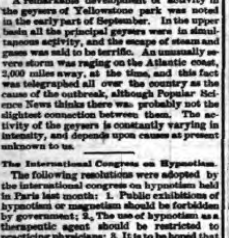
A remarkable development of activity in the geysers of Yellowstone park was noted in the early part of September. In the upper basin all the principal geysers were in simultaneous activity, and the escape of steam and gases was said to be terrific. An unusually severe storm was raging on the Atlantic coast, 2,000 miles away, at the time, and this fact was telegraphed all over the country as the cause of the outbreak, although Popular Science News thinks there was probably not the slightest connection between them. The activity of the geysers is constantly varying in intensity, and depends upon causes at present unknown to us.

The International Congress on Hypnotism.

The following resolutions were adopted by the international congress on hypnotism held in Paris last month: 1. Public exhibitions of hypnotism or magnetism should be forbidden by government; 2, The use of hypnotism as a therapeutic agent should be restricted to certified physicians. 3. It is to be hoped that the method and practice of hypnotism will be included in the medical education of students.

An Ingenious Arrangement.

The illustration represents an ingenious arrangement, which, by means of combustion of oil in a lamp, indicates the hour of the night. The apparatus itself consists of vertical tubes are fixed above the reservoir of oil. The left tube contains oil, and is marked with the hours; the right tube burns the oil as a lamp.



A CLOCK LAMP.

The apparatus is so constructed by the inventor, M. F. Bels, that a certain quantity of oil is consumed exactly in one hour between two graduations of the hour tube. A reflector placed behind the lamp enables one to see the time by night very plainly.

Scientific Briefs.

Wave power has been utilized this season at the sea beach, in one instance to supply steam engines with pumping work.

Sugar has been successfully used in Italy as a means of preventing the incrustation of boilers.

It is believed by those who are in a position to know that steam plows will soon revolutionize the method of breaking the soil on the prairies of the west.

Four of the twelve grand prizes awarded by the Paris exposition were gained by United States citizens.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Flowers, Grasses and Berries Preserved for Winter Decoration.

Perhaps many of our readers do not appreciate how easily some of the graceful flowers and pods and brilliant berries of autumnal plants can be preserved to give bright, cheery touch of nature's own beauty to the home in winter. Golden rod, for instance, can be kept for a long time by gathering perfect specimens and hanging them away in a dark closet. The delicate pearly white pearl and the lovely and artistic cat-tails should be gathered and kept in the same way.

Other things that contribute much to beautify the winter decorations are the bouquets are the fluffy, soft and shining bulbs, or pompons, that can be made from milkweed pods. To make these milkweed bulbs, open the pod carefully, take out the silky filaments, and after shaking the seeds off dip the little bunches of filaments into water to prevent their flying about; gather them all up as skilfully as you can and tie in small bunches and then fasten on to a wire stem. These balls are very dainty and pretty.

The beautiful mountain ash berries and barberries are preserved for winter decoration in a brine of two handfuls of salt to about three pints of water. Boil the brine, and when cold put in the berries and tie up tightly to exclude the air.

Old Fashioned Cider Apple Sauce.

Mrs. S. D. Power gives a recipe for making the old fashioned cider apple sauce that used to be a favorite dainty prepared in large quantities in the fall for family use during winter in many country households. It differs from apple butter in that no spices are put in to impair the high flavored apples of which it should be made, and the quartered apples are not boiled to pulp, but simply preserved in the clear syrup of condensed cider. Boil down cider to about one-fourth or one-fifth its quantity and add solid, sub-acid apples, pared, cored and quartered, with one-fourth their weight of sugar. Boil them very slowly till they look nicely without losing their shape; take out carefully with a wooden skimmer without breaking and boil the syrup till it is thick; then pour it over the apples. A very few quinces stewed soft in a little water are sometimes added, and give a flavor that is liked by some persons.

Novel Fancy Work.

Pretty and quite new in fancy work is the use of the ribbons that come tied around packages of cigars. A number of artistic things can be made with these cigar ties. Sewed together lengthwise they form a very dainty light shaded scarf, the width of the scarf being the same as the length of the ribbon or tie, which must be nicely hemmed at the ends; the scarf is finished with a fringe of the ribbons doubled. Handsome little bags for various purposes are formed of these ribbons basted on a lining, with the edges caught together by cat stitching of some attractive, contrasting color. The cigar ties themselves vary from pale yellow to dark orange, with some of red or red and orange. Another fashion of utilizing them is to fringe out one edge of the ribbons and knit them into sachets, small cases for gloves, handkerchiefs, etc.

WINDOW CURTAIN MADE OF CIGAR TIES.

The cut represents a part of a window curtain made in this way: The narrow yellow or red silk bands are first trimed out and made up into squares by sewing them together lengthwise. These squares are edged with red or blue ribbons, and some appliqué ornamentation placed in the centers. They are then sewed together with ribbons by interlocations and borders of openwork guipure lace, as our illustration shows. The light transmitted through the fine silk and lace produces a peculiarly soft effect.

Worth Remembering.

That jewelry of all kinds can be beautifully cleaned by washing in soap suds, in which a few drops of spirits of ammonia are stirred, shaking off the water and laying in a box of dry sawdust to dry. As simple as this sounds, it is the best and easy way to clean fine pins, or any jewelry, as it leaves no marks or scratches.

That a nickel's worth of whiting and a bottle of ammonia will keep silver forks, spoons and other tableware always bright and shining.

That one of the handiest ways to clean out the inside of washbowls, baths and the stationary marble basins, on which a sort of cement deposit forms if not very carefully cared for, is just to rub them with dry salt. It takes off all dirt and leaves them bright and shining.

That if you will rub lamp chimneys with dry salt after washing it will give them new brilliancy.

That a first rate way to clean the collars of men's and boys' coats and ladies' cloth jackets of dark colors is to first sponge with a weak solution of ammonia and then with alcohol, and rub dry with flannel.

Table Fashions and Fancies.

Very pretty tablecloths and serviettes for 5 o'clock tea are those embroidered a la Russe or marking stitch.

Some Japanese and Egyptian menus are quaint, the latter apparently printed in color on torn parchment.

In place of tall celery glasses, formerly in fashion, are provided a variety of horizontal shapes on which the celery stalks are laid. Similar flat trays are also provided for asparagus, while any little dishes with folding sides are provided for after-dinner coffee spoons.

Individual cream and sugar receptacles of one piece are a delight to the housekeeper's heart.

New trays in ice cream sets, celery trays, etc., in Parisian designed fine cut glass, are being displayed in many patterns. Tennis players, in white and gold, represented in large figures, are new and pretty, and will please the lovers of the game.

Carlsbad ivory ware resembles Royal Worcester in shape, color and pure ivory smoothness.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Beneficial Effects of Fruits—When to Eat Them.

Fruits are almost as indispensable to a healthy diet as the grains, particularly in the summer season and in warm climates. They supply those delightful acids that are not only agreeable to the palate but specially suited to the needs of the vital organism. They cool and refresh us in the heat of summer; they supply organic fluids to the system; replacing those that are lost in perspiration. Fruit ought to be, day by day, part of, therefore, in dietetic importance we must place the fruits; they minister alike to the pleasures of the appetite and to the actual wants of our bodies. The sour fruits, especially, are the best of cholagogues, doing away with all need of bilious remedies, so called; they stimulate the liver to its normal activity and prevent that clogging up of the organ which causes retention of bile, thickening of the blood and other derangements consequent upon non-performance of functional duties.

Again it will be observed that those which have been acids come in great profusion just at the time we need them most—after the long winter, when both fruits and vegetables are necessarily scarce. Fruits are the natural corrective for disordered digestion; but the way in which many persons eat them converts them into a curse rather than a blessing. Instead of being taken on an empty stomach, or in combination with simple grain preparations, as bread, they are eaten with salty foods, with meat and poultry, pungent seasonings, or other unwholesome condiments, or they are taken at the end of the meal, after the stomach is already full; and perhaps the whole mass of food washed down with tea, coffee or other liquid; or they are eaten at all hours of the day, or late as night, with ice cream, cake or other rich deserts. Fruit, to do their best work, should be eaten either on an empty stomach or simply with bread—never with vegetables. In the morning, before the fast of the night has been broken, they are to be only sparingly relished, but they serve as a natural stimulus to the digestive organs.

The Chemistry of Life and Death.

Briefly stated, the germ theory of animal life and death is that it is a fermentation and a putrefaction. Expressed in terms of mineral or inorganic chemistry, this fermentation is in the highest degree an oxydization, or rusting, or burning. In inorganic chemistry the slow combination of a substance with oxygen is rusting or oxydization; the rapid combination is combustion or burning. By analogy, it may be loosely said that putrefaction is to fermentation what burning is to rusting. Human life is sustained by a process which may be called oxydization, or, speaking very broadly, fermentation. To arrest this process or to hasten it too much is to cause death. To live at all, we must burn; oxydize or ferment slowly by the combination of the substances of our bodies with the oxygen of the air.

Certain substances tend to arrest this process; others to hasten it. Some chemists believe that certain vegetables, such as maze or Paraguay tea, contain substances that have this effect of temporarily checking oxydization in the body; that is, that they enable men to use their muscles for a time without wasting them. This is not proven, but it has been demonstrated that the continued use of these alkaloids which seem to check the fermentation or oxydization or slow burning going on in the body tend to produce death. On the other hand, nothing is better known than that whatever hastens the process hastens death. The poison of a rattlesnake has this effect in a high degree. Chemically, it is closely allied to the substance composing the eggs of fowls.—St. Louis Republic.

Dangers to the Earth.

Many of the early geologists predicted the dissolution of the earth. The early notion was, in what way would the catastrophe come about? It had long been a sacred tradition, both pagan and Christian, that the world would finally be consumed by fire. But fashion anticipated, from the gradual refrigeration of the earth, a reign of perpetual winter, and recent physicists have conjectured that the day will come when the earth, the cooling earth spins more feebly, until at length, like the moon, it shall flutter upon its axis as a dead world, with the same pallid face ever turned toward the sun. On the other hand, La Place has demonstrated that, since the time of Hipparchus (2,000 years), the mean day has not shortened by the 9-100th part of a second. But the most popular theory of all is that which attributes the eventual end of the world to the destructive agency of fire.

Bufton maintained—presumably, as an alternative to his theory above mentioned—that igneous and aqueous forces would gradually submerge existing continents under the waters, thus preparing a new field for habitation. It is only natural that the repeated failures following attempts to fix the date of the predicted dissolution of the earth should have conveyed a religious foreboding into scientific skepticism, as first expressed in vagaries wilder than the fabled descent into Avernus. At the same time, however, the conclusions of the astronomer and geologist above cited are sufficiently startling to warrant the serious question, Is the earth in danger?—The World and its Wonders.

Plants in Bedrooms.

Various opinions have been offered on the subject of the effect of flowers and plants in bedrooms. Plants should never be kept in sleeping rooms, nor is room much occupied if ventilation is not well maintained. Notwithstanding this, it may be understood that the general effect of vegetation is to purify the air. The leaves of plants absorb the carbonic acid gas and exhale oxygen, the life giving element essential to all animal being. On the ground, and to this extent, the presence of flowers and plants in sleeping chambers may be regarded as healthful. During the sunshine the green leaves absorb oxygen from the air and breathe out carbonic acid, while during the night the process is reversed. Young shoots and flowers of all plants inhale oxygen only, hence they may vitiate the air, just as animals do by increasing the proportion of carbonic acid. The greatest danger from plants in houses is that which presents itself in the time of blossoming.—Brooklyn Eagle.

An Old Poem.

The following little poem has recently been called for:

My heart is waiting for somebody,
Somebody, where can he be?
Somewhere on earth he is waiting,
Waiting and waiting for me.

My heart shall be faithful and true, then.
To the somebody, wherever he be;
Yes! my heart is loaded truely and fast,
But there's somebody powering the key.

How shall I know who's the somebody?
My heart will tell faithful and true;
You wonder who can be the somebody?
Well, somebody, darling, is you.
—Boston Transcript.

A Home for Cats.

There is an institution in Brighton, Mass., where homeless cats are taken care of. It is known as the Gifford Sightseeing Home for

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need A Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Gunmetal" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory, 388 Broadway, N. Y., thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy Stuffs width, Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Cashmere, all shades, 25c., 44 inch Ladies' Cloths, 39c., 46 inch Cloths, 50c., 56 inch Cloths, 75c. Our famous fall jean from 37 1-2c. upward.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 69c. Quilting Cotton, 3c. per yard. Best quality Iron Gauze Fasteners packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. MENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St

GREAT BOOM IN OVERCOATS,

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our Large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Settees, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low priced, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

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PIANOS BRADBURY, HAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.

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ORGANS The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, Of CHICAGO, Illinois.

CHAPEL and PARLOR.

Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and work Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

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ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES, WARDROBES, CHIFFONIERS and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

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FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES,

ALL QUALITIES,

ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

716 and 718 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full Indigo dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

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Laurens Underwear, the best in the land all colors $2.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

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LEADING CLOTHIERS.

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North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

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And Agent for the sale of stock of the Sylvanite Mining and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

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44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Leing's Hotel.

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SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

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GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

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A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

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a specialty. Lumber and coal at same office. Telephone No. 98.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."

What does inexperience make? A provender. What does the house owner get? He gets the results. What are they likely to be? Unless for your money on one hand: a choice of a fire or a funeral on the other. Good intentions without knowledge. Marvels! Organized 1881; Incorporated 1889; At the head of the profession 1889.

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FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD BUILDING ASSOCIATION

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, EXPEDITIOUSLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—The Rev. J. B. Cleaver addressed a large audience at Reform Hall last night.

—Yesterday was celebrated as "Bible Day" in many of the churches in this State.

—A Post-office in Fulton county, Pa., bears the brief and unromantic name of "Ella."

—Do not forget the Kennan lecture to-morrow night. It will be highly interesting.

—Have you heard of the inducements that are now being offered in dress goods at Edsall's?

—Charles Williams was yesterday taken to Somerville jail for being drunk and disorderly in the borough.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission Chapel will hold a meeting to-morrow evening.

—Printers are not the only mortals who make mistakes. An engraver recently made an embarrassing blunder: "Mr and Mrs. Marlinyh respectfully request your presents at the marriage of their daughter."

Mr. Jeremiah Van Deventer, President of the First National Bank of Plainfield, died at its home on Greenbrook road, near Bound avenue, Saturday afternoon. He was in his eighty-fourth year. The funeral will take place on Wednesday.

—Leal's team was defeated by the Rutgers college team in a game of foot-ball at New Brunswick Saturday afternoon. Score 32 to 4. During the progress of the game a young man named Moore, from this city, who was playing with the Leal eleven, was hurt.

—James Sherlock, the drunken man who was arrested by Chief of Police T. J. Carey, Saturday afternoon, on Somerset street, was arraigned this morning before city Judge Stillman. He was given sixty days in the County Jail, ample time in which to reflect upon the vicissitudes of this life.

—A meeting will be held in one of the parlors at Music Hall at 7 o'clock this evening, to which the pastor of every church in Plainfield, the officers of every temperance organization, and all who are interested in gospel temperance work are invited. This will precede the lecture by Mr. Burdick, which begins at 7.45.

Union Co. Teachers' Association

The sixtieth regular meeting was held in Elizabeth on Saturday, Nov. 16th, Principal Chapman presided.

Principal Clement, on the committee on resolutions regarding ex-County Superintendent Pease, reported said resolutions completed and read them to the association. This report was unanimously adopted and the committee discharged, and empowered to have them fittingly engrossed and presented to Mr. Pease at the next session.

Superintendent Holmes and Mr. Pease addressed the meeting, setting forth the work of the State Association, and urging the teachers of Union county to become members of that body.

The address on Advanced Methods of Teaching Geography and History, by Miss Mildred Britton Fairfield, of New York, was instructive and interesting. Miss Fairfield was listened to with marked attention. The lecture was illustrated with many relief maps.

President Pease, of the Reading Circle Board of Managers, reported that of the 24 teachers in the county, outside the cities, 15 were reading the first year's course, 13 the second, three the third, two had graduated in 1888, and eight were not reading. He commended all for their professional zeal and urged the eight to come out and join the majority.

The report of the committee on marking system for the schools of the county was adopted conditionally and the committee continued, with instructions to prepare and have printed necessary rules and blanks.

After a unanimous vote of thanks to Miss Fairfield, the association adjourned to the third Saturday in February next.

The Key-note to Success in Business.

A newspaper advertisement, judiciously drawn up, and if necessary, neatly illustrated, and given to a proper medium, will often suffice to make success.—Price Current.

A man's sign offers a mute invitation to those who pass his place of business; but a circular can only reach those to whom personal attention is given; but his announcement in a newspaper goes into the high ways and by ways finding customers and compelling them to read his advertisement.—American Stationer.

A Thanksgiving Appeal.

For several years past the Plainfield Relief Association has been enabled, through the generosity of its friends, to give Thanksgiving dinners to a number of poor families who would otherwise know little of the good cheer of that day. For this purpose contributions of small turkeys, chickens, vegetables, fruit, flour, etc., are earnestly solicited from all who will aid in the good work this year. Such gifts should be sent to the association rooms, No. 45 West Second street, Tuesday afternoon, November 26th, or early on the following morning. E. R. LEONARD, Secretary.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1, Friday	32	38	32
2, Saturday	32	38	32
3, Sunday	32	38	32
4, Monday	32	38	32
5, Tuesday	32	38	32
6, Wednesday	32	38	32
7, Thursday	32	38	32
8, Friday	32	38	32
9, Saturday	32	38	32
10, Sunday	32	38	32
11, Monday	32	38	32
12, Tuesday	32	38	32
13, Wednesday	32	38	32
14, Thursday	32	38	32
15, Friday	32	38	32
16, Saturday	32	38	32
17, Sunday	32	38	32
18, Monday	32	38	32
19, Tuesday	32	38	32
20, Wednesday	32	38	32
21, Thursday	32	38	32
22, Friday	32	38	32
23, Saturday	32	38	32
24, Sunday	32	38	32
25, Monday	32	38	32
26, Tuesday	32	38	32
27, Wednesday	32	38	32
28, Thursday	32	38	32
29, Friday	32	38	32
30, Saturday	32	38	32

REAPING THE HARVEST

THE GOSPEL TEMPERANCE MEETING AT MUSIC HALL.

What is Being Done by Lecturer Burdick and the Ladies of the W. C. T. U.—This Week's Programme.

The temperance meetings at Music Hall began to bear fruit yesterday afternoon. After an unusually interesting and impressive address, in which Mr. Burdick, it's gospel temperance evangelist, told how he came to sign the pledge, and an invitation was given to everybody in the hall to sign a card which reads as follows:

PLEDGE.

Plainfield, N. J., ... 1889.

I hereby SOLEMNLY PLEDGE MY GOD'S HELP to abstain from all intoxicating liquors, including wine, beer and cider, and to employ proper means to discourage the use of and traffic in the same.

If not for MY OWN, for OTHERS' sake.

"To him that overcometh, God giveth a Crown."

One hundred and forty-two signatures were obtained to the above pledge in the afternoon and at the evening meeting sixty more names were secured. Among the signers were gray-haired men and women, men and women in middle life, and youths of both sexes. Tables were placed in different parts of the hall, and as the people crowded around them Mr. Burdick kept urging everybody to come up and sign.

The afternoon meeting opened with reading of the Scripture and prayer by Mr. Seeley Edsall, after which Mrs. Tomlinson, president of the Plainfield W. C. T. U., made an appeal for financial help and the collection baskets were passed around. After Mr. Burdick's address, and while the pledges were being signed, the choir sang a number of temperance songs and then a selection from the Gospel Hymns. Mr. M. M. Dunham led the singing. Before Mr. Dunham arrived Mr. William Rankin acted as chorister. During the closing exercises Master Joseph Dunham sang a solo, "Have courage, my boy, to say no," the choir joining in the chorus. The hall was comfortably filled. Among the clergymen present were Rev. C. B. Mitchell, Rev. W. B. Richards and Rev. W. E. Honeyman.

The evening meeting was even more largely attended and considerable enthusiasm was manifested. Rev. C. L. Goodrich conducted the devotional exercises and Mr. Dunham led the singing. There were 75 voices in the choir.

On Saturday evening Mrs. Tomlinson made a short address in which she thanked all those who had in any way aided the ladies in making a success of the meetings, particularly the clergymen, the officers and members of other organizations, the leaders of the singing, and those who had contributed toward defraying the expenses of the meetings. It was Mrs. Tomlinson's first appearance after her return from the National Convention at Chicago. Rev. C. B. Mitchell conducted the devotional exercises.

Mr. Burdick's remarks, Saturday evening, were a continuation of his plea for personal effort in the work of winning men to total abstinence and for a pledge. He told some anecdotes that touched the tender cord in the heart at one time and brought a smile to the cheek at another, and all through his talk he retained the attention of the audience by weaving interesting little episodes in the thread of his story.

It was announced yesterday that the Tuesday and Thursday evening meetings will be held in Reform Hall. At four o'clock on Wednesday afternoon there will be a meeting for children, at which Mr. Burdick will talk, in the interest of the W. C. T. U. West Front street. The meeting to-night at Music Hall will be of the same nature as those of last week. Mr. Burdick has, during the past thirteen years, secured 900,000 signatures to the total abstinence pledge; of that number 80,000 were formerly confirmed church members, 3,643 of whom have kept their pledges and are now members of the church.

After the meeting last night one of the ladies of the W. C. T. U. said to a NEWS reporter: "The return of Mrs. Tomlinson has been the signal for a renewed effort on the part of the union toward making the meetings at Music Hall a complete success. Mr. Burdick's lectures have thus far been well attended, all things considered, and the ladies have felt greatly encouraged. They feel confident that their exertions to provide the help that comes through Christ, will be abundantly blessed. Prayer meetings have been and are being held by the members of the union for the purpose of seeking divine help, and before the meetings shall have closed we expect to see some tangible results in the way of a large number of pledges signed and many souls brought into the light. This is the aim of the W. C. T. U."

In an interview with Mr. Burdick this morning regarding the plans for this week the lecturer remarked: "We are laboring under one disadvantage here. Wherever I have lectured it has been the custom of the churches to turn the Sunday evening service into a union temperance mass meeting. Tonight the audience is would have on Plainfield if all the churches would turn over to join with us at Music Hall on Sunday night. The endorsement of the churches in this way would give the meeting the character of a grand religious gathering and the members of different denominations who now feel that they must be present at their own services would have an opportunity to help us. My only hope of keep keeping the pledge who have been shown by drink it is to have them identify themselves with the church. This is why I am so desirous of the churches heartily supporting the work. I wish some action might be taken to give us this support."

A Wonderful Age.

What a wonderful age we live in! Dr. Talmage arrived in Boston Saturday evening, and Rev. Joseph Parker in New York City Sunday morning. A full report of the sermon appeared in the Monday morning papers.—The Warren Republican.

Yes, wonderful indeed! And next Sunday's sermon will be put in type in several cities in the United States several hours before it is actually delivered. Wonderful indeed!

PERSONAL.

Mr. Edward L. Van Voorhees, of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting among Plainfield friends.

Mr. R. R. Cogan, register of Essex county, accompanied by his wife, is a guest at Laing's Hotel.

Mr. William D. Craig is expected to arrive in this city in about three weeks. He is now on his ranch in Texas.

Dr. and Mrs. Tomlinson left the city at one o'clock this morning to attend the funeral of Dr. Tomlinson's aunt at Bridgeton.

Mr. Louis Harbarow, formerly of this city, but now of Staten Island, has spent yesterday with his mother at the old homestead on West Front street.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Casey, of Sixth avenue, New York, spent yesterday at the residence of Mr. P. Casey, at the corner of New and Third streets.

Mr. Howard Beebe, of No. 137 Central avenue, whose illness prevented him from taking part in the week's exercises at the Crescent, is recovering, and will soon be able to go out-door.

Mr. John Geary and his bride held a reception at their home in South Plainfield last Saturday evening. About two hundred invited guests were present and the evening was a most pleasant one. Mr. Geary, a delegate from the Emerald Beneficial Society of this city, of which Mr. Geary is a member, attended in a body.

Lecturer P. A. Burdick will address the congregation at the New Market Seventh-day Baptist church next Saturday morning. The Rev. Mr. Burdick is at present away from home. Mr. Burdick has been invited to lecture at Somerville at the conclusion of his engagement here, but has as yet not decided what to do. He may go to Hunterdon, Long Island, and labor there.

The late James Mullen was buried from St. Mary's church at half-past two o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Rev. Father Smyth officiated. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery. The church was nearly filled with friends of the family who wished to pay their last token of respect for the deceased, who was a man highly esteemed by all who knew him. The pall bearers were Messrs. Daniel and Finton Hibbitts, John Keagan, Michael McCarthy, Michael Callahan and Thaddeus Horan.

Mr. Bull of the Elizabeth Wheelmen spent Friday and Saturday with friends on East Second street. He brought his safety bicycle with him and on it he rode all over Plainfield and vicinity. Compared with the roads he has been used to at Elizabeth he finds our beautiful macadamized thoroughfares a delight to travel on. This was his first visit to Plainfield—he says it will not be the last. That's right! It is always a pleasure for one who comes here to be compelled to do—fall in love with our beautiful city and eventually become a resident.

Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Lowrie celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding at their residence on Park avenue last Saturday evening. Between six and seven hundred invitations were issued, and the wide and one hundred guests were present. The happy bride and groom of a quarter century ago received the congratulations of their friends in their usual affable manner, and a delightful evening was spent. The house was beautifully decorated with cut flowers, evergreens and ferns. The presents were numerous and elegant. Prof. Conde discovered the music and Maynard served the supper. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. John W. Murray, Miss Murray, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Erickson, Miss Erickson, Mr. Jule Erickson, Mrs. O. T. Waring, Mr. Warren Burt, Mr. Chas. Bull, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Timpson, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. French, Miss French, Mr. Elston French, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thompson, Miss Thompson, Miss Jessie Thompson, Miss Isabel Bush, Miss Roberts Bush, Mrs. Dr. Chase and son, Mr. A. C. March and sister, Mr. M. L. Day, Miss Spencer, Miss Potter, Miss Mabel Potter, Miss Anna Titsworth, Mrs. E. Miller, Miss Mary Miller, Mrs. R. C. Mulford and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mulford and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Martin, Dr. W. H. Murray, Miss Morgan, Miss B. Morgan, Mr. F. Newman, Mr. R. H. Radford, Mr. and Mrs. John Runyon, Miss Annie Boice, Mr. C. P. Rogers, Dr. J. J. Allis, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Read, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Terbune, of Orange; Mr. Geo. Hosey, of Albany; Miss Edith Harold, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Jackson, Dr. and Mrs. Jenkins, Mr. D. Lonze, Miss Grace Lewis, Mrs. Lowrie, Miss Lowrie, Miss Ross Lowrie, Maude Lowrie, Harry Lowrie, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Miller, Miss Miller, Miss Carrie Miller, Mr. F. L. C. Martin, Miss Martin, The Misses Burton, Miss H. P. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bayson; Mr. Chas. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Stevens, and Miss Stevens; Rev. and Mrs. S. W. Burr, Mr. Wm. Burr, Mr. Fred Burr, Miss Burr, Mrs. John Clapp, Dr. T. S. Davis and wife, Miss Dewey, The Misses Embury, Mr. H. Emerson, Miss Emerson, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Poole, Mrs. Dr. Franklin; Rev. C. C. Fiske, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Stetson, Mr. H. Robeson; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Fisher, Mr. Schurles and Miss Schurles, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sandford, Mr. L. B. Goodrich, Mr. James Halleck, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hubbard, Mr. W. C. Hubbard, Mr. Frank Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. R. St. John; Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Mitchell, Mr. Pitcher, Schuyler, and Miss Rose Schuyler, of New York; Mr. Walter Smith and Miss Jessie Smith, of Brooklyn; Mr. J. A. Sengston, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Taylor, Rev. J. F. Taylor and wife, Mr. Geo. Taylor, Jr., Miss Taylor, Miss Thompson, the Misses Vanderbeek, Miss Van Reed, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Runyon, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Runyon, Jr., and Mrs. Frank Wood. Miss Whitfield, and many others.

Shifting the Tracks.

There were many people at the Union depot Saturday morning to witness the work of shifting the passenger tracks made necessary by the Pennsylvania railroad to track No. 3, to complete the straightening of the curve above the North Broad street crossing. The shift at the east end was accomplished in eighteen minutes, and that at the west end in sixteen minutes. The change of tracks, which took some weeks ago, was accomplished in thirteen minutes.—Elizabeth Journal.

THAT "MUZZLED" BOY.

FARMER W. C. JOHNSON DENIES THE WHOLE STORY.

The Iron Mantle Turns Out to be the Simple Expedient of a Cleanly Farm Hand.—He is Alive and Well.

The story about Farmer Johnson and the "muzzle" worn by his colored boy has been printed in nearly every paper in this vicinity, but that first found its home in The Newark Journal and the report in Saturday's edition of this paper was taken from The New York Tribune. Farmer Johnson, who now turns out to be Mr. W. C. Johnson, a well-known resident of New Providence, in Union county, was in Plainfield on business to-day, and Mr. W. C. Butler, whose office is on the corner of East Front and Somerset streets, brought him over to the NEWS office to give his version of the story. Mr. Johnson is a depositor at the First National Bank and does nearly all his trading in Plainfield. He is no boss-looking, land-hearted young man, and every one who knows him will vouch for his integrity. Mr. Johnson said:

"The story about my colored boy is false from beginning to end. It originated in the brain of a mischievous neighbor of mine, who has magnified a very simple matter into a tremendous mountain. The colored boy referred to in the papers is a mulatto named Clyde Edgar. He is twenty-one years old, and instead of being dead and buried as the papers have said, we are well and so happy as any one could to when I left him this morning. He is the cleanest farm hand I ever had, does his work well, and as a prize in more ways than one My neighbors only wish they had such a hand. Clyde is troubled with catarrh, and while he milks the cows he has been a "mask" as he calls it, made of cloth, over his mouth and nose, to prevent any unpleasant discharge from dropping into the milk-pail. He first put it on of his own accord. No person could be more to his habits than Clyde is. I can readily understand how the story got into circulation and I shall have something to say later on about it. But I wish you would say in THE NEWS to-day, please, that there is no truth in the statements that have been published in other papers about this matter."

Elizabeth Notes.

The remains of the man who was killed by a Pennsylvania railroad train at Elizabeth on Thursday night have been identified as those of George Wedegal, who lived at the corner of Marshall and Fifth streets in this city.

Two attempts were evidently made on Friday last to set the Central railroad ice house at Elizabeth on fire. Christian Otto extinguished the first blaze and William Dackerman, William Van Houton and Expressman Norris put out the second fire.

James Packingham, the Elizabeth car-driver who probably saved the lives of several passengers not long ago, by forcing his car against the gate, when he found his car beneath the gates at a grade crossing on the Central railroad, was not so fortunate the second time. A train on the Long Branch division ran him down, demolished his car and threw him high in the air. He fell on the pavement, sustaining serious wounds on the head, and was rendered unconscious by the shock. There were no passengers in the car. The gate-keeper had neglected to lower the gates in time to prevent the car-driver from attempting to cross the tracks.

Diphtheria Instead of Scarlet Fever.

During church service yesterday a Plainfield clergyman referred to a rumor that there were a number of cases of scarlet fever on a block near one of the public schools. A News reporter saw Health Inspector Dunham this morning and was informed by that official that no case of scarlet fever had been reported to him this month. He did not think there were any cases within the city limits. A number of cases of diphtheria, however, had been reported. Dr. Probasco this morning gave notice of five such cases in the family of *Mr. Isaac Giles, who lives on East Sixth street near* Washington. Mr. Dunham immediately visited the house and every precaution will be taken to prevent the disease from spreading. Scarlet fever is raging in Bergenfield, Hunterdon county, to such an extent that it was found necessary to close the public schools at that place. Plainfield was never so free from contagious diseases as at present, and as soon as a case is heard of it is isolated at once.

Mr. Titsworth's Misfortune.

Mr. David E. Titsworth, of this city, a son-in-law of Mr. Charles Potter, Jr., went to Berlin, N. Y., on Wednesday last to attend the funeral of his sister's child, which occurred on Thursday. On Saturday morning he attended divine service at the Seventh-day Baptist church in that place. After church he started to walk home, but accepted an invitation to ride in an open wagon that overtook him on the road. As the seats were occupied, Mr. Titsworth stood up in the end of the wagon. The horse gave a sudden lurch and threw Mr. Titsworth out upon the ground. He tried to save himself, but fell heavily upon his side and suffered a compound fracture of the left leg. The bone protruded through the flesh. A local physician set the injured limb and Mr. Titsworth was brought home, arriving here on the 8:18 train yesterday morning. Drs. Tomlinson, Murray and Allis reset the limb and, although the fracture is a serious one, the patient is now doing well.

The Memorial Monument.

The Soldiers' Memorial Monument committee held a meeting in the rooms of Winfield Scott Post on Saturday evening. It was expected that the committee appointed to select a site for the proposed monument would report, but they have not as yet been able to decide on any good location. They asked that their time be extended two weeks longer. In the meantime they will procure several drawings and designs of proposed monuments. The request was granted and the meeting adjourned.

Length of Streets and Avenues.

The following table of distances was compiled by Mr. F. A. Dunham, civil engineer, exclusively for THE NEWS. Mr. Dunham is the engineer in charge of the work of macadamizing the Union county roads.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

	Feet.		Feet.
Arlington ave.	2200	Milton pl.	600
Albert st.	1700	Midway	3000
Berckman st.	4600	Madison ave.	5050
Berckman ave.	2400	Monroe ave.	2775
Berkley ave.	3600	Netherwood ave.	3700
Belvidere ave.	4900	Ninth st.	4900
Central ave.	5700	North ave.	7260
Carlton ave.	1630	North ave. W.	3100
Cleveland ave.	1050	North ave. E.	675
Clinton st.	2600	Oakland pl.	1275
Cottage pl.	1200	New st.	3000
Church st.	1210	Orchard pl.	400
Central ave.	7325	Park ave.	1950
Compton ave.	750	Park ave.	9025
Chestnut st.	6300	Peace st.	900
Chalmers ro.	1900	Plainfield ave.	6575
Dunellen ave.	6050	Putnam st.	3050
Division ave.	2400	Prospect ave.	2000
Division st.	1800	Park ter.	650
Denman's ro.	750	Park lane	500
Eighth st.	7900	Penbrook ro.	3050
Elm pl.	900	Raymond ave.	1550
Elm st.	2400	Richmond st.	3150
Evans ave.	1870	Richmond ave.	2000
Elizabeth st.	1900	Rose st.	4950
Farragut ro.	1400	Rockview ave.	1480
Franklin place.	1200	Rock ave	2670
Front st.	14550	Ravine road	850
Front st., Dun.	1900	Railway ave.	1700
First st.	300	Sniger ave.	975
Fourth st.	11,250	South ave, east.	7400
Fifth st.	7300	South ave, west.	7450
Field ave	2500	Second st.	10925
Grove st.	825	S. Second st.	2175
Gerard ave.	450	Fourth st.	900
Grant ave.	5000	Sixth st.	8000
Hill	2300	Seventh st.	9100
Hillside ave.	5400	Sherman ave.	3900
Highland ave.	2120	Somerset st.	375
Irving st.	1000	Stanley ave.	400
Johnston ave.	2900	Spooner ave.	3410
John st.	970	Stillman ave.	1500
Jeffrey ave.	1000	Terrill ro.	2850
Kensington ave.	2225	Tenth st.	13.2
Leland ave.	8800	Third st.	1400
Liberty st.	1650	Union ave.	9250
Lee pl.	1950	Washington st.	1973
LaGrange ave.	9250	Washington ave	9250
Lexington pl.	350	Woodland ave.	1100
Lake st.	650		
Lane ave.	1980		
Total			368,325 feet or 69.06 miles

BOROUGH OF NORTH PLAINFIELD.

	Feet.		Feet.
Belmont ave	2180	Grandview ave.	1610
Brook ave.	3300	Green brook ro.	8000
Blanchard st.	1450	Granney st.	570
Craig pl.	330	Hudson st.	600
Cedar ave.	700	Howard st.	840
Clement ave.	1050	Hickman ave.	2250
Chestnut st.	1170	Jefferson ave.	1200
Cedar ave.	9410	Jackson ave.	1550
Clinton ave.	1100	Lincoln ave.	1500
Columbia ave.	600	Linden ave.	1800
Duer st.	3520	Lincoln ave.	1500
Dudley ave.	2520	Madison ave.	1800
Emily st.	930	Manning ave.	2670
Farragut ro.	3000	Mercer ave.	2100
Franklin ave.	2170	Madison ave.	3230
Grand st.	1000	Maple ave.	1170
Grove st.	1050	Magnolia ave.	900
Grove ave.	1415	Somerset st.	5850
Maple ave.	600	Steiner pl.	500
Mountain ave.	3150	Sherman ave.	2100
Netherwood ave.	1200	Somerset pl.	420
Orchard ave.	950	Sycamore ave.	1500
Pearl st.	1410	Terrill ro.	1500
Park pl.	1820	Westerveldt ave.	2250
Prospect ave.	2220	Washington ave	1800
Raymond ave.	1200	Warren ave.	2250
Raymond ave.	270	West End ave.	5850
Richmond st.	2040	Willow ave.	4200
Rock ave.	1650	Walnut st.	1170
Rockview ave.	6510	Washington ave	2070
Sagent st.	1000		
Rock ave.	4000		
Total			134,888 feet or 25.55 miles

Average width of streets ..... 55 feet
Plainfield mileage 69.06
North Plainfield mileage 25.55

Total ..... 89.73 miles

The Carleton Opera Co.

Mr. W. T. Carleton and his operatic forces, which include such bright singers as Miss Alice Carle, who is a great favorite; Miss Clara Lipman, another bright soubrette, who not alone can sing well, but is also a charming actress; Mr. J. K. Murray, the well-known baritone, and many others too numerous to mention, appear next Thursday evening at Music Hall in the latest New York operatic success, "Nell Gwynne," which will be played in a most gorgeous style in regard to costumes and scenery. The chorus contains fifty fresh voices, and the ladies are said to be possessed of unusual beauty. The sale of seats commenced to-day.

—An authority says: Put a wine glass full of strong borax water in a pint of raw starch, and you can do up collars and cuffs as stiff and glossy as any "heathen Chinee."

Cent-a-Word Column.

A CAPABLE GIRL wanted as cook and assist with laundry work. Apply 310 Park avenue.

A GIRL wanted for general housework. Also chamber maid and waitress. Call at 8 First place. 15 3

GIRL wants place as chambermaid and waitress. No. 310 ½ Third street. 16-1*

SQUARE place to let. Terms, $5 per month. 65 Grandview avenue.

TO LET—House, four rooms. 31 Webster place. 10-25-tf

WANTED—A Protestant girl as nurse. Reference required. Apply to 196 Park avenue.

WANTED—Situation at general house work by a protestant girl. Call at 126 West Front street. 16-2

WANTED—A competent laundress and chambermaid. Good reference required. Apply to Mrs. H. G. Hamble, 61 West Eighth street. 15-3*

WANTED—People to drink the Terre H. For sale by Barbaker & Dunn, grocers, North avenue. 11-1-tf

MUSIC HALL. M. R. A.

Thursday, Nov. 21st.

The Musical Event of the Season.

A COMPANY OF SIXTY ARTISTS.

THE CARLETON OPERA COMPANY,

In the great New York Success, Offenbach's Sparkling Opera,

The Brigands!

Entirely New Scenery! Gorgeous Costumes. A Most Perfect Opera! Prices 25, 35, 50, 75, 85 cents. Reserved Seats, $1. Secured in Advance.

The Sale of Seats begins Monday, at Miller's and Randolph's Drug Stores.

DO YOU KNOW!

What the Special Inducements are that are Now Being Offered in

DRESS GOODS

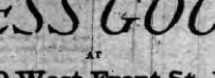
AT

Edsall's 20 West Front St. Edsall's.

The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of dress goods dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

THAT COLD WAVE

OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVENT A PAIR OF THE ALL WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.



SLIPPERS, MADE OF

DOANE & Van ARSDALE'S

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET

Special Notices.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having disposed of my coal business to Loomis & Rice I desire to recommend them to my customers. CHAS B. GUNION. 14-3

DANCING AND ESTHETICS.

Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms, etc., send for a catalogue. Address: 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In chancery of New Jersey.—Between Sarah Ellison, complainant, and Nicholas C. Pinkos, et al., defendants. Fi fa. for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1889,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the township of Plainfield, in the county of Union, and state of New Jersey.

Beginning at a point in the southeast side of Union street, being two chains and twenty-five links from the corner of said Union street and the road leading to Jerusalem road; thence running (1) south forty-four and one-half degrees east one hundred and sixty-six feet to the west corner of Matthew Marie's property; thence (2) along the southwest side of said Union street, thence along the south-east side of said road to the corner thereof; thence (3) one chain thirteen and three-quarter links or seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred and sixty-six and two-tenths square feet of land, or one-third of an acre, be the same more or less, being lot No. five on a map made by J. S. Dunn.

Dated, October 28th, 1889. P. GILBERT, Sheriff.

JAS. P. NORTHROP, Sol. Fees—$6.00. 14-5

FOR

Muhlenberg Hospital

LECTURE BY

GEORGE KENNAN,

The Siberian Traveler. Subject:

AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday, Nov. 19th,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best place to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.

JAMES HARDY, Prop.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

28 NORTH AVENUE

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 63 East Front street, corner of Sycamore avenue, built and formerly occupied by Henry G. Latimer, is now for sale. Apply to W. H. Runyon, No. 1 East Front street. mh18-tf-No2

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeals in the matter of appeals for the reduction of assessments in the City of Plainfield, will meet at the Common Council Room on the Second Floor of the City Hall, in said City, on the 20th, 21st and 22nd days of November, 1889, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. on each of said days, for the purpose of hearing all such appeals as may be presented to them.

ULRICH VERMEULE,
BENJAMIN MATHEWS,
J. F. MACDONALD,
Commissioners.

2 Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 13, 1889.

DON'T you want a stove good and cheap? We have them from $5 to $25 for heating. Cooking Stoves from $9 to $25. Lamps the latest and best styles. Hanging Lamps $1 00 to $12. Hardware Cheap.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 42 West Front Street.

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOA in the city by long odds.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and BUSSIAN.

Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Shave Soap, Medical Soap from 10c to $1. P. cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

FOR THE

Choicest of Butter

at the most moderate cash prices, call at the

Park Ave. Market

PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-12-tf

SATURDAY,

Oct. 16th,

All This Week.

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 6:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NOS. 21 AND 23 SOMERSET STREET,
BY W. HORSMAN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THIS CITY AT THE RATE OF A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The Drink Question.

A weird and terrible contribution to the literature of the drink question is contained in the last Contemporary Review (British). It is written by James Runciman, who tells us that those who know him might point to him, and, as he guesses, say: "There is a man who has been in hell." For it would be literally true.

Runciman has no words severe enough to characterize the society which licenses the manufacturer of alcohol, knights the great brewers, constitutes the maker of whisky a pillar of church and state, and spurns with its foot the drunkard off whom he has made his gains. Neither has Runciman a particle of faith in prohibitory laws. He says:

> I do not believe that you will ever stop one man from drinking by means of Parliament. If you make every tavern over twenty-square miles, but you will not thereby prevent a fellow who has the idea of a drink from leaving home to get it somewhere else. As for stopping a woman by such utterly medieval means as the shutting of public houses, the idea is ridiculous to anybody who knows the foxy cunning, the fine determination of a female soaker.

One might close every drink selling place in Britain, and yet those folks that had a mind would get drink when they wanted it. You may pry bolts and bars; you may stop the working of beer engines and taps; but all will be futile, for I repeat that only by asserting power over hearts, minds, imaginations, can you make any sort of definite resistance to the awe striking plague that ravens over the world.

Looking at brutal life, catching the rotting smell in the very fact, have made me feel the most earnest love for some means of escape; but because I know now that you must conquer the evil of strife by a straight appeal to one individual after another, and not by any general shouting, Jargon. Don Father Matthew would be worth ten parliaments, even if the parliaments were all resting on crystal and agates with diamond pedestals.

In a fit of savage despair, Runciman [illegible] thinking he could emerge at will. He could not, and was only saved as by fire.

As factors in the ruin of boys, he puts among the first the low concert halls, that ply youths at once with fierce drinks and indecent jokes and songs, till they stagger out, to fall into the clutches of some creature, "half girl, half tigress cat, who will bring them up in good time." Of the concert halls Runciman says: "I think I should shoot a boy of mine if I saw him enjoying such foul entertainment."

The only remedy is to arouse the noble emotions. Catch the children before they have become fatally tainted and take them out of the possibility of such a life. Let the old soakers die off, doing our best to see that the young do not follow in their footsteps. The writer ends his appeal thus:

> Out of the depths I have called for aid and received it, and now I ask aid for others, and I shall not be denied.

A Dying Industry.

A good illustration of how the world's industries change is given in the whale fisheries trade. *It is an industry now almost extinct.* One reason is that petroleum and cotton seed oil will answer the same purpose as whale oil in so many places, and are so much cheaper and more easily obtainable that they are largely used instead of that. This has cheapened the price of whale oil so that there is no longer profit in fishing for whales for oil.

The whale of the polar regions, however, is still hunted for in both the Arctic and Antarctic oceans for its whalebone. This species of cetacean is called the right whale, and it is to secure it that hardy, brave men take their lives in their hands and remain in polar seas three to seven years.

Twenty-five years ago there were nearly 700 American whaling vessels on the seas constantly. Now there are almost none at all. There used to be great numbers of whales along the Atlantic coast as far south as Wilmington, Del. Now one is rarely seen along the shore of the States. Cotton seed oil and petroleum were discovered none too soon, perhaps, or the whale would have shortly become extinct.

Traveling Royalties.

It has been suggested that, now since the little emperor of Germany is on his travels, he might with profit extend them to the United States. Undoubtedly the little emperor of Germany would see the *United States* sunk into Symmes' hole before he would do it. There never has been a king, emperor, czar or shah from the Old World on a visit to our republic. Louis Philippe would have a little while when he was an exile, but never when he was a monarch.

Royalty has no love for republics. Dom Pedro, the democratic sovereign of Brazil, visited us once, but no ruler *from Europe has ventured foot on our* shores. In the nature of things they could not love us much. We are a standing menace to their trade.

Don't go to the Yukon gold mines of Alaska in a hurry. If you do, chances are you will not have money enough *from your gold digging to bring you* home. The winter freezes the gold up so miners cannot get at it, the spring floods wash it away, and there is not much of it anyway.

When Vanderbilt bought Maud S., $38,000 was a price for a horse that took the breath away. But we are far beyond that now. The present high-water mark is $105,000, which was paid for the 3-year-old trotting horse Axtell.

DOM PEDRO'S DOWNFALL

A Republic Has Been Established in Brazil.

THE EMPEROR SAILS FOR LISBON.

He Was Courteously Treated—Gen. da Fonseca Has Been Declared President and a New Cabinet Formed—Quiet Reigns, But Business Is at a Standstill.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 18.—Dom Pedro's kingdom in Brazil has been overthrown and a republic has been proclaimed. Gen. da Fonseca, former commander of the province of Mato Grosso, who was recently published for insubordination, headed the political eruption and has been proclaimed president of the new republic. The following cabinet has been formed:

President—Dodora da Fonseca.
Minister of Interior—Aristides Lobo.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—Equinin Bocayuva.
Minister of Finance—Dr. Barbosa.
Minister of Justice—Campos Salles.
Minister of War—Benjamin Constant.
Minister of Marine—Admiral Vanderkolk.
Minister of Agriculture—Domitrio Ribeiro.

Bocayuva and Constant are both journalists and Barbosa was a member of the chamber of deputies.

The Emperor Sails for Lisbon.

The emperor has sailed for Lisbon. He was notified by the provisional government of his deposition, and informed that his civil list would be continued. He was treated with the utmost courtesy.

But Little Opposition.

Bahia opposes the new regime, but most of the other provinces recognize the republic. Dr. Barbosa, the minister of finance, announces that all contracts made by the late imperial government will be maintained by the *new government. The city* is tranquil, but business is at a standstill. The chamber of deputies has dissolved, and the council of state has been abolished. The new government has issued a manifesto announcing that the monarchy has been abolished.

Not a Life Lost.

The overthrow of the empire has been accomplished without the sacrifice of a single life. The new provisional government is proceeding with its work as methodically and peacefully as though it had been in existence for years instead of hours. The report that Baroli Isidaris was killed was erroneous. He was seriously injured, however.

Dom Pedro's Terms.

Dom Pedro submitted to the terms imposed on him by the new government, and agreed to leave the country within twenty-four hours after he received the notice at his residence. The provisional government offered $2,500,000 in cash and provision for the rest of his life in the form of an annual pension of $200,000, which is to be provided for in the civil list of the new republic. He promptly accepted the offer.

Into Perpetual Exile.

The imperial family at 3 o'clock Sunday morning boarded the Brazilian gunboat Parnahyba, which was lying in the imperial fag in the harbor. The Parnahyba transformed the imperial party to the Alagoas, which steamed out of the harbor Sunday forenoon, convoyed by the cruiser Riachuelo and the gunboat Parnahyba, bound for Lisbon. Dom Pedro and his family go into perpetual exile, their absence from the country being a guarantee of the leaders of the republic as essential to the peace and welfare of the new government.

The New Flag.

The new flag of the United States of Brazil, which takes the place of the imperial emblem with its crown and coffee leaf, is composed of green and gold stripes, with a blue field, on which are emblazoned nineteen stars. Sunday it was hoisted everywhere and recognized in every province, with the exception of Bahia.

Representative Brazilians.

The leading members of the provisional government are representative Brazilians, known for their patriotism and integrity. Fonseca, the president, is recognized as a brave soldier and an honest citizen. Barbosa, the minister of finance, is able and honest, though poor. Bocayuva, minister of foreign affairs, is an ardent Republican and a popular leader.

One of the Causes.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Daily News' special from Paris says: The Republican council at *Rio de Janeiro* some time ago ordered a number of Republican flags made in this city. The banners were the same as the former Brazilian flag, except that the imperial crown was replaced by the Phrygian cap. It is learned that one of the causes leading to the revolution was the severity of the measures resorted to by the government to secure victory in the last elections. Many people being arrested and imprisoned on trifling pretexts.

The Brazilian legation in London is still without official information concerning the situation in Rio de Janeiro.

Portuguese Royalty Trembling.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 18.—The Lisbon correspondent of The Independance Belge telegraphs that in Portuguese official circles the overthrow of the empire in Brazil is regarded as fatal. The royal family of Portugal issued a special sympathy with the deposed imperial of Brazil, not alone on account of family connections, but because similar events are not regarded as impossible in Portugal.

All Was Quiet Oct. 27.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The steamer Plate has just arrived from Rio de Janeiro. Her captain was surprised to learn of the revolution in Brazil, and states that when he sailed, Oct. 27, there was no sign of any disturbance in the politics of the country.

The Brazilian Diplomats Still Hope.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Not a word of news reached the secretary of state or the Brazilian minister Sunday from Rio de Janeiro about the revolution there. At the Brazilian legation here it is believed that the *revolutionists are in possession of the capital* and everything of us there, including the telegraph. Consequently, only revolutionist news is expected from Rio, but the monarchists are expected to be heard from in a few days by way of Pernambuco or Para. The Brazilian diplomats here expect that the province will stand by the emperor, and that the revolutionists will not be strong enough to retain their title.

Secretary Blaine said last evening that he had received only one dispatch from Rio and that that simply confirmed the press dispatches. It is stated, in substance, that the army and navy were on the side of the insurgents; that the national government had fled once formed, and that the emperor was a prisoner in his palace.

INTERNAL REVENUE REPORT.

Receipts from the Sale of Liquors, Cigars, Etc., for One Year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The annual report of Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mason, covering the operations of the bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1889, has just been made public. The report shows that the internal revenues receipts from all sources during the year were $130,964,434, or $6,384,434 more than the preceding year. The annual report from the bureau, and it is estimated that the receipts during the current fiscal year will reach $135,000,000. The revenues from spirits during the year aggregated $74,312,396, an increase of $5,008,625 over the preceding year; from fermented liquors $23,281,825, or $280,016 more than during the preceding year; from tobacco in its various forms, $31,998,980, an increase of $1,234,448 over the preceding year; from oleomargarine $817,347, against $681,179 during the preceding year; and from miscellaneous sources $97,364, or $73,332 less than during the preceding year.

The percentage of the cost of collecting this revenue is as transferred to that 3 5-8 per cent., which is exactly the same as the percentage of cost for the preceding fiscal year. The report embraces the following statistics relating to the production of spirits throughout the country: The whole number of grain distilleries registered during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, of which number 1,397 were operated; the number registered and in use at the end of the year was 1,396; the number of registered and of 1,393 in the number operated. The larger increase in the number registered and in the number operated, occurred in the class of distilleries having the smaller capacities for the production of spirits, there having been added to the list of the number of distilleries of this class registered and of 178 in the number operated.

In the class of larger distilleries there was a decrease in the number registered, but there was an increase in the number operated. There were 3,128 fruit distilleries registered, and 3,072 of the number operated, and 463 of the number registered, and 455 in the number operated during the fiscal year.

The total number of grain, molasses and fruit distilleries registered and operated during the year was 4,525 and 4,465. Twenty million nine hundred and ninety thousand nine hundred and twenty-four bushels of grain were used in the production of spirits during the year, a decrease of 2,488,412 bushels over the amount used in the preceding year, and 235,300 bushels less than the average for the last ten years. Eighty-seven million eight hundred and eighty-seven thousand four hundred and fifty-six gallons of spirits were produced from grain during the year, an increase of 19,449,306 gallons over the production of the preceding year, and 4,161,190 gallons more than the average production for the last ten years.

The following figures show the stock on hand, production and movements of distilled spirits during the year: Actually in warehouses and beginning of fiscal year, 81,033,018 gallons; produced during fiscal year, 89,935,510 gallons; total, 170,391,528 gallons. Withdrawn tax paid during fiscal year, 875,991,300 gallons; withdrawn free of tax, 2,500,225 gallons; withdrawn for scientific purposes, destroyed by fire, loss by leakage, etc., 3,387,000 gallons; total, 81,873,458 gallons. Remaining in warehouses at the end of the fiscal year, 68,518,070 gallons.

The commissioner estimates the quantity of distilled spirits in the United states, except what may have been in transit, in bonded warehouses on Oct. 1, this year, at 102,650,982 gallons, this quantity being distributed as follows: In state and district bonded warehouses, 82,074,390 gallons; in bonded wholesale liquor dealers, 15,255,782 gallons; in hands of retail liquor dealers, 24,793,900 gallons.

During the year 466 illicit stills were seized and 236 persons connected with them were arrested.

The report furnishes the following statistics relating to the production of tobacco, snuff, cigars and cigarettes during the year: Total production of tobacco and snuff for the year, 235,147,579 pounds, an increase of 12,282,450 pounds over the preceding fiscal year; production of cigars and cheroots, 3,899,084,965; of cigarettes, 2,398,195,110, or a large product of cigars, cheroots and cigarettes manufactured, 6,297,280,075 number, against 5,389,655,175 during the preceding fiscal year. A statement is included in the commissioner's report showing the number of cigars and cigarettes manufactured in the different states during the calendar year of 1888, from which it appears that New York leads the list in the production of cigars, manufacturing state, having produced 1,168,404,661 cigars and 905,998,790 cigarettes. Pennsylvania comes second as a cigar manufacturing state, having produced 944,711,626 cigars, only 19,100 cigarettes. Ohio stands third in cigar manufactures, having produced 394,871,150. North Carolina leads in cigarette manufacture, having produced 563,842,000. Virginia is fourth with 530,842,000, and Maryland fifth with 143,947,180.

The commissioner recommends legislation which will remove the opportunity for evading the law taxing fractional parts of a gallon of distilled spirits.

For Prison Reform.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 18.—At the First Presbyterian church Rev. O. P. Fitzgerald delivered an eloquent sermon on the subject of prison reform, advancing the claims of Christianity and the Bible to a prominent place in the solution of the question. A large audience was present, including all members of the convention. In the evening short talks on the religious aspects of the movement were delivered by the following delegates: Dr. F. H. Rowley, of Indiana; Dr. H. H. Hart, of Florida, secretary; Col. Gardiner Tufts, superintendent Massachusetts Reformatory school, Boston; Gen. Rouiff Brinkerhoff, president Ohio Board of State Charities, Columbus, O.; George H. Hicks, chapain Michigan State prison, Jackson, and Lewis K. Zinkand, general agent of the Maryland Prisoners' Aid Society of Baltimore.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 18.—Journal's Point (Neb.) special says: A shooting affray occurred at this place early Sunday morning. Maurice Fearman, a night watchman, was attempting to make an arrest in a saloon when Jerry Sullivan, the proprietor, Fearman ordered him to keep away. He did not heed the warning and the officer shot him. The bullet entered Schwenk's temple, killing him instantly. Fearman was seriously wounded by stray shots from the watchman's revolver. Fearman was arrested.

The Corner Stone Laid.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—Seventy thousand people were present Sunday at the laying of the corner stone of the new St. Thomas Aquinas Roman Catholic church, at Eighteenth and Master streets. The ceremonies were conducted by Archbishop Ryan, the papal legate to the American Catholic congress.

Smuggled Goods Seized.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., Nov. 18.—The customs officers here have made a large haul of old and valuable jewelry smuggled over from Buffalo. Two boats were also seized and brought here for disposal.

THE CRUISERS ARE OFF

The Squadron of Evolution Commences Its Tour.

FOUR COMMERCE DESTROYERS.

They Will Sail from Port to Port Abroad and Show the Foreign Powers What Uncle Sam Has to Fight With on the Sea.

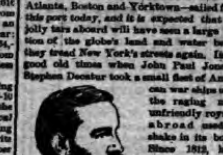
NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The so called evolution squadron—the new cruisers Chicago, Atlanta, Boston and Yorktown—sailed from this port today, and it is expected that the jolly tars aboard will have seen a large portion of the globe's broad surface before they tread New York's streets again. In the good old times when John Paul Jones or Stephen Decatur took a small fleet of Amer-

ADMIRAL J. G. WALKER.

ican war ships upon the raging main unfriendly royalty knew that it was to shake its its boots. Since 1812, however, very little has been heard of the Stars and Stripes except on board fighting ships. The Day of Algiers found out when Decatur came near knocking his palace around his ears that his estimable friend, Uncle Sam, "a nation of peddlers who don't know anything about war," was slightly mistaken.

The Old and the New.

Since those days, however, the red, white and blue has been carried abroad by tubby and unwieldy old hulks like the abandoned Powhatan or the wooden corvette Hartford, prize, now at Cows Uncle Sam recently finished a fine fleet of commerce destroyers, and he is anxious to show them off to his



THE CHICAGO.

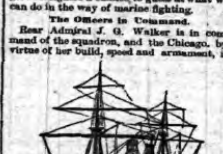
neighbors on the other side of the pond. For that reason the Chicago, the Atlanta, the Boston and the Yorktown have left on their long cruise. The ships are not of the line-of-battle order, but their style and equipment, as commerce destroyers, will give foreigners a chance to guess at what we can do in the way of marine fighting.

The Officers in Command.

Rear Admiral J. G. Walker is in command of the squadron, and the Chicago, by virtue of her build, speed and armament, is

THE BOSTON.

flagship of the fleet. Her armament comprises fourteen rifled guns of from six to eight inch power. She has on a new coat of white paint, as have also her consorts, to lend her grim shirt of iron and steel an general appearance. The squadron carries altogether thirty-six guns of like fashion and caliber, ninety officers and about 1,300 men. The Chicago's complement is 300. The Yorktown, just put in commission, is the fastest sailor, being able to make 17 or 18 knots an hour; the average speed of the Chicago is 15 5-10 knots, but on a pinch she can go 16, though 14 is what was originally

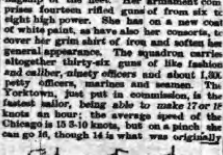


YORKTOWN.

expected from her. The officers commanding the ships of the squadron are: Capt. H. B. Robeson, the Chicago; Capt. James O'Kane, the Boston; Capt. F. E. Chadwick, the Yorktown, and Capt. J. E. Howell, the Atlanta.

Plan of the Cruise.

About noon today the squadron set sail for Boston. The United States steamer Dolphin, bearing the secretary of the navy, Benjamin F. Tracy, and many of his guests escorted them down the bay. The will lie at Boston until the end of this month. For three days they will be open for inspection by all who may wish to see what fighting ships are like. The Bostonians will so-



THE ATLANTA.

tertain the officers and sailors in a royal fashion aboard the vessels. On or before Dec. 1 the squadron will sail for Lisbon, probably stopping at Funchal, Madeira, on the way over. Here they will be joined by the old wooden corvette Enterprise, Commander Bowman H. McCalla, now at Cowes, Isle of Wight, on the European station. From here the squadron will cruise in the Mediterranean, and thence to the Azores. After staying a week or so at these islands they will return to the Mediterranean, and touch at Gibraltar, Malta, Candia and Smyrna, as far as Alexandria, Egypt, where they will receive further orders from the government.

FOR HIGH LICENSE.

Eminent Catholics Pass Strong Resolutions Against Saloons.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 18.—An immense mass meeting under the auspices of the Catholics was held at the Academy of Music last night, with the purpose of advancing the high license movement. The meeting was presided over by Cardinal Gibbons, and upon the stage were Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul; Bishop Spalding, of Peoria; the Vicar of England; Mgr. McColgan and a large number of priests. In opening the meeting Cardinal Gibbons said: "I appear before you tonight not as a politician, but as a fellow citizen, anxious for the welfare of my native city. Whatever contributes to the moral growth of Baltimore and the happiness of its people will always have my most hearty approval, and I believe the cause we are here to advocate will enhance our welfare. It will be a means of bettering the condition of the poorer people and laboring classes. The movement we are striving for is for the laboring man, and it must and shall be successful."

Speeches were made by Rev. James Nugent, of England; Rev. Dr. Cleary, of Wisconsin; Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, and Bishop Keane.

The following resolutions were adopted: "The Catholic clergy and laity of Baltimore, recognizing the gigantic evils of intemperance, the injurious interests and well being of the state and society, are ready to adopt for a means which will diminish the evil and pave the way to a complete moral reformation. We believe we see this remedy in high license.

"If they have been backward in uniting in the efforts of many of their distinguished fellow citizens for holy cause it was not from ignorance of the great evils, but from a of heartfelt interest to invert it, but solely from their inability to compromise the sacred principles of truth and justice by accepting certain positions which would sometimes found to be the concomitants of such movements under non-Catholic auspices.

"It is believed that high license is the only feasible and hopeful method of diminishing the doings of vices and crimes of which drunkenness is the fruitful source. The number of saloons is just so high as to make it practically prohibitory to workingmen. A multitude of low saloons. Certain restrictions should be enacted as to the time and place of sale. The number of saloons in any one radius should be limited by statute, and should not be allowed near churches and schools. License should be given only to persons of trial character."

The Lost Bridegroom Found.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 18.—George W. Requa, the missing bridegroom from Tenafly, N. J., spent the day in walking around the various points of interest. He says he was married to a girl from Glen Falls, N. Y. His father has arrived. The meeting of father and son was very affecting, but had the effect of fully bringing the young man to his senses. He seems to fully realize his situation. He has evidently been out of his head, for he has no idea when he left home nor when or how he came to Niagara Falls. He has expressed himself as greatly pleased with the quiet comfort. Requa son and had received at the hotel. Mr. Requa has returned to New York, taking his son with him.

A Close Call for the Passengers.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 18.—The limited mail train No. 15, from the east on the Pennsylvania railroad, due in Pittsburg at 8:30 p. m., was wrecked at Bessemer, ten miles east of here, at 8 o'clock. Engineer A. H. Butler, of Altoona, and Fireman Wilson Wade badly cut, but will recover. John Good, the baggageman, is injured internally, and not expected to live. The wreck was caused by a landslide which threw the engine on its side into a ditch. The first baggage car was thrown on top of the locomotive. The train was running slowly at the time. Had the engine fallen on the right instead of the left side, the entire train with its load of passengers would have been hurled down an embankment 100 feet high.

Fatal End of a Spree.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 18.—On Thursday night Margaret, the wife of Patrick Cannon, of this city, went on a spree, procured a bottle of whisky and wandered into the mountains back of the town. Next morning her body was found in the woods. She had disrobed, thinking she was at home, and had frozen to death. Persons living a short distance from where the body was found had heard her moans, but were unable to locate them.

A $110,000 Chicago Fire.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18.—Fire destroyed the building at Randolph street and Wabash avenue owned by A. R. Trude, in part, and occupied by H. Schultz, paper box manufacturer; Tucker & Billings, wholesale tobacco dealers at Hamilton, Ont., and a number of other small tenants. The loss on building is $35,000. Schultz and Tucker & Billings lose about $65,000. The losses to the other occupants are small.

Another Comet Discovered.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Dr. Lewis Swift, director of the Warner observatory, has discovered a telescopic comet. It is in field with 37 Pegasi right ascension 22 hours, 49 mins., 25 secs. declination north 11 degs., 30 mins. It is very faint, without nucleus but with a rapid motion northwest. This makes six comets now visible.

A Dam site Fatally Shot.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 18.—Katie Donohue, aged 19, a domestic in the family of Cornelius Sheahan, a coachman, who was shooting at how to use a Flobert rifle. The ball pierced the intestines and the wound will probably prove fatal. Sheahan was arrested and gave bail in $1,500.

To Bridge the Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 18.—Gen. Comstock, president of the Mississippi river commission, has gone to inspect the government works on the Red river. He says that a board of engineers will meet here Nov. 29 to examine and report on the proposed railroad bridge across the Mississippi at this point.

Boston Beaten at Boston.

DENVER, Nov. 18.—Five thousand people attended the baseball game today between the St. Louis "Browns" and the Boston team, and great enthusiasm prevailed. The score was: St. Louis, 9; Boston, 2. Batteries: Kemp and Boyle, Radbourne, Clarkson and Gandil.

GERMANY IS IMPATIENT.

She May Tear Up the Samoan Treaty.

AN EARLY ANSWER IS DESIRED.

Minister Phelps' Alleged Fears That the Settlement of the Samoan Troubles May Be Broken Up by the Senate's Delay in Passing Upon It.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—A special to The World from Cologne says: Your correspondent encountered in the cathedral this morning a well known ex-member of congress. He has been spending the summer and fall in Europe. He recently visited Berlin, and as a long time colleague of Minister Phelps spent some time in his company at the German capital. He told me that during a conversation with William Walter Phelps that gentleman expressed the utmost anxiety about the fate of the Samoan treaty, and seemed much aggrieved that it had not been discussed by the cabinet at Washington.

Will They Wait for Congress?

He frankly expressed doubts as to whether the German government would wait until congress had assembled in December. Minister Phelps again stated that the synopsis of the treaty as forwarded to The World gave a very clear idea of the shape in which it stood at the adjournment of the conference.

The Treaty Very Important.

From other sources the correspondent learned, during his visit to Berlin, that the Germans were beginning to manifest decided impatience at the delay (which they considered unfortunate) in Samoan affairs and hostility to the commissioners from the United States) shown by Mr. Harrison and his cabinet. They do not understand why it is necessary to call together the senate. It was also said in Berlin social circles that Mr. Blaine had failed utterly to induce the president to have the matter considered by the full cabinet.

An Early Answer Desired.

It was declared that Mr. Harrison intended to monopolize the entire credit for the Samoan treaty, and it was asserted among African travelers in the German capital that the imperial foreign office had recently made several strong intimations to Minister Phelps that an answer was especially desired as early a day as possible. Mr. Phelps, however, had declined to confirm or deny this latter statement, my informant said.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

Burlington county (N. J.) farmers are much astonished over the failure of Benjamin H. Deacon, reputed to be worth nearly $100,000.

It is said that President Harrison is considering the name of George W. McCrary, formerly of Iowa, for the vacant supreme judgeship.

English newspapers see in the grant of a royal charter to the South African company the establishment of a great English empire in Africa like that founded in India.

The Pennsylvania company has placed an order for 500 cars with the car works at Lima, O.

Rev. Dr. J. L. Rankin, of Orange, N. J., has been elected president of Howard university.

Aldermen Doughty and Maneese, of Pittsburg, and Callan, of Allegheny, charged with conspiracy in connection with the Jane Grey Detective agency, have been convicted.

Secretary of War Proctor has resigned as president of the Vermont Marble company, and his son, Col. Fletcher D. Proctor, has been elected to succeed him.

The Boston news bureau gives the liabilities of George H. Binney, the missing insurance broker, against whom criminal proceedings are pending, as $122,000, while his assets will reach but $31,000.

The Syracuse ball club has been admitted to membership in the American association.

The will of the late Col. A. M. Swope leaves all his estate, worth about $75,000, to his two brothers, James and William, and to his four sisters, equally.

William Steele, father of Mrs. Robert Ray Hamilton, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment at Tunkannock, Pa., upon the charge of assault with intent to kill.

Shot in His Bed.

MEXICO, Mo., Nov. 18.—At 2 a. m. Mar. Collins, wife of E. A. Collins, was awakened by the report of a pistol shot, followed by a groan from her husband. She struck a match and discovered her husband dead in bed with a bullet through his head. Mrs. Collins' screams aroused her two sons and married daughter. They found the door of the apartment open and a rear door of the house standing ajar. There was no trace of the murderer. Mr. Collins, who was very wealthy, drew a large sum of money out of the bank Saturday to pay some bills. Most of this money was taken. There has been a great deal of trouble in the family and sensational developments are expected at the inquest.

Five Were Injured.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18.—A suburban train on the Illinois Central railroad was run into by a switch engine of the Lake Shore road at Grand crossing. The conductor of the Illinois Central train was badly damaged, and five men were injured, one, Michael Ryan, a laborer, badly. The others injured are: John Monahan, Chicago; Otis Samson and Richard Kuch, all laborers. The accident was due to a frosty, slippery rail.

Faithless Custodians.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Joseph Tompkins and his wife were held by the recorder charged with stealing goods valued at $1,000 from the residence of Mrs. George A. Elliott, a sister of Judge Peckham, of the court of appeals, while they were in charge of her residence while Mrs. Elliott was spending the summer in the west. Tompkins comes from New York city and admitted the robbery.

A Peacemaker Killed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 18.—George Gintner, the young man who last Tuesday night was stabbed while endeavoring to quell a row at a free Polish concert, died from his injuries. Martin Schmeigel, who is suspected of having done the stabbing, is under arrest.

Four Juries Disagree.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 18.—The case of Jones, who killed three of the Preston boys, was again tried in the federal court this week and the jury was again unable to agree. A mistrial was ordered. This was the fourth trial of Jones.

President of the French Chamber.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—M. Floquet was elected president of the chamber of deputies, receiving 363 of the 433 votes recorded.

GOLD IN TIN CANS.

Rochester Druggist Shows the Fellow Where He Had Hidden $35,000.

TONCANTY, Nov. 18.—Andrew Drumm, the Kansas City boodler, has made a full confession of his misdeeds. Saturday he told Inspector Stark that a large portion of the money he had taken from the city's funds was hidden in the woods near Newmarket, a town about thirty miles north of Toronto, in Lebo, here and Bracebridge, where, it will be remembered, Drumm was married. He offered to conduct him to the spot. Detectives, accompanied by Drumm, searched the woods for several hours in vain, but at last Drumm lighted upon the treasure. It was in two tin cans, the lids of which had been securely soldered over, and contained about $31,500 in gold. On the way back Drumm told the officers that he had hidden more money in a field in the vicinity of North Toronto, and the police drove therewith Drumm, and after digging around in the dark for some time they came across another tin box containing $3,570. The amount of money stolen was $36,000. Drumm's uncle is jubilant over the recovery of the money and offered to go bail for his nephew. Drumm was admitted to bail today.

SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL GAMES.

Saturday's football games resulted as follows:

Cornell, 66; University of Michigan, 0.
Lehigh, 6; Lafayette, 6 (tie).
Princeton, 27; Harvard, 13.
Trinity, 12; Stevens, 0.
Pennsylvania University, 14; Rutgers, 6.
Yale, 52; Wesleyan, 6.

Lucy Parsons Talks of Blood.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Lucy Parsons entertained the members of the Arbeiter Bund who gathered at Turner hall with a very lurid address. She abused the police in general and has become familiar from frequent repetition, referred to the red flag as the only banner that would lead to freedom, and resorted into the realm of theology as the cause of her dead husband and child. "Do you suppose they kissed each other in the beautifully described hereafter?" she said. "Bah! Don't be deceived. So called Christians will sell you such things. What we want are homes in this world and by God, Christ and all religious functionaries take care of themselves. This is the teaching of anarchy and as much it will live. The principles of anarchy will prevail even though it takes blood to make them supreme." Mrs. Parsons was followed by Moritz Schilts, of New York, who spoke in German. His talk was semi-political in his character. He said the world at large underestimated the number of Anarchists by half, and all they needed to secure certain success was united action.

Prosperous Cotton Mills.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 18.—The prosperity of the cotton mills of this city during the past year is unprecedented. Dividends of 33 corporations, representing $18,550,000 capital, amount to $1,950,700, or 9 97-100 per cent. Dividends in 1888 amounted to 9 85-100. Brokers' boards of the leading mills pay as follows: Granite, 24 per cent.; Troy, 24; Cotton, 20; Seaconnet, 17; Wampanoag, 17; Durfee, 14; Flint, 14; Fall River, 12; Laurel Lake, 12; Barnard, 11; Sagamore, 10½; Merchants, 10; Bernaby, 9½; Barnard, 8½; Chace, Weetamoe, Globe, Narragansett, B. Borden, and Shove, 8 each. The dividends represent for a small part of the earnings. In nearly every mill large amounts have been paid for machinery and extensive improvements, large debts contracted or diminished, and large sums charged to depreciation. Prices of print cloths are satisfactory, and no labor troubles for the ensuing year are expected.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests besides my own in the firm of Smalley & Bro., Merchant Tailors, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who may favor me with their patronage.
NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Bros., Merchant Tailors, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
Earthen and woodenware of all kinds. Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames, Japanware and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge. S. FEUCHT, No. 9 Somerset St.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and trees, shrubs and grapevines at Lindsey's, No. 19 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsey's residence office, same place. 4-11-1w

Thousands in Successful use
The CELEBRATED PERFECT RANGES
WARM AIR FURNACES
HOT WATER HEATERS
MANUFACTURED BY
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.
NOS. 232 & 234 Water St. New York
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.

TUNIS J. CAREY
E. WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.
Bought and Sold.

He Was Thoughtful.

"Can you furnish bail in the sum of $300?" was asked of a prisoner in the police court the other day.

"Yes, I suppose I could, but"——

"Who will go on your bond?"

"I was going to say that the president of the United States would probably be only too glad to, but I hate to bother him with such a trifle. I'll"——

"Get some one else?"

"No, I'll go to jail. This is Mr. Harrison's busy day, and I don't want to disturb him."—Detroit Free Press.

It Would Be an Accident.

"I'd like to ask you, sir," said the young man, in hesitating tones, "might I—might I marry your daughter?"

"Sumph," replied her father. "You might"——

"Thanks, sir."

"You might, I repeat, but it would be one of the most inexplicable accidents that ever happened in this country."—Exchange.

Why He Was Remarkable.

Kentucky Guide—Over in that small house lives the most remarkable man in Kentucky.

Tourist—You don't say so. Who is the distinguished?

Guide (solemnly)—He's the only man in the whole state that isn't called colonel.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

She Had Counted Them.

Grace—Mamma, dear, do you know you've got twenty-nine pins in the back of your dress?

Mother—Good gracious, child, how do you know?

Grace—Why, I've just pulled them out.—Pick-Me-Up.

At the Private View.

Mallock, Sr.—It's a mighty good painting anyway. What's its title?

Mallock, Jr.—It hasn't any, I believe, worth having. I understand the sheriff attached it for studio rent yesterday.—Judge.

Not Quite Rounded Up.

Past Redemption Pete—Now I've got yer! Will yer take back what yer said 'bout my steadin' yer cow hands?

His Doubtful Captive—Not much I won't! Nimble toed Maddox never takes back nothin'.—Judge.

Explained.

Edith—How in the world Jack could cut out that perfect circle with a saw, I don't see.

Bella—Why, he used a circular saw, you foolish thing.—Burlington Free Press.

He Fell Out.

Fond Mother—You should remember, my child, the little birds in their nests agree.

Johnny—But every one in a while one of 'em falls out. I'm that one.—Mumsy's Weekly.

It Is!

"It's cool nights, now," remarked the business man.

"It's school days, too," replied the professor, and passed on.—Lawrence American.

Strange, but True.

Tweedledum—Funny about a door, isn't it?

Tweedledee—What?

"Worn its locks perfectly plain, but it often banged itself."—Lawrence American.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SCHOOL BOOKS

New and Second hand. School Supplies

Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at

ALLEN.

The Stationer,

32 EAST FRONT STREET.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GILLMAN FARM

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. As'paragus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 51 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 15c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $2.95 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods every where free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 West Front Street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 7 p. m. 8-2-1y

E. A. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North Avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. H. REE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1yr

J. ACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

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FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines
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Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

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ANOTHER LOT OF 50 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

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Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1491.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store.

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

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Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

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Furs and Fur Trimmings.

9 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard 25 cents.

9 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard, 35 cents.

Black bare muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.

Astrea muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.

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Children's fur muffs, 39 cents.

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DR. GRIFFEN,

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Rheumatism,

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32 WEST FRONT STREET,

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

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An interesting one. Call and see it.

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SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,

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Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, Etc., just received at

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Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

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Instruction in Elocution, class or private. For terms, address Miss Alfred, P. O. Box 1268.

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Taught by Misses Louis Vivaut and Coe Graduates of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square. Private lessons. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies at their residences. Private parties and classes. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Circulars mailed on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 16th st. 9-25-1y

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You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has and our careful study. Price from 40 cts and 75 cts per bottle.

ESPANACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkle tops at 25c. per bottle.

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21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

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All orders delivered Free of Charge day or Night. 7-17-1y*

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We expe a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Strawberry Tomatoes, Franklin Honey Drop, E. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous

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On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

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and

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Breaks up complaint early and soothes the blood. SEE QUICK.

Sulphur Vapor Baths

PLAINFIELD, [illegible]

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I keep in stock all the choice brands of Beer, BUCKEYE, BONNY, PILSBURY and BOCK. The latter is specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of CRACKERS and FOODS constantly on hand. Also a variety of

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Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or any where in the country, by express or freight. A specialty made in

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at [illegible] a. m., 12.01 noon, 2.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.45, 10.30, 11.45 p. m.

Leave New York at [illegible] a. m., 12.01 noon, 2.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.45, 7.30, 8.45, 10.30, 11.45 p. m.

Express trains. Limited express.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 11.20, a. m., 2 p. m., 3.25, 4.45, 5.40, 7.10, 8.25, 10.40, 11.55 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 7.30, 8.40, 9.15, 10.45, a. m., 1.00, 2.30, 3.45, 5.15, 6.30, 7.45, 9.00, 10.15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 2 p. m., 4.30, 5.40, 7.10 p. m. Sunday at 7.10, 8.25 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.40 p. m.

WEST JERSEY CONNECTIONS.

[illegible] a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington and Delaware.

For Farmington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.37 a. m. For Hackettstown, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington and Delaware, 9.37 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 9.37 a. m. For Pennington, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bordentown, Camden, Atlantic City, Cape May, Bay Shore and Ocean City, 9.37 a. m. For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 5.40 p. m. For Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilmington and Delaware, 5.40 p. m. For Pennington, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bordentown, Camden, Atlantic City, Cape May, Bay Shore and Ocean City, 5.40 p. m. For Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, 7.10 p. m. For Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Wilmington, 7.10 p. m. For Trenton, Philadelphia, Bordentown, Camden, Atlantic City, Cape May, Bay Shore and Ocean City, 7.10 p. m. Sunday at 7.10, 8.25 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 12.06, 2.55, 5.55 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 5.55 p. m. For Perth Amboy 5.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 12.06, 2.55, 5.55 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 5.55 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 1.17, 5.25, 8.20, 9.25, 11.50 a. m., 2.05, 4.20, 5.25, 7.50, 9.40, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.25, 8.20, 9.25 a. m., 4.20, 5.25, 7.50, 9.40, 11.30 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 1.17, 5.25, 8.20, 9.25, 11.50 a. m., 2.05, 4.20, 5.25, 7.50, 9.40, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.25, 8.20, 9.25 a. m., 4.20, 5.25, 7.50, 9.40, 11.30 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.17, 5.25, 11.50 a. m., 2.05, 4.20, 5.25, 7.50, 9.40, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.25, 8.20, 9.25 a. m., 4.20, 5.25 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

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NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m., 1.45 and 5.30 p. m.

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SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30, 9 a. m., 1.45 and 6.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.50 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

Direct routes to Newark and Elizabeth, 7.30 a. m., 1.45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Philadelphia, close 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8.50 a. m. Office open from 9.30 to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office open at 7.00 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of box holders.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the side delivery window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.

Safe as the best R. R. Bond.

Better than any new R. R. Bonds, With Nearly Double the Income.

Send for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO., 56 Broadway, New York.

NO FARM MORTGAGES.

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Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

on Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 32. Residence 43 North avenue. Telephone Call 32. Office of Private cemetery

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Furnished for extension pail to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the Best Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 686. Telephone call 29.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD P. O. BOX 980.

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SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

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WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
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10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-17-1y

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

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City Livery Stables,

34 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J

Special attention given to boarding horses

Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave nue, will receive prompt attention.

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27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers.

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

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H. N. Spencer 78-78 Somerset St.

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Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar & pure, old White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Glassware. Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

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Is wagons, carts, furniture, pianos, harness, and all kinds of repairing on the Parvin iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street North Plainfield

Smalley Brothers,

75 Somerset street,

Meat Market.

Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to H. G. Mutford Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord. Center to

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Reliable Peerless Grates. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.,

27 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST.

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Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front-street place. P. O. Box 982.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 651.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. M. H. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS.

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Dove. Everything necessary to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. E. J. HASTINGS

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the fabric. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH UNPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces, etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pleating, Stamping and Feather Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Truda J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 25 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 339.

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EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY

Invite Everybody

to call to and examine our fresh stock of new goods. Low prices always followed to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or no.

Sole Agents for Dr. King's remedies. Sold bedsend cheapest in the end.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

12 Park avenue.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

READING MATTER THAT WILL INTEREST THE BOYS AND GIRLS.

The Story of an African Traveler and His Narrow Escape from the Jaws of a Lion.

A Merry Rhyme About Some Clattering Fowls.

A story is told of a traveler in South Africa. In crossing a wide plain he saw, a short distance behind him, a lion slowly following him.

THE TRAVELER AND THE LION.

In great fear the anxious man hurried on until he reached a high cliff, below which was a deep ravine. Here he determined to live or die, so, creeping down into a crevice in the cliff, he quietly concealed himself, having previously placed his hat and coat upon his staff, which he stuck near the edge of the precipice, hoping to deceive the wild beast, who might mistake the effigy for himself.

In due time the lion came stealthily along. Imagining that the hat and coat were the real man, he made a sudden spring for them with such force that he bounded over the precipice and was dashed to pieces on the rocks below.

We need hardly add that the traveler rejoiced greatly in the successful result of his device and often related his narrow escape from the jaws of the lion.

A Great Musician.

In a little Saxon town named Halle there was born in the year 1684 a boy whose fame will never die. He was called George Frederick Handel. While a small child he showed a remarkable talent for music, and played correctly with his almost baby fingers on the clavichord, an instrument much used in those days, when pianos were unknown. His father wished to bring him up to the study of the law, and he discouraged the boy's taste for music. But the child's ruling passion was so strong that he carried his little clavichord up to the garret where he slept, and hid it there. Then late at night, when all the household was asleep, he used to rise from his bed and play softly to himself in the dark.

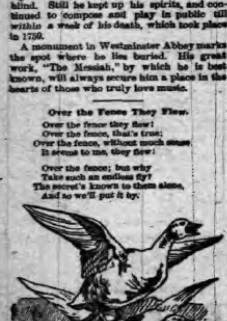
At last Dr. Handel saw that it was of no use to try to force his child's inclination, and at the age of 7 little George Frederick was placed under the care of Zachau, the organist of the cathedral at Halle. Under this teacher the young musician soon progressed that when he was only 9 years old he composed a whole church service for both voices and instruments. At 16 the pupil had far excelled his master, and was sent to pursue his musical studies at Berlin. He soon became famous, and his music was published and admired while yet he was hardly more than a boy. Then he went to Italy, where he lived for six years. He then traveled to London, and remained there during the following fifty years of his life. He at once became widely known, and rose quickly to the highest fame through his wonderful music. When he grew old his sight failed, and at last he became totally blind. But he kept up his spirits, and continued to compose and play in public till *within a week* of his death, which took place in 1759.

A monument in Westminster Abbey marks the spot where he lies buried. His great work, "The Messiah," by which he is best known, will always secure him a place in the hearts of those who truly love music.

Over the Fence They Flew.

Over the fence they flew!
Over the fence, this is true;
Five hens, without much cause
It seems to me, they flew!

Over the fence; but why
Take such an endless fly?
The secret's known to them alone,
And so we'll put it by.



THOSE RAFFLIN' FOWLS.

Over the fence, just so,
And that's all we know.
What was the matter? why all the clatter?
History books don't show.

Nobody knows but they,
Why they flew that day;
But these suspended till books are ended
Those hapless fowls must stay!

How She Knew a Snake.

Golden Days is responsible for the following anecdote:

A little 5-year-old girl of Seattle, Wash., was looking out of the window when a team attached to a transfer wagon went rattling by. She suddenly turned to her companion and cried:

"Oh, see, Uncle Fred! there does two snake."

"How do you know they are snakes? Maybe they are horses."

"No, sir. I does I know snake from horses.

"How do little girls know the difference, pa?"

"Why, horses have hair tails and snake just only have small tails."

A 6 by 9 Rhyme.

A queer little boy who had been to school,
And was up to all sorts of tricks,
Discovered that 9 when upside down,
Would pass for the figure 6.

So when asked his age by a good old dame,
The answer he gave was queer:
"I'm 9 when I stand on my feet like this,
But 6 when I stand on my head!"

A Successful Woman.

Edith Sessions Tupper—a name frequently seen nowadays in the magazines and journals of New York and Chicago also had to dramatic stories and very clever verses in boys at Dansville, in western New York. Her family are the well known Sessions of Chautauqua county, and her father and uncle are famous stock politicians. Her first literary work was done for The Buffalo Express. For nearly two years she has been connected with the Chicago Herald, of which paper she is now the New York correspondent. Of her work in the columns of The Herald doing specials, local sketches and interviews, She won the $300 prize lately offered by The Chicago Tribune for the best story, over 250 competitors. "*By a Hair's Breadth*" is now between covers, and selling well throughout the country. Margaret Sullivan awarded her the prize, and advised her to go on with novel writing, as she had a *remarkable gift for the making of* Wilkie Collins pirate.

The recently issued story, "By Whose Hand," is said to be successful over all her other publications, and fully justifies the statement of The Chicago Herald that "her undoubted talents are of such an order that she may reasonably expect to attain high rank among the fictionists of her time." In addition to prose ability, the lady is a charming versifier. She is tall, dignified, has brown hair and frank, expressive eyes.—Current Literature.

Chinese Marriage Safeguards.

All Chinese ceremonials in social and religious life are regulated *by strange superstitions.* Although we do not hear of old shoes being thrown after young married couples, many equally curious forms are gone through with to insure them good luck. A Chinese girl who is partaking of the last meal she is to eat in her father's house previous to her marriage has either with her or before her married brothers; but she must eat no more than half the bowl of rice set before her, else her departure will be followed by continual scarcity in the domicile she is leaving. If a bride takes the heel of her shoe going from her father's to her husband's house, it is ominous of unhappiness in her new relations.

A piece of bacon and a bowl of sugar are hung on the back of the bride's sedan chair as a sop to the demons who might molest her while on her journey. The "Three Baneful Ones" are fish, red pepper, and onions, the "White Tiger" likes sweets. A bride while *putting on her wedding garments* stands in a round, shallow basket. This conduces to her leading a placid, well-regulated life in her future home. After her departure from her father's door her mother puts the basket over the mouth of the oven to stop the mouths of all who would make evil comment on her daughter, and then sits down before the kitchen range, that her peace and leisure may be duplicated in her daughter's life.—Chicago Ledger.

Overfeeding Babies.

Immediately upon the birth of a child the average parent and mother are apt to be in a hurry to begin its feeding, so much so as to engage in the *stuffing* process. Instead of placing the child in a comfortable condition, and giving every assurance to it that the quietude necessary to sleep, the little innocent is filled with sugar and water, teas and slops, which favor fermentation in the intestinal canal. Colic is the result, and then follows the trotting and shaking up of the tender bud by the ambitious, energetic and muscular Betsy Trotwood of the sick room. Sleep for any one in the room is out of the question. This, together with the mania for washing the baby in season and out of season, spoiling its sensitive surface with superheated water, and thus favoring rapid evaporation by exposure of the surfaces, is not only very shocking to its tender nervous system, but disturbs the equilibrium of the circulation, favoring fever and congestion as well as inflammations. The child may escape immediate serious illness, but it is certainly started upon a wakeful career, which may terminate in complete destruction of its nervous system.—Dr. J. N. Love in New England Medical Monthly.

New Field for Women.

Having some business to transact with a widow, I made an early call upon her. Arriving, I found herself and two daughters in waiting costume. Although greatly surprising, as a discreet gentleman I showed it not. As my errand progressed I noticed ill concealed impatience for my going. At length my hostess said: "You don't know the cause of our wishing to hurry; I'll let you into the secret. My income is not sufficiently large to keep up our usual mode of life, so myself and daughters are professionally engaged as dusters of brio-a-brac." She noticed my absence of understanding and politely explained. As riches of late have become many and more popular with the ten of the city. The ordinary help is undiscriminating between an ordinary piece of majolica ware and a choice piece of Dresden. Hence the delicate touch and care come into play and cause an opening for the lady and her charming daughters. There are others besides those who are performing the same congenial tasks. Verily the ways of women towards obtaining employment are past finding out.—Baltimore Free Press.

"Poetess of the Fireside."

The death of Elisa Cook, who has been called the "queen of the fireside," recalls to the memory of a rustling, forgetful palate a woman who in her day was looked upon as *one of the lights of journalism*—a woman whose energy and capacity for work were exceeded only by her boundless spirits and constantness in well doing. She was ever a faithful friend to her own sex, giving them a helping hand whenever needed, and encouraging, by her example and advice, many a struggling beginner in her own profession. Besides "The Old Arm Chair" and numerous other poems, she wrote a great deal of miscellaneous matter, besides editing a magazine of her own name. She has not, however, done any literary work for a number of years, and her retirement from public life was so absolute as to render the announcement of her death almost like the resurrection of an old friend.—New York World.

Gen. Jackson's Counsel.

Gen. Jackson was once giving counsel to a young lady to whose welfare he took a deep interest. "I cannot forbear pointing out to you, my dear child," he said, "the great advantages that will result from temperate conduct and avoidance of anger to all people on all occasions. Never forget that you are a gentlewoman, and all your words and actions should make you gentle. I am spoiled and heavy in my temper, and the misfortune which has caused me inexpressible pain. It has given me more trouble to subdue this *impetuosity than anything ever* undertook."—Exchange.

Two Flies and Two Fish.

Miss Eastwood accomplished a very remarkable feat at Aunat, Roxburg, Scotland, when fishing with a nine foot trout rod. She had on only two flies. With one she hooked a salmon, and at the same time a sea trout with the other, and after a long struggle landed both. Mr. Sheddan weighed the salmon and a half pounds and the trout one pound.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

CO-OPERATIVE LIVING.

HOUSEKEEPING ON THE COMBINATION PRINCIPLE.

Co-operative Laundries in Tenements Are Successful—Why Should Not the Same Plan Work with Kitchens?—Comparison of Retail and Wholesale Prices.

The first suggestion of co-operative housekeeping as a solution for many domestic difficulties was made nearly twenty years ago by a New England woman, Mrs. Melusina Fay Pierce, who published a series of articles under that title in The Atlantic Monthly, in 1868, and afterward collected them into a volume.

Mrs. Pierce has, in her little book, some sharp things to say of the "waste of time, and *oppression of women, of which so* much is heard in these later days, are, in large measure, due to the very fact of her having failed to keep step with the progress of modern civilization. She has learned no lessons of organization as to her labor or methods of spending the money which the man earns for the support of the family.

SUING IN LARGE LOTS.

Here is an illustrative case: A family of three grown women and four children in Brooklyn earned $16 a week. Their food cost them $6 a week, or 84 cents a day, and consisted of three daily meals, of which two were composed entirely of tea, without milk or sugar, and bread or hot cakes, and the *third was of potatoes, meat and pie.* As one of the cheap restaurants, the owner undertook to feed five businesswomen for $1.61 a week, and gave them for breakfast two cups of coffee (with milk and sugar) apiece, bread and butter, potatoes and two eggs each. Dinner consisted of roast beef, soup with vegetables and barley, potatoes, and rice pudding. Supper was of steak, potatoes, onions, bread and butter and tea. This was using the most expensive kinds of meat, roast and steak being the two costly ones. meats for boiling and stewing, providing for the appetites of laboring men, and taking into calculation the restaurateur's profit on his business, the cost of rent, coal, service and general plant; *yet it is not—all this*—double what it costs to feed in the meanest way three women and four children. The difference is, to a great extent, in the advantage to be had by the purchase of food in quantity: for the tenement house poor, having no place to store their purchases, buy in infinitesimal quantities. To this fact the difference is in the mere matter of purchase of the food the following figures, collected from the retail shops in the tenement districts, will show when compared with wholesale price lists:

Tea—which is quoted at fair and medium qualities, the same grade that the retail dealers sell fifteen and eighteen cents a pound *in quantities—sells to the tenement house* purchasers at three cents an ounce, the quantity in which they usually buy it, making it forty-eight cents a pound. Butter for which they pay two and a half cents an ounce can be bought by the quantity at prices varying from ten to eighteen cents a pound. Sugar, and the price they pay ten and eleven cents is to be had at wholesale for seven and eight. Soap retailing at five cents a bar can be had by the box at about three cents. Starch by the box four cents a pound, and at retail eight cents. Oil in thirteen cents the gallon at retail, and from eight to nine by the barrel. Molasses is sixty cents a gallon wholesale, and eighty to ninety retail. Flour by the barrel is from *three to three and a half cents a pound, and* at retail's five. Lard is, in bulk, nine cents; at retail, thirteen. Rice is also cheaper when bought by the pound, six when purchased by the barrel. Coffee is thirty cents a pound when bought by the ounce, and from seventeen to twenty-one by the pound; grade Rio sacks. Turnips are $1 a barrel and 75 cents a bushel.

WHAT MIGHT BE DONE.

The question of prices, however, but one-half of the extravagance of individual housekeeping. A knowledge of the best food to buy, and the most nutritious and economical method of cooking it, is quite as important than the money originally spent. For *example, it is most uncommon to find among* the poorer classes in this city any conception of the value of meat as a cheap and palatable food—any idea of the superior saving in boiled meat over roast or fried meat. Oat and corn meal will almost entirely take the place of meat, are cheap and easy to cook, agreeable, wholesome and the most sustaining of all cereal food. The Scotch and the negroes do the hardest of manual labor upon very little else than these two varieties of meal, and are for the most part stalwart and healthy people. Rice is another one of the cereals upon which hard working life can be sustained at the lowest cost, and is in universal use by all those who have to practice economies, have known to be such for centuries.

As has been shown, washing can be done more economically by the co-operative plan; and while cooking and marketing would be more difficult to arrange satisfactorily, and experiments would have to be made, with the natural mistakes incident upon such undertakings, there is no inherent reason why it might not be made a working success. Some one experienced in feeding numbers at the lowest possible cost might be made the superintendent, a sum required be contributed at the end of each week by a sufficient number of families to make the purchase *of supplies at wholesale* possible, adding a certain amount for the labor of those preparing the food. A model tenement might contain a kitchen with all the latest conveniences of domestic science, or do the aforesaid laundering, and this could be saved out of the space necessary for kitchens in apartments, making them smaller, and consequently cheaper, but at the same time equally if not more comfortable.

Some one or two persons, selected for their knowledge and ability, would devote their entire time to the work; and, their wages being fixed by a hundred people, they might get excellent remuneration for their skilled labor, and yet the hundred people pay only half a *dollar a month each for a competent and* trained cook. In the same way their food would be reduced in cost by the purchase of supplies in bulk; and, the attention of a capable person being entirely concentrated upon marketing to the best advantage, preparing the best and largest amounts of food in the best way for the lowest price, the co-operative families would get double the value of their money in more expended, and not suffer the numberless ills resulting from improperly nurtured bottles.—Elizabeth Bisland in Cosmopolitan.

Her Only Jewels.

In Boston lives a lady who has never been married away with the pomps and vanities of this world. She never wore an article of jewelry, a piece of lace nor a collar around her neck, even in the days of courtship, which experience she has passed through more than once, having been married twice. Once only did she become giddy enough to wear a ribbon, and that was when she was first married, when she adorned herself with a bow of that material. Hoop skirts and bustles have never added style to her appearance.

But she only speaks two tons of 20 lbs. each of which Carpenter's Legacy. She has fourteen of them.—London Journal.

THE OWNER.

Who owns you fields, on fair and wide?
Does he who gave his gold to win them,
Yet never, with whose rape, hath sighed
The genius of lovely hermaps in them?

Nay, nay! his are by law, indeed,
The green expanse, the reach of river;
But he who by nature's form can read,
Hath truly here the title-holder.

The priceless work of art divine,
The painter's or the sculptor's doing,
Which thou dost gaze upon, is thine
If it is understood by thee in viewing.

The seashore and a world might claim
Without one radiant rose possessing;
Its own the universe might name,
Yet lose each sunset's silver blessing.

Ah, these are rich that are most poor,
And poor these are worth countless treasure;
What wealth alone can ne'er secure
Is his whom beauty thrills with pleasure.

—Vick's Magazine.

MRS. JOHN C. HEENAN.

Sara Stevens Tells the Story of Her Courtship with the Prize Fighter.

The other afternoon a reporter found, at her rooms on Market street, the widow of John C. Heenan. She is known as Mrs. Sara Stevens, having resumed her maiden name while playing in the Grismer-Davis company, with which combination she has been traveling.

When approached on the subject of her marriage with Mr. Heenan, she said:

"I was a mere girl, playing at Laura Keene's Theatre in New York, when I was told that Mr. Heenan came often to the theatre to see me on the stage. The idea seemed ridiculous, as I was so slight and small, and not playing parts where I showed to much advantage. One night he ordered a box, and the papers were publishing his challenge to the world.

"I disliked everything connected with the ring, and thought that all those people ought to be in the war where there was real fighting. I told the manager I was going to get off a joke on Heenan. They expected he would be one, as he said Heenan was a good patron of the place, and people often came to see him in the audience. I couldn't help doing it, however, and was able to do so without changing a word in my part. When I came to the line which read: 'All able-bodied men ought to fight for their country,' I rendered it this way: 'All able-bodied men ought to fight—then turning to Heenan's box, and walking over toward it, I continued in a louder tone—for their country.'

"The effect was instantaneous on the audience, and a great many cheering and general handclapping. Heenan put his hand to his face and burst out laughing, and when the audience ceased to applaud he clapped his hands approvingly and this started another outburst, and even the manager, who threatened to discharge me if I gayed Heenan, I saw laughing behind the scenes. It was a play called 'The Seven Sisters,' a burlesque.

"Next day a lady in the company, whose husband knew Heenan, told me that Heenan desired an introduction. I declined, as I had a horror of fighters, but the request was renewed, and I sent back that when he gave up gambling and prize fighting I would be glad to meet him. I supposed nothing would come of this, but next day I received a marked *copy of Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, in which* the announcement was made that Heenan had withdrawn his challenge to the world, and had also sold out his interest in a gambling saloon in New York.

"I was quite astonished, and being yet a girl, was flattered, for it is flattered my vanity that while the whole country was wondering why Heenan had withdrawn his challenge to the world I alone knew the real cause. He was present to me that afternoon, and I was surprised to meet a man so gentle and manly, and after admiring him a week or two I fell hopelessly in love and eagerly accepted his offer of marriage. The match. An odd selection this giant made *for a wife—I only weighed 110 pounds at the* time. It seemed queer that he should have ever admired me.

There was a look in the woman's eyes, however, that did not make the matter seem so strange after all.—San Francisco Examiner.

Bernhardt's Tomb.

A curious fact about Sarah Bernhardt is that she has caused a most sumptuous tomb to be prepared in Pere la Chaise for her own obsequies. It is all in white marble, with the one word, "Bernhardt," inscribed above the portal. Within there is space for a single coffin only. The great actress desires to be alone after death, as she has been unapproachable in her genius during her life. Every year on her birthday she visits this tomb and lays upon it a wreath of immortelles, and at the same time tells why she did so. "Because," she said, "I would like to have my grave decorated with flowers after my death, and perhaps if I mention people to see it on my birthday I will follow the example and keep up the custom when I am no more." Is there not something piteous in this clinging of the most famous actress of her generation to the fleeting memories of those she will leave behind her!—Philadelphia Press.

He Could Tell 'em Every Time.

"How do I tell a newly married couple?" repeated a Capitol guide; "why, easy enough. They are the ones 'spoon,' and the old fogy next to a rather gaudily dressed pair who were strolling about the rotunda and casting wistful glances *into each other's eyes.* "You see, there is all the difference in the world between people who come here to put in a few odd hours of their honeymoon and those who are really interested in the sights about the Capitol. Even the women over there don't carve a continental about the statuary or anything else but themselves for that matter. You take them around and point out the most interesting objects about the building, and they will gaze on them in a mechanical manner for a moment or two, and then return to the pleasing pastime of admiring each other. But then it is only human nature, and we have no right to complain of it, as they pay for their time."—Washington Post.

Modern Reinforcement.

Mrs. Williamson has an article in the English magazine, Work and Leisure, on "The Restlessness of the Day," in which she shows how great are the changes which have come over the spirit of the country during the last fifty years, none of which are perhaps more remarkable than that which has come to pass in the position of women. But at the same time with this great change there has arisen a spirit of restlessness, of discontent, which is always doing something, which Mrs. Williamson considers must be guarded against, for she says who have various work to do to do it well must have an equally various rest of spirit, and their energies must not be frittered away by the numberless little exertions of modern life.

Mrs. Rose Vartner Jeffray, the charming Kentucky poetess, is one of the most fascinating women of the famous Blue Grass region. Her home is at Lexington, the gayest spot of the state. Poetry has been for her the closest companion of her leisure hours—the few hours which in the case of a woman society and the duties of society allow her to devote to literary pursuits.

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Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
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Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

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ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

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The Story of an African Traveler and His Narrow Escape from the Jaws of a Lion.

A Merry Rhyme About Some Clattering Fowls.

A story is told of a traveler in South Africa. In crossing a wide plain he saw, a short distance behind him, a lion slowly following him.

THE TRAVELER AND THE LION.

In great fear the anxious man hurried on until he reached a high cliff, below which was a deep ravine. Here he determined to live or die, so, creeping down into a crevice in the rock, he quietly composed himself, having previously placed his hat and coat upon his staff, which he stuck near the edge of the precipice, hoping to deceive the wild beast, who might mistake the effigy for himself.

In due time the lion came stealthily along. Imagining that the hat and coat were the real man, he made a sudden spring for them with such force that he bounded over the precipice and was dashed to pieces on the rocks below.

We need hardly add that the traveler rejoiced greatly in the successful result of his device and often related his narrow escape from the jaws of the lion.

A Great Musician.

In a little SAXON town named Halle there was born in the year 1684 a boy whose fame will never die. He who called George Frederick Handel. While a small child he showed a remarkable talent for music, and played correctly with his almost baby fingers on the clavichord, an instrument much used in those days, when pianos were unknown. His father wished to bring him up to the study of the law, and he discouraged the boy's taste for music. But the child's ruling passion was so strong that he carried his little clavichord up to the garret where he slept, and hid it there. Then late at night, when all the household was asleep, he used to steal from his bed and play by himself in the dark.

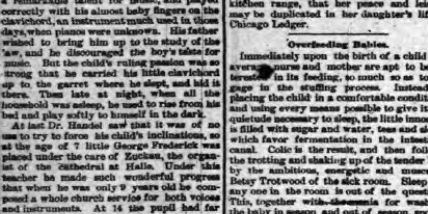
At last Dr. Handel saw that it was of no use to try to force his child's inclinations, so at the age of 7 little George Frederick was placed under the care of Zachau, the organist of the cathedral at Halle. Under this teacher he made such wonderful progress that when he was only 9 years old he composed a whole church service for both voices and instruments. At 14 the pupil had far excelled his master, and was sent to pursue his musical studies at Berlin. He soon became famous, and his music was published and admired while yet he was hardly more than a boy. When he was 20 he went to Italy, where he spent three years. He then traveled to London, and remained there during the following fifty years of his life. He at once became widely known, and rose quickly to the highest rank through his wonderful music. When he grew old his sight failed, and at last he became totally blind. Still he kept up his spirits, and continued to compose and play in public till within a week of his death, which took place in 1759.

A monument in Westminster Abbey marks the spot where he lies buried. His great work, "The Messiah," by which he is best known, will always secure him a place in the hearts of those who truly love music.

Over the Fence They Flew.

Over the fence they flew!
Over the fence, that's true;
Over the fence, without much sense
It seems to me, you'll see!

Over the fence; but why
Take such an endless fly?
The secret's known to them alone,
And so we'll put it by.



THOSE NAPLESS FOWLS.

Over the fence, just so,
And that seems all we know.
What was the matter with all the chicken?
History books don't show.

Nobody knows but they,
Why they have come our way;
But there suspended till today are ended
Those hapless fowls mad stay!

How She Knew a Male.

Golden Days is responsible for the following anecdote:

A little 5-year-old girl of Seattle, Wash., was leaning out of the window when a team attached to a transfer wagon went rattling by. She suddenly turned to her companion and cried:

"Oh, see, Uncle Fred! there does two mooly."

"How do you know they are mules! Maybe they are horses."

"No, sir. I does I know mools from horses."

"How do little girls know the difference, pet?"

"Why, horses have hair tails and mools just only have most tails."

A 6 by 6 Rhyme.

A queer little boy who had been to school,
And was up to all sorts of tricks,
Discovered Dick S. when spunkie down,
Would pass for the figure 6.

So when asked his age by a good old dame,
The rascal pondered a while,
"Tis 6 when I stand on my feet," he said,
"But 6 when I stand on my head."

A Successful Woman.

Edith Genious Tupper—a name frequently seen nowadays in the magazines and journals of New York and Chicago attached to dramatic stories and very clever verse—was born at Panama, in western New York. Her family are the well known Sanfords of Chautauqua county, and her father and uncle are famous state politicians. Her first literary work was done for The Buffalo Express. For some time she has been connected with The Chicago Herald, of which paper she is now the New York correspondent. She began her work on The Herald doing special local sketches and interviews. She won the $300 prize lately offered by The Chicago Tribune for the best story, over 220 competitors. "By a Hair's Breadth" is now in its seventeenth, and selling well throughout the country. Margaret Sullivan awarded her the prize, and advised her to go on with novel writing, as she had a remarkable gift for the making of Wilkie Collins plots.

The recently issued story, "By Whose Hand," is said to be successful over all her other publications, and fully justifies the statement of The Chicago Herald that "her undoubted talents are of such an order that she may reasonably expect to attain high rank among the fictionists of her time." In addition to prose ability, the lady is a charming versifier. She is tall, dignified, has brown hair and frank, expressive eyes.—Current Literature.

Chinese Marriage Safeguards.

All Chinese ceremonies in social and religious life are pervaded by strange superstitions. Although we do not hear of old shoes being thrown after young married couples, many equally curious forms are gone through with to insure them good luck. A Chinese girl who is parading of the last meal she is to eat in her father's house previous to her marriage sits at the table with her parents and brothers; but she must eat no more than half of the food set before her, or her departure will be followed by continual scarcity in the domicile she is leaving. If a bride breaks the bed of her shoe going from her father's to her husband's house, it is considered of unhappiness in her new relations.

A piece of bacon and a parcel of sugar are hung on the back of the bridal sedan chair as a sop to the demons who might molest her while on her journey. The "Three Baneful Ones" are fond of salt and spices, and the "White Tiger" likes sweets. A bride while putting on wedding garments stands in a round, shallow basket. This conduces to her leading a placid, well rounded life in her future home. After the departure from her father's door her mother puts the basket over the mouth of the oven to stop the mouths of all who would make adverse comment on her daughter, and then sits down before the kitchen range, that her peace and happiness may be duplicated in her daughter's life.—Chicago Ledger.

Overfeeding Babies.

Immediately upon the birth of a child the average nurse and mother are apt to be interested in its feeding, so much so as to engage in the stuffing process. Instead of placing the child in a comfortable condition, and using every means possible to give it the quietude necessary to sleep, the little innocent is filled with food until the stomach is full slops, which favor fermentation in the intestinal canal. Colic is the result, and then follows the trotting and shaking up of the tender bud by the unthinking, ignorant and unmeaning Betsy Trotwood of the sick room. Sleep for any one in the room is out of the question. This, regarded with reference to the needs of the baby in season and out of season, spong ing its sensitive surface with superheated water, and then favoring rapid evaporation by exposure of the surfaces, is not only very shocking to its tender nervous system, but disturbs the equilibrium of the circulation, favoring internal congestions, as well as inducing eruptions. The child may escape immediate serious illness, but it is certainly started upon a wakeful career, which may terminate in complete demoralization of its nervous system.—N. Y. Love in New England Medical Monthly.

New Field for Women.

Having occasion recently to transact with a widow, I made an early call upon her. Arriving, I found herself and two daughters in walking costume. Although greatly marvelling, as a close acquaintance, I accepted it not. As my errand progressed I noticed ill concealed impatience for my going. At length my hostess said: "You don't know the cause of our evident hurry to get out. I'll let you the secret. My income is not sufficiently large to keep up our usual mode of life, so myself and daughters are professionally engaged as dusters of brow-ic." She noticed my absence of understanding and politely explained. Articles of virtu are becoming more and more popular with the ton of the city. The ordinary help is not sufficiently intelligent for ordinary piece of majolica ware and a choice piece of Dresden. Here is where intelligence and care come into play and cause an opening for the lady and her charming daughters. There are others besides those who are performing the same congenial tasks. Verily the ways of women towards obtaining employment are past finding out.—Baltimore Free Press.

"Poetess of the Fireside."

The death of Eliza Cook, who has been called the "poetess of the fireside," recalls to the memory of a rushing, forgetful public a woman who in her day was looked upon as one of the lights of poetical literature, whose energy and capacity for work were exceeded only by her benevolence of spirit and continuance in well doing. She was ever a faithful friend to her many readers, giving them a helping hand whenever needed, and encouraging, by her sympathy and advice, many a struggling beginner in her own profession. Besides "The Old Arm Chair" and numerous other familiar poems, she wrote an immense deal of miscellaneous matter, besides editing a magazine of her own name. She has not, however, left any literary legacy, dying the member of years, and her retirement from public life was so absolute as to render the announcement of her death almost like the resurrection of an old friend.—New York World.

Gen. Jackson's Counsel.

Gen. Jackson was once giving counsel to a young lady in whose welfare he took a deep interest. "I cannot forbear pointing out to you, my dear child," he said, "the great advantages that will result from temperate conduct and sweetness of manner to all people on all occasions. Never forget that you are a gentlewoman, and all your words and actions should make you gentle. A quick and hasty to my temper, but it is a misfortune of which I cannot see incompatible. It has given me more trouble to subdue this impetuosity than anything I ever undertook."—Exchange.

Two Flies and Two Fish.

Miss Eastwood accomplished a very remarkable feat at Annat, Rosshire, Scotland. Miss Ewing with a nine foot trout rod. She had on only two flies. With one she hooked a salmon, and at the same time a sea trout with the other, and after a severe struggle landed both fish. The salmon weighed 18 lbs., and a half pounds and the trout one pound.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

CO-OPERATIVE LIVING.

HOUSEKEEPING ON THE COMBINATION PRINCIPLE.

Co-operative Laundries in Tenements Are Successful—Why Should Not the Same Plan Work with Kitchens?—Comparisons of Retail and Wholesale Prices.

The first suggestion of co-operative housekeeping as a solution for many domestic difficulties was made nearly twenty years ago by a New England woman, Mrs. Melusina Fay Pierce, who published a series of articles under that title in The Atlantic Monthly, in 1869, and afterward collected them into a volume.

Mrs. Pierce has, in her little book, some sharp things to say to women. The wrongs and oppression of women, of which so much is heard in these later days, are, in large measure, due to the very fact of her having failed to keep step with the tendency of modern civilization. She has learned no lessons of organization as to her labor or methods of spending the money which the man earns for the support of the family.

Here is an illustrative case: A family of three grown women and four children in Brooklyn earned $16 a week. Their food cost them $6 a week; 50 cents a day, and consisted of three daily meals, of which two were composed entirely of tea, without milk or sugar, and bread without butter. The third was of potatoes, and of stale. At one of the cheap restaurants, the owner undertook to feed five longshoremen for $1.62 a day, and gave them for breakfast two cups of coffee (with milk and sugar) apiece, bread and butter, potatoes and two eggs each. Dinner consisted of roast beef, soup with vegetables and barley, potatoes, bread and pudding. Supper was of stewed meat, onions, bread and butter and tea. This was using the most expensive kinds of meat, roast and steak being far more costly than meats for boiling and stewing, providing for the appetites of laboring men, and taking into calculation the restaurateur's profit on his business, the cost of rent, coal, service and general plant; yet it is not—it will be doubtless what it costs to feed in the meanest way three women and four children. The difference is, to a great extent, in the advantage to be had by the purchase of food in quantity; for the tenement house poor, having no place to store their purchases, buy in infinitesimal quantities. What this difference is in the mere matter of purchase of the food the following figures, collected from the retail shops in the tenement districts, will show when compared with wholesale price lists:

Tea—which is quoted at fair and medium qualities, the same grade that the retail dealers sell at fifteen and eighteen cents a pound is quoted wholesale in the tenement house purchasers at three cents an ounce, the quantity in which they usually buy it, making it forty-eight cents a pound. Butter for which they pay ten and eleven cents is to be bought by the quantity at prices varying from ten to eighteen cents a pound. Sugar for which they pay ten and eleven cents is to be purchased

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 19 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

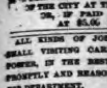
PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, A NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 33 SOMERSET STREET,

BY E. W. BOHNSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IT IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO SUBSCRIBERS IN THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, 75c. PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

Proclamation by the Governor.



In accordance with long established customs and in recognition of manifold blessings which God has vouchsafed to the people of the State during the year now drawing to a close, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate Thursday, the 28th day of November, instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and praise. I recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employment, give thanks to Almighty God for his goodness in the past and pray for a continuance of his blessings in the future.

Given under my hand and privy seal, in the city of Trenton, this sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.
Attest: ROBT. S. GREEN, Jr.,
Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—The choral society held their regular weekly rehearsal in Vincent chapel last evening.

—Over four hundred signatures have been obtained in Plainfield to a paper preferring New York as the city in which to hold the world's fair.

—One week from next Thursday will be Thanksgiving Day. A number of social entertainments are already announced to take place on that date.

—The work of putting in a new five-ton Fairbanks wagon scale at French's mills has been interrupted by the rain. The brick foundation is nearly finished.

—Turned into sleet and snow this morning's "weather" would have made a first-class blizzard. Snow was predicted for to-day north of the New York State line.

—Mr. George Kennan will relate some of his experiences in an East Siberia convict prison at Music Hall to-night. He will wear the exile costume and a pair of leg fetters.

—The trial of Patrick Muldoon for disorderly conduct and drunkenness, which has been adjourned several times, is set down for trial to-morrow before City Judge Stillman.

—The Pond Machine and Tool Works will commence to run over-time to-morrow night, resuming at seven and stopping at nine o'clock. This evidence of busy times must be very gratifying to all concerned.

—The Pastime Bowling Club of Westfield will bowl another league game with the Elizabeth Athletic Club team on the Elizabeth alleys this evening. In a former game with the Elizabethans the Pastimes were victorious.

—The meeting for children will be held in Music Hall to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock instead of the rooms of the W. C. T. U., as previously announced. Parents are invited to attend, also their teachers and scholars of the public schools.

—Grand Secretary Robert H. Alberts, of Hoboken, says that the membership in the Royal Arcanum is increasing rapidly in the State. Several new councils have been instituted since the Grand Council met and the reports of all the councils show improvement.

—Governor J. B. Thayer, of Nebraska, recently said, without fear of contradiction, that "every business man, capitalist, and merchant who invested money in the new Y. M. C. A. building at Lincoln, Nebraska, would gain in years to come fifteen to twenty per cent. upon their investment." The Y. M. C. A. need a building in Plainfield.

—The Boys' Temperance Drill Corps will hold a meeting in Hope chapel on Wednesday evening at 7:15 o'clock. It is desired that all the members attend this meeting, as business of special importance will be introduced. Any boy between nine and fifteen years of age will be welcome and may become a member of the organization by signing the pledge.

—Bro. Patriarch Edward Flook has been chosen delegate from Noah's Dove Encampment [of Odd Fellows to the Grand Encampment to be held at Trenton to-morrow, and Bro. C. W. Tallman will be the delegate from Plainfield Lodge No. 46, I. O. O. F., to the Grand Lodge, which meets on Thursday. Sister Mrs. Jacob Kriney is the delegate to the Rebecca Lodge which is in session to-day.

—The people of North Plainfield are vigorously denouncing the borough Common Council for failing to compel the owners of the Allen property to repair their sidewalk. A resolution of the Common Council informed a News reporter to-day that the owners have been notified three times by the Council to make the walk safe. The borough officials now propose to repair the walk and charge the expense to the property. It is certainly in an exceedingly deplorable and dangerous condition.

—While we believe THE NEWS is read by almost everyone in Plainfield, yet we do not claim that it is "the only newspaper in Plainfield." The so-called "only newspaper in Plainfield" is really, to the best of our knowledge, the only newspaper in the State—and should add of its kind. And of such as insignificant kind, too, that while it appeals to merchants to advertise in it, its publishers refuse to bill-board themselves. Surely, one would think the publishers ought not to object to their own medicine. The merchants seem to be very well satisfied with THE NEWS, and we know of no better medium for all to advertise in. We know read as good. We offer them the same medicine we take ourselves, and believe it beneficial all around. It costs no pains or expense are spared to make it so, and that our efforts are appreciated by the volume of business constantly increasing.

COMMITTEES PUT TO WORK.

The Temperance People to Visit Every House in the City.

The number of people present at Music Hall last night, considering the fact that it was "blue Monday," was very encouraging. At 7 o'clock Mr. Burdick met representatives from all the temperance organizations of the city, in the parlors of the Hall. It is Mr. Burdick's plan to divide the whole city and have every house visited, inviting the people to particularly to attend the meetings. The wards were divided into districts and a committee appointed with full power to canvass each district. Every man, woman and child will be asked to attend the meetings.

At the gospel temperance meeting which followed Mr. Burdick said: "We little know how much is means to the world when one person gives up a life of sin. It means much to the person reformed. All admit this. When a drinking man signs the pledge we say, 'It's a good thing for him. His wife will be happy now. His children will be benefited by his reformation.' We seldom measure the benefits further, yet the whole city is benefited. To illustrate this Mr. Burdick related the signing of the pledge and the conversion of Joe Hess, the prize fighter. He and the others came into the rink at Rochester, N. Y., where Mr. Burdick was conducting meetings. They were drunk and came to break up the meeting. Hess was touched by a description Mr. Burdick gave of a drunkard's home, and resolved to become a Christian. He signed the pledge was converted, and has been engaged in the temperance work four years. His labors have been blessed of God. During this time Mr. Hess has secured over 100,000 signers to the pledge. We only measured the good which would come to him and his family when he signed the pledge. We measure now the good the world receives by what he is doing for others. There may be some man in your city, who, if saved by the grace of God, through the influence of these meetings, will be sent out in His name to save others. Will you, my brothers, will you, my sister, go on a search for this man?"

The meeting to-night will be held in Reform Hall; to-morrow night in Music Hall.

PERSONAL.

Counsellor Van Nest, of New York, is visiting Plainfield friends.

Mr. Richmond Page, of East Front street, is dangerously ill. He is suffering from cancer.

The marriage of Mr. George Ball and Miss Ella Reynolds, both of this city, is announced to take place this month.

Miss Nellie Smith, of Dunellen, has gone to Stamford, N. Y., a village in the Catskill mountains, on a visit. She will remain there until after Thanksgiving.

—It is said that a man named Caskin, while intoxicated last evening, fell into the cellar of the new flats on Somerset street. He sustained a few slight bruises.

The Rev. Fathers Smyth and Stafford moved into their new house on West Sixth street last Saturday. They may be found there until the rectory, recently damaged by fire, is repaired.

Mr. H. C. Gaskill has resigned his situation as clerk in Mr. Eugene Runyon's store at Dunellen and will this week resume his trade, Mr. Gaskill is one of the best carpenters in this section of the State.

Messrs. William Demarest, Gilbert S. Martin, Chester Dennis and Charles Greer will go to Newark this evening as delegates from Franklin Council No. 61, Jr. O. U. A. M., of this city, to attend the second annual reception of the George H. Adams Council, No. 36, of that city. The reception will be held in Belleville avenue rink.

Unitarian Conference.

A large delegation of Plainfield people will attend the New York State Conference of Unitarian churches, which will open this evening in New York city, in the church of the Messiah, on Thirty-fourth st. The meeting will be continued to-morrow and the reading of interesting papers and the discussion of important topics will occupy the time. Rev. Edward Everett Hale's Wednesday evening two very practical subjects will be discussed, namely: "What the church can do for the neglected classes through boys' clubs," and "What the church can do for working girls." Everybody will be welcome at the conference.

Was the Rig Stolen?

On Saturday evening Chief Carey noticed a horse and carriage standing near a tie post at the corner of Park avenue and Second street. The rig was left there, the horse unblanketed, from 6 o'clock until after midnight. The air was cold and the poor animal shivered in the chilling wind. The chief ordered Policeman Flanagan to take the turnout to a livery stable, where it now is. No one has claimed it. The chief thinks that the rig was stolen and then abandoned. It undoubtedly came from some distance, as the buggy was covered with mud.

Jailed.

On Sunday Marshal McDonald took Charles Williams to the county jail at Somerville to serve a thirty days' sentence imposed by Mayor Cooley. Williams had been charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct in the borough.

This morning the same officer took Hugh Laslag, a chum of Williams, to the same institution for a like number of days for a similar offense.

—Mechanical Drawing Class at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night.

—For ten years past a Philadelphia concern, printing the cheapest of literature, has been making offers of novels at one cent each to newspapers to use to obtain subscribers into the idea that they were really getting something for nothing. The offers of the stuff have been made to THE NEWS for the past five years, and declined. Such offers are usually stopped up, however, by publishers who find it impossible to get up a paper which will gain public support through its merit alone. Such publishers are like the drowning man catching at a straw.

NEW JERSEY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.

The Fifteenth Annual Meeting of the New Jersey Sanitary Association will be held in the State House at Trenton on Friday and Saturday of this week.

The Friday morning session will begin at 10:30, afternoon session from 2 to 5 o'clock, and evening at 7:45. Saturday morning the meeting will begin at 9 o'clock.

The object of the association is to bring together all who feel an interest in the investigation of facts and principles relating to public and personal hygiene, and who desire to diffuse among the people such information as will secure deliverance from avoidable causes of disease.

The State, with its chain of cities, with intimate relation to tide water, and with its rapid growth, is second to none in its need of intelligent information, in order that changes in soil and water-course, rapid construction of towns, and the crowding of population may be met intelligently to the average health. The organization of over two hundred Health Boards, the reorganization of others, the sanitary survey and mapping of some of our cities and the formation of local health associations make such an annual gathering as this of the greatest importance to every section.

The Governor of the State and all mayors of cities are ex-officio members. City and county superintendents of schools and editors are cordially invited to attend as members. All local Boards of Health, medical, or pharmaceutical societies, and all associations, clubs or societies are also entitled to representation. Any citizen may become a member of the State Association on application to the secretary or any member of the Executive Council on the day of meeting. The membership fee is one dollar per annum, payable in advance.

It is desired to bring together for consultation and discussion all those who are impressed with the claims of sanitary science and the evils that we suffer from the prevalent neglect or ignorance of sanitary precaution.

By an arrangement between this association and the State Board of Health, a part of the annual meeting is devoted to such special subjects as relate to the work of local Boards of Health. Every local Board should have present at this meeting its assessor, physician, inspector or some other active member. The information secured for the benefit of each locality far more than compensates for the small expense. It is the request of the State Board that every local Board be represented. Dr. D. C. English, Secretary, Lock Box 87, New Brunswick, N. J., will furnish any other information desired.

Interesting to Firemen.

The expense of cigars should be counted among "losses by fire."

The N. S. Bean house in Manchester, N. H., is supplied with a rifle range which furnishes the members with a great deal of interesting sport.

There are some people in Marblehead, Mass., as queer as that quaint old town itself. One of them in a communication to a local paper, objects to putting the water service pipes into the fire stations, because a town pump is close by one of them.

The Brooklyn Department consists of 415 officers and men. There are 19 men to each company. The fire alarm consists of 639 street boxes, 480 private boxes, and over 800 miles of wire. Thomas F. Nevins is the chief, and receives a salary of $5,000 per annum.

It is said that Chief Bonner, of New York, will make a raid on the sick list during the coming week, and find out who the fakirs are. One of the cynical members of the department says that a visit to either of the Jersey race tracks would result in discovering some of them.

A fire department enthusiast of Newark, N. J., is engaged upon an invention of a fireman's bed. He does not give any of the details at present, beyond saying that it is a contrivance which, upon the sounding of an alarm, upsets the bed and fires the fireman on the floor. It is designed for men who sleep through the alarm.

The Chicago Fire Department has for a number of years had the reputation of being the fastest department in the country. The manner in which the Chicago Department earned this title may be interesting to some. A company of colored men invented the sliding pole and for a long time did not let it get out of their company. Of course with this way of reaching the floor, this company was several minutes faster than any other, but this excited the suspicion of the other companies and after several attempts they discovered their sliding trick. It was then introduced throughout the city and the entire department increased in speed.

Union County Roads.

The Elizabeth Journal remarks that, according to current reports, the work on the county roads is progressing rapidly, and a week or two more of even moderately good weather will see the end in sight. It is advanced that the rest of the work can be done during the Winter. It is said that the inspector on the Rahway avenue road is doing his work admirably, and that the contractors are laying the best roads they ever built in this part of the State. The Westfield spur, under the inspection of Mr. D. C. Crane, of Roselle, ought to be done just as well, and there is little danger that the Morris turnpike will be overlooked so long as Postmaster Doty, of Union Township, has an interest in them. A few complaints have been heard, as to the manner of laying the foundation stones, but they are not well authenticated. The prospect of having good roads next Spring ought to make every Union county man rejoice.

Thanks.

The editor of THE NEWS acknowledges the receipt of a box of Stout, Spencer & Co.'s celebrated brand of canned goods, packed in New Jersey and not New York corn, from some one, all of which are of the choicest selections of this season's pack. No epicure could conscientiously find fault with the quality of these goods.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

The vote in Burlington indicates a population of 30,000, an increase of over 3,000 over the last census.

The Medford Glass Works, which have been idle for twelve years, are to be operated by a company of local capitalists.

The bovine fever has broken out again in the vicinity of Hightstown. William H. Thomas's entire herd is stricken, and other minor ravages of the disease are reported.

Rose Steets, of No. 73 Webster street, who during the war disguised herself as a man and fought by her husband's side in the Eighth New Jersey Volunteers, was committed to jail for stealing a pocketbook yesterday in Newark.

A combination of grocers has been formed at New Brunswick for the evident purpose of raising breadstuff prices. The people threaten that if prices be not reduced they will boycott the combination and combine for the establishment of a cut-rate grocery, where their wants can be more cheaply supplied.

The farmers of Warren and Sussex counties have organized vigilant committees for the protection of property against fire fiends. Men will be employed to watch property, and the origin of all fires will be rigidly investigated. Thousands of dollars' worth of property has recently been destroyed in the two counties by incendiary fires.

A company consisting largely of Philadelphia capitalists has been organized for the construction of a railroad through Wenjoy, in Camden County, to Sea Isle City situated on the shore in Cape May County, not far below Atlantic City, to be called The Philadelphia and Sea Shore Railway. The new road will be thirty-five miles long.

The official returns filed with Secretary of State Kelsey show that the total vote cast in the State for Leon Abbett for Governor was 138,410; for Geo. Grubb 134,168, and for Le Moine 6,995. The total vote was 50,000 more than in 1886, and 30,000 less than in 1888. Abbett's majority is the highest ever given in the State, except that for Parker in 1865.

How to Advertise Effectually.

As it is known that the most successful business men are the greatest advertisers, so it is a fact that all successful advertisers are firm believers in the newspapers—believers not only in its effectiveness but its cheapness. —Reading (Pa.) Eagle.

The experience of men who have made advertising a study, and have profited by it because it has been done methodically and with distinct ends in view, is that the very best plan, and one that is productive of the best results, is to keep well worded, catchy advertisements running throughout the year, and as often as a new line, a novelty or a new idea appears in stock change the "ad" and let the world know all about it.—Guyer's Visitoner.

It is easy to show that a three-inch advertisement by the year will cost much less per thousand for its circulation than any method of distributing circulars. If a tradesman could get the circulars free he could not get them before the public for twice the price that his advertisement costs him. Circulars have their use, and there is no argument against their value, but a simple comparison shows the extraordinary advantage which the newspaper affords the advertiser.—Rome Sentinel.

Where is the advantage of selecting particularly cheap, or offering especially great bargains, if the people are not made aware of them? It is folly to argue, as some merchants do, that the cheapness of their wares is their best advertisement—that the people will die for bargains through a display of the goods. It is true that the regular weekly or monthly customers may observe these goods, but does any business man want to confine his sales to his present regular patrons?—Reading Ps. Eagle.

"The Brigands."

The Carleton Opera Company will appear at Music Hall next Thursday in New York's latest comic operatic success, "The Brigands." The cast includes many well-known comic opera stagers, and with characteristic costuming and scenery, promises a successful and entertaining evening of light opera. The music of the opera is of the catchy order, and is somewhat of the character of "Erminie." Miss Alice Carle takes the role of "Fiametta," the Brigand Chief's daughter. The part fits her to perfection. Tickets are now on sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1. Friday	32	36	34
2. Saturday	34	40	36
3. Sunday	36	42	38
4. Monday	38	44	40
5. Tuesday	40	46	42
6. Wednesday	42	48	44
7. Thursday	44	50	46
8. Friday	46	52	48
9. Saturday	48	54	50
10. Sunday	50	56	52
11. Monday	52	58	54
12. Tuesday	54	60	56
13. Wednesday	56	62	58
14. Thursday	58	64	60
15. Friday	60	66	62
16. Saturday	62	68	64
17. Sunday	64	70	66
18. Monday	66	72	68

SCHOOL BOOKS

New and Second hand. School Supplies.

Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at

ALLEN,
The Stationer,
32 EAST FRONT STREET.

Valuable Dwelling Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 62 East Front street, also recently occupied by Henry C. Leggett, is now for sale. Apply to W. C. Bodine, No. 1 East Front street. n18-1-1w

A Lively Railroad War.

A few years ago the Central road run a spur, about five miles in length, from the White House, a few stations west of Somerville, over to New Germantown. They had scarcely more than got this running when they began pushing still further north, towards Pottersville. To this latter place of road they are now working, and the intention is to run this branch road on to Peapack, in Somerset county, thence over to Meadham, in Morris county, and thence to Morristown, tapping that rich country and taking away much of the trade now held by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

But the latter company is playing a kind of bluff game. They have control of a road which starts at Summit, in Union county, runs to Basking Ridge and now terminates at Bernardsville. From the latter place to Peapack is less than ten miles, and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western people are building a road to that place, in order to cut off the Central railroad company from their route to Morristown.

How far the latter will end is not yet known, as both companies are energetically working. It is well known that the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company are arbitrary, unaccommodating and very cordially disliked, and the report is that the capitalists of Morristown are interested in having the Central push its plans as already suggested. The districts proposed to be tapped by the Central is a rich agricultural country, and would prove profitable if the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western did not succeed in reaching it in such a way as to prevent the Central from completing their design. If the Delaware Lackawanna and Western gets to Peapack and cuts down prices, transporting passengers and produce, it will be good for the people. In either case the citizens are likely to be more or less benefited, but the popular feeling is decidedly against the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, because it is believed that their plan is simply one of the dog-in-the-manger kind.

Contesting Convery's Election.

A lively contest will take place in the Middlesex County Court on Dec. 3d over the alleged fraud in the first poll of the Sixth Ward in New Brunswick whereby John H. Conger, the Republican nominee, claims to have lost his election for County Clerk. It is asserted that during the noon hour on election day the ballot box at this poll was rifled of its contents and other ballots substituted. The returns gave Conger 100 votes, whereas 160 persons have since made affidavits that they voted for Conger, while fifty others who have not made affidavits are also said to have voted the Republican ticket.

His Skull Fractured.

James Packingham, the driver of the horse car wrecked at the East Jersey street crossing of the Long Branch Railroad at Elizabeth on Saturday morning, is in a critical condition. Dr. Mack, the attending surgeon, says that he has symptoms of a fractured skull. Yesterday he had considerable pain, high fever, and fluid from his ear. The fracture cannot be discovered externally, but from these symptoms the physicians, a consultation having been held, assert that the base of his skull is undoubtedly fractured. His condition at noon yesterday had not favorably changed, and there is danger of meningitis. If that can be prevented Packingham may recover.

Give Credit Where Due.

Our esteemed contemporary, The Elizabeth Herald, usually accurate in its reports concerning local happenings, has lately been a little mixed in spelling Plainfield items. It has given THE NEWS credit for matter that never appeared in these columns, while really important information has been culled from this paper and credit given to other Plainfield publications.

—Mr. Herman Weber is erecting a three story brick building at the corner of Third and Liberty streets.

Cent-a-Word Column.

FOR SALE—A full-blooded St. Bernard dog. Three months old. Call at 23 Plainfield avenue.

SQUARE piano to let. Terms, $3 per month. 76 Grandview avenue. 10-17-6t*

WANTED—A competent laundress and chamber girl. Good wages guaranteed. Apply to Mrs. H. G. Hamlin, 61 West Eighth street. 19-2*

WANTED—People to drink the Tiffin B. Tea. For sale by Barkalew & Dunn, grocers North avenue. 11-1-tf

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Thursday, Nov. 21st.
The Musical Event of the Season.
A COMPANY OF SIXTY ARTISTS.
THE CARLETON OPERA COMPANY,
In the great New York Success, Offenbach's Sparkling Opera,
The Brigands!
Entirely New Scenery! Gorgeous Costumes. A most Perfect Opera Organization. Prices 75, 50, 75, 25, according to location. The Plan opens Monday, at Miller's and Randolph's Drug Stores.

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GILMAN FARM
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. As usual, my leaders are Tiger Tomatoes, Sugar Corn and Tomato Catsup, in stock at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

DO YOU KNOW!
What the Special Inducements are that are Now Being Offered in
DRESS GOODS
AT
Edsall's, 20 West Front St., Edsall's.
The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first-class dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

THAT COLD WAVE
OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT, THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVEN'T A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMBS WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.

DOANE & Van ARSDALE'S
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS. Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 5 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR
75 Cts per bushel
IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF
R. W. RICE & Co.
GROCERS,
Duer and Emily Sts.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

FOR
Muhlenberg Hospital
LECTURE BY
GEORGE KENNAN,
The Siberian Traveler. Subject:
AN EAST SIBERIA CONVICT MINE.
MUSIC HALL,
Tuesday, Nov. 19th,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.
Reserved Seats—$1, 75 and 50. For sale at Randolph's and Miller's drug stores.

Keep out the Cold
By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best place to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.
JAMES HARDY, Prop.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
and
Ice Cream Dealer,
24 NORTH AVENUE

THE BEST.
Stout, Spencer & Co.'s
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Celebrated Proprietary Brands of Canned Goods. New Jersey Tomatoes, New York Corn, Lima Beans, Fancy String Beans, Succotash, Extra Sifted Marrowfat, Early June and
Early Garden Peas,
are the BEST of their kinds, in the universal opinion of all who have used them in the past, and this season's pack we think the finest yet offered, every former season of which we have packed. Every can guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to the consumer, or money refunded. For sale by the Grocers of Plainfield. 11-15-1-1-6w

TAXATION.
OFFICIAL NOTICE.
The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation for the City of Plainfield will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in November, the 26th inst., from 9 o'clock a. m. until 3 o'clock p. m., and on the following Wednesday, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m., to decide on all cases submitted to them.
BY ORDER OF
CLEARING VREDENBURGH,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
E. MACDONALD,
Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 11 1889. 11-14

DON'T you want a stove good and cheap? We have them from $5 to $25 for heating. Cooking Stoves from $9 to $25. Lamps for latest and best styles. Hanging Lamps $1 80 to $12. Hardware Cheap.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,
No. 29 West Front Street.

CLEANLINESS
without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOAP in the city by long odds.
AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.
Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. P... cake.
OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of D. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.
E. W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-13-1m

SATURDAY,
Oct. 16th,
All This Week.
J. P. LAIRE & Co.
will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,
BY W. HOSKING, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THIS CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.50 PER YEAR.

Our leather manufacturers export from this country $10,000,000 worth of their goods every year. In their judgment there is indeed "nothing like leather."

The electric light on the Eiffel tower is visible at Orleans, sixty-nine and a half miles away.

Our Agriculture.

The first report since the bureau of agriculture has been raised to a cabinet place partakes of the dignity of the situation. Our government does not appropriate more than a paltry sum for the improvement of agriculture, the report says. It is a sum in no way commensurate with our position as the greatest agricultural nation on earth, and nothing to compare with the amount spent for agricultural advancement by other countries.

The secretary asks for $1,839,000 for the expenses of his bureau next year. He reminds us that England appropriates annually $1,500,000 for agriculture; Germany, $2,850,000; Austria, more than $4,000,000; France, $8,000,000, and Brazil, $30,000,000 for agriculture and mines.

Sugar is a subject that has always interested Mr. Rusk, and he gives space to a report of the progress made in the last year in converting sorghum molasses into sugar. The original farmer called it sour gum when it was first introduced from China. Southern Kansas and adjacent parts of the Indian Territory have been found admirably adapted to produce sorghum sugar. On the Pacific coast and in some parts of the northern states a very rich saccharine beet can be grown, resembling that from which France and some other nations obtain sugar. So that, unless the sugar trust lays its octopus clutches on the whole United States, between sorghum, cane and beet, we shall be likely at some time soon to raise all the sweetening we need at home. But the sugar trust has certainly done us up this year.

A population of 30,000,000 are supported on the farms of the United States —half the population of the country. There are 5,000,000 farms and they grow annually $4,000,000,000 worth of products. The value of the live stock alone in the Union would pay the national debt almost twice over, it being $3,507,000,000. What other nation on the globe can tell such a story as that? Verily we have a great country. Let us be true to it.

The report closes with this fine bit of wording:

"The great nations of Europe retain every acre to make hundreds of men. Let it be the glory of the American people to make science the handmaid of agriculture.

Nicholas Paine Gilman has made a valuable contribution to literature of the labor question in a book called "Profit Sharing between Employer and Employe." It illustrates the principle laid down by Professor Jevons—the best trade union is the union of employer and employe. From government reports and from information obtained privately, both from workmen and manufacturers, Mr. Gilman has gathered a large mass of facts throwing light impartially on this great question. For it is a great question. A powerful movement in favor of profit sharing between capital and labor has started simultaneously in Great Britain, in the United States, in Germany and in France. So that it seems likely we shall find out ere long just what the result of such profit sharing will be.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat, usually one of the most logical of journals, says that the acknowledged ability of the young negro student who has been chosen class orator at Harvard, proves nothing at all as to the powers of the colored race. Because one negro is intellectual is no sign that the rest are. Wrong, quite wrong, friend. Morgan at Harvard shows what one negro has done. What one has done, others may do at any time. If one specimen of a race, tribe, or animal, accomplishes something unusual, that fact shows the possibilities of the whole. This is logic.

In addition to rescuing Emin Bey, Stanley has made an important geographical discovery on this his third journey to the Albert Nyanza, or lake. He finds that the waters of the lake Muta Nzige, on the southern border of Usongora, flow into the Albert Nyanza. The English call Muta Nzige the Albert Edward Nyanza. The Albert Edward Nyanza is 900 feet higher than the Albert Nyanza, and, flowing into it, then becomes the true source of the southwest branch of the White Nile. The Victoria Nyanza is the source of the southeast branch.

The farmers of the northwest seem to be as good as their word in taking their affairs into their own hands. They are preparing to slaughter and pack their own live stock in an immense establishment in Lincoln, Neb. The packing house will cost from $60,000 to $80,000, and the plans for its construction are already made out. There will be $40,000 subscribed to set the work on its feet. The enterprise is a co-operative one. One peculiarity is that the stock is non-assignable.

[MORNING NEWS.]

UNITED STATES NO. TWO.

The Name That Was Given the New Republic.

CONFIRMED AT WASHINGTON.

The Brazilian Minister Has Been Notified—What the London and Paris Journals Think of the Change in Brazil's Form of Government.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 19.—The republic is securely established, and practically without bloodshed and with very little disorder. It was proclaimed at both Bahia and Pernambuco without opposition. All is quiet in those cities, though business is at a standstill. After the first excitement caused by the declaration of the army and navy in favor of a republic perfect order was maintained. The imperial ministry retired peacefully when informed of their deposition, and the provisional cabinet was formed.

United States of Brazil.

The name adopted by the new government is the "Republic of the United States of Brazil." The new ministers have adopted the United States flag, with Brazilian colors as the national emblem.

The provisional government's first proclamation announced the abolition of royalty. The state council has also been abolished. By another decree the parliament elected a month ago, which has not yet been assembled, was dissolved. New elections will be held, when the people will declare for the form of government.

The new government has announced that it will firmly maintain order. It is preparing a circular to foreign governments relative to the recognition of the republic. The circular will be telegraphed to the Brazilian representatives abroad for presentation to the various governments. News from all the provinces received to-day is said to be in favor of a republican form of government.

How Dom Pedro Was Informed.

On the morning of the revolution the city awoke to hear the proclamation of the republic of the United States of Brazil. Senhors Fonseca, Constant and others proceeded to Petropolis on Friday morning and informed the emperor that he was dethroned. Dom Pedro was calm and dignified and listened quietly to what his visitors had to say. Senhor Fonseca acted as spokesman and said:

Senhor Fonseca's Speech.

"Brazil has advanced in civilization enough to dispense with monarchy. The country is grateful for the emperor's patriotism, but has insisted on a republic."

The Emperor's Reply.

Dom Pedro replied with dignity, declining to abdicate. He would yield to force, but would not renounce the throne voluntarily. The imperial family were allowed only one hour to prepare for departure. A man-of-war was ready, with steam up, to take them off, and the captain received his instructions as soon as the emperor and his party were on board. Before informing the captain of his route were sealed, but it is supposed his destination is Lisbon.

The Government Decree.

The five articles of the government decree are:

First—The republic is proclaimed.

Second—The provinces of Brazil, united by federation, compose the United States of Brazil.

Third—Each state will form its own local government.

Fourth—Each state will send a representative to the congress which will convene shortly and the final decision of which the provisional government will await.

Fifth—The provisional governors of the states will adopt means to maintain order and protect the citizens' rights.

The nation's internal and external relations will be maintained meanwhile by the provisional government.

Confirmed at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Senor Valente, the Brazilian minister, last evening received two dispatches from Rio de Janeiro, fully confirming the long-looked-for news of *the overthrow of Dom Pedro II. One of the* dispatches came from Rocayuva, the new minister of foreign affairs, and merely announced the establishment of a republic and the organization of the provisional republican government. The other, from Minister of War Constant, announced the establishment of the provisional government, the formation of the new cabinet and also that the dethroned emperor had been directed to leave the country. Everything in Rio, the dispatch stated, was quiet. When asked to do so Senor Valente declined to state whether he had been requested to resign or whether he intended to resign, merely stating that his resignation was a matter for future consideration.

Naval Men Not Surprised.

Naval officers are not surprised at the news of the overthrow of the monarchy in Brazil. Admiral Ramsay, chief of the bureau of navigation, says that twenty years ago, when he was in Brazil, there was a general feeling that when Dom Pedro's reign ended a republican form of government would be instituted. Lieut. Barry, who only recently returned from Brazil, says that the change which has taken place was openly talked of among Brazilians as probable to occur, and they expected it at any time. To the people of Brazil, he said, it could not appear to have been sudden.

The News in London.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Brazilian legation received a cablegram from the new minister of finance, requesting that notice be given to the Dutch Republic that the loan and other engagements of the empire will be faithfully observed by the republic. Despite this assurance, however, Brazilian securities have declined 10 per cent. to-day, and it is with great difficulty that purchasers can be found for them. Commercial cablegrams from Rio de Janeiro are unrestricted and undelayed, with all telegrams of a political nature subjected to censorship. The large holders of Brazilian securities here generally refuse to sell their holdings for fear of precipitating a panic.

Other Press Opinions.

The London and continental press generally express doubts of the stability of the new republic.

The London Standard expresses its belief that a reign of anarchy will ensue when the full import of the enormity of the change which has taken place in the form of government upon the minds of the people, and calls attention to the fruitful field opened to agitators of all of the various heresies extant in Europe and the consequent opportunity for persons for the purpose of checking the march of civilization and compelling its reversion.

The Paris Liberte confidently expects the restoration of Dom Pedro's government within a short time. The removal of the emperor, it believes, destroys the keystone of the arch of the sovereignty of the nation, and places it in a position from which it is sure to lapse into anarchy.

The Thunderer's Views.

The London Times is more conservative in its views, but thinks that the various conflicting interests in the Brazilian states and provinces concerning the public debt must necessarily give rise to complications which will result in heavy losses to the country's creditors, while there is also the possibility to be confronted that Germany and Spain will interfere in the rearrangement of matters, if they do not go so far as to attempt the re-establishment of the empire.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The St. James' Gazette refers to the enormous amount of English capital invested in Brazil, and remarks that the action that Lord Salisbury will in all probability warn the powers, including the United States, not to molest the new republic. The Monroe doctrine, it says, affords a great deal of food for amusement to American politicians, but they must not lose sight of the fact that England has a "Monroe doctrine" of her own, which is not altogether a matter of theory.

A Letter From Grover Cleveland.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 19.—Last week John H. Page, secretary of the Bandanna club, a Democratic organization of this city, wrote to the secretary of war to ex-President Cleveland a letter concerning the action of the club with reference to him, and this morning received the following acknowledgment:

NEW YORK, Nov. 15, 1889.

JOHN H. PAGE, Esq., Secretary, etc.:

MY DEAR SIR—I have been favored by the note which I have just received from you conveying a report of the Bandanna Democratic club of Louisville, whereby, in its haste, the honor conferred by my election as an honorary member of that organization. The best compliment I can pay the members of the club is to approval of good people. If I have gained that, and, in addition, have succeeded in giving to the political controversy incident to life and activity, I am content.

I hope that I shall not appear unappreciative if I remind the members of the club that my conduct is still further presenting to the people the wisdom and beneficence of the party's principles, rather than the exploitation of the claims of any individual. I am glad, however, to see that the club has such warm appreciation of the services of my political chief as governor-elect, and of his services to the cause of Democracy. Yours, very truly,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Large China Works Destroyed.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Nov. 19.—Knowles, Taylor & Knowles' china works, the largest in the United States, were totally destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock last evening. The loss will probably reach $300,000. Insurance is more than $100,000. The fire was started by an explosion in the packing rooms. A plumber was repairing a leaking gas main, when in some manner the escaping gas ignited. The explosion followed. Several adjoining dwellings were destroyed. Three hundred workmen will be thrown out of employment. A workman by the name of Donohue had his arm so badly broken by the explosion that he will have to amputate it. Several other minor accidents are reported, as many of the employes were compelled to jump from the windows to escape.

Victory for the Southern Pacific.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 19.—In the suit of the Texas and Pacific Railway company against the Southern Pacific Railway company to enforce a contract made between the two companies on Nov. 26, 1881, and to recover $456,577 of the earnings of the latter company claimed to be due the former company under said agreement, the supreme court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in favor of the defendant, on the ground that *the contract was against public policy, being* in restraint of competition, and therefore the courts will not enforce it. The suit involved the rival Huntington and Gould interests, several railroads being interested on each side besides the two named as plaintiff and defendant.

Fiendish Work of Train Wreckers.

ST. THOMAS, Ont., Nov. 19.—An east bound freight train on the Michigan Central railroad was ditched at Havensville, owing to a switch having been designedly misplaced by unknown parties. The engine was turned upside down, burying Engineer Reardon, his fireman and Brakeman Murray in the ruins. Reardon is badly injured. Murray is hurt internally. Seventeen loaded cars were completely wrecked, over 100 head of sheep killed, and the track so badly torn up that nine hours were required to clear the wreck. A reward of $500 has been offered by the company for the arrest of the wreckers.

Paper Makers Disagree.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 19.—The conference of paper makers appointed to be held at the Monadnock house on Thursday is not likely to be a harmonious meeting. The project of cutting down the production originated with the leading mills, and many men are quite willing to go into it if all will agree on some policy to bring relief. It is thought that instead of ceasing to manufacture altogether, the new agreement will be made to run the mills on half time.

After the Spanish Consul.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Nov. 19.—Governor Fleming has forwarded to Secretary Blaine the report of the Key West board of trade, charging the Spanish consul at Key West with fomenting the cigar making labor strikes of the cigarmakers at that place. The governor requests the secretary to take such action as may seem to him necessary to the people of Key West of the trouble complained of.

Blowing at Costa Rica.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The purser of the steamer Alvina, which has just arrived from Central American ports, says that the recent presidential election in Costa Rica, which resulted in a victory for Rodriguez by a small majority, was causing serious trouble there. His opponent's friends demanded a recount of the votes. The result was a riot and a raid at Port Limon, and six persons were shot during the stay of the steamer there.

The Troy Election Trouble.

TROY, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Judge Edwards has rendered a decision in the election cases in this city. He has decided that the inspectors must sign the returns, and that it is duties of the inspectors to be maintained. He has also granted an order to the board of county canvassers to show cause why the ballots counted should not be thrown out on account of illegality in the senatorial count.

Allen Myers' Mission.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 19.—Allen O. Myers has published a card denying the recent statement that he is a candidate for United States senator. He says that he would rather serve his unfinished term in jail than be a member of the United States senate in the present one. He says that his mission is to send one or more of Ohio's millionaires to the penitentiary.

He Died in His Berth.

ALTOONA, Pa., Nov. 19.—Rev. Frank Rodgers, of Orange, N. J., who had been in Colorado for his health and was returning home, died in his berth on the Atlantic express just before reaching here yesterday.

A Fire at Lockport.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The cotton mill of Van Dusen & Stevens was burned. The mill and machinery were totally destroyed. Loss, $10,000; insurance $6,500.

A STRUGGLE FOR ALIBIS.

Two Men Who Look Like Coughlin and Kunze.

DETECTIVE WHELAN'S TESTIMONY.

With the Exception of Half an Hour at a Time He Saw Coughlin Repeatedly Between 8 and 10 P. M., May 4—The White Horse Driver.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The defense in the Cronin case has begun its attempt to explain away the evidence against the accused men. One of the first and most important witnesses thus far examined was Peter Koch who lives near the Carlson cottage. Koch said he introduced the then Detective Coughlin to Kunze last April, at the former's request. The officer, saying he was from the Chicago papers, which Kunze claimed to have, relating to the fight between the whisky trust and the Shufeldt distillery and the attempt to blow up the distillery with dynamite. Coughlin took Kunze away and got him badly intoxicated. Koch said he saw Coughlin and Coughlin search Kunze's pockets and took a letter from Secretary Burroughs, of the whisky trust, and a telegram from Thomas Lynch, of the Shufeldt distillery. Kunze afterwards said he would not have lost the papers for $1,000, but also said he had a more valuable paper, which Coughlin did not get.

An Unwilling Witness.

Capt. Schaack was recalled but refused to give his notes of the description given him by Dinan of the man who had fired the white horse on the ground that they were his private property. The captain was excused. One of the jurors asked to be excused because of illness, and some become choleric. He denied that his first statements regarding what he had been told by Mrs. Conklin and Dinan differed from his last, and his evidence was of but little benefit to the defense.

Coughlin's Double on the Stand.

James Hyland, a laborer, swore that on Sunday night, May 5, he and his cousin Dominick, called at O'Sullivan's saloon at 9 o'clock. Coughlin was not there and had several glasses of wine. The witness greatly resembled Coughlin, and the purpose of the testimony was to show that it was Sunday night and that one Coughlin was not in the saloon by the witness Nieman, and that *the men he took for Coughlin and Kunze were* the Hylands. Jeremiah Hyland swore the next time he saw Coughlin he was substantially the same as that given by his cousin, the preceding witness. Kunze was called to the stand by the defense to afford the jury an opportunity of noticing the likeness between the two men. On cross-examination witness said that last week when he read it in the papers was the first time he remembered being in the saloon mentioned, and he had not been in it since May 5, except that night.

An Alibi for Coughlin.

Mike Whelan, the ex-detective and partner of Dan Coughlin, was next called, and he testified that on the night of May 4 (Saturday) he was on the Chicago & Northwestern station from 8 o'clock until 12 midnight. From 8 to 10 witness saw Coughlin several times, and at no time until the last hour was he out of witness' sight or ear for six minutes or more than half an hour. Witness, Coughlin and Sergt. Stift went into Glessen's saloon and had a drink. He was positive as to the time, as he had just attended the funeral of an old friend and in the evening he learned of the promotion of Lieut. Brennan to be secretary of police. On cross-examination Whelan said he did not tell the coroner's jury that the last time he saw Coughlin on the night of May 4 was 7 o'clock. On the contrary, he was with the latter from 8 o'clock until nearly 12 p. m. Witness said that he and Coughlin were sent to search for Smith on May 7. While out Coughlin stopped and talked with a man from Lake Forest, subsequently told that it was Smith, the driver of the white horse. Why Coughlin did not arrest Smith witness could not tell. Witness was suspended from the force on May 25, the day of Coughlin's arrest.

Whelan's Two Stories.

"Did you not on the night you were suspended appear before Hubbard, chief of police, Corporation Counsel Hutchinson, Capt. Schuettler and Attorney Hynes and say you did not know where Coughlin was on the night of May 4?" asked the state's attorney. Witness said he never told anybody any such thing. The state on rebuttal will put the mayor and others on the stand to contradict the last statement.

A Poser of a Question.

"When you and Coughlin saw Smith why didn't you arrest him?"

"Because we understood he wasn't wanted."

"Then why were you looking for him?"

Witness tried to explain that he understood Smith was not wanted, but the effort was a very lame one.

Capt. Stift testified to having seen Coughlin about the station between 9 and 10 o'clock on the night of May 4 with Whelan, and that he took a drink with the two detectives. When on cross-examination he acknowledged that he said nothing about this evidence to any one but Capt. Schaack, and that was during the last days of June. At the conclusion of Stift's examination court adjourned.

A Whole Family Murdered.

ROME, Nov. 19.—The dead bodies of a family consisting of father and mother and three sons were found in an unused well near Vergelli. The bodies, living in this vicinity have been arrested on suspicion of having committed the murder, and it is generally believed that the murdered ones are victims of a vendetta.

Citizen Train Lecturing.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 19.—George Francis Train, who is registered at a hotel here as from "Hell Gate, Cosmopolis," will, it is said, address the students of Yale during his stay here.

Mysteriously Shot.

DENBY LIDE, Va., Nov. 19.—Charles Calkins, a blacksmith living near here, was shot three times by an unknown person while alone in his house. He is still alive, but cannot recover. He was seen the previous night in company with one William Blanchard, of Charleston, Va.

Two Men Killed.

GENEVA, N. Y., Nov. 19.—A man named Dunn and an unknown companion, while standing on the Lehigh valley tracks, was struck by the Fall Brook express about 7 o'clock p. m. Both men were killed.

A Fire at Lockport.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 19.—The cotton mill of Van Dusen & Stevens was burned. The mill and machinery were totally destroyed. Loss, $10,000; insurance $6,500.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fresh Tips from the Wires Carefully Culled.

The "Tyre Point" Woolen mills, operated by *Messrs. Syrrance & Birkhead*, North Fifth street, Camden, N. J., were destroyed by fire. Loss, $100,000; insured.

The corner stone of St. Aloysius' Roman Catholic church of Pottstown, Pa., was laid in the presence of over 5,000 people, and that of St. Francis', at Lenni, in the presence of over 2,000.

Mark King, who kicked his wife to death at Hazleton, Pa., has been convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to six years and four months' imprisonment.

Dockmaster Charles H. Thompson, of New York, who recently resigned, is dead.

Masterson, Hall & Co., whose sash mill at Montgomery, Pa., was set on fire by spark from a passing Railroad locomotive and burned, has obtained a verdict against the company for $29,500.

Holmby, the "lone highwayman," has been convicted of *manslaughter for life for* the killing of A. G. Fleischbein.

Naval Cadet G. W. Kirke, of the cruiser Boston while endeavoring to join his ship, was run down by a boat's crew and drowned by the steamer George Starr.

Boston Republicans have nominated Thomas N. Hart for mayor.

H. V. Phillips, city editor of the Carthage (Mo.) Democrat, committed suicide by pistol when it went off and killed him.

O'Sullivan, of Cronin fame, has been expelled from the Ancient Order of Foresters.

R. S. Barrett, a Cleveland (Ohio) dealer, has gone to Canada leaving $90,000 in debts.

It is thought W. J. Arkell's proposition to pay $100,000 a year for advertising on the back of postage stamps will be rejected.

Rev. P. E. Quigley, D. D., who was deposed from the pastorate of St. Francis de Sales church in Toledo by Bishop Gilmour, has, upon appeal to Rome, been restored.

Pat Killen says he will challenge Dominick McCaffery in a finish fight, but he is very anxious to meet him in any way McCaffery will consent to.

A man named Engel shot Sophia Hoth, a printer at St. Louis, Mo., on Sunday night, then shot himself. Both died instantly.

While four boys were rabbit hunting near Atlanta, Ind., 14-year-old J. N. Orr had his head blown off by the accidental discharge of a gun.

Lewis C. Cassidy, attorney general of Pennsylvania under Governor Pattison, is dead, at his home in Philadelphia.

The Pittsburg Times has secured the affidavits of Charles Ford and Bernard Gaffney, two of the English glass workers brought to Jeannette. *Both men swear they came* under contract.

A dispatch from Zanzibar reports the burning of the camp of Lieut. Ruck, of Dr. Peter's expedition, by the natives.

It is announced that the Pope will receive Gen. W. J. Timmons, the British special envoy, with the fullest state ceremony.

Knights on the Land Question.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 19.—The Knights of Labor session to-day discussed the land question. The following resolution was adopted and will appear as the fourth article in the declaration of principles: "That the land, including all the natural sources of wealth, is the heritage of all the people and should not be subject to speculative traffic. Occupancy and use should be the only title to possession, and that the right to the soil should *be levied upon its value for use, exclusive of* improvements." There was practically no opposition to this resolution. The committee on laws, consisting of Mr. Powderly and R. R. Wright, was appointed to meet with the farmers in St. Louis, Dec. 3. A resolution, recently urging that a bureau of eleventh census statistics covering mortgages on houses and farms be collected. After a long debate on the question of allowing the Knights of Labor to take part in politics, it was resolved that the general executive board be given power to take the report of the committee on legislation, examine it in detail, and report to the general assembly, from time to time such information as will be of benefit to them in voting for the different candidates for legislative honors, and also to recommend to the order such action as they may deem wise.

An Heiress Abducted.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—Miss Alice Jackman was abducted by a mysterious party in front of the residence of W. H. Brouthers, in the fashionable quarter near Lafayette park. She was about to enter a carriage with Mr. Brouthers, when she was seized by two men and hurried into a carriage and rapidly driven away. Miss Jackman is the niece of John G. Taylor, of the Richardson-Taylor commission house, and is of large amount. She left the home of her guardian, Mr. Taylor, about three months ago, and went to the Brouthers to live. Mr. Taylor and Mr. Brouthers say they have nothing to do with the kidnapping. The girl is still missing, with no clew to her whereabouts.

A Virginia Exodus to Manitoba.

TORONTO, Nov. 19.—A. I. McMillan, Manitoba government agent here, reports that quite a colony of Virginians from near Harrisville are preparing to move into Manitoba, where they will engage in farming. Among them are several wealthy tobacco planters, who have bought land and will move next spring. They will take 100 families hands with them. Owing to the failure of crops for several years past it became imperative for Virginians to look for new homes, and delegates having visited several western states and Manitoba to find suitable location, reported in favor of the latter.

A Miners' Convention Called.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 19.—An important convention of miners has been called for Dec. 18. Representatives from six states will be present. The meeting is called to consider the grievances having existed several western states and Manitoba to find suitable by the operators and hours of labor will be among the questions considered. A joint meeting of miners and operators is now being held in Massillon, and it is understood that the miners will endeavor to create a substantial defense fund.

An Orphans' Home Burned.

WATERTOWN, Mass., Nov. 19.—The stable, greenhouse and gardener's cottage of the Dorr Home estate were burned last night. Loss, $5,000; insured. The home, a fine mansion known as Sunny Bank House, and contains twenty orphans. The children were kept from panic by the judicious efforts of the matron, who is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

It Is Still Assemblyman Loder.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Edwin A. Loder (Rep.) has been declared elected assemblyman from the Third district of Monroe county by the board of canvassers. The board of canvassers of the town of Greece was not substantiated.

A Failure at Williamsburg.

WILLIAMSBURG, Pa., Nov. 19.—R. H. Johnson's dry goods store was closed by the sheriff last night. Liabilities about $50,000; assets unknown. The creditors are mostly New York firms.

FOR AFRICA'S SLAVES.

A Congress Called In Their Behalf at Brussels.

MANY NATIONS REPRESENTED.

How the Dark Continent's Darkest Evil Must Be Fought—Cruisers for the Upper Congo—The Jealousy of Civilized Nations Will Greatly Interfere.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 19.—The anti-slavery congress has opened here. The Prince de Chimay, the Belgian minister for foreign affairs, presided. The prince addressed a few words of welcome to the foreign delegates, which were responded to by the minister of the Netherlands. He congratulated the king of the Belgians on the movement upon the initiative they had taken. Baron de Lamberment, the Belgian minister of state, was unanimously appointed president of the congress. He delivered a speech in which he traced the history of the slave trade and pointed out the great duty which the powers which rendered it the duty of civilization to put a stop to that which Livingstone had designated "a monster iniquity."

Many Countries Represented.

Delegates were present on behalf of the United States, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Holland, Free State, France, Great Britain, Italy, the Netherlands, Portugal, Russia, Norway, and Sweden and Turkey.

How to Fight the Evil.

The Independence Belge publishes an important document which indicates what will be the policy of the Congo Free State at the conference and the measures which will be taken for the suppression of the slave trade. The report proposes that in order to combat the evil effectually, there will be placed on all affluents of the Upper Congo, and that the Free State be placed in a position to occupy with military forces all routes which lead from the interior of the Soudan to the sources of the Congo.

Financial Aid Asked.

The report adds that in order to accomplish this the Free State must be provided with the necessary financial resources. It is upon the Congo Free State, which is most directly in contact with the scourge, that the principal burden of the battle with the slave dealers must fall.

Jealousy in the Way.

The conference has an arduous task before it, for many selfish differences and prompt-ings to support self interests must be sunk before the powers can agree upon a plan for attaining the main object.

Each nation having commercial and territorial interests in Africa will be jealous of them, and each will probably fight against assigning to any other nation a part in the plan of abolishing the slave trade, which, through abuse, may enable it to augment unduly the field of power in fact developing the continent.

A Two Edged Sword.

Still every one lives in hope that civilization will end in some way by putting an end to petty squabbles and rivalries stand between it and its imperious duty of crushing out a barbarous practice it has itself introduced into Africa by which it is now turning against its own interests as a murderous two edged sword.

Parnell and His Mother.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Mr. Parnell is amazed at the reports of his mother's impoverished condition, and has telegraphed to Dublin to have an inquiry made immediately. In an interview last night he said that on previous occasions of pecuniary need his mother had always applied to him and obtained the sums she required. Recently she wrote to him that she expected to realize £600 on the crops gathered from her Bordentown estate, which she had leased, and requested him in expectation of an increase in value. Mr. Parnell thinks his mother's income and crops have been attached, pending the result of foreclosure proceedings. He cannot suppose, he says, that they are in any danger, as he has instructed his American bankers to guard them by necessary advances. He will write to his mother with him, but she has repeatedly refused to abandon her home in America.

Dynamite Explosion in a Jail.

JACKSON, Mich., Nov. 19.—A tremendous dynamite explosion occurred in a window lodge of the state penitentiary here at 5:30 this morning, shaking the prison to its foundations and creating a panic. The aperture made was not large enough to admit of ready escape, and promptness by the officials. Engineer Bell, of the guard house, and Three convicts, among whom was Latimer, the matricide, were found sneaking in cells, the doors of which were unlocked, and one of them threw a revolver from his cell as the guards approached.

President Harrison as a Hunter.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Eighteen as fine specimens of canvasback and redhead ducks as one has seen were exhibited at the White House. They were the result of President Harrison's marksmanship. Mr. Harrison proudly showed them to his cabinet ministers as they called, and then presented each with a brace. President Harrison is a good shot, and has become one of the finest gunners manufactured, and he knows how to use it.

Another Navassa Victim Dead.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The secretary of state is in receipt of a communication from Mr. Frederick Douglass, minister at Hayti, announcing that Samuel Michall, an American citizen and one of the refugees from the Navassa islands, died on board her majesty's steamship Forward, Nov. 12. The cause of death are said to have been a blow on the head from the butt of a gun received during the disturbances on that island.

Steps Into Mr. Porter's Editorial Shoes.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Haines D. Cunningham has succeeded to the editorship of The New York Press, rendered vacated by the appointment of Robert B. Porter as commissioner of the eleventh census. Of late years Mr. Cunningham has been the legislative correspondent of the New York Press and Tribune, and daily newspapers throughout the interior of the state. He is a veteran newspaper man.

Australia May Secede.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—It is said that Sir Henry Parkes, the premier of New South Wales, has addressed to the premiers of the other colonies in Australia an invitation to meet and consider the question of an immediate federation of the Australian colonies—a sort of United States in Australia.

Vessels Under Sail Must Be Indicate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The maritime conference has agreed upon the following amendments to rules of the sea, including one which requires steam and sail vessels when only under sail to indicate that fact by carrying a black ball at the masthead.

Canadian Laborers in Detroit.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The collector of customs at Detroit, Mich., has been making investigations concerning violations of the alien contract labor law at that port, and he has reported to the secretary of the treasury that between 300 and 500 persons residing in Windsor and other places on the Canadian side come to Detroit every day to pursue their various occupations, and he thinks that several hundred citizens of the United States are thrown out of work in consequence. The secretary has directed the collector to proceed against the persons found violating the law, and to enforcing the law. The penalty for violating the alien contract labor law is $1,000.

Claiming Ericsson's Glory.

MALDEN, Mass., Nov. 19.—Joseph W. Norcross, of Malden, formerly of East Boston, has been adjudged insane and taken to the Worcester asylum. Norcross claims that he was the original inventor of the Monitor, also of the gun turret and the screw wheel propeller, and he also says he is the original inventor of the Bessemer steel; that he was the superintendent of the building of the Rochester aqueduct and built the locks on the Erie canal. He says he never realized a cent upon his inventions as they were stolen. He recently submitted the model of a lifeboat and it is thought was driven insane by the government's refusing to adopt it.

The Pan-American Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 19.—The International American congress met at the Waldack mansion at 11 o'clock in the morning and spent two and a half hours discussing rules of procedure, time of meeting, etc. Secretary Blaine presided. He was assisted by Judge Bradley, of Kentucky, and Zegarra of Peru. No business of interest was transacted and the congress adjourned to meet again at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. William E. Curtis has been appointed general officer of the congress. He will represent Mr. Blaine in the latter's absence.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The president has made the following appointments: William M. Robertson, of Nebraska, to be register of the land office at Lincoln, Neb.; John Q. A. Bradley, of South Dakota, to be register of the land office at Aberdeen, S. D.; Clarence E. Hagar, of Colorado, to be receiver of public moneys at Denver, Colo.; Charles J. Mc-Leod, of South Dakota, to be receiver of public moneys at Aberdeen, S. D.; George V. Ayres, of South Dakota, to be receiver of public moneys at Rapid City, S. D.

Phil Armour Arrested.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Phil Armour, the millionaire pork packer, has been arrested by Sergeant-at-Arms Cassidy of the United States senate. Armour must appear before the committee of the senate investigating the dressed beef interests of the country. When the committee was inquiring into the alleged beef combine here Armour refused to appear before it, and the subpoena from the Federal senate, obtained by Senator Vest, is the result.

Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—A fire occurred in the six story iron building 626 Broadway and 156 Crosby street, in which it was extinguished Messrs Michael & Pecard lost a reporter that they had a stock of cloths on the three floors which they occupy worth $250,000, and that their loss caused by smoke and water would be about 40 per cent. of that amount. The other losses aggregate $12,000.

Weather Indications.

From partly cloudy to fair, with slight thermal changes.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests made up the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice as that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.

REWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
Earthen and woodenware of all kinds. Crockery, glass and queensware. Fine wines and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge. S. PRUCHT, No. 9 Somerset St.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and trees, shrubs and grapevines at Lindley's, Rahway Ave. and Front street, West Jersey Railroad depot, same place. 4-11-1m

Thousands in Successful use
The CELEBRATED PERFECT RANGES
WARM AIR FURNACES
HOT WATER HEATERS
MANUFACTURED BY
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.
NOS. 238 & 234 Water St. New York
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 EAST FRONT STREET,

TUNIS J. CAREY
81 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture for class Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, as you will be convinced by calling. Furniture repaired neat and promptly done.

IN THE SOUP.

From the pre-historic ages,
And from many modern pages
Comes a truism
Of slang phrases, and the greatest
Is that freshest one, and latest—
"In the soup."

People are not beat or bandied,
Never are disturbed or rattled,
None will stoop
To remark they're blue or handy,
Or discouraged—they are only
"In the soup."

No one now days eats the melons,
No fond lover, being smitten,
In the dogs
Of fake smiles that cost him dearly,
Such a man as that is merely
"In the soup."

There is now no business falling,
Like there used to be in spelling,
They don't whoop
That a bankruptcy is sailing;
They remark the man is failing
"In the soup."

If this divinely rain keeps falling
With pertinacious quite appalling
We'll all droop,
And will swim, not with the wheezes,
But where Noah left the geezers—
"In the soup."

—J. R. Smiley in Judge Haven.

An Embarrassing Situation.

There was to be company at dinner, and Bobby's mother had cautioned him to be careful of his behavior, especially to eat sparingly and always to say thank you when anything was passed to him.

The old people were rather monotonous and, perhaps, rather hungry. At all events, they kept the bonbons so busy that the former never got to himself. The little fellow grew desperate.

"Say, ma," he whispered, after a time, "how can I eat sparingly and say 'thank you' if I don't get anything?"—Binghamton Republican.

Same Thing.

Jack (impatiently)—What do you want to hear "Rats" for in that idiotic manner whenever you hear an old story?

Ned—Because I have more reason that you get "Chestnuts!" when anybody springs an old gag on you.

Jack—But there's some sense in that. There's a story connected with chestnuts—

Ned—Exactly, and there's a tail connected with rats.—Judge.

A Masculine Sense.

Mrs. Sweetly—Oh, dear! I don't have any spending money these days.

Mrs. Youngbusband—Why not?

Mrs. Sweetly—Because, every time I ask my husband for $10, he hands out "Rats" and it frightens me so I have given up asking for pin money.—Burlington Free Press.

Smart—but Old.

Landlord (to trespasser)—Go back, there! That's not the road.

Glim—Do'ee know where I be a-goin'?

Landlord—No!

Glim—Then how do'ee know this ben't the road, maister?—Judge.

The First Requisite Lacking.

Johnnie (looking admiringly at his own sapphead)—That's better writing than you can do to save your life.

Willie (examining it with pitying eye)—Yes, it's pretty good penmanship. You sign your name very well. I'm sorry for you, Johnnie, but you'll never be a great man.—Chicago Times.

Variety is the Spice of Life.

"Gnadige Frau, have you a trifle to give to spoor cripples?"

"You impertinent fellow! Why, you were here last week in the character of a blind beggar."

"Well, you see, ma'am, nowadays the public wants variety."—Deutsche Wespen.

The Last Iceman Joke of the Season.

Lady of the House—You're late today, Iceman—Yes'm; I'm arounds late today. My assistant's laid up in the hospital.

"What's the matter with him?"

"He was taking a bill into a house yesterday when the tongs slipped an' the bill fell on his leg an' broke it."—Life.

The Boy Got Square with Him.

Small Boy—I saw my sister kiss your photograph.

Smith (delighted)—When, oh, when.

Small Boy—Yesterday; she kissed it on the other side, where Charlie Smith wrote a few insulting lines to your memory.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Complaining Without Cause.

Mr. Grumpy—Why, madam, your extravagance is enough to send a man to the poor house!

Mrs. Grumpy—Hum! I can't see, then, why you've always been grumbling so because it cost you so often—to the bank.—Mumsey's Weekly.

Anything Else in Her Line?

Algernon—Dearest Emily, I cannot conceal my feelings any longer. I must tell you now that I love you. May I hope for your love in return?

Emily—Certainly. Will that be all today?—San Francisco Evening Post.

Amateur Theatricals.

Stiggs—What luck did you have with your play, last night? Many there?

Driggs—Luck? Not much. We only played to four lacrosse boys, and two of them went out after the first act.—Morris and Essex Record.

Not in Stock.

Wild Eyed Customer—Have you any goods made of silk leather or leather cloth?

Clothing Merchant—No, sir; we don't keep boys' clothing.—New York Weekly.

Posted on the Fine Points of the Trade.

Hicks—I see more delight than any other fabric in Dudley. The Dudleys are always introduced their husbands.—Tow[illegible]

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 25c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 24c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 35c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices will guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

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We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN SINDEREN & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-3-1y

E. D. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
The Veterinarian, No. 20 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence 104 West Front street.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

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WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines, Umbrella Stands, Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

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ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
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QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1667.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

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Furniture Store,

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

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Furs and Fur Trimmings.

2 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard 25 cents.
2 in. black bare trimming, lined, per yard, 35 cents.
Black bare muffs, 50c., 65c. and $1.
Robin muffs, $2.50 and $3.00.
Black Hare Boa, $1.75.
Raccoon Muffs, $2.00.
Raccoon Boa, $3.00.
Opossum Muffs, $3.00.
Opossum Boas, $5.00.
Children's fur muffs, 50 cents.
Children's coney sets, fur muff and boa to match, 60 cents.
Children's chinchilla muffs, $1.00.
Ladies' Hare Shoulder Capes, $4.50.

Louis Callman,

26 WEST FRONT STREET

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Neuralgia Convulsions, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendants for Ladies. 68 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,

SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,

Othello Ranges,

PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS.

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METAL WORKERS
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Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
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Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, &c., just received at
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32 PARK AVENUE.
Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Educational.

ELOCUTION
The Elocution in Recitation, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1060.

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Taught by Mons. Louis Vicoux and Creditor, of the Berlin School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special Attention to the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies at their residences, or at private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lesson. Terms made known on application. Address Berlin School, No. 1 West 25th street.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten and School, 49 Craig Place, near Grove Street. In each department elementary branches are carefully taught, with music, and every care is taken to make this school 100 attractive. Circulars sent on application. 6-20-4w

MRS. E. E. HARRIS,
Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony or upon the piano. Director of choral classes. The art of reading. Special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-19-2w

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Teacher of Violin, 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for concert and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 200. 6-9-1y

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Graduate of the Gymnasia of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar of the Gymnasia in Moscow, and graduate in French and German languages, Music, Drawing and Painting, Plainfield, N. J. Please address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

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Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1205.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 10 Ledrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. H. Roemp, Principal. Ida F. Roemp, Assistant.

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Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212

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Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

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City Pharmacy

You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Price from 25 cents and may injurious substances.

SAPANACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

L. W. Randolph,

Successor to Field & Randolph's
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

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Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer, Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

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We carry a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Honey Dew, B. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
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RHEUMATISM
Results in couple of days and applies the most EASY QUICKLY
Sulphur Vapor Baths

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I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKEYE, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROCKY MOUNTAIN, either in barrels or sacks. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HECKER'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.

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51 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed from any parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:37 (6:45 a.m.) 7:30 a.m. 8:45, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 11:30 p. m. Sundays, 3:37, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 11:30 p. m. Express trains, 7:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 4:00, 6:00, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sundays, 4:00, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Express trains, 8:45 a. m., 2:45 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:45, 6:49, 7:30, 8:15, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:45, 11:30 p. m. Sundays, 8:15, 8:30, 9:45, 11:30 p. m. Express trains, 7:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6:25, 7:25, 7:30, 8:25, 9:25, 10:25, 11:25 a. m., 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:25, 4:25, 5:25, 6:25, 7:25, 8:25, 9:25, 10:25, 11:25 p. m. Sundays, 8:25, 9:25, 10:25, 11:25 p. m. Express trains, 8:25 a. m., 2:25 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 8:05, 9:35, 10:35, 11:30 a. m., 2:05, 3:35, 4:35, 5:35, 6:35, 7:35, 8:35, 9:35, 10:35, 11:30 p. m. Sundays, 8:35, 9:35, 10:35, 11:30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55 a. m., 12:55, 1:55, 2:55, 3:55, 4:55, 5:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55 p. m. Sundays, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:30, 8:05, 9:35 a. m., 2:05, 4:35, 5:35 p. m. Sunday at 4:35, 8:35 a.m., 4:05, 5:35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:35 a. m., 5:35 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Kingston, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8:05 a. m.—For Lehighton, Kenzie, Hazelton, Manch Chunk, 9:35 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Kingston, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

10:35 a. m.—For Lehighton, Kenzie, Hazelton, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delano, Shenandoah, Mahanoy City, Ashland, Mount Carmel, Sunbury, Lewistown Junction, Williamsport, Renovo.

11:30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

2:05 p. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Shamokin, Delano, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Delano, Williamsport, Renovo.

4:35 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon Valley, Manch Chunk, etc.

5:35 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon Valley, Manch Chunk, etc.

8:35 p. m.—For Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Delano, Williamsport, Renovo.

Sundays at 5:30 a. m. for Easton; 8:35 a. m. for Easton, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville; 6:35 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 10:37 a. m., 12:06, 2:37, 3:54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:37 a.m.; 5:37 p.m. For Point Pleasant at 7:37, 8:37 a.m.; 12:06, 3:54, 5:54 p. m. Sunday 8:37 a. m., 5:37 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 7:15, 7:, 8:30, 9:16, 11:30 a. m., 2:45, 4:30, 6:16, 7:54, 8:30, 9:30 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 4:38, 8:30, 9:30 p. m. For Philadelphia at 7:15, 7:, 8:30, 9:16, 11:30 a. m., 2:45, 4:30, 6:16, 7:54, 8:30, 9:30 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 4:38, 8:30, 9:30 p. m. Express, 7:54 a. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:15, 9:16, 11:30 a. m., 2:45, 4:06, 7:54 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 9:16, 8:30, 9:07, 4:06, 7:54 p. m.

N. P. SAUNDERS, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7:20, 8:50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:55, 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, HARLAN, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7:30 a. m. and 6:00 p. m.
ARRIVE—8:50 a. m., and 6:30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1:45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 8:10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays at 8:30 p. m. and at 8:00 p. m. Open every evening until 8:30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Bills Delivery Window.

Office closed after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money Order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.

Safe as the best N. J. Bonds.

Better than any new R. R. Bonds.

With Nearly Double the Income.

Send for list. WM. H. IMBRIE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
54 Broadway, New York.

SPRING FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
26 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 61. Residence 61 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 61. Office a private entrance.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 686. Telephone call 29.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 990.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-10-1y

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
P. O. Box 792.

RICHARD H. DAY'S
City Livery Stables,

24 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J

Special attention given to boarding horses Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave nue, will receive prompt attention.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

37 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers,
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N Spencer, 76-78 Somerset St.
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Oranges in Season; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider, Vinegar and Jams. Wells' Grenille, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improved Corn Planter. Parts for Gale Chilled Plows. P. Wolfe, Rear street North Plainfield

Smalley Brothers,
76 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased on Shepard Place, Cornell and Grant. Address
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to M. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet shown on lawn.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Reliable Peerless Gasoline Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.,
22 1-2 West Front street.

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Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front place. P. O. Box 962.

James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder.
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 451.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 86 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
HEARSE AND CARRIAGES.
16 WEST FRONT, STREET,
Residence No. 26 Third street, corner New. Everything for performing to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. E. J. MARTIN'S
"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER.
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces and Ribbons. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled.
14 West Front St.

Louis B. Coddington
Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 25 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 339.
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
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Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy elsewhere.
A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.
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WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
to call and examine our Stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. Kinyon's Spectacles, the best and cheapest in the world.
DICKINSON & CLAWSON,
18 Park avenue.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

Mme. Martin, editor of La Citoyenne, Paris, is an Englishwoman by birth.

Rosa Bonheur, the aged artist, says that she has painted her best pictures since she was 30.

Miss Amye Reade, a niece of the late Charles Reade, is about to make her debut as a novelist.

Mrs. Humphrey Ward's "Robert Elsmere" was read out once but twice by the queen of England.

The lady mates up Mrs. Kendal resorts to is a bit of paint for her ears and Egyptian black for her lashes.

Sir Julian Pauncefote's four daughters have blooomingly brilliant complexions and dress in the extremest of English manner.

Miss Hammersley steers a ladies "eight," manned entirely by her sisters and cousins, who have been rowing a great deal this year on the Thames.

Miss Modjeska is said to entertain more than any other woman on the stage. Her favorite form of entertainment is to give a quiet dinner to a half dozen particular friends.

Ellen Terry has just startled all England by observing that, if girls like a cigarette and it does not harm them, there is no reason why they should not enjoy "their quiet little puff."

Annie Pixley, an actress of Boston, has become a champion swimmer, and is now giving exhibitions there. One of her performances is a comic imitation of a dead body under the water.

Miss Addie Hamilton, just appointed a notary public in Washington by the president, it is said, is the second of her sex ever appointed to a similar position in Washington, the other lady being Miss Emma Gillett.

Mrs. Augusta Evans-Wilson, the southern novelist, is short and stout, with a good, natured, intelligent face, having an expression of happy contentment, showing that she is on good terms with her husband and the rest of the world.

Christine Nilsson is the real name of a young Norwegian singer who is attracting some attention. The new and young Miss Christine Nilsson has a soprano voice shaded with a timbre similar to Lecca's, and sang with great success at Copenhagen lately.

Mrs. Cleveland is anxious to engage in some line of endeavor which will rank her above the average society woman. She has thought of literature, but has decided to keep out of the field of letters as long as another of her name remains therein. It is probable that Mrs. Cleveland will devote a good deal of study to oil painting.

Mrs. Harrison is the first mistress of the White House since Mrs. Hayes' time who really supervises the entertainments made necessary. She is methodical in the extreme, from the cellars to the attic. She goes over the most of it every day. Both the president and Mrs. Harrison are early risers, and the day's work goes started by 8 o'clock.

The late Mrs. Polly Bruce, of Leavenworth Kan., was born a slave in 1804, at Charlotte, Va., and enjoyed perfect health until two years ago, when she was taken with the paralysis, from which she never recovered. She had ten children, of whom nine are yet living. The best known of them is the Hon. Blanche K. Bruce, formerly United States senator.

ABOUT OYSTERS.

Oysters will quickly freeze in cold weather.

You cannot feed oysters by any artificial means.

What people call the eye of the oyster is scientifically known as the abductor muscle.

George Washington was very fond of the little red oyster crab, so numerous in southern oysters.

The eggs of the female oyster, one authority says, number 128,038,000, but Professor Rice said that 50,000,000 was as many as to be cared to estimate.

In analyzing the contents of the stomach of an oyster a familiar but vegetable matter has ever been found.

The food of an oyster consists of such microscopic organisms and organic particles as float freely in the water.

There are thirty oyster beds in Tangier sound, whose united area is 17,678 square nautical miles, with twice as much additional bottom where oysters are occasionally caught.

A glass of light Chablis hock or Sauterne, Chambertin or white Bordeaux (dry), Burgundy, Rhine, Hungarian or Moselle, chilled colored glasses, are all first rate to drink with the luscious oyster.—St. Louis Republic.

Oysters should be piled up on a shovel in a heap, with the bottom shell or left valve at the bottom, as the deep shell holds the liquid on which the animal lives. Good stock, if packed nicely this way, will keep for a long time.

Wherever the water is fresh enough to grow oysters and wherever the marsh lands also exist, the construction of ponds for oyster culture in families on just as great a scale as is now practiced on some parts of the coast of France.

To cool shell oysters nicely for immediate use, or to serve parties at restaurant or at home, you secure both tubes of ice; then from the bottom end stave of a flour barrel, fill the barrel half full of oysters, place a piece of old carpet or cloth over the oysters, and set a large lump of ice on the cloth. Then cover the top of the barrel securely with any other cloth or woolen covering, and after a little while every oyster taken out from the bottom of the barrel will be as cold as you want it.

HOMELY PHILOSOPHY.

The ring of coin is often the knell of friendship.

Insincerity is often mistaken for a lack of honesty.

Adversity undermines many a structure of prosperity.

They never need fear a fall who never scale the heights.

He who wisely uses his wealth need not leave it for his loneliness.

True genius furnish under cover, while arrogance stalks abroad in the full light of day.

The sight of a man's money is oftentimes the antidote for the color of a very bad character.

Prosperity awaits all men, and even pursues some, but it is never found in the haunts of vice.

If you would avoid the suspicion of your neighbors, never carry your molasses in a dandelion.

The wisest fish long escapes the most dangerous hooks, and is finally caught with a bent-up pin.

The ambition of youth looks forward to the triumphs of age, while that of age turns back a wistful eye along the rosy path of youth.

It is well the book of life is opened to us page by page. Were all the hard leaves turned at once the task would be too hard to master.

Not only should careless statements regarding our neighbors be ignored, but facts themselves should often be subdued in the interest of right thinking and fairness to our fellows. —Frank B. Wells in Astronomy Traveler.

WOMAN'S WEAR.

Jabots, fichus, cravats and collarettes are legion.

Shot velvets prevail. Robe dresses are fanciful.

Black will be in demand for street wear during fall and winter.

Dark blue is the favorite color for the yet four-in-hand cloth caps.

Fringes and picked out rucklings are mostly used on evening dresses.

India cashmeres in plain colors and as fine as satin are in high favor.

Ribbon passementeries and fringes trim the rich black mantles in vogue.

A new material in dark colors, relieved by bright designs, is called "Shanghai."

Tiny colored silk mouchoirs are the swell thing in handkerchiefs, both for the neck and the pocket.

Oulpure and Irish crochet laces are adapted in many interesting ways to the purpose of dress trimming.

Evening dresses, made of rich corded silk, are elegantly trimmed with gold embroidery and sparkling bectle' wings.

Low necks are more or less filled in with lace, or loosely turned back and sometimes surmounting in a jabot down the front.

Embroidered or interwoven galloons trim the cute little Figaro jackets which have come so bravely to the front and held their own.

Dark mahogany, wood brown, vertigris, sapphire, tan and bobesco shades, bitumen and prune are the most preominent autumn colors.

The triple cape rivals the jacket at present, and it is vastly more convenient as it is so easily put on, and may be worn over a red negote.

Little girls are dressed as simply as possible. A pretty fashion is to have gloves and stockings match the child's hair as nearly as possible.

Moss green and sulphur are combined, as are also dead pink and straw color, ash gray and white, mauve and pale blue and pearl and mauve.

Bands of rich green gold brocade with pieces of mother of pearl set into the trimming of gold embroidery are resplendent exponents of modiatte skill.

Draping is a matter of material. Thick silks which hang in folds are efficient of themselves to alternate light and shade are hung full and straight.

Sulphur white is a favorite shade just now, and much affected by young ladies for finished dresses for subscription or country wear on bright days this fall.

Tailor made dresses of gray are in high favor. It is a good, solid gray not easily soiled by wear, which fact makes the dresses extremely serviceable.

Jacket bodices of dark velvet are worn with plaid skirts, their color corresponding to one of the dominant hues of the plaid which also forms a quaint little vest.

The neck in full dress ball costume of simple afternoon dresses is high and finished with a tiny straight collar. But for occasions of ceremony the neck is more or less open.

Warm, thick chevriots, double cashmere, clothe and tricot, are usually in gray or neutral shades, with numerous patterns in checks, broad stripes, zigzag spots or large balls.

Elderly ladies, not fancying plain skirts, make liberal use of lace and silk muslin for dressy them in fashion style. They also like the lovely Marie Antoinette fichu buttoned behind.

Dressy bodices are the swell fad for evening. A dozen different light waists may do duty with a black silk skirt, and they help to brighten the auditorium of a theatre as well as to enhance.

The favorite materials for autumn wedding dresses are heavy satins and white satin. In some instances they are combined; in others, the plain white satin alone is used and trimmed with ancestral lace.—Cloak, Suit and Ladies' Wear Review.

ROYAL FLUSHES.

Prince Henry of Battenberg has a new four horse turnout.

The young King of Spain recently attended the theatre for the first time.

Queen Louise of Denmark recently celebrated her 72d birthday anniversary.

"Who Knocks!" will be the title of the Queen of Roumania's forthcoming volume of novelettes.

The King of Bavaria receives an income of $1,000,000 a year from the profits of the Hofbrauhaus brewery.

Empress Wilhelm of Germany subscribed 10,000 francs to the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the explosion and fire at Antwerp.

The Sultan of Turkey maintains 474 carriages, at an expense of 2,300,000 francs a year. Most of these carriages are of French make.

The Prince of Wales recently remarked that he liked the American game of poker but did not possess sufficient nervous energy to play it with skill.

Ex-Queen Natalie has ordered a complete new outfit of furniture for her residence at Belgrade, all of which is to be adorned with the royal arms of Servia.

The Queen of Portugal is fond of swimming and dashes into the fiercest breakers like a man. Indeed, several times she has been encouraged for her bravery in saving human life.

Queen Olga of Greece is particularly fond of American literature. She is a constant reader of the principal American magazines and newspapers. Her favorite of all authors is Nathaniel Hawthorne.

The Shah of Persia began a peculiar passion in England. He became infatuated with cape coats and had a large number made of all colors and from various kinds of materials. He wears these garments at all times and seems to feel that a cape coat of gorgeous hues is especially adapted to glorify the king of kings.

THE ANIMAL KINGDOM.

A dog at Greenwood Lake, Ga., is 21 years old and has killed in his life over sixty rattlesnakes. He has been bitten by them four times and still lives.

An elephant recently died in Ceylon which had served the public works department for over sixty-five years, and had previously worked in various parts of the island for an unknown period.

While out walking with his mother at Canton, Ill., a little son of Charles Somers was attacked by a large gray squirrel, which ran up his clothes and severely bit and scratched his face.

In Stockbridge township, Mich., a hungry bear swooped down on some young turkeys. The mother turkey tried to drive him away, but, failing to do so, sped away, and in a few moments returned with a whole flock of able bodied adult turkeys, and made a combined attack on the bare pearl pirate and beat him off.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Poor Old Bachelors.
Four score and ten are we,
Poor old bachelors.
Four score and ten are we,
Sallow, sins and sad to see;
Fate has dealt it us first to be,
Poor old bachelors.

We pring the best that we can do,
Poor old bachelors.
We pring the best that we can do,
With cobs and pence and shoe to woo;
With pipes and dudeen and Spaulding's glue,
Poor old bachelors.

Our locks of auburn, brown and gold,
Poor old bachelors.
Our locks of auburn, brown and gold
"Will ne'er turn gray as we grow old,"
The barber said, when these he sold,
Poor old bachelors.

When at night we go to bed,
Poor old bachelors.
When at night we go to bed,
No sighs nor tears for us are read;
No widows left when we are dead,
Poor old bachelors.
—F. L. G. in Courier-Journal.

Works Both Ways.

"If I understand you, madam," said the physician, "your husband finds himself unable to sleep at night?"

"He does, sir," replied the anxious lady.

"While, on the contrary, you habitually oversleep, and this interferes with your household duties. In other words, he sleeps too little and you sleep too much. Is that it?"

"Yes, sir."

"Madam," said the doctor, after a moment's reflection, "neither of you is in need of any drugs. Let your husband eat a large onion every night just before he goes to bed. That is all that is necessary."

"But how will that help my own case?"

"All you have to do, madam," replied the doctor, as he made out his bill for consultation, "is to occupy the same room."—Chicago Tribune.

Stick-to-it-iveness Won.

Edith—I promised to marry Fred last night.

Ella—It was only last week that you told me that you really hated him.

Edith—So I did; and I meant it, too.

Ella—Then you have changed your mind. What caused you to do so?

Edith—No, I have not changed my mind; but, you see, Fred used to be a life insurance solicitor, and so he would not take "no" for an answer.—Detroit Free Press.

Some Time.

Some time in the great hereafter,
Which with hope we're looking for
Which is filled with joy and laughter,
And with wealth for me and you.
Some time in the sometimeonly,
When the world shall be no more,
When the world shall use us gently,
Throw a board bill coming due.
—Minneapolis Times.

Nothing Omitted.

Indignant Tourist (to the hotel manager who has just presented his bill)—One half. You have charged me fifty centimes for writing paper, and you know very well that you have not furnished me a stamp.

Manager—But, monsieur, it is for the paper on which your bill is made out.—Liverpool Post.

A Gentle Hint.

Mrs. Binks (to her neighbor)—Oh, I do so like your house! It seems so homelike.

Mrs. Jinks—I want to know!

Mrs. Binks—Yes; you've got so much of my cooking dishes borrowed, you know, your kitchen seems ever so more natural to me than mine does.—Lawrence American.

Yes, Indeed.

When maidens greet
Upon the street,
Exchanging love and kisses too,
You must admit,
All the fault of it,
Now "Here's a pretty how-de-do."
—Philadelphia Press.

On the Quiet.

Colonel—Well, major, how is everything with you?

Major—Still; very still.

Colonel—Let me see. Where are you now?

Major—Well, just at present I have charge of a deaf and dumb asylum.—Lowell Citizen.

Quite a Relief.

Miss Jones—How good of you, doctor, to come to talk with me!

Doctor—Oh, not at all. I have listened to so much clever talk this evening that it will be quite a rest to listen to you, Miss Jones, I assure you.—Glasgow Citizen.

Where Were the Other Eight Lives?

There was a young woman who lived in Troy;
There's a cat on the back yard fence;
There's a shot; there's a squall,
And a scream;
And then—there is silence intense.
—Washington Capital.

An Early Tool.

"I wonder how the red men fashioned these queer flint arrow heads," remarked Mrs. Scraggs.

"Why, with the Indian file, of course," replied Scraggs.—Pittsburg Chronicle.

Worse Than "It Might Have Been."

Of all the sad and gloomy words
That mankind ever wrth,
There are no sadder ones to be
Than these two: "Please Pooh."
—Pennsylvania Spirit.

An Applied Theory.

"I wish I had a million dollars," said a little girl to a little boy she greatly admired; "I would give it all to you."

"Then why don't you give me that apple you've got?"—Atchison Globe.

A Miss Is as Good as a Mile.
In going through a tunnel dark
To ease the weary while;
You'll find a pretty smile as good
As any kind of mile."
—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Not Much of a Sight, After All.

"I saw a goblet today made of bone."

"Pshaw! I saw a tumbler made of flesh and blood last night."

"Where?"

"At the circus."—Harper's Bazar.

That's Different.

I do detest a man that's slow,
And, furthermore, a dog;
But if a pretty girl is close
I feel the other way.
—Grip.

Many Work at This Business.

"Cuman," said Fangle, "what is Jay Smith doing for a living now?"

"A contractor."

"Ah! In what line?"

"Debts."—Time.

Once More.

The plumber now
Begins to grin,
And lay his stock
Of solder in.
—Chicago Inter Ocean.

STRAY BITS.

Gilbert & Sullivan's new opera will have a thumb-twiddling chorus.

Egypt is exceedingly anxious to encourage trade with the United States.

A crazy negro in the Milwaukee jail labors under the impression that he is a telephone.

It is estimated that bad roads have depreciated Illinois farms in value over $100,000,000.

Thirteen cords of wood were sawed from a single tree in Colorado township, Lancaster county, Pa.

Newtown, Pa., has a Presbyterian church erected in 1720. It is a quaint, old fashioned stone edifice.

Umbrellas are being imported into India in great numbers. Last year 270,000 arrived in Calcutta alone.

San Salvador is the first of the Central American republics to establish telephone service throughout its territory.

Lofoten, in Norway, is the principal fishing district of that country, and year the fishermen took 26,000,000 cod, worth $1,800,000.

The Piemonte, an English built vessel for the Italian navy, has made a 22.5 knots, which is the highest speed ever attained by a sea going ship.

Several stones, forming one ball-like mass, twelve inches in circumference, were found in the stomach of a Hallerown horse which dropped dead.

A curious wedding ceremony recently took place in Dublin, when the clergyman, the son of a well known Dublin artist, married his father to a second wife.

Recent statistics from Japan tell us that in 1879 10,000 cattle were slaughtered there; in 1885 the number had reached 116,000, and in 1886 it had got up to 282,000.

The dictionary of fossils, issued by the state of Pennsylvania, contains thirty-four pages in small print correcting statements found on the other 406 pages.

The oldest active printer in Connecticut is William H. Manning of Hartford, who recently celebrated his seventieth birthday. He is still a skillful workman.

The newly selected capital of South Dakota got its name of Pierre from Pierre Chouteau, one of the Fur Trade Chouteaus in the days when all that region traded extensively in furs with St. Louis.

A Washington lady recently purchased in Winchester a mahogany sideboard over 100 years old, which belonged in the wife of ex-President Cleveland as a present.

Judge Leeper once owned 160 acres of land adjoining Pierre, the new capital of Dakota, and sold it to a land company for what he sold out for $5,000. Today, at the ruling prices, his quarter section is worth over $200,000.

A Sioux Indian named Henry Hoktidan Pratt, 22 years old, has graduated at the Yale law school, and intends to practice among his tribe when he has graduated. He entered on the recommendation of the Indian college, at Hampton, Va.

In the entrance to the dining room of one of the finest hotel restaurants of Vienna is the photograph of the unfortunate Prince Rudolph, splendidly framed, and surrounded by the heads of the chiefs of the clans which the prince partook of in this establishment.

Mr. Andrew Quintin, of Trenton, N. J., is undoubtedly the oldest railway conductor in the United States, being 78 years old. When he entered the employ of the road the cars were entered from the side and planks ran along side the car on which the conductor took the fares.

At South Paris, Me., recently, Robert Gray, 87 years old, harnessed his horse Dick, 34 years old, and, accompanied by his Roberve wife, 85 years old, drove to North Paris, passing while there Mrs. Edward Andrews, 89 years old, who had just returned from Europe, and Mr. Pottle, 88 years old.

The most valuable cattle-eye in the world comes from Ceylon, which and Madras are the only two places where the jewels are found. The finder was a laborer, who discovered it in some earth with which he was filling his wagon; it weighed 474 carats, and is said to be worth 50,000 rupees. In changed hands several times, was recently cut, and weighs at present 170 carats. It is insured for 80,000 rupees. The stone emits four rays of light, which unite into one.

WISE WORDS ABOUT WOMEN.

Men make laws; women make manners.—De Segur.

Any husband is, the wife is, if mated with a clown.—Tennyson.

A mother's love, in a degree, sanctifies the most worthless offspring.—Horse Ballou.

But one thing on earth is better than the wife—that is, the mother.—Leopold Schefer.

A house is no home unless it contains food and fire for the mind as well as the body.—Margaret Fuller Ossoli.

Can man or woman choose duties? No more than they can choose their birthplace, or their father and mother.—George Eliot.

A house is never perfectly furnished for enjoyment unless there is a child in it rising 2 years old and a kitten rising three weeks.—Sentinel.

A mother's first ministration for her infant is to enter, as it were, the valley of the shadow of death, and win its life at the peril of her own! How different must an affection thus founded be from all others.—Mrs. Sigourney.

It is curious to see how a self willed, haughty girl, who sets her father and mother at defiance, and cannot be managed by anybody, at once falls in love with a baby. Her sister's child will strike the rock and set all her affections flowing.—Charles Buxton.—Chicago Herald.

THE ANIMAL KINGDOM.

A Californian who carried a horned toad to England and sold it for $20, has sent home for 500 toads, and says that he proposes to remain in England until he has supplied every family with one of these delightful pets.

Squirrels have a passion for founding a home of their own, and after they have been provided with the warmest possible nest cage continue to steal rags and scraps of paper, as if their lives depended on their efforts to forestall the rigor of the coming winter.

One of the most wonderful of fishes is the one bearing the name of calamodon niger, or the great swallower. The body is elongated, of nearly uniform thickness most of the length of the fish. The jaws are very long and fitted with sharp teeth, some of which seem to be reversible. The manner of feeding is to grasp a fish by the tail and proceed to climb over it with its jaws.

During a summer tour in the Austrian Alps an American gentleman bought a young shepherd dog and brought him to a suburb of Cincinnati, where sheep are seen only in the form of mutton; but every little while the young herder would try to earn his board by collecting a troop of stray geese, and, in spite of all he could prevent, drive them, along the street like a flock of real sheep.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Fur-garment, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment is the superior in complete, excellence all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (300 Broadway, N. Y.) thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new spring line daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy Suitings 25cts. Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c., 36 inch Tricots, 40c. Improved (all iron) Dress Forms $5 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calicos 5c. per yard. Best quality five Ounce Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

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MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of "Gents" Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes. Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St.

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Buffets, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS BRADBURY, BAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS. Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase

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ORGANS The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, OF CHICAGO, Illinois. CHAPEL and PARLOR. Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and work Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

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Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

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ALL STYLES, ALL QUALITIES, ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full Indigo dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lamerne Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE

North American of Philadelphia, Phoenix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

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O. M. DUNHAM'S

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IN FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF Oil-Cloth and Carpets GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

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Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at usual cover. Telephone No. 98.

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What does inexperience make? A proverb! What does the human race get? Its gets its results. What are they likely to be? Unless the year January on one hand; a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other, good intentions prevent neither. Moral: Get insured 1889! Incorporated 1825! At the head of the profession 1889.)

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INSURANCE.

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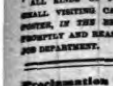
Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

Proclamation by the Governor.



In accordance with long established customs and in recognition of manifold blessings which God has vouchsafed to the people of the State during the year now drawing to a close, I, Robert B. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate Thursday, the 28th day of November, instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer, and recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employment, give thanks to Almighty God for his goodness in the past and pray for a continuance of his blessings in the future.

Given under my hand and privy seal, in the city of Trenton, this sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.
Attest: ROBT. S. GREEN, Jr.,
Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—Ladies in want of bargains in underwear and jerseys will do well in going to the Bee Hive this week.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders will meet at the Court House in Elizabeth to-morrow afternoon.

—It is expected that the Union County Court will close its criminal business for the present term next Monday.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular weekly meeting in Reform Hall to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—A delegation from the Bachelor's club of this city will attend the Alpine Social club reception at Round Brook to-night.

—Mr. John Cameron, of this city, has secured a contract to build a new turnpike road between Fanwood and Westfield.

—The Republican Primaries to select delegates to the city convention and to nominate Ward Councilmen, are to be held Monday evening.

—The Sisters of Charity connected with St. Mary's church in this city are arranging for an entertainment to be given by the school children during the latter part of December.

—A newly-painted coupe, drawn by a team of mules belonging to Mr. Burtis, of Westfield, attracted considerable attention on Somerset street shortly after eleven o'clock this morning.

—The case of the city vs. Patrick Muldoon, who is charged with being drunk and disorderly on election night, has been again adjourned for a week at the request of the defendant.

—Mr. F. A. Burdick will conduct a Bible reading at the rooms of the W. C. T. U. on West Front street to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock. The ladies would like to have a large attendance.

—The Young Men's Christian Association will hold a members' reception to-morrow evening at their rooms on East Front street. Music, memorism and refreshments will be features of the evening.

—The delegation from Franklin Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., of this city, who attended the reception of the Geo. H. Adams Council at the Bellville avenue Rink in Newark, last night, report that they had a delightful time.

—John P. Emmens, the builder, has been awarded the contract for the mason work on Mr. Joseph O. Osgood's new residence, to be erected on Myrtle avenue, near Washington avenue, North Plainfield. The work will begin at once.

—On Tuesday, Dec. 10th, the property at Round Brook, known as the Blue Park Hotel, or "Yellow Tavern," is to be sold to satisfy a judgment of over $1,000 recently obtained by Mrs. Harry Illsley against Mrs. Eliza Schowel.

—The Mission services conducted by the Rev. Mr. Carstensen, General Missioner, will be continued in Grace church to-night and every evening of this week at 7:45 o'clock. The public is invited to attend and will be cordially welcomed.

—The Round Brook Cornet Band has been engaged by the members of the Park Avenue Social Club to accompany them on their annual target excursion to Scotch Plains on Thanksgiving Day. They will leave Plainfield in the morning in stages.

—The civil suit of Woolston & Buckle vs. Anderson came up for trial before Justice Nash yesterday afternoon. Decision was reserved for one week. W. K. McClure represented the plaintiffs and Corporation Counsel Marsh appeared for the defendant.

—The lady officers of the Children's Home have in charge the sale of the general tickets for Miss Amelia B. Edwards' lecture in aid of the Home. The reserved seats will be on sale at Randolph's and Miller's pharmacies on and after Dec. 2d. The lecture will be given on Dec. 6th.

—Miss Lottie D. Springsteen, daughter of Mr. W. W. Springsteen, No. 97 Somerset street, received a petition from The New York World last week Tuesday, so we are informed by her father, regarding the location of the world's fair. She returned the paper to-day with eleven hundred signatures attached. Good for Lottie Springsteen!

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November.	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.	8 P. M.
1. Friday	42	50	48	44
2. Saturday	36	46	44	40
3. Sunday	36	46	44	40
4. Monday	36	46	44	40
5. Tuesday	36	46	44	40
6. Wednesday	36	46	44	40
7. Thursday	36	46	44	40
8. Friday	36	46	44	40
9. Saturday	36	46	44	40
10. Sunday	36	46	44	40
11. Monday	36	46	44	40
12. Tuesday	36	46	44	40
13. Wednesday	36	46	44	40
14. Thursday	36	46	44	40
15. Friday	36	46	44	40
16. Saturday	36	46	44	40
17. Sunday	36	46	44	40
18. Monday	36	46	44	40
19. Tuesday	36	46	44	40
20. Wednesday	36	46	44	40
21. Thursday	36	46	44	40
22. Friday	36	46	44	40
23. Saturday	36	46	44	40
24. Sunday	36	46	44	40
25. Monday	36	46	44	40
26. Tuesday	36	46	44	40
27. Wednesday	36	46	44	40
28. Thursday	36	46	44	40
29. Friday	36	46	44	40
30. Saturday	36	46	44	40

FROM BILLIARD CUE TO REVOLVER.

John Kelagher's Narrow Escape from a Pistol Shot.

John Kelagher, a young man about 25 years of age, has charge of the business at the corner of Liberty and Third streets, where a temperance pool-room sign is conspicuously displayed. The saloon belongs to Lawrence Paoli, his brother-in-law, who is now in Europe.

Shortly after nine o'clock last night what came near being a bloody tragedy was enacted there. Mr. Kelagher this morning gave a News reporter the following version of the affair:

"During the evening a man whose name has not yet been learned, while apparently intoxicated, came into the place. He and a friend commenced a game of pool, the loser to pay for drinks for the house. The former lost the game, and, after treating a party of six to liquid refreshment threw down two five-cent pieces on the counter in payment. I protested and said that thirty cents was the amount due for the drinks. The fellow did not offer to pay me the balance and so I let the matter drop. Shortly afterward I noticed a man's face looking through the partly open door, and I went to see who the fellow was. As I stepped on the stairway leading to the street the fellow pulled out a revolver and blazed away at me. The flash from the revolver blinded me and I ran back into the store, thinking I was shot. Several persons who were standing around, in company with Policeman McCue, gave chase, but the fellow escaped."

Mr. Kelagher's face is pitted with powder. He thinks he had a narrow escape from death. It has since been learned through the authorities that the principal in this affair was a man named John McMeney.

The Keenan Lecture.

Mr. George Kennan's lecture on life in an East Siberia convict mine at Music Hall last evening for the benefit of Muhlenberg Hospital was a rare literary treat. His first appeared on the stage in a black dress suit, but before the conclusion of the lecture retired to a dressing-room and donned the Russian exile costume, including the leg fetters worn by all convicts except the women. Mr. Kennan's experience in the land of the Czar have been fraught with some thrilling situations and narrow escapes. He held his audience spell-bound for nearly two hours, during which he related how he managed to communicate with the political exiles in a Siberian quicksilver mine thousands of miles from the nearest post office, and how he and a companion escaped from the guards. He also described the horrors of the journey to the mines, the treatment of the prisoners in a house of detention in St. Petersburgh to celebrate under great difficulties the anniversary of the Independence of the United States. Music Hall was comfortably filled. Many of the most refined people in Plainfield were present. After the lecture Mr. Kennan was pressed to accept the hospitality of several well-known gentlemen but, owing to fatigue and other engagements was compelled to decline. The ladies interested in Muhlenberg Hospital desire to thank heartily the many who had the pleasure of sitting down to this choice feast last night, and it is hoped that the lecture was so great a financial success as it was a perfect entertainment.

PERSONAL.

To-morrow evening, at the residence of the bride-elect, in Brooklyn, Mr. Arthur Pearson, of Evonia, and Miss Mary McGuan, are to be united in marriage.

Hon. Jacob Kirkner, of West Eighth street, received a cablegram yesterday announcing that Mrs. Kirkner had arrived safely in Dresden after a stormy passage.

Mr. J. Wiswall Drayton, of Richmond street, and Miss Maggie Manning, of Franklin place, are to be married at the Crescent avenue church at six o'clock this evening.

Mr. John Attfield and Miss Mary Lee, both of this city, were married at St. Mary's church, at eight o'clock this morning, by the Rev. Father Smyth, pastor of the church.

Mr. W. D. Hudson, of East Second street, Plainfield, was employed in the large clothing manufactory on Broadway, New York, which was destroyed by fire early Sunday morning.

Rev. W. E. Honeyman is in Dover, N. J., to-day, attending the funeral of Mrs. Honeyman's sister, who died on Monday. Mrs. Honeyman has been in Dover for a fortnight, or more, and attended her sister during her illness.

Rev. Robert Lowry, of this city, whose hymns are so familiar to thousands of lovers of church music all over the land, has composed a service of scripture and song for Christmas time entitled "The Season and the Manger." It is published by Biglow & Main and is as sweet in sentiment and as lofty in aspiration as anything Dr. Lowry has ever written.

The late J. R. Van Deventer,† President of the Board of Directors of the First National Bank, was buried from the First Baptist church on last Saturday afternoon o'clock this morning. The Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor of the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, of which Mr. Van Deventer had been a member, conducted the services. At a meeting of the Bank Directors yesterday appropriate respect and condolence were adopted. They are published in full in another column.

A Bad Fall.

Georgie, a young son of Mr. W. D. Hudson, while playing at his home on East Second street, about noon yesterday, had a very bad fall. He and his older brother were romping around a large settee on the porch, when, in some inexplicable way, his foot caught, throwing him with great force against the heavy piece of furniture. A deep gash, from which the blood flowed freely, was cut over the right eye, close to the temple. Dr. Jenkins was summoned and dressed the wound.

BURDICK AT REFORM HALL.

Another Army of Temperance Workers Coming On.

Notwithstanding the storm, and the lectures by Mr. Keenan at Music Hall, there was a good audience at Reform Hall last night. The interest is increasing and every night adds new names to the pledge. Mr. Burdick said:

"When we consider the growth of temperance sentiment in the past ten years we have every reason to be encouraged. If all the aggressive workers for the cause should be annihilated from the face of the earth to-night, one year's cruelty and barbarism of the liquor traffic would raise up another army of workers. We must teach people that drunkenness is the result of our social evils. Every drunkard is either the result of somebody's influence or somebody's invitation to drink."

He then illustrated his previous remarks by the story of a man who is to-day poor, but who once had a farm free and clear. The loss of the farm came through the dissipation of his sons. In trying to help them be lost all, as the boys became drunkards. The father was very severe on the boys because they had spent all his means and then left him to earn his living by hard work at the age of sixty-five.

"But why should the boys have been anything else?" asked Mr. Burdick. "This father was always meeting with temperance. He not only defended drinking, but he indulged personally. He would go to the village with his boys when they were small, take them into the bar-room and drink before them. When the boys became older he drank with them. He would sign applications for license and go on the bonds of liquor sellers. He would stand at the polls in the local option contests and ask men to vote for license. On one occasion he sent out his two teams, with his boys to drive, and brought in all the drunkes and abandoned men of the town to vote for the open saloon. Why should that man expect his sons to be anything else but drunkards? He set the pitfalls, and his own sons fell into them. He held open the doors of the saloons and his sons walked through the doors to their shame and ruin. There are thousands of fathers who are doing just as his father did and then find fault with the boys. We hear a great deal about the saloon, and call the saloon-keeper hard names, but remember the saloon exists from two causes: First, the drinker who patronizes them, and, second, the law which legalizes them."

The address brought forth hearty applause. The meeting to-night will be at Music Hall.

Plainfield Riding Academy.

It is reported that Messrs. C. W. McCutcheon, Morgan S. Taylor, F. O. Herring, E. J. Waring, O. T. Waring, John W. Murray, I. E. Howard, Justus H. Cooley, E. O. Bowers, J. Wesley Johnson, John I. Holly, Jr., William Bloodgood, A. C. Vail, W. F. Broadway and Martin I. Cooley, beside many other well-known and enterprising citizens of Plainfield, have interested themselves in a proposition to organize a riding academy. There is some talk of leasing the Crescent and adapting it to the uses of such a school. The plan includes a series of public entertainments to be given by the pupils, under the direction of a riding master, and band concerts are also spoken of as one of the attractions.

Injured at Fanwood.

John Collins, a man who gave his place of residence as Staten Island, fell in a fit at the Fanwood station shortly after noon to-day. In falling his head struck one of the steel railway tracks, cutting a deep gash over the left eye. The station agent at Fanwood sent the injured man to this city. He was taken to Carey and Allen's and later taken to Muhlenberg Hospital. The chief sent him to the Overseer of the Poor, but that official is reported to have said that as the accident occurred outside his jurisdiction he could do nothing for him. As we go to press the poor fellow is still wandering around the streets. He said that he was bound for New Brunswick, where he expected to get work.

Wreck at Round Brook.

At a quarter past four o'clock yesterday afternoon an east bound baggage train, drawn by locomotive No. 468, ran into a train of freight cars at the Lehigh Valley station at Round Brook. Six cars were demolished. It took four hours to clear away the wreck. The engineer remained at his post and was uninjured. The locomotive, which did not leave the track, was only slightly damaged. She had just returned from the shops, after repairs made necessary by a smash-up which occurred last week. One of the brakemen remarked, while gazing at the ruin wrought, that he "guessed they would be called down to see the new carpet in the superintendents's office."

A Memorial Arch.

Governor Green has issued a call for a meeting of the governors of the thirteen original States for the purpose of urging upon Congress the appropriation of a sum large enough to secure the erection or a monument in the city of Philadelphia commemorative of the Declaration of Independence, and of the first one hundred years of the constitutional history of the United States. The first proposition for this memorial was made by the Legislature of this State. The coming session of Congress will be appealed to.

The Horse and Buggy Claimed.

The horse and wagon which was found by Chief Carey and Policeman Finnegan, standing in front of the City Hotel on Saturday night, and which did not belong to any of the livery stables in town, was last night identified by Lehman Ayers, of Oak Tree, as his property. He paid the livery charges and left for home. In answer to a question as to why he came to Plainfield on Saturday night Mr. Ayers said that he went to New York on Saturday and thought that some of his friends would take the rig back to Oak Tree.

—New Jersey Central Regime No. 200 is doing drill duty at the depot in this city.

THE GRAND ENCAMPMENT.

New Jersey Odd Fellows in Session at Trenton.

The forty-seventh annual session of the Grand Encampment of New Jersey Odd Fellows was held at the Taylor Opera House Assembly rooms yesterday. About 300 members were in attendance who were presided over by Grand Patriarch Levi Hickonbe. Distinguished visitors were John C. Underwood, of Kentucky, Grand Sire of the Sovereign Grand Lodge and General of the Patriarchs Militant; Charles M. Bushee, of New York, Deputy Grand Sire of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, and Theodore A. Ross, of Columbus, Ohio, Grand Secretary of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, who were received with the usual "honors."

About 40 Past Chief Patriarchs were instructed in the Grand Encampment degree.

The report of the Grand Patriarch showed that there are now 49 Encampments in the jurisdiction One surrendered its charter during the year. Lewis Parker, Grand Scribe, reported that the number of members in the State is 2,963, a gain of 64. The sum paid for the relief of members was $6,100.26, of which $6,126.14 was for the relief of Encampments; $1,563 40 for burial of the dead and $403 25 for special relief. The annual receipts of subordinate Encampments was $16,360.52.

In concluding his report the Grand Scribe said he rejoiced that he was able to again congratulate the order upon the continued prosperity that had marked their operations during the year. In every essential they had made an advance, and it seemed that every step forward had been bold. What had been accomplished was secure and the future was filled with promise. The Patriarchs of New Jersey, alive to the interest of the order, true to it, true to themselves, and acting in harmony and with a determination to succeed, need not wonder that they grow year by year in membership, efficiency and power.

The following officers were elected: Grand Patriarch, Amos B. Pierce, Newark; Grand High Priest, A. J. Doan, Jersey City; Grand Senior Warden, Jas. C. Robbins, Hamilton Square; Grand Scribe, Lewis Park, Trenton; Grand Treasurer, William H. Courter, Jamesburg; Grand Junior Warden, Evan Dalrymple, Clinton; Grand Representative, J. Barton Smith, Newark.

The Lehigh Valley Branch.

The apparatus and machinery to build the roadbed and make the grading for the branch of the Lehigh Valley railroad from Roselle to Jersey City, have arrived in the freight yard of the Central railroad at Hampton. The machinery is loaded on nineteen cars, and consists of 100 spail dirt cars, steam shovels and scrapers, wheelbarrows and steel rails to run the working cars upon. The whole is valued at about $60,000. The outfit comes from Dodderville, Wis., and Freeport, Ill. It is said that the work will prove of much interest, as it will be the only piece of railroading ever done in this section with all the modern steam appliances as used in the West; snow storms, floods or freezing weather being no barrier, deep sand and solid rock proving no impediest to rapid progress. Captain John Shields, of Flemington, the well-known railroad contractor, has the contract; Mr. J. R. Wallace, of Hazleton, Pa., will be the superintendent, and Mr. W. L. Swand, paymaster Several hundred men will be employed, and the winter and spring consumed in the completion of the work, which will commenced in a few days.

No. 2's Heating Apparatus.

At a recent meeting of the Plainfield Common Council a resolution was passed awarding the contract to erect a steam boiler in Engine Co. No. 2's house, for the purpose of heating the house, to Mr. A. Griffen. The work of putting up the boiler was completed yesterday and it is expected that the steam fixtures will be finished this week.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

Newfield Methodists will build a church.

A petrified oyster has been dug up near Woodbury.

Lakewood residents are agitating a new railroad station.

Morristown is to have a paper called the Morristown Banner.

The will of the late Dr. Thomas S. Reed, of Cape May, has been admitted to probate. The estate is valued at $300,000.

The tailoring establishment of William Lange, on Bloomfield's Hotel, in Third street, Jersey City, was robbed of cloth valued at $600 the other night.

A Bordentown named McClave was committed to the Passaic county jail at Paterson on Monday by Police Justice Pudney, of Passaic, on a charge of stabbing Thomas Hanscheck, a Hungarian.

The Jersey City Board of Trade has adopted a resolution favoring the construction of the proposed tunnel from the Pennsylvania Railroad station at Communipaw to the western slope of Bergen Hill.

Albert Perry and Herman Headerhost, of South Orange, went quail hunting on Monday for squirrels. While they were getting over a stone wall Perry's gun was accidentally discharged, and Headerhost was shot and wounded in the side of the head and in the arm.

The Delaware Rolling Mill at Phillipsburg, which has been idle for six or eight months, has started up again with a full complement. After the works had been running an hour a flywheel on the upper story burst and the pieces flew in all directions, some going through the roof, but no one was injured.

Edward A. Robson, the secretary of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Jersey City, who was arrested for violating a city ordinance by distributing circulars calling attention to an evening meeting of the club, in addition to being had an examination before Justice Dilling on Monday. He admitted having distributed the circulars and sentence was suspended.

The body of a man found in the Passaic river on Saturday has been positively identified as that of Joseph Bay, of Jersey City. George Koch, the young baker who on Coroner Gebhardt's coroner's jury rendered the verdict that Koch came to his death by drowning, is a brother-in-law of Bay. Koch worked in Brooklyn. He leaves a young widow who is destitute.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE PEOPLE

An Excellent Suggestion.

To THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In the rapid progress of our city up to this time much thought is done and credited largely to individual effort, both as to esthetic and practical improvements. Now that so much remains to be done, and that the field is too large for individual enterprise, will you kindly advocate the organization as in other cities the formation in each ward of a separate Ward "Improvement Association."

Such associations are productive of great benefit to each and every citizen desirous of the welfare of its own neighborhood, and through the Ward Improvement Societies are brought about. Each Ward Improvement Association, working in conjunction with its ward representative, is sure to bring intelligent and beneficial action.

The scope of improvements would embrace nuisances, good sidewalks, street-crossings, well lighted streets, chain trees, backboard, proper curbing, guttering, and no end of subjects we all take an interest in.

Which ward will organize first? Give us a lift Mr. Editor. Progress.

THE NEWS heartily endorses every movement which may tend to improve the material welfare of this already attractive and popular city of beautiful residences and happy homes. Ward Improvement Associations, such as our correspondent suggests, if properly officered and heartily supported by the citizens of Plainfield, would work greatly to the advantage of the city in many ways.

Comic Opera.

To-morrow evening the Carleton Opera Company, an excellent organization, will appear for one night only at Music Hall in one of the greatest New York successes, "The Brigands." Although Mr. W. T. Carleton, the well-known baritone, heads this company and appears in one of the leading parts, his aim as a manager has been to surround himself with first-class artists, such as Misses Alice Fletcher, Clara Lane, Clara Wisdom, Messrs. J. K. Murray, a great favorite, and Charles Bigelow. Each production of the opera is, therefore, satisfactory in every detail, vocally and dramatically. The costumes and scenery are entirely new and original in design. The chorus consists of 50 fresh voices, and the feminine portion is said to be of very handsome appearance. The sale of seats is now progressing.

Will Run a Co-operative Store.

The Plainfield Co-operative Company, a co-operative association, has been incorporated by Warren F. Bartlett, Theodore J. Gillies, Joseph F. Shepherd, Thomas Lee, Christian F. Hendricks, Peter N. Cline, H. C. Homer, E. J. Neal and S. Moore. The object of the association is to cheapen the necessaries of life to contributors and give them a share of the profits. The organization has the sanction of James Bishop, Chief of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Its capital is $4,000; the shares are $5 each. Six hundred shares are to be issued, to be paid for in instalments of not less than 50 cents a week.

—People sometimes want to borrow small sums of money, and find a pawnbroker's a convenient place to that end. Elsewhere is the advertisement of Samuel Dreier, who has been duly licensed by the Union County Court as a suitable person to conduct such a business, on the corner of Front street and Madison avenue.

Special Notices.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.
A committee appointed by the Board of Directors of the First National Bank to prepare resolutions of condolence on the late President, have adopted the following memorial:

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty to remove from us by death Jeremiah R. Van Deventer, the President of the Board of Directors of this bank.

Resolved, That we have learned of the death of our President and fellow Director with unfeigned horror, and we hereby tender to the effected family of the deceased our sincere and earnest sympathy in this their great bereavement.

Resolved, That in the death of Jeremiah R. Van Deventer, this bank has lost one of its most active, energetic and faithful officers, and this community one of its most valued citizens whose place in the different walks of life it will be exceedingly difficult to fill.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered at length upon the minutes and a copy thereof forwarded to the family of the deceased.

CHAS. POTTER,
D. F. RANDOLPH. } Committee.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
First Select Dancing School, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SETTLEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, that the account of the undersigned administrator *Pendente lite of Antoine DeBand*, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1890. WALTER L. HENFIELD, Administrator Pendente lite.
Dated November 6th, 1889. ow-td

Cent-a-Word-Column.

FOUND—On Duer street an umbrella. Owner may have by paying for this advertisement. 49 Duer street.

FOR SALE—A full-blooded St. Bernard Dog. 13 months old. Call at 38 Plainfield avenue.

STRAYED from 113 Rockview avenue a red Irish setter dog. Liberal reward will be paid if returned at once to T. B. Paxton.

TWO Small properties for sale cheap. Inquire of Wm. A. Coddington, 56 West Front street.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesmen. Position permanent. Specialties staple. Salary and expenses. Spot cash. Don't delay. Salary from start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—A man willing to work for good pay. Dogs' office. Love build ing, Richmond avenue and Front street.

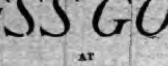
WANTED—A competent laundress and chambermaid. Good reference required. Apply to Mrs. H. G. Hamlin, 61 West Second street.

WANTED—People to drink the Terre H. Tea. For sale by Berkalew & Dunn, corner North avenue and Front street. 11-1-tf

DON'T you want a stove good and cheap? We have them from $5 to $25 for heating. Cooking Stoves from $6 to $25. Ranges the latest and best styles. Hanging Lamps $2 50 to $12. Hardware Cheap.

DO YOU KNOW!
What the Special Inducements are that are Now Being Offered in
DRESS GOODS
AT
Edsall's 20 West Front St., Edsall's.
The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first-class dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

THAT COLD WAVE
OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVENT A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMBS WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.



DOANE & Van ARSDALE'S
THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Thursday, Nov. 21st.
The Musical Event of the Season.
A COMPANY OF SIXTY ARTISTS.
THE CARLETON OPERA COMPANY,
In the great New York Success, Offenbach's Sparkling Opera,
The Brigands!
Entirely New Scenery! Gorgeous Costumes. A most Perfect Opera Organization. Prices 35, 50, 75, $1, according to location. The Sale of Seats begins Monday, at Miller's and Randolph's Drug Stores.

The Mission Services,
Conducted by the
Rev. Mr. Carstensen,
General Missioner, will be continued in
Grace Church
TO-NIGHT
and every evening of this week, at 7:45 o'clock.
The public is invited to attend and will be cordially welcomed.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,
No. 42 West Front Street.

SATURDAY,
Nov 23d,
ALL DAY
J. P. LAIRE & Co.
will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete.

CLEANLINESS
without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOAP in the city by long odds.
AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.
Hand Soaps, Shaving Soaps, Tooth Soaps, Silver Soaps. Medicinal soaps from 10c. to $1. per cake.
OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.
Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

THE BEE HIVE
Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Swiss Vests, former price 50c., now 25c.
Ladies' Sanitary Wool Vests, 58c.
Ladies' Merino Vests 35c., 55c. and 65c.
JERSEYS.
Plaided Front Wool Jersey, former price $1.50, now 98c.
Tailor Made Bound Jersey, former price $2, now $1.25.
FURS.
Hair Muffs, 50c.
Natria Muffs, $1.50.
Opossum Muffs, $2.50
Children's Wool Mitts from 10c. up.

Louis Callman,
36 WEST FRONT STREET.

LICENSED
PAWNBROKER
Samuel Dreier,
CORNER FRONT STREET AND MADISON AVENUE,
UPSTAIRS,
Plainfield, New Jersey.
Money Loaned on any Article of Value. 11-19-3m*

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!
Having bought the business of C. B. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of FIRST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.
W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-15-1m

TAXATION.
OFFICIAL NOTICE.
The Commissioners of Appeal in case of taxation for the City of Plainfield, will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in November, the 26th inst., and on the 3d, 4th and 5th days of December, inclusive, from 9 o'clock A. M. until 4 o'clock P. M., or longer if found necessary to dispose of all cases presented to them.
BRANDING VERMEULE,
JEREMIAH MANNING,
J. F. MACDONALD,
Board of Commissioners.
Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 11, 1889. 11-12-1w

Keep out the Cold
By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best plan to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.
JAMES HARDY, Prop.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. ROBBINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TO BE DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Pan-America means simply all America. "Pan" is a Greek word signifying all.

The public will not be indebted to Michael Davitt for one bit of information. He says the Clan-na-Gael is not a secret society any more than the order of Free Masons is.

John Williams, of Washington, has answered in a practical manner the question whether the negro race is dying out. *He is the father of twenty-nine* children and grandfather and great grandfather of fifty-eight more—eighty-seven in all.

It is said the best crop raised this year in North Dakota has been mortgages. The crops have failed—there three years in succession, and the fellows farmers are destitute. They are entitled to help from all their *fellow country*men. They need it, and need it now.

At the Unitarian convention in Philadelphia, the reporting committee confessed they did not know how the foreign missions would pan out. "Nearer home, however," said the report, "there are opportunities we must not allow to pass by." The Unitarians recognize nobly the fact that there is no end of strong, honest missionary work to be done at home.

The Injured Husband Club.

It started in Philadelphia, and it is quite the latest wrinkle. It is, in fact, a sort of cave of Adullam for men with a grievance.

Husbands whose lives are consumed by a secret sorrow, husbands whose wives do not love them, husbands whose wives love them too much—the latter class constituting the far greater number—all these flock to the standard of the abused husband club. Here gather those who have been divorced, those who want to be divorced and each those who find married existence to be in general a purgatory of incompatibility, and those whose wives cannot or will not cook aright—all these gather around the friendly roof tree of the abused husband club, and in its diversions find surcease of sorrow. A committee examines the candidates privately, and the man who is by common consent the most cruelly abused, battered and put-upon husband is elected president.

The club agrees to pay divorce and alimony expenses for its members, and otherwise comfort them to the extent of its resources. A man who has driven his wife to the wife is expelled from the club. The organization is growing with marvelous rapidity. It is expected there will in a few weeks be 5,000 members in Philadelphia alone. This is hard on Philadelphia wives.

Farmers and Co-operative Industry.

Two meetings of significant interest were recently in progress on the same day in our wide country, one east, the other west. One was the Interstate Wheatgrowers' association at St. Louis, the other a meeting of delegates from the five states that supply New York city with milk. Both met with the same object—to protect the interests of farmers by co-operation. The name of the western organization is the Farmers' Federation of the Mississippi Valley. The eastern calls itself the Union of Milk Producers for the Supply of the New York Market.

The wheat growing farmers at St. Louis represented a capital of $20,000,000. The milk farmers intend to start with a capital of $500,000. Both intend to bind themselves together in that union and take the fixing of the prices of their products out of the hands of middlemen and regulate them themselves.

Under existing arrangements, 10,000 milk producers are at the mercy of the New York Milk Exchange, a combination of 100 men, hardly one of whom ever milked a cow in his life. The plan is to divide the milk region into districts, with a shipping agent for each. The milk will be forwarded to a central depot just outside of New York; thence it will be distributed under orders of the producers themselves.

At the wheat growers' meeting a Chicago grain speculator told the farmers that their monopolies, selfish as they were, had taught a lesson which would be a blessing to humanity. It was the lesson of co-operation. They had accomplished their ends by hanging together, and farmers could hang together as well as monopolists. The farmers resolved then that they would hang together, and fix the price of grain themselves. The price of bread will not be any higher to consumers, however.

Then the agriculturists resolved in memorialize congress to make exclusive treaties with the nations that take our products, so that farmers' staffs can be or those countries free. They also decided to ask congress to build other trusts and monopolies, and to admit agricultural implements and the iron used in their manufacture free.

It will be deeply interesting to watch the farmers' trusts against the world is no doubtedly the coming system of industry for the world—the system of co-operation.

LOOKING NEWS.

RAGE OF THE WATERS.

Floods in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

LIVES LOST AND TRAINS BLOCKED.

Rivers in the Empire and Keystone States Are Away Up and Doing Great Damage.

Travel Suspended—Destruction Along the New Jersey Coast.

RUMERA, N. Y., Nov. 20.—The extraordinary rainfall which commenced on Sunday night and continued since that time has raised the streams hereabouts and does much damage. The Chemung river threatens to overflow its banks. Many houses in the lower part of this city are surrounded by water and the people are greatly frightened.

One Man Drowned.

Frank Darmstadt was drowned just below the city while endeavoring to secure some cattle. An engine and five cars on the Tioga railroad were wrecked by a landslide near Covington. All the trainmen jumped and Engineer Dobson, of Elmira, had a leg broken. The Northern Central road is blocked. There are many washouts and several bridges are reported gone between this city and Williamsport. At Watkins, on the east end, the water that poured through Watkins Glen washed out a bridge and swept part of the roadbed. No trains went out over the Erie road yesterday. There is a big landslide at Rothbonesville and also one near Hornellsville. The Lehigh Valley trains are not running on schedule time.

Canisteo Under Water.

CANISTEO, N. Y., Nov. 20.—For the past two days it has rained steadily, at times in torrents. The streams are high and various creeks and mountain rills are swollen over their banks. The water has backed up from the river into the city, and the streets are changed into canals in places. Two and three feet deep in the lower part of town. Houses near the creeks are flooded. It is also rumored that Hornellsville is partially inundated. Railroad traffic is at a standstill, no trains having arrived since morning, and no mail has been received. Later: It has ceased raining.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Rivers Away Up and Great Damage Already Done.

READING, Pa., Nov. 20.—*The rain of the* past thirty-six hours has caused a rise in the Schuylkill and that river has overflowed its banks. The Maiden creek, Tulpehocken, Monocasy and other tributaries are greatly swollen. The storm has been very severe, and many of the streets of the city are under water, and cellars in different sections have been flooded. Hundreds of acres of farming land have been inundated by the Schuylkill overflow. Reading railroad officials here have been informed that a number of their coalries have been flooded.

Great Losses to Lumbermen.

SUNBURY, Pa., Nov. 20.—The Susquehanna river has been swollen to enormous proportions by the rain. Reports from points up the river say that the Juniata and the

The Proper Person.

"Bob, how far is it to the dayport" he asked of a lad on Jefferson avenue yesterday.

"Dayno is French, isn't it?" queried the boy in reply.

"Yes."

"Then you'd better ask some Frenchman. You couldn't find it in English."—Detroit Free Press.

Accuracy to the Fast.

Ned—Mamma told me not to take any preserves out of the closet, and I'm not going to do it; but if you want to go out in the back yard and call Kitty, Jack, I don't think any harm will be done.—Judge.

Not for the Old Man.

"Any arsenic?" softly asked the little woman as the druggist came forward with his usual retail smile.

"Yes'm."

"I'd like a quarter's worth, please."

"Yes'm. How are you going to administer it?"

"Why—why, on cheese or bread, I suppose. Isn't that the general way?"

"Some give it in coffee."

"Why, can't you drink coffee, do they?"

"Oh! it's for rats, eh? Then cheese is the proper thing."—Detroit Free Press.

Lots of Points.

Managing Editor—William, did you go to the Good Templars' masquerade ball this evening?

Reporter—Yes, sir.

Managing Editor—Got some points, I suppose?

Reporter—Yes, sir—more points than I ever got in my life before.

Managing Editor—Why, how was that?

Reporter—I sat down on a wire hair brush, sir.—Burlington Free Press.

He Made Allowances.

Theatrical Manager—I'm afraid this won't do. It is an amusing production, but it's too short. It would take only about an hour and a half to present the whole five acts.

Author of Comic Opera—Yes, sir. That's all right. An hour and a half for the regular songs, and dialogue, and stage business, and another hour and a half to satisfy the pudding heads that encore everything.—Chicago Tribune.

He Guessed It.

"What is a cant hook?" said a teacher in one of our country schools the other day, addressing her pupils in general.

There was a long flash of silence, and then a little hand went up in the remote corner of the room.

"Well what is it, Sammy?"

"A cow," said Sammy, triumphantly.—Logansport Journal.

Decision After Reflection.

Little Girl—If I should die and go to heaven, would I have wings?

Mamma—Yes, my pet; and a crown and harp.

"And candy?"

"No."

"Well, I'm glad we've got a good doctor."—Scranton Truth.

Not a Complete Separation.

Mother—Johnny, I don't want you to play with that little Brownjones boy any longer; do you hear?

Johnny—Yes'm.

"Now, don't let me hear of you disobeying me."

"No'm, but I may fight him, mayn't I, if I want to?"—Punch.

Pride and Prejudice.

Time, 3:30 p. m.—If you will come to my room, my man, I'll give you an old dress coat to wear.

Dilapidated Tramp—Say, look a'here, do you suppose that I've fallen so low that I wear a swaller tail before six p. m.? Never!—Harvard Lampoon.

The All Absorbing Question.

"How to invest money safely is the question that most people find of the greatest interest," says an editor, who evidently did not mean to run; but he's wrong. The question that most people find of the greatest interest is how to get money to invest.—Somerville Journal.

Etiquette Extraordinary.

Poseyboy—Say, Bloodgood, introduce me to Miss Debut, will you?

Bloodgood—What for?

Poseyboy—Because I want to tell her that she has brought into the open fireplace of her dress is on fire.—Burlington Free Press.

He Was Sure.

Mamma—Willie, did you eat that custard pie that was in the ice chest?

Willie—N-o-mam!

"Are you quite sure you did not eat it?"

"Yes, I'm sure, 'cause Johnnie Smith eat half of it."—Ambraw Pilot.

Irrigating His Conversation.

Mr. Oldboy—Why do you bring so much water, Tommy? I merely asked for a drink.

Tommy—I thought you'd need more than a glassful, 'cause sister said you was the driest old stick she ever knew.—Mooney's Weekly.

Her Lips Were Chapped, Too.

He (fondling her hand)—Your little hand is never chapped, is it?

She (coyly)—No; I wish it might be!

And then he popped.—Lawrence American.

Non-Combatants.

Count Florette—Aha-a-a! I have your life in my hands. You mean on my head?

Prince Napoli—I guess more first, you say.—Judge.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 15c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 63c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that household ers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

Professional Cards.

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E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m. and 2 to 3 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. S. SEE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 7 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 109 East Front street, Plainfield. 1-yr

J. JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices: corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

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Architect, 267 Broadway, New York city, room 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE

FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines, Umbrella Stands, Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.
ANOTHER LOT OF 50 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
SOUTH AVENUE.
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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

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IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W RICE & Co.
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Electricity
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DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

STEPHENSON
53 WEST FRONT STREET,
CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.
LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a
Five Cent Counter.
An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
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PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS.
PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.
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Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers
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METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

The New Fall Styles
Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, Etc., just received at
U. B. CRANE'S,
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Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Educational.

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All instruction in Elocution, clear or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1099.

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Taught by Mons. Louis Vivoux and Creditzer, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons to ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street.

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Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Ledrinde avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Fourth street. M. M Rocap, Principal. Ida F. Rocap, Assistant

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Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

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Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

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Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and any injurious substance.
SAPANACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

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Successor to Field & Randolph'
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

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(Established 1865.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Beer Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y

CANNED GOODS
We expe a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Heavy Drop, E. & E. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous
Springville Peas.
On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots
ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,
Grocers and Bakers in Table Specialties
79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
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SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM
Breaks up coughs and colds and prevents the Most Dangerous Consequences.
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Telephone Call No. 2 Room. 10-1yr

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.
I keep in stock all the choice brands of Flour, BUCKWHEAT, BOLTED, PILLSBURY and BOSS of Spring Wheat constantly on hand. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of HECKERT'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made)
Furniture Express
31 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 5.46 a. m., 6.39, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.32 a. m., 12.32, 1.36, 2.31, 3.43, 4.31, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.37, 10.37, 11.32 p. m. Sundays at 2.37, 5.46, 7.30, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30, 10.37, 11.32 a. m., 12.32, 1.36, 2.31, 3.43, 4.31, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.37, 10.37, 11.32 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street, at 1.00, 3.25, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 1.00, 3.25, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.07, 9.27, 10.20, 11.30 a. m., 1.05, 2.38, 3.45, 5.10, 6.10, 7.16, 8.57, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. 5.45, 11.15 p. m. Sunday at 5.22, 8.07, 9.27, 10.20, 11.30 a. m., 1.05, 2.38, 3.45, 5.10, 6.10, 7.16, 8.57, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.22, 8.07, 9.27, 10.20, 11.30 a. m., 1.05, 2.38, 3.45, 5.10, 6.10, 7.16, 8.57, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 5.22, 8.07, 9.27, 10.20, 11.30 a. m., 1.05, 2.38, 3.45, 5.10, 6.10, 7.16, 8.57, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON;
Leave Plainfield at 5.22, 8.07, 9.27 a. m., 2.38, 5.10, 6.10 p. m. Sunday at 8.22, 8.13 a. m., 8.03, 6.35 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE; HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9.27 a. m., 5.10 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
5.22 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.
8.07 a. m.—For Washington, Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.27 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Phillipsburg, Reading, Harrisburg; Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Allentown, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 2.38 p. m.—For Easton, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc. 5.10 p. m.—For Easton, Phillipsburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dritton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 6.10 p. m.—For Washington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, 9.20 p. m.—For Washington, Easton, 9.27 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. Sundays at 8.22 a. m., for Easton, 8.13 a. m., for Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville; 8.35 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 8 00, 10 17 a. m., 12.02, 2.57, 5 56 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m., 5.56 p. m. For Perth Amboy at 2.37, 8.00, 10.17 a. m., 12.02, 2.57, 5.56 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m., 5.56 p. m.
BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 2.37, 5.46, 8.00, 9.28, 10.37, 11.32 a. m., 2.02, 2.57, 5.56, 8.40 p. m. Sundays at 2.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 5.56 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 2.37, 5.46, 8.00, 9.28, 10.37, 11.32 a. m., 2.02, 2.57, 5.56, 8.40 p. m. Sundays at 2.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 5.56 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington at 2.37, 9.28, 11.32 a. m., 2.57, 5.56, 8.40 p. m. Sundays at 2.37, 9.28, 11.32 a. m., 5.56 p. m.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7:00 and 10:30 a. m.; 1:45 and 5:30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11:45 a. m.; 1:45, 5:30 p. m.
SOUTHVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.50 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.
Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, 7.30 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., close 4.00 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 8.10 a. m. Office open from 9.20 to 10.20 a. m. Mail closes at 6 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of boxes.
Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Bible Delivery Window.
Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.
Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.
Safe as the best R. R. Bonds.
Better than any new R. R. Bonds.
With Nearly Double the Income.
Send for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO.,
Investment Bankers.
56 Broadway, New York.
NO FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 North Avenue,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
29 Park Avenue.
Telephone Call 41. Residence 41 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 97. Office 4 Middle country.

PLAINFIELD
ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 686. Telephone call 38.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 903.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
of
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

GIVEN AWAY
10 days only.
A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $5 hat or over.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instructions of
MR. F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates.
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Crushed Stone.
The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
P. T. B. NEVIUS,
RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
P. O. Box 792.

RICHARD H. DAY'S
City Livery Stables
24 West Fourth street.
Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J
Special attention given to boarding horses
Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave nue, will receive prompt attention.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle,
27 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper hangers,
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 75-79 Somerset St.
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, 4 years old; White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Earthen and Stoneware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows, cultivators and the latest improved Jarvis Iron ranges. John F. Wells, Race street North Plainfield.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market.
Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Scotch Plains and Fanwood.
Address
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. Maps shown and terms low.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, Jr.,
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Stationery, etc.
27 1-2 West Front street.

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Builders Cards

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Front-pect place. P. O. Box 942.

James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builaer.
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N.
All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 451.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO CONOVER,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks,
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

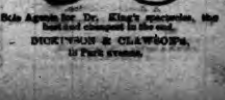
P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 26 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. E. J. MARTINS
"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crepe, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.
Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Bleaching and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
14 West Front St.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
and 22 Park avenue,
P. O. Box 230,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagons. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy. Easy terms if desired.
A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY
Invite Everybody
to call and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. Kissy's Corsets, the best and cheapest in the city.
DICKINSON & CLAWSON,
19 Park avenue.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

A Portrait.

I hold in my hand a picture
Of a woman divinely fair,
And I gaze in ecstatic silence
On the beauty which I see there.

On those lips now rosebud and silken,
But once so full and red,
On those tresses, flowing so freely
That cluster about her head

On that eye, so full of expression,
That seems to pierce me through,
Its luster's now gone, and I wonder
If its color was brown or blue.

That throat so round and perfect,
From ribbing it never knew
Is lovely and full of splendor
A beautiful sight to see

A wreath is twined through her tresses
And a diadem on her brow,
And a legend is written on it—
'Tis faint and faded now

My eyes would fain it discover
Oh, what can the motto be?
Stay, now I can read it faintly
'Tis, yes, it is "Liberty"

And now that my sight is clearer
Another inscription I see.
It might be her name, but no, it
Is "Eighteen eighty-three."

A word I hear, and my fancies
Are scattered upon the air
And I give, without a murmur
The portrait to my fair

—New York Sun

Charged Extra for the Pup's Portrait.

Patron (in a newspaper counting room in a jewelry manufacturing town)—I want to advertise for a first class pearl setter What will it cost?

Advertising Clerk—Seventy cents and ten cents extra for the cut.

Patron—What cut?

Clerk—Why, the dog, you know We always begin an advertisement for a setter with a cut of a dog.—Jewelers' Weekly

A New Machine.

Biter—Say, this slot machine is a swindle. I've dropped five nickels into it and haven't got anything yet.

Owner of the Machine—Did you read what it says on top of the machine?

Biter—No!

Owner—Well, do so, then.

Biter reads, "Drop a nickel in the slot and confirm the statement that all fools are not yet dead!"—Lawrence American.

'Tis Getting Cold.

'Tis now the dude who threw away the summer days
Did love old Banker's daughters and escort 'em 'Mose everywhere, duck wonder at their ways;
For alas the girls don't know him, now 'tis so humi.

He asks himself, "Egad! have I then changed?
Am I less worthy of them now than then?
Am I, whom they have driven most deranged,
Become less lovely than those city 'gents?

"Or is it that when dressed in autumn duds,
Deprived of tennis garb and blazer bright,
I'm less attractive to these lovely buds,
No reason to fling me their favors slight

"Or do they think because I squandered such
Great quantities of gold and silver dross,
That now 'tis fall I can't indulge in much
Harmless fun in shooting birds and moose"

To which no answer comes but that "as last
Jack Frost is here to richest, fullest feather;
That now 'tis cold, and colder growing fast.
We're having what is known as "cooling weather."

—John Kendrick Bangs in Harper's Bazar

In Hoc Signo, Etc.

Tommy—How long ought a good watch to go before it is worthless?

Johnny (judicially)—That depends! I was given a gold watch last Xmas and it is now beyond redemption.

Tommy—Is it possible! How do you account for it?

Johnny—Well, the fact is I never could get money enough together to get it from my uncle.—Lawrence American.

There Was No Danger.

A sarcastic lawyer, during the trial of a case remarked

"Coast not your pearls before swine."

Subsequently, as he rose to make the argument, the judge said, facetiously

"Be careful, Mr S., not to cast your pearls before swine."

"Don't be alarmed, your honor, I am about to address the jury, not the court."—Burlington Free Press.

The Leaves We Pressed.

The zephyrs through the branches played
And kissed the leaves of gold,
As Maud and I (Cupid strayed
Through forests dim and old.
My memory still fondly cleaves
To those days blissful hours
When we two sought the autumn leaves
To press for winter flowers.

She was a vision of delight,
With locks of jet and brow of white
And witching eyes so soft, yet bright,
To match the sky's own hue.
She plucked a fair autumnal sprig
Of gold across her breast—
Her blushes might the truth betray—
The leaves we plucked and pressed.

—Chicago Herald.

The Dogs Were Ahead.

Hunter—Did you see a wolf and a pack of dogs pass this way?

Farmer—That's what, and gee whiz, wa'nt they going, though!

Hunter—That's good, and how were they making it?

Farmer—When they passed here the dogs were a little ahead.—American Field.

Come Early and Avoid the Rush.

If you have frequent headaches, dizziness and fainting spells, accompanied by chills, cramps, cold, clammy perspiration, epilepsy and jaundice, it is a sign that you are not well, but are liable to die at any minute. Pay your subscription a year in advance and then make yourself solid for a good obituary notice.—Dansville Breeze.

Both and All Three.

"Now a days," remarked Jones, "he is a nose, we'll admit;
But common or proper—
Dear Shoo but that of his!"

"Well, I think," replied Shay,
"To speak nothing blush,"
While she smiled and grew red,
"Well, I think it is both."

—Truth.

A Drop Too Much.

A paper states that a man named Neville is in custody for taking "a drop too much"—namely for marrying Miss Amelia Drop while he had another wife living.—London Tit Bits.

In Search of Brilliance.

Scotchock—Wants shine, sir!

Ambitious Young Gentleman—Yes, IN. Else to, but I've never been able to yet.—Sun and Voice.

A Revised Edition.

"It's as fit wind that blows no one good," so they say;
"It's a truism indisputable which they convey
But there is a saying I like better still,
"It's a very good wind that blows nobody ill."
—Chicago Herald.

MASSACRED IN AFRICA.

DR. CARL PETERS AND HIS COMMAND CUT O/F BY SOMAULEES.

The Tropical Prize for Which Arab, Egyptian and German Are Contending.

Beauties and Terrors of Zanzibar—Progress in Redeeming the Black Continent.

Details of another awful massacre must now be added to the horror laden annals of African travel and development. Dr. Carl Peters, the noted German explorer, organizer and diplomat of East Africa, has been killed with all his party, amounting to some hundreds of natives, Europeans and volunteers from the mixed population of the Zanzibar coast. It adds not a little to the dark features of the case that this massacre is largely due to *international jealousies* between Englishmen and Germans, and the struggle between them for the monopoly of the east coast trade. Dr. Peters was nominally leading an independent expedition for the relief of Emin Bey, but, as his object was really to develop a new line of trade, he took a short route on a northern line, through an unexplored region, and the result has been his destruction by the Somali, or Somalees.

The country for which England, Germany and the Arabs are contending is at once fertile, valuable and deadly. Zanzibar as a real sovereignty extends for 15 degrees along the coast, from 2 deg. 30m. N. to 10 deg. 45m. S., and has no determined boundary in the interior. On the island and coast of the mainland the authority of the seyid or sultan of Zanzibar is complete, and there is ample protection for traders of all nations; but inland there is no government beyond the walled towns held by the seyid's troops, and he who cannot protect himself by his retinue hand is not protected at all. On the coast the climate is of course hot and enervating; inland the country rises rapidly to splendid plateaus, heavily wooded mountains and valleys of surpassing loveliness. The air is comparatively pure, the natural wealth great, and "every prospect pleases, while only man is vile."

To give an idea of the valuable prize for which the rivals are contending, it is only necessary to state that, in spite of savage war and constant communications, the trade has already made Zanzibar—the capital, on the west side of the island—a city of nearly or quite 100,000 people. Although the Arabs are the ruling race and still form the mass of the population, all races enjoy equal freedom, and the trade is largely in the hands of Europeans and Hindoos. The adjacent mainland as well as the island abound in valuable woods and furnish sugar, cotton, coffee, cocoa, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, pepper, sesame, indigo, and some other tropical productions. Rice has lately been produced in large quantities, and the inner valleys, wherever cultivated, yield abundantly of maize, millet and other productions of warm temperate lands. Further inland the elephant, rhinoceros, hippopotamus, crocodile and many kinds of antelope abound, and the rivers are well stocked with fish. The exports already exceed $3,000,000, nearly one-third being of ivory.

Into this land at a date far beyond the beginning of history went the daring Hamites of southern Arabia, and after them the Phœnicians, Persians, Jews and Asiatic Greeks. As early as the times of Solomon and the later Hebrew prophets, the products of the region were celebrated, but during the so called "Dark Ages," it was a land of mystery to the people of Europe—a land

CARL PETERS.

in which they located all their accounts of pygmies, dog headed men and mysterious princes with tails. Arab writers tell of elephants with housings of silk and silver. When, however, the Mahometan Arabs had overrun Egypt and northern Africa, they took up the ancient trade with renewed zest, and from very remote times have had routes of travel far into the interior. At this day the interior trade is wholly in the hands of Arabs, who carry on a large traffic to Angola and St. Paul de Loando, on the west coast.

Within quite recent times people of the same race and faith have crossed the great desert from Northern Africa and built up a connected line of half Arab half negro kingdoms entirely across the broadest part of the continent—Senegambia, Timbucto, Houssa, Bornou, Darfur, Kordofan and Sennar. According to Winwood Reade, latest full authority on the Soudan, the line of Mahometan belief is now carried some 400 miles southward. South of it is a thin strip of half pagan, half civilized negroes, and south of that is the vast savage land where Stanley, Emin Bey and others are contending, and in the very center of which Europe is now striving to establish the Congo free state. To abolish the slave trade, to nullify "the malign influence of the Arabs," as they put it, to civilize the negroes and realize on the enormous wealth of the country is the avowed purpose of the leaguer Europeans, and in the process there is naturally much jealousy between English and Germans, French and Belgians. By this, in all probability, Dr. Peters and party came to their death.

Dr. Carl Peters was a rather precocious German scholar, being at the time of his death but 32 years of age, and yet celebrated in many lines of achievement. A native of Neuhaus, on the Elbe, he was graduated from the Berlin university, taking high rank in philosophy and political economy. He early devoted his talents to the cause of African development and colonization. For three years he resided in England, making a special study of her system of developing and governing colonies. He then obtained from Bismarck an imperial charter under which he formed the German East African company, of which he was elected president. He rapidly dispatched several expeditions to gain footholds on the east coast near Zanzibar.

At this time, be it noted, Stanley and others, *under the nominal direction of King Leopold* of Belgium but for the combined powers, were working from the west coast. On the east there was no such extensive combination. England and Germany were rivals, and French, Italians and others in companies or as single merchants deal directly with the sultan of Zanzibar. *In September, 1888*, Dr. Peters conveyed to Berlin the first German colonial congress, and the next spring went to Zanzibar and made a comprehensive treaty with Sultan Said Burghash. Returning to Europe he pushed forward the movement for German colonization and then organized the expedition which has just terminated so disastrously. On the 20th of July he started inland from Vita and penetrated to Kuruwe, on the Tana river, which led him too far north and in reach of the warlike Somalees.

When Dr. Peters announced his purpose, the British government remonstrated so Prince Bismarck withdrew all governmental support, leaving it only a private and mercantile character. In July, 1887, the two nations made what they called a "treaty of delimitation," by which the Germans were to operate only south of an agreed line, and the English north of it, both to range inferiorly to the border of the Congo Free State. The two governments also agreed each to discourage annexations "in the rear of the influence" of the other, and on this ground the Germans protested that Bishop's expedition had an ulterior object—to push on after reaching Emin Pasha and "establish an English protectorate at the back of the German sphere of action to east Africa."

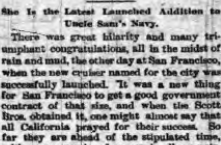
In this condition of affairs, it being known at that time on the east coast, but not published to the world, that Emin Pasha was safe, *Admiral Freemantle* sailed the steamer Neera, with all of Dr. Peters' supplies on board, alleging that he had violated the general understanding. English and Germans were at that time maintaining a joint blockade to suppress the slave trade. Bismarck conceded the rightfulness of the seizure, but *the German papers assailed the English* furiously. The British rejoined that the overreaching policy of the Germans had estranged the natives, and that they should exclude even private expeditions. The matter was arranged, but Dr. Peters entered the country with British suspicion and influence *against him, and there are dark hints of evil* counsel to the natives and various charges too vague to be traced and confirmed or disproved at this writing.

THE CRUISER SAN FRANCISCO.

She Is the Latest Launched Addition to Uncle Sam's Navy.

There was great hilarity and many triumphant congratulations, all in the midst of rain and mud, the other day at San Francisco, when the new cruiser named for the city was successfully launched. It was a new thing for San Francisco to get a good government contract of that kind, and when the Scott Bros. obtained it, one might almost say that all California prayed for their success. So far they are realizing of the stipulated hope with every promise of success in all respects.

The dimensions of the San Francisco are as follows: Length over all, 325 feet; length on water line, 320 feet 9½ inches; breadth of beam, 49 feet 1½ inches; depth of hold, 21 feet; displacement, 4,083 tons. She is expected to develop 10,500 horse power. According to contract, she must steam nine-



THE SAN FRANCISCO.

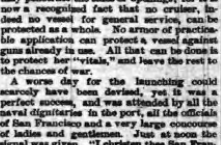
teen knots per hour; for every quarter of a knot in excess of that the government will pay a premium of $50,000 and exact a penalty of like amount for every quarter of a knot *she falls below it*. The contract price was $1,425,000.

Quick work has been done on the San Francisco. The contract was dated Oct. 20, 1887, and she is expected to be wholly completed by April, 1890; and five months' delay was caused by some material changes in the engines and boilers directed by the navy department. Consequently the construction may be said to have been begun April 1, 1888. The Philadelphia, a sister cruiser to the San Francisco, launched two months before, was begun Oct. 27, 1887. All the newly invented appliances for increasing the steam generating capacity, *ventilating the hull and* protecting the locomotive machinery are provided for.

The San Francisco is yet officially known as "Cruiser No. 8," and her main battery will consist of two 8 inch breech loading rifles, mounted on central pivot carriages, supporting segmental shields, two inches in thickness, for the purpose of protecting the gun's crew. Six 6 pounder rapid fire of the gun carriages from machine gun fire. Two guns forward are mounted on the forecastle deck, one on each side, and train from 65 to 115 degs. It is only fair to say tonight that is calculated to reach *16,000 horse* power, the natural draught being 7,500. The rig is that of a three masted schooner, without head boom, the sail being a mere auxiliary motive power.

The protective deck extends the length of the vessel, and amidships is twenty-one inches above the water line. This is a feature of modern cruisers designed to protect the boilers and machinery from stray shots which may penetrate the sides or openings; for it is now a recognized fact that no cruiser, indeed no vessel for general service, can be protected as a whole. No armor of practicable application can protect a vessel against the destroying fire in use. All that can be done is to protect her "vitals," and leave the rest to the chances of war.

A worse day for the launching could scarcely have been devised, yet it was a perfect success, and was attended by all the naval dignitaries in the port, all the officials of San Francisco and a very large concourse of ladies and gentlemen. Just at noon the signal was given. "I christen thee San Fran-



THE LAUNCHING.

cisco!" So spake Miss Mary E. Scott and Miss Edith Benham in unison as they dashed two bottles of champagne upon the bow, and before the foaming liquor had all dripped into the salt water the new cruiser was riding gracefully on her chosen element. This gives the local papers occasion to tell how, in 1861, when the Washoe, the first steamer to be launched from that dock, started, the young lady missed the bow entirely and knocked a bystander senseless, while the Washoe played smash with some of the construction, and a dozen rowboats were upset in the bay. That steamer had ill luck from the start and was finally exploded and burned.

The Christmas Carol.

The Christmas carol is an English institution; but originally imported from France, not, however, being peculiar to the latter country, since it is known to a greater or less extent to every nationality of Europe. Christian writers say that the carol has been used ever since the birth of Christ, and that the shepherds watching their flocks in the fields sang the first Christmas carol that was ever heard. Certain it is that the custom of singing carols at Christmas time during the great feast has never died out, but that the literature of every Christian country shows numbers of songs specially adapted to the Christmas season and used at no other.—Exchange.

A PYRAMID PLANNED.

ONE SCHEME FOR SOMETHING BIG FOR THE FAIR.

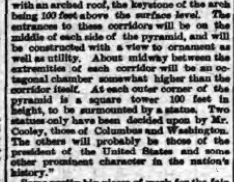
This Conception Is the Fruit of Hard Thinking on the Part of Mr. George W. Cooley, of Minneapolis—His Ideas Described.

If the plans for big structures for the World's fair of 1892 keep coming on with increased startling effect in proportion to the past few weeks, their designers should invent new words to describe their immensity. Already "gigantic," "enormous," "stupendous" and all the old words in the dictionary which have served this purpose have become tame. The designs have increased in size, each succeeding one, over its predecessor, till they are now so great that all previous structures on the earth's surface, including the Eiffel and the Babel towers and the pyramids of Egypt, have become mere pigmies in comparison.

Mr. George W. Cooley, of Minneapolis, is the last candidate, with a design which eclipses all former ones. He proposes a massive stone pyramid of granite, each side of whose base is to be 1,320 feet long, 500 feet wide, 1,000 feet high and 100 feet square at the summit, where is to stand a statue of Liberty 200 feet high, giving a total elevation of 1,300 feet.

"In the center of the pyramid," says The Minneapolis Tribune, "will be a circular chamber 500 feet in diameter, the sides to be of polished granite and rising in the form of a Gothic arch to the apex, which is 700 feet from the pavement. Leading to this central chamber are four passageways or corridors, with an arched roof, the keystone of the arch being 100 feet above the surface level. The entrances to these corridors will be on the middle of each side of the pyramid, and will be constructed with a view to ornament as well as utility. About midway between the extremities of each corridor will be an octagonal chamber somewhat higher than the corridor itself. At each outer corner of the pyramid is a square tower 100 feet in height, to be surmounted by a statue. Two statues only have been decided upon by Mr. Cooley, those of Columbus and Washington. The others will probably be those of the president of the United States and some other prominent character in the nation's history."

Some pretty big pieces of work for the fair have been laid out, but nothing that compares with this. Its base will cover 160 acres, or a quarter section of land. The time re-

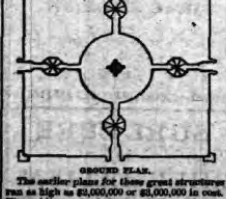


CROSS SECTION.

quired to build it is a serious item. There are but two years for this purpose, and we must remember that it required ten years to build a causeway and inclined plane on which to carry up the blocks for the great pyramid of Cheops, and 100,000 men were twenty years building the pyramid. But the designer thinks that his structure can be completed within the time, an opinion which reflects upon the skill and energy of the builders of the Cheops affair. He admits, however, that it must be built near a granite quarry.

There is to be a special railroad running around the pile by which material will be delivered to within 150 feet of the top, after which it will be raised by derricks. The road will have more than one track, and will be built in a manner as fast as the structure rises. When complete it will be between fifteen and twenty miles long. Doubtless it is intended to serve for the ascent of visitors after the hair has been removed. In the longest ride yet proposed. A plan for a tour with a circular driveway three and a half miles was recently published, which seemed to be a long distance, but the question over which one will ascend to the apex of this great pyramid will be a good day's march for soldiers in the field on a level road. Even in a train, considering the hoists, it will probably require two hours to make the ascent.

The estimated cost of this work is in proportion to its immense size. It will cost $175,000,000. Where the money is to come from its originator does not indicate, except that it would necessarily be under government control and consequently the government would have to pay for it in order to control it. *New York has not been quick in raising* the guaranty fund of $5,000,000 for the fair, and if an effort is necessary to raise $5,000,000 for this purpose in this city, how practicable would be the raising of $175,000,000, or thirty-five times the amount, for a pyramid which after the fair would be of no use except for people to go up to get the views.



GROUND PLAN.

The author plans for these great structures run as high as $2,000,000 or $3,000,000 in cost. The public received them and the estimates for them with respectful attention. What is to be said to this jump from a few millions to seventy or eighty? If the previous jumps of from $5,000,000 to $175,000,000, what will be the next jump? Just thirty-five times $175,000,000, or $7,126,000,000.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Flush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory, 288 Broadway, N. Y., thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy Double Width, Dress Goods 12 1-2c. 36 Inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c. 54 Inch Ladies Cloths, 50c., 36 Inch Tricots, 49c. Improved (all iron) Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 69c. Quilting Calico 5c. per yard. Best quality Live Geese Feathers packed loosely in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes. Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St.

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

Stock Largest, Styles Finest, Prices Lowest.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Pine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Buffets, Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and Dressing Room.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS AND *ORGANS*

BRADBURY, BAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS.

Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase

The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, of CHICAGO, Illinois.

CHAPEL and PARLOR.

Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and work Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

FURNITURE.

R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

(Just below the post office) Dealer in

ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES, WARDROBES, CHIFFONIERS and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES, ALL QUALITIES, ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Our Specialties.

Men's Reefers (pea jackets) full Indigo dye $4.50 and $5.00.

Vests to match $1.50.

Boys' all-wool reefers $4.50.

Lucerne Underwear, the best in the land all colors $1.25.

Large stock of other seasonable Clothing at Lowest Prices.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

NO. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE

North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added *Hats and Caps* to my large stock of CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Laing's Hotel.

NEW STYLES

IN

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT,

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal al wais cover. Telephone No. 93.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT.

What does inexperience make? A pretender What does the house owner get? He gets the rouin. What are they likely to be? Value for your money every time you can buy! Some of a fire or f funeral on the order. Good intentions prevent neither. Mortal is granted 1889; Incorporated 1883; At the head of the profession 1889.)

The Electric Construction and Supply Co. Telephone Building, Cortlandt street, New York.

Plainfield Office, 26 North Avenue

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S, No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors. Box 1288.

PLAINFIELD DISP. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE

Money to Loan on approved security. Our Fourth street and Park avenue.

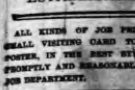
FEARLESS OVER THE FENCE

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

Proclamation by the Governor.



In accordance with long established custom and in recognition of manifold blessings which God has vouchsafed to the people of the State during the year now drawing to a close, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate Thursday, the 28th day of November, instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and PRAISE, and recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employments, give thanks to Almighty God for his goodness in the past and pray for a continuance of his blessings in the future.

Given under my hand and privy seal, in the city of Trenton, this sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.
Attest: ROBT. S. GREEN, JR.,
Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—Scarce—Sunshine.

—The large derrick used at Somerset street bridge was taken down this afternoon.

—Werner, the West Front street clothing dealer, is making a specialty of satin-lined overcoats for $10 each.

—Prof. Conde will favor the Y. M. C. A. members with violin solos this evening besides conducting the orchestral music.

—Since January 1st, 1889, there have been ninety-seven rainy days and five days of snow. It has rained for five successive Saturdays.

—Mr. Burdick addressed a large audience of children in Music Hall yesterday afternoon at four o'clock on the subject of temperance.

—The property advertised for sale, for some time past, for delinquent taxes, was sold yesterday by Justice Nash. The city purchased most of it.

—On Nov. 15th A. W. Hayland and wife transferred property in North Plainfield valued at $4,000 to Nina M. S. Wier, of the same place.

—Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, will deliver a temperance address at Hope Chapel to-morrow evening.

—You can insult either a rich or a poor man almost any other way quicker than by sending him a Thanksgiving turkey.—New Brunswick Home News.

—Business men and taxpayers will be interested in Lecturer Burdick to-morrow night at Music Hall. Subject, "The money waste of the liquor traffic."

—About twenty persons from this city attended the reception of the Alpine Social Club at Bound Brook last evening. They returned home early this morning and report having had a very pleasant time.

—A members' reception will be held at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms to-night. A choice programme, including orchestral music and mesmerism has been provided. President Murray will address the workers.

—It is reported that arrangements have been made to furnish Cranford and Westfield with electric lights, and that the Thompson-Houston Company of Boston have purchased a site upon which to erect the illuminating plant. A public water supply is also talked of.

—The Carleton Opera Company arrived here on the 11:30 train this morning. There are sixty members in the troupe. A citizen who saw them said to a NEWS reporter: "You may rest assured that the opera will be a good one if Carleton has anything to do with it."

—A horse belonging to Mr. R. R. Fairchild, the East Front street furniture dealer, was left untied at the freight house this morning. He became frightened and ran away. Somebody caught him at the corner of Front street and Park avenue before any serious damage was done.

—The Central Railroad Company never tires of offering the public something new. The ferry boat Communipaw has been refitted and put in service again minus the old metal screen. The bridge formerly divided the long cabin benches into comfortable seats.

—Mr. W. A. Conger, of Somerset street, wishes THE NEWS to say that he is not responsible for the condition of the sidewalk in front of the house in which he resides. Mr. Conger says that it is the landlord's place to repair it, and he has been repeatedly requested to do so. A petition is now being circulated asking the Borough Common Council to have the walks put in order without delay.

—Postmaster-General Wanamaker has refused to accept W. J. Arkell's offer of $100,000 a year for five years for the privilege of using the backs of postage stamps for advertising purposes. Mr. Wanamaker holds that it is unlawful to allow the use of postage stamps for advertising purposes, either for public or private aims, and that he has no authority to modify the law in any particular in this case.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Shilo's drug store for this month is as follows:

November,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1889.							
1. Friday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
2. Saturday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
3. Sunday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
4. Monday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
5. Tuesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
6. Wednesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
7. Thursday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
8. Friday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
9. Saturday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
10. Sunday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
11. Monday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
12. Tuesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
13. Wednesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
14. Thursday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
15. Friday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
16. Saturday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
17. Sunday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
18. Monday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
19. Tuesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
20. Wednesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
21. Thursday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
22. Friday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
23. Saturday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
24. Sunday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
25. Monday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
26. Tuesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
27. Wednesday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
28. Thursday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
29. Friday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
30. Saturday	36	36	36	36	36	36	36

SAVE THE CARPET, LOSE THE BOY.

Lecturer Burdick Talks About Children in the Home.

Those who went to Music Hall last evening were surprised at the large attendance. The fact of its being prayer meeting night at all the churches, and also owing to the rain, people had an idea that there would be a slim attendance. Everybody interested was therefore happily disappointed. After a service of song, Rev. A. H. Lewis opened the meeting with prayer. Mr. Burdick spoke for over an hour, and held the attention of his audience to the last. He said:

"Parents are many times responsible for the ruin of their children because the home is too good for them to play in. They will put costly carpets on the floors, elegant furniture in the rooms, and then open the rooms twice a year—when they clean house. It is possible to some swell occasion, or when the minister calls, they will 'open the rooms.' Many homes are but prisons. While making a call in a New York town, I overheard a conversation between two boys and their mother. The boys had been gone into the saloon to receive a treat, and the boys followed. Seeing the boys I stepped inside and heard one say to the other, 'It will only be two or three years before we will be old enough to drink beer, and then what lots of fun we will have.' Some time this mother may be broken hearted on account of her drunken boy. She will wonder why and how her boy was ruined. Let her remember that her boy was led to a life of shame because she turned him into the streets to play. She saved her carpet, but she lost her boy. The boy who is deceived on the street of the average American city is proficient in blasphemy, vulgarity and crime. We stand and mourn over the depravity of youth, but legalize the saloon which corrupts the manhood of a nation. The saloon is a deadly enemy of the home. The safety and the purity of our homes demand the death of the saloon. Let each of our homes be positively arrayed against its greatest enemy."

The meeting will be held in Reform Hall this evening. On Friday evening at Music Hall. Mr. Burdick will then speak on "The Home, Its Enemies, Liquor a Fact." Business men and taxpayers are invited to attend this meeting.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

Ex-Chief Engineer Saltzman on Trial at Elizabeth.

In the Quarter Sessions of the Union County Court at Elizabeth, yesterday, Prosecutor Wilson moved for the trial of August Saltzman, of 139 Central avenue, Plainfield, on an indictment for embezzlement.

Saltzman was the executor of the estate of the late Eliza Pooler, who died in this city in 1882. He is charged with the misappropriation of trust funds to the amount of $2,800. It is alleged that Saltzman has admitted taking the $2,800 and putting it in his jewelry business in New York. He afterward failed. When called on by the heirs for an accounting, he could not pay them the money. Mr. Saltzman is a prominent member of the Plainfield fire department. He was for a number of years foreman of Alert Hose company, and was once elected Chief Engineer of the Department.

Prosecutor Wilson was counsel in the suit one out of which the proceedings grew, and Mr. R. V. Lindabury represents the State in the trial of the indictment. Assemblyman Fred C. Marsh, of Elizabeth, and Arthur H. Kely, of New York, are the counsel for Mr. Saltzman.

LATER.

ELIZABETH, Nov. 21st, 3 p. m.—The jury to-day found Saltzman guilty, and recommended him to the mercy of the court.

Wreck at Elizabethport.

A passenger train on the Long Branch Division of the Central Railroad, in charge of Conductor O. H. Day, was wrecked at Elizabethport on Saturday. The accident took place at the beginning of the curve between the Singer shops and Elizabethport station, and was caused by engine 148 jumping the track.

The heavy locomotive toppled over and fell on its side. Steam, fire and smoke belched forth from the prostrate monster and it was impossible for several minutes to get near enough to find out what had become of the engineer and fireman. The latter, it was soon discovered, had escaped by jumping from the locomotive. His name is John Lyons, a resident of Jersey City.

Lewis Stickler, the engineer, remained at the throttle and was not so fortunate. The horrified train men and passengers crowded around the engine and began to pull away the wreck. A few minutes' hard work revealed the object of their search, pinned in between the cab and the tender. He was found buried under a mass of coal. He was alive but seriously injured. His face, hands and hip were cut, but none of the injuries are thought to be fatal. In a little while after ward he was taken to his home at Lafayette.

The three cars in the train were filled with passengers, none of whom were badly hurt. The first coach was the only one damaged.

Ten Millions Enough.

Paymaster Rodney, of the United States Navy, and member of the United Service club of Washington, D. C., sends THE NEWS a pamphlet copy of a proposed constitutional amendment limiting individual wealth to ten millions of dollars, claiming that beyond that figure wealth becomes a "public nuisance and a public peril." We have been asked to advocate such an amendment. Well, really, this is a strange request. We had planned to stop piling up facts and shekels and retire unmolested on our "fifty acres" at the forty-million dollar mark, but, after careful consideration, we think we should be satisfied with ten millions. Go on with your good work, brother Rodney, and the blessings of the whole community go with you.

PERSONAL.

The Middlesex County Gun Club will hold an important meeting on the 25th inst.

Mr. Benjamin Wright, the night watchman, has recovered from his recent severe cold.

Mr. J. N. Honeyman, of Duer street, is the happy father of a "bouncing boy baby."

Mr. Burdick conducted a Bible reading at the W. C. T. U. rooms at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. William F. Trost has returned to Plainfield from a two months' visit in Scranton, Pa.

Mr. Cortell Bales, of Jackson avenue, left this morning for California, for the benefit of his health.

Miss Emma Dixon, of New York, is visiting her cousin, Miss Eleanor Morrison, of Mountain avenue.

Miss Brown and Miss Thompson, of Red Bank, are visiting Miss Jennie Blackford at New Market.

Mission services will be conducted at Grace church to-night under the leadership of Rev. Mr. Carstenson.

Garrett Winants, of Bergen Point, has added $10,000 to the donation for Rutgers College dormitory.

Mr. Leo Daft, of Plainfield, is still sojourning in the Adirondacks. He is at Rockwell's hotel on Lake Lauzon.

Mr. Jules Boutes, of West Second street, has returned from Paris, France, where he went to visit his mother.

Mr. Edgar Strakosch, business manager of the Carleton Opera Company, which is to play in Music Hall to-night, is a brother-in-law to Clara Louise Kellogg, the noted opera singer.

William Jacques Marsh, aged 23, son of Mr. Seymour Marsh, died at the home of his parents at 35 Putnam avenue, early this morning. The funeral will take place on Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. John Attfield, who were married in St. Mary's church yesterday morning, held a reception at the residence of Mr. John B. Goff, on South Second street, last evening. A large number of friends were present.

Rev. J. A. Cubberley, pastor of the New Market Baptist church, has been earnestly laboring for several weeks to increase the revival interest in his church. He expects to administer the ordinance of baptism next Sunday.

George, the eleven-year-old son of Mr. F. Backer, died at the home of his parents in Somerville on Monday from membraneous croup. Deceased was a nephew of Chief of Police Carey. The funeral took place this afternoon.

Mr. Jacob Titsworth, formerly of New Market, died at his home in Adams, N. Y., yesterday. The funeral will take place from his late home on Saturday. Mr. Titsworth was a brother of Mr. Rudolph Titsworth, of West Seventh street, and the father-in-law of Mr. James Clawson, of West Second street.

Mr. Eugene Moore, of East Fifth street, the young man who was injured in the foot-ball match between Lehigh and Rutgers, last Saturday afternoon at New Brunswick, will be confined to his home it is thought for some weeks and maybe months to come. His injuries consist of the usual general bruises and a strained or mapped tendon in the leg, which, while it causes him little or no pain will take a long time to heal.

Mr. Charles A. Lee, of New York, and Miss Mamie Adams, of North Plainfield, were married at half-past four o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. Carman Parse, on Grove street. The Rev. D. J. Yerks performed the ceremony. The wedding was a private one, only the most intimate friends of the family being present. Mr. A. D. Honeyman, of North Plainfield, acted as "best man" and Miss Dunham, of Bound Brook, was the bridesmaid. The bride was attired in a neatly fitting traveling costume. The wedding trip will include a visit in Knoxville, Tenn., and other Southern cities.

Mrs. Elizabeth Clementine Kinney, mother of the poet, Edmund Clarence Stoadman, died yesterday at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. N. S. Easton, at Summit. Mrs. Kinney was born in New York city on December 15th, 1810. She was the daughter of David L. Dodge and the sister of William E. Dodge, of New York. Her first husband was Col. E. B. Steadman, of Hartford. After his death she married Hon. William Kinney, founder of The Newark Advertiser and U. S. Consul to Sardinia in 1841. Mrs. Kinney was an intimate friend of Tennyson, Browning and Trollope. She will be buried from the Presbyterian church at Summit on Saturday.

A very excellent crayon portrait of the late R. D. Runyon, one of the constituent members of the New Market Baptist church and one of the finest specimens of crayon work ever placed on exhibition in this vicinity, Mrs. Williamson has also made a portrait of Mrs. Rebecca A. Runyon, who died during the summer of 1888, one week before the death of her husband. They were the parents of Miss Laura J. Runyon, of Elmwood place.

A very pretty wedding was celebrated in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church at six o'clock last evening. The groom was Mr. John B. Drayton, of Somerset street, and Miss Margaret Mason, of Franklin place, was the bride. Rev. W. R. Richards, pastor of the church, tied the knot. Mr. J. Harry Manning gave the bride away, and Mr. Fred Yates, of West Seventh street, was the best man. A large number of friends of the couple attended the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fairburn, George H. Craig, Henry R. Depew and J. Wiswold Drayton were the ushers. At the conclusion of the impressive service the happy couple held a reception at the home of the bride's parents, after which they departed on a wedding trip. The presents were numerous and beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Drayton will make Plainfield their home.

THE GRAND LODGE.

Reports of Officers.—The O. F. Home to be Enlarged.

The Grand Lodge of New Jersey Odd Fellows was in session at Trenton yesterday, and a large representation of the order from all sections of the State was present. The session was called to order in Taylor Hall Assembly rooms at 11 o'clock by Grand Master J. Frank Jennings, who presided, after the preliminary exercises, the reports of the various Grand Officers were presented. The Grand Master reports the Order in a flourishing condition. Grand Secretary Parker reported that there were 218 lodges on the roll. Two new lodges were instituted during the year—Oriental, No. 215, and West End, No. 216. The number of active members is 20,607, an increase during the year of 730. The number of brothers relieved during the year was 3,326; widows and families relieved, 120; number of weeks benefits paid, 17,823; amount paid for relief of brothers, $73,660.10; for widowed families, $9,438.36; education of orphans, $100.82; burial of the dead, $3,150.75; special relief, $2,945.82; total relief, $101,-074.50. The amount of annual receipts from subordinate lodges, $238,254.23.

The returns from various lodges on the election of officers were canvassed in the afternoon, and a report will be made to-morrow morning.

Among the distinguished visitors present were Deputy Grand Sire Bustee, of North Carolina; Grand Secretary Theodore A. Rose, of Ohio; Grand Treasurer Shepard, of Pennsylvania; Grand Representative Jones, of Maryland, and Grand Representative Dees, of New York.

In the afternoon 181 Uhrvaliers of the Patriarchs Militant parade through the streets in their handsome uniforms. At the American House the line was reviewed by General George H. Nutt, of Trenton, and General Beard, of Camden. The reviewing stand was gaily decorated with banners and emblems of the Order.

At the conclusion of the parade all the chevaliers were tendered a collation by Canton Capital City at Washington Hall.

ODD FELLOWS' HOME.

The annual meeting of the New Jersey Odd Fellows' Home Association was also held in Odd Fellows' Hall in Trenton last evening. President George W. Hammell occupied the chair. His annual report was presented, showing that 54 lodges are connected with the association, with a membership of 5,581 and 1,000 encampments, with a membership of 147, making a total of 5,528. The treasurer had a balance of $1,415 in his hands. All the mortgages on the Home property have been liquidated, and the Home stands clear of all incumbrances. There are at present eight inmates.

The President recommended the enlargement of the Home. It was decided to give the new Board of Managers power to enlarge or not as they see fit. Another recommendation that the rule forbidding that applications from lodges of encampments for admission of inmates shall be entertained until they have been members for twelve months, be not enforced for another year, was adopted.

The following officers were elected: President, George W. Hammell, Trenton; Vice President, Harry Pyatt, Jersey City; Recording Secretary, W. N. Parslow, Hoboken; Financial Secretary, John P. Elkingham, Jersey City; Treasurer, Christian Miller, Newark. A board of nine managers was also elected.

Grand Chaplain A. H. King, on behalf of the representatives of the Home, presented President Hammell with a veteran Odd Fellow, jewel in recognition of his services for the Home.

And Every Subscriber Would Join Them.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Is it not possible to get the Telephone Company to do something so that we may be able to use the telephone at night? Since the Electric Light Company started here it has been simply impossible to hear, or use the others busy, what is being said over the wires at night. One evening last week I desired to consult my physician and I did my utmost to communicate with him, but all to no purpose; the buzzing caused by the electric light wires made this impossible. I suppose it is a little cheaper for the Telephone Company to string their wires as they now do, than to have their own exclusive poles, and hence we must "grin and bear" it. Why cannot the subscribers refuse to pay their subscription until the trouble is remedied? Such is the only way in which to deal with the "high and mighty" Telephone Company.

A VICTIM.

Drink That Is Healthful.

Use by the public for 100 years with ever-widening popularity, ought to be sufficient proof of the excellence of an article of food. Such is Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, now submitted to the good sense of housekeepers by the proprietors of Walter Baker & Co.'s cocoa. Of the legion who cannot drink tea or coffee steadily without deleterious effects, probably nearly all have tried the article, and thousands have found cocoa substituted for it permanently at the table for the less nutritious drinks. It is a healthful, refreshing and delicious beverage. Its vastly increased consumption has enabled its proprietors to place it upon the market at a lower price than ever before, while its unquestionably established reputation for absolute purity shall remain unimpaired.

A Musical Event.

The rush for seats for the famous Carleton Opera Company, in New York's latest opera comique success, "The Brigands," was very lively yesterday at Miller's and Randolph's. When the box office opened in Randolph's block the Philadelphia "Press" said "that as an artistic performance of comic opera it throws huge streaks of shadow across the Casino effort." If so, the performances must be a highly artistic one. Mr. Carleton is said to be congratulated in having in his company Miss Louise Montague, Miss Alice Carle and Clara Lane. The latter, although a stranger here, is said to be extremely clever, and will surely captivate Plainfield. The company appears to-night at Music Hall.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican electors of the city of Plainfield are requested to meet at the following places on the dates named, for the purpose of electing delegates to the City Republican Convention to be held at the Association rooms over the City National Bank, East Front street, on Saturday evening, November 30th, at eight o'clock, to nominate three Councilmen at Large; a City Judge, Assessor, Collector, Treasurer, three Commissioners of Appeal, and a member of the Board of Education.

First Ward—will meet at the Association rooms on Monday evening, Nov. 25th, at eight o'clock, and is entitled to ten delegates.

Second Ward will meet at Bryant school building, East Sixth street, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 26th, at eight o'clock, and is entitled to nine delegates.

Third Ward will meet at the Park House on Tuesday evening, Nov. 26th, at eight o'clock, and is entitled to eight delegates.

Fourth Ward will meet at the Association rooms on Tuesday evening, Nov. 26th, at eight o'clock, and is entitled to ten delegates.

Each ward will also nominate a member of the Common Council, one Judge, two Inspectors and one Clerk of Election, one Justice of the Peace, a constable, and three members of the city executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Com.

J. B. COWARD, C. M. GODDARD,
Secretary. Chairman.

Dated Nov. 18th, 1889.

The Political Exiles.

Apropo of Mr. Kennan's lecture at Music Hall is a reported—with what accuracy has not yet been determined—that the publication of his letters has induced the Russian government to do something to ameliorate the condition of its political exiles. It is even stated that until these letters were published in America and found their way to the Russian officials, the Czar and his subordinates were ignorant of the horrible practices in connection with the exile system. This latter can hardly be credited. It seems far more likely that personal pride rather than any consideration for humanity, induced the Russian government to reform the exile system. No government, claimed to be civilized, can long occupy a strong or honorable position among other nations so long as it allows its officials to practice such brutalities and barbarisms as Mr. Kennan has described, and give them formal sanction. No series of articles ever published has placed a whole nation in such disgrace, and it is no wonder the Russian government is compelled to lessen that disgrace in order to stand among civilized nations. Humanity or upon what motive has been unheeded that there is no warrant for believing the Russian official's heart is moved by them now. If the horrible Kara prisons and mines are made more decent, it is simply because Russia has been compelled to make them so.—Elizabeth Journal.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

Counterfeit silver dollars are being extensively circulated in Woodbury.

Burlington girls, ambitious to ride bicycles, are organizing a cycling club.

Bishop O'Farrell will dedicate the new St. Mary's Catholic church at Gloucester next Sunday.

The Mayor of Pleasantville ordered the Alpha Fife and Drum Corp of that place not to play on the streets, and when they did so he show darsion the corps is nightly serenading him.

The passenger station at East Moorestown has been broken open and robbed several times lately. The railroad detective is at work on the case and thinks he has located the thieves.

Shortly after five o'clock last evening a freight train was derailed and wrecked on the Pennsylvania Railroad near Linden. The accident was caused by a broken axle and delayed east-bound passenger trains about an hour.

A company has been formed in Elizabeth to construct an electric railway through the northern part of that city. The company has secured a charter, and all that is necessary is to obtain the right of way from the City Council. The road is anticipated by capitalists in this direction. The proposed route will bring the people of North Elizabeth in close connection with Elizabeth proper.

Died.

MARSH—On Thursday morning, November 21st, 1889, William Jacques Marsh, son of Seymour Marsh, aged 23 years.

Funeral from residence of his father, 35 Putnam avenue, on the 23d, Saturday morning, 10:30 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited. 21-2t*

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Brunelle's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

Rent-a-Word-Column.

A COMPETENT Girl wanted as cook and to assist with laundry work. Apply 216 Park avenue.

A GOOD, reliable woman wants a place. Understands all kinds of housework. Call at 17 Elmwood place, corner Second street.

DRESSMAKING and plain sewing done neatly and cheap, at No. 14 Linden avenue.

GIRL wanted for general housework. References required 23 Carlton avenue.

COOK and laundress wanted to go to Jersey City. References required. Apply 23 Carlton avenue.

LOST—A silver bracelet, on Mercer avenue, N. P. Return to 124 Grove street.

STRAYED from 112 Rockview avenue a red Irish setter dog. Liberal reward will be paid if returned at once to T. B. Pope, Jr.

WANTED—A girl for housework in a small family. 181 West Front street.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesmen. Profitable permanent special inducements now. Introducing specialties. Don't delay. Salary from start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 19-14-F 1 2 3

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Tea. For sale by Bartaker & Dunn, grocers North avenue. 11-1-tf

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS*,

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

SATIN LINED OVERCOATS $10,

AND OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW PRICES.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

BY $3.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

MUSIC HALL. M. R. A.

TO-NIGHT

The Musical Event of the Season.

A COMPANY OF SIXTY ARTISTS.

THE CARLETON OPERA COMPANY,

In the great New York Success, Offenbach's Sparkling Opera,

The Brigands!

Entirely New Scenery! Gorgeous Costumes. A most Perfect Opera Organization. Prices 75, 50, $1, according to location.

The Sale of Seats begins Monday, at Miller's and Randolph's Drug Stores

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation for the City of Plainfield, will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in November, the 26th inst., and sit from 9 o'clock p. m. until 4 o'clock p. m., or such time as found necessary to dispose of all cases submitted to them for consideration.

MANNING VERMEULE,
JEREMIAH MANNING,
J. F. MACDONALD,
Commissioners.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 13 1889. 20-3t

Corporation Notice.

City Registration.

The Board of Registry of the several Wards and Election Districts of the City of Plainfield will meet at their respective places of Registration, as designated by the Common Council for polling places, on

Tuesday, Nov. 26, '89,

beginning at 7 o'clock in the morning and remaining in session until 9 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of revising and correcting the certified copy of the original register, and adding thereto the names of all persons entitled to the right of suffrage within the corporate limits, at the Municipal Election to be held December 3, 1889.

Charter Election.

Public notice is hereby given that the annual Municipal Election in and for the City of Plainfield will be held on

Tuesday, Dec. 3, '89,

For the purpose of voting for the following city officers at large: Three common Councilmen, a city Judge, to fill the unexpired term of the late George P. Bayman, a city assessor, a city collector, a city treasurer, two city commissioners, three commissioners of appeal, a member of the board of education, and five in each of the wards and election districts, a member of the common council, a constable, a Justice of the peace, a Judge of election, two inspectors of election, and a clerk of election.

THE POLLING PLACES

as designated by the Common Council are:

1st Ward, Hoagland's Express Office, North avenue.

2d Ward, The Crescent Building, Broadway.

3d Ward, Sharp's Carriage Factory, West Sixth street.

4th Ward, { 1st Election Dist. Alert Hose House, Madison avenue. 2d Election Dist. Morse's Store, Muhlenberg Place, Junction of South Ground street.

Polls Open at 6 a. m. and Close at 7 p. m.

(Adjournment from 1 to 2 p. m.)

Done in accordance with an Act of the Legislature of New Jersey entitled "An Act to regulate Elections," approved April 18, 1882, and supplements thereto.

OLIVER B. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 16, 1889.

THE BEE HIVE

Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Swiss Vests, former price 50c., now 35c.
Ladies' Imitair Wool Vests, 50c.
Ladies' Merino Vests 25c., 35c. and 48c.

JERSEYS.

Plaited Front Wool Jersey, former price $1.50, now $1.
Tailor Made Bound Jersey, former price $2, now $1.25.

FURS.

Hair Muffs, 50c.
Nubria Muffs, $2.50.
Opossum Muffs, $2.50
Children's Wool Mitts from 10c. up.

Louis Callman,

38 WEST FRONT STREET

The Mission Services,

Conducted by the

Rev. Mr. Carstensen,

General Missioner, will be continued in

Grace Church

TO-NIGHT

and every evening of this week, at 7:45 o'clock.

The public is invited to attend and will be cordially welcomed.

THE BEST.

Stout, Spencer & Co.'s

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Celebrated Proprietary Brands of Canned Goods, New Jersey Tomatoes, New York Corn, Lima Beans, Fancy String Beans, Succotash, Extra Sifted Marrowfat, Early June and

Early Garden Peas,

are the BEST of their kinds, in the universal opinion of all who have used them in the past, and this season's pack we think the finest yet offered, surpassing former seasons, if that were possible. Every can guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to the consumer, or money refunded. For sale by the Grocers of Plainfield. 11-15-4-4-5-6-w

LICENSED

PAWNBROKER

Samuel Dreier,

CORNER FRONT STREET AND MADISON AVENUE,

UPSTAIRS,

Plainfield, New Jersey.

Money Loaned on any Articles of Value. 11-15-3m*

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOAP in the city by long odds.

ARABIAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN, Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. per cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It is made the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and other bulbs, choicest and properest at Lindsay's, No. 30 West Front street. Mrs. Lindsay's Intelligence office, same place. 21-1t-pd

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. ROBBINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

At the dinner to Minister Phelps, at the Russian embassy in Berlin, Count Schouvaloff made a remark that is worth noting. In proposing the health of Mr. Phelps, the minister said: "America stands alone among the great powers as wanting nothing and fearing nothing." Well, we are not afraid of any nation on this globe. We don't want anything of Europe to speak of, and if she will keep her paupers and her princes alike away from us, we will be grateful.

Which Twin Is the Older?

There is one historic question nobody will now ever be able to decide—that is, whether North or South Dakota came into the Union first.

Naturally the proclamation first receiving the president's signature would claim to take its state into the Union first. But this question of priority was got around in the state department in an ingenious manner. The two proclamations announcing that North and South Dakota were *in the Union* were brought to Mr. Harrison for his signature. They were shuffled like cards, then laid face downward upon a table. They were next turned face upward, the president's face being turned away, and all of each covered except the space where the signature was to be affixed.

The president signed. The ink was dried, then the two were shuffled again. The secretary "mixed them babies up" so thoroughly that nobody till judgment day will be able to tell which was which. Thus we shall never know which is the older state. President Harrison is a Presbyterian, and a good one, but in this case he resorted to a game of chance.

The Fermentation Theory.

This new theory of life in death and death in life is attracting much attention among the scientific, and is being carefully studied. Briefly stated, the idea is that life is a fermentation, and death a putrefaction. The fermentation is a chemical action constantly going on in our bodies. Digestion is a fermentation, the oxidation of the blood is another fermentation, and thus life is maintained.

But the fermentation, chemical action itself, is considered in the new scheme to be carried on by millions of microbes, infinitesimal living organisms. The result of fermentation is putrefaction. But the moment fermentation is ended, millions of other living organisms appear. From the putrefied mass a new set of creatures are developed, getting their life and growth from the dead remains. Indeed, there can hardly be said to be any dead remains, so full of infinitely working microbes is all matter, in any state whatsoever.

So between these two forces, man moves like a planet around the sun. The fermentive microbes build him up, the *putrefactive organisms disintegrate* him. Between the two the balance of life is maintained. If either force is in excess, death ensues. The fermentation produces heat, and is a slow burning. All the universe seems organized on the principle of two opposing forces in equilibrium.

Dr. Amelia B. Edwards.

Dr. Amelia B. Edwards, who has several titles to her name, is one of the most accomplished individuals now living. She composed a story when she was only 4 years old, before she could write. When she was 7, a poem of hers was really printed. At the same time, with her literary talent, she manifested a gift for drawing that was no less conspicuous. At 14 she developed such talent for illustration and caricature that Cruikshank himself visited her and begged her to become his pupil.

At that time, however, the future Egyptologist and novelist had quite made up her mind to be a great musician. For seven years, till she was 21, she studied and practiced unremittingly. She is therefore a brilliant musician along with her other attainments.

During a summer vacation she wrote, for her own pleasure, a story. It was published, and was so successful that *Miss Edwards was drawn back to literature* in spite of herself, and she has never left her first love since.

She is one of the most successful novelists of her time. She has done every kind of regular newspaper work, and a great deal of it. She has traveled far and wide, and her books of travel are among her most popular writings, and she is a distinguished success as a lecturer, and is a tall, healthy woman, comely to look upon. Indeed, in the past, Miss Edwards has studied the *delicate lore of the life* all as successfully as she is not surpassed by any person now living.

How has she found time for it all? Perhaps it is partly owing to her never having married, and thus she has had time to learn much. But even this does not account for her varied accomplishments, for other single women do not thus inform themselves.

She herself says of the secret of it:

> Well, I live very quietly in the country, most of the year, and I do not go into society at all, except in the winter months, when I am in London. I never dine out, and so rarely receive visitors that I may say I am practically alone all day long. I work very regularly, and am methodical in the extreme. I have to do

HENRY M. STANLEY SAFE

The Great Discoverer Has Reached the Coast.

BATTLES WITH THE MAHDISTS.

The Expedition Reached Mpwapwa on Nov. 10 and Brought with It a Great Quantity of Ivory—English Missionaries Protected by the Germans.

BERLIN, Nov. 21.—A dispatch has been received from Capt. Wissmann stating that Stanley arrived at Mpwapwa on Nov. 10. The Reichscommissioner also publishes a dispatch from Capt. Wissmann dated at Mpwapwa, Oct. 14, stating that four of Stanley's soldiers and one of Emin's men had arrived there.

They Had Loads of Ivory.

They report that they left Stanley at Neukumma on Aug. 10, and traveled by way of Novembo and Mwriewert; thence north to Ugogo, completing the journey in thirty-three days, including nine days spent in resting. Emin and Casati had with them 800 Soudanese soldiers and a large number of other people, conveying a great quantity of ivory.

Frequent Fights with Mahdists.

Stanley was bringing with him 240 Zanzibaris and six Bashoenets; Nubas, Japhons, Shairs, Fark, Bongo and Wadelai. During the journey accident or delay the expedition should reach Mpwapwa on Nov. 20. Both Emin and Stanley had had frequent battles with parties of Mahdists, and were uniformly victorious.

English Missionaries Protected.

The English missionaries were protected by the Germans after the rout of Bushiri. Emin left two Egyptian officers behind to assume charge of the stations.

They All Were Well.

Capt. Wissmann's dispatch announcing the arrival of Stanley is dated Zanzibar, Nov. 20, and states that all of the explorer's party were well. Capt. Wissmann says he expects Stanley and his party to arrive at Bogomogo by Dec. 1.

Patrick Egan Attacked.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Sir Henry James in his address before the Parnell commission today referred to the flight of Patrick Egan as proof of his having been guilty of criminal conduct. He also declared that other evidence of his criminality existed in the fact of his association with the Phœnix park murderers.

With regard to the missing books of the league Sir Henry said he was of the opinion that if the commission could have gotten them they would have been found to contain records showing that Byrnes and other members of the league had had financial transactions with that band of assassins known as the Invincibles. He said that whatever might be alleged against the Times, the good faith of its managers in the production of the letters could not be questioned.

Uneasiness in Portugal.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—A private dispatch from Lisbon to a diplomatic attaché here reports that the revolution in Brazil causes great excitement in Portugal. The agitation is extreme, and the fears of a republican uprising. The royal palace in Lisbon is guarded with troops for the first time since the death of King Luis. But the soldiers are spathetic and not to be trusted in the presence of revolution.

Is Dr. Peters Dead?

BERLIN, Nov. 21.—The Emin Bey relief committee has received a telegram stating that letters from Dr. Peters, dated Oct. 5, had reached Lamoo. The expedition was then at Korkoroo and all were well. From this it is argued here that the reported massacre of Dr. Peters and party is untrue.

MCARTHY WHIPS KELLEHER.

A Purse of $10,000 to be Offered for the Fistic Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—A fight to a finish between Billy McCarty, champion middle weight of Australia, and Denny Kelleher, of Chicago, for a purse of $10,000, took place last night at the rooms of the California Athletic club.

Previous to the fight it was announced that the club had decided to offer a purse of $10,000 for a fight between Peter Jackson and John L. Sullivan.

In the first and second rounds McCarthy took the lead, and Kelleher, of Chicago, soon found duties of the latter, has lately been violated by the company. But their chief grievance is an attempt of the company to force them to sign a contract to which they cannot agree—that the company shall not be held liable for any injury to the employes while on duty."

Thirty Election Arrests.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 21.—The grand jury has brought in a large number of indictments, on which nearly thirty arrests have been made in connection with the alleged frauds in the late presidential election. The accused all furnished bail. J. W. Ewan, of Dade county, is on trial for alleged violation of the election law in the county of that name at the election of 1888. Only one case has come to trial. The accused in that case pleaded guilty on two counts of the indictment.

To Protect the Jews.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21.—A public indignation meeting was held at Lake Providence, at which resolutions were passed condemning the continued persecution of unknown Jews recently living into the stores of Jews at Alastie, East Carroll parish. It was also voted to offer $1,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of the offenders.

A Horrible Suicide.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 21.—A laboring man named Mack committed suicide in a horrible manner today. He cut his throat from ear to ear and then threw himself into a red hot stove, literally burning himself to a crisp.

Western Governor After the Fair.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 21.—Governor Cooper, of Colorado, has accidently left for Chicago with the intention of securing the exhibit that was refused in that city, to consider the World's fair location question.

PATRIOTIC SOUTHERNERS.

The Stars and Bars Versus the Stars and Stripes.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 21.—The centennial celebration of the ratification by North Carolina of the United States constitution had begun here. Governor Fowle made a stirring and patriotic speech, in which he paid a glowing tribute to the constitution as an immortal instrument, the work of years patriots and sagacious statesmen, and by far the best model of civil government which human wisdom and genius had ever devised. Referring to the fact that among the troops in line before him were many ex-Confederates, and addressing them, he said:

"You acted your part in the late unfortunate struggle as the command of your mother, North Carolina, and in your service to her you discharged the duty you owed your state. Cherish your recollection of your soldier life. It never was performed under the stars and bars, for I want you to be able to show to a witnessing world, if the occasion should ever arise, that you are ready to defend the emblem made there under another flag, in your zeal and heroism in behalf of the flag of this reunited country."

At night the governor held a reception which was followed by a centennial ball, an elegant affair, with music by an orchestra from the Marine band. Today is centennial day and there is a grand military parade and drums. The city is brimful of people, patriotic and enthusiastic, and the national colors and emblems decorate and adorn every building.

THE KNIGHTS ADJOURN.

Mr. Powderly Wished His Salary Reduced—The Request Was Refused.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 21.—The Knights of Labor in convention have passed a resolution asking that days of national elections be made legal holidays, with a penalty for employers *violating the law. The day's session* was largely devoted to the question of education. It was decided to adopt the plan of distributing literature during labor information, as well as lecturing.

The treasurer stated that even if the membership of the order remains stationary, the receipts will exceed expenses by $15,000 per annum. As a matter of fact the membership is increasing. Mr. Beckmire was appointed to have general charge of all the co-operative stores of the order.

Action was recommended whereby farmers and workingmen to will be able to borrow money from the government as easily as the national banks. Compulsory education was condemned. Toledo received the highest vote as the next meeting place. Birmingham, England, received a large vote, which is taken to indicate the increasing sentiment of internationality of the order.

In his closing address, Mr. Powderly said the present conservative policy of the order had resulted in placing it in a better condition than ever before. He asked that his salary be reduced from $5,000 to $2,500. This was refused. The assembly then adjourned sine die.

St. John Does With Onymous.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.—St. John spoke today in bitter terms of professional oarsmen and their methods. Gaudaur has not yet written a line of explanation to St. John, who says he will be necessary to call and explain the Toemer fiasco. St. John says that he is through with rowing forever. "I have tried every way in my power," he said, "to keep the sport respectable in professional sculling, but the late trouble over the Toemer race has settled my determination to draw out permanently. I regret to do so at this time, particularly as the new professional rowing association is now in process of formation. The inaugural meeting will be held at Boston the 30th of next month, and I hope it will be possible to join the movement. It will be a go-through, I think, for there are a number of excellent men in Boston to push the scheme to a successful termination."

Changes in the Pension Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Commissioner of Pensions Green B. Raum has appointed Richard A. Durnan, of Indiana, chief of the mail division. Mr. Durnan up to today was confidential clerk to United States Treasurer Huston. Miss Ada Tannehill, daughter of ex-commissioner of pensions, succeeds him in that capacity. Hamilton Reeve, of Brooklyn, was made superintendent of the pension building. Mr. Reeve once held the chief clerkship of the office of collector of taxes in Brooklyn when Corp. Tanner was collector. Green B. Raum, Jr., a son of Gen. Raum's, has been placed at the appointment division which has just been created.

The Captain Was Drunk.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The vessel supposed to be a steamer reported ashore on Long Island, opposite Fire Island, proves to be the *British bark Beechdale, from Havana to* New York. The vessel went ashore during the heavy storm. The crew of fifteen were taken off by the life saving crew, but the captain was drunk and refused to leave the vessel. The mate says the captain was overpowered by eight men employed by the life saving crew, but he was so drunk that he gave orders to run the bark right ahead. The vessel is out of reach of the breakers.

A Big St. Louis Failure.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 21.—Adolph Loeff & Sons, wholesale gents' furnishing goods, No. 612 Locust street, this city, have been attached on thirteen suits, aggregating about $35,000. The liabilities of the firm are stated to be about $620,000, with assets at $130,000. The principal creditors are eastern firms. Loth & Sons claim that arrangements had been made for a settlement with most of the creditors when the smaller ones filed suits.

Now They Want the Paper Mills.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 21.—There is a report current here that a paper mill in the world, located in Glens Falls, passing into the hands of an English syndicate of wealthy capitalists. F. M. Hollister, the attorney for the owners, sailed for England a few days ago to negotiate on the part of the paper company in the matter. There seems to be no doubt but that negotiations are pending.

Theta Delta Chi Men Meet.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—The forty-third annual convention of the Theta Delta Chi college fraternity has assembled at Young's for its three days' session, under the auspices of the Gordon lodge. Over 300 delegates are present, two under-graduates and one graduate from each charge.

Her Iron Men Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—The meeting of her iron manufacturers of eastern Pennsylvania, held here, has decided not to advance prices at present. Fifteen firms were represented personally, and several others by letter.

Lehigh Defeats the University.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—The football game between the University of Pennsylvania and Lehigh resulted in a score of 10 to 0 in favor of Lehigh. The victory virtually gives Lehigh the state championship.

MANY CLAN MEN TESTIFY

They Had Never Heard of an Inner Circle.

NOW JOHN P. BEGGS HAS AN ALIBI.

He Was in Good Company May 4—Pretty Miss McCormick Helps Out the Scenario. The Defense Places Attorney Longenecker on the Witness Stand.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—In the Cronin trial Miss McCormick, aged 20, pretty, and sister-in-law of O'Sullivan, was the first witness. She testified that she spent the evening of May 4 in the O'Sullivan cottage. She was sure O'Sullivan did not leave the house that night. However, it was shown that she went out shopping at 7:30 and did not get back until 10 o'clock. Moreover, it was thought that the brother of the young woman was bartender for a man who is said to have offered a ruffian in his city $1,100 to kill Cronin. Mrs. Tom Whelan, another sister-in-law, testified that O'Sullivan was in the house the entire night of May 4.

They Went to See President Harrison.

Justice D. J. Lyon was the first witness at the afternoon session. He testified that on Feb. 26 he and the defendant Beggs went to Indianapolis to urge upon President Harrison the appointment of a friend of Beggs to the office of sub-treasurer. They returned together Feb. 28.

Thomas F. O'Malley testified that on the night of May 4 he went with William Coughlin to Matt Danahy's saloon, but was unable to positively identify Burke as one of the men he saw there.

James Lyman, a member of Camp 20, testified to having been present at the meeting of Feb. 8; that Capt. O'Connor declared that a letter from Buffalo Ed. had been read in another camp; that a resolution was offered to appoint a secret committee to examine into the statement, and that the whole matter was referred to *the district* officer.

Walter Gibbon corroborated the testimony of Lyman.

They Never Heard of the Inner Circle.

Hon. John F. Finnerty then took the stand. He said he was once a member of congress from the Second district of Illinois, and at present was editor of an American weekly paper with Irish sympathies. He had been, he said, a member of the United Brotherhood, and of Camp 96—now known as Camp 20—since 1870, and was still. He had known the defendant Beggs for three years, but he had never heard or known of an inner circle. Matthew F. Brady, a well known attorney, next testified to being a member of Clan-na-Gael Camp 96, since 1875, but had never heard of an inner circle. Judge Dwyer, a member of Camp 41 and for three years junior guardian, declared that he had never heard of an inner circle.

John S. Mullen, for thirteen years an inspector of customs, said that he joined the United Brotherhood in 1873. He was a member of what was known as a Cronin camp and attended a national convention as a delegate with Cronin sympathies. He was at present senior guardian of Camp 250 and had never heard of an inner circle. He thought he would know of such a circle if one existed. He said that at the convention of 1888 an effort was made to keep the report of the executive body secret. M. J. Keane, a member of Camp 20, said that he, too, had never heard of an inner circle.

John F. Beggs' Alibi.

Francis F. Gleason, a county constable, testified to being present at a Republican ward meeting last spring. Among others *present was the defendant John F. Beggs* whom he saw there from 8 until 10 in the evening. Beggs and he were at the meeting from 9 o'clock until after 9 o'clock.

"What night was that?" asked Attorney Foster.

"May 4."

This was Beggs' alibi. It was not for the purpose of showing that Beggs was not in the Carlson cottage on that night, the state having some time ago admitted that he was not there, but it was desired to prove that he was in good company. The witness added that he was not a member of any Irish body.

Longenecker on the Stand.

State's Attorney Longenecker was *asked* to take the stand. He objected, but finally did so. He said he was present during the examination of Suspect Beggs before the coroner's jury, and conducted the examination of witnesses before the grand jury. He had then no conversation with the defendant Beggs voluntarily told of his correspondence with District Officer Spellman and told where the letters could be found.

Chief of Police Hubbard was then told of finding the letters in pursuance of Beggs' directions, after which court adjourned.

A Big Mining Deal.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 21.—It is announced that a syndicate, headed by Col. W. H. Stamm, of New York, has been formed for the control of the Monongahela valley coal region, which supplies Cincinnati, Louisville and the river trade. The mines and vessels are to be turned over to the syndicate in return for stock. Options expire on Dec. 15, and before that time details will be arranged. The Monongahela valley coal district embraces 10,000 square miles. There are 125 mines employing nearly 18,000 diggers. Four thousand three hundred vessels are used in transporting the coal. Of these 140 are steamers. These thousand five hundred men operate the vessels. Twenty million dollars is said to be invested.

Five Years for Infanticide.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Ellen Good, a young colored woman of 16 years, was allowed to plead guilty to manslaughter in the first degree for killing her baby by cutting the child's throat with a razor on May 1, 1888. The girl said she was suffering from intense mental anguish and bodily pain at the time she committed the crime and was not responsible for her actions. Judge Gildersleeve sentenced her to five years in state prison.

A Mormon Editor Jailed.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 21.—The Mormon endowment house oath investigation was continued here. Editor Penrose, of The Deseret News, was fined $50 for refusal to answer how many wives he had, and was sent to the penitentiary, to remain until he purges himself of contempt.

Run Down by a Wild Car.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 21.—Two section men, R. Hiller and F. Forbes, who were on a hand car on the narrow gauge railroad near here, were run down and killed by a baggage car, which broke loose from a train and ran down grade so fast that the men were unable to get out of its way.

Cowes Will Not Act.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 21.—Cowes, of Yale, has declined to act as referee in the game of the Yale-Harvard football game at Springfield next Saturday, alleging that he will not act.

PENNSYLVANIA'S WAR CLAIMS.

She Will Ask $2,000,000 for the Losses in Various Counties.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Nov. 21.—Governor Beaver, Auditor General McCamant, Attorney General Kirkpatrick and several members of the state legislature, who constitute a commission to lay before congress the claims of the border counties of Pennsylvania for extraordinary losses incurred by rebel invasion during the late war, and to demand their payment by the government, met here to confer and consult with representatives of the border counties.

The claims for the burning of Chambersburg and for losses in the other counties aggregate about $3,000,000. The state of Pennsylvania has made three separate appropriations, amounting to $900,000, towards the relief of the sufferers.

It is the intention of the commission, backed by the united Pennsylvania delegation in congress, to ask that the state be reimbursed for its outlay and that the balance of the claims be paid. The commission effected a temporary organization. It will meet again in Harrisburg early in December, and proceed to Washington to present the claims to congress.

KNIGHT BYRNE ARRESTED.

Powderly and Wise Will Also Be Prosecuted by Edward Callaghan.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 21.—Ex-Representative John R. Byrne, of the Knights of Labor, was arrested in Scranton, Pa., last evening on a charge of conspiracy, preferred by ex-Representative Callaghan. The information also includes General Master Workman Powderly and a dozen or more of the local leader. Mr. Powderly will be placed under arrest on his return from Atlanta to Scranton. Wise is absent from home, but will be arrested at this end of the railroad.

The suit grew out of letters that Mr. Powderly published in The Journal of the United Labor in July, 1888. At that time Callaghan was a candidate for congressional nomination, but was overwhelmingly defeated. Callaghan alleges that he was boycotted and injured in his business by the Knights of Labor, through the influence of Byrne, Powderly and Wise.

Byrne was released under bail.

Only $41,000 in Bribes.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—In the investigation now being made by the commissioners of city accounts into alleged irregularities in connection with the lands and management of the city docks, evidence has been brought out showing that $15,000 had been raised by wholesale oyster dealers for the purpose of influencing legislation which would secure to the oystermen the exclusive use of pier 51, North river. This money was paid to Col. John O'Byrne, who acted as counsel for the oystermen. It was also stated that the fish dealers had made up a purse of $20,000, which had been used in securing similar legislation in behalf of the fishmongers. The investigation will be continued.

The Boston Hide Failure.

DEDHAM, Mass., Nov. 21.—A hearing was held in the insolvency court in the case of William F. Johnson & Co., the Boston wool dealers, who failed for $1,000,000, and claims comprising both private and firm debts aggregating $300,000 were approved. All the creditors have decided to accept the proposal of the firm to pay them 50 cents on the dollar. They have also decided to accept 10 cents on a dollar on the individual *indebtedness of Mr. Johnson*, and 2 cents on a dollar on the indebtedness of Johnson & Gordon Plummer, a member of the firm. The next meeting will be held in two weeks.

A Mother's Awful Crime.

MOORESVILLE, Mich., Nov. 21.—On Monday, Mrs. Barthel, living near Mooresville, Mich., tried to kill herself and her daughter with aconite, as she feared that murderers were after them. A doctor saved the woman, but Mrs. Barthel died in a state of great nervous excitement. During the temporary absence of her husband she filled two tumblers with a solution of paris green, and handing one to her daughter, Maud, a handsome girl of 18 years, and taking the other herself, she drank her own dose and forced the girl at the muzzle of a revolver to swallow hers. Early Thursday Mrs. Strang died at about midnight in horrible agony, and her daughter about an hour later. Maud insisted to the last that her mother had forced her to take the poison, and said she did not want to die, and begged piteously of her friends and the physicians to save her.

Cardinals and the Propaganda.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The Catholic News, published here, has received a telegram from Rome: The pope has ordered that the *personal and real property of all cardinals who* die and leave no surviving relatives to be turned over to the Propaganda. They having relatives must make a generous provision in their wills for the same institution. These and all other funds devoted to the use of the Propaganda will be used in foreign missions. This last regulation is to prevent the seizure of the papal revenues by the Italian government.

Royal Arch Masons Meet.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 21.—The twenty-seventh triennial convocation of the General Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the United States was convened here. Delegates from nearly every state were present, General Grand High Priest Larner, of Washington, presided. The meeting has become, responses aftertea, reports of officers, and routine business occupied the day's session.

Lady School Commissioners.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Mayor Grant has appointed the following school commissioners: Mrs. Mary R. Agnew, Mrs. Clara M. Williams, J. W. Gerard, Eugene Kelly, Randolph Guggenheimer, William Laimbeer and Charles Spencer. Agnew and Williams are newly served as commissioners. Mrs. Williams has been a teacher in one of the schools.

Seggerson's Horrible Death.

BRADFORDVILLE, O., Nov. 21.—George Seggerson went to Urbana from here to attend a funeral. A farmer discovered his horse and buggy on the road below. He found Seggerson on his back under the buggy, with his foot caught in the wheel. His head was dragging on the ground. His skull was cracked and his body horribly bruised. It is supposed that he fell out of the buggy.

Unitarian Diocese Religion.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The fifth annual meeting of the New York state conference of Unitarian churches was continued at the Church of the Messiah. The address of the evening was read by Rev. S. R. Colehrop was: "The Church the Guardian of All Truth, and Rev. John W. Chadwick read an essay on "Public Worship."

The Record Broken.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 21.—The first train of beef from Portland arrived here at 6:00 p. m. Thursday, 50 hours 34 minutes from the time it left Portland. The run was made between the two points. Mail was delivered at least one day earlier than by the old schedule.

The Pope Feted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The World's fair guarantee fund now amounts to $4,894,143.

TANNER'S LETTER.

He Bitterly Arraigns the Present Pension Office.

THERE IS A BATTLE TO BE FOUGHT

The Pension Authorities Seem to Be Waiting for Death to Pay the Nation's Debt. He Says—His One Regret in His Short Stay.

AUBURN, N. Y., Nov. 21.—At a meeting of Seward post, G. A. R., held October 22, resolutions denouncing the removal of Pension Commissioner Tanner were adopted, and a copy of the resolutions was sent to the ex-commissioner. The following letter was received recently, addressed to Mr. B. F. Andrews, adjutant of Seward post. Mr. Tanner says among other things:

No Day Was Long Enough.

"A few things I desire to say to the comrades of the post. I have known as long and esteemed so highly; No day was long enough to satisfy my personal desires to hear away at that mighty mass of unadjudicated claims—47,000 unadjudicated claims piled up in front of me; comrades waiting, hoping, suffering and praying all over the country for the justice all too long delayed; and yet, some gentlemen in the coldness of their hearts, have criticised me for undue haste."

But One Perfect Man.

"I do not claim that I was always right. You and I have never heard of but one perfect man having been on this earth. He, as you will recall, was crucified. I presume I did make some mistakes, but you will not die for me with me in the future. Be seriously, that, if you come to even up, or try to even up, those made for the boys and against the boys, you will find a mighty majority are made against them.

The Newspapers Lied, He Says.

"Not one expression out of hundred printed on me in the newspapers ever had birth in my mind or ever escaped my lips. There are between 1,500 and 1,600 employes in the pension office, and out of that number there are about 700 old soldiers. I know there are those who are more than true men when I first went in there, for I put every one in that I could make a hole for. Out of these 700 soldier clerks just thirty-three had something done for them by me.

He Worked Late and Early.

"Now, bear in mind one thing—these men who are clerks there are familiar with the pension laws; they know the rules and the law governing them, and their papers are just right, and you can rest assured that they will not allow their cases to be shoved along until they know they can stand all the required tests, and so probably all of those thirty-three cases took less time to adjudicate than any other thirty-three you can pick out. I will say this to you, that whatever time it did take, I personally more than evened up by the fact that four nights out of the week I was at work until 11 o'clock at night.

A Battle to Be Fought.

"I happen to know (although he does not know that I knew it), that the president was bombarded with letters from the moneyed men of the east, and knowing with them the fact that pension claims were being allowed to a considerable degree. They wanted the surplus locked up in the treasury in order that they might find a ready market and much larger rates of interest for their wealth; and you, boys, must be awake to the fact that we have got to meet some things in the future, and that there is a battle to be fought. There are, as I said, 47,000 unadjusted claims in that office, and it is a physical impossibility for many of them to be settled in the fiscal year of the commission.

Pensions for Everyone.

"It is a cruel thing to have to say, but it's a fact, that the powers that be seem to be playing a waiting game, counting on death to save the funds of the government in the vaults of the treasury. It is wicked, but it's true. We have got to have some general legislation. We have got to have revised the law, which will pension every man who needs one, no matter whether that disability was received in the service or not, so that it was not incurred through the veteran's own vicious habits. We have got to have a pension for the widow of every soldier who served his country, no matter whether he died from the effects of that service or not to get it.

He Shook Up the Dry Bones.

"I repeat, we have got to have a battle, and weak hearted men had better go to the rear. I desire to say to you that I look back on the time in the only with the deepest pain. It was not longer, and I regret it solely because of the fact that thereby my opportunity to some of my comrades was abridged. Personally I have never worked so hard in my life, but I flatter myself that I did cause the dry bones to rattle some what and stirred up a feeling which will in the end be to the general benefit of the people at large.

His Aching Hearts.

"My heart aches when I think of the fact that the office is again at work grinding out the old time pensions of $6, $8, $12 and $15.50 per month. The apothecary's scales have not been laid aside as yet. I sent them to the garret, but they didn't have much time for me to gather on them.

"No legislation is needed to abolish them; only the determination on the part of the officials. The law broadly and specifically provides that the ratings shall be subject to revision by the commissioner, and the commissioner has the power in cases of any disability which is not specifically provided for to raise the pension to any sum up to $12 per month.

"I hope for better things in the future. I shall be very glad to hear from you. Very truly yours, JAMES TANNER."

"WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.

Fire in the Western Union Building.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Fire in the waste pipe of the fourth floor of the Western Union building, about 4:30 a. m., did considerable damage to that portion of the great structure, but was soon extinguished.

The entire top of the building was flooded with water, and much damage was done to the fine instruments the building contains. The cause of the fire is unknown.

A Postoffice Robbed.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Nov. 21.—For the second time within a year the postoffice at Fishkill Landing has been robbed. Last night three safes in the office and but one was broken open. Funds and stamps amounting to 600 were taken. There is no clew to the thieves.

The Rogers Peerless.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—Mr. Lennox says that the report of the sale of the Lennox Store Service company to an English syndicate is premature. Negotiations are still in progress.

DON'T you want a stove good and cheap? We have them from $3 to $25 for heating. Cooking Stoves from $8 to $25. Lamps the latest and best styles. Hanging Lamps $1.89 to $12. Hardware Cheap.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,
No. 49 West Front Street.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Here after I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. REWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
23 EAST FRONT STREET

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GILMAN FARM
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 87 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

CALL AND EXAMINE.
Earthen and woodenware of all kinds. Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames, Jim Ware and Tinware. Agents for the Kitchen house. Packages delivered at residence free of charge. S. FRUCHT, No. 9 Somerset St.

Thousands in Successful Use of The CELEBRATED PERFECT RANGES
WARM AIR FURNACES
HOT WATER HEATERS
MANUFACTURED BY
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.
NEW YORK & 234 & 236 Water St. New York
FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. J. Stephenson,
CATERER
AND
Ice Cream Dealer,
N NORTH AVENUE

TUNIS J. CAREY
81 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.

A Tale of Misdirected Philanthropy.

"Tommy, take this broken pitcher and throw it in the ash barrel."

"What's the matter, little boy?"

"I broke de pitcher, an' me mother'll beat me when 'er git home."

"Well, here is a quarter. Go and buy another."

"Jimmy! I worked dat fer all it was worth."—Life.

She Didn't Want to Sit.

Gentleman (in a horse car)—Madam, pray take my seat.

Lady—I thank you, sir, but I'd rather not.

G.—You are welcome to it, madam.

L.—I'm aware of that fact, but, candidly speaking, I've got a new bustle on and I'd rather not sit.—Boston Courier.

Modern Training.

Mother—Now you have broken my cup. You deserve a whipping; come here.

Boy.—No; I won't come.

Mother—Come, Fritz, *till I whip you*, and then you shall have a slice of cake.—Fliegende Blaetter.

A Text Book on the Subject.

Johnny Cumso—I've got to write a composition on "The Date Palm," and I don't know a thing about it.

Johnny's Mamma—There's a "Dictionary of Dates" in the library, Johnny.—Yonkers's News.

SATURDAY, Nov. 23d,

ALL DAY

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

will present to the purchaser of each Stove One Set of Handsome Polishing Irons Complete

FOR THE

Choicest of Butter

at the most moderate cash prices, call at the

Park Ave. Market

PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to satisfy all who may favor me with a call. MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.

W. B. BENTON, Prop.

J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-18-1m

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best plan is this: this door is at 30 Somerset street.

JAMES GARDY, Prop.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 15c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices will guarantee lower than all others. These are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 45c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some good things in lace curtains. The one at $1.25 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merrita Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 West Front Street.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty.
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-3-1y

E. FORBES, M. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 39 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. E. REE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, rooms 30 and 31, Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

FURNITURE

FOR THOSE WHO ARE MAKING OR REFURNISHING

DOLL'S HOUSES

WE HAVE A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SUITES FOR BED-ROOM AND PARLOR, AT ALL PRICES. ALSO MANY SEPARATE PIECES, SUCH AS

Sewing Machines, Umbrella Stands, Stoves, Lamps, etc.

COME AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS BEFORE THE ASSORTMENT IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT ST., PLAINFIELD.

ANOTHER LOT OF 20 CENT BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE,

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other grades used on hand.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store

They have a Grot Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation free. Female attendant for Ladies. 68 East Second street, corner of Washington.

STEPHENSON

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,

SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,

Othello Ranges,

PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS.

PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

12 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

The New Fall Styles

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, &c., just received at

U. B. CRANE'S,

19 PARK AVENUE.

Large Stock of Boys' Knee Hats, Cheap.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
For Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1099.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Taught by Mons. Louis Viroux and Creditner, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private schools. Lessons in families and gentlemen at their private residence. Correspondence invited. Free trial lesson. Terms made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 24th street.

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten and School, 45 Craig Place, near Grove Street. In each department elementary branches are carefully and thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make the school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-28-4f

MR. T. E. HASELL,
Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Director of choral classes. The art of reading music made easy. Studio at Library, Residence, No. 78 Dunr street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MISS SHAW
resumed her lessons in Germanan at her residence, 11 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Pleasure's system used and special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-19-3m

MR. F. L. CONDIT,
Teacher of Violin. 15 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for solo and concert playing. Best of references. P. O. Box 200. 4-9-1y

MISS G. S. HELLWIG,
a graduate of the Gymnasia of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best scholar, gives lessons in Italian and German, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss. C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to class. Best of references. P. O. Box 1093.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central Avenue and Fourth street. M. M Kemp, Principal. Ida F. Kemp, Assistant.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Now and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Fine store work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1523. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Residence Evens. P. O. Box 350.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

PIKE & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

AT THE

City Pharmacy

You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and any injurious substances.

SANACORIUM, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

L. W. Randolph,

Successor to Field & Randolph'

21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

Frank Linke,

(Established 1868.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

CANNED GOODS

We expect a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Rumey Peas, B. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,

Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM

Results by simple and safe and purifies the blood. MRS. GUION'S

Sulphur Vapor Baths

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I have in stock all the choice brands of flour, BUCKEYE, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. Dealer in Rye Specialty. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality, PRICES LOW. A full line of KINDLING WOOD constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made

Furniture Express

81 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of

Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 6.56, 8.04, 9.02 and 10.40 a. m., 2.07, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 10.20 p. m. Sunday at 5.00, 7.56, 9.02 a. m., 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 10.20 p. m. Express 6.56, 9.02 a. m., 3.30, 5.30

WOMAN AND HOME.

A NURSERY THAT MAY GIVE SUGGESTIONS TO MOTHERS.

The Indolent Women of Guaymas—Riding to Hounds—Children's Manners at Table—Famous Women with Auburn Hair. How Norwegian Bread Is Made.

How to make little children behave themselves is a problem that presents itself in some form or other to young mothers continually, and the way they try to solve it is often amusing, but more generally painful, to the disinterested onlooker. A little girl recently paid a visit to a "ladies' shelter," which is in charge of a committee of intelligent women, who are trying to prove that spanking is not at all necessary to make youngsters behave themselves.

Children are taken into this place when they are from 18 months to 2 years old, and are looked after until they are 6. They come from the slums of the city and have consequently been accustomed to bad food, bad air and bad clothing. The house to which they are taken is large, well ventilated, and the laws of good health are strictly observed.

Every child has a morning bath and wholesome breakfast, after which they are sent out in the yard to play for several hours; then comes, I believe, some sort of kindergarten exercise, which is more like a play than a task, then dinner, then a nap, and a walk in the fresh air.

Under such a regimen as this the change which takes place in the appearance of the poor little half starved waifs is perfectly marvelous. A pale, sickly, ugly little specimen of humanity will, in an incredibly short space of time, develop into a healthy, plump, rosy-cheeked little beauty. And what is still better, their dispositions also undergo a vast improvement, for unless children are spoiled they are nearly always good when they are comfortable.

"Our first trouble," says the bright eyed girl who showed the visitor around, "is to teach the new children to eat regular meals; usually they don't want any breakfast; then about 10 o'clock they begin to be hungry and think it is time for the first few days we humor them a little, for everything here is new and strange and they are unhappy at being separated from their mothers, but after that an early supper is given them of bread and milk, rice pudding, hominy or some other light food, and they are allowed nothing else before bedtime; so next morning they awake feeling bright and hungry, and relish their breakfast so well that they eat heartily, and by keeping them amused and entertained they seldom think of asking for anything to eat until their 12 o'clock dinner.

"This is a good, wholesome meal of soup, fresh meat, well cooked vegetables and fruit. The children are encouraged to eat as much as they like, and having learned by experience that they will be allowed nothing between meals, soon get into the habit of making a full meal, and then forget all about eating until the next. No coffee or tea is permitted, but they have an abundance of fresh, sweet milk. From the way children want to do after they come here, it seems they have been allowed to amuse themselves at home, eating all day long. That is what makes them so cross—they are half sick all the time. You know yourself if that you couldn't stand it. Our children are very good."

"But are they not bad, sometimes?" was asked. "I have seen children at home with their mothers get into a perfect rage, lie down on the floor and roll and kick, and scream at the top of their voices. Then the mother says there is nothing to be done except spank the child, which she at once proceeds to do. What do you do in such cases?"

"Somehow, the children here never get into such tantrums; they seem to be good, the nurses have a system of rewards rather than punishments. When a child is good it is allowed many privileges. For instance, some of our children are fond of the white cotton dress fruit or some little nice thing to eat, in which the ones who have misbehaved are not allowed to share. Of course, the child is naturally very indignant, and thinks itself badly used, but it remembers to be good next time, for it finds that being bad doesn't pay."

"But these are very mild measures. What do you do when they fall—when a child refuses to be pacified on any terms?"

"Then it is put to bed," she answered. "They dislike that worse than anything—not to have any toys to play with or anybody to talk to. A child remembers that a long time. Our children are never allowed to gain anything by crying; they are always the losers. And this is a great mistake made by most mothers—they actually pay their children to cry. A little girl wanted to go somewhere with her father, but the weather was bitter cold that day, and he would not permit her to go out. The child, however, was determined to carry her point, and went about it in the most systematic way. They lived in a country factory, where they had huge wood fires, and looking around the room for an humble seat she saw the pile of wood near the door and went and sat down upon it and began to cry for herself. Pretty soon her father passed by and asked what was the matter.

"'I want to go with you,' said the child, holding up her pretty tearful face.

"'That you shall,' he said. "Here, wife, wrap this child up well, and give her to me. I'll take her, if it is cold."

As the little girl went off to get her wraps, she murmured softly, yet still loud enough to be heard:

"I thought if I cried, pa would let me go."—New York News.

The Indolent Women of Guaymas.

Manual labor is considered disheraldic for any but the lowest classes, and poor indeed must the aristocratic Mexican become before he or she will consent to do any kind of work. Indoors or out—in most cases I verily believe they would prefer starvation. To be sure, the ladies look after their household affairs, but that is all they do. Breakfast is, they go around the casa and worry the multitude of servants by ignorant orders, and most of them use the needle skillfully on fine work and embroidery. The gentlemen pass their lives are spent in the hammock, eating, sleeping, smoking cigarettes in dainty silver holders, and chatting airy nothings. They are all religious and regular attendants, goes to morning mass and evening vesper, observing all fiestas and doing whatever priest and confessor dictate. They read little or nothing, as a rule they are ignorant of the world beyond their limits of vision, and their highest idea of enjoyment is in dancing, and sinless flirtation.

There are a great many balls, and every evening there is informal dancing in somebody's casa. It is the universal custom everywhere in Mexico for neighbors and friends to "drop in" at any evening without special invitation, and always a dozen or three are gathered together. Dancing, music and dancing, to which those light hearted, pleasure loving, warm blooded people indulge as naturally as ducks to water. As an incident characteristic of the place I may mention that coming in Guaymas once via the California gulf, the steamer arrived Monday morning. It was after 9 o'clock when I went ashore with the captain, but we found everything shut up—the custom house, the post-office, the stores; nobody stirring but the American consul, even the distributor of the mails and the master of the post being fast asleep because being disturbed so early. There had been a carnival until the night before Sunday, and young and old had danced till Monday dawning.—Penny B. Ward.

Ladies of the Chase.

The ladies take more and more every year a share in the excitement of the chase. The Countess de Paris and the Duchess d'Uzes are the leading huntresses. The fleetness with which they follow the tent and their exploits in the field have won for them a fame. Hunting, of ladies who do not hunt on horseback hunt on foot, and, gun in hand, prove themselves untiring pedestrians. French women were at one time little addicted to taking open air exercise; now, during the autumn season, their walking exploits rival the prowess of the hardier English women.

They trump through the woods and across country clad in skirts scarcely coming down to the knees, wearing high boots of untanned leather reaching up to the hem of the skirt, a business-like looking little hunting bag with a strap across the shoulder, a gun and a small felt hat complete their attire. The dresses are made of velvet or light woolen material of the color of the woods in autumn, russet and golden brown heather, or dim green like the green of the pine trees.

To describe one of these dresses is to describe all. The one we have in mind, selected for one of our most accomplished Dianas, and made by a leading house, was of woolen stuff, chestnut fawn and brown. The sleeves skirt was plaited and edged with a band of brown velvet. The velvet vest bodice opened over a chamois waistcoat fastened with filigree buttons. Untanned leather boots, an Russian leather sachet, a small, brown felt hat trimmed with a pheasant's wing, carried out the sober autumnal harmony of color.—Woman's World.

Manners at Table.

The time for acquiring good table manners is during childhood and at home. Years at boarding school, hours spent over set books of etiquette will not remove vulgar habits, but can never give the ease and grace acquired in childhood at a well ordered table. A child who is almost a baby can be taught to handle his knife and fork, or spoon, if he is too young for those more advanced implements, with a daintiness that will offend no one. Where there are children, it is not a good plan to make a wide difference between your everyday and company china, silver and napery. There is too apt to be a wide difference, also, between everyday and company manners, if each child have his cover as nicely laid with plate, knife and fork, spoon, napkin and glass as his elders, and remember that he will be sure to note your use of these articles. Teach him to say "thank you" and "please," and if he is allowed to leave the table before the meal is ended, let him learn to say "excuse me." We were very much amused at a baby of four summers who recently dined at our table. The meal, interspersed with interesting conversation, was tedious to his infant appetite and finished, and finally the little one spoke up with: "May I be excused, please? I have enjoyed my dinner very much." Some one at the table—not his father—remarked that that boy bid fair to be "the finest gentleman in America."—American Agriculturist.

Auburn Haired Girls.

All young women possessed of red hair can remember that in the days of their childhood their hirsute adornment was a source of mocking merriment to their friends, and the term "carrot top" or "strawberry blonde" was one of contempt. They wondered, perhaps, why it was they were always called "red headed," when their playmates were described as being black, brown or golden haired. But the "red headed" girls don't mind now that it is every young woman's ambition to be auburn haired, and she hopes that the shade of hair that was to the dusky which belonged to the wicked Lucretia. If she gets exactly the right shade she does not see why a single thread of her hair might not be preserved and exhibited, as is the case so proudly shown in Florence as having belonged to the wicked Lucretia.

It is odd how many famous women have had this "false red hair." Catherine of Russia gloried in it, and Anne of Austria had brown hair, just on the verge of being red. Ninon de l'Enclos was equally proud of her warm colored tresses, and Mary Stuart seemed a daughter of the sun. Jane Hading and Mrs. Potter both have warm, auburn hair, but it does not reach the real tint, which is that which every woman, all her glory, the head of the Empress Eugenie, she who has known the extreme of happiness and of sadness.—Exchange.

The New Colors.

Eiffel red is a deep brick red, having a dash of terra cotta. Buffalo is a rich medium red. Virgil is a light red. Jockey cap is a bright red, tan a deaming shade, imperial a deep tan and Titian a yellowish red. Red is a most prominent color, green, lilac, brown, gray and blue following. Cythere is a pale green, resseda a grayish green, tilleul a light yellow green, lisard a bluish tint, linden a pale gray shade, verdette a dark leaf green, cevere a grayish green, also Bronze and sage. Serpente is of a blue gray green, if such a combination can be imagined. Vieux rose remains a famed pink, while rose fane is of the same style, though brighter. Orchid is a pinkish mauve, veal a reddish pink, and Camille a very deep shade. Mikel is a bluish gray; silver and steel are clear shades. Boa and serpent are grayish greens. Grique is a red brown; chestnut and Vandyke golden browns; Chataigne a dark oak shade, and Kakroan a yellow brown. Citron is a bright yellow, or rouge a red gold; pearl, grayish white; opal, milk white; silver white, a pale gray white; violet, purplish lavender; iris, lilac plum; burned brandy, brown lilac, and lilac, a pale plum, having a tint of pink. Saxe is a deep blue; Cladon, a greenish shade; Russian, a dark tint; gris bleu, a steely blue; granite, a gray blue; Qualee, a dark green, and Pegoune, a dark, grayish tint.—Exchange.

A Japanese Sister.

A Japanese house is all back door; but the back door faces the street and is separated from it by only a foot ditch which runs the length of every Japanese street on both sides, and into which all the refuse and dops of every family of their vicinity. There is no sidewalk, but the better houses have a little plank bridge spanning the ditch in front. The whole side of the house is open to the street by day, so that a Japanese baby is attached to the busy mother's back as she goes about her work, it is virtually on the street anyway. More often there is an older sister, who, family duties begin to give the little one such care as Japanese babies get. That is, he is tied to her back by a strip of cloth long around his body and thighs. Here he hangs all day long, sometimes when he is removed to be fed. His little head falls back or bobs helplessly from side to side as the sister runs and plays or works.

Sometimes one sees a child of 6 or 7 actually nursing a baby's back. The sun shines in his unprotected face and on his bare head. If he cries he is bounced up and down or rocked from side to side by the little nurse. Sometimes it looks as if one baby had just been unstrapped from its mother's back and had the next one tied to its own before it had gained strength enough to support itself with ease. Then both babies are to be pitied. Think of your little 4 or 5 year old girl with a baby from 2 months to a year old bound to her back—never free from her burden for an hour at a time, from early morning until late at night. Japanese children are not tucked away in their downy beds with the setting of the sun, but stay out with their street companions until nature is exhausted. Then the babies are removed, and they creep under their cover on the floor and sleep until the daylight calls them out from their drowsy, ill ventilated rooms to the street again.—Babyhood.

The "First Intention."

If children are taught to do things by the "first intention" and the parents keep up the practice, half the work of housekeeping will be saved. For example, the boy who is always whittling, should be taught to dig the cutting over the wood box or on papers spread down to protect the carpeting, and when he is through, he should see that the room is as tidy as before, and leaving that for his mother or sister to sweep up. In cutting out work or in dressmaking, no time is lost in gathering up the scraps as they fall from the table, and putting them in a basket, and the room is not kept in such a state or disorder that one can hardly tell which way to turn. In short, there is no need of two movements where one is sufficiently. It takes no longer to put the burnt match into the receptacle provided for it or into the fire at the time it is used than it does an hour later. If a mother's table is set on a table, it takes more time and strength to wash off the marks left than it would to have placed paper beneath the kettle in the first place. Teach the children when quite young to accustom themselves daily in one place and not scatter the crumbs broadcast over the floor, or, when eating candy, impress it upon them to touch nothing but the candy, and to wipe their fingers. It is chiefly in avoiding the "litter" or confusion made by both the children and the elders that the saving tells. There are hundreds of other matters which, by the first way of doing them, saves time and trouble; but these given, though simple, may serve as examples.—Lewiston Journal.

Women in the Paris Exposition.

A correspondent of The Woman's Cycle, writing from Paris, says he found that about 100 women artists were entitled to honorable mention in Classes 1 to 5 of Group I, that is, in the various branches of the fine arts—oil painting, sculpture, engravings, etc. "This seems a very creditable to the sex, when it is borne in mind that no women were members of the fine art juries of the exhibition, nor, if I am not mistaken, of the various national committees and juries formed in different parts of Europe and America, and that decided, in many cases without appeal, what pictures, etc., should be sent to Paris. France, by many times, carried its women's prize than certain other countries which, however, make greater pretensions in this particular. So I am not astonished to find that nearly half of the 100 women artists who carry off honors are of French birth, and that, with the exception of a Swiss lady, the only female painter in oil to receive a gold medal is Mme. Demont-Breton, of France, while Mme. Cazin among water colorists, and Mme. Leon Berteaux among sculptors, are the only women, and both of them French, who have given gold medals. In Class 5—engraving and lithography—two women were awarded honors, and here, again, both are French."

Norwegian Bread.

The real Norwegian bread is the fa'bro, or flat bread, made of barley flour or oatmeal stirred into water with a little salt, and rowed out in large flat sheets a foot in diameter. Sometimes potato, and nearly always cow's milk or butter are added, and to the unlikeliest fa' bro looks like so many wrinkled bits of leather. The large round wafers of fa' bro are baked about once a year at the farm houses, and put away in the stabbur, or storehouse. It is brought out as needed, and freshened by being put in the oven for a few minutes. A Norwegian table is never set without a large plate of fa' bro, and travelers learn to like the crisp brown wafery bits that go so well with cheese. It is strange that with the present rage for novelties for the dinner table no fa'bro has yet come to use. We should have introduced the fa' bro, as, in every city where there are any Scandinavians, there are bakers who make it.—Harper's Bazar.

A Lesson in Patience.

"Do be a little patient with the children, my dear," said Mr. Bixby to his wife, when she spoke sharply to them for upsetting her workbasket and sending its contents all over the floor. "Remember that you were a child yourself once, and that the most obedient and pleasing children are those who are ruled by love. When they vex me I—what is the matter with you, Jane? Are you crying?" by deliberately sticking your face into my silk hat? If that don't beat anything I ever heard! Now look at that hat, sir, look at it! For half a cent I'd turn you out into the woodshed and give you such a warming up as you wouldn't forget as long as you live. I ought to do it! It's the only way to teach you young ones to behave a little less like a lot of hyenas! Now you put off to bed without your supper, young man!"—Time.

The Queen's Mistake.

It is so infrequent that the queen is wrong on a point of detail that the following story is worth telling. An artist who is pretty well known to fame was ordered to take down a military picture for exhibition at Windsor. He did so, and the queen on seeing it at once remarked that in a certain uniformed particular one of the uniforms was incorrectly painted. The artist was a little astonished as to protest respectfully that he was right, and her majesty to convince him sent for a specimen soldier from the guard on duty. He came and an examination of his coat proved that the artist was correct. It is only fair to add that an alteration had only recently been made by the authorities, of which the queen was, apparently, not aware.—Figaro.

For Tired Shop Girls.

The Early Closing association is showing at its offices in London a very simple and ingenious contrivance by the help of which a shop assistant's or customer's seat. It occupies the same space when not in use as a closed umbrella. It can be made very cheaply, cannot get out of order, and can be adjusted from position by accident, yet it can be moved to right or left, backward or forward, at the option of the user. The invention will, it is hoped, be largely adopted by employers, and the hope is entertained that it will be adopted by many of those employers who care for the health of their assistants.—New York Telegram.

Tea.

They were in a private box, and the man had been wining and dining her. Now she was in a fine temper because she could not see the stage. "Why," said he, trying to help her out, "you can see it from the back of the box." "I did; but I can't see it from the front." "No, but I forget to put on my spectacles."—St. James Gazette.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

NEW YORK, PARIS AND LONDON FASHIONS DESCRIBED.

New Styles in Furs, Fur Garments, Seal Wraps and Fur Lined Cloaks—All About Shoulder Capes of Fur and This Season's Boas and Muffs.

Seal garments lead in popularity. Sealskin sacques remain in favor with misses and young matrons, while mantles and long garments are preferred by middle aged and elderly ladies. The seal sacques are, properly speaking, natty coats, made double breasted, with high shoulder roll sleeves and less fullness in the back. Most of these sacques are made with a collar that turns up high about the neck. The seal wraps, or mantles, are similar in fashion to those of last season; many show long, straight fronts and flowing sleeves set high on the shoulders. Long seal garments literally cover the wearer from head to foot. A novelty has been introduced in the shape of a circular with the back following the outline of the figure, and straight fronts.

SEAL JACKET—PERSIAN LAMB CAPE.

Fur trimmed cloth wraps include a great variety of jackets, coats, visites and long cloaks. The fur lined garments are almost entirely confined to wraps especially designed for evening and carriage wear.

The fashion prevails in fur wraps of two differing furs, as sealskin trimmed with Persian lamb skin, seal and silver fox, etc. Fashionable furs for trimmings embrace Russian sable, Hudson Bay sable, beaver, marten, otter, lynx, fox, Alaska sable, chinchilla and Persian lamb.

FUR LINED EVENING CLOAK.

In the first cut, one figure represents a sealskin jacket, with Medici collar, cuffs and facings of beaver. The collar can be turned down if desired. The remaining figure shows one of the several forms of shoulder capes in fashion. The one pictured is in black Russian lamb, with revers and long boa ends in lustered beaver. The muff matches the cape.

In the second cut appears the representation of an exceedingly warm, and at the same time light and becoming wrap for evening wear. The outside is of plush of any pleasing color, and the linings and trimmings are of fine fur.

New Muffs, Collars and Boas.

Flat muffs have a new feature in a ruffled border at each end of a different kind of fur; this a Persian lamb muff has a sealskin ruffle gathered at each end, and loops of sealskin are in the ribbon bow which is set on the front; a pretty figured satin lining shows inside the frilled ends. Shatter muffs of sealskin have Persian lamb ruffled ends. Round muffs are slightly larger in shape, with fancy linings, but no trimming of bows. A combination muff has a sealskin back to match collars, capes, or jackets, made by alternate stripes of the furs around the muffs, such as seal alternating with Persian, or with leopard, or with sealskin and ash.

The fur cravat is a novelty for wrapping around the high collar of the gown or coat, and for the throat which is made of a single animal, with its stuffed head and legs still left on. Furs cravats have the eyes of the sable or mink head made of jewels, but a dark, natural eyed Russian sable skin is handsome and costly enough for most tastes and purses.

Boas are more gracefully made this winter, and are three yards in length. The richest boas are of sable, silver fox or black bear, and others are of lynx, colored black marten, otter, fox bleute, fox argente, beaver, or raccoon. The new fur collars have a pleating pointed in the waist, with high standing English collar, or the Elizabethan or Marie Antoinette collar when worn to dress outward from the face. The Russian collar of last year is also worn very high, and rolled in a point to the waist.—Harper's Bazar.

Fashion Echoes.

Bracelets and bangles are in greater demand than ever.

Japanese dressing gowns and sacques are in favor now with New York ladies. These are made of Japanese silk and wadded throughout.

Yellow garters, held in place by silver or gold clasps, are all the rage.

The typical fashionable woman of today wears silk underwear; silk petticoats and silk night dresses.

The silk underclothing now so fashionable is made of Chinese and India silks, and procured in Canton.

Black mittens are again in high favor.

Satin is a popular fabric; so is velvet, either plain or sublimated.

Silk and velvet gowns are trimmed with leather trimmings.

Fur is much used for trimming cloth dresses.

Sleeves are made either quite tight and plain, or else puffed in various ways according to the taste and style of the wearer; the latter however being decidedly out of fashion.

Bonnets are worn very small, and trimmed only with a bird's wing, or a bird's head, and the puffed sleeves looking well on those who are more decidedly made.

DO YOU KNOW!

What the Special Inducements are that are Now Being Offered in

DRESSGOODS

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THAT COLD WAVE

OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVEN'T A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMB'S WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.

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If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufacturers (Sch. Brodwax, N. Y.), thereby saving jobbers' profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy double widths, Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 39c., 46 inch Tricots, 49c. Improved (all iron) Dress Forms $1.25 each.

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An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calicos 5c. per yard. Best quality live Geese Feather Pillows packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

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Men's Winter Overcoats,	- -	$3.50 up.
Boys' "	4 to 12 ys.,	1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants),	- -	3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits,	4 to 14 ys.,	1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants,	- - - -	.25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

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ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low priced Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our carpet stock where we do upholstering, making lounges, cushions and mattresses. It will interest you to look over our goods, whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

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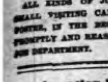
PEERLESS DYES

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

Proclamation by the Governor.



In accordance with long established customs and in recognition of manifold blessings which God has vouchsafed to the people of this favored land during the year now drawing to a close, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate Thursday, the 28th day of November, instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and praise, and recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employment, give thanks to Almighty God for his goodness in the past and pray for a continuance of his blessings in the future.

Given under my hand and the private seal of the city of Trenton, this sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.
Attest: ROBT. S. GREEN, JR.,
Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—Park avenue, near Front street, was today spread with crushed stone.

—"The Private Secretary" is booked for the Music Hall matinee on Thanksgiving Day.

—The iron work for the new bridge on Richmond street and Elm place has not yet arrived.

—Mr. P. A. Burdick will speak at the New Market Seventh-day Baptist church tomorrow morning.

—A concert was given at Arcanum Hall, Westfield, last night, for the benefit of the Colored Mission of that place.

—Leali's foot-ball team, of this city, will go to Elizabeth to-morrow afternoon and play with the Pingry team, of that place.

—The members of the Plainfield Reform Club will attend the business meeting in Music Hall in a body to-morrow evening.

—The Carleton Opera Company left Plainfield shortly after nine o'clock this morning for Elizabeth, where they play this evening.

—The regular weekly gospel temperance meeting will be held in Hope chapel this evening. Rev. C. B. Mitchell will make an address.

—Mr. Burdick says he can prove that the liquor traffic is a burden to the business men and taxpayer. Go and hear him to-night at Music Hall.

—The Plainfield Cornet Band orchestra played at Music Hall last evening. Early in December they will play for the Woodbridge Social Club.

—The ladies of the "Y" will have a cake and candy sale at their rooms the day before Thanksgiving. Particulars will be advertised in THE NEWS in a few days.

—The railroad at Pesapack is nearly graded. The track laying has begun and by Christmas it is expected that the Rockaway Valley cars will be running in the Pesapack Valley.

—A silver cup is to be shot for on Thanksgiving day at Summit by teams from the Park avenue and Oriental Clubs, of this city, and a team from the Summit Lyceum.

—Tuesday, November 26th, will be the last chance to register previous to the Charter Election, on Dec. 3d. If you voted at the last election it is not necessary for you to register again.

—The Union County Court will sit on Monday evening next, in the County Clerk's office at Elizabeth, for the purpose of issuing naturalization papers prior to the charter election on Dec. 3d.

—The fifteenth annual meeting of the State Sanitary Association will be held at Trenton to-day and to-morrow. No provision has been made to send a representative from the Plainfield Board of Health.

—A grand crowd of colored people gathered in the T. A. B. Hall last evening on the occasion of the first grand festival of Colonial Crescent Lodge, No. 51, I. O. of G. R. and D. S. The storm interfered somewhat with the attendance.

—We should like to respectfully inquire of the borough authorities how much longer people will be compelled to imitate the festive kangaroo in order to escape the mud and holes in that apology for a sidewalk between Linden and Grandview avenues!

—Ex-Councilman Samuel F. T. Wilbur, of East Third street, is seeking the Republican nomination for Councilman in the First Ward. Henry C. Drake, of East Fourth street, expects the Democratic nomination in the same ward. Both men are in favor of license.

—Mr. Joseph W. Gavett will lead the Young People's meeting for Bible study and prayer at Bethel chapel to-night. The topic for this evening will be: "Divisions of the Bible in Old and New Testaments; Relations of one to the other. Divisions of Old and New Testament."

—"Tell it not in Gath, publish it not in the streets of Askelon" lest it utterly disappear—Plainfield saw a ray of sunshine to-day. It proved not long in the valleys and on the mountain top it was but as a fleeting dream. Yet the ray is not dead, but sleepeth; neither is it under the daisies: it is simply under a cloud.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
1, Friday	46	52	46
2, Saturday	46	52	46
3, Sunday	46	52	46
4, Monday	46	52	46
5, Tuesday	46	52	46
6, Wednesday	46	52	46
7, Thursday	46	52	46
8, Friday	46	52	46
9, Saturday	46	52	46
10, Sunday	46	52	46
11, Monday	46	52	46
12, Tuesday	46	52	46
13, Wednesday	46	52	46
14, Thursday	46	52	46
15, Friday	46	52	46
16, Saturday	46	52	46
17, Sunday	46	52	46
18, Monday	46	52	46
19, Tuesday	46	52	46
20, Wednesday	46	52	46
21, Thursday	46	52	46
22, Friday	46	52	46
23, Saturday	46	52	46
24, Sunday	46	52	46
25, Monday	46	52	46
26, Tuesday	46	52	46
27, Wednesday	46	52	46
28, Thursday	46	52	46
29, Friday	46	52	46
30, Saturday	46	52	46

A BRILLIANT SOCIAL EVENT.

The Concert at Mr. J. T. Closson's Last Night.

The elegant residence of Mr. James T. Closson on East Front street was the scene last evening of an unusually brilliant musical entertainment. The inspiration of Miss Ella R. Haines, Miss Ada G. Marsh, and Miss Minnie May a number of the most prominent ladies of this city and Netherwood have arranged a series of six private concerts, to be given during the coming Winter season, the first of which was that of last evening. Miss Haines, Miss Marsh and Miss May will have charge of the details of each performance.

About 200 of the best-known residents of Plainfield and vicinity, including a large number of guests from New York city, were graciously received by Mr. and Mrs. Closson, the hostess, and ushered into the spacious parlors, whose costly chandeliers cast a brilliant flood of light over the assembled throng. The air of the rooms was heavy with the redolence of the rarest flowers, and the whole scene, with its moving figures of beautiful women, all of whom were attired in full dress costumes of the richest materials, made the occasion one of great eclat.

While the following programme was being interpreted the guests occupied chairs in the parlors on either side of the large hall and filled the hall itself, while the broad staircase leading to the floor above served as a proscenium box from which a splendid view of the scene was had. The artists were stationed at the end of the hall, beneath the ornamental archway, with the brightly illuminated conservatory as a back ground. The effect was that of a lovely picture, full of life and beauty. The presence of the Mendelssohn Quartet, of which Mr. William Dennison is 1st tenor; Mr. C. H. Clarke, 2d tenor; Mr. James A. Metcalf, 1st bass; and Mr. Charles B. Hawley, 2d bass, was a pleasant surprise. They were in no degree eclipsed last night than usual, and the reputation of this celebrated quartet for artistic work is too widely known to require encomiums on our part. The performance of Miss Marsh was simply grand, and, in the language of a celebrated professor who was present, was "simply perfect." The other artists were pleasing to an eminent degree, and every number on the programme was a revelation in itself.

PROGRAMME.

Quartet—King Wilfid's Drinking Horn,..... Hatton
Mendelssohn Glee Club Quartet.
Violin solo—Souvenir de Posen....Wieniawski
Mr. Fritz Elmer.
Soprano solo—Summer Evening,.....Lemon
Miss Anna L. Kelly.
Piano solo—Ballade, No. 1 in G minor.....Chopin
Miss Jennie May.
Quartet—Annie Laurie,.....Arranged by Buck
Mendelssohn Glee Club Quartet.

INTERMISSION.

Trio—Allegro, Andantino, Allegro Grazioso
Jadassohn
Miss Ella R. Haines, Mr. Fritz Elmer,
Mr. Ernest Muldner, Jr.
Soprano solo—At the Spring,.....Jensen
For Music.
Miss Anna L. Kelly.
Violoncello solo—Song Without Words....
.....Davidoff
Mr. Ernest Muldner, Jr.
Piano solo—Scherzo b minor.....Chopin
Miss Ada G. Marsh.
Quartet—"Integer Vitæ,".....Hatton
Mendelssohn Glee Club Quartet.

During the intermission sherbet was served. At the conclusion of the programme the large dining hall was thrown open and the guests were ushered in to a superb supper. All the arrangements in connection with the concert were as nearly perfect as human forethought could make them. An awning covered the easterly end of the porch and extended down to the carriage way, which was lighted by a dozen lamps. The carriage service was superintended by Officer Lynch, who had been detailed for that purpose, and all confusion was avoided by his skillful management.

As already intimated, this is but the beginning of a series of musical treats which will delight Plainfield people this Winter. They will be given under the patronage of the ladies whose names are appended below. This is a sufficient guarantee of their excellence:

LADY PATRONS.

Mrs. S. A. Haines, Mrs. Bowen, Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Henry Talmadge, Mrs. Anthony, Mrs. Bowen, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Osborne, Mrs. Dorus Hyde, Mrs. William P. Smith, Mrs. William Bloodgood, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Gross, and Mrs. Vandewater, of Netherwood.

Mrs. M. E. Edgerton, Mrs. Lord, Mr. Burnet, Mrs. Gioux, Mrs. Hart, Mrs. Dr. Murray, Mrs. Lowe, Mrs. Fleming, Mrs. Brooks, Mrs. Rankin, Mrs. Rowland Cox, Mrs. Tyler, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Charles Fisk, Mrs. Pliny Fisk, Mrs. Charles Wadsworth, Mrs. J. K. Myers, Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Hoskins, Mrs. Mead, Mrs. Charles Hyde, Mrs. A. D. Shepard, Miss Kenyon, Mrs. Craig Marsh, and Miss Hayes, of Plainfield.

The Y. M. C. A. Reception.

The members' reception at the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening was well attended. A quartette composed of Prof. Peter L. Condit, violin; Mr. Howard Cogill, flute; Mr. Dow Jones Vee, cornet, and Mr. Gregg Rogers, piano, discovered spirited music. Mr. Murray, the president, made a cordial address of welcome. Prof. Condit, with Mrs. Buckley at the piano, received encore after encore for his brilliant solos. Each succession was afforded by Dr. Lodtz, of New York, who remarked to gentlemen from the audience, and sent him through various droll performances. The evening closed with a social half hour, during which the members enjoyed refreshments provided by the Ladies' Auxiliary Society.

Bowling at Dunellen.

The last bowling game of the season between the Middlesex and Dunellen Bowling Green Clubs took place on Mr. Christian Schapitle's bowling green at Dunellen yesterday afternoon. The game was an interesting one and at the conclusion the score stood 21 to 20 in favor of the Dunellen Club. Messrs. C. Schapitle, James Stevens, J. R. Smith and F. F. Haffner composed the Dunellen team, and Messrs. H. Brewster Willis, H. M. Pitts, D. D. Christian and F. J. Hickey represented the Middlesex Club.

PERSONAL.

Mr. S. A. Haines, of Netherwood, is en route for California.

Mr. Theodore A. Dunn, of Broadway was stricken with paralysis last evening.

Dr. A. S. Titsworth, of New Market, expects to spend the Winter in Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. W. H. Van Sicyk, of East Fifth street, will spend the Winter in New York city.

Miss Alberti, the well-known elocutionist, took part in an entertainment at Chester, N. Y., last evening.

Mrs. William M. Hammond, of West Second street, will start next week for Kansas City, to join her husband, who is now located there.

Mr. S. Merrit Potter, formerly of this city, and now of Philadelphia, is visiting at the residence of Mr. Thomas Worth, on Grove street, North Plainfield.

Walter Bird, who was obliged to give up his situation at Edsall's on account of sickness, has so far recovered as to take Joseph Ader's place with Groff & Smith at Clinton.

William T. Banks, of Netherwood, had an addition to his family this morning about nine o'clock, when, according to report, another young Democrat was born, to the joy of the parents.

The Rev. J. T. Steck, formerly vice-principal of the public schools of New Brunswick, was on Wednesday evening last installed as pastor of the Reformed church at Bloomfield, opposite Bound Brook.

Miss Emily Runyon, daughter of Mr. Elias Runyon of New Brunswick, was married on Wednesday evening to Mr. Willis Miller Kemper, a well known Cincinnati lawyer. Rev. E. C. Applegarth, pastor of the First Baptist church, performed the ceremony.

Mr. George Gregory O'Dwyer, a blind musician and a graduate of a New York college, played before a number of High School scholars, yesterday afternoon. His object was to sell two of his own compositions—which he performed—and succeeded, many purchasing.

At the funeral of Dr. N. C. Jobs, from the Springfield Presbyterian church on Tuesday, the floral offerings consisted of a chair, representing the dead doctor's office chair; a pillow with a masonic emblem and the word "Brother" inscribed thereon; a pillow from his medical friends, and a broken column. The remains were interred in the family plot in Evergreen cemetery. Four clergymen participated in the funeral services. Dr. Jobs was well-known in this city, having formerly resided on Park place. He was also a member of the Middlesex County Gun Club.

About fifty relatives and friends gathered at the residence of Mr. J. B. Myers at Bound Brook on Wednesday evening last to witness the marriage of Mr. Ulysses Grant Tingley, of Dunellen, and Miss Linda Belle, daughter of Capt. S. H. Myers, a former resident of Bound Brook. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. Johns, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Bound Brook, assisted by Rev. D. W. Shallinger, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Dunellen. Miss Mamie McNabb played the wedding march at the ushers, Mr. G. Thornton Clark and Mr. Morton W. Bennett, of Yonkers, N. Y., entered the room, followed by the bridal pair. The bride wore cream colored cloth and valenciennes lace. The groom wore the customary suit of black. The gifts were exceptionally beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Tingley left town on the 5:31 train for Philadelphia.

Miss Eliza, daughter of Mr. Thompson Park, of No. 17 East Front street, is to give a concert at Chickering Hall, New York, some time next month. She is a talented pianist, and has played at New York concerts with some of the most celebrated performers. It is quite a treat to happen into Mr. Park's store while Miss Park is performing for practice some of the latest works of celebrated composers. Music comes to her naturally. Both her father and mother are persons of high musical accomplishments. Mr. Thompson Park served a seven years' apprenticeship at piano making at the manufactory of Hazleton Brothers, New York, seventeen years ago, and acquired such an enviable reputation for his skill in tuning and regulating the higher class of instruments that Chickering induced him to take charge of that line of work in their Boston concern. Several years later Mr. Park opened a music store at Springfield, Mass., and soon achieved such an excellent reputation that it became necessary to place in that section for everything in the music line. Mr. Park sold, after twelve years, his lucrative business in that city, and some three months ago purchased the elegant store of Jacobs Brothers, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. He desired to get nearer New York, so as to enable his daughter to continue her musical education in the Metropolis. He has added to his stock everything from sheet music to the most expensive grand pianos, and has already taken a foremost place in his line. As his skill in tuning and repairing pianos becomes more and more widely known his services are more frequently in demand, and his time is largely taken up with this class of work.

A Successful Operation.

Anna Pauline Albertie, aged five and a half years, the daughter of Mr. John Albertie, of 49 East Fifth street, is the only person in Plainfield who enjoys the distinction of having breathed for twelve days through an artificial opening in the throat. On the 27th of October she was slowly dying all night from diphtheria, and was given up by her doctors to live. All remedies known to the physicians had been tried in vain, and the only hope left was in tracheotomy. At this time Dr. Carman, assisted by Drs. Hodges and Murray, opened the windpipe and inserted a silver tube through which the child was enabled to breathe. The operation was a complete success. The tube was taken from the throat for the first time to-day, and the child is now fully recovered. This is said to be the first successful operation of this kind in Plainfield.

Rally at the Temperance Chapel.

It is expected that all the different temperance organizations will attend the temperance meeting at Music Hall to-morrow night. Each organization will come in a body, and seats will be reserved for them. The topic of Mr. Burdick's address will be: "The sober and the drop."

BURDICK AT REFORM HALL.

His Address Last Night on the Temperance Question.

Reform Hall was comfortably filled last night, and those who came out through the storm were well repaid. One man was heard to say: "It pays to come out through the storm, for Burdick gives his best addresses on rainy nights." Mr. Burdick believes that if any audience deserves his best effort, it is an audience which makes its way to a hall in a howling rain storm. Among other things he said:

"We are called people of one idea. This I deny. But then it is better to have one idea, than to have none. While in Troy, N. Y., a man who attended the meetings commenced the 'one idea' and said, 'You temperance people have just one idea. It is rum, rum and saloon, saloon. We, as Christian workers, take in a broader field, and work against all the sins—profanity, theft, gambling, licentiousness, etc. But you are narrow and only war against rum and the saloon.' My reply was, 'Will you go with me this afternoon about the city?' He consented. As we were passing a saloon a man was kicked out from the place. He was swearing fearfully. What asked where he learned to swear. He replied, 'In places like that.' So we have two ideas when we fight rum and the saloon. I wanted him to visit a concert saloon, but he refused. He admitted, however, that those who were inmates of such dens were largely brought there by drink. We then visited the jail and found thirty-six inmates. Of that number twenty-nine were sent there through the direct cause of drink, and no two for the same offense. We then visited a noted gambling room and found that drink was in every corner store. I said 'My friend, what do you think now of simply one idea in our war against rum and the saloon?' He replied, 'I was ignorant of the real truth. I admit my mistake.' He understood for the first time the scope of our work. You say, Why did he not know this before? Because he had never given any time or investigation to the subject. His life, like thousands of others, described a certain circle. He had never been outside. His business never called him among the masses, and what did he know of their woes or needs? He was just like hundreds of people in Plainfield. You have people here who take the early train for New York, are engaged all day in the whirl of business, come back at night, and go into their comfortable homes. They eat their dinner, read the papers, enjoy the pleasure of the fireside, but what do they know about the goings on in the city? What do they know about the influence of the streets, or the sins and vices hidden under roofs and between walls? Just as much and no more than the man in Troy. He lived in the daily paper of a murder in the alley near Smith's Iron Works. He read that Reed street and Green street alleys were places unsafe for well dressed people to walk in after dark. But what did he know about the causes which made these so? It was enough for him to live, uphold and defended by the drinking customs of our people and laws made with the consent of our citizens."

The meeting to-night will be held at Music Hall. The subject of the address will be "The money waste of the liquor traffic."

The Opera.

The performance of "The Brigands" by the Carleton Opera Company at Music Hall last night was a great success. Mr. Carleton's company this season is the best he ever had. In Miss Lane as the young farmer and Alice Carle as the brigand's daughter Mr. Carleton has two of the best comic opera singers, as they unite beauty with excellent voices, and are superb actresses. Mr. Charles Bigelow, the brigand's lieutenant, is a very funny comedian, and there are many other competent artists who supported Mr. J. K. Murray, the popular baritone, who assumed the part of the Brigand Chief. The entire company is a revelation of vocal ability in light opera. The chorus work has been brought to absolute perfection, and as there is a great deal of it in "The Brigands," the success of the opera was greatly helped. The company brought beautiful costumes and entirely new scenery with them.

The Grand Lodge Closes.

The session of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey Odd Fellows, closed yesterday afternoon. The work of the day was strictly relative to the secret business of the Order. The following officers elected for the ensuing year: Grand Master, Henry M. Jewett, of Windsor; Deputy Grand Master, Howland Sulphin, of Flemington, Grand Warden, J. W. Trenchard, of Bridgeton; Grand Secretary, Lewis Parker, of Trenton; Grand Treasurer, Joseph L. Lamb, of Jullustown; Grand Representative, August Grossman, of Hoboken.

The following are the appointive officers: Grand Marshal, Wm. H. Allen, of Jersey City; Grand Conductor, A. A. King, of Paterson; Grand Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Manning, of Red Bank; Grand Guardian, R. Frank Trenbicke, of Butler; Grand Herald, Wm. H. Biddle, of Atlantic City.

They Spilled Themselves.

On Sunday last four sprightly girls hired a double team and carriage from Everyman Van Horn and took a drive to visit friends in Plainfield. The girl who acted as engineer was a very fair driver, and the whole party enjoyed the ride immensely until some obstruction on the road this side of Plainfield, in endeavoring to turn the carriage around the driver turned it over. Of course the whole party was spilled in the road promiscuously. For this they would not have cared so much, but the fact that each one of their heads considerably hurt.—New Brunswick Home News.

$5 for Disorderly Conduct.

Linda Manning went before Judge Stillman this morning and complained that Henry Furrow, colored, had disturbed the peace and quietness of West Fourth street by using oaths and using coarse profane and indecent language. Chief Carey arrested the accused. When arraigned before Judge Stillman he pleaded guilty and the Judge imposed a fine of five dollars. The fine was paid.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

A new hand company is negotiating for 1,000 acres of land along the Delaware Bay shore, between Cape May Point and Delaware Creek.

Three stockyards are now being erected by workmen near Rahway. They are supposed to be the remains of three British soldiers who were shot to death there, which incident gave to the place the name of Prune Island.

John Clement, the insurance agent who has been indicted for forging policies, for the next eight months for failing to pay a fine of $500 for violation of the insurance laws, has been liberated by order of the board of pardons.

The Williamstown Glassblowers, who are going to have a factory of their own and run it on the co-operative plan, expect to have their works in operation by the first of the month. About $40,000 has been subscribed toward the enterprise.

Mrs. John Neer, of Summit, was arrested yesterday by Constable Gannon on a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Rachel Van Winkle, of William J. Miner, who charges her with assaulting and using abusive words. The hearing is set down for next Saturday.

The legislative committee on the State treasurer's accounts met at Trenton in the State house in Trenton, and audited the accounts of that official, the fiscal year having closed October 31st. The committee will spend its time auditing the securities of all kinds now in the vaults.

Annie Hester, age eighteen years, of Twenty-eighth street, Paterson, alleges that last night on her way to her home an unknown man accosted her on the street and held her until he had cut off her hair. He ran swiftly away, not giving the girl a chance to catch a glimpse of his face.

A young son of Edward L. Conklin went down into one of his father's limekilns at Blairstown to level the coal and keep the workmen down. He was overcome by the gas, and his little sister attempted to rescue him and she, too, succumbed to the fumes. The children were in the kiln over an hour before they were discovered, but by hard work both were resuscitated and may live.

George Rothwell, who was arrested at Asbury Park last Summer for selling liquor, was sentenced by Judge Depue to pay a $100 and costs. He was to have been tried at Freehold last week Thursday, but failed to appear. His bondsmen, James O. Hagan, found him in Jersey City on Monday. He is almost without money and is kept in county jail awaiting payment of the fine. As soon as he is clear of this trial the Government will have him arrested for violating the excise laws.

W. C. T. U. Hall at Scotch Plains.

Mr. John Marsh, of Scotch Plains, has given a lease for and next to the post-office on which to build a hall for the use of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of that place. The ladies now hope that other liberal minded citizens, stimulated by the good example, will help them to build a hall at once. They have about 50 children in the Loyal Temperance Legion, all enthusiastic in temperance work, who will be specially benefited by this new home.

List of Advertised Letters

Remaining in the Plainfield Post-Office for the week ending Nov. 20th, 1889:

Anderson, Miss Agnes
Boarder, Mr
Bliss, Mrs Emily L
Brem, Mare
Bird, Mr
Comdrue, Miss
Carline, Mr
Conoghan, Miss Mary
Case, Mrs M
Cory, Miss J A
Cobalk, W F
Drake, Miss Mary
Dunham, L C R
Dennis, Edward
Gibson, Mr
Horner, Mrs
Hawley, E R
Hawley, J B
Hamilton, Miss H
Jensen, Helen H
Lambertson, Mr
Lockwood, Carrie
McGear, Chester
Mannino, Miss Gaeb
Mannino, Mrs Katie
Matteson, Mrs F
Mooney, Miss Mary A
Foster, W H
Scott, Miss Fannie
Sherwood, Mrs
Siegist, J G
Styles, Miss Hanna E
Swinnick, Harold
Tenwyck, Miss M E
Thworth, Miss Maud
Warren, W E
Wilson, Wm H
Williams, Miss M J

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. L. PONCE, Postmaster.

Died.

MARSH—On Thursday morning, November 21st, 1889, William James Marsh, son of Benjamin and Mary Marsh, aged 23 years.

Funeral from residence of his father, 35 Putnam avenue, this city, Saturday morning, 9th inst., at 10:30 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited. 21-2IS*

Special Notices.

THE MEMBERS OF THE PLAINFIELD Reform Club and their friends are requested to meet at Reform Hall at 7 o'clock to-night, and march to Music Hall in a body to Music Hall and hear Mr. Burdick—the great temperance lecturer.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.

Miss Bertha Hall will open her East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Every Saturday afternoon, 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

Send-a-Word Column.

DRESSMAKING and plain sewing done neatly and cheap, at No. 14 Linden avenue. 21-2

FOR SALE—A seven-string banjo and head, German silver trimmings. Cheap. Address Lock Box 697.

FOR SALE—A cow, seven years old. Gives 10 quarts of milk a day. Apply at No 6 Weldon Court, East of St. Mary's cemetery.

PURE MILK all through the day at the corner of Fifth street and Madison avenue. F. M. Dunham.

WANTED—Situation by two colored girls. Can do general housework, or one as chambermaid and waitress. Call at 66 East Fourth street.

WANTED—Large second-hand cook stove and oven. Stanyhill's cottage, 56 Park avenue.

WASHING wanted, to be done at home, or will go out by the day. Inquire 15 Rose street.

WANTED—At once, a square piano box. Address J. R. Coddington, care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—People to drink the Three B. Coffee at 10c. per lb. For sale by Bartaker & Dunn, grocers North avenue. 11-14T

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation in the City of Plainfield, will sit at the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in November, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., and on the following days, until 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing appeals in cases of taxation, and will continue to sit from day to day, Sundays excepted, until disposed of all cases submitted to them for hearing.

MANNING PERRINE,
CHARLES H. MANNING,
J. F. MACDONALD,
Commissioners.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 19, 1889. 19,24

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

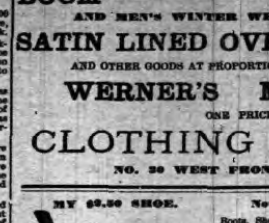
SATIN LINED OVERCOATS $10.

AND OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW PRICES.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 30 WEST FRONT STREET.

MY $3.50 SHOE.



Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very bests makes of Gents', Misses and Children's Shoes. Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY, Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

Corporation Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council, read the second time, and ordered engrossed, preparatory to its third reading, and that it is the intention of the Council to adopt the same.

OLIVER B. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., November 4, 1889.

AN ORDINANCE

For changing the name of Putnam street.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1—That the name of the street now known as Putnam street be changed so as to be known and designated hereafter by the name of Putnam avenue.

THE BEE HIVE

Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Swiss Vests, former price 50c., now 35c.
Ladies' Sanitary Wool Vests, 58c.
Ladies' Merino Vests 25c., 35c. and 45c.

JERSEYS.

Plaited Front Wool Jersey, former price $1.50, now $1.
Tailor Made Bound Jersey, former price $2, now $1.25.

FURS.

Hair Muffs, 50c.
Nubria Muffs, $2.50.
Opossum Muffs, $2.50
Children's Wool Mitts from 10c. up.

Louis Callman,

39 WEST FRONT STREET

The Mission Services,

Conducted by the

Rev. Mr. Carstensen,

General Missioner, will be continued in

Grace Church

TO-NIGHT

and every evening of this week, at 7:45 o'clock.

The public is invited to attend and will be cordially welcomed.

LICENSED

PAWNBROKER

Samuel Dreier,

CORNER FRONT STREET AND MADISON AVENUE,

UPSTAIRS,

Plainfield, New Jersey.

Money Loaned on any Article of Value. 11-19-3m*

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

Owing to the warm and stormy weather propose to reduce their stock of

STOVES.

They quote no prices. Come and see, and you will purchase. Horse Blankets and Robes. Full stock.

WE HAVE

Cape Overcoats

FOR BOYS,

4 to 12 years. $3.00 to $6.50.

FOR MEN'S SIZES,

36 to 42, Irish Frieze and Black Cheviots, $16.00 to $20.00.

MEN'S HEAVY OVERCOATS,

$5.50 to $14.00.

MEN'S ULSTERS,

from $7.00 to $15.00.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED AT

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 E. Front Street.

What the Leaders of Low Prices Have to Say.

We are after the Writing Paper Trade of this town, and this is the way we are going to get it. We sell for 10c. a box of extra fine paper, and at 15c. we can sell you a box of fine linen paper, plain or ruled, same as you usually pay 25c. for.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices will guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c. Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c., and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c. is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

* * *

The next time you want a good pair of Kid Gloves for a little money, try our 5-button 65c. gloves. 'Tis a good one, and will satisfy you.

* * *

We have some goodthings in lace curtains. The one at $1.95 per pair is unusually cheap. Better ones at $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 per pair.

* * *

Ask to see the Merritt Skirt. 'Tis all wool and warranted not to shrink or crock, making it the best skirt ever made.

* * *

Rather early to cut prices on blankets, but we are doing it, and now is the time to buy.

* * *

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,

18 West Front Street.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1889.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4.30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 1 SOMERS STREET,
E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THIS CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

Canadian Lepers.

Apparently, it is true that loathsome leprosy is spreading into countries where it has been hitherto unknown. There are cases of it in the United States. Since 1828 it has been in Canada, and there is a leper colony in New Brunswick.

In 1828 a woman died of an unknown and frightful disease in Tracadie, New Brunswick. Others were in time attacked in a similar manner and died, but it was not for some years that the terrible ailment was known to be leprosy.

By 1844 twenty persons were afflicted with the scourge. Then a lazaretto was established at Tracadie, and all afflicted with the disease were taken thither. By 1868 there were thirty-five lepers at Tracadie. There were no sanitary regulations, however, and the unfortunates were permitted to fall into a frightful condition of filth and misery. In 1886 some Catholic Sisters of Mercy petitioned to be allowed to go to Tracadie and take care of the lepers. Their request was granted. With their arrival matters grew better. The sisters now have full charge of the lazaretto. Eighty-one patients have been admitted to the hospital since they took it in charge. Seventy-six have died. One of the patients still living has been a leper fifty years.

Eight years ago the nuns had twenty-seven patients under their care. Now there are only eighteen. It looks as though the scourge was diminishing. But there are other leper colonies in Canada. It is to be noted that not one of the gentle sisters of mercy who volunteered to nurse lepers has been attacked with the disease. In this respect they are more fortunate than Father Damien was in the Sandwich Islands.

The Size of Them.

The empire of Brazil is nearly as large as the United States—larger, counting out Alaska—but has only as many people as the three combined states of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. In fact, all the Central and South American countries put together have only 50,000,000 inhabitants—10,000,000 less than the United States. It is no wonder, therefore, that with their good climate and marvelous undeveloped resources they should use every inducement to attract population. The only person to whom the climate proves unhealthy seem to be those who try to stir up revolution.

Mexico is somewhat smaller than that part of the United States east of the Mississippi river, and has 10,000,000 inhabitants. The Argentine Republic is half as large as the United States and has a population of 3,026,000, less than the state of Pennsylvania by a million and a quarter. Colombia, as large as six average states of this Union combined, has a population of perhaps 3,750,000. Bolivia, Peru, Venezuela and Ecuador are not very different from Colombia in size, and have each a population ranging from slightly over 1,000,000 to 2,250,000. Ecuador is the most thinly populated, having only little more than a million inhabitants. Chili is smaller, being only as large as New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio combined, but she has over 2,250,000 people. The Chilians are called the Yankees of South America.

Irrigable Lands.

The line of sufficient rainfall in the United States is taken to be the 100th meridian of longitude. It passes through Texas, leaving one-third of the state to the west ward, also through Kansas, leaving one-quarter of the state west of the line. Thence to the north and north it divides Nebraska and the Dakotas nearly in the middle.

All the land east of this line is supposed to be watered by rain enough not to need irrigation. West of the line the soil must be artificially watered as far as the Rocky mountains. There are also spots west of the Rockies that require it. The arid area includes 20,000,000 acres in Montana, 14,000,000 in Idaho, 29,000,000 in California. New Mexico, Arizona and Nevada are some of the other districts that will come in for their share of benefits under the United States irrigation acts.

California has already 3,000,000 acres under irrigation.

A report comes by way of Mexico that President Barillas, of Guatemala, recently caught seventeen revolutionists in the mountains and had them shot in one batch. Guatemala has only about as many inhabitants as Wisconsin. Since the present revolution began, not long since, twenty-four rebels have been executed, besides those killed in war. Soon President Barillas will be able to ride upon the dead bodies of his enemies and proclaim: "The republic is peace."

The French republic has now a well equipped army of 1,500,000 men. It is a force five times as large as Louis Napoleon had for his empire in 1870.

Missouri is probably the best bi-lawed state in the Union. Fifty new statutes went into effect in St. Louis since Nov. 1.

PAN-AMERICAN HURRAHS

(MORNING NEWS.)

Ex-Senator Henderson Stirs Up the Delegates.

HIS WARM WELCOME TO BRAZIL.

It Was a Boomerang in the Congress. South Americans Heartily Protest Against His Welcome to the New Republic.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Secretary Blaine called the International American congress to order promptly at 1 p. m., and the conference at once proceeded to consider the report of the committee on rules. Secretary Blaine, as soon as business was fairly started, vacated the chair, and Mr. Quitman, of Nicaragua, took his place as presiding officer. Discussion of the rules was soon interrupted by the appearance of Dr. Valente, Brazilian minister, and also a delegate to the conference, who announced that he and his colleagues were now ready to take their seats in the conference and submit their credentials from the republic.

It Caused a Sensation.

This caused a sensation in the conference, and Mr. Henderson, the American delegate, at once proposed and pressed the passage of the following resolution:

"That this conference joyfully welcomes the United States of Brazil into the sisterhood of American Republics."

The delegates of Colombia and San Salvador thought the proposition premature. Senor Romero, the Mexican minister and delegate from Mexico, believing the resolution should be considered unanimously, moved to lay it on the table.

Mr. Henderson Defends His Course.

This brought to his feet Mr. Henderson, who in a short speech eloquently and forcibly explained that the relations which subsisted between the United States and San Salvador, Colombia and Brazil had just presented their credentials from the republic.

The Circle of Republics Complete.

Mr. Henderson, continuing, said: "If that be the case, then, Mr. President, that completes the circle of American republics. We have no difference here. We are all republicans. I am sorry that any of my friends who represent other governments should be placed in any embarrassing attitude regarding this matter. For myself, I am thoroughly conscientious I should hail with equal pleasure the announcement that Spain or England or Russia or any other European nation had adopted a republican government for action. In all places, at all times conveniant for the enunciation of my faith in republican institutions.

"I am not without the announce it now and here. I am only sorry that any representative of a republic must hesitate to give the announcement his most cordial approval. In this case I see no special cause for action. If I understand the situation in Brazil, the revolution is complete and perfect; and better than all, it has been carried to success without the shedding of a drop of blood of the people. It is now an accomplished fact —the greatest and the most beneficient of all achievements of the kind, on this continent.

A Bloodless Struggle.

"The changes of government in all other cases on this hemisphere have been attended by bloodshed. I am sorry that any of our friends of Brazil the republic comes full formed, pledged to the observance of contracts, the preservation of law and order, and the protection of civil and political rights. My proposition is that, at this moment of time, when the Brazilian delegates have returned to us bearing the credentials of their republic, when every delegate here represents a free people, we shall promptly testify to our joy and give new evidence of the faith which animates us as republicans.

"We would be untrue to our own government if we believe that republican institutions best subserve the welfare and happiness of the people? Would it bring us regret that the people under the new form of government should join us in the experiment which we have, by the blessing of providence, carried to success in this continent? If so, we dare not hesitate when a great movement like this shall be made. Our sympathies will not be needed after Brazil's patriotic efforts have put it upon a permanent strong as ours. They need the words of encouragement now. If we have faith in our own provisions, we shall not hesitate. Our own history, our own traditions give our declaration of sympathy a due to Brazil and cannot harm us. If the movement be weak it is nevertheless in the right direction. It has its seeds of blood in its skirts. It protests to more beneficent institutions. It promises larger liberty. It promises government of the people, by and for the people, and as the time is ripe for such a form of approval, which may bring happiness to untold millions in the future. In all such struggles I am against the favored few and in favor of the masses, and I say judgment there as on occasions when a declaration of that fact can bring harm to man.

He Would Not Withdraw.

"I cannot withdraw the resolution. If others resist it they must take the responsibility. It is thank God, the expression of my own heart. I do welcome the coming of Brazil, and will come in, for their choice of benefits under the United States irrigation acts.

The Resolution Was Tabled.

After the reading of the report from different delegates favoring postponement the motion to lay on the table prevailed, Uruguay and Venezuela alone voting against it.

Secretary Bocayuva's Dispatch.

The following dispatch from the Brazilian minister, dated Rio de Janeiro, Nov. 21, from Bocayuva, secretary of state for the provisional government of Brazil, was then received by the conference and translated:

"The provisional government confirms the powers given to your excellency and Senors Peraira and Montenegro."

This shows that the Brazilian delegates to the maritime conference and the International financial congress as well as Minister Valente will continue to represent their country.

Business Was Then Resumed.

The Brazilian episode over, the conference resumed consideration of the report of the committee on rules, and at 4:30, after spending two hours on the question, had without finishing them adjourned until Monday. The congress has agreed to a rule reported by that committee fixing Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays of each week, from 3 until 5 p. m., for the chief sessions.

Mace Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The president has made the following appointments: Thomas Clay McDowell, of Kentucky, to be collector of internal revenue for the Seventh district of Kentucky, in place of W. C. Goodloe, deceased. Mr. McDowell was a son-in-law of the late Col. Goodloe. John H. Beattie, of Idaho, to be chief justice of the supreme court of Idaho; John H. Devaux, of Georgia, to be collector of the customs for the district of Brunswick, Ga.; David R. Miller, of Iowa, to be marshal of the United States for the southern district of Iowa; Lewis Miles, of Iowa, to be United States attorney for the southern district of Iowa; Joseph H. Wilson, of Texas, to be United States attorney for the eastern district of Texas.

Tanner's Friend Discharged.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The secretary of the interior has requested and received the resignation of Mr. Phillips, chief of the middle division of the pension office. Phillips was a friend of ex-Commissioner Tanner, and came here with him from Brooklyn. The cause of his removal is said to be that Mr. Phillips was one of the rerated pensioners whose cases have been recently overhauled by the higher authorities.

Minister Ryan Returns to His Embassy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Minister Ryan, about whose alleged resignation of the Mexican mission so much has been said, has officially dispos of the rumors concerning his reported action by sailing for his post from New York on Saturday. Mr. Ryan's resignation has been tendered, and he says he goes back to the city of Mexico with the intention of remaining there.

He Will Recover the Money.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Secretary Noble is considering the rerated cases in the pension office. He has about concluded that he can collect money illegally paid to agents who still remain in the employ of the government. Where they refuse to return the money received in rerated cases the secretary, it is said, proposes to take summary action.

TO FOLLOW BEECHER'S LEAD.

Plymouth Church, of Brooklyn, Will Widen the Congregational Breach.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 22.—It is being proposed necessary for a Congregational council to be called to ordain and install Assistant Pastor Riles, of Plymouth church, and there being no regularly constituted council to call or not to invite certain churches hostile to the late Mr. Beecher to participate, it has finally been decided to merge this issue into a larger one, and to invite to the council a distinctly liberal one, representing the line of doctrine that Mr. Beecher leaned toward, rather than the stricter interpretations of some other leading churches of the church. To this end all pastors are to be invited to the council, though the latter was the unwilling leader in the late controversy.

Plymouth now proposes to ignore local embarrassments and lead a wide movement for bringing the two bodies of doctrine in this church into open contest. All other churches will be invited to the coming council as represent the advanced theology preached by the late Mr. Beecher and now championed by the Rev. Lyman Abbott, Beecher's successor. Among those invited will be many prominent men of the church who have become identified with the liberal wing in the recent controversy, and the heresy, criticism, future probation, etc.—men like Dr. Griffis, of Boston; the Andover professors, the liberals of the Yale faculty, Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New Haven, and others the council will inaugurate a pronounced liberal movement, and have an important influence on the future history of the church.

An Alleged Philadelphia Forger.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 22.—Charles B. Wigton, secretary of the Glamorgan Iron company, has been placed under $15,000 bail on a charge of forgery of four checks issued by John R. Fell, of A. Pardee & Co. Mr. Fell says the checks altered the dates on a note for $10,000. Mr. Fell says the note is an old one, and was paid some time ago, but that Wigton resurrected it and it was sold by R. B. Wigton, father of the secretary, who is president of the Glamorgan company. Mr. Fell is unprepared to say whether the elder Wigton knew the character of the paper or not. The note was sold to the Bank of Commerce, of New York. They afterward became suspicious because of the wide margin of discount accepted and called the matter to Mr. Fell's notice. Mr. Fell, it is said, has not impugned the company, but brings the suit as a member of A. Pardee & Co., who are on the note as indorsers.

Morgit's Public Bequests.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—By the will of the late J. Murray Morgit, of Brookline, the following public bequests are mada: American Baptist Missionary union, $35,000; American Baptist Home Mission society, $30,000; American Baptist Publication society, $10,000; Colby university, $10,000; Conference of Baptist ministers, $10,000; Massachusetts Baptist Charitable society, $10,000; Vassar college, $10,000; Brown university, $10,000; New England Home for Little Wanderers, $5,000; Massachusetts Baptist convention, $5,000; the trustees of the Daniel White charity, $5,000.

The Bank Resumes Business.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 22.—Business at the Montgomery county bank, of Conshohocken, which was almost entirely ruined by the defalcation of Cashier William Henry Greene, has been resumed with $50,000 capital. Greene's defalcations will reach $150,000. Depositors will be paid in full. Directors Jesse Roberts. The directors feel very much encouraged at the action of more than 90 per cent. of the depositors in not withdrawing their deposits, and it is believed the resumption will be a success.

Defreest May Be Appointed.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 22.—It is stated here on good authority that Charles R. Defreest, of Troy, an employe of the state hospital commissioner, will be appointed deputy secretary of state by Secretary-elect Rice. Mr. Defreest is secretary of the Democratic state committee, and it is said is backed by Governor Hill and Chairman Murphy. Present Chief Clerk Waterbury has been announced as a candidate.

A Reported Hosiery Failure.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 22.—The Crane & Wesley Manufacturing company, of Millbury, with a capital of $1,000,000, is reported as having failed. They are engaged in the manufacture of hosiery. The liabilities are not given. The mill has shut down.

Business Was Then Resumed.

The Brazilian episode over, the conference resumed consideration of the report of the committee on rules, and at 4:30, after spending two hours on the question, had without finishing them adjourned until Monday. The congress has agreed to a rule

TO HONOR THE EXPLORER

England Is Preparing to Lionize Henry M. Stanley.

LATER NEWS FROM HIS BIG ARMY.

The Plucky Traveler Expects to Reach Zanzibar in a Few Days—Scientists Are Eager to Hear What He Has Accomplished—Old World News.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The foreign office is in receipt of dispatches from the British consul at Zanzibar, Col. Evan Smith, stating that Stanley arrived at Mpwapwa on the fifty-fifth day of his journey from Victoria Nyanza, and the 185th from Albert Nyanza. In addition to those whose names have already been reported, Stanley has with him Herr Hoffmann, Emin's daughter, and Fathers Gracult and Schinge, of the Algerine mission. Stanley left Mpwapwa on Nov. 12, and will reach the coast by way of Vembe and Mwansi.

Stanley expects to reach Zanzibar in four or five days.

Stanley's Unexpected Discovery.

Stanley has made an unexpected discovery of immense value to Africa in finding an extension of the Victoria Nyanza to the south and west. The utmost southerly reach of this extension is south latitude 2 deg. 40 min., which brings the Victoria Nyanza in a point within 30 miles of Lake Tanganyika, and its area is about 26,000 square miles. It is thought here that the Nyanza missions are retreating in the wake of Stanley's expedition, and an appeal is to be made for authority to go from Mpwapwa to Victoria.

A Popular Reception Proposed.

Immediately upon receipt of news of Stanley's arrival at the coast a movement was at once begun to raise a grand national testimonial to him. Lord Mayor Savory has preliminary arrangements are already under way under the auspices of men of wealth and national reputation. In addition to this proposition to raise a fund to give him an immense popular reception and welcome on his return here about Christmas time.

Scientists Are Eager.

A detailed account of his journey, together with authentic news from Emin, is awaited with great interest, and the geographical societies are on the qui vive for data which will enable them to definitely accept or reject several theories of the topography of the country traversed by the intrepid explorer, of which previous knowledge has been extremely vague or hazy. Missionaries, too, are on the alert for information touching the mineral resources of the dark region, and in fact everybody who has taken the slightest interest in Stanley's trip, Emin's researches, or Dr. Peters' unfortunately fruitless attempt at Emin's relief is in a happy frame of mind in anticipation of the forthcoming revelations.

The League Severely Denounced.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Sir Henry James continued his attack on Mr. Parnell's trip, Emin's before the Parnell commission. His denunciation of the Irish National league was very severe. He said that the moonlighters acted more in accordance with what had been held up to the Irish people as heroes worthy of imitation. Mr. Davitt had unveiled a monument in their memory, and there was other evidence to show that the murderers' example had been lauded as worthy of being followed.

The City of New York in Trouble.

QUEENSTOWN, Nov. 22.—The steamship City of New York, from New York for this port and Liverpool, arrived in a partly disabled condition. When 1,400 miles west of Queenstown she broke the crankpin of the port shaft. Notwithstanding the accident and the fact that her starboard engine only could be used, she made the following daily runs during the remainder of the voyage: 275, 332, 332 and 316.

THE BRAZILIAN SITUATION.

German Colonists May Form a Separate Government—War Ships Sail.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to The Chronicle from Berlin says that hope is entertained that the German and Italian consuls at Rio Janeiro will succeed in preventing the disintegration of the wide margin of discount accepted and called the matter to Mr. Fell's notice. Mr. Fell, it is said, has not impugned the company, but brings the suit as a member of A. Pardee & Co., who are on the note as indorsers.

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IT IS $20,000 OR NOTHING.

John L. Wants Double Price for Meeting a Colored Man.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 22.—John L. Sullivan was seen by a United Press reporter in relation to the $10,000 offer by the California Athletic club. He said: "The California Athletic club know what I offered them when I was asked to go out there, and that is just what I will do. I will meet the colored fighter at their club rooms if a purse of $20,000 is hung up, and that's my final answer. I am willing to meet any man for a $10,000 purse, but for the other I want the full amount."

What about the chance of Slavin meeting you?

"It is all the same to me which of them I set up against me. I have no choice. Although I have been given to understand I would never fight a colored man, but they seem to think Jackson is a world beater, and I am anxious to show them just where he belongs."

An Opium Eater's Suicide.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 22.—About 5 a. m. Stoughton P. Hill, a well known telegrapher, committed suicide at the Monongahela house through the head at the Central hotel, Allegheny. He recently lost his position with the Western Union company as they manager of the Allegheny Central hotel office, of which he had charge ten years, and night operator in the main office in Pittsburg. The impression is that Mr. Hill committed suicide while under the influence of opium. It is also known that he was greatly worried by domestic and other troubles. Mr. Hill was one of the oldest telegraphers in the employ of the Western Union company. He leaves a widow and a daughter.

Masons Choose Officers.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 22.—At the second session of the general grand chapter of Royal Arch Masons the following officers were elected: David P. Day, of Buffalo, N. Y., general grand high priest; Joseph P. Horner, New Orleans, deputy general grand high priest; George L. McCahan, Baltimore, general grand king; Benjamin F. Haller, Mount Vernon, general grand scribe; Reuben Lemmon, Toledo, O., general grand treasurer; Christopher G. Terry, Buffalo, general grand secretary; Sylvester B. Bean, Creston, Ia., general grand captain of the host; James W. Taylor, Lutherville, Ga., general grand principal sojourner.

Mrs. Wasserman Indicted.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Nov. 22.—The grand jury has returned an indictment against Mrs. Ella Wasserman for assault and battery with intent to kill. Mrs. Wasserman woman was the principal figure in the Wasserman-Leeds case, wherein Mrs. Wasserman made an attack upon the millionaire widow recently in this city. Leeds was the defendant child of a relative of Mrs. Leeds was left on the defendant's doorstep, and Mrs. Leeds failed to keep her promise to maintain it. The case will be tried this term of court.

Annual Catholic Synod.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The annual synod of the Roman Catholic church in this diocese was held in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Archbishop Corrigan presiding. There were present in addition to the bishop of Albany, Archbishop Corrigan presiding. There were present in addition to the bishop of Albany, all the former synods were confirmed. Six consultors were elected from the higher archbishop, namely—Monsignor Preston, Monsignor Donnelly and the Rev. Father W. F. Wayrich, and three by the archbishop of Albany—Monsignor Farley, the Rev. Monsignor Farley, the Rev. James H. McGreenland the Very Rev. Dean Mooney, of Newburgh.

The Nurse Tower Dedicated.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—The new tower erected by Professor R. N. Horsford on the upground side of the ancient tower of the Norumbega, at the junction of Stoney Brook and the Charles river, in Watertown, has been dedicated. The exercises opened with an address of welcome by the Rev. E. E. Rand. Professor Horsford then read a communication of the discovery of Vineland and Norumbega to the president and council of the American Geographical society, by Professor Libby, vice president of the society, responded.

A Pittsburg Bank Failure.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 22.—The Lawrence bank, located on Penn avenue and Butler street, has failed to meet its obligations and has closed its doors. The bank was organized in 1886 with a capital stock of $80,000, and was supposed to be one of the most solid in the city. All of its officials and directors are men of large wealth. Carnegie & Co. were the largest depositors. The principal business of the bank, however, was with small depositors. The opinion prevails that the embarrassment is but temporary.

The Bennington Monument.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Nov. 22.—The capston of the Bennington battle monument will be laid next Monday. The monument is 310 feet high, and is surrounded by a ball and chain of 13 links, each link weighing 1,000 feet. It commemorates Stark's victory over the British in 1777—one of the decisive battles of the revolution. The formal dedication will occur in 1891.

An Alleged Forger Arrested.

OSCEOLA, N. H., Nov. 22.—Lewis French, who is alleged to have forged the name of Hon. Hiram A. Tuttle, of Pittsfield, to a check and obtained the money thereon at the Fifth Avenue hotel, and who is also said to have forged the name of Dorcas A. Sargent, of Suncook, to a check that he cashed at a Florida National bank, has been arrested in Chicago.

Alleged Swindlers Arrested.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—George W. Meserve, of No. 66 Chestnut street, Somerville, and Daniel W. Pate, a builder, have been arraigned charged with conspiring to defraud A. F. Leadbetter, lumber; Brown, Grunup & Co., lumber; Hayes & Sargent, lumber, in buying supply from out of about $5,000 worth of goods last spring.

Increasing Wages at Pottstown.

READING, Pa., Nov. 22.—Notices have been posted in all the mills of the Glasgow Iron company, near Pottstown, announcing an increase in the wages of puddlers of twenty-five cents per ton. Boilermakers and all other employes will be correspondingly increased. The following prices of puddlers' wages in the Schuylkill valley is now $3.75 per ton.

The Evolution Squadron.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Nov. 22.—The squadron of evolution anchored in the harbor at 2:30 for the night, the weather being fine, though the wind has somewhat has arisen at night in dark weather.

DINAN'S FAMOUS HORSE.

It Was Gray, Not White, Says a Witness.

AN ALIBI FOR THE EQUINE, TOO.

Louis Beidenbender, of Hoboken, N. J., Swears He Saw Dr. Cronin Drive Away from the Cottage—Many People Fail to Identify Their Statements.

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—Pat Dinan, the liveryman, was the first witness in the Cronin trial. He swore that the white horse now on exhibition in a museum in this city was his own and his only white horse. Louis Beidenbender, a young man from Hoboken, N. J., testified that he had seen the horse on exhibition at the museum, and it is not the one driven to Mr. Carlson's residence. He was standing in a cigar store on the evening of May 4, opposite Dr. Cronin's office. He noticed the horse particularly. It was gray, not white. In reply to a question from Mr. Forrest, witness said that he saw the same horse on the street day before yesterday.

The Prisoners Gets Warm.

The cross-examination of Louis Beidenbender, conducted by Attorney Ingham, was a very searching one. The questions were put to him with the rapidity of a trip hammer. He managed, by great effort, to reply in a calm tone, but his appearance betrayed a mental upheaval. He was much tried. At first a few drops of perspiration appeared on his brow. These he quickly mopped away, but others took their place, and still others, until before he was through the ordeal the perspiration rolled down his face in streams.

He Saw Cronin Enter.

In answer to one of the questions he said he could not tell who pointed Dr. Cronin out to him, but some one did, and he was very familiar with his looks. His attention was attracted to the two men by the with which the doctor and his companion departed. A little further along he said that before driving away a third person joined them in conversation with the doctor, who took something out of his pocket and gave it to him.

"How long did this conversation last?" asked Attorney Ingham in an unconcerned manner.

"Oh, four or five minutes," replied the witness unsuspectingly.

Then he said that the doctor came from the house and departed in great haste?

The inconsistency of a hasty departure and a departure occupying five minutes was too much for the nerves of the witness, and his face turned very red. He bit his lip, and then tried to bridge over the chasm that had suddenly opened in his testimony by saying that he meant the time made with which the doctor got into the buggy.

It Was Peculiar Knowledge.

He first heard on May 15 that Dr. Cronin was supposed to have been taken away with Dinan's horse. This was seven or eight days before the publication of such belief. He did not tell the authorities of what he knew because he had no interest in doing so. He had told it to a few friends, however, and they had probably told Attorney Forrest, who summoned him last August.

The witness said he remembered that white horse standing in front of Dinan when he saw the doctors two or three black horses, three or four gray and three bays passed. The horse which took the doctor away stood directly in front of Dinan's barn. It was at it was still daylight, no shadow was cast. As the witness left the court room he was summoned by the state to appear as a witness.

Dr. Cronin's Body Identified.

The expert testimony was then taken up. Professor Marshall Ewell and Dr. H. M. Mayer being examined. Both professed poverty in the knowledge of operations, and declared it to be impossible, in their opinion, to detect the difference between the blood and hair of a horse or a dog and those of human beings.

Dr. Lester Curtis, at one time president of the Illinois Microscopical society, was called to add weight to the testimony of Ewell and Mayer. During his examination Attorney Foster dropped off to sleep, several of the jurymen yawned and nodded, and many of the spectators, wearied by the retelling of the possibilities and limitations of medical science, left the room.

Powderly and Callaghan.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 22.—Grand Master Workman Powderly is not disturbed by the report that he will be arrested on his return north. He goes from Atlanta to Scranton, his home, and he says they can find him there if they desire to. He leaves Atlanta today. Mr. Powderly says this has been the best meeting ever held. Of the Callaghan matter, he says that while he has no sympathy with the methods of United Labor, he does not know what letters Callaghan refers to and cannot recall that he ever said anything about Callaghan. He is willing to let the letters stand or speak for themselves. He supposes the defeat of Callaghan for the legislature is the conspiracy referred to. He does not know Callaghan personally. Mr. Powderly says his information leads him to believe that the power back of Callaghan in the investigation of the attack is the Reading railroad.

The Yale-Princeton Trouble.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 22.—Capt. Gill, of the Yale eleven, has just received a letter from Cowan, of the Princetons, which has not yet been received by the press, according to Capt. Gill, evades the actual reasons why he (Cowan) refuses to referee the Yale-Harvard game next Saturday. The matter has created considerable excitement among Yale men. The rumor current that the Yale football eleven had protested certain Princeton players to prevent their playing is entirely unfounded. Capt. Gill, after due consideration of the question with the players and interested alumni, has decided to play his eleven against the non-Princeton men set to meet.

The Fair Fund.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The World's fair guarantee fund now amounts to $4,310,722. The legislative committee has issued an appeal to the people of the United States giving the history of the fund, and urging a double size of the fair, and soliciting the suffrages and influence of the people on behalf of the city.

A Fight with Burglars.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 22.—William L. Ingham, steward at the house of Moses Bigelow, had a desperate fight with three burglars. Ingham was shot and slightly stabbed, but his injuries are not serious. The burglars escaped.

Gen. Hunter's Daughter Married.

PENSACOLA, N. Y., Nov. 22.—Miss Carrie Hunter, daughter of Gen. David Hunter, and John M. Shedd, of Fort Wayne, Ind., were married here last evening. Governor Hill, Chauncey M. Depew and other well known people were present.

Brutal Murder at Elizabeth.

HEWARK, N. J., Nov. 22.—Henry Wortman, aged 34 years, employed by the Dreyer Bros. at their race track at North Elizabeth, was murdered last night by three colored men, also employed at the race track. He received four terrible stab wounds, the one causing his death entering his back and penetrating the lung. His body was found on West Grand street. One of the men, Paul Holland, was captured. Wartman was considerable money on the races yesterday, and it is supposed the murder was committed for robbery.

The League's Defense.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 22.—The committee which was appointed at the recent annual meeting of the National League of Professional Baseball clubs to prepare an address to the public, defining the position of that organization in the present baseball controversy has prepared a long address defending the League and arraigning the Brotherhood. The dividends paid League stockholders during the past five years have been only $150,000, the committee says.

A Daring Jewel Robbery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The pawnshop and jewelry store of Silberstein & Son, No. 19 Sixth avenue, was robbed of about $2,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry last evening by a white man and a negro, who escaped. One of the men fastened the door from the outside, locking the proprietors in the store, while the latter jumped out of the show window with a brick. The men then grabbed a number of trays, and fled before a policeman could be summoned.

Burglars in Delaware.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 22.—Professional burglars raided Wyoming, a little village fifty miles south of here. The postoffice, the Delaware railroad station and the store of A. R. Childs were entered. The stamp drawer of the postoffice was emptied out. The money in the railroad station was also robbed and a number of tickets taken. A large amount of light hardware and dry goods were taken from Aldrich's store.

Three Boys Badly Injured.

TORONTO, O., Nov. 22.—Three boys, sons of Hugh Dunn, and another lad named Whalen, were injured, two of the the Dunn boys fatally, by the explosion of powder, of a can of powder in a coal mine here. One of the Dunn boys had an eye blown out and his face horribly mangled; another had a hole blown in his side, and his bowels are protruding. The boys were playing with matches and ignited the powder.

She Jumped and Was Killed.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 22.—A street car containing nine passengers was struck by an Illinois Central railroad train at the St. Joseph street crossing, and Mrs. Josephine Beale, of Baton Rouge, who jumped from the car, was killed, her body being run over by the engine and terribly mangled. The other passengers, including three daughters of Mrs. Beale, remained in the car, and escaped unhurt.

Gen. Alger Entertained.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Ex-Governor Alger, of Michigan, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was tendered last night of Alexander Hamilton Post 182, of this city. Many eminent members of the G. A. R. were present. Gen. Alger spoke briefly.

A Card to the Public.

About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Plainfield, N. J., No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the first name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please and win favor as with their patronage.

NEWTON B. SMALLEY,
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market,
94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE!
Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. TABLES of BEST QUALITY and as FAIR PRICES.
W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-15-1m

Wm. A. Woodruff
INSURANCE.
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park Ave.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

TUNIS J. CAREY
39 WEST FRONT STREET,
All Kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
Including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES.
Bought and Sold
I manufacture to order Mattresses of all kinds and Woven Wire Springs. Prices will be satisfactory to suit. Furniture repaired with neatness and promptness.

Charley Was in Danger.

Mrs. Dorcas—My! see what a heavy fall Mr. B.—Yes, and it will kill every grass plant.

Mrs. B.—Why, what's the matter with them? What are you crying about, darling?

Little Edith—What pays said about the frost. I was thinking of Cousin Charley.—Baker Transcript.

One Way of Doing It.

Cowboy appearing suddenly in door way.—Look here, old man, my name is Kingsbury Pelham, an' I love yer darter. Eh—I mean I hope I don't. Peter from Mouth of Powder River, you my son-in-law, blow you!—*Life.*

Very Polite.

A shabbily dressed man of humble mien softly opened the door of a small restaurant near the court house a few days ago, and after eating at the tables listened to the conversation that followed:

"Do you want your front oiled?"

"No, sir," replied the proprietor.

"I can do it in a little while."

"No, sir; not today."

"I'll do it cheap."

"No, money's tight just now."

"I'll do it for a dollar 'n' half."

"No, sir," sharply.

The man individual thought for a moment, and then, with a touch of sadness in his voice, exclaimed:

"You'll excuse me for coming in?"

"Certainly," was the reply, and the polite stranger withdrew.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Business Is Business.

Financier—You literary men haven't the least idea about business. Here you have about ten thousand manuscripts piled up in this dark cupboard, and you say they are all paid for.

Editor Great Magazine—Years ago.

"Just think of it! Hasn't it ever occurred to you, sir, that you are losing the interest on all the money you paid out for those useless bundles?"

"Heh! You financiers haven't the least idea about literature. Every one of those manuscripts is from a different author, and the whole ten thousand of them will go on buying our magazine at a shilling a copy until the articles are printed."—Tid-Bits.

She Misunderstood.

"I have a great mind to go to the club to night," said Mr. J—— to his wife.

"What?" she replied, with surprise.

"I have a great mind to go to the club to night."

"Whose?"

"Whose what?"

"Whose great mind?"

"Why, my own, of course, madam."

"Oh!" And the rising inflection she gave to the ejaculation was very provoking to a man of fine feeling.—London Tid-Bits.

Their Character Established.

Templeton and his wife are not on the best of terms, in fact, they quarrel incessantly.

"Mr. T. and I," sweetly remarked Mrs. Templeton the other day to two lady friends who were calling on her, "think of having Bunkee paint us together for the next academy exhibition."

"Then," remarked one of her hearers after leaving the house, "they'll certainly have to be hung among the battle pieces."—Judge.

Caution.

Ready Man in London—Are you a policeman?

Bobby—Yes.

R. M.—I want to give myself up.

Bobby—Who are you?

R. M.—I am Jack the Ripper.

Bobby—You'll have to prove it before I undertake to arrest you.—Merchant Traveler.

The Wrong Train.

First Train Robber—Hallo, Bill! how'd yer get along wid that job terday?

Second Train Robber (sadly)—Didn't get along no way. Got the wrong train.

"Eh? Didn't yer git the express?"

"Naw. We made a mistake an' struck an excursion of real estate agents, an' they took every cent we had."—New York Weekly.

A High Office.

Department Clerk (at Washington)—The president will soon dispose of the highest office in his gift.

Crowd of Correspondents (eagerly)—Which is that?

"The postmastership at Mineral Point, Pa., 12,000 feet above the level of the sea."—Chicago Globe.

Wisdom of Youth.

"Two from one—you can't," said the teacher.

"Yes, you can," said Johnny. "You can take two apples from one boy. I know, cos I've done it to me."—Mooney's Weekly.

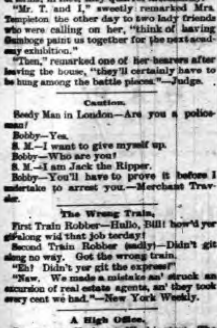
Sacred Half.

Miss Canby—I want a tooth pulled. How much will it be?

Dentist—Fifty cents.

Miss Canby—Here's a quarter. Pull it half out.—Mooney's Weekly.

The Latest Fad.



He—Why, my dear girl, what does this all mean?

She—Oh, nothing, Harold. I've just been doing a little wood carving.—Mooney's Weekly.

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DR. M. S. SIMPSON, 30 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Consultation: Until 9 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m., after 7 p. m. 45-ly

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Leave Plainfield at 2.22, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 2.05, 4.35, 5.40, 6.58 p. m. Sunday at 2.22, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 4.35, 6.58 p. m.

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LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 12.08, 2.54, 4.34 p. m. Sundays at 4.34 p. m. For Long Branch at 2.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 12.08, 2.54, 4.34 p. m. Sundays at 4.34 p. m.

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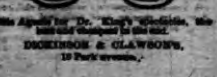


Sole Agents for Dr. Kisch's Spectacles. Also sole Agents for this city.

DICKINSON & CLARK'S,

19 Park avenue.

TALMAGE'S NEW CHURCH.

IT WILL BE A VERY HANDSOME STRUCTURE, INDEED.

Plans Were Well Under Way While the Embers of the Old Building Were Yet Smoldering—Views Outside and Inside of the Proposed Building.

While the embers of Dr. Talmage's Tabernacle, on Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn, still smoke, plans and suggestions for a new building of the same nature were already being offered. It is likely that it was known that the money for the new structure was secure, and now the plans have been adopted, the place selected and preparations made to begin work. The new Tabernacle will front on Clinton avenue at the corner of Greene, will be completed next September and will cost about $150,000.

The site is in the most fashionable section of Brooklyn—on the "Hill," so-called. Clinton avenue considers itself the finest avenue in Brooklyn, and, taken through its entire length, no other has so many elegant residence. For some distance each way from the site selected the avenue is lined on both sides with the finest residences, and the trees are a promise that the new Tabernacle shall be fully up to the standard of the vicinity. It will be built of a peculiar kind of granite, found only in Connecticut, and noted for having thread-like veins of dark red running through it. The trimmings and ornamentation will be of Lake Superior brownstone, harmonizing well with the granite.

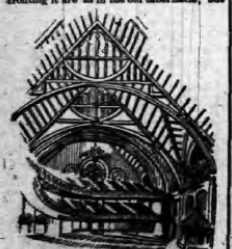
PROPOSED NEW TABERNACLE.

The style will be somewhat unusual, and will render the new structure a very striking object. There will be at one corner a tower 300 feet high; also two large gables at each facade with small towers at the extreme end of each. The general form of the corner tower will be square up to a point above the arch over the entrance, and there four minor turrets will rise from the corners of the tower, producing an effect somewhat like that noted in the finest Turkish mosques. At the base of this square corner tower will be the two main entrances to the church, and these will be the subjects of the greatest ornamentation. They will be pierced deeply and overarched in delicately carved stone. There will also be small entrance ways at each of the smaller towers. From this it is apparent that no specific name can be given to the architecture, but its general effect may be styled Norman-Moorish.

The windows will be very unique and ornamental in Norman style, that is, so long as to give the effect of narrowness, and with round headed tops, ornamented with much carving. In the gables each of the principal windows will be surmounted by a large rose window. The two gable walls will be seventy-two feet to the roof peak, and each of the sets of windows there will be forty-four feet high, and finally there will be a line of small round top windows and arches along the entire wall, just under the roof. It is apparent that with such a combination of towers and arched entrances, and with the rose-window windows, the wall design—indeed, the general finish—will be that of the most complete churches of the Greek cross form and Mediæval type, and that with these that resemblance suddenly ends; the form is radically modern and unclassical, yet, the architects insist, it will be graceful.

The form is designed to secure a perfect half circle for the main auditorium and the necessary class and lecture rooms; and the auditorium will be, perhaps, the most attractive feature of the building. A warm orange tint will be the prevailing color, and the sweep will be unbroken from floor to roof; the yellow pine timber of the trusses supporting the roof will be of its natural color and all in plain view. Far above the congregation on the floor will appear the dome—not a deep one, as usual, to produce the effect of distance, for the distance is itself sufficient—giving a general air of delicate warmth and color.

The floor will slope upward slightly from the platform, giving those in the back seats sufficient elevation, and there will be two galleries, securing sitting space for 4,000 attendants. The semi-circular auditorium and the platform and organ across the square side fronting it are as in the old tabernacle; but



AN INTERIOR VIEW.

there will also be lecture room, class rooms, reception rooms and other conveniences added. The unusual combination of styles raises a question as to the fine effect of the completed building, but the architects are confident of artistic success.

Hallowe'en Usages.

Lighting bonfires is one of the oldest and most universal of Hallow e'en usages, yet the Germanic and Celtic nations were both accustomed to kindle them Oct. 31 centuries before they ever heard of the Christian religion and its vigil of All-Hallow eve. It is probable that the boys of those old races indulged on that date in the same mischievous practices which now afford so much delight to our own youngsters, and no doubt the little sons and daughters of the ancient Romans, Germans and Celts carcumvented the sagacity (or is the vulgar, "cuteness" the term?) quite as extensively as our own children do now by ringing door bells and running away before they can be answered, hunting in the parade of front doors with cabbage heads, turnip lanterns and jack o'lanterns, raising Old Nick generally.—Chicago Times.

DOM PEDRO AND BRAZIL.

Something About the Empire and Its Former Emperor.

Brazil has caught the spirit of the age—the spirit of republicanism. That spirit, as it now exists, may be said to have had its birth when the framers of the constitution of the United States (which Gladstone has pronounced the most perfect instrument ever devised by man) gave it to the American people for their immediate guidance, and to the whole world for a model. Like the seeds of those plants which are wafted to foreign countries by the winds, the republican idea has since extended till there is scarcely a country on the globe which is not more or less affected by it. Is it a wonder that the largest and most important nation of South America should be among the number?

With the growing spirit of republicanism

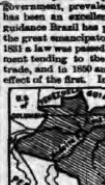
DOM PEDRO.

there has been a waning of the idea of government prevailing previous to 1776, the divine right of kings. Most seventy years ago the little territory of Portugal, one of the smallest of European nations, gave a ruler to Brazil from among that stock of princes whose starz were becoming dim as the spirit of liberty grew brighter. In 1807, when Napoleon I was conquering Europe and the French entered Portugal, its king and queen, John VI and Donna Maria, fled to Brazil, which was then one of their colonies. When Napoleon fell they returned, and within a few years their son, Dom Pedro, was made regent of the colony. Soon after, a revolution occurred, the country became independent, and Dom Pedro was crowned its first emperor. He abdicated in 1831 in favor of his son, Dom Pedro II, the recently deposed emperor, and returned to Portugal to look out for his interest in the throne there. Dom Pedro II was but 5 years old when he became emperor.

Perhaps no better illustration can be found of the wide difference between hereditary right and the right of the people to choose than the accession of a child in the nursery and the creation of an American president. The people of Brazil could not and were not to the child's status. They could wait for him to grow, and they could declare him of age while he was yet a boy. This they did; for, when he was 14, the Brazilian parliament passed an act that he was of age, and he became emperor in 1841.

The territory he was called upon to govern in extent was so large, that beside it the little kingdom of his ancestors sinks into insignificance. Some idea of its magnitude may be derived by comparing its area with that of the United States, including Alaska and the territories. This gives a total of 3,602,980 square miles, while that of Brazil is 3,217,645 square miles. As the former comprises about one-half of North America, the latter comprises over one-half of the southern continent. In the matter of population, Brazil is inferior, being far more sparsely settled. Its people only number about 14,000,000.

The only objection to Dom Pedro has come from the spirit of opposition to monarchical Government, prevalent in these times. He has been a strong friend and ruler, under his guidance Brazil has prospered. He has been the great emancipator of South America. In 1831 a law was passed by the Brazilian parliament levelling at the abolition of the slave trade, and in 1850 another act completed the effect of the first. In 1872 Dom Pedro drew



MAP OF BRAZIL.

up the Rio Branco bill, which declared that all slaves arriving at 60 years of age, and that all children born of slave mothers after that date after arriving at the age of 20 should be free, and the system of gradual emancipation was begun which foreshadowed the doom of slavery in the empire. In this law Dom Pedro took a deep personal interest, and it was passed by the Brazilian legislature largely through his efforts. In the year 1880 there were in Brazil 1,108,000 slaves.

During the following seven years, under the efforts and through the voluntary freeing of serfs by the great proprietors, 200,000 slaves were given their liberty, another 300,000 were freed by the proprietors renouncing their rights to slaves through non-registration, and in 1887 it was supposed that there were only some 600,000 slaves left in the whole empire. In 1885 a law was passed devoting $6,000,000 for an emancipation fund and providing for the final total abolition of slavery in Brazil.

The emperor, to whom these and other wise acts conducive to the prosperity of the empire are due, a few years ago broke down in health. This required him to throw off the cares of state and seek restoration. He went to Europe, where he received a great deal of attention from both royalty and the people. Having long been recognized as a patron of science and art, and a member of most of the societies devoted to these branches, he was especially well received by intellectual people. After a considerable sojourn he returned to Brazil.

His court was always based of republican simplicity. He has been extremely liberal with his fortune and given a great deal for charitable and educational purposes. The Brazilian capital has a gymnasium, an institute for the blind and deaf and dumb, a college of medicine and an immense hospital with 2,000 beds (Casa di Misericordia), all of which are supported in a great extent from the emperor's private purse. He has also done much to aid in building churches for his Protestant subjects. The empress is equally generous to her support of a large hospital and many benevolent institutions established at the half German ville suburb of Petropolis.

With an emperor wise, charitable and devoted to the advancement of the best interest of his people, it may be surprising that there should be found among them a sufficient number of malcontents to inaugurate a revolution. Though these rulers will be soon driven from their throne have not always been bad men. Often they have suffered from the acts of their predecessors; often they have been forced to bear the blame of hardships to their people which came from natural causes; but during the present century the main cause for the overthrow of hereditary rulers has been the growing tendency of the age towards a republican form of government.

The late Mrs. Charles Crocker, of San Francisco, left $500,000 to the Home for Aged Women in San Francisco.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN.

"NELLIE BLY" AND MISS BISLAND GO RACING ROUND THE WORLD.

The First Named (She Is Really Miss Cochrane) Goes for The New York World, and the Latter for The Cosmopolitan Magazine—Glory and $1,000 Up.

Now we're off.

Eastward goes the steamer Augusta Victoria bearing Nellie Bly, of The New York World newspaper, and westward goes the Chicago limited bearing Miss Bisland, of The Cosmopolitan magazine, in a race around the world.

"Around the world in seventy-five days!" says the enterprising manager of The New York World. "If a girl can be done and Nellie Bly shall do it."

NELLIE BLY.

Nellie Bly had four days in which to prepare. She orders a traveling dress, an ulster, a waterproof, a double peak cap, in a grip-sack she has also packed till there is scarcely a country on the globe which is not more or less affected by it. Is it a wonder that the largest and most important nation of South America should be among the number?

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GOVERNOR CAMPBELL'S FAMILY.

Portraits of Mrs. Campbell and Her Two Daughters.

Mrs. James E. Campbell, wife of the governor-elect of Ohio, has made a record quite as brilliant in its way as that of her husband. She is a native of and was reared in the Buckeye city of Lebanon, Warren county, O., a place long celebrated for its handsome and sprightly women. Besides the natives—generally of good stock, if one may use such an expression—the school for ladies at Lebanon has for many years drawn there a select class of the young and fair. The location is singularly healthful, the original families were of the best in Virginia and other old states, while the additions resulting from the school and long years of culture have contributed to make Lebanon a place of note for womanly beauty.

MRS. CAMPBELL.

ELIZABETH.

JESSIE.

Mrs. Campbell, then Elizabeth Owens, daughter of a wealthy citizen of Lebanon, was one of the first to enter Vassar college, where she remained three years and gained high honors. She there formed a friendship with Maria Mitchell and her father at last consented as long as they lived.

Miss Owens was of an independent nature and wanted to earn her own living, but her father did not favor the idea, and she remained at home till sought in marriage by a young lawyer of Hamilton, who is soon to be Gov. Campbell.

They have four children, of whom the oldest, Miss Elizabeth, has mingled a little in Washington society, and will naturally be prominent in social circles at Columbus. The next, Andrew Owens, is a lively boy of 14, now in school at Kingston, N. Y. Jessie is 10 years of age and James E. but 4. Mrs. Campbell is a tall brunette, of stately build, and with a face full of character—one that attracts attention in a crowd. She has remarkable conversational powers and a ready wit that sometimes runs to satire.

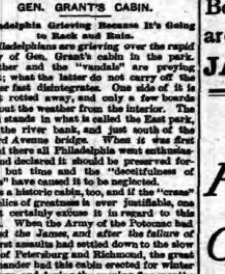
When her husband was sent to congress from the Hamilton district, Mrs. Campbell made a most pleasing impression on Washington society. The family took a fine house on Connecticut avenue, and entertained right royally. Indeed, Mrs. Campbell may be said to have ranked with Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Whitney as a leader in society circles, owing to her receptions the brightest of the official and literary people. The situation of a society belle at the capital of the United States is often peculiarly trying, for two reasons: there is no other city in the country, if in the world, where so many of the leading beauties of society are gathered, and the slightest change of personnel occur in the highest circles. Jealousy and sense in those who are more little jealousy and for causes scarcely known elsewhere and heartburnings to make it honey-hell to one. Mrs. Campbell's tact and ready wit saved her, and she is most graciously remembered by all Washington-ians.

GEN. GRANT'S CABIN.

Philadelphia Grieving Because It's Going to Rack and Ruin.

Philadelphians are grieving over the rapid decay of Gen. Grant's cabin in the park. Weather and the "vandals" are preying on it; what the latter do not carry off the former feel disintegrates. One side of it is about rotted away, and only a few boards shut out the weather from the interior. The cabin stands in what is called the East park, near the river bank, and just south of the Grand Avenue entrance. When it was first placed there all Philadelphia went enthusiastic, and declared it should be preserved forever, but time wears and the "sacrifulness of ages" have caused it to be neglected.

It is a historic cabin, too, and if the "crane" for relics of greatness is ever justifiable, one might certainly exhibit it in regard to this cabin. When the Army of the Potomac had crossed the James, and after the failure of the first assaults had settled down to the slow siege of Petersburg and Richmond, the great commander had this cabin erected for winter quarters, and during the ensuing five months that cabin at various times contained as much interest for the world as any building in the world ever did. At one time Lincoln, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Meade and Admiral Porter sat around the table in this little room. Sherman had come up for the final consultation after completing his march to the sea, and Lincoln and Stanton were visiting City Point to confer with Grant.



THE GRANT CABIN.

In this cabin Grant wrote all his elaborate letters and dispatches of that winter, the telegraph office being placed near for convenience. Here he received reports and issued orders to all his subordinates, and rarely retired before midnight. Spies, scouts and orderlies were constantly arriving and departing, officers of all grades coming and going, and in the midst of it sat Grant in his light blue, undress soldier's jover coat, with broad-brimmed hat on and cigar in his mouth. Out the door a few paces ran a telegraph, on which he traced day by day, and often hour by hour, the movements in the whole military field, and red points, blue points, miserable points showed the location of the last important events or lines of the last movements.

The cabin was erected on the bluff overlooking City Point in November, 1864, and though completely abandoned in April, 1865, was by a happy chance preserved. Eleven years later it was purchased and taken to Philadelphia, the country being assured that the city fathers would see to its preservation. The roof and three sides of the building are still in fair condition, but the fourth side, that part which remained sound has been carried away by relic hunters. One hundred dollars is the present ambition of one of the logs, and quite lately parties of connoisseurs have visited it especially to get mementoes.

"Nobody is responsible," as usual, in such cases. The park police say they cannot protect the cabin from meddling other duties, and the authorities do not feel moved to appoint a special guard for it. There is no fund for the purpose, and the general impression is that of a half deserved negro but in the south. A suggestion is made that a protection be built around the cabin of the whole table, and that it be done a few inches from the logs, so that relic hunters could not get at them.

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The best place to find "Genuine Bargains" in all kinds of first-class dry and fancy goods, underwear, carpets, curtains, shades, etc. Carpets made and laid. Shades made to order. Curtains hung by a practical upholsterer at short notice.

THAT COLD WAVE

OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE NOT IF YOU HAVENT A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMBS WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.

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THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the newest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory, 1005 Broadway, N. Y., thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy double width, Dress Goods 12½c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies' Cloths, 50c., 56 inch Tricots, 69c. Improved fall front Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest! 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calicos 3c. per yard. Best quality live Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - -	$3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys.,	1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - -	3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys.,	1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - -	.25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS BRADBURY, BAUS, AND JACOB BROTHERS. Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase.

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BEDROOM SUITES,
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and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,

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ALL STYLES,
ALL QUALITIES,
ALL PRICES.

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16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety, Mattresses, Bedding, Feathers, etc.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Fine Extension Tables, Dinning Room Chairs, Rockers, Easy Chairs, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to Parlor and Bed Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low priced, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have not enumerated in the above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you are buying or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call and be convinced that we can do as we say.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park avenue.

DON'T you want a stove good and cheap? We have them from $5 to $24 for heating. Cooking Stoves from $9 to $30. Lamps the latest and best styles. Hanging Lamps $2.50 to $12. Hardware Cheap.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 29 West Front Street.

NO. 45 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE

North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accident and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syndicate Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added

Hats and Caps

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Lehigh House.

NEW STYLES

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FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO,

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at mill cover. Telephone No. 60.

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What does inexperience make? A printer? What does the house owner get? He gets his rooms. What are they likely to be? Rooms for your tenants, or your own hand; a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other. Good insurance prevent neither. Record of the greatest (1889) Incorporated 1869; 24 the best office profession 1889.)

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

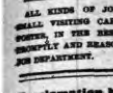
Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, SPEEDILY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

Proclamation by the Governor.



In accordance with long established custome and in recognition of manifold blessings which God has vouchsafed to the people of the State during the past year now draweing to a

close, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate Thursday, the 26th day of November, instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and praise. I recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employment, give thanks to Almighty God for his goodness in the past and pray for a continuance of his blessings in the future.

Given under my hand and privy seal, in the city of Trenton, this sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.
Attest: ROBT. S. GREEN, Jr.,
Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—The old archway of the Somerset street bridge was torn down to-day.

—The Epworth League will meet in the Vincent chapel next Friday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Union County petit jurors were discharged on Tuesday from futher duty until next Monday.

—A large mad hole in the roadbed on Mountain avenue should receive the attention of the Borough authorities.

—The Young Men's Christian Association of Chicago will receive $50,000 by the will of the late John Greear of that city.

—The North Plainfield Township Committee held a meeting last evening in Spencer's Hall. The only important business transacted was the payment of about $600 in road bills.

—The union teachers' meeting will be held on Tuesday evening next at eight o'clock in Vincent chapel. The International Sunday-school lesson will be taught by Mr. James McGee.

—There was no session of the Union County Court this morning owing to the illness of Judge McCormick. Sentences will be pronounced at the Special Sessions next Wednesday.

—Under the new allotment of the Supreme Court, the December term of this Somerset Circuit Court will begin on the fourth Tuesday in December instead of the third Tuesday as heretofore.

—A cistern on Mr. Lessignolo's premises on East Front street overflowed and flooded the cellar of his house. Warren Engine No. 1 has been engaged for the past two days pumping out the water.

—The president of the W. C. T. U. requests that the members of that organization meet in the Music Hall lobby not later than 7.30 o'clock this evening, so they may be assigned seats in the hall.

—There will be a meeting at the W. C. T. U. rooms on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, to pray for the success of the gospel temperance work now being conducted at Music Hall. Every one is invited to attend.

—Men were engaged to-day putting a new [illegible] on the First National Bank building. [illegible] after ten o'clock this morning a block [illegible] was blown from the roof and narrowly [illegible] striking a pedestrian on the head.

—The Catholic Young Men's Literary Union are arranging for a dramatic entertainment to be given in St. Mary's school hall about the first of January. The play will be cast this week, and rehearsals will occur at short intervals.

—Mr. John H. Tier, of Bank place, intends to tear down the building at 16 Park avenue and erect in its stead a fine brick building. The present building will not vacate until April 1st next, when the work of demolition will be immediately begun.

—Yesterday afternoon some malicious person threw a stone through the rear window of Councilman Needham's residence, 24 Jackson avenue. In another column Mr. Needham offers a reward of $5 for any information that will lead to the arrest of the miscreant.

—The City Republican convention to nominate candidates for councilmen-at-large, city judge, assessor, collector, treasurer, commissioners of appeal, and a member of the Board of Education, will meet in the Republican Association room one week from to-night.

A Thanksgiving Appeal.

For several years past the Plainfield Relief Association has been enabled, through the generosity of its friends, to give Thanksgiving dinners to a number of poor families who would otherwise know little of the good cheer of that day. For this purpose contributions of small turkeys, chickens, vegetables, fruit, flour, etc., are earnestly solicited from all who will aid in the good work this year. Such gifts should be sent the Association rooms, No. 9 West Second street, Tuesday afternoon, November 26th, or early on the following morning. E. B. LEONARD, Secretary.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	8 a. m.	12 m.	6 p. m.
Friday	34	40	36
Saturday	32	40	36
Sunday	32	40	36
Monday	32	40	36
Tuesday	32	40	36
Wednesday	32	40	36
Thursday	32	40	36
Friday	32

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS

NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 15 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

Both opium and Chinamen are still being extensively smuggled into this country.

Zola, the novelist, is now living in wealth; but at the outset of his career he was so poor that he dwelt in a garret and never had meat to eat except when he caught sparrows from his garret window.

An instantaneous photographer, who took a man's picture unawares in Berlin, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The reform has not reached this country yet.

A club man says that with a man, in the evening, it is always 9 o'clock till the hour of 10 strikes. With a woman, on the contrary, it is always 10 o'clock immediately after it has struck 9.

It is said that Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian dramatist, whose works are now so fashionable in England, is a very great man. He ought to be. If he resembles his pictures, he ought to have some compensation in life for his looks.

Are We Electrical Batteries?

Professor Hyland Kirk, who writes of the subject in The Popular Science Monthly, is sure of it.

It is known that many persons, after shuffling and rubbing their shod feet upon a carpet for a few moments in a lively manner, can light a gas jet from the electricity in the point of a finger. But Professor Kirk tells a story which makes that performance small indeed. He quotes a letter which narrates how, in 1802, Gen. Dayton, United States senator from New Jersey, one night pulled off his silk stockings, underneath which he wore another pair of thin woolen ones, and went to bed. He noticed an unusual quantity of electric sparks and snaps as he drew off the silk stockings. But in the morning, behold—a wonder! The silk stockings were burned to a coal; one of his slippers was also consumed, the carpet was burned through, and the floor beneath was roasted to charcoal. There was no possible way for the fire to start except by electricity from Gen. Dayton's feet. In fact, he had struck his own silk stockings by lightning and consumed them. An expensive scientific experiment it must have been in those days, when men wore long stockings and knee breeches.

The strange part of the story is that the general slept through all, and was not awakened by the smoke or smell of burning right by his bedside. Probably he had been to a senatorial banquet the night before.

Professor Kirk gives several other instances that go to show the human body is an electrical storage battery, giving off manifestations powerfully under right conditions. Good health is one of these conditions.

Emin Downed at Last.

"I died years ago to all ties in this world and to all its comforts, honors and glories," wrote Gordon when he went into Africa to break up the slave trade. "And now that I am dead, I will take him as my help, who utterly despises money, fame, glory, honor—one who never wishes to see his home again, one who looks to God as the source of good and controller of evil, one who has a healthy body and an energetic spirit, and one who looks on death as a relief from misery. If you cannot find him, then leave me alone."

The man to whom Gordon at length left much of his work as a legacy was Emin, whom Stanley, the American, is bringing back to life and freedom. Faithfully he has wrought in Africa, trying to uphold his free settlements in the heart of hostile millions. Slave traders hated him and sought to compass his death because he interfered with their profits. The fanatical Mahdist rebels hated him because of religious zeal.

There were 2,000,000 blacks in the Equatorial Province of the Upper Nile, of which Emin was governor. Emin had tried to civilize them, to establish a free Christian state. Emin had, along with his native troops, a few hundred Egyptian soldiers, the remnant of Gordon's force. The story of his fate is simply this: As soon as Stanley left him, in the summer of 1889, the Egyptian troops, being homesick, revolted and put Emin into confinement. His black soldiers remained faithful to him as first, but at length became terror stricken by a new hostile element that appeared on the scene.

This was the Mahdist rebels. We were impressively told some time ago that the Mahdist forces were utterly routed by the English in Egypt. There still seem to have been enough of them left to keep Emin penned in his province on the Upper Nile. That he, Lion Gordon, has not Specialized at the hands of the Mahdists is probably owing to the fact that their full force was not able to pass the cataracts of the Nile before Stanley reached him to save him. Frightened at the approach of the Mahdists, many of Emin's black troops deserted him and joined the fanatics.

Now the Equatorial Province is in ruins, the little state of which Emin once wrote:

Sooner or later a bright future must arise for this country. Here I am, and here I stay. I have striven and toiled and sown the seeds for future harvest; laid the foundation stone for future buildings; and I will not give up the work.

MORNING NEWS.

A WOMAN'S VENGEANCE.

Tragic Death of Stephen Pettus In New York.

SHOT BY HIS ALLEGED VICTIM.

Mrs. Hannah Southworth Inflicts Four Fatal Wounds Upon the Man Whom She Says Ruined Her—The Deceased Was a Prominent Brooklyn Man.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Stephen Pettus, secretary and treasurer of the Brooklyn Elevated railway, commission merchant and member of the New York Cotton Exchange, was shot and almost instantly killed shortly before 10 a. m. to-day at No. 10 Fulton street, by Mrs. Hannah B. Southworth, who fired five bullets from a 38-caliber Smith & Wesson revolver into his body. The particulars of the tragic affair are as follows: About 9 a. m. Mr. Pettus left his home, at No. 40 Eighth avenue, Brooklyn, and went to the office of the Brooklyn Elevated railway, where he transacted some business relating to his position as an officer of that corporation. He then started for the office, at No. 54 Broad street, this city, where the firm of Pollard, Pettus & Co. carry on business in connection with cotton to the lines of tobacco and cotton. He walked down Fulton street, Brooklyn, and went on board the ferryboat that left the slip just before 9:05 a. m.

Followed by His Nemesis.

His Nemesis, in the person of a tall, willowy blonde named Mrs. Hannah B. Southworth, followed him down the street and then passed into the "ladies' saloon" of the ferryboat. She was fashionably clad in a sealskin sacque, trimmed with fur, a brown stubbleard skirt and a jaunty black hat, with a dark veil covering her face. She wore very solitaire diamond pendants, and her left hand was covered with a tan suede glove, the right hand being hidden in the folds of her seal sacque. She attracted some attention from the other female passengers on account of restlessness and manifest mental excitement.

The Deadly Assault.

When the ferryboat arrived at the New York slip at the foot of Fulton street at 9:50 o'clock Mr. Pettus was among the first to pass through the gates and out of the ferry house. He took the sidewalk on the south side of Fulton street and Mrs. Southworth followed him. Just as Pettus reached the front of Bennett's tea store, No. 10 Fulton street, about fifty yards from the ferry house, the pursuing woman came up to him, and, without speaking a word, drew a revolver from beneath her sacque and fired point blank at the man who was not more than two feet in advance of her.

Four Fatal Wounds.

The weapon was a self cocking affair, with five chambers, and the quick succession the woman emptied the other four chambers into her victim. After the fourth shot Pettus turned partly around and instinctively placed his left hand to his head to shield himself. The first four bullets entered his body, one passing entirely through and smashing his gold watch that was in his left vest pocket. All these shots, as was subsequently developed at the autopsy, would have proven fatal. The fifth bullet struck his left arm just above the wrist. Pettus after receiving the fifth shot ran into Bennett's tea store and fell in a heap upon the floor. Within a few minutes he was dead. He never spoke from the time the first shot was fired.

The Woman's Capture.

Mrs. Southworth did not make any effort to escape. With the revolver still smoking in her hand, she followed Pettus to the door of the store, and stood looking in. A passerby and eye-witness of the shooting, whose name could not be ascertained, seized her by the elbow and disarmed her. At this juncture Officer William Goodwin, of the First precinct, whose post is at the corner of Nassau and Fulton streets, having heard the shots, came into the store and immediately grasped the weapon from the woman's hand. Not knowing that Pettus was unconscious and that he had ceased to breathe, Officer Goodwin took the murderess into the tea store in order to have her identified by the wounded man as the one who had shot him. There, however, Pettus lay dead. The officer wheeled the woman around, saying, "Come."

Betrayed and Disgraced.

"Please don't use me roughly," said Mrs. Southworth. "You need not hold me. I am not going to run away. I have done nothing to be afraid of." She spoke quietly, without any apparent nervous excitement and without any indication on the part of the gravity of the act which she had committed. "He has betrayed and disgraced me. He has dishonored me and ruined the reputation of my family to uphold his friendship for him. He deserved all he got, and more."

Committed to the Tombs.

Mrs. Southworth was committed to the Tombs without bail. She has been living with her aged mother and her brother at No. 235 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn. Her brother, William B. Martin, told a reporter this story, which was belied by alleged wrongs at the hands of Stephen Pettus:

The Woman's Alleged Wrongs.

"My sister," said Mr. Martin, "is a daughter of the late R. M. Martin, of Louisville, Ky., where she was born. During the war the family came north, and father was a gold broker on Wall street. She has been a widow for the past seven years, having been married at an early age to Frederick Southworth, a banker of Geneva, N. Y. One of her uncles was the late Judge Torrey, of Geneva, N. Y. Southworth died within a year after the wedding and Hannah returned to Louisville. A few years later she came with her family to Brooklyn. For the past eight years she has been living with me and her mother.

Previous to that time she lived at the Fairmount House, where her mother's choice paid all the bills. It was during that time that she was introduced by a mutual friend to Pettus. This acquaintance with him developed into friendship on account of the intimacy of the families, and Pettus was a welcome visitor to the house. Unfortunately, the worst results followed.

Drugged and Betrayed.

"She told me nearly four years ago that this man Pettus drugged and betrayed her at a New York hotel. She was urged by him to take a glass of champagne, which she did, having been accustomed from childhood to the use of wine upon proper occasions. In a few moments she lost consciousness, she said, and knew nothing more of her surroundings until the following morning, when she waked up to find herself in bed in a strange house. Overwhelmed with shame she returned home, and attempted to conceal her disgrace by keeping it secret. Soon, however, she found that concealment would be impossible, and in her extremity she appealed to Pettus to assist her, and at his instance she had a criminal operation performed upon her. Ever since she has been crazy on the subject of getting her rights from Pettus.

"At times she seemed to be insane when speaking of Pettus and the injury he had done her. Only the night before last, in talking with her, she spoke very wildly and told me that Pettus must be forced to right her."

Who Pettus Was.

Pettus was one of the best known business men in Brooklyn and his wealth is estimated at from $200,000 to $1,000,000. He was one of the charter members of the Hamilton club, of Brooklyn, and of the Oxford club, of the same city. He was also a member of the Manhattan club, of New York. He had no children, and his wife, a charming southern lady, is an invalid. She was prostrated with grief at the news of her husband's tragic death and may die.

She Had Assaulted Him Before.

On March 29, Mrs. Southworth assaulted Pettus with an umbrella and was fined $20. She attempted to assault him twice there after and had brought two actions for slander, one for $75,000 and another for $50,000 damages. The first suit was dismissed, as it had not been brought within the time prescribed by the statutes of limitations. The latter suit is still pending.

A Guilty Letter.

Among the effects found upon the person of the murdered man was the following letter in the handwriting of an evidently well educated woman:

MY DEAR FRIEND—I cease to the flat today. I believe now it is for the best, as I am so much more comfortable with my head. The rain storm is intense, and I fear will keep so as long as this damp weather continues. C is of course with me to-day, and will remain with me to morrow. Several came this afternoon, but did not accept. S. left for her new house. She will be back Friday, when I will see you. Can you be on Friday if it will suit you. I am so glad you want to see me, and thank you with all my heart for your generous offer. Will you write me? Do you to come and see me always. I try to think I will give you up. Oh! it is so hard, and I have had such a struggle to-day. Please excuse me to-morrow. I will see you at 1 hope C. will soon go something to do. There is always safe for you to write to me. I arrangement to me to-morrow. little home, sick as I am. I would give much to see you today. Please destroy every note you get from me. Will see you on Friday, for I had better communicate with her new house, so that I will know when to expect you. L.

She is Probably Insane.

Dr. Clinton Wagner, Mrs. Southworth's physician, who has attended her for years has corroborated the family's story of the woman's wrongs and says he thinks she is insane.

CLEVELAND AND CAMPBELL

An Alleged Presidential Boom for 1892 Stirs Up Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 23.—Specials to the evening papers here say: W. E. Bacon, of Toledo, the brother-in-law of ex-President Cleveland, has been closeted all day at Democratic headquarters with Campbell, his object being to get the new governor and his friends to support for the 1892 Democratic national ticket Cleveland and Campbell, and to send Hon. Calvin S. Brice, their man of national Democratic committee, to the United States senate as Payne's successor, is part of the scheme.

Campbell has promised to favor this scheme, and its broaching has created consternation at the state capital here among the supporters of Hon. John H. Thomas and Charles W. Baker, Congressman McMahon, Hon. G. L. Converse, Gen. Thomas E. Powell and others. Governor Hill's friends here are up in arms at Cleveland's interference in Ohio politics, and Brice's opponents for the senatorial nomination are "hot in the collar" and swear vengeance. The ex-president's bold move has made a panic in Ohio politics, and it is now as though the Cleveland-Brice-Campbell combination had cornered the political machine and would ride all over the Hill-Thomas-Moss back boers.

Montana's Great Fight Begins.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 23.—The legislature meets here today. Probably two-thirds of the members are already here accompanied by a number of state politicians. Both sides claim a majority on joint ballot, and will be of course of action. It is believed that there will be dual bodies of the house and that neither party will have a quorum in the senate. The democratic and republican members have created a sensation by taking possession of the legislative halls, and delivering the keys to the governor, to whom the county commissioners have no legal control. It is thought the Republican members will meet separately should the representatives from Silver Bow county, certified to by the state canvassing board, be refused admission. Politicians of both sides talk of fighting to the end, yet a small number favor a compromise on the basis of one senator from each party and the speakership given to the State Auditor Kenny, whose duty it is to call the house to order, demanded the keys of the building from County Commissioner Rickards, but Mr. Rickards refused to give the keys, but promised to admit Kenny at any time. The Republicans may decide to rent rooms elsewhere for the legislature.

Battle Between Convicts and Soldiers.

TUNIS, Nov. 23.—A revolt occurred among the convicts at the penal settlement. The prisoners succeeded in freeing themselves from their chains and procured firearms and other weapons. They then made a fierce attack upon the guards and overpowered them. Upon the alarm being sounded a large force of soldiers on the ground floor and placed a quantity of hay, saturated with coal oil, under the desks, which they set on fire. The police saw the blaze in time to prevent serious damage.

It Looks Like Brice.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Representative Outhwaite, of Ohio, says that Senator Brice will probably be the senator. Representative Hayden said that while the field is still open to everybody, the popular sentiment in Columbus is very strong for Brice in his part of the state, he said, were generally favorable to Mr. Brice, and his election seemed likely.

The Republican Caucus Called.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—I. E. McComas, the secretary of the Republican caucus of the last congress, has issued a call upon all of the candidates for speaker, and with the assent of the friends of candidates for other offices, that the Republican caucus to nominate officers for the next house of representatives for noon on Saturday, Nov. 30.

Six Months for Lem Smith.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—Lem Smith, editor of The Agents' Herald, who was convicted a few days since of libeling Anthony J. Drexel, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Smith Must Hang.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 23.—The jury in the case of the commonwealth vs. William Smith, colored, charged with the murder of his wife on Sept. 5, has returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree.

THE MANHATTAN SINKS.

Twenty-One Persons Aboard Are Reported Drowned.

SHE WENT DOWN IN TEN MINUTES.

A Terrible Collision Between the Old Dominion Steamer and the Schooner Agnes Manning—The Latter Was Badly Battered.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The Old Dominion steamship Manhattan, which left New York for West Point, Va., at 5 o'clock last Tuesday afternoon with thirty-five human beings on board, at 4:15 a. m. on Wednesday, two miles east of Fenwick Island Shoal Light, came into collision with the schooner Agnes Manning from Baltimore for New York, and went to the bottom.

A List of the Drowned.

The following is the list of those lost by the sinking of the Manhattan: C. F. Hoehn, chief engineer; C. M. Voss, purser; William Walker, James C. Tobin, William Vaughn, passengers; fifteen seamen and one fireman. The Agnes Manning, the schooner that run into the steamer. Most of the men thought to have been lost in the collision are New Yorkers, and it is with great anxiety that the current list of the saved and dead is awaited in this city.

The Manning Lost One Seaman.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 23.—The vessel which collided with the Manhattan was the four-masted schooner Agnes Manning. The schooner crossed to Philadelphia with one man missing, supposed to have been drowned. The Manhattan sank within ten minutes after she was struck.

The Men Who Were Saved.

The following named managed to save their lives: Capt. H. N. Jenny, First Mate Joseph Davis, Second Mate Olof Nelson, Steward Joseph Garcia, Quartermaster Fred Olsen, Oiler Harry Wertlander, Seamen Henry Walling, John Nelson and Andrew Anderson, Fireman William McKenzie, Coal Passer Thomas Pritchard, Waiter William Sharp, Cook Lewis Cooriver and Stewardess James Barnes. These men succeeded in getting into the life boat. Three passengers, two of whom were negroes, got on the life raft. The rest of the crew and the passengers all seemed safe for a time at least. After being in the boat three hours they sighted the schooner Van Name & King, of New Haven. The four negroes and the remainder of the engineer were taken on board and brought to this port, arriving off the mouth of the harbor in the morning. The revenue cutter Dexter responded to the signal of the schooner and landed the survivors.

They May Be Rescued.

The remains of the engineer were prepared for burial and forwarded to New York. Seafaring men about here are of the opinion that those on the raft will be picked up by passing vessels, as the fatality occurred in the track of at least one hundred vessels daily.

How the Manning Stood It.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—The schooner Agnes Manning, which was in collision with a vessel supposed to have been the lost steamship Manhattan, is lying below Greenwich piers with her bowsprit and ribbons demolished, her stem stared, her foremast displaced and leaking badly. Her captain reports that she was run into early on Wednesday morning off Fenwick Island by an unknown fore and aft steamship bound south. One of the sailors, known as Hand, is missing; whether he was knocked overboard or escaped on the unknown steamship is not known. Capt. Birdsall, of the Manning, claims that the collision was due to the negligence of those on board of the unknown steamer, which was also bound from Baltimore for New York, was kept afloat only by the constant use of her pumps.

Eight Men Rescued.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 23.—Later.—The purser and other Manhattan survivors, who were on the life raft, were picked up by the schooner Charles H. Tuttle from Baltimore, which arrived in port today. They were rescued about noon on Wednesday. Their names are: Charles W. Voss, purser; L. Perkins, quartermaster; C. E. Charleston, fourth engineer; Peter Olsen, waiter; Edward Olsen, second assistant engineer; E. Charleston, oiler; Charles Peterson, sailor; Henry Heaton, porter; Edward O'Rees, mess boy. They all left tonight for New York.

OUR PET WAR SHIPS.

The Squadron of Evolution Has Arrived at Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—The squadron of evolution which left Sandy Hook at 9 a. m. Thursday, left Boston at 1:40 p. m. after a pleasant and uneventful voyage in a strong sout.-west wind. The standard speed was fixed at eight knots in order to economize coal. The run to Boston Bay and back and a half was devoted to purposes of drill and the fleet executed many manœuvres in a very creditable fashion. In heading into the wind, which was blowing almost a gale, the advantage of the Chicago's greater weight and engine power and of her high free board became apparent, for while she displayed little or no leeway from course, she shipped little spray, the other ships fell off a knot or more in speed, and the Boston and Atlanta dipped their bows entirely out of sight. As the fleet anchored in this harbor an admiral's salutes of thirteen guns was fired from the navy yard and to this the Chicago responded with a commodore's salute of eleven guns.

Lieut. Hume then proceeded to the flagship and tendered to Rear Admiral Walker the compliments of the commandant of the yard. Collector Saltonstall went down the harbor in the revenue cutter Hamlin with many invited guests, and paid his respects to the admiral. Today Admiral Walker and staff paid their official visits to the governor of the state house, Mayor Hart at the city hall, and Commodore McCann at the navy yard.

Another Chicago Cottage Mystery.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—A portion of the blood found dashed all over the Dearing street cottage has been submitted to inspection, and it is thought to be sheep's blood. Chief Coroner Hoffman will hold an inquest in the cottage simply to create a sensation. The blood was at first supposed to be that of Mr. and Mrs. John Hughes and children, who mysteriously disappeared from the cottage Nov. 12.

Corruption at Detroit.

DETROIT, Nov. 23.—The grand jury has returned indictments for bribery and official corruption against Alderman Jacob, president of the city council; Alderman Burt, Republican leader of the council, and Alderman Moore and Marks. The jury's presentment brings out the existence of a corruption in all city contracts, wholesale jury bribing and attempts of corporations to secure franchises and vacations by bribery.

PITTSBURG'S BANK FAILURE.

A Director Says Depositors Will Eventually Be Paid in Full.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 23.—The Lawrence bank did not open for business in the morning, as was anticipated by some of the more sanguine stockholders and depositors. Long before the hour for commencing business a crowd of interested people gathered at the bank steps discussing the situation. Promptly at 9 o'clock Assistant Cashier Moke tacked the following notice on the closing outer immediately disappeared: "Owing to the continued withdrawal of deposits we are compelled to suspend payment, feeling assured that within a few days all will be reimbursed. By order of the president."

There was considerable murmuring and numerous threats were heard about what would be done in case any of the officials dared to show their faces.

Director Samuel McMahon said to a reporter: "We will pay dollar for dollar. The depositors will not lose a cent, although they may be compelled to wait until we are able to realize enough to meet their claims." Long & Co., of the Union iron works, against which the Lawrence has held judgments aggregating about $300,000 and whose property is now in the hands of the sheriff, positively refuses to make any state ment for publication.

The following estimates of the bank's condition are as accurate as obtainable: assets, $900,000; liabilities said to be $900,000.

IMPERIAL PENSIONS WILL STAND

They Will Continue to Be Paid by Brazil's Provisional Government.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 23.—All the pensions granted by the imperial government have been confirmed by the provisional government, and it is understood it is issued that they be paid out of the revenues.

A decree will be issued shortly making numerous changes in the personnel of the provisional government. The present number of officials who served under the emperor have announced their allegiance to the new government.

A Recognition to Come Later.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Referring to a cablegram from Brazil to the effect that the provisional government of Brazil would ask to recognize the provisional government an official of the state department said that the situation remains as it was a few days ago. Minister Mendonca will continue his relations with the provisional government, but formal recognition is a thing of the future.

Politics in Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—A special to The Chronicle from Juneau, Alaska, via Port Townsend, says:

"The first Republican convention ever held in Alaska convened at Juneau Nov. 5. Delegates were present from all parts of the territory except from westward and the Yukon river country. A memorial to congress was passed asking that the territory be allowed a delegate to congress; that homestead laws be extended to Alaska in modified form; that the laws relating to the cutting of timber be so modified as to permit its being used by canners for packing fish and for furniture and other articles actually necessary to the mining industry, and for the creation of a commission for the purpose of submitting to congress a code of laws for the territory."

A Husband's Double Crime.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Nov. 23.—At Center Point John Hendrickson, a grocer, shot his wife three times at the farm residence of Dayton Wolcott, two miles south of that place. Each shot took effect—one in the forehead, one in the mouth and the other in the back of the neck. Hendrickson then went to Goldsberry's dwelling place near by and shot himself with a shotgun, blowing off his entire head. The cause is attributed to domestic troubles of long standing. The woman is yet alive, but will die.

The Scale Makers Have a Fire.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., Nov. 23.—The general store of E. & T. Fairbanks & Co., scale makers, was burned here with the greater portion of the contents, consisting of clothing, carpets, crockery, wall paper and ladies' garments. The store and tin shop of the E. & T. contents of the store were valued at $75,000 and insured for $35,000. The building is insured for $4,500.

"Josh" Mann Wishes Freedom.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Counsel for "Josh" Mann and Mrs. Swinton, indicted for conspiracy over Eva Hutton in the Robert Ray Hamilton affair, has applied for the release of the prisoners on the ground that they have been held two months with no prospect of a trial. The hearing was postponed until Monday.

The Italians' Victim Is Dead.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—Edward Cunningham, who was shot by Italian poachers on his estate at Milton, died in the Carney hospital. The wealthy retired tea merchant, and was a brother-in-law of the late William H. Gray, who committed suicide in the Revere House in Milton a few years ago on account of his connection with an extensive mill failure.

Voting for Senator.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 23.—The Journal's Bismarck (N. D.) special says: The North Dakota senate has taken the following vote on United States senator: M. N. Johnson, 10; Ordway, 2; Casey, 4; Walsh, 3; McCumber, 10. Those not voting are Hanitz (Dem.), 7. The senate then adjourned to meet in joint session with the house.

He Bit Off Shipley's Ear.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 23.—While at a public sale in Guthrie county W. L. Edwards brutally attacked Representative Ira R. Shipley, completely biting off one ear, lacerating the other and biting off the first joint of thumb and otherwise maiming him. The quarrel grew out of election differences.

An Idiot's Awful Crime.

WEYMOUTH, Mass., Nov. 23.—Walter F. Frey, 29 years old, a half idiot, killed the 5-year-old son of Philip Fisher, by burying him alive in a gravel bank. Search found the dead, and showed where the body was buried. The corpse has been exhumed. Frey will be examined in court.

An Ex-Confederate Senator Dead.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 23.—William T. Dortch, one of the leading men of the state, died here this morning after a long illness, aged 68 years. He served as speaker of the house and president of the senate, and was also a prominent member of the Confederate state senate.

The Students Settled.

PALMER, Mass., Nov. 23.—A rally-ho party of Harvard students from Boston to attend the Harvard-Yale football game at Springfield were detained here for stealing guide boards, with which they decorated the coach. They settled and proceeded.

The Fair Fund.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The World's fair guarantee fund now amounts to $4,484,816.

TO EXPLAIN THAT BLOOD

Was a Prize Fight Held in the Carlson Cottage?

YOUNG BUDENBENDER'S ARREST.

A Lawyer and a Policeman Nearly Full That Gentleman in Pieces—Coughlin, Burke and O'Sullivan Close Their Cases—Knights Rousing the End.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Mrs. Hoertel, the German woman who gave such damaging evidence against the defense, was the first witness in the Cronin trial. Mr. Forrest explained that he wanted to show that her story of having been locked out of her house on the night of May 4 by her husband was very improbable, if not untrue. Owing to Mrs. Hoertel's inability to speak English, about all Mr. Forrest could get out of her was that she did not see the lock; that she had not bought any key; that her husband told her he put on a new lock, and that she could not get in. Mr. Forrest finally gave up trying to make her understand, and the matter was dropped. The attempt to break down the woman's evidence was a failure.

Coughlin, O'Sullivan and Burke Rest.

The next important witness was ex-Detective Lowenstein, who was called for the purpose of showing that an interested motive prompted John Gerrish to testify against Coughlin, swore to the existence of an enmity between the two, occasioned by Coughlin having frequently, when on the force, arrested him. This evidence, Mr. Forrest said, connected with the evidence of Thomas Lynch, Jr., which, owing to Lynch's illness, would be taken during the noon recess by deposition, the case of Coughlin, O'Sullivan and Burke was closed.

The Arrest of Budenbender.

At the opening of court after the noon recess Attorney Forrest requested that the jury be asked to retire. This done, he said he desired to bring to the notice of the court the abuse to which one of his witnesses had been subjected by officers for the state. He then related that Louis Budenbender, his witness, had been summoned on a subpœna during the noon recess; that violence had been used, and that the affair was contempt of court.

Budenbender then took the stand and told his story. He said he was asked to accompany an officer to the state's attorney's office, but explained that as he had already agreed to go to dinner with his wife at the noon hour he preferred to wait and go then. This did not suit the officer, and he grabbed the witness by the arm, and threatened to call a patrol wagon. Whether this ride in the wagon the witness said he would go, and did start.

A Fight Over the Prisoner.

Just before the state's attorney's office was reached, however, attorney Qualey, Forrest's partner, came up, and, grabbing hold of the witness, told him not to go. The officer sought to pull one way and the attorney another, and between them the witness came near choking. At this juncture another officer came up and told Attorney Qualey that the whole party went to the state's attorney's office. The state's attorney was not there, however, and Budenbender was permitted to depart.

A Pugilistic Attorney.

Officer Lindel, who served the subpœna, then told his story, to the effect that Budenbender had refused to go to the office, and was coming along of his own free will until Qualey interfered and began to kick and thump the officer. Witness strove to shove the attorney away, and was then met by another officer came up and assisted him he was unable to do so. Inside the state's attorney's office, the witness said, Attorney Qualey jumped at him. Assistant State's Attorney Forrest's clerk, stepped into the witness box and corroborated Budenbender. Judge McConnell said he thought the arrest was a case of contempt, but that the result of ignorance on the part of the officer, who imagined that the subpœna should be served as a warrant. He characterized the affair as an outrage, but thought it best to let it drop. The defense will probably adjourn today.

To Explain the Gory Cottage.

It was rumored about the criminal court building that the defense would explain away the blood in the Carlson cottage by the testimony of two private detectives, who would swear to a prize fight as fought in the cottage on or about May 4. The testimony would also show, it was said, that Burke was present at the time, acting as master of ceremonies, and that several others witnessed the affair.

Witness Budenbender's History.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Nov. 23.—Lewis Budenbender, the new witness in the Cronin case, is a son of a well-to-do real estate agent in this city. He was a member of one of the finest military companies in Hoboken, Company D, Second regiment. He was also a member of the Fat Men's club in Jersey City. He married an actress here, and when he did not support her she threatened to have him prosecuted. He then disappeared. One month ago he returned to Hoboken and said that he had been living in Chicago and in the same flat in which Dr. Cronin resided. On Sunday night last Budenbender told his friends that he was going to Chicago to testify in the Cronin case.

Berated Senator Men On.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Pension Commissioner Raum has dismissed W. S. Brock, of Indianapolis, Indiana, and accepted the resignation of J. E. Engle, of Pennsylvania, assistant chief of the record division, and G. A. Bond, of Pennsylvania, a clerk in the appointment division. Mr. Brock was chief clerk of the pension office, appointed by Commissioner Black, and at the time of his dismissal was a clerk at $1,800. Messrs. Bond and Engle were among the thirty clerks in the pension office who had their names published. The three cases of Messrs. Bond, Phillips and Engle, Commissioner Raum said, were glaring examples of the use of official power for political purposes, and he would not allow such a thing to be done in his office. As to his part. A rumor is current that seventeen of the thirty retained employes were doomed to discharge.

Smuggling Yankee Whisky.

MONTREAL, Nov. 23.—A. A. Cornellier, who is now investigating the whisky smuggling at Quebec for the government, states that there has been smuggled into Canada by way of St. Pierre du Migulon 30,000 gallons of whisky, on which no duty, and as each gallon should have paid $2 duty, the government has lost $600,000 in revenue from that source alone.

Malietoa Reinstated in Samoa.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Dispatches from Samoa by way of Sidney, N. S. W., say that Malietoa has been reinstated as arrangements recognizing Malietoa as king. Peace in Samoa is now assured.

THE BEE HIVE

Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Swiss Vests, former price 50c., now 39c.
Ladies' Sanitary Wool Vests, 58c.
Ladies' Merino Vests 25c., 39c. and 49c.

JERSEYS.

Plaited Frost Wool Jersey, former price $1.50, now $1.
Tailor Made Bound Jersey, former price $3, now $1.25.

FURS.

Hair Muffs, 89c.
Natria Muffs, $1.00.
Opossum Muffs, $2.50.
Children's Wool Mitts from 10c. up.

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MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

How the Man of the House Had It Painted and What It Cost.

One day I saw Mr. Bowser stop in front of his house and give it a careful looking over, and when he came in I asked:

"You are not thinking of making any repairs, are you?"

"Well, not exactly repairs, but I was just thinking that I could make a great improvement."

"How?"

"The paint hasn't held its color, and I think I shall have the house gone over again—just a light coat, you know."

"Mr. Bowser, this house was painted only six months ago. At that time we had half a dozen men around here for nearly a month."

"Yes, but the color has faded."

"Didn't I warn you at the time that it would fade? And didn't everybody laugh at the idea of your putting pea green on a red brick house?"

"No, ma'am, they didn't! Everybody complimented my taste. I've had a dozen people of cultivation and taste tell me that it was a perfect harmony, and that others were imitating it from me. But it's just like you, whenever I desire to make an improvement you are the drag on me."

"But let it go until spring, anyhow."

"Mrs. Bowser, did you ever hear the word 'economy?'"

"Yes, sir."

"But you evidently do not understand what it means. It means, in a broad sense, to sell where you can sell the highest and buy where you can buy the cheapest. The painting season is about closed, lots of men are out of work, and I can get this house painted now 25 per cent cheaper than next spring. Isn't $40 worth saving?"

"Yes, but the house doesn't need it."

"Not in your judgment, perhaps. People who were brought up in log houses in the country have tastes peculiarly their own. The house will be painted."

He crossed his hands under his coat tails, stood up and down the sitting room, and, of course, I sunk into insignificance and dropped the subject. Two days later four or five hard looking fellows with paint on their clothes came up and looked the outside of the house over. At brief intervals they consulted together and made figures on the back gate. At other brief intervals they measured the width and length of the house with a tape line. After three hours' hard work they came to a conclusion of some sort and then went over to the stable to rest their tired brains and wait for Mr. Bowser to appear. When he came home he confabbed with them for half an hour, made more figures on the back gate, and finally told them to go ahead.

"They won't make the least mus around," he said as he came in. "They'll skim right over in about two days, and you'll hardly know that they have been here."

It looked to me as if they meant to take a whole week for it, and I went out to interview the boss on the subject. He did some more figuring with a tape line, cut down some more figures on the back gate, counted his long and short ladders over, and finally replied:

"I did say two weeks at first, ma'am, but if the weather holds good I think twelve days will see the last of it."

"Twelve days!"

"Not over thirteen, anyhow!"

"Are you doing this by the job?"

"Oh, no, ma'am. Some of the scrubs take jobs and rush 'em through and cheat folks in their hurry to get through. We don't work by the day and do our work well."

Then began a circus which lasted just seventeen days without a change of programme. Every painter went down into the basement to inspect the walls of the house. They were gone just half an hour. When they reappeared they inspected the interior of the barn, and were invisible for a long hour. Then they came out and managed to raise a ladder against the side of the house. They might possibly get it raised another hour during the forenoon, but one of them fortunately observed that the first ladder was a little shaky. This brought about a consultation, and the ladder was taken down and inspected. By a vote of three to two it was decided that one of the rungs was loose. Then the five put in just an hour and a half hunting for hammer and nails, glue pots, wedges, screwdrivers, jack screws, pile drivers and other articles deemed necessary to make repairs. When Mr. Bowser came home to dinner not a thing had been done to the way of painting. I complained of this, but he replied:

"Oh, give them a show. They have got to get ready. When once they start they will move like a cyclone."

"Why did you hire them by the day?"

"For good work."

During the afternoon the painters rifled a second ladder, mixed about a gallon of color, and carefully inspected and gave each other their individual opinions on the age and nationality of the kitchen girl.

Half an hour before Mr. Bowser came home one of them carefully and cautiously ascended a ladder, painted a portion of a bracket and came to the ground to survey the back street to see how it looked. The others went over to help him, and none of them were seen again that afternoon.

The second day was but a slight improvement on the first, and it was four days before the could see that any work had been done. Then Mr. Bowser consulted his daily log-book, and he had it charged up. His wife seriously advised to do this by the painters, who said the color they had been putting on was rather out of date and did not harmonize with the color of our front door.

At the end of the twenty-second day Mr. Bowser came home to find that four-fifths of the work had been accomplished. He got mad and discharged the whole crowd out of hand, although the boss pitifully protested:

"Never drove a gang of men so hard in my life, and I did want to do a job here to which I could point with pride."

When Mr. Bowser came in he began to figure. I saw his hair begin to stand on end, and presently he exclaimed:

"Mrs. Bowser, do you know what your foolish whim has cost me in cold cash?"

"My foolish whim! What do you mean?"

"I mean what I say! I had this house painted to please you, and those infernal daubers have made it cost me about $350!"

"Didn't I protest about having it painted?"

"Protest! No, ma'am. You encouraged me!"

"Mr. Bowser?"

"There you go! Lay everything to me, as usual. Any husband who humors the whims of his wife will come out just as I have! Mrs. Bowser, don't fool with me any more! I've borne and borne, but there is a limit. The worm will turn at last. I'm ready to turn!"—Detroit Free Press.

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"I can't understand it!" grunted Mr. Partridge. "Provisions are no higher, my family is no larger, and yet it costs me four dollars more a week to live than it did two months ago."

"I can explain it," said his friend Blizzard.

"How?"

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.17, 5.38, 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] a. m., 12.[illegible] noon, 1.[illegible] 2.[illegible] 3.[illegible] 4.[illegible] 5.[illegible] 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] p. m. Sunday 3.37, 5.[illegible] 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] a. m., 12.[illegible] noon, 1.[illegible] 2.[illegible] 3.[illegible] 4.[illegible] 5.[illegible] 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] p. m. Express trains, 6.[illegible] a. m., 4.[illegible] p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] a. m., 12.[illegible] noon, 1.[illegible] 2.[illegible] 3.[illegible] 4.[illegible] 5.[illegible] 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] p. m. Sunday 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] a. m., 12.[illegible] noon, 1.[illegible] 2.[illegible] 3.[illegible] 4.[illegible] 5.[illegible] 6.[illegible] 7.[illegible] 8.[illegible] 9.[illegible] 10.[illegible] 11.[illegible] p. m. Express trains, 9.[illegible] a. m., 5.[illegible] p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.[illegible], 8.07, 9.37, 10.10, 11.50 a. m., 2.[illegible], 3.50, 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.30, 8.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.15 p. m. 12.45 night. Sunday at 8.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.15 a. m., 4.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.15 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.[illegible], 7.30, 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] a. m., 1.[illegible], 2.[illegible], 3.[illegible], 4.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m. Sunday at 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] a. m., 12.[illegible], 1.[illegible], 2.[illegible], 3.[illegible], 4.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Bridgewick.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 1.02, 3.34, 5.10, 6.38 p. m. Sunday at 6.[illegible], 9.[illegible] a.m., 5.03, 8.35 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG. Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.10 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.10 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 3.37 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc. 4.01 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 5.10 p. m. For Easton, North Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dritton, Williamsport, Scranton, 7.50 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Phillipsburg, Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, etc. 8.37 p. m.—For Flemington, 4.36 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc. 6.33 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEANPORT, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 10.37 a. m., 12.06, 3.51, 5.54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a.m., 5.54 p. m. For Ocean Grove, 3.37, 9.38, 10.00, 10.37 a.m.; 12.06, 3.51, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m., 5.54 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton at 1.[illegible], 8.30, 9.[illegible], 11.30 a. m.; 2.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m. Sundays at 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m.

For Philadelphia at 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 8.30, 9.[illegible], 11.30 a. m., 2.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m. Sundays at 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 8.30, 9.[illegible], 11.30 a. m., 2.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m. Sundays at 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 8.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 11.[illegible] p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m.; 1.40 and 5.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.30, 8.30, 11.30 a. m.; 1.40, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 6.30 p. m. daily. Direct mail to Phila., Pa., closes 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

ARRIVE at 8.30 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Delivery closes at 8.30 p. m. Open every evening until 9.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Stamp Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.

Safe as the best R. R. Bond.

No Better than any new 5 p. c. Bonds.

With Nearly Double the Income. Send for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO., Bankers, 7 Nassau street, New York. 54 Broadway, New York.

NO NO FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

29 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 31. Residence at Mansion avenue. Telephone Call 31. Office open day and night.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in service. Our system has been approved of by the Board of Health. Furnishes perfect yard disinfecting. Orders received at Rose House. Manufacturers of the Sun Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 698. Telephone call 26.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD P. O. BOX 920.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only.

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $2 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. L. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-26-1y

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 792.

RICHARD H. DAYS

City Livery Stables

54 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J

Special attention given to boarding horses

Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave nue, will receive prompt attention.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers,

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 72-78 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods. Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, 2 years old; White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Ware, Bottles and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Petroleum.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the largest stock on the North Jersey line. John P. Wolfe, Rear Seventh street, North Plainfield.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street.

Meat Market.

Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Maplewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mallard, Real Estate Agent. Call and see them. 9-6

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Reliable Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue, Yard South Second street.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

27 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front street Plainfield, N. J.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder.

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 920. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S Gayle, No. 54 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 18 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. E. J. MARTINS

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crepe, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C. E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE M INER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 28 Park avenue,

P. O. Box 329.

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc., Call before you buy at

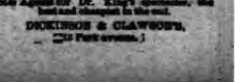
A. VANDERBEEK, 26 PARK AVE

PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY

Invite Everybody

to call in and examine our fresh stock of new goods and styles, whether you buy or not.



Sole Agents for Dr. King's spectacles, the best and cheapest in the world.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON,

28 Park avenue.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Simple Method of Treating Drunkenness for Which Great Success Is Claimed.

A medical man, recently returned from Norway, is credited with the following description of what they do with dipsomaniacs in that country. He says:

An habitual drunkard in Sweden and Norway is treated on a criminal. In this sense, that his immediate love of strong drink renders him liable to imprisonment, and while in confinement it appears he is cured of his bad propensities on a plan which, though simple enough, is said to produce marvelous effects. From the day the confined drunkard is incarcerated no nourishment is served to him or her but bread and water. The bread, however, it should be said, cannot be eaten apart from the wine, but is steeped in a bowl of it, and left to soak thus an hour or more before the meal is served to the delinquent. The first day the habitual toper takes his food in this shape without the slightest repugnance; the second day he finds it less agreeable to his palate, and very quickly it refuses a positive aversion to it. Generally, the doctor states, eight or ten days of this regimen is more than sufficient to make a man loathe the very sight of wine, and even return the prison dish set before him. This manner of curing drunken habits is said to succeed almost without exception, and men or women who have undergone the treatment rarely return to their evil ways.

The Action of Popular Sedatives.

Dr. T. Lauder Brunton, an eminent English practitioner, in a lecture on the subject of hypnotics, says: "Sulphonal appears to be one of the most effective of all the newly introduced hypnotics, and although it does not, like chloral, compel, it induces sleep in a pleasant manner, and has few disagreeable effects and little or no danger."

On the other hand, The American Journal of Medical Sciences, in a abstract

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

Proclamation by the Governor.

In accordance with long established custom and in recognition of manifold blessings which God has vouchsafed to the people of this State during the year now drawing to a close, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate Thursday, the 26th day of November, instant, as a day of Thanksgiving and praise. I recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employment, give thanks to Almighty God for His goodness in the past and pray for a continuance of his blessings in the future.

Given under my hand and privy seal, in the city of Trenton, this sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.
Attest: ROBT. S. GREEN, Jr.,
Private Secretary.

JOTTINGS.

—The Olympia Bowling Alley will be open to the public on Wednesday evening. Turkeys will be bowled for.

—There will be a shooting match at five pigeons at Campbell Club House on Thanksgiving morning at ten o'clock.

—A horse belonging to Lutkins & Hummer ran away this morning. The wagon to which it was attached was only slightly damaged.

—A runaway horse caused considerable excitement in North Plainfield yesterday morning. The frightened animal was caught on Craig place.

—Mr. Eugene Levering, of Baltimore, has offered the sum of $20,000 to promote the work of the Y. M. C. A. in the Johns Hopkins university.

—It was rumored that Mr. Joseph Blatz, of Somerset street, North Plainfield, had been stabbed Saturday night. Investigation proved the *rumor to be false.*

—A bright reflection in the sky last night caused an alarm of fire to be sounded in the borough. The fire seemed to be between Dunellen and Bound Brook.

—"The Private Secretary" will be played at the matinee in Music Hall on Thanksgiving Day. The seats are now on sale. Prices of admission, 25c, 50c and 75c.

—Charley, the eight-year old son of Mr. C. Seibel, of Duer street, fell down stairs at his home yesterday and fractured his arm in two places. Dr. Boone attended him.

—A fine line of holiday goods is now being displayed at Edsall's, as elsewhere set forth in his advertisement, and he desires purchasers to call and satisfy themselves.

—The regular business meeting of the Woman's Temperance Aid society will be held in Reform Hall, Tuesday, November 26th, at three o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

—Thanksgiving morning at eleven o'clock union services will be held in the First Presbyterian church. Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, *will* preach.

—Loans may be obtained on articles of jewelry, clothing, or any personal property at the pawnbroker's establishment of Samuel Dreier, corner Madison avenue and West Front street.

—"Ours" and "Mercaptan" and "Box and Cox" are the plays to be given at the entertainment of the Catholic Young Men's *Literary* Union in St. Mary's school hall early in January.

—The John A. Wilson is the name of a new coal barge which has just been built at Port Johnson. It is owned for the use of Mr. J. Eve and Wilson, of Grove street, North Plainfield. It will be launched in a few days.

—The Republicans of the First Ward will meet at the Republican Association rooms this evening at eight o'clock to elect delegates to the City Republican Convention, and to nominate a candidate for councilman. The Second, Third and Fourth Ward primaries will be held to-morrow night.

—At both services at Mt. Olive Baptist church yesterday the minister gave notice that a meeting would be held next Wednesday evening to act on his connection with a recent difficulty. *He said that he had* been ordered by give the notice by the officers of the church, but that he had intended to call the meeting anyhow.

—It was reported in another paper that "Mr. Joseph Bird of West Second street, had a foot painfully injured while erecting a *press at the Potter Press Works, Friday* afternoon, and that he was taken home in a carriage." Mr. Bird's foot was only slightly injured while he was engaged in the operation of testing a press. He walked home from the Press Works and is able to attend to his duties as usual.

Gun Club Meeting.

The Middlesex County Gun Club held a meeting Saturday night. President Smith in behalf of the tournament committee, reported that the club had cleared $75 on the recent tournament. Resolutions of condolence respecting the death of the late Dr. Jobs were passed.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for the month is as follows:

November, 1889.	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.	8 P. M.	12 P. M.
1. Friday	32	39	38	34	31
2. Saturday	30	36	36	32	30
3. Sunday	30	36	36	32	30
4. Monday	30	36	36	32	30
5. Tuesday	30	36	36	32	30
6. Wednesday	30	36	36	32	30
7. Thursday	30	36	36	32	30
8. Friday	30	36	36	32	30
9. Saturday	30	36	36	32	30
10. Sunday	30	36	36	32	30
11. Monday	30	36	36	32	30
12. Tuesday	30	36	36	32	30
13. Wednesday	30	36	36	32	30
14. Thursday	30	36	36	32	30
15. Friday	30	36	36	32	30
16. Saturday	30	36	36	32	30
17. Sunday	30	36	36	32	30
18. Monday	30	36	36	32	30
19. Tuesday	30	36	36	32	30
20. Wednesday	30	36	36	32	30
21. Thursday	30	36	36	32	30
22. Friday	30	36	36	32	30
23. Saturday	30	36	36	32	30
24. Sunday	30	36	36	32	30
25. Monday	30	36	36	32	30
26. Tuesday	30	36	36	32	30
27. Wednesday	30	36	36	32	30
28. Thursday	30	36	36	32	30
29. Friday	30	36	36	32	30
30. Saturday	30	36	36	32	30

PERSONAL.

Mr. Vreland, of Boston, spent Sunday with Dr. Vincent Baker, of this city.

Mr. Thompson, of New York, is visiting his friend, Mr. Lee Simmonds, of Broadway.

Hon. John Ulrich and wife are home again from a trip to Washington and the Gettysburg battlefields.

Mrs. W. D. Hudson, of East Second street, returned Saturday morning from a visit to *friends in Brooklyn, N. Y.*

At the meeting of the Epworth League next Friday evening, Miss Emma McGee will give an interesting talk on Alaska.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thompson, of Bliss-bath, spent yesterday with the family of Mr. Augustus Frazee, of Peace street.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Van Loan, formerly of this city, but now of Jersey City, are visiting friends on Pearl street, North Plainfield.

Mr. Henry Regan is confined to his home on North avenue, suffering from an abscess over the left ear. Dr. Boone is attending him.

Mr. Charles E. Reed, clerk of the Union county Board of Freeholders, has been elected secretary and treasurer of the Rahway Mutual Fire insurance company.

Mrs. Maggie Cadmus returned to her home in Philadelphia Saturday evening, after a pleasant visit at the home of her father, ex-Councilman John Simpson, of East Second street.

In the parlor of Lring's Hotel on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, Mr. Charles Roberts and Miss Lizzie Miller were married by the Rev. K. P. Ketcham. Mr. Wallace V. Miller acted as best man and Miss Lu Tenbyck served as bridesmaid. Only the most intimate friends of the family were present. The bride is a sister of Mr. Joseph B. Miller, proprietor of Laing's Hotel.

Dr. Vandegrift, whose Summer residence was destroyed by fire on Saturday, is well-known in Plainfield. He used to drive a large dapple gray horse from his home to the depot in this city, and then take a train for New York where he has an office. Mrs. Vandegrift was greatly interested in the erection of the Mary F. Wilson memorial chapel in Washington Valley, and took a prominent part in the entertainment recently given at Reform Hall for the benefit of the chapel fund.

Mr. P. Minturn Smith and family, who have been spending the past season at Maplehurst, their Summer home in Sullivan county, New York, have returned to Plainfield for the Winter. In addition to his duties as president of the Union Iron Works, Mr. Smith has recently assumed the presidency of the Easton Electric Company, in which he has acquired a *controlling* interest. The patents owned by this company are said to cover one of the best systems of electric lighting that has yet been perfected, and its reliability is positive, freedom from repair, superiority of the light produced and economical maintenance have already secured for it the most pronounced success.

A pleasant re-union was held at New Market recently at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Nelson, in honor of the arrival of the latter's parents, Mrs. Jane Wolf from Kansas City, Missouri, who is now visiting her native State after an absence of thirteen years. The spacious apartments set apart for the re-union were beautifully decorated. The dinner was elegantly served and a success in every respect. Among those present were Miss Libby Nelson and Miss Emma Nelson and brother. The host, Mr. Nelson, made a few remarks appropriate to the occasion and Mr. James Williams also addressed the assemblage. Among those present were Mr. James Wolf, Miss and wife, and Mr. Aaron Wolf and wife, of Newark; Mr. William Babcock and wife and daughter, of Morristown; Mr. William Bonnell and wife, of Roselle; and Mr. Walter Williams, of Elizabeth.

Requests a Denial.

Judge Stillman desires that we deny the rumor that has been widely spread that he does not desire to run again till the position of City Judge. Friends of his ask us to say for them that the judge has earned the re-nomination that he now seeks, if for nothing else, for the courage and determination he has shown in punishing the city law breakers and to turn him out on account of this would cost an unjust reflection upon him that he does not deserve. They further assert "that he will prove a strong and winning candidate, for, born and brought up here, and a son of the late Dr. C. H. Stillman, a man who did so much for our city and our interests, Judge Stillman has many friends in both parties, and his thorough acquaintance with the city's needs peculiarly fits him for the position."

Summer Cottage Burned.

At about 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning the beautiful Summer cottage owned by Dr. George M. Vandegrift, situated in Washington Valley, near Proctor's mill, was burned to the ground. The loss is estimated at $3,000 and is covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but it is thought it was the work of an incendiary. Dr. Vandegrift is now living in New York. During his absence the house was occupied by E. F. Budd, who was away at the time of the fire. It is said that Mr. Budd built a wood fire in the kitchen stove in the morning but that he extinguished it before coming to this city to obtain a supply of groceries for the week. When Mr. Budd returned he found the house in ashes.

An Actual Fact.

Saloon-keeper to crowd: "Allow me to introduce you to our next Councilman."

Next Councilman to crowd: "Step right up. What will you have to drink?"

As the next Councilman disappears the saloon-keeper and hangers-on laughingly wait for the next victim. The scheme is the common talk of the street, yet the would-be officeholders walk into the trap by the score. Money that might make many a poor family happy, spins down here just a little more thoughtfully, is thus thrown away.

—Last week the employees of the oil cloth factory had their pictures taken in a group.

MUSIC HALL PACKED.

Lecturer Burdick's Immense Audience Yesterday.

The audience that assembled at Music Hall yesterday afternoon to listen to Lecturer Burdick is said to have been the largest that ever graced that beautiful edifice. Fully 1200 persons were present and every seat was occupied. The walls were lined with people who could not otherwise be accommodated, and even the stage was filled. Dr. Lewis, pastor of the Seventh-day Baptist church, led the devotional exercises. There were 75 voices in the choir, a larger number than usual, and the chorus singing was correspondingly grand. Great enthusiasm prevailed. The lecturer was listened to with earnest attention as he related how he became a Christian, and after the address a number of persons signed the pledge. Over 500 pledge cards have thus far been used.

On Sunday evening Mr. Burdick lectured on the "Siberian Exiles of America." There was a good audience and a full choir. Every chair on the stage was occupied. Rev. W. E. Manwaring read the Scriptures and offered prayer. Mr. Burdick's remarks centered upon the condition of once-wealthy families, exiled from society, reduced to poverty and the lowest depths of crime through the tyranny *of the liquor traffic*, with the condition of the once unfortunate subjects. According to Mr. Burdick's story the Siberian exile's existence, although it is admittedly one of the greatest physical and mental torture, is far preferable to the miserable state of the victim of strong drink. Statistics were given proving that there are 700,000 drunkards in the United States. Of this number one out of every seven has a family.

Saturday evening the temperance societies of Plainfield attended the lecture in a body. Seated in the orchestra chairs were members of the W. C. T. U., Woman's Temperance Aid society, the Reform Club, two divisions of the Sons of Temperance, Good Templars, the Prohibition League, Hope Chapel, Hope Chapel Cadets, Loyal Legion of the W. C. T. U., Young Woman's C. T. U., and individual representatives of several other organizations. Rev. Cornelius Schenck conducted the devotional exercises.

Mr. Burdick will speak to-night on "Who is to blame?" The meetings will be continued in Music Hall all this week, excepting Thanksgiving Day. Thursday night Mr. Burdick will lecture in Warren Mission Chapel.

Plainfield's Victorious.

A game of foot ball was played on Saturday afternoon at Elizabeth between Leal's foot ball team, of this city, and the Dauntless team of Elizabeth. The game was called at three o'clock and after some exciting playing the Leal team came out victorious by a score of 26 to 0. The Dauntless team was composed of *the following players:*

Rushers—Barber, Calhoun, C. Mackenzie, Atkinson, Batjer, Tucker and Moore.

Quarterback—Le Hart.

Full back—Darig.

In view of the foregoing facts Plainfield can afford to smile at the following burst of eloquence on the part of the Elizabeth Herald's gallant sporting editor:

"The many friends of the Dauntless club are to be congratulated this afternoon, the Plainfield foot ball team having at the last moment refused to play. This action can only be characterized as a 'crawl,' the Plainfielders doubtless becoming aware that their opponents were a little more than they could master. If the members of the Plainfield team can find any satisfaction in the knowledge that Elizabeth's prettiest girls will turn out in full force to see the game only to be sent home, they are welcome to it, but the reputation of these gentlemen for pluck will be somewhat shaken."

The Proposed Insult to Councilmen Myers and Squires.

No purer men have ever stood in the Council Chamber than Councilmen Myers and Squires, yet it is proposed to throw them overboard because they are opposed to licensing saloons. Of course no objection can be urged against the excellent men who are proposed in their places, but it is the attempt to single out the temperance men in such a way that is positively insulting. Regarding ex-President Harrison as a temperance man, the case is different. He has served so many terms in the Council that he can be retired without any reflection on him, if he would not himself even *prefer to retire.* His proposed successor is a talented young Republican who is not likely to be controlled by the saloons, although supposed to favor license. The carrying out of the proposed programme seems well, we think, to be a political blunder, and we hope wiser counsels will prevail.

An Elderly Lady's Fall.

As Mrs. A. W. Sperry was returning from church to her home on Grandview avenue, yesterday morning, her foot caught in the dilapidated board walk in front of the Allen property on Somerset street and she was thrown on her face, striking and badly scratching her nose. It was thought at first that her nose had been broken by the fall, but happily this was not the case. Board walks should not be allowed on such a thoroughfare as Somerset street at all. Mr. Allen has considerable land there, and, like many others who put down such walks, would not care to replace them with flagging. He would be called upon for damages in full of damages such as a jury might award to persons injured even as Mrs. Sperry was yesterday. It is "penny wise and pound foolish" to neglect a proper course in such matters.

A Methodist Chapel for North Plainfield.

The people of the Methodist church are considering the feasibility of erecting a neat chapel on their lot at the corner of Somerset street and Park place, North Plainfield. A committee has been appointed to ascertain the extent of the desire for such a chapel and religious services among the people of that neighborhood. At the prayer meeting at Hope Chapel next Wednesday evening the matter will be discussed, and all who are members of the Methodist church or who are interested in this movement, are invited to be present.

Politicians Perturbed.

Elizabeth politicians are agog over the report in this morning's papers that John J. Smith, the Democratic President of the Elizabeth City Council, is to be ousted for his alleged arbitrary rulings at the last meeting when he refused to entertain an appeal from his decision, and also declared an adjournment, although no motion to that effect had been carried. This is the second rumpus between President Smith and the Board. On the previous occasion the members accepted an explanation from him, but this time they declare that nothing short of its resignation will appease their wrath.

The very men who were instrumental months ago in making him President are the ones most anxious now for his retirement. He was then elected over the regular Democratic candidate after a deadlock lasting two months by a combination consisting of six Republicans *and three* Democrats, he himself being one of the latter. Now all these men, it is reported, with one exception, will vote to depose him. They will be strengthened by the votes of two Democrats, Egenohl and Schleimer, and two Republicans, Mraving and Noyes, all of whom President Smith has antagonized in his appointment of standing committees. *He will* be allowed to remain at the next meeting, and if he refuses to do so, articles of impeachment will be preferred against him. This plan of action was determined upon at a secret meeting of the opponents said to have been held on Saturday night.

Dunellen Bowlers.

Referring to the recent game on the Dunellen bowling green, in which Messrs. Christian Schopfin, James Stevens, John Smith, F. A. Heffner, H. B. Willis, E. D. Christian, Robert Fetzi, and E. J. Richter participated, The Home News says:

"The game was lively and interesting, at which the players worked away for an hour and a half in the rain, equipped in rubber boots, hats and gum shoes. The result was that the Dunellen Club won by a score of 21 to 20 points. After play was over the whole company repaired to the hotel adjacent, by Mr. Christian Schopfin at his handsome residence, and the refreshing everything calculated to appeal kindly to the appetites of the guests, appreciatively sharpened by the cool air and active operations of the day. The good things having been disposed of, appropriate speeches were made by a number of the gentlemen present, who referred to the pleasant associations and the good times enjoyed during the past season of 1889, which has been one of especial success and pleasure despite much unpropitious weather. The company then separated to look forward with joyful anticipation to the renewed good fellowship of the season 1890."

Dunellen Notes.

Work on the new brick school house on the North side of the railroad track is progressing rapidly. The new school is to cost $6,000.

Louis Snowden, formerly ticket agent and telegraph operator at Menlo Park, has taken Harry Gaskill's place in Eugene Runyon's store.

The New Market Y. P. S. C. E. will have a sociable one week from next Wednesday evening. An interesting programme has been arranged.

The churches of Dunellen and New Market will unite in union service at the New Market Baptist church at half-past ten o'clock Thanksgiving morning.

A singing class will be organized next Saturday evening at the New Market Seventh day Baptist church under the leadership of a gentleman named Burdick.

Seven candidates were immersed at the New Market Baptist church yesterday morning. The congregation was unusually large. Pastor Cubberley expects to administer the ordinance again next Sunday morning.

Malicious Mischief Endangering Life.

A few evenings ago Mr. William H. Fangborn, of Chatham street, was tripped and slightly injured by a wire strung across the sidewalk at the Holy Cross church in North Plainfield. Through the assistance of Marshal McDonald he succeeded in finding the names of the boys who were guilty of the mischief. One of them was quietly arrested and confessed, giving the names of the others, and he was permitted to go. The boys are very respectably connected, and their acts may to greater grieved than the parents that Mr. Fangborn has been prevailed upon not to have the boys arrested and punished as they deserve, as the people who know of the affair are demanding they should be for thus endangering life and limb. Rev. T. Logan Murphy intended for the ball to-day, and they may thank him that they are not in jail.

A Thanksgiving Appeal.

For several years past the Plainfield Relief Association has been enabled, through the generosity of its friends, to give Thanksgiving *dinners to a number* of poor families who would otherwise know little of the good cheer of that day. To this end the following donations of small turkeys, chickens, vegetables, fruit, flour, etc., are earnestly *solicited from all who* will aid in the good work: Mrs. Buckingham, president of the Association rooms, No. 25 West Second street, Tuesday afternoon, November 26th, or Rev. Dr. Leonard, Monday morning.

E. R. Leonard, Secretary.

Was it Suicide?

John B. Bond of 1,008 Magnolia avenue, Elizabeth, was killed by a New Jersey Central railroad train last Spring street, on Saturday evening. It is thought that he deliberately committed suicide. He was for many years employed as an oiler in the Singer Sewing Machine Works, and two weeks ago was discharged. He gave no reason for it, but he did not care what became of him. Eye witnesses assert that he stepped from the track directly in front of the approaching express and somewhere declare that he sat down on the track and calmly awaited death.

For Mayor of Elizabeth.

The Republican City Convention for the nomination of a candidate for Mayor and four candidates for Freeholders will be held on Tuesday night at Collet Hall. Only three men are prominently mentioned in connection with the Mayoralty. They are ex-Councilman Charles Ehrgott, John C. Rankin, David R. Chatfield, and ex-Councilman Ehrgott was defeated last year and was beaten by a small majority.

Is it Possible?

To the Editor of The News:—After reading in Saturday's News the report respecting committees of the political parties of our city, recommending straight license upon each ticket, the question arose in my mind, Is it possible that the ministers, churches and good people of our beautiful city, will allow such proceedings to go on without protest? Is it possible that the professed church and people of God have lost all religious and moral power to protest against the greatest enemy of the church and the world, the rum traffic? Should not every minister of the Gospel arise as one man and protest from their pulpits against such proceedings?

Do they yield to the saloon power, or do they propose to work with the saving power and removal of sin? Is not the saloon the source of more crime in our midst than all other sources combined? Act, they are the seat of vice, and the school of fire bugs, gambling, and criminals for our jails, courts and prisons! Are they not the source of more tears of wives and mothers, and robbers of families of bread, clothing and comforts of life? Are you, citizens, bound by political party policy to that extent that you can vote for and support such men as will settle such a curse upon our beautiful city for political policy? Are you willing to add to the curse, men! Will you betray innocent women and children into the hands of sinners, and sell your birthright for a mess of pottage?

This season was auspicious time. Mr. Burdick is here to work for God and the salvation of men. Why not lay aside every weapon, and put forth every effort to head off this awful curse and keep the saloon closed in our beautiful city? Why not?

Ethan Lanpherr.

Caution!

To the Editor of The News:—Mrs. Forrester, the wife of the convict, who is really worthy and very needy, has asked that the public be notified through your paper of some person not authorized, soliciting money and clothing, but of which she is not the recipient. Any kindly disposed persons sending food, clothing, or money to 216 Grove street, Mrs. Forrester will gratefully receive.

Respectfully, A Lady.

NEW JERSEY NUGGETS.

Live News Notes from Various Parts of the State.

The Rev. Cornelius Eckel, for three years rector of the Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart, in Elizabeth, has resigned his pastorate.

John C. Raymond has been adjudged guilty of arson at New Brunswick. The jury was absent three hours. The defendant will apply for a new trial.

Catherine Day, aged 40, of No. 131 East Kinney street, Newark, fell down a flight of stairs at her home Sunday night and was picked up dead, her neck having been broken.

Mrs Annie Sohrs was arrested at Trenton Saturday night on a charge of arson. She lived at Watsessing, and about a year and a half ago, when, it is alleged, she set fire to two dwelling houses and a barn because the owner refused to rent one of the houses to her.

The freight depot at Yardville, three miles from Bordentown on the line of the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad, together with the contents and a number of freight cars were set on fire by an incendiary at a late hour Friday night, causing a loss of $4,000.

The High Court of the Independent Order of Good Templars of New Jersey held its annual election of officers at Elizabeth on Saturday night. The following were chosen: Right Chief Ranger, Edward Nugent; Secretary, Brant F. Smith; Treasurer, Reuben Hiles.

An amusing laundry war has broken out between the American girl operatives at the Hughes laundry and the Chinese haberdashers, who have recently cut the rates to one-half the former scale. Some of the Chinamen have restored the rates to the old figures, but two or more new thousand dollars were the displeasure of the girls. The cut interfered, it is said, with the weekly wages of the Hughes operatives, although in what way it has not yet appeared.

The State Board of Canvassers will meet at the State House to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock to canvass the returns for Governor and declare the official result. The certified returns at hand give Abbett for Governor in all the State, of 14,293, and a total Prohibition vote of 6,883. Outside of Hudson county, Abbett's plurality is 7,410. In Hudson he has forty over Grubb (Rep.) and Lamonte (Pro.), of 7,460. Abbett's *plurality is the largest ever* given in this State to any candidate, with the exception of the late Joel Parker, who in 1867 received 14,597 plurality.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A MAN who understands horses and can milk cows desires a place. Apply at No. 51 North avenue.

A $45 elegant parlor stove, almost new-will be sold for $25. Apply at 25 Sayre street, off Madison avenue. A good bargain. Address Warner, care of Evening News. 29tf.

GIRL wants place at general housework. Call at 305 West Second street. 22-3

WANTED—Woman for cooking and general work. Call Wednesday 125 Madison avenue.

WANTED—Some fry of the following kinds of fish, viz.: striped bass or white and loving fish, to stock the lake on Emily street. Lock Box 182.

WINTER blooming roses, primroses and ferns. Cut flowers at Deaton's Hillside Avenue Greenhouses 23-3

THANKSGIVING FESTIVAL. MATINEE AND EVENING.

Music Hall, Thursday, November 28, '89.

Two Entirely Distinct Performances. Two Entirely Different Companies.

Thanksgiving Matinee, 2:30.
THE MADISON SQUARE
"Private Secretary,"
With the Popular Comedians,
LEONARD GROVER, Jr.,
and
LEONARD GROVER,
and a Strong Cast.
SECURE YOUR SEATS.

Thanksgiving Night.
CHRISDIE'S COLOSSAL
Humpty Dumpty
and
All Star Vaudeville Company,
with
Rme. Smith's Dog Circus.
POPULAR PRICES.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING!

A FINE LINE OF

Choice Holiday Goods,

AND THE RARE ARTICLES ARE BEING READILY PICKED UP.

We shall run on useful things this year and guarantee to SAVE MONEY to all who patronize us.

Edsall's 20 West Front St., Edsall's.

The Best Place to get "REAL BARGAINS" in "Perfect" Goods in all kinds of Dry and Fancy Goods, Merino Underwear, Hosiery, Fabric and Kid Gloves, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Lace and Turcsmon Curtains, Window Shades, etc. Carpets Made and Laid. Curtains hung by a first-class Upholsterer on short notice.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ZETHETICS. Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

THIS HAS BEEN A BIG UMBRELLA YEAR WITH US, AND WE HAVE SOLD SOME GOOD ONES—BUT THE BEST FOR THE MONEY IS THE ONE WE OFFER NOW.—A 26-in. SILK AND LINEN, OXIDIZED HANDLE, COLOR WARRANTED —PRICE $1.25.

* * *

We have one case of 26 in. worsted checks *and stripes*—goods made to sell at 25c.—our price 16c.

* * *

Don't you want a new set of knives for Thanksgiving? We are offering a 12-in. Silver plated knife—Rogers' make at $4.50 per doz.—*Slightly imperfect*—they are regular price, $9.00 per doz.

* * *

How the writing paper does go! Three qualities there are—one at 10c, one at 14c per box, and a special box of 48 sheets of paper and 48 envelopes at 25c, in the best value ever offered.

* * *

Pure Vaseline, 7c per bottle.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. *Everything is new* and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c Ladies' Vest; we will tell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c, and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods every where free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

LICENSED

PAWNBROKER

Samuel Dreier,

Money Loaned on all Articles of Jewelry, Clothing, or any Personal Property.

COR. MADISON AVENUE AND FRONT STREET.

UPSTAIRS,

Plainfield, New Jersey.

11-19-3m

We Take Pleasure

IN BRINGING TO YOUR ATTENTION THE FINE LINE OF

"Holiday Books"

WHICH WE HAVE JUST OPENED. THESE BOOKS HAVE BEEN SELECTED WITH UNUSUAL CARE AND WE FEEL CONFIDENT THAT YOU WILL FIND THEM TO BE THE BEST SELECTION EVER SHOWN IN PLAINFIELD.

WE HAVE A LARGER VARIETY OF

Children's Books,

Fine Art Books,

and Booklets

THAN WE HAVE EVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED TO CARRY, AND INVITE AN EARLY INSPECTION BEFORE THE LINE IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 62 East Front street, (nine rooms with closets), built and formerly occupied by Henry G. Latimer, is now for sale. Apply to W. C. Bolton, No. 1 East Front street. m8s-11.tf

Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best place to have this done is at 20 Somerset street.

JAMES HARDY, Prop.

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation for the City of Plainfield, will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in November, the 26th inst., and sit from 9 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m. or longer if found necessary to dispose of all cases submitted to them for consideration.

MANNING VERMEULE,
BENJAMIN MANNING,
J. P. MACDONALD,
Commissioners of Appeal.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 12, 1889. 11-14

Bowling for Turkeys at the Olympia Bowling Alley Wednesday Evening.

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 1 SOMERSET STREET,

E. W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK,
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE,
AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

The financial results of the World's exposition, just closed at Paris, are most gratifying to the French nation. All expenses have been paid, the government is ahead by the two fine buildings in which the industries and fine arts were displayed, and a surplus remains of over $1,600,000. Half this sum will go to Paris, half to the government. It is a splendid outcome.

Nobody knows, nobody in this century will know, the exact number of people on the globe. But race statisticians now put the figure at 1,200,000,000. It is believed that, on the whole, there are a few more women in the world than men. The average of human life has lengthened in the last century and a half till it is now 33 years. Six persons in a thousand live to be 75 years old. Married people live longer than single ones. The population of the globe increases at the rate of three persons a minute.

The sultan of Turkey has seven recognized wives. These seven properly vouched for spouses were all presented to the empress of Germany on her recent visit. Of the number of his majesty's unvouched for wives no authentic record has as yet reached barbaric western ears. It is tolerably well established, however, that the sultan is heartily sick of all but about fifty or a hundred of them and would be glad to shake the lot. But unfortunately divorce is not permitted in that moral and pious country.

When Joe Jefferson Was a Boy.

"The door from our back entry opened upon the stage, and as a toddling little chap in a short frock I was allowed full run of the place," says Joseph Jefferson in The Century Magazine.

The description the famous actor gives of his early days is one of the most charming bits of autobiography that have appeared in many a day. His father and grandfather before him were actors, comedians, his grandfather being of distinguished ones. The present Joseph is third of the name. His mother was an actress, and a highly accomplished one. So that, if anything ever came naturally to any one, dramatic art came thus to Jefferson.

He was on the stage to play baby parts when he was in long clothes. The stage to which he says the back entry opened was in Washington, in a little old frame theatre. That theatre was the first home the boy remembers. His father was the stage manager. All the boy's aspirations, his hopes and his joys were of the theatre. He says of himself: "I was one of those restless, peevish children, who, no matter what they had, always wanted something else."

His early days were spent in a rough and tumble fight with poverty. Such barn storming as he and his mother and father knew, the actors of today have little idea of. Once the whole family traveled by steerage passage from Memphis to New Orleans. His father was a sunny, hopeful soul, who was always just going to strike it rich. That they never did is certainly not the fault of this cheery, brave nature. Mr. Jefferson is to be added to the long list of famous individuals who passed through uncommon hardships in youth.

In 1838 the Jefferson family, still hoping for better times, went from New York to Chicago. The part of the journey from Albany to Buffalo was made in a canal boat, the rest of it by steamboat around the lakes. The Jeffersons and other actors who were traveling the same route gave theatrical entertainments to pay their passage.

Cotton Seed.

The cotton oil trust could not keep from the public that it had come short in its expected profits of $3,000,000 this year. It was also obliged to admit that it must be resolved into a cotton seed company instead of a cotton seed trust, in order that the managers might "pump some of the water out" of the concern. This naturally disgusted those who had bought their stock with the water in it.

Twenty years ago the last thing to make a trust out of would have been cotton seed oil. Forty years ago cotton seed was a drug and a nuisance to the planter, who abused it up and down. It was burned as garbage, and ways were devised to get rid of it.

At length it was thought of as a fertilizer. Happy thought! The very thing! Next some genius thought of feeding it to cattle. Happier idea *still*. It was full of oil, and made animals sleek and fat. May be the oil in it was good for something. Another brilliant thought. The oil was found to be valuable for many purposes.

A ton of cotton seed was soon valued at $14. It contained thirty-five gallons of oil, which, after it was refined, brought a dollar a gallon. There was another miracle. The cotton seed hulls were found better food for animals than the whole seed had been, while as a fertilizer and fuel they were unsurpassed. Finally, to complete the story of a miracle, the ashes of the hulls make a first class potash, and the refuse of the oil is manufactured into an excellent soap.

[MORNING NEWS.]

STANLEY'S LONG MARCH.

The Explorer's Fight for Life on His Journey

THROUGH THE DARK CONTINENT.

Battles With Cannibals, Wild Beasts, Traitors Within Camp and Without. Struggles With Disease and Death in Multifarious Forms.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The following letter has been received from Stanley by Mr. E. Marston, of the firm of Sampson, Low, Marston & Co., dated Church Missionary Station, Mpwapwa, South end of Victoria Nyanza, Sept. 3, 1889:

"MY DEAR MARSTON—It just now appears such an age to me since I left England. Ages have gone by since I saw you, surely. Do you know why? Because a daily chronicling further silence has crept between us during that time, and this silence is so dense that in vain we years to pierce it. On my side I may ask, What have you been doing? On yours you may ask, And what have you been doing? I can assure myself, now that I know you live, that few days have passed without the special task of an enterprising publisher being performed as wisely and well as possible.

It Would Make Haggard Blush.

"And, for the time being, you can believe me that one day has followed another in striving, fatefully and against all manner of obstacles, natural and otherwise. From the day I left Yambuya to Aug. 28, 1889, the day I arrived here, the bare catalogue of incidents would fill several quires of foolscap; the catalogue of skirmishes would be of respectable length; the catalogue of adventures, accidents, mortalities, sufferings from fever, mortality, forces over-matches that meet me daily, would make a formidable list. You know that all the stretch of country between Yambuya and this place was infested with hostile savages, who may be measured by five ordinary marches.

Man Eating Savages.

"First there is that dead white of the map, now changed to a dead black—I mean that darkest region of earth contained between east longitude 25 degs. and east latitude 29 degs. 45 mins.—one great, compact, remorselessly sullen forest, the growth of an untold number of ages, swarming at stated intervals with immense numbers of vicious, man eating savages and crafty, underhand men, who were unceasing in their annoyance. Then there is that land [illegible] by the Babwendi and Albert Nyanza, whose people contested every mile of our advance with spirit, and made us think that they were the guardians of some precious secret hidden in the Nyanza shores or at war with Emin Pacha and his thousands. Sir Percival, in search of the Holy Grail, could not have undertaken a better opportunity.

Emin Was a Prisoner.

"Three separate times necessity compelled us to traverse those unholy regions, with the long fasting and fighting as noted intervals. Emin Pacha was a prisoner, an officer of ours was his forced companion, and it really appeared as though we were to be added to the list. But there is a virtue, you know, even in striving unvisiblingly in hardening nerves and facing these everclinging mischances, without paying too much heed to the puzzled shaking of the head of the wives of a 'heathen Chinee,' and it is rather amusing now to look back and note how punishment has fallen on them.

The Traitor Was Hanged.

"Was it Providence or luck? Let those who love to analyse such matters reflect on it. Traitors without the camp and traitors within it were watched, and the most active conspirator was discovered, tried and hanged. Traitors without fell foul of one another and ruined themselves. If not luck, then it is surely Providence, in answer to good men's prayers far away. Our people, tempted by extreme wretchedness and misery, sold our rifles and ammunition to our natural enemies, the Manyema invisibles. Our friends, without the least grace in either their bodies or souls! What happy influence was it that restrained me from destroying all those villages on the way?

They Fed Upon One Another.

"Each time I read the story of Capt. Nelson's and Surgeon Parkes' sufferings I feel vexed at my forbearance, and yet again I feel thankful for it. Those days of famine and severely afflicted the cold blooded murderers by causing them to feed upon one another a few weeks after the rescue and relief of Nelson and Parkes. The mercy of those days alternately hardens and unmans us. With the rescue of Emin Pacha, poor old Casati and others who preferred Egypt's flesh pots to the coarse plenty of the province near Nyanza, we returned, and while we were patiently waiting the doom of the rebels was consummated.

The Rebels Dangerously Ill.

"Since that time of anxiety and unhappy outlook I have been at the point of death from a dreadful illness. The straits had been too much for me. For twenty days I lay helpless, tended by the kindly and skillful hand of Surgeon Parkes. Then little by little I gathered strength and ordered the march for the sea.

Discovery After Discovery.

"Discovery after discovery in this wonderful region was made. The snowy ranges of Ruwenzori, the 'Ghost King' or Main Crashed, the Semliki River, the Albert Nyanza, the plains of Mooncore, the salt lakes of Kaitve, new peoples, Wakonju of the great mountains, dwellers of the rich forest region, like unto the Wambuttis, the Wasongora, the Wanyoro bandits, and then lake Albert Edward, the tribes and shepherd races of the eastern upland, then Wanyamwezi, and the forest region to Mt. Elgon, until at last we came to a church, whose cross dominated a Christian settlement, and we knew that we had reached the outskirts of blessed civilization.

Reason to Be Grateful.

"We have every reason to be grateful, and may that feeling be ever kept within me. Our promises as volunteers have been performed, and I am free to say I have personally commissioned by the government. We have been all volunteers, each devoting his several gifts, abilities and energies to win a way through the forest. Each of us may have been anything that circumstances or our thoughts it has been that we were compelled by the state of Emin Pacha and his party people to consider as our friends. Each day was an ordeal. At every opportunity I have endeavored to learn them by dispatching full accounts of our progress to the committee, that through them the world might be acquainted with what we are doing.

The March to the Sea.

"Some of my officers also have been intrusted with the thought that their government might not overlook their services. I enjoyed their love, but the truth is that the march of the British government would not have hastened our march, without making ourselves liable to an impeachment for breach of faith, and my soldiers were as much involved as myself in doing the thing honorably and well.

"I hear there is great trouble, war, etc., between the Germans and Arabs of Zanzibar. What has this man to do with us, our fortune I do not know, but we trust nothing will interrupt our march to the sea, which will be begun in a few days.

"Meanwhile, with my wishes as the best and most inseparable friends endow one another, I pray your partners—Mr. Searle, Mr. Rivington and young Mr. Marston—to accept, and you to believe me always, yours sincerely,

HENRY M. STANLEY."

Emin Writes, Too.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The letter which Dr. Schweinfurth has received from Emin Pacha is dated "Mission Station Usambiro, Victoria Nyanza, Aug. 28." Emin expresses the hope that this letter may be able to give an account of the military revolution, the imprisonment of himself and Jephson at Dufile, the arrival of the Mahdists Lado, and the capture and destruction of Redjaf, the massacre of the soldiers and officers sent against the Mahdists, the departure from Wadelai and flight to Tunguru, the Mahdist power on Dufile and their complete defeat, the final union with Stanley and the highly interesting march, geographically and otherwise, from the Albert Nyanza. Emin promises to send some good specimens of plant which he has collected on his travels.

Dr. Peters Is Safe.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The German consul at Zanzibar confirms the report of the safety of Dr. Peters. The *North German Gazette* has advices to the same effect.

TWO BURNING MINES.

Missing Employes Given Up as Lost. Many Men Are Missing.

BUTTE, Mon., Nov. 25.—It has been discovered that the fire which is raging in the Anaconda and St. Lawrence mines caught in the 600-foot level of the St. Lawrence and as the two mines are connected on every level down to the 800 foot of the Anaconda, the fire has connected itself to both. The men are supposed to be imprisoned in the 800-foot level of the Anaconda where been given up, and all the shaft, drift and slopes of the two mines have been bulkheaded for a distance of 1,000 feet.

The men who fell from the cage in the St. Lawrence are still lying at the bottom of the shaft notwithstanding the efforts that have been made to get their bodies. A great many men are missing but it will not be known positively who are imprisoned in the burning mines until Tuesday, when the night force comes out of the evil of men. To add to the seriousness of the situation, 5,000 pounds of dynamite is on the 800-foot level, and if this should explode the cave-in which would result would be terrible.

For Forgery and Embezzlement.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—In the grand Jury's report to-day it says: "It is found that in February, 1885, State Treasurer Burke sold or used as collateral to secure loans almost all the baby bonds held by the treasury for the sinking fund. The illegal issue is estimated at $420,000. The jury found one indictment for forgery and one for embezzlement. They are in blank, but presumably against Burke. District Attorney General Rogers says civil suits to recover the money will be brought, and the indictments will also be pushed. He thinks the legislature will offer no relief to Burke's apprehension unless he gives himself up.

Two Girls Horribly Mangled.

CHICHESAW, Nov. 25.—Annie McDonald and Mary Mullarkey, girls about 16 years of age, were knocked down and horribly mangled by a freight train backing over the Park street crossing on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific road at 9:30 o'clock. The young man named Dan Ryan, who accompanied the girls, was thrown to one side of the track and seriously injured. Miss McDonald was also injured, while Miss Mullarkey died soon after being taken to the hospital. Both girls had been employed in a dressmaking establishment on Fourth street.

Discovered with a Million.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—The published statement is made here that a settlement has been reached between Arthur C. Williams, who has been in considerable trouble since the failure of his father's bank, and alleged father, Arthur C. Gorham, the Boston banker, whereby Williams receives $1,000,000 in bonds, eight acres of land in Kansas City, and a half interest in the Pelton Water works at Birmingham, Ala. Williams, who is now in the city, states that this was on condition that he renounces all claims to being Gorham's son.

He Stole from a Hospital.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 23.—Edward M. Bennett, who has been employed at the Maine general hospital for three years, has been arrested for stealing bedding, crockery, etc., from the hospital. At his house in Grey over $1,000 was found a carpet and silk cases filled with quilts, sheets and blankets. A large quantity of stolen goods has also been found in a room occupied by Burrows in this city. He has confessed his guilt.

$20,000 to Tempt the Big Fellow.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—The Santa Cruz Athletic club has decided to offer a purse of $20,000 for a match between Sullivan and Jackson, to take place on the beach at Seabside, Santa Cruz, Cal. Instructions to make arrangements with the principals have been telegraphed to California, and Al Smith, New York ex-pugilist. It is believed that the size of the purse will certainly induce the big fighters to accept the offer.

Gone with $1,500 in Cash.

WHEATON, Minn., Nov. 25.—B. F. Plummer, who has been buying wheat at Dumont, this county, for the Minneapolis & Northern Elevator company, left here on Nov. 15 with $1,500 cash belonging to the company, in addition to being short in his accounts of over $1,000 more. He was last seen in Ortonville last Wednesday, by a company of a well known gambler and card sharp of Graceville.

A Fiend's Double Crime.

PINE CITY, Minn., Nov. 23.—William Brooker committed a double murder here Sunday afternoon, shooting dying in cold blood William F. Johnson and Mrs. Grice, committing the atrocious deed he visited a neighbor's house and sat with his rifle across his knees conversing coolly about the heartless crime he had just done. Brooker is a single man and leaves two small children. Brooker is at large.

A Woman's Awful Fate.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 25.—Mrs. Grice, of this city, a woman 60 years old, was killed by a passenger train on the Union track at the corner of Second and Vanderburg streets in this city. The train backed a log from the Evansville and Terre Haute to the Louisville and Nashville stations. Both legs were completely severed from the body, the skull being dying in a few minutes.

THE BRAVE BOYS IN BLUE

Annual Report of Secretary of War Redfield Proctor.

THE REGULAR ARMY VERY SMALL

But One Soldier for Every 2,500 People. Colored Soldiers Complimented—The National Guard, Uncle Sam's Reserve Army, Receives Warm Words of Praise.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Secretary of War Redfield Proctor has made his annual report to President Harrison of the administration of his department. The expenditures of appropriations under his direction for the year ending June 30 were $46,634,121.74. The estimates of his department for the next fiscal year amount to $46,157,923. The reports of the various commanders, he says, show a satisfactory state of drill and discipline, progress in instruction of troops, and improvement in sanitary arrangements, quarters, water supply, means of recreation and other matters that concern their personal comfort and welfare. The major general of the army recommended the, reorganization of the artillery, making seven regiments instead of five, and dropping the additional first lieutenants. In speaking of this suggestion the secretary says:

One Soldier for Every 2,500 People.

"I fully concur in his recommendation and deem it very important that authority for these new regiments should be granted. In view of the diminished requirements for the use of the army against the Indians, it may seem at first that no additional force is required; but even in times of the most perfect apparent security the strength of the army should bear some proportion to the population of the country.

"From our present increase in population the relative strength of the army is rapidly diminishing. In 1870, with an enlisted strength of 30,000 men in the army, the ratio was one eleventh of 1 per cent., or one man out of 1,105; in 1880, with the enlisted strength of 30,000 men in the army, the ratio was one seventh of 1 per cent., or one man out of 1,400; in 1889, it is .039, or less than one-twenty-fifth of 1 per cent., being one soldier for every 2,500 of population. The authorized strength of the army is now 30,000, but only 25,000 are appropriated for. On the full basis of 30,000 its relative strength to population would still be considerably less than in 1880 and one-half what it was in 1870.

Colored Soldiers' Complimented.

Whether one or both of these new regiments may not be of colored men is worthy of consideration. There are now two regiments of infantry and two of cavalry of colored men, and their record for good service is excellent. They are neat, orderly and obedient, are seldom brought before court martial, and rarely desert.

"I have given special attention to the three battalion formation in the infantry. The necessity for this formation in the infantry, he says, is even greater than in the cavalry and artillery, owing to the extent of its line.

Desertions in the Army.

He also denies the report that desertions are on the increase. He says that only one out of every five deserters is ever arrested and brought to trial. He invites the attention of congress to the recommendation of the acting judge advocate general for permitting and directing the arrest of deserters by civil officers, and for their safe handing their capture more certain and speedy.

The National Guard.

"The discipline and efficiency of the National Guard is," he says, "universally commended. It was exhibited by their appearances at the Centennial celebration in New York April 29 last, and the promptness and celerity with which their concentration was effected. Of their value as a reserve military force and an essential element in any feasible scheme of coast defenses I treat elsewhere. As an educational institution also it has accomplished much support. The militia

Uncle Sam's Reserve Army.

"The aggregate of this reserve army, regularly organized and uniformed, is 106,500. The general government annual appropriation of congress for their armament and equipment is only $400,000, or about $3.75 per man. The first appropriation for this purpose in 1808 was $200,000, and the amount now available—while in the meantime our population has increased sevenfold. I know of no manner in which a generous appropriation by congress and at once could more effectively provide against future military contingencies, and believe that the current appropriation should be increased. The plan of placing a small force of the regular army with the militia of the different states in their encampments appears to me an admirable one."

1,000 Various Recommendations.

The secretary recommends that second lieutenants, selected from civil life, be appointed to the regular army upon some proper system of examination. He commends to congress the suggestions of the chief of engineers regarding special legislation for the prevention of obstruction of navigable rivers. Secretary Proctor, in referring to military law, says: "The revision of the articles of war, and that provision be made for the punishment of certain minor offenses under well defined restrictions without the intervention of a court martial.

The Soldiers' Home.

In speaking of the Soldiers' home, the secretary says: "The board of commissioners of the Soldiers' home have made their report for the year ending Sept. 30, 1889, as required by the act of congress approved March 3, 1883. The total number on the rolls Sept. 30, 1889, was 4,804, including temporary beneficiaries, was 1,084, and on Sept. 30, 1889, 1,300, an increase of 116. The average increase for the last six years has been about one hundred per annum. In May, 1887, the construction of an additional story upon the center wing of the main building was commenced, the contract for the same being awarded at $29,000. The present rapid rate of increase in the number of beneficiaries continues, further additions to the capacity of the home will be required in the near future."

Secretary Proctor appeals to congress to create the office of assistant secretary of war.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

A Washington Paper's Estimate of the Various Candidates' Strength.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Post publishes a table giving the strength of the five prominent Republican candidates for the speakership of the house.

It gives to Reed 76 votes to Mr. McKinley, 27; Mr. Cheney, 24; Mr. Henderson, 13, and Mr. Burrows 12 votes. Seventeen votes are recorded as doubtful, and likely to be influenced by the final conference of the Republican members next Tuesday night.

Many of these estimates are guesses, but Reed, will go to the man who has the best chance of winning. If this is not clear by the time the caucus meets they will be cast on the early ballots for those candidates who are lowest in the order of probabilities, which will afford the opportunity of holding a reserve vote for a critical period.

In this table Mr. Henderson is credited with 13 votes, though he only has seven votes, those of the Iowa delegation. At the headquarters of the other candidates, however, 15 votes are conceded to him at the outset, so that he, perhaps, represents the most impressive of a candidate underestimating his own strength.

Mr. McKinley's friends believe that all he has to do to win is to prove his big new vote strength, because he is the strongest second choice, both east and west.

The Republican membership of the house is 169, and it will require 85 votes to nominate, if all are present.

To Extend Free Postal Delivery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—First Assistant Postmaster Gen. Stevenson in his annual report shows the whole number of postoffices in the country to be 58,000. The free delivery service has been extended to forty-three cities and towns, and it is recommended it be extended to places which have 5,000 population by the last state or United States census, and the postoffices of which have receipts of $8,000 a year or more. The appropriations for stations in free delivery cities this fiscal year is $3,000,000, and next year, $3,000,000. There was an increase of 150 presidential offices during the year.

FIREMEN CRUSHED BY DEBRIS.

Philadelphia Suffers from a Fatal Conflagration.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.—The large store of the wholesale grocery firm of James & Sharpless, on Second and Market streets, was destroyed by fire about daylight Sunday morning, and the contents of several adjoining buildings were badly damaged by water. The loss on stock is $250,000. The fire is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion, and was first discovered among a quantity of paper on the third floor. The flames spread with great speed, and dense fumes which greatly interfered with the work of the firemen, and five of them are in the hospital under treatment for partial blindness.

At about 5 o'clock the east wall of the burning building fell in, and eighteen firemen who were on the roof of the building in the rear were caught by the debris. James McCuen, foreman of No. 4 company, suffered a fracture of the skull, and died while being conveyed to the hospital. The men had an arm broken, while the other six succeeded in getting away with slight injuries.

Kenney & Andrews' loss on stock is estimated at $100,000. The building, owned by B. S. Janney, was valued at $60,000. The following named suffered small losses by the fire: Thomas & Thomas, twine and fishing tackle; David Scull & Co., wool; W. H. & G. W. Allen, hardware.

A Baby Roasted to Death.

MEDICAL SPRINGS, Mo., Nov. 25.—From the well which has been bored near the magnetic spring to reach a better supply of water, gas is escaping in large volumes. The proprietor has piped this gas and uses it for the purpose of making a display to attract attention to the spring. When the crowd was greatest Monday a party of roughs got into a fight, and during the melee the standpipe was thrown down. The flame from the gas was thrown directly upon a party of women and children, burning seven of them in a terrible manner. Mrs. Henry Willoughby was standing directly in front of the jet with her 1-year-old baby in her arms, when the flame struck the child in the face, literally roasting it in its mother's arms. Mrs. Willoughby was also fearfully burned and is not expected to recover. The child died almost instantly. Two other women and three children were burned about the face, but none of them fatally.

Louisiana Regulators Regulated.

OPELOUSAS, La., Nov. 25.—The jury in the case of Jesse Lewis, Jr., and Jesse Lewis, Sr., two of the Couie Croche parish "regulators," have brought in a verdict of "guilty without capital punishment." This is the first conviction of regulators in this state. The two men were charged with severely wounding a Mr. Duplessehis while the latter was attempting to rescue one of his colored servants from the clutches of the mob. It is contended to "regulate" her, her offense being that she had obtained a judgment in court against a white man. The verdict is generally approved.

The Hurley Bank Robbers Captured.

HURLEY, Wis., Nov. 25.—Col. Byrne, of the Western Express company, and Pinkerton express company, has arrested Phelps Perrin, assistant cashier of the Iron Exchange National bank, and a saloon keeper and a gambler of the town, all charged with the crime of being implicated in the robbery of the bank of $44,500, which took place Sept. 23. The detectives have been working steadily on the case ever since the robbery and have amassed sufficient evidence to make it reasonably certain that they have the guilty parties.

He Was Suffocated.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 25.—The explosion of an oil lamp in the three-story brown stone house 543 Franklin avenue, occupied as a boarding house by F. A. Birdsall, caused a blaze at 9 o'clock last night, which resulted in the death of Chauncey Tripp, who was one of the boarders, was in his room on the third story. The halls were so filled with smoke that it could not be found his way out and he perished. The body was not burned, death being caused by suffocation.

A Lunatic Poisons Himself.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 23.—A man who was taken from a lodging house to a hospital last night suffering from poisoning is supposed to have taken the drug with intent to die. Maurice Maloney, of Florence, Oneida county, N. Y., who escaped last Friday from the State Insane asylum. He will probably die. He says he got the drug that he took the poison with the purpose of suicide.

A Reverend Avenger.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 25.—Rev. M. Little, a popular minister, living at Elizabethtown, who and fatally wounded Daniel Hyder, a well known young man of that place, charged with betraying the minister's daughter. He met Hyder on the street and shot him in the neck. Mr. Little is held for investigation, with the possibility of his ultimate release.

Mike Kelly Leaves the League.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—It was announced to-night that Mike Kelly has signed a contract to play with the Boston Brotherhood club next season. Kelly's signature was obtained by Messrs. Johnson, of Cleveland, and Hasley, of Pittsburg, who arrived here from the west Saturday.

Very Young Lovers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Alfred Young, age 18, son of a prosperous farmer living near Lake Forest, has created a sensation at St. Paul, Minn., by eloping with Kitty Kenny, age 14, daughter of a locomotive engineer.

IT HAS COME TO REMAIN.

Brazil's New Born Republic Blessed by the Church.

BUT THE OLD WORLD IS AGITATED.

The Adherents of Royalty and Republics Anxious for Opposite Results—The Pope Interested—Scheming to Seat Dom Pedro's Grandson on the Throne.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Dr. Valente, the Brazilian minister, has just received the following cablegram from Rio Barbosa, the minister of finance of the provisional government at Rio de Janeiro:

"All the provinces have signified their adherence to the republic and provisional government without any resistance or protest. The government in each state is being rapidly organized. A decree of the provisional government has extended the right of suffrage to all citizens except only those holding at present public office. The new government and probable breaking up of Brazil into three separate states. He regards the republic as fixed and permanent, and that the new congress which will be elected under the enlarged suffrage proposed by the provisional government will complete the organization of the new republic in a manner entirely satisfactory to the people of Brazil.

France Is Excited.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Deputy Hubbard, of the French chamber of deputies, asked the government today whether or not the French republic proposed to recognize the republic of Brazil. The premier, general Boulanger, in the reply will be to the effect that precedent forbids recognition of the provisional government, but that as soon as the constituent assembly, which is to be called by the provisional government, has announced a definitive form of government on the authority of the people of the country, France will hasten to recognize the sister republic. It is likely that this attitude will fail to satisfy the more radical members of the chamber, and that they will insist upon some immediate action being taken and that France prefers the republican to any other form of government in Brazil. There is a general feeling manifested among Republicans and Radicals throughout Europe that danger exists of a reaction towards monarchism in Brazil, and that such governments of Europe as are of the popular type should give encouragement so far as possible to the revolutionists at Rio.

The Pope Interested, Too.

This is considered appropriate also as a legitimate time to recall the well nevertheless undoubted efforts of the monarchists throughout Europe to create sentiment, and if possible effect tangible aid for their representatives in Brazil. The pope's nuncio service in South America. It is openly asserted in Paris that the pope is also intriguing in favor of this movement to bring about the restoration of the Brazilian throne, which was lately overturned.

It is not considered possible or advisable to seek the replacement of Dom Pedro himself, but it is hoped that circumstances will arise which will enable it to place upon the throne for his grandson, who has some popular qualities and would probably receive the warm allegiance of many Brazilians who would welcome the empire to the republic, provided the former was administered in a little more progressive fashion than was possible in the latter years of Dom Pedro's reign, tempered with the wisdom of the grey and discreet vision of the Princess Isabella and her adherents.

Recognized by Switzerland.

The French and Spanish Republicans are actively engaged in the work of being taken by further this scheme, and they are endeavoring to secure action by their governments similar to that taken by the little Swiss confederation, which has not hesitated to instruct its representative in Brazil to recognize the provisional government as the legitimate successor of the empire.

Henry George's Theory Indorsed.

BUFFALO, Nov. 23.—The Central Labor union of this city heard the report of a committee appointed to investigate the single tax theories of Henry George. The committee thoroughly indorses the single tax idea, and the union adopted a resolution empowering the committee to send a copy of the report to Henry George, "The Apostle of Work, Higher Wages," to every union and local labor organization represented in the Central Labor union for their consideration. A letter to the mayor was adopted requesting that in the first annual report to the common council he would, in the table showing the valuation of property in the different wards, place the figures in three columns—land, improvements and personal property.

A Missing Man's Body Found.

HOCKESSIN, N. Y., Nov. 25.—A Herald dispatch from Canandaigua says: "A man's body has been found on the lake shore near Kershaw's park. It is that of a small boy a little half remained on the head, which was found a short distance from the body. A four barrel pistol was also found, from one barrel of which the charge had been fired, the load being still in the other chambers. From the appearance of the body it is thought to be that of Charles Barnard, who disappeared from Rochester in June and has not been heard of since."

The Act of a Coward.

PORTCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 25.—At West Mill Grove, a small village near here, Nicholas Gardiner fatally stabbed Lafayette Fonts. A dispute arose over a game of cards, and Gardiner dared Fonts to step out of the door. Fonts complied, and Gardiner, at once, plunged a knife into his victim's side. He would have undoubtedly been lynched but for his prompt removal to the county jail in a neighboring town. Both men have families.

Shot in the Back.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 25.—A special from Keyser, W. Va., says: While returning from a hunting expedition near Hickory, last Kyle Gladwell was killed by a shot from the gun of a companion named Lamar. They were getting over a stile, and the jar brought down the hammer of Kyle's gun, which was cocked. The charge went into Louis's back.

Disastrous Fire in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—The wreck of the California Baseball league is complete. The Oakland Dewdrops, the last Pacific coast team in the final contest for the city by a score of 5 to 3 and winning the pennant. Fully 10,000 people witnessed the game. San Francisco's was a great place.

WE HAVE
Cape Overcoats
FOR BOYS,
4 to 12 years, $2.00 to $8.50.
FOR MEN'S SIZES,
33 to 42, Irish Frieze and Black Cheviots, $16.00 to $20.00.
MEN'S HEAVY OVERCOATS,
$5.00 to $16.00,
MEN'S ULSTERS,
from $7.00 to $15.00,
ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED AT
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 E. Front Street.

THE BEE HIVE
Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Swiss Vests, former price 50c., now 35c.
Ladies' Bonitary Wool Vests, 50c.
Ladies' Merino Vests 25c., 35c. and 45c.
JERSEYS.
Plaited Front Wool Jersey, former price $1.50, now $1.
Tailor Made Bound Jersey, former price $2, now $1.25.
FURS.
Hair Muffs, 50c.
Nubrain Muffs, $2.50.
Opossum Muffs, $2.50
Children's Wool Mitts from 10c. up.
Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET

A Card to the Public.
About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and give this notice so that my patrons will not be deceived, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage.
E. NEWTON H. SMALLEY.
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE!
Having bought the business of B. F. Moore, I am prepared to sell with my favorite cash with a call. MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.
W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-13-1m

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies.
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. A. Woodruff
INSURANCE.
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
South Avenue.
P. O. BOX 1467.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

TUNIS J. CAREY
E. WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Second-Hand Furniture. Private rooms for ladies. Furniture repaired with economy and promptness.

His Revenge Came.

"Revenge is sometimes slow in coming," said a man whose face bore the marks of previous age, "but it is sweet when it does come." He carefully folded a newspaper which he had been reading, and put it into his pocket. Then he stretched out his legs, clasped his hands back of his head and laughed. Several men sitting about the stove sit was in the office of a small town looked inquiringly at the speaker, and presently one of them, leaning over, asked:

"What do you mean?"

"I mean exactly what I say; but I will explain," he laughed again. "Some time ago I married a woman whom society declared to be beautiful. I was infatuated with her, and showered my money upon her. My fortune was soon spent, and then my wife informed me that she no longer cared for me. She left me, and I secured a divorce. Shortly afterward one of her relatives died and left her an immense sum of money. I was in need, actually without food, and I wrote to her, reminded her of my liberality and begged her to lend me a thousand dollars."

He paused, laughed again, and then continued:

"She answered the letter, upbraided what she termed my shameful prosperity, and declared that she could not afford to waste money on a man who was nothing to her."

He took the newspaper from his pocket, leaned back in his chair and laughed softly.

"And what then?" some one asked.

"Oh, nothing then, but revenge now. She is to be punished for her soulless cruelty to me."

"What, has she been arrested?"

"Oh, no; how could they arrest her?"

"But how is she to be punished?"

"In a way that fills me with joy. This blessed newspaper informs me that she has married an Italian prince."—Arkansaw Traveller.

A Lost Opportunity.

Dr. Burton and Dr. Gage were ministers of two Congregational churches in Hartford and excellent friends. Like many other clergymen they loved a joke, especially at each other's expense. Dr. Gage had traveled abroad and since his return had been delivering a series of lectures upon Old World subjects. One of the lectures—on Palestine—had been thought not so interesting as the others, and on its second delivery many of the auditors withdrew before it was finished. Not long afterward Dr. Gage's house was entered by a burglar. Dr. Gage was giving Dr. Burton an account of the affair: "Why, doctor, I had him down flat on his back; I held him there; he couldn't move an inch."

"Good!" said Dr. Burton. "But what a splendid opportunity that was to have delivered to him your lecture on Palestine!"—Argonaut.

They Both Wondered.

"I wonder what that is!"

"I wonder what that is!"—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

A Distressing Situation.

Big Sister—Jack, I wish you would go and get Mr. Nibbelow a glass of water.

Mr. Nibbelow—Yes, my boy, and bring a glass for you.

Little Brother—Thank you. I'll go pretty soon. Mamma said I shouldn't leave the parlor until the same back.—New York Weekly.

Profane Pinkie.

Pinkie is the youngest in a very pious family. The other day she heard the governess reading of gathering sticks on Sunday. At supper the younger ones on the table, and Pinkie perceiving them, said:

"Please let me have a Monday orange."—Boston Courier.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GERMAN FARM

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. Also Fruits, Asparagus, Tomatoes, Sweet Peas, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 97 NORTH AVENUE,

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Bartlett and wood-ware of all kinds. Crockery, Lamps, Picture Frames, Tin, Iron and everything to use in kitchen and house. Packages delivered at residences free of charges. E. PRUDDEN, No. 6 Somerset St.

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES and other bulbs for winter and spring planting. Lindley's, No. 22 West Front, also L. Sitz Lindley's Intelligence office, same place.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. KENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
50 West Fifth street, corner of Liberty. Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 6-5-1y

E. E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Has Veterinary Office, No. 20 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 6 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 124 West Front street.

WILLIAM O'NEILL,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Montgomery street, Jersey City. Residence, No. 160 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MASSIE,
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CHARACTER IN THE FEET.

HERE'S A WRITER HOLDING THAT BY THEIR SHOES THEY ARE KNOWN.

Some Specimen Outlines Which Go Far to Prove the Correctness of His Theory. Pall Sheridan's Foot—Lincoln's Foot. J. L. Sullivan's Foot and Others.

"Have you seen Haydon?" said Sir William Allen to David Bridges, a well known character of a set, and a good "hail fellow well met."

"Yes."

"And how do you like him?" asked the other.

"Why," replied David, "there is a good deal of genius in the toes of his boots," alluding to the square toes he wore to avoid corns.

There is very much more truth in the above statement than most people would suppose upon first thought, for there is much to be learned of character from the shoe. Describe to the writer how your friends are shod, and he will tell you something of their character and habits. For it is possible to tell of a person's tendencies—whether they are irresolute, fickle or evasive, or whether they are firm, set in their ways or open and free in their dealings, or whether tidy or slovenly in habits —by the size of the shoe, breadth of the sole, the condition of the bottoms or strings, the amount of wear on the toe or heel, the condition of the linings, etc.

Yes, boots and shoes are revelators. There is the patient leather shoe; in some cases it may indicate taste and refinement, but when toothpick in shape and Chinese in tightness—calculated for stepping from the drawing room to the billiard hall or smoking room, but by no means fitted for plodding along the rough, dirty streets, how it tells of a character when thus seen—lazy, conceited and effeminate.

1—LINCOLN'S.

There is the stout laced boot—strong itself, and speaking of a strong form above it—the very type of vigorous, earnest, self reliant manhood.

There, too, is the cloth boot—the dear, old comfortable supporter of healthy, hearty age; the life of the fireside, as it rests cozily in its corner of the fender, on which the grandchildren delight to ride to Banbury Cross. Its step is well known in the aisles of the village church and to the ears of the sick and destitute; itself a pedestal of how great a weight of experience and goodness, of thoughtful kindness and hospitality.

There is the cowhide boot. How it tells of a plodding, thoroughly honest life, devoid of the finer touches and luxuries of life, yet its very element is squareness. This boot, with its wearer, goes through life fearlessly, not afraid of the rough weather of this world, nor a rough life's journey, as is the case with the dainty patent leather.

Who shall say there is no character in a boot? Why, shoemakery boasts phrenology out and out. Note the sloven with his laces hanging, threatening his downfall at every step, beside or over as though, dragging with the wearer, they sought an opportunity to slide out from under him and desert him, as the friends of every unsuccessful man are wont to do at the time of need. To read character by the *lastgaze*, one must not only note the condition and style of the shoe, but take particular notice of the general appearance of the shoe and the outline of its foot. Just as the phrenologist reads character, not by the individual bumps, but by the general shape and formation of the head.

As an example in the outline of Abraham Lincoln's foot. Its length and breadth indicate a man tall and muscular, but devoid of muscle or flesh. Tough in texture, and by the presence of numerous corns and bunions, but these very corns tell as much of the man. They speak of a time in his life when his surroundings were not in accordance with his finer nature; moreover, they indicate a perseverance and will that would not allow as small a matter as an aching foot to check the battle for onward advance. Could we rid this foot of its contortions we would find it square toed, broad at ball, *fine line at instep* and heel, just the foot to indicate determination, strength of character, high aims and an unbending will, but we have no thought of so doing, for we honor the corns by the early hardships that brought them.

The only instance, in America, where the making of a pair of shoes brought a fortune to the shoemaker may be mentioned in connection with this celebrated leader. Lincoln had long been troubled with ill fitting shoes, and often was compelled to remove them in the presence of notable people, as he said, "to give his feet a chance to breathe." Soon after his election, in 1860, a Scranton (Pa.) shoemaker named Peter Kahler obtained an outline drawing of the president's foot, and from it made a pair of shoes, which he forwarded. They suited and the president wrote a letter of thanks, which Kahler was shrewd enough to have printed. It brought him fame, and he removed to New York. Customers continued to patronize him; this brought prominent patronage, and Kahler at his death left a considerable fortune.

2—SHERMAN'S.

The outline of another notable foot is here seen. It is that of Gen. Philip Sheridan, and you can see at a glance from it and the leather that the owner was a horseman of long practice. The foot is short and chubby like the man who used it. The muscular development is quite noticeable at the heel and ankle. The toe is square and the ball broad, indicating some of the characteristics noticeable in that of President Lincoln's foot. The length of the foot was well developed, but owing to the chubby development of the foot none other than a No. 7 could be worn with ease, and, as Gen. Sheridan showed his good sense by handling upon lots of rods in the pedals, a No. 7½ was the size he usually selected. The instep was high and finely arched. Gen. Sheridan wore none other than broad toed laced boots.

John Sherman has a foot quite similar in general outline, except that in beauty is somewhat inserved by the presence of corns and bunions. Mr. Sherman's foot is considerably longer than that of Gen. Sheridan, but that is to be expected, as he is a taller man. He also is fly, and his covering a pair of button gaiters, with broad toes and square heels.

Next comes a foot which many Americans hope some day to see in an Irish parliament as Dublin—that of the Hon. Charles Stewart Parnell. Notice the breadth of the ball, which backs up the wedge shaped toe, that if they ever get an entrance never let go. The narrow heel and high instep indicate a man tall, but of good "staying" qualities. The instep is high and arched. Mr. Parnell wears No. 9's, which are really roomy for him, but very comfortable. As though it were a habit born of desire, he wears only congress shoes.

It is a settled fact that small feet indicate refinement or "thin blood." We have a notable example of this in the royal family of England, though they can trace ancestral descent from royal blood for several centuries. They are famous for being the possessors of large feet. Queen Victoria wears 6's, the Prince of Wales 9's, Princess Louise 8's, and Princess Beatrice 4½'s. It is from that manual labor may in a degree be responsible for the development of the foot. It may make the small foot broader and the large foot larger, but in nearly every instance the foot is in proportion to the frame. The tall man of bony build will have large feet, whether he sits upon a throne or performs manual labor. Of course there are some few exceptions, as there are to almost every rule. A large, fleshy person is more apt to have a small foot than though he were of more muscular build.

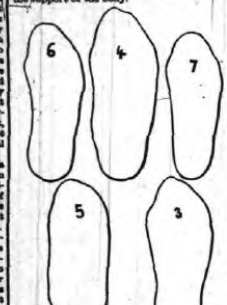
Breadth at a point just below the *instep* and in front of the ankle bone indicates great strength. We have a notable example of this in the foot of John L. Sullivan. Although the *outline would indicate* a rather shapely foot for so large a man, it has many peculiarities. Sullivan's power as a fighter is seen in that portion of the foot back of the line A B—here lies his strength. This half of the foot would call for a 9½ shoe, width EE, while the front half requires but an 8, width CC. There lies his weakness. Were the "intellectual" part of his foot in proportion to the "brute" half, then it would be at least one-half inch wider at the ball, and the toes full and square. His foot measures at ankle 9¾, heel 14, instep 9¾, ball 9½ inches. His dress shoes are made on a No. 9 last, and his fighting shoes are No. 10's.

"I have noticed," says a Broadway shoemaker who makes a specialty of sporting shoes, "that as a rule sporting men have large, coarse feet. For instance, here is an outline—that of Curtis of The Spirit of the Times. You can hardly tell from the shape of it which is the toe or which is the heel."

There is a peculiarity of the feet of sporting men that is worthy of mention, and that is that all prize fighters have what is sometimes termed a nigger heel, while, on the other hand, pedestrians have long, slim heels, as will be seen by the outline of Dan O'Leary's foot. In this outline this peculiarity is more pronounced than in most cases, but it serves to illustrate.

Even the trades have feet peculiar to each. The hod carrier, as might be expected, has a foot very full across the instep, due, no doubt, to the climbing of ladders with heavy loads. The same peculiarity is noticeable to a degree in the foot of the bookkeeper who sits perched upon a high stool with his heels caught over the rounds. The constant pressure brought to bear across the hollow of the foot tends to spread it, though not to the degree as is the case with the hod carrier.

Another peculiarity of the foot is that as a person may be right or left handed the opposite foot will be the larger. This is due to the fact that the weight of the body is supported *in the greater part by the left foot* while the right hand is being used, and vice versa. If the reader wishes to prove this, let him step up to a bench, pick up a heavy mallet in the right hand and notice if he does not intuitively throw the weight of the body on the left foot. Then reverse the operation and notice how quickly the right foot comes to the support of the body.



8. Charles S. Parnell. 4. John L. Sullivan. 5. *Curtis (Sporting Times).* 6. *Dan O'Leary.* 7. *Mrs.* Cleveland.

We are more apt to find a variation in the size of women's feet than in those of men. Possibly this is due to the fact that the anatomy of a woman's foot not being as strong as that of a man's is more susceptible to development under such circumstances as mentioned above. Quite frequently women will be found who should wear on one foot a shoe fully one size larger than upon the other. This may be due to the peculiar habit many women have of standing with the weight of the body supported for the most part by one foot. The outline shows is that of Mrs. Cleveland's foot, nor is so prominent a peculiarity an exception to the rule, for there is a difference in her feet of fully one-half size—as says her Washington shoemaker, Mrs. Cleveland wears a shoe No. 5, one size smaller than Queen Victoria. As the average *American woman is said to wear a No. 4* shoe, it will be seen that Mrs. Cleveland's foot is one size larger than the average, but that is to be expected, as she is above the *average size. She is said to have a beautiful* foot, and that is well known to the public. Being fond of walking she orders a great many walking boots, which she likes to have with light uppers but heavy soles.

Mrs. John Wanamaker, wife of the postmaster general, is very particular about her shoes. There is only one kind she will wear, and that is the square toed. It is French *kid*, with toes that are a compromise between a square and a pointed toe, and to protect her toes from corns her shoes are always bottomed. The sole is projecting, and ornamented with yellow stitches. The heels low and broad. Her dress shoes are the same, except that they have a thin, hand turned sole. She wears a 4¼ D, and always buys two pairs at a time.

Each nation may be said to have a distinctive foot, and this peculiarity must be taken into consideration when trying to judge of the character from the contour of the foot. Of all the civilized nations, the Scotch are said to have the most shapely and fine formed foot. They are large, broad footed, flat and bony.

The Irish foot is inclined to be short and chubby, particularly those of the women. The Irish girls have fine broad feet, well formed and inclined to be narrow heel, though broad at the ball.

The Germans have chubby feet, but possessed of more arch than the Irish foot.

The French foot, contrary to the general opinion, is not small, but large, with high arch and slim toe, that permits of the wearing of shoes with very pointed toes, which, together with high arched instep and high heels, gives the appearance of a foot much smaller than it really is.

The Spaniards and Cubans is due the credit of small feet. Small heels, arched instep, long, tapering toes and a very slim foot, all go to make up the ideal small foot.

Princess of Wales' Manicure

Manicures are on the increase in London. The small, luxurious side to living which we get from America seems to take with remarkable rapidity among the superficial money spenders whose "whole duty of man" is to improve their personal appearance. Everybody is manicured nowadays who can afford the time and money. The Princess of Wales was one of the first to set the fashion, and her manicure is a quiet, unobtrusive little Frenchwoman. Her name is Mlle. Berger, and she lives in a street near Cavendish square.

The Princess has long, tapering fingers that well deserve the great care they get. Although not so delicately modeled as many ladies', they indicate greater strength than is usually found in a delicately nurtured woman.

The Princess of Wales has her manicure to wait upon her at Marlborough house. The other day I had a chat with a manicure just imported from America. She is employed by the American Toilet company, 188 Piccadilly. She is a young and pretty woman, and she seemed rather to regret that her operations were confined to the hands of ladies only. In America she said that women trim the nails of gentlemen as well as ladies.

"How long does it take to become a manicure?"

"Well," said the young woman, "if you are not an expert nail trimmer after a year's practice you'll never make a manicure. A woman either serves an apprenticeship or pays to learn manicuring."

"And the wages of a manicure?"

"A good manicure gets $15 a week, a less skillful one would get only $8 or $10. There are no men manicures in America, you know."

"What must be the natural qualifications of a manicure?"

"She must have a pretty hand and a dry hand, and patience to deal with ladies who are inclined to be cranky. Often in the offices where I was in New York, had tempered woman's mild nature very near being manicured when they weren't being hurt. A manicure has just got to take no notice of that sort of thing. A manicure trims the nails of more than women. In America a lady's maid is supposed to know how to do her mistress's nails."—Pall Mall Gazette.

Grains of Gold.

We are apt to forget the main business of life until a vain repentance reminds us of it at the wrong end.

It is a great misfortune not to have enough wit to speak well, or not enough judgment to keep silent.—La Bruyere.

Exercise, to be beneficial, must be enjoyable. *The more enjoyable it is, the more* good it will do. Even laughing does one good. Thus, light, cheerful talk, with merriment and laughter, has always been known, from time immemorial, to be the best thing after a hearty meal.

Life and its conditions exhibit the operations of inscrutable power. We know not its origin; we know not its end. And the presumption, if not the degradation, rests with those who place upon the throne of the universe a magnified image of themselves.—Professor Tyndall.

Do not be disheartened because you have failed once, twice or three times, but press onward; make up your mind to gain a certain point, and gain it. Do not stop till you see failure disappearing and success fairly in your hands. It must come, sooner or later. If you only make up your mind not to be beaten, you cannot be beaten, and you will be. *Once overcome the disappointment of* failure and you have attained success.—Young Ladies' Journal.

First of Her Race in America.

Curious eyes rested upon two odd oriental creatures at the palace yesterday. These persons, were you not told to the contrary, are the great amount of attention which they drew to themselves from occidental optics, were the gaudily attired servants of a gentleman named R. R. Pinco, who came with them on the Mariposa yesterday from Australia. Mr. Pinco hails from Ceylon, where he is interested in tea gardening, being chairman of the Hunnas Tea company. Mr. and Mrs. Pinco's Singalese servants are man and wife. Their bright colored native costumes would have claimed enough of curious attention without other stimulating features, but the women, not content with the fascinating charm of her gaunt, muscular body, and another, which consisted in a large nose-ring. This ring is worn in accordance with a custom of her people, and must never be removed if she is to remain true to their traditions. The two servants are very dark complectioned, and the woman is said to be the first female representative of her race to come to this country. The servants did not retain their native costumes long, however, appearing afterward in other and more suitable garb.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Iced Fish Dangerous.

The Lancet contains a warning against the use of iced fish. Ice spoils the freshness, firmness and flavor of fish by rendering it, figuratively speaking, soft and flabby. Where fish is preserved on ice it appears that the ice only favors putrefaction by furnishing a constant supply of moisture, carrying with it the putrefactive bacteria derived from its unclean surroundings, so that this iced fish remains covered with fresh solutions of filth pregnant with putrefactive bacteria. On the other hand, keeping the fish dry and cool in no way favor putrefaction. It is stated that seventy different kinds of food fishes, on being eaten within a few hours of their death, give rise to poisonous symptoms, and it is said to be the intention of the Russian government to offer a prize of $2,500 for the best essay upon the nature and cure of fish poisoning.

Men and Women Shoppers.

Scene—a shop. Thomson wants, let us say, a red tie. "Red tie, sir?" says the assistant, with a smile of polite contempt; "I can get you one, sir, if you particularly wish it, but red is never worn now, sir. Green is the fashionable color this autumn, sir, we seldom sell any other color." And Thompson, caring nothing for fashion, knowing the shopman to be a fraud and a lie, but feeling none the less a worm, says that he will take a green tie, *forthwith buys a green one. Now, we* men in her hours of shopping may be uncertain, coy and hard to please, but she will have what she likes, or nothing at all. It may be, on the other hand, that a man never enters a shop without a fixed idea of what he wants, but in all humility it must be admitted that it is time eaten out of us, he does not get it.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Two Extremes.

Why so few mothers know how to dress so as to adorn and develop, make happy and comfortable, their daughters who are betwixt the ages of 12 and 16, is a mystery. Mothers vary, as a rule, between two utter absurdities. They dress their growing girls in their early teens either like girls of 10 or 11 or like women of 15 or 20. Their gowns are almost invariably too long or too short, too scant or too full; their bodices disgustingly ill-fitting, or low-necked, padded, long, waisted things worn over a corset which "draws in" the waist to the smallest mark! In Europe the skirts of young girls reverse descend to their ankles.—Herald of Health.

What I Would Do.

If I were a rose
On the garden wall,
I'd look to-day,
And grow so tall;
I'd nestle my head in the sun and wide,
Of all the flowers I'd be the pride.
That's what I'd do
If I were you.
O little

Fair little maid,
If I were you,
I should always try
To be good and true.
I'd be the merriest, sweetest child,
On whom the sunshine ever smiled.
That's what I'd do
If I were you.
Dear little maid!

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

A HALF HOUR'S PLEASANT READING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Sketch of the Section of the Upper Part of the Eiffel Tower—How the Gentle Pigeons Are Made Use of in the Rude Art of War.

In the spirited sketch presented herewith is shown the section of the upper portion of the *great Eiffel tower, about which so much* has been written and told in connection with the Paris exposition. To those who have made the ascent of this tower the past season the *picture will be familiar*, and to others who have not been to the World's show it will give some idea of the interior aspect of the tower and the manner in which the motley throng arrived at the very top of it, where the electric lantern is placed.

SECTION OF UPPER PART OF EIFFEL TOWER.

The cut depicts the staircase between the second and third platforms, and by the side of it the cage of the elevator. Above the *third platform is a cabin reserved for M.* Eiffel, the originator of the tower, and from thence a spiral staircase, continued by ladders, leads to the lantern of the tower.

Pigeon Service in Time of War.

When we hear the soft cooing of the pigeons in our quiet summer woods, or watch our tame birds as they bow and strut and sun themselves below their coops, it seems quite impossible that creatures of that gentle race can ever be associated with and made use of in the rude science of war. But, impossible as it may seem, it is a fact, and an English writer tells that at the present time there is a most systematic pigeon service carried on for the transmission of military dispatches by the Italian troops in Abyssinia. A military dovecote has been established at Massowa, whence pigeons are supplied for the use of patrols.

Each detachment sent out to reconnoiter carries a light basket containing several pigeons, and one of the party carries the needful supply of grain and water for their use.

In wet weather, or if the dispatches to be sent are confidential, they are inclosed in a goose quill and sealed; but more frequently they are simply written on a page torn from a pocketbook and tied to a tail feather. Private messages are conveyed by the use of colored marks, a rough-and-ready sort of cipher. In the case of sudden attacks when there is no time to write, several pigeons are set free, each having been deprived of one or more tail feathers. When the birds reach their dovecote they have to enter through a sort of cage, which detains them, and sets an electric bell ringing, so as to give notice to the sergeant of the guard, who takes the dispatches and forwards them to headquarters at Sadi.

Thanksgiving Day.

Even the most youthful of our readers does not require to have explained the festival of Thanksgiving, that comes on its yearly round on the last Thursday in November, time out of date, the feast spread on Thanksgiving day has included in its menu turkey, pumpkin pies and "such lots of good things."

PUMPKIN PIES IN EMBRYO.

In the annexed cut appears the fac-simile of a photograph, all the way from Nebraska, of a dozen or more of the finest pumpkins that ever gladdened hearts on Thanksgiving day. St. Nicholas, to whom the photograph was sent, thinks that the pumpkin speak for themselves. One of them (probably the fine specimen in the lower left hand corner) measured, it is told, exactly eight feet in circumference—and it was asked for a piece eight *feet long to go around it. Well, well!* Thousands of you might have been supplied with pies this month, from this one Nebraska field alone.

Before turning to another subject, let us thank the cheery looking Nebraskan, in the corner, for giving us an opportunity to compare the relative sizes of vegetable and man.

GREAT BOOM IN *OVERCOATS,*

AND MEN'S WINTER WEAR GENERALLY.

SATIN LINED OVERCOATS $10,

AND OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW PRICES.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

NO. 20 WEST FRONT STREET.

THAT COLD WAVE

OLD PROB HAS BEEN TELLING US WAS ON THE WAY EAST, MAY STRIKE OUR CITY AT ANY MOMENT. THE QUESTION IS, ARE YOU PREPARED FOR IT? YOU CERTAINLY ARE IF YOU HAVE A PAIR OF THE ALFRED DOLGE FELT SLIPPERS, MADE OF PURE LIVE LAMB'S WOOL. THEY ARE COMFORTABLE. THEY ARE HEALTHY.

DOANE & Van ARSDALE'S.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

NOW IS THE TIME!

If you need a Cloak, Newmarket, Jersey or Plush Jacket, we can suit you. Our assortment in this department is complete, comprising all the latest styles, including the "Connemara" or Peasant Coat, Misses and Children's Coats in great variety. These goods are shipped direct from our manufactory (398 Broadway, N. Y.) thereby saving jobber's profits. We are receiving new specialties daily in our Dress Goods Department. Fancy Trouble width, Dress Goods 12 1-2c., 36 inch Ladies' Cloths, all shades, 25c., 54 inch Ladies Cloths, 50c., 36 inch Tricots, 49c. Improved (all iron) Dress Forms $3 each.

QUILTS AND BLANKETS.

An Immense Assortment. Prices the Lowest; 10-4 White Blankets, $1 per pair. Full size Quilts, 65c. Quilting Calico 5c. per yard. Best quality Live Geese Feathers packed neatly in muslin bags. Agency for the "Domestic" Sewing Machines.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street

TAYLOR'S CLOTHING HOUSE.

Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
Boys' Suits (Long Pants), - - 3.50 up.
Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
Boys' Knee Pants, - - - - .25 up.

are a few of the many bargains to be found at

JAS. TAYLOR, 63 West Front St.

MUSIC ROOMS, 17 EAST FRONT STREET.

THOMPSON PARK, PROPRIETOR.

PIANOS BRADBURY, SAUS, AND JACOBS BROTHERS. Bought, Rented and Exchanged. Sold on easy terms. Rent to apply on purchase

AND

ORGANS The Celebrated NEWMAN Brothers, OF CHICAGO, Illinois. CHAPEL and PARLOR. Repaired and Polished.

MR. PARK will give his personal attention to TUNING. All orders will be filled promptly and work Guaranteed. YOU are all cordially invited to call and INSPECT our STOCK. No trouble to show INSTRUMENTS.

FURNITURE.

R. R. FAIRCHILD. Established 1879.

NO. 21 EAST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

(Just below the post office) Dealer in

ANTIQUE, OAK, CHERRY AND ASH,

BEDROOM SUITES, WARDROBES, CHIFFONIERS and SIDEBOARDS.

Spring Beds, Bedding and Feathers. A large line of Baby Carriages. Call and examine goods and prices.

L. M. FRENCH,

FINE CARRIAGES,

ALL STYLES, ALL QUALITIES, ALL PRICES.

Our repair department is excelled by none.

16 and 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Furniture, Bedding and Upholstery.

Our Large Stock is now Arranged for Inspection.

IN THE BASEMENT you will find Kitchen Furniture, Extension Tables, Chairs and Rockers in endless variety.

THE FIRST FLOOR is filled with Sideboards, Free Extension Tables, Dining Room Chairs, Rattan Hall Stands, and a large assortment of small wares.

THE SECOND FLOOR is devoted to useful and Art Furniture for the Hall, Reception Room, Parlor, Music Room, Library, Bed Room and the home generally.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low priced Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least in this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

GARRET Q. PACKER.

23, 25, and 27 Park Avenue.

DON'T you want a stove good and cheap? We have them from $5 to $25 for heating. Cooking Stoves from $9 to $35. Lamps the latest and best styles. Hanging Lamps $1.50 to $12. Hardware Cheap.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 42 West Front Street.

NO. 42 NORTH AVENUE.

Edw. C. Mulford,

BROKER, REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE

North America of Philadelphia, Phœnix of London, Queen of Liverpool, London and Lancashire of Liverpool.

Also, Agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Accidental and Life Insurance Co.

And Agent for the sale of stock of the Syracuse Mining and Milling Co., (Silver Mine of Colorado

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

I WISH TO INFORM my customers that I have added *Hats and Caps* to my large stock of CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc. Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT STREET, next to Lehigh Hotel.

NEW STYLES IN FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, etc.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF Oil-Cloth and Carpets

GOODS ARE GOOD AND PRICES ARE RIGHT.

H. A. POPE,

corner of Front and Somerset streets.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL,

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal at sale cover, Telephone No. 98.

"EXPERIENCE MAKES PERFECT."

What does inexperience make? A printer? What does the house owner get? His gas bill remains. What are they likely to be? Almost three years' experience on one hand; a chance of a fire or a funeral on the other. (Both intentions prevent neither. Started in business 1881; incorporated 1888; All the best of the profession 1889.)

The Electric Construction and Supply Co. Telephone Building, Cortlandt street, New York.

Plainfield Office, 26 North Avenue

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

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Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—Classes in mechanical drawing will meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-night.

—The Fourth Ward Republican Club has established its headquarters at Cutter's Hall.

—Jennie Houghton will appear at the Crescent Rink on Thanksgiving afternoon and evening.

—The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of *taxation* are in session in the Council Chamber this afternoon.

—A load of hay collided with the electric light lamp at the corner of Park and North avenues this morning. The lamp was wrecked.

—Union Thanksgiving services will be held in the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m. on Thursday instead of 11 o'clock as previously published.

—The Democratic city convention is called for Saturday evening, Nov. 30th, at eight o'clock, in the Democratic Association rooms on West Front street.

—Michael Kelley was arraigned before the City Judge this morning. He pleaded guilty of drunkenness and disorderly conduct and will spend the next thirty days at Elizabeth.

—Henry W. Scoville, of Waterbury, Conn., offered the Young Men's Christian Association of that place a lot valued at $10,000 providing $40,000 be secured during the coming year 1889.

—On Sunday next Branch No. 8, Emerald Benefical Society, of this city, will go to Phillipsburg in a body, to attend the laying of the corner stone of a new Catholic church in that place.

—The Books of Registration are in session to-day. They will sit until eight o'clock this evening. Citizens who have not registered had better do so, if they wish to vote at the coming election.

—Messrs. James Connely and Timothy McCarthy are the delegates from Branch No. 264, of this city, to the Convention of Catholic Benevolent Legions at New Brunswick to-day. The delegates will be entertained at a reception to-night.

—The Kitchen Garden entertainment, which was to have been given to-night in the W. C. T. U. rooms, 78 West Front street, has been postponed on account of meetings held in Music Hall. Notice of entertainment will be given later.

—The "Y's" will hold a sale at their rooms at the corner of North avenue and Peace street Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock. If you desire to purchase a good home-made cake or nice fresh home-made candy, patronize the ladies.

—John Powers, alias "Sailor Jack," was arrested yesterday afternoon charged with being drunk and disorderly. This morning Judge Stillman gave him the choice of paying a five dollar fine or spending five days in the county jail. He chose the latter.

—The Crescent League bowling team went to Westfield last night and bowled a game with the Monday Night team of that place. The latter won by a score of 1657 to 1575. The Plainfield team was composed of the following gentlemen: Messrs. Van Emburg, Jackson, Van Winkle, Rogers, Baker, Emerson, Read, C. Teal, Kline and Davis.

A Railroad Suspended in Air.

As an effect of the continued heavy rains, Friday morning on the Jersey Central Railroad, west of Springtown, a high embankment slid outward, leaving the west-bound track entirely suspended in the air for a distance of nearly two hundred feet. The washout was discovered by the father-in-law of the station agent at Springtown in time to stop the fast passenger train from New York from being driven down into a deep ditch. Trains are now running over the east track, and must continue on that for the next few days, as a large quantity of earth and stones will be required to fill the gap. The embankment that gave way was that where the road was constructed over thirty years ago.

Edison's Last Invention.

Thomas A. Edison has recently perfected the invention of a new call, which it is promised will almost revolutionize telegraphy and all kinds of open circuit work. It is claimed that it will obviate all the trouble now caused to telegraph lines by wires crossing when many lines are frequently rendered inoperative. By Mr. Edison's call the internal resistance is reduced to a minimum and over ninety-eight per cent. of the potential energy of the coil is delivered over the circuit. A company called the Edison Manufacturing Company is about to be formed for the purpose of putting the new coil on the market.

Removing Jersey Central Shops

It was announced on Exeter yesterday afternoon, by reliable parties, that the Jersey Central Railroad Company had decided to abandon its shops at Elizabethport, N. J., had purchased land for $10,000 at Hampton, seventeen miles from Phillipsburg, and had awarded the contract for the erection of shops there in which new locomotives and cars will be built. It is said that the company has been losing money on its shops at Elizabethport for many years.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.

	6 a. m.	12 m.	6 p. m.	10 p. m.
Friday	41	46	44	41
Saturday	41	46	44	41
Sunday	41	46	44	41
Monday	41	46	44	41
Tuesday	41	46	44	41
Wednesday	41	46	44	41
Thursday	41	46	44	41

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 1 SOMERSET STREET,

C. M. MORROW, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

An Englishman, Mr. Ralph Abercrombie, has been making a careful study of the height of ocean waves, a point hereto yet exactly determined. Mr. Abercrombie concludes that in a storm they frequently reach sixty feet in height.

Dear Woman.

Men, blundering creatures, might never know women had any faults, only for the women themselves. So, by provision of a merciful providence, women are sent along to point out to the universe the faults, great and small, of their own sex. Men have shown themselves, in many instances, willing to advance ladies to places of trust and responsibility, in schools, factories and elsewhere, where girls are employed. What then? Immediately there is a fiasco. The factory girl vows she "won't work under no woman." Are women suggested for responsible places in schools? Assistant lady teachers at once declare: "We don't want a woman over us. A man is bad enough."

For some three years two ladies of standing were members of the New York school board. They did not seek the appointment, but accepted it when it was offered, and did their duty, apparently, to the satisfaction of their male colleagues. At last no man ever expressed any dissatisfaction with them. But now come five lady school teachers, who say they represent nearly all the rest, and present a petition to the mayor protesting against the appointment of any more women school commissioners. They charged against one of the two that she had never offered any resolution since she had been in the board. Her sisters who object to her certainly present resolution enough to make up for her lack. The lady teachers further charge that, through gallantry, the men in the board are made to be weaklings by the presence of the feminine commissioners. Again, one must congratulate the lady teachers that they, at least, are not weaklings.

Still another instance of the fine critical sense of woman against woman appears in New York. The female principal of a public school there has issued an edict that the lady teachers in her school shan't wear bangs. No more shall her girl pupils. She gives no reason particularly, except the woman's reason that it isn't nice. Further, her assistant teachers shall not go out of the building for luncheon. They must bring their lunch on and eat it in their own rooms; otherwise they "get together and gossip." A disruption of the school is threatened over these mighty matters.

Now, a man might have been principal of that school forty years and never found all this out. But sweet woman knows, bless her!

In the world of business affairs, men are like the pebbles of a river bed, their sharp points have been rounded off by attrition. Women might be compared, perhaps, to the sharp bits of rock thrown up by blasting powder, bristling with points and edges. They have not yet been ground down by rubbing against the world.

But the question that occurs to the average unenlightened masculine mind is this: If women are as bad as their own sex make them out to be, then, really, will it be wise ever to give them any more wages, rights or responsibilities than they have now? Rather, would it not be wisdom to take away even those they have? In short, will not such incidents have a tendency to put off what some people call the emancipation of women for a thousand years?

Spain now threatens to give a Columbus exposition in 1892, and thus take the wind out of the American sail. Italy threatens the same because Columbus happened to be born there. These nations ought to celebrate Columbus, both of them. Italy whistled him down the wind with scorn when he spoke of a new world beyond seas, and drove him out of her borders as a crank. Spain cheated him out of all his possessions, even his glory, after he had given her a continent, and finally starved him to death. Both of the ungrateful country that did not wrong him. Oh, yes! Let Italy and Spain have a Columbus fair, by all means. By the way, the city of Havana, in whose cathedral the body of Christopher was finally deposited, after having been carted over the world two or three times, ought to have some show in the coming Exposition in America. The American Exposition is to be written with a large E.

Africa is advancing to civilization over the same bloody path that marked the first settlement of America by Europeans. Explorer after explorer has been massacred in the interior of the Dark Continent by savages who instinctively read their doom in the coming of the white man. Gen. Gordon was murdered at Khartoum, two years ago Dr. Juehlke was assassinated by the Somali in east Africa, and not long afterwards Maj. Bartellot met his death in the same manner while penetrating Africa from the west side. Stanley arrived barely in time to save Emin Pasha alive. These are only a few of the prominent names in the melancholy list.

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL

Annual Report of the Comptroller of Currency.

TWO NATIONAL BANKS FAILED.

Private Dalzell's Plea for the More Hasty Settlement of Pension Matters—The Pan-Americans Choose Their Secretaries—Other Notes from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The forthcoming report of the comptroller of the currency covers the year ended Oct. 31, 1889, at which time there were in existence 3,519 national banks, the largest number in operation since the inauguration of the system. These associations represented a paid-in capital of $670,174,303. The last reports of condition exhibit their resources and liabilities on Sept. 30, 1889. The number reporting at that time was 3,390. Within the year 211 banks were organized, having an aggregate capital of $21,360,000. The state of Pennsylvania has now the largest number of associations in operation. Massachusetts leads in point of capital stock and New York in respect to deposits and volume of business.

Only Two Failed.

Within the past year 41 banks went into voluntary liquidation and only two failed, leaving the net additions to the system 168, as against 90 last year and 123, the annual average increase since the inauguration of the system. Notwithstanding this gratifying increase, investigation of the facts demonstrates that the system is not kept even with the necessities of the people for increased banking facilities. This is evidenced by the marked increase in percentage of state banks organized the last five years as compared with the percentage of the five years immediately preceding.

This growth is due to incorporate under the statutes of the several states is not attributable to any change in the law affecting either national or state institutions, but is charged directly to the fact that no public confidence in the banks by reason of the deposits of bonds and issue of circulating notes. It is claimed, in fact, that an actual loss results in many western states and territories, where the interest is highest and the banking facilities most needed.

The Banks Lose Money.

It is demonstrated through tables prepared by the government actuary that there is an actual loss resulting to national banks by reason of their being obliged to deposit bonds and take out circulation wherever the current rate of interest is greater than 4.70 per cent. As the prevailing rate in all of the states west of the Alleghanies is in excess of that named, it follows that in the greater number of the states and those increasing most rapidly in wealth and population the enforced deposit of bonds to secure circulation is an impediment in the way of organization. The profits following the outlay directly to diminish the volume of currency issued by the banks already in existence. In confirmation of the statements made, attention is called to the fact that the gross decrease of national bank circulation during the report year was $87,496,129, and that the deposits of bonds of the same banks organized during the year were only $11,300 in excess of the minimum requirements.

Reduction of Duty Commended.

The reduction of the duty on circulation is commended, and it is urged that that the present tax is unjust to banks, because it is imposed on account of a privilege now valueless, and the revenues of the government are in excess of its requirements. The comptroller has avoided the discussion of the various plans which have been suggested for substituting other securities for United States bonds as a basis of circulation.

Private Dalzell's Wail.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Post has received the following from Caldwell, O.:

"Six hundred thousand of my family in sickness, poverty and distress are anxiously looking to Washington for a Christmas gift. Many of them have waited ten or fifteen Christmases for it. There are 600,000 meritorious claims on file in the pension office. Congress has promised to break the deadlock and that is all. You can easily do so by codifying the laws, striking out all the technicalities that hinder and delay the consideration of our long delayed pensions. Let it be the rule that every claim in my family be allowed. Every pension means from $100 to $1,000 for some poor soldier's family. What a nice Christmas gift it would be! It would be so for congress as well as for us. Think of it! Oh! ye statesmen and millionaires of Washington, as you sit down to your Thanksgiving turkey; think of the 600,000 poor families who have no turkey, and be nothing for which to give thanks but the hope of the pension that you are to send them for a Christmas gift. PRIVATE DALZELL."

Gen. Raum Mandamused.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Pensioner Commissioner Raum has been served with a writ of mandamus, returnable Dec. 19, before the supreme court of the District of Columbia, commanding him to show cause why he has not increased the pension of Charles R. Miller from $50 to $72 per month, in accordance with a decision of Secretary Teller. The mandamus was issued at the instance of Attorney Bigelow, counsel for Miller. This is one of three similar cases now pending in the interior department. Commissioner Raum is preparing his answer and it is understood that he will take the ground that he has no discretion in the matter, simply of discretion, and that a mandamus cannot lie to compel him to change his discretion; that a mandamus can only lie to compel a performance of the duty as the law laid down plainly in the law; and, therefore, he thinks the court should dismiss the writ.

Assistant Secretary Bussey's Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Assistant Secretary Bussey, in his annual report, states that the action of the pension commissioner has been sustained in 1,176 appealed cases and reversed in 64. In reviews his efforts to liberalize the practice of the department in pension cases and says that they have been entirely within the intent and spirit of the law. He defends the decision giving pensions to dishonorably discharged soldiers, and quotes Judge Advocate General Holt in 1865 and the secretary of the interior in 1875 in support of his position.

Pan-American Secretaries.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Pan-American congress met and elected secretaries. F. G. Pierra and H. Ramson Whitehouse were nominated by the foreign and home delegates respectively, and were elected by those positions. Mr. Whitehouse is a citizen of New York, and is at present secretary of legations at the city of Mexico. Mr. Pierra is also from New York, and is connected with the Spanish-American Commercial Union in that city.

AN EX-MINISTER DEAD.

Hon. George H. Pendleton Dies at Brussels, Belgium.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 26.—Mr. George H. Pendleton, late United States minister at Berlin, died in this city Sunday night. Mr. Pendleton succumbed to a severe attack of apoplexy. His death occurred in the Hotel Bellevue, where he had been lying sick for six weeks. His two daughters were present when he died. The funeral service will be held in the Protestant church on Wednesday next. The body will remain in the church in charge of Rev. Mr. Jones, and will be taken thence to America.

GEORGE H. PENDLETON.

George Hunt Pendleton was born in Cincinnati July 19, 1825. Nathaniel Pendleton, his grandfather, was the intimate personal and political friend of Aaron Burr, Alexander Hamilton, and was his second in the duel with Aaron Burr.

The subject of this sketch studied law and was elected to the house of representatives in congress from Hamilton county, O., in 1856, and served four terms. In 1864 he was prominently mentioned as a presidential candidate, but, the majority of the delegates being in favor of General McClellan, George B. McClellan was nominated as the Democratic candidate for president, with Mr. Pendleton as candidate for the vice presidency. The result was a defeat, as was also the case in 1868, when New Jersey and Kentucky casting their votes for McClellan and Pendleton. His term of service as a United States senator began March 4, 1879, as the successor of Stanley Matthews. Mr. Pendleton's chief political reputation of late years rested upon his advocacy of the "Ohio idea" of payment of the bonds in greenbacks, and which owed its passage mainly to his labors and sagacity. On account of his prominence in this matter he made many enemies in the party at home.

He was made minister to Germany under President Cleveland. In May, 1886, his wife was killed by an accident caused by a runaway team in New York city. His daughter, Miss Jane Francis Pendleton, was seriously injured, but recovered.

Mr. Pendleton was fluently familiar with French and German as well as a thorough classical scholar. His literary style was of the purest order, and his powers as a public speaker were very great. During several years' residence in Berlin he was president of the Kentucky Central Railroad company. During the past two years he has been much out of the limelight, and in April, 1888, he was stricken with an attack of apoplexy, which threatened speedy death, but from which he partially recovered.

SENTIMENTAL THIEVES.

Train Robbers Refuse to Take an Express Messenger's Wages.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 26.—Oscar Johnson, the express messenger whose car was robbed at Prior creek, twenty-five miles south of Vinita, I. T., on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road, on the following night, said: "When the train stopped at the water tank near that station a gang of men of not less than five boarded the train. Two of them took possession of the engine, while others cut the mail, baggage and express cars off from the remainder of the train. A shot alarmed Johnson, who was secreting valuables among the cotton bales in the express car. At the point of a pistol Johnson opened the safe, and the robbers secured the $1,000 found there. Then they opened his train box, and, seeing a small amount of money, asked whose it was. Johnson replied that it belonged to himself. The robbers left it, telling him they were not robbing train men. Johnson told them that was all the money and they left the car."

It was reported at first that the mail car had been robbed and the passengers relieved of their money and valuables, but when the train reached Coffeyville, Kan., the report was found to be untrue. Johnson, accompanied by express company officials, has gone to St. Louis, the former practically under arrest.

Engineer and Fireman Perished.

CEDAR FALLS, Ia., Nov. 26.—A disastrous wreck, caused by the collapse of a bridge, has just occurred near Aplington, on the Illinois Central railroad. The train was a heavily loaded freight and was being drawn by two engines. The first engine passed over the bridge safely, but the second went down, horribly crushing and instantly killing Engineer Carter, Jr., Art du Bois, and his fireman, John Clasy. The train was badly wrecked.

A Fatal Collision.

MASSILLON, O., Nov. 26.—Coal train No. 30 and the work train on the Cleveland, Tuscarawas Valley & Wheeling railroad met at Flushing. Engineer A. H. Myers, of the coal train, was killed. Jerry Page, conductor, and Charles Beadle, engineer of the work train, were seriously injured, as were also several train men. Both engines were ruined beyond repair, and twenty cars were piled as high as the telegraph poles.

Eight Perished in the Flames.

BLACKFORD, Idaho, Nov. 26.—The Territorial asylum has been destroyed by fire. Fifty inmates were in the building and were rescued, while two women and two men are known to have perished and four are yet missing and are supposed to have been burned. The asylum was practically a mass of ruins, its contents wholly destroyed. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

He Followed His Partner.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Nov. 26.—Two Finnish miners at the Huron mine were killed by a premature explosion of dynamite here. Alexander Lovaki, aged 30, was killed outright, blown off, yet he retained consciousness and inquired for the safety of his partner. When told that he was dead Stolnback answered that he might as well die also, and did so a few moments later.

Whirled to Death.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 26.—While Christian Metzger was oiling a shaft in Lester's agricultural works he was caught and whirled round the shaft until torn to pieces. His head, arms and legs flew over the body by coming in contact with the framework of the shafting.

A Plot Discovered.

BELGRADE, Nov. 26.—A plot to depose King Alexander and to put Prince Peter Karageorgevine in his place has been discovered. Many Russian diplomats are said to be implicated in the affair. Three of the conspirators have been arrested.

It Is Now "Senator Casey."

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 26.—The house and senate in joint session have elected L. E. Casey, of Jamestown, the second senator for North Dakota. On the last ballot he received 81 votes, and his election was then made unanimous.

THE DEFENDANTS REST.

Nearing the End of the Great Cronin Trial.

ATTACKING STATE WITNESSES.

Martes, the Milkman, and Old Man Carlson Both Come in for a Share of the General Shaking Up—The Suspicious Actions of Detective Crow.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—When the Cronin trial was resumed William Martes, the milkman, who called the night Dr. Cronin was murdered, was the first witness. He testified that a day or two after the finding of Cronin's body two officers came to him and asked him if he knew anything about a murder having been committed around there. Witness then told them that about three weeks before that time as he was buggy coming north stop in front of the Carlson cottage. A tall, thin man, wearing a dark brown overcoat, got out of the buggy and went into the cottage.

He Heard Noises in the Cottage.

He did not remember whether he told the officers that he could not remember the date, but he did state that he told them that it was dark to recognize the man in the buggy. Witness said he also told the officers of the noises he heard in the cottage. After the man entered the cottage, the other drove south toward Lincoln avenue.

Kunze's Mustache May Save Him.

Following the line of testimony of attention to the interests of Suspect Kunze was made by Attorney Donohue by the calling of a former employee of the little German to the stand. J. W. Frelich, a painter, swore that Kunze, under the name of John Kroger, hired him to paint the cottage in June 30, that he attended to his duties on May 4, working from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m., and that he reappeared promptly on the following Monday and discharged his duties as usual.

"Did he have a mustache then?" asked Attorney Donohue.

"Yes; just about the size it is now," replied the witness.

This is considered an important point by the defense, as Martes and others who swore to seeing Kunze about that time declared that he had no mustache, or at least a very small one.

Attacking Carlson's Testimony.

The next attack was made on old man Carlson's testimony about a conversation between Burke and O'Sullivan on the afternoon of March 19, immediately after Burke —or, as he was known then, Williams—had concluded the negotiations for the lease of the cottage. Carlson swore that Burke went at once to O'Sullivan, who was standing at the alley, and said: "I have got the cottage." Carlson was very positive about having heard that remark, and implying as it did that O'Sullivan was fully cognizant of the early plans of the conspiracy, was an exceedingly damaging bit of evidence against the iceman.

Helping Out the Iceman.

Dyer Thompson, an employe of Iceman Henry McBride, swore that on the afternoon of March 19 he was building a scow under the Halsted street viaduct, consigned to O'Sullivan, and that from 2:30 to 9:30 o'clock O'Sullivan was with him watching the unloading. On the cross-examination by the state's attorney, the testimony of the witness was somewhat shaken in regard to the exact date. He stuck to it with tolerable firmness, however, and was corroborated in this from his employer, Henry McBride, and Charles Thompson and John Doyle, his fellow employes.

Detective Crow Testifies.

Detective Crow then swore to having held a conversation with Milkman Martes on the day after the post mortem examination of Dr. Cronin's body, and during that conversation Martes told him that he did not remember the night that he saw two men drive up to the Carlson cottage; one of them, the one who Martes on the stand swore was Dr. Cronin, had been very drunk, and the other whom he on the stand identified as Kunze, drove away. Inasmuch, however, that Martes also swore on the stand that he at first did not recollect the date, but fixed it definitely later when talking it over with his wife, the testimony of Crow can have little effect.

A Suspicious Circumstance.

A rather suspicious circumstance was brought out in the detective's evidence. He swore that Martes in the same conversation spoke of hearing sounds of a fight immediately after the two tall men entered the cottage. He, the detective, was asked on the cross-examination why in making his report to his superior officers he had failed to say anything about Martes having heard sounds of a fight. The witness struggled to explain his singular conduct, but failed utterly and was excused, leaving behind him a very bad impression.

The Defense Rests.

Then Attorney Forrest, after a few moments' consultation with his brother counsel, arose and in a low voice said: "The defense rests."

The state was ready with its rebuttal, and at once called Dr. Curran for the purpose of proving that James Lynnan, on the night of Dr. Cronin's funeral, told witness that the death of the physician had been ordered by the executive board, and was therefore all right.

Lynnan, when on the stand last week, swore that he had said nothing of the kind.

An Emphatic Objection Sustained.

No sooner had the state's attorney asked Dr. Curran the question than all the attorneys for the defense jumped to their feet and objected, arguing that to admit the testimony would be to open a line of inquiry which had already been barred.

Judge McConnell ruled that Dr. Curran need not testify, and on motion of Mr. Foster all that part of Lynnan's testimony relating to the question from Milkman Martes and Dr. Curran was stricken from the records.

Capt. Schaack was then recalled, and testified that Officer Crow never made a report to him of any kind in the Cronin investigation.

Alfred Kittner testified that Peter Koch one of the witnesses for the defense, was not the man he saw last May on Lincoln avenue with Daniel Coughlin. Adjourned.

Cases, Poor Health.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.—Louis Mayer, aged 50 years, a traveling salesman for the Meyer Bannerman Saddlery company, of this city, fell dead in a street car. Heart disease, brought on by overwork, was the cause. He leaves a widow and six children. Cause, poor health.

He Shot Two Men Dead.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 26.—During a quarrel over a game of pool in a saloon at Manti, Utah, Peter Parkins of that place shot and killed F. G. Eastmond, of Kanosh City, and Thomas Geddes, of Salt Lake City, members of the Rio Grande surveying party. Neither of the victims was armed. The murderer escaped, but is being pursued by a strong posse.

THE NEW REPUBLIC SNUBBED.

Cool Treatment of a Brazilian Cruiser by British Tars.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The flag of the new Brazilian republic was hoisted for the first time in English waters with a result that must have been discouraging for the over zealous officer who made haste to display his colors in advance of formal recognition of the government whose emblem was thus flaunted. The occasion of the display was the arrival at Plymouth of a Brazilian war ship, to receive which the usual preparations were made by the British navy yard hands and forts and the customary signing for the use of salutes was afforded from the flagship of Admiral Sir William Montague Dowell.

When, however, the flag of the "United States of Brazil" was displayed, instead of the expected imperial ensign, Admiral Dowell sent a request to the Brazilian commander to hoist the recognized flag of Brazil, or at least not to run up any other. The Brazilian captain declined to comply with the request, and the British forts and war ships remained silent. It is probable that the captain of the Brazilian ship will make such representation of the affair as will call forth an investigation of England's attitude with regard to the new South American government from the foreign office.

Three Fireplaces Exploded.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Nov. 26.—Without any known cause the three fireplaces controlling the machinery of a large factory belonging to the Parkersburg Mill company simultaneously exploded yesterday, demolishing everything in the building, including engines, machinery and other valuable property. The report was like that of a cannon and the earth was shaken for a great distance. Had the accident happened a minute later fifty lives would have been endangered. The loss is from $7,000 to $10,000. One hundred men are thrown out of employment. A short time afterward a fire, equally as mysterious in its origin, totally destroyed the plant of the A. G. Jackson Hardware company, with a loss of $30,000.

A Bad Man with a Chair.

NORWALK, Conn., Nov. 26.—At Wilton Mrs. Dr. Turner and daughter were assaulted by Lewis Anderson, a Swede, employed by them on the farm. Anderson, who was intoxicated, seized a chair and attacked both women. Their screams aroused Mr. Lott, who came to their aid, and a fierce conflict ensued, when Anderson knocked him down and then made his escape. Mr. Lott retired to his room and was in the morning found dead in bed with a fractured skull and a chair near the bed. Whether he died from the injuries inflicted by Anderson or from an overdose of laudanum taken to relieve pain is not positively known. The women are quite badly hurt and vigorous search is being made for Anderson.

Heavy Failure at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—Isadore H. Sulzbach, the clothing dealer at Thirteenth street and Ridge avenues, has made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors to Simon Bacharach, of the firm of A. Bacharach & Co. The liabilities are estimated at $225,000, and the assets comprise the stock in the large store and building and building. The store property is mortgaged for $96,000. Of the estimated liabilities $100,000 is owed in New York and $125,000 to Philadelphia creditors. The assignee said that he did not know how much the assigned estate would realize, but it would be but a fraction of the indebtedness, and that there was no chance to pull through.

One Cowiet Stabs Another.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 26.—At the state prison Philip Lacoste, aged 23, was fatally stabbed by John McCarthy, aged 19. The victim was bending over a pile of leather, from which he was cutting shoe soles, when McCarthy stepped behind him, and with a keen shoe knife into the left side of his neck and made a deep cut across the back of the neck and around under the right ear. Lacoste sank to the floor. McCarthy inflicted eight other serious cuts on the head, shoulders and left arm. Lacoste is rapidly sinking. McCarthy has been chained and placed in the dark cell. He gives no reason for the assault.

Englishman Buy a Yankee Gun.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—English capitalists have purchased for $600,000 the rapid firing cannon invented by Capts. Sampson and Driggs, of the United States navy, the former commander of the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius. It is stated that the transaction was completed in the private office of a banker, the purchase price being paid in full cash. The gun is made of very strong steel and can fire a shot three miles. Its ad vantages are that it is easily handled, its rapid firing capacity, which is three times as fast as the famous English Armstrong gun.

A Jerseyman in Trouble.

BOSTON, Nov. 26.—James Wright, aged 40, claiming to be from Jersey City, has been arrested here charged with uttering and passing forged checks upon the Commercial National bank, signed "A. P. Bloomer, Canal street, upon a number of Boston hardware dealers. It is alleged that he has defrauded fully twenty-five firms by means of his forged checks, getting all sorts of goods.

Masons Were Not Excluded.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 26.—It is stated on authority which is there is done belief in this country that there has been absolutely no action taken by the hierarchy of the Catholic church on the question of secret societies, as was reported to have been taken by the bishops during the centennial celebration.

Loring Will Not Resign.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 26.—Minister George B. Loring has written to a gentlemen here saying that he has no intention to resign from York that he intends to resign his position as minister to Portugal was a great surprise, as he had never intended that he should resign.

Dazed to Death.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 26.—A photographer named Philip Ball committed suicide in his gallery here by hanging himself. No cause is assigned for the act's rash act other than the grief and sorrow he has felt at the death of his only child, of whom he was passionately fond.

Five Hundred People Lost.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 26.—The Turkish journal Soudeh reports that the steamship India, with 500 Mohammedan pilgrims on board, has been lost in the Egean sea, and that of all on board only the captain and two passengers survive.

The Captains Laid.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Nov. 26.—The capstone of the Bennington battle monument was laid yesterday in the presence of a large assemblage of people and with appropriate exercises.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be generally from fair to partly cloudy, with slight thermal changes, followed by slightly warmer weather and cloudiness, and possibly rain or light snow at night.

A NOMINAL RULER ONLY.

Emin Pasha's Loss of Authority Over His Followers.

HE WAS GENEROUS, BUT NOT FIRM.

Sentiment Was His Worst Enemy—Plots and Counter Plots Among His Men—His Treatment by the Rebels—Battles With the Natives—Jephson's Report.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Mr. Mackinnon, the president of the Emin relief committee, has received another letter from Henry M. Stanley. It was written at the camp at Kisingo Usuja and is dated Aug. 17. Mr. Stanley says that Emin, with Selim Bey, seven officers and sixty-five people, arrived at his camp Feb. 17. Last Stanley arrived on the 18th, with his column, from the Ituri. At a meeting on the 18th, Selim, who had retaken Dufile from the Mahdists, killing 250 of them, stated on behalf of the deputation that they had come to request time to allow the Equatorial people and their families to assemble at Kavalli. Mr. Stanley continues:

Surgeon Parke's Good Work.

"I explained, through Emin Pasha, the object of my expedition, and offered them a promise, written in Arabic, to wait a reasonable time for them to join me. The deputation returned to Emin Pasha satisfactory. They said that they would proceed directly to Wadelai and proclaim it, and commence the work of transportation. The deputation started for Wadelai on the 20th. Emin returned on the 27th with his little daughter Ferida, and reached camp on the 16th. I agreed that twenty days was a reasonable time. He offered a written undertaking, which I declined. The interval was occupied by Parke in healing our sick. He devoted and skillful was he that I was able on April 1 to turn out 280 able bodied men, whereas in February it would have been difficult to muster 200."

Rubbish of the Refugees.

Stanley then bitterly complains of the immense loads of property the refugees brought in, entailing endless work upon his men to bring to a new plantation, and which was practically rubbish, because it must be abandoned on the march. On March 1 he ordered that the staff be stopped from being brought to the land with a fleet of sixty-five loads had already been brought in. A month after Selim's departure a letter arrived from him announcing that rebels, officers and several men had determined to depart for Egypt under Stanley's escort.

Stanley's Council of War.

Stanley, now finding delay fatal likely in assembling the refugees, called a council of the officers and stated in detail the position of the case, and also the danger of trusting the rebels implicitly, as Emin was inclined to do when they had already boasted of their intention, with cajoling words, to entrap Stanley and strip his expedition. Finally Stanley asked the officers whether they were justified in waiting beyond April 10. Each officer replied in the negative.

"There, Pasha," I said," continues Stanley, "you have your answer. I shall march on the 10th." In reply to Emin's question I said we could certainly, in our conscience, acquit him of having abandoned the people if they had not arrived, after a few days later, Emin troubled the Casati's scruples as to whether they were justified if they abandoned the people."

Emin's Authority Gone.

Stanley then at length with these difficulties, convincing Emin that food was plentiful and the Egyptians living in concord. "The natives showed no disposition to part. On the 17th," continues Stanley, "Emin informed me that but few of his servants would go. Here was a disappointment. Out of 10,000 only a few were willing to accompany me. We could not march with less than a force on the part of the Wadelai force. It was clear that the pasha no longer had authority. Yet Emin was obstinate in his belief in them. But now the mutiny broke out. Never mind, I can do with two servants as well as with fifty."

Conspiracies in Camp.

"At this time," continues Mr. Stanley, "I discovered conspiracies in the camp. The Egyptians tried to steal the rifles of the Zanzibaris, and the number of malcontents daily increased. The Egyptians had received news of a bad state of things at Wadelai. Therefore, I decided upon immediate action. I formed a square of rifles and ammunition and the Egyptians were called to it, who refused to come were arrested and placed in irons, and some were flogged. All denied any knowledge of a plot. I told all who planned mischief they were to stand aside, and through the pasha threatened to exterminate them wholly if there were any more rebellious tricks. They promised religious fidelity. Emin's force now consisted of about 600 persons. On the 10th we started, numbering about 1,500 persons, including 350 newly enrolled native carriers. On the 12th we were attacked by natives, and that night I was struck down with a severe illness.

Selim's Treachery Revealed.

"The intercepted letter of Selim revealed another plot to attack the expedition. On day 5 a letter was received from Selim containing various insolent charges against us and an appeal to wait longer for them, the rebels having again refused them their ammunition. Stanley replied, offering to go slowly so as to enable them to overtake him, but he never heard any more from Selim. We resumed the march on May 8 and adopted a route skirting the Baliegu mountains, forty miles from Nyanza. Arriving at the southern end of the mountains, we were attacked suddenly with the fall of Unguro, which cleared the route as far as the Semliki river.

"Crossing the river," he says, "the Wanassura attacked us with a heavy rifle volley, but fortunately without casualty."

The Natives Feared Them.

The remainder of the letter consists of geographical details and accounts of occasional fights with the natives. In general thing the natives displayed a wholesome fear of the expedition.

Lieut. Jephson's Report.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Mr. Stanley in his letter of Aug. 5 gives extracts from Lieut. Jephson's report concerning the state of affairs in Emin's province after Stanley's first meeting with Emin. Lieut. Jephson states that Emin's troops were mutinous, and twice tried to make the pasha prisoner, but succeeded only in weakening of authority, but he hid the desperate state of his position or only hinted at difficulties which came from the outside.

He Shot His Wife.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 26.—Alexander McKenzie, a painter by trade and recently arrived from Chicago, shot and fatally wounded his wife here. Mrs. McKenzie left her husband some time ago, and the bullets from the revolver entered the left temple. Domestic infidelity is at the bottom of the trouble, and Mrs. McKenzie had recently applied for a divorce. McKenzie has been arrested.

WE HAVE
Cape Overcoats
FOR BOYS,
4 to 13 years. $2.00 to $8.50.
FOR MEN'S SIZES,
35 to 42, Irish Frieze and Black Cheviots, $16.00 to $20.00.
MEN'S HEAVY OVERCOATS,
$5.00 to $16.00.
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from $7.00 to $15.00.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED AT
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
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THE BEE HIVE
Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Swiss Vests, former price 50c., now 35c.
Ladies' Sanitary Wool Vests, 50c.
Ladies' Merino Vests, 35c., 39c. and 49c.
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Plaited Front Wool Jersey, former price $1.50, now $1.
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FURS.
Hair Muffs, 50c.
Nubria Muffs, $2.50.
Opossum Muffs, $2.50
Children's Wool Mitts from 10c. up.
Louis Callman,
38 WEST FRONT STREET

A Card to the Public.
About a year ago I bought out all other interests beside my own in the firm of Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, No. 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield, continuing the firm name to avoid unnecessary changes. Hereafter I shall continue the business as successor to the firm, and I give this notice so that my patrons will not become confused, and I will use the same efforts as hitherto to please them and all who favor me with their patronage. NEWTON B. SMALLEY.
Successor to Smalley Brothers, Meat Market, 94 Somerset street, North Plainfield.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE!
Having bought the business of R. F. Hoes, I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.
W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-13-tfm

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies.
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
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Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

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Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
I manufacture my own Mattresses and sell them at Wholesale Prices, so you will be convinced by calling. Repairing done promptly, satisfactorily and promptness.

He Got It.

"Can't you put a poor, starving man in the way of getting a bite of bread?" inquired a hungry tramp as he presented himself at the door where lived the humorist of the local paper.

"Why, certainly, my poor man," said the kind hearted wife of the humorist, "here is a cake of yeast that you are welcome to."

"What I can't eat yeast, ma'am."

"No; but perhaps you can raise some bread with it; we do."

And the hungry man lifted his hat and retreated in the shadow of a smile that was sublime.—Boston Courier.

The Disadvantages of Obesity.

"Want a shine, boss?"

"I don't know. Do I need it?"—*Life.*

SHERIFF'S SALE.—In chancery of New Jersey.—Between Sarah Ellison, complainant, and Lucius C. Pinkee, et al., defendants. Fi fa. for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale at public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D., 1889,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the township of Westfield, in the county of Union, and state of New Jersey.

Beginning at a stake in the southwest side of Union street, being two chains and twenty-five links from the corner of said Union street, where it intersects the formerly road; thence running (1) south forty-four and one-half degrees west two chains and eighty-seven links or one hundred and ninety-six feet to the west corner of a lot belonging to Henry Bond (formerly Jacob Moffett); thence (2) with her line and binding thereon north forty-three degrees and thirty minutes west, one chain, thirteen and three-quarter links or seventy-five feet to the north corner of said Bond's lot and west corner of Nathan Clark's lot, formerly John Baldwin; thence with the line of his lot and binding thereon north forty-four degrees and thirty minutes west, two chains and seventy links or one hundred and ninety-four feet to the southerly side of said Union street; thence along the south-east side of said street and binding thereon one chain thirteen and three-quarter links or seventy-five feet to the place of beginning. Containing fourteen thousand six hundred and twenty-five square feet of land, be the same more or less; being lot No. five on a map made by T. Dunn.

JAS. P. NORTHROP, Sol. F. P. GLASBY, Sheriff.
Fees—$9.00. 3 JAEN 3 15 td

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IN BRINGING TO YOUR ATTENTION THE FINE LINE OF

"Holiday Books"

WHICH WE HAVE JUST OPENED. THESE BOOKS HAVE BEEN SELECTED WITH UNUSUAL CARE AND WE FEEL CONFIDENT THAT YOU WILL FIND THEM TO BE THE BEST SELECTION EVER SHOWN IN PLAINFIELD.

WE HAVE A LARGER VARIETY OF

Children's Books,
Fine Art Books,
and Booklets

THAN WE HAVE EVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED TO CARRY, AND INVITE AN EARLY INSPECTION BEFORE THE LINE IS BROKEN.

A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

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That I have secured the exclusive right in this section for the sale of the **GILMAN FARM**

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation, As Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Stock, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

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Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

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"Rose Corn Solvent and Hoyt's Improved Rose or Soft Corn Scissors, three sizes, for sale by druggists, or sent by mail, three scissors and one bottle solvent, $1.25; scissors only, 50 cts. In ordering mention this paper. Manufactured only by

E. S. HOYT & CO., Norwich, N. Y.

Thousands in Successful use
The CELEBRATED PERFECT FITTING RUBBERS
WARM AIR FURNACES
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FOR SALE BY
A. M. GRIFFEN,
19 EAST FRONT STREET.

BY $3.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

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Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

Professional Cards.

DR. M. S. SIMPSON,
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Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m.
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Veterinarian, No. 28 Park avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 324 West Front street.

WILLIAM G. A. REE,
Counselor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 2 Kearney building, Jersey City. Residence, No. 709 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y*

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counselors at Law, Solicitors of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counselors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner of Deeds, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue, Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

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STOVES,

They quote no prices. Come and see, and you will purchase. Horse Blankets and Robes. Full stock.

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without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of **TOILET SOAP** in the city by long odds.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.

Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Shaver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. per cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best places to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.

JAMES HARDY, Prop.

TAXATION.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation for the City of Plainfield, will meet in the Council Chamber on the fourth Tuesday in October, the 28th, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M. (Fifth P. M. until 5 o'clock P. M., or longer if found necessary, for the purpose of all cases submitted to them for consideration.

MARTIN VERMEULE,
HERMAN MASSMIG,
J. F. MACDONALD,
Commissioners.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 13 1889.

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Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free.

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They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

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Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

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WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 600 BUSHELS **ROSE POTATOES** WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

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35 WEST FRONT STREET,
CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.
LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a
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An interesting one. Call and see it.

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PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS. PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.

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Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

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Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, &c., just received at
U. B. CRANE'S,
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Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

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Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons, for terms, address Miss Alice Beard, P. O. Box 1099.

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Kindergarten and School, 23 Crescent Place, Grove Street. In each department elementary branches are carefully and thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make early school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-23-4f

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Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony or the violin. Director of choral classes. The art of speaking, vocal Music a specialty. Rest class, No. 79 Dorr street, North Plainfield. 9-14-6m*

MISS SHAW
Will give lessons in German at her residence, 11 East Ninth street, Monday, Sept. 9th. Pestalozzi's system used and special attention given to beginners. References from former pupils. 9-10-2m

MR. F. L. COMBS,
Teacher of violin, 12 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for recital and concert playing. Rest of reference. P. O. Box 209. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the most scholarly graduate, is prepared to give lessons in French and German Language, and Art Painting. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1806.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS
will open Thursday, Sept. 19th, corner Central avenue and Second st. Mr. H. Hoopp, Principal. Ida F. Hoopp, Assistant.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield. Specialty—Fireplace work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1246

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Residence, Bronx. P. O. Box 806.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

AT THE
City Pharmacy

You may obtain DESTINE for your teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and any injurious substance.

SANACUSUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinter tops at 25c. per bottle.

L. W. Randolph,
Successor to Field & Randolph'
21 W. FRONT STREET, Plainfield, N. J.

Frank Linke,
(Established 1865.)
Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,
Bottler of
BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT
ALE AND PORTER.
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

CANNED GOODS

We keep a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Honey Dew, R. & M. and Sawyelles Corn. Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN,
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

SURE CURE
for
RHEUMATISM
Breaks up complete and cures in a few days the Most SEVERE CASES.
Sulphur Vapor Baths
Fifth street, near Front. 10-1-3m

L. HEYNIGER,
81 & 83 Somerset St.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, BONNY, PILLSBURY and ROSE. The latter is specially adapted for pastry. HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. PRICES LOW. A full line of BUCKEYE'S foods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made,
Furniture Express
81 WEST FRONT STREET
Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture carefully and promptly removed for parties going out of town. Shipments to the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 6.48, 6.54, 7.47, 8.48, 9.00, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Sunday 12.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Leave New York (Liberty street) at 2.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00, midnight. Sunday, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00, midnight. Express trains, 6.54, 8.48, 9.00, 10.48 a. m., 12.48, 1.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Sunday 12.48, 2.48, 3.48, 4.48, 5.48, 6.48, 7.48, 8.48, 9.48, 10.48, 11.48 p. m. Express for Newark only, 6.48 a. m. Express for Newark, Elizabeth and Rahway, 6.48 a. m. Express for Newark only, 6.48 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.35, 8.05, 9.35, 10.40, 11.30, a. m., 2.05, 3.30, 5.40, 6.35, 7.30, 9.35, 10.50, 11.30, p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 10.40 a. m., 4.35, 5.40, 6.35, 7.30, 9.35, 10.50, 11.30, p. m. Express for Somerville, 6.35, 10.40 a. m., 2.05

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

Antique mahogany is Mrs. Cleveland's hobby

Miss Ellen Terry, it is made known, wears No. 7 gloves.

Mrs. Robert Goelet is said to enjoy an income of $300 a day.

Mrs. "Stonewall" Jackson is writing her husband's biography

Louise Truxo, an Englishwoman, was 175 years old when she died, in 1790

Senorita Echequoren will inherit $80,000, 000 from her rich Mexican father

Mme. Marchesi, the famous teacher of singing in Paris, has written her memoirs.

Blanche Willis Howard, the novelist, has patented a music rack and a bath shoe.

Mrs. Haggin, the California millionaire's wife, possesses a ruby valued at $10,000.

Mrs. James E. Neal, of Hamilton, is president of the Ladies' Democratic association of Ohio.

Mrs. Mackay wears at times a fanciful spangle nearly an inch in diameter, which is said to have cost $185,000.

Miss Orilie Thomas, stenographer and typewriter, is said to be the only American girl in charge of an exhibit at the Paris exposition.

Miss Grace King, the clever New Orleans novelist, is a stately woman, 27 years old, with brown hair and eyes and striking features.

The celebrated English actress, Mrs. Kendal is the inventor of a lamp and candle shade from the sales of which she makes a handsome profit.

Miss Proctor, of Lima, O., has patented a process by which it is claimed 10,000 cubic feet of illuminating gas can be extracted from one barrel of Lima oil.

Mrs. William Astor owns from $6,000,000 to $7,000,000 worth of real estate in her own right, while the widow Astor is Caroline Schermerhorn's widow was worth $10,000,000 or $12,000,000. Mrs. Robert Goelet has several millions, and Mrs. Clarkson Potter more than $1,000,000.

Elizabeth Tobin, of Russell, 11 years old, already 6 feet 6 inches in height, 3 feet 1½ inches round the waist, and 2 feet 11 inches round the chest, is the latest thing out in giants. The doctors say she will continue to grow in girth and stature for years yet.

Sister Maria Theresa, superior of the Sisters of Mercy in Tonkin, who recently received the cross of the Legion of Honor, has ministered to the wounded of the French army for thirty years, and has herself been wounded on three occasions—at Balaklava, Magenta and Worth.

SUPERSTITIONS ABOUT BABIES.

In Spain the infant's face is swept with a pine tree bough to bring good luck.

Garlic, salt, bread and steak are put into the cradle of new born babes in Holland.

In Ireland a belt made with a woman's hair is placed about a child to keep harm away.

In America the child is handed over to a nurse with instructions to "raise it on the bottle."

In Scotland it is said that to rock the empty cradle will insure the coming of other occupants for it.

The Grecian mother, before putting her child in its cradle, turns three times around before she fire while singing her favorite song to ward off evil spirits.

The Turkish mother loads her child with amulets as soon as it is born, a small bit of lead well steeped in hot water prepared by precious charms, is stuck on its forehead.

Welsh mothers put a pair of tongs or a knife in the cradle to insure the safety of their children; the knife is also used for the same purpose in some parts of England.

The London mother places a book under the head of the new born infant that it may be quick at reading, and puts money into the bridal bath to guarantee its wealth in the future.

Roumania mothers tie red ribbons around the ankles of their children to preserve them from harm, while Ethiopian mothers attach bits of sandstone to the necks of their offspring.

At the birth of a child in lower Brittany the neighboring women take it in charge, wash it, scrub it, and rub the head with oil to solder the cranium bones. It is then wrapped in a tight bundle, and its lips are anointed with brandy to make it a full Breton.

Among Vosges peasants children born at a new moon are supposed to have their tongues better hung than others, while those born at the last quarter are supposed to have less fluency and a less reasoning power. A daughter born during the waxing moon is always precocious.

NOMS DE PLUME OF AUTHORS.

"O. K. Philander Doesticks," Mortimer Thompson.

"Oil St," Samuel W. Small. "Bill Nye," Edgar W. Nye.

"M. Quad," Charles B. Lewis. "Bill Arp," Charles H. Smith.

"Ned Buntline," Col. Judson. "Josh Billings," Henry W. Shaw.

"Peter Plymley," Sidney Smith. "Peter Parley," S. G. Goodrich.

"Max Adler," Charles H. Clark.

"Brick Pomeroy," M. M. Pomeroy. "Mark Twain," Samuel L. Clemens.

"Fairy Wales," William A. Croffut. "Howadji," George William Curtis.

"Fanny Fern," Sara Payson Willis. "Eli Perkins," Melville D. Landon.

"Hawkeye Man," Robert J. Burdette. "Dr. Marvel," Donald Grant Mitchell.

"Nym Crinkle," Andrew C. Wheeler. "Petroleum V. Nasby," D. R. Locke.

"Elise O'Reilly," Charles G. Halpin. "Orpheus C. Kerr," Robert H. Newell.

"Josiah Allen's Wife," Marietta Holley. "Maj. Jack Downing," Seba S. Smith.

"Uncle Remus," Joel Chandler Harris. "Pat Carraher," A. Miner Griswold.

"John Phoenix," Capt. George H. Derby. "Hosea Biglow," James Russell Lowell.

"Mrs. Partington," Benjamin P. Shillaber. "Artemus Ward," Charles Farrar Browne.

"James Yellowplush," William M. Thackeray. "Grandfather Lickshilling," Robert W. Griswold.—Mail and Express.

ENGLISH PROVERBS.

Jesting lies bring serious sorrows.

Home is home, be it ever so homely.

It's possible for a ram to kill a butcher.

Keep no more cats than will catch mice.

Hope is a good breakfast but a bad supper.

Judge not of a ship as she lies on the stocks.

It is less painful to learn in youth than to be ignorant in age.

A MARVEL TO MRS. KENDAL

THE VERSATILITY OF AMERICAN WOMEN A SURPRISE TO HER.

A Normal College's Eighteen Hundred Girls Impressed Her Very Strongly—Her Ideas on the Subject of Matrimony—The Gallant Act of Prince Leopold.

Mrs. Kendal sat at a little tete-a-tete table in her room perfumed parlor contemplating a rack of dry toast and a steaming service of English breakfast tea. A rosebud blushed in beauty at her throat, and the thread-like ring of gold on her wedding finger was her only jewel. It was a plain, prim, lofty looking par lor, with never a picture or a cushion or "the aesthetic trove of individuality" about it, but there was a fire on the hearth and a woman in front of it, with far-away, wistful blue eyes, dreaming among the glowing coals, and together they made the room a sweet, restful, soothing place—a home.

"And you come from a newspaper. It surprises—the versatility of the American woman. I have seen many wonderful things since I came to New York, but nothing that interested me so much as the women—the es

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

A Thanksgiving Romance.

Around him the larger children—
The part that she had wanted.

Her pretty lips set in a pout,
She sighed: "Ah me, I'm fated!
But tell me what you thought about?
Your wish you had better stated."

"Alas!" he cried, "it's been declared
That what the bone he broken,
The winner's wish must not be shared,
It must remain unspoken.

"This fatal rule demands that I
Or secret shall refuse you;
Yet if I'm mum (he heaved a sigh)
The chances are I'll lose you.

"Oh, cruel fate! what shall I do?
(His hand began to tremble.)
The fact is that—I wished—for—you.
Why should I, love, dissemble?"

The maid replied, her head bowed low,
Half trusting Cupid's power,
"Regarding rules, there are, you know,
Exceptions in all cases."

TOM MASON.

JOTTINGS.

—The newest thing yet: Looks like rain.

—Services will be held in the Holy Cross church to-morrow morning at eleven o'clock.

—The Board of Education will meet in the Franklin school building next Monday evening.

—Many visitors are in the town for Thanksgiving, and a number of Plainfielders are visiting elsewhere.

—New Jersey Democrats will enjoy a turkey dinner to-morrow. New Jersey Republicans will dine on "crow."

—The Public Library and Art Gallery will be opened at the usual hours to-morrow, but the circulating department will be closed.

—Somerset street road bed needs a scraping. The quantity of superfluous mud thereon is surprisingly great for a macadamized road.

—The Young People's society of Warren Mission chapel held a business meeting last evening. Routine business only was transacted.

—The city Common Council will holds its regular December meeting in the council chamber next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—To-morrow is a legal holiday and the banks, post office and other public buildings will be closed for the day. No paper will be issued from this office.

—After a collection had been taken up in one of the churches in this city recently two railroad excess checks and six buttons were found on the contribution plate.

—The Soldiers' Memorial Monument Committee will hold a meeting on Saturday evening. It is thought that a site for the proposed monument will then be decided upon.

—The delegates from the Catholic Benevolent Legion of this city who attended the State convention at New Brunswick yesterday report having had an enjoyable time.

—Union Thanksgiving services will be held in the First Presbyterian church at 10:30 to-morrow. Sermon by the Rev. Charles Mitchell. A collection will be taken for the Relief Association.

—The members of the Exempt Firemen's Association are requested to meet in their rooms on East Front street to-morrow morning at nine o'clock to make arrangements to attend the funeral of the late Solomon Fisig.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for the week is as follows:

November, 1889.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Friday	44						
Saturday	46						
Sunday	46						
Monday	46						
Tuesday	46						
Wednesday	46						
Thursday	46						
Friday	46

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK P. M. EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 7 SOMERSET STREET.

S. W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK.
OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

Keep Thanksgiving!

Let us keep it by all means. Let us keep it every year, all over the country north, south, east, west. Gather all your family around you, every one. Give your children the best dinner you can afford. Let not one word of scolding come from your lips, let not a disturbing thought enter your heart. Let the young ones have a rare day of perfect happiness, let them at least believe they have something to be thankful for. Sorrow and disappointment will come to chill their bright young souls soon enough. Let them say for at least one whole day: I am happy; I am glad I was born. For the time will come when they cannot say that.

What is more, if any of your children, your relatives or friends, are estranged from you, if you have parted in anger and they have wandered away from you, alone and in pain, go out to them this day and bring them back. Bid them to your Thanksgiving feast, and forgive and be forgiven, for you need it as much as they. The true and only philosophy of life, if you would be happy, prosperous and beloved, is to live constantly at peace with all mankind.

Again, if there are unloved, unmated *ones in your midst*, bachelors, single women who dwell alone, widows and widowers, those lonely souls who are not first best to anybody, bid them to your feast, too. Make them feel for one day in the year that there is somebody who takes a genuine interest in them.

Did you ever think what it is not to be first best to any human being; to have not a soul who cares more for you than for anybody else on earth? If you never did, think of it now, you who have homes and families. Remember the solitary, those who have nobody to go home to, men and women both: those who, with hearts full *of kindly emotions, yet* are doomed to walk through life unloved. Is there not as infinite sadness in it?

What have you to be thankful for, discontented, disappointed man or woman? If you have nothing else, you are to be thankful for life itself. You have not been so very happy in life that you feel like giving thanks for it? Nevertheless give thanks. Consider what life is for. It is struggle and strife continually. Very well. That is exactly what we want to fit us for the lofty heritage of the human soul. If we had no difficulties to wrestle against, to develop the marvelous powers of mind and body that lie latent within us, we should be idiots and jelly fish. Trouble means struggle, and struggle means strength. See that you take it so.

Finally, if you believe in the immortality of the soul, believe it to some purpose. Remember always that you are an immortal spirit, that nothing can kill you, nothing can starve, hurt or wrong you. Whatever happens to you, if you do your best, you will still be an immortal spirit, developing a glorious destiny, and nothing can alter that. Therefore, no trouble or misfortune can matter very much here, where nothing is permanent but change.

If you have a trouble that you cannot get rid of, don't go off alone and brood over it. Keep yourself constantly busy at some useful work. Help other people all you can. Persistently keep bright and jolly thoughts before your mind. Carry this philosophy with you always, and you can at length rise above all difficulties, at length find out how to be happy, though miserable.

A polite people, we Americans. Not long since the wife of the Chinese minister in Washington, with a Chinese lady friend, attempted to take a little fresh air in the garden of the Chinese legation building. They sat very quiet, looking neither to the right nor left. But in ten minutes a genuine mob had gathered in front of the residence, and was staring at the ladies. The throng was not composed of the "lower classes," either, but of the fashionable promenaders of Connecticut avenue. They jostled each other rudely in their attempts to get a good view, and talked loudly and coarsely about the women. Some of their remarks were villainous. Attendants came out of the legation building and requested them to move on. They would not. Not till a patrol wagon and six policemen arrived to disperse them did they budge an inch. Oh, yes! Let us send some missionaries to the heathen Chinese, by all means.

Two projects are on foot to shorten the time between Europe and America. One is to build a railway from Quebec to St. Charles bay, at the eastern extremity of Labrador. In St. Charles bay is a deep harbor, as free from ice in winter as the one at Halifax. From this far northern point a line of swift steamers would make regular trips to England. If the plan be feasible, it will shorten the time from Chicago to England two and three-fourths days. The other plan for rapid ocean transit is to land passengers from this side at Milford Haven, on the west coast of Wales, and then ship them by rail to Liverpool or elsewhere. Milford Haven would also be the port of debarkation.

LUCKLESS TOWN OF LYNN

The City of Shoes Swept Away by Fire.

NEARLY 300 BUILDINGS BURNED.

The Loss Will Probably Be $10,000,000.

Blowing Up Buildings with Dynamite to Check the Flames—Thieves Rush in from Boston and Sack Plunder.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 27.—Lynn, the city of shoes, was visited yesterday afternoon by the most disastrous and most extensive fire in its history. With two exceptions, it was the most disastrous fire that has ever visited this section of the country, the exceptions being the Boston fire of 1872, when over $60,000,000 worth of property was destroyed, and the Portland fire of 1866, which caused a loss of from $10,000,000 to $12,000,000.

The fire raged eight hours, and devastated a square mile of the business section of the city. The fire swept over an area of twenty-one acres, destroying 300 structures, as follows: One hundred and twelve dwelling houses, 142 frame business houses and forty-two brick blocks. The railroad depot, three newspaper offices, the telegraph office and a church were among them. The loss is variously estimated from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000, but the latter is believed by the real estate experts to be nearer the real figure. In fact, the greater part of Ward 4 is wiped out as regards the important shoe manufacturing blocks and prominent places of business.

Where the Fire Started.

The fire started in a three-story wooden building on Almont street, over the boiler room, and spread with such rapidity that the excellent fire department of the city was powerless to cope with it. This large wooden building was soon doomed, and the flames soon began to burrow passageway and communicated with the six story brick block known as Mower's block. When these two buildings were well under way it was evident a further conflagration would result. Almost simultaneously the four story wooden shoe factory of Bennett & Barnard on Central avenue, and the four story wooden building on Almont street, took fire, and when under way a hurricane of flame was in progress which terrorized all who were looking on. The efforts of firemen and citizens seemed to be of no avail.

The Burned Territory.

The burned territory is bounded by the following streets: Almont, Central avenue, at its junction with Willow street; Union street from the junction with Broad to the Boyden block, on both sides; Mount Vernon street entire; Central square entire; Beach street on both sides as far down as Lee's lumber yard; Washington street, from Munroe through to Union; Railroad avenue; all of Exchange street; Broad street, from the engine house, on both sides up as far as the corner of Exchange; Spring street entire, besides dwelling houses too numerous to mention on Suffolk, Amity, Sagamore and Beach streets.

The Chicago Fire Recalled.

All arrived from Boston, Salem, Marblehead and other surrounding towns, but the united efforts seemed to have little effect on the devastating flames. Scenes familiar to the great Boston and Chicago fires were repeated in all their horrors—mothers fleeing with babes in their arms, express wagons, trunks loaded with household goods, and dwellings and transferring goods to places of safety, in many cases a second removal being necessary, and the utmost confusion and alarm prevailed.

The excitement increased, and became a panic when it was realized that a conflagration threatening the entire business quarter was in progress.

Four Newspapers Homeless.

After the fire had been burning for two hours everybody felt that it would not stop until it had reached the ocean shore, and this proved to be the case. Four daily newspapers are burned out, The Item, Bee, Press, and News, three additional ones the next morning. Three national banks, the Central, Security and First National, together with the Lynn Institution for Savings, are all wiped out. Twelve of the finest shoe blocks in the city are in ruins, and about twenty-five stores. At present it is impossible to say how many dwellings are burned. The houses destroyed were mostly those occupied by poor people in the vicinity of Beach street and the wharves. It is impossible as yet to estimate the insurance.

No Fatalities Reported.

There were many narrow escapes from serious accidents, but no fatalities are reported. The high brick fire wall on the B. F. Spinney block served as a barrier to the further progress of the flames up Union street after the frame structures opposite had been gutted. The most prominent blocks burned are as follows: On Almont street—the handsome block which is occupied by the Consolidated Adjustable Shoe Company, Central square and Central avenue—Bennett & Brainerd's block, Fuller's block, the Woodbine block, in which was located The Daily Bee; Bergengreen's block and the brick block owned by The Daily Item. On Union street—S. W. Currier's new brick block, C. D. Kirtland's block, B. F. Spinney's brick block, a large wooden, but dilapidated, structure occupied by Titus & Buckley, Earle's block, J. G. Brown's brick block, Ashcroft's brick block, Kirtland's brick block, Buffum's brick block, a brick factory owned by C. J. Litts & Co., and Cushing & Downs' large wooden building, occupied by C. E. Harwood and the Lynn Union; a brick factory occupied by John S. Bartlett & Co., the brick and wooden block of E. E. Elder, occupied as a machine shop and planing mill.

A Congregational Church Destroyed.

On Exchange street—H. H. Abbott's wooden block, the large Doak brick block, the wooden block corner Spring street, the brick block occupied by L. S. Johnson & Co., the Central Congregational church, and the Central Square shoe factories, the entire block being swept out. On Broad street—Sawyer & Chase's carriage factory, W. N. Breed & Co.'s five story brick block, and E. E. & A. Jones' five story brick block and eight or ten smaller wooden buildings. On Beach street—S. N. Breed & Co.'s lumber wheat and coal sheds, Hill, Pelton & Co.'s planing mill, Joseph Breed's store, lumber wheat, five or six carpenter shops and several dwelling houses. The Central Congregational church was burned to the ground between 5 and 7 o'clock.

Homeless People Housed in Churches.

The First National bank block cost $60,000 to build. Located on the upper stories was the Detroit club. It had the finest parlors and club rooms in Essex county, and their loss is about $7,000; well insured.

The First Methodist and First Universalist churches, and several school houses were thrown open to accommodate burned out families. Mayor Newhall has called a special meeting of the aldermen to take action and secure more engines. Chief Engineer Hosmer, lumber dealer, lose everything. They estimate their loss at $300,000, with about $125,000 insurance. Many business men were stripped out entire. On the street were some of the large brick factories occupied by Francis W. Breed, Healy Bros. and William Porter & Son. Goodwin's last factory, on this site, was also burned.

Blowing Up Buildings.

Dynamite and powder were used at frequent intervals to blow up wooden buildings, but with little effect. The fire virtually burned itself out, and at half-past 8 was considered under control. Both companies of the Massachusetts militia located in Lynn were called out and put on patrol duty.

A narrow escape from death was that of Ernest Williamson, who, in the early stages of the fire, volunteered to take a line of hose up a ladder in front of Dagger's building on Willow street to play from the top upon the west wall of the Mower brick block, owing to its not being "dogged." He finally obtained the hose and ladder, and, to the great relief of hundreds who expected no one to climb, he made the ascent in safety. A few minutes later the upper west wall of the Mower block fell through the Dagger building with a terrible crash.

The Work of the Firemen.

The work of the firemen was greatly hampered by the network of overhead wires in the burned district. Thieves flocked in from Boston, and as soon as it was evident that the fire was to be a large one, and there was considerable plundering. A house was blown up by powder at the corner of Broad and Exchange streets at 5:45, and a roaring window glass in all directions, but effectually checking the progress of the flames in that direction. William T. Ash, slipper manufacturer, in the Mower block, is the owner of the Central station of the Boston and Maine railroad was burned flat, and the flames then leaped across Mount Vernon street.

Dynamite of Little Use.

At this juncture Lawyer William H. Miles, Francis W. Reed and others asked Mayor Newhall to have the Mower block on Exchange street, and the Boyden block on Mount Vernon street and the Central church blow up with dynamite to stop the flames. The mayor thought such a course would imperil lives and be a disadvantage to the firemen who were directing streams of water at that point. Several small buildings were, however, blown down on Exchange street, but the effect was very slight, as was also the current of the flames. The Daily Item proprietors estimate their loss at $30,000, and they are insured for $10,000. It will probably be all lost. A fire boat could have done immense service in saving wharf property, but no boat was at hand, two from Boston having got stuck on the flats. One small schooner was burned at S. H. Breed's wharf.

Some of the Shoe Firms Scorched.

From the corner of Spring street on the southerly side of Exchange street to Broad street was a row of wooden buildings, in which the shoe business was first conducted. Starting from the corner of Spring street the first building was occupied by Willis Bros. & Co., as a leather dealer. Then followed the shoe factories occupied by William F. Hill & Co., Isaac M. Aitwill, Denning & Wiggin, James B. Clisse, Smith & Dexter, Charles H. Marcy, Charles S. Viltum, Milton D. Porter, and W. A. Estes & Co. A small amount of stock was saved from several of the buildings. A hopeful feeling prevails among the business men that the public spirited citizens and shoe manufacturers will soon rally from the terrible catastrophe.

Occupants of the Burned Blocks.

Among the parties burned out in Mowers' brick block are: Central National bank, Pratt & Babb's express, E. W. & C. P. Mower, shoe manufacturers, and Wake R. Spurr & Co., grocery goods. Loss $4,000 on the latter. In Stevens' brick block, on Central square, the parties burned out are: National Security bank, Lewis S. Reed, E. J. Hadley and the Lynn Item company. In Fuller's block, which was burned, were located the Western Union Telegraph company, C. D. Pecker & Co., G. E. Leger & Co., Lee & Sprague and Hilton & Kent. In Earl's block was located the telephone office, Earl's cafe, Henry F. Hurlburt's law office and one or two other lawyers' offices. The Lynn Union opened a temporary office late in the afternoon at the Eastern railroad's Market street depot and the Postal company opened one at West Lynn.

Boston to the Rescue.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—Mayor Hart has called a citizens' meeting for today to take action in connection with the Lynn conflagration.

Panic in a New York School.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Minnie Fogenkoff, 13-year-old girl named Mary Fogenkoff, a pupil in Grammar School No. 24, located at 203 Rivington street, fell from her seat in the class room in the fifth story building and with a wild panic ensued among the scholars. The fit was the most violent one, and over a hundred children, thinking something dreadful had happened, rushed screaming from the room. They toppled over one another in their wild effort to reach the yard. The other children in the school hearing the noise attempted to join in the throng and the entire building has

THE ARIZONA STORM.

The Black Stamp in It, but a Good Deal Not Included.

Westward the Course of Empire Takes the Red Initial Letter.

Not Silence the Wee Have

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, bum so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warrant.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Gents' Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

JOHN J. RENNEY,
Corner of Front Street and Park avenue.

Professional Cards.

DR. E. S. SIMPSON,
Office hours: Until 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m.
6-5-1y

E. K. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Office and Residence, 22 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 64. Residence, 124 West Front street.

WILLIAM M. A. REE,
Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 9 Exchange place, Jersey City. Residence, No. 150 East Front street, Plainfield. 1y

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Pub lic. Office, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Office, 2 and 3 Library Building, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to. Will prepare plans sent to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 947 Broadway, New York city, rooms 21 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

J. P. LAIRE & Co.

Owing to the warm and stormy weather propose to reduce their stock of

STOVES,

They quote no prices. Come and see, and you will purchase. Horse Blankets and Robes Full stock.

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOAP in the city by long odds.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN.

Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. per cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,
PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best place to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.

JAMES HARDY, Prop.

TAXATION

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Appeal in case of taxation for the City of Plainfield will meet in the Council Chamber, on the fourth Tuesday in November, the 26th inst., and 10 from 9 o'clock p. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. or longer if found necessary to dispose of all cases submitted to them.

MANNING VERMEULE,
JEREMIAH MANNING,
C. F. MACDONALD,
Commissioners.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 13 1889.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFEN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Parlors corner of Washington, 33 East Second street, corner of Washington.

Wm. J. Stephenson,

CATERER

and

Ice Cream Dealer,

2 NORTH AVENUE

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store,

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,
34 WEST FRONT STREET.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 600 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR

75 Cts per bushel

IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF

R. W. RICE & Co.

GROCERS,

Duer and Emily Sts.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

STEPHENSON

33 WEST FRONT STREET,

CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.

LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a

Five Cent Counter.

An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,

SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,

Othello Ranges,

PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS, PLUMBING, TINNING and GAS FITTING.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

12 EAST FRONT STREET.

Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers

AND

METAL WORKERS.

CARNEY BROS.

Dealers in

Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.

Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

The New Fall Styles

Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, Etc., just received at

U. B. CRANE'S,

12 PARK AVENUE.

Large Stock of Boys' Reefer Hats, Cheap.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Lessons in Elocution, alone or private lessons in connection with other studies, address Miss Alice Swart, P. O. Box 1060.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Taught by Madame Vivonne and Ovedenard, late Directress School of Languages, Madame Bonte, New York. Pupils received into the Plainfield High School, and at private houses. Lessons by letter and questions at their private residence. Terms moderate. Address 21 Park avenue. Terms made known on application. Address Bertha School, No. 1 West 38th street. 8-22-1y

MISS FAWCETT'S
Boarding and Day School, at Oak Grove, Grove Street. Pupils enjoy the advantages of the best instruction. Classes are carefully thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make the school life attractive. Circulars on application. 8-22-6f

MR. T. E. HASELL,
Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or on the violin. Practice of choral classes. The art of reading vocal Music a specialty. Residence, No. 17 Grove street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MR. F. L. CORDE,
Teacher of violin. 13 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Advanced scholars prepared for concert and concert playing. Box of reference, P. O. Box 232. 4-9-1y

MISS C. S. HELLWIG,
Is a graduate of the Conservatoire of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best graduate in music. Teacher of piano and German, in French and German Language, and Art Painting. For further information address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 8 West Fifth street. 7-26-1y*

MISS NETTIE HATTESON,
Teacher of piano and violin. Lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1548.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 219

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronx. P. O. Box 1328. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. MANNING,
Residence Bronx. P. O. Box 330.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

SPICER & HUBBARD,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds for

AT THE

City Pharmacy

You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Free from grit and any injurious substances.

ARACIOUS, pleasant to the taste will Cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinter tops at 25c. per bottle.

L. W. Randolph,

Successor to Field & Randolph'

21 W. FRONT ST REET, Plainfield, N. J.

Frank Linke,

(Established 1865.)

Wholesale Wine and Liquor Dealer,

Bottler of

BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED EXPORT ALE AND PORTER.

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Hotels and Private Families.

179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

CANNED GOODS

We have a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the Celebrated Shrewsbury Tomatoes, Franklin Street Peas, Corn & Lima and Succotash Corn. Also the famous

Springville Peas.

On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

READER KNOW

That I have secured the exclusive right to this section for the sale of the GREAT RAIN FARMER

CANNED GOODS

which have an established reputation. As Pittsburg, Tippecanoe Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at

Howell's Grocery,

NO. 27 NORTH AVENUE,

opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

SURE CURE

for

RHEUMATISM

Results to complete and quick and surprise the most. SURE QUICK

Sulphur Vapor Baths

Fifth street, near Front. 10-29-3m

L. HEYNIGER,

81 & 83 Somerset St.,

NORTH PLAINFIELD.

I keep in stock all the choice brands of flour, SUCCESS, ROSEY, PILLSBURY and the XXXX, WHITE and GRAHAM of my own manufacture. PRICES LOW. A full line of HEINEKEN'S goods constantly on hand. Also a variety of

WOODENWARE

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Corey, to whom reference is made.

Furniture Express

31 WEST FRONT STREET

Large Jumbo Trucks, and experienced men. Furniture moved and promptly removed to all parts of the city or country in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made by

Moving Pianos.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 6.48, 7.40, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.27 a. m., 12.27, 1.27, 2.27, 3.27, 4.27, 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.27 p. m., 12.27 night. Sunday at 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.27 a. m., 12.27, 1.27, 2.27, 3.27, 4.27, 5.27, 6.27, 7.27, 8.27, 9.27, 10.27, 11.27 p. m., 12.27 night. Leave West End, 7.00 minutes later than Plainfield. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street, at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Leave Newark at 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday at 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7.10, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 2.04, 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 9.37 a. m., 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 1.40, 3.40, 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bonnell.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.07, 9.37 a. m., 2.04, 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 9.37, 11.13 a. m., 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Leave Easton at 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 1.40, 3.40, 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Passengers for Easton change cars at Bonnell.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 8.00, 9.37, 11.27 a. m., 2.04, 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 9.37 a. m., 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 1.40, 3.40, 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bonnell.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.07, 9.37 a. m., 2.04, 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Sunday at 9.37, 11.13 a. m., 4.37, 6.07, 9.37 p. m. Leave Easton at 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 1.40, 3.40, 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.40, 10.10 a. m., 5.40, 7.40, 10.40 p. m. Passengers for Easton change cars at Bonnell.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE; HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.20 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.27 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Junction, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.10 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 8.07 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 11.27 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 2.04 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 4.37 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 6.07 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. 9.37 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc. Sundays at 5.27 a. m. for Easton; 8.03 a. m. for Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; 9.37 a. m. for Easton, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville; 4.37 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8 00, 10 27 a. m.; 12.27, 1.27, 2.54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.27 a. m.; 1.27, 4.27 p. m. Sundays (Ocean Grove only) 10.27, 12.27, 2.54, 5.27 p. m. Sunday 8.27, 10.27 a. m., 2.54, 5.27 p. m. Sunday 8.27, 9.27 a. m., 2.27 p. m.

SOUND SHORE ROUTE.

For Trenton at 1.27, 2.27, 3.27, 5.27, 11.27 a. m.; 2.27, 3.54 p. m. Sunday at 3.27, 5.27, 11.27 a. m.; 2.27, 3.54 p. m. For Philadelphia at 1.27, 2.27, 3.27, 5.27, 11.27 a. m.; 2.27, 3.54 p. m. Sunday at 3.27, 5.27, 11.27 a. m.; 2.27, 3.54 p. m. For Baltimore and Washington at 1.27, 2.27, 3.27, 5.27, 11.27 a. m.; 2.27, 3.54 p. m. Sundays at 3.27, 5.27, 11.27 a. m.; 2.27, 3.54 p. m.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 and 10.30 a. m.; 1.45 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.00, 9.00, 11.45 a. m.; 1.45, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, RARITON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m., 1.45, 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.30 a. m., and 6.30 p. m.

Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1.45 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Fells., Pa., closes 1.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m. Mail for Weaverville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays close at 9.00 p. m. Open every evening until 9.00 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 6 p. m.

7% City Mortgages.

Safe as the best U. S. Bond.

Better than any new R. R. Bonds.

Principal and interest payable in Brooklyn. Write for list. WM. M. IMBRIE & CO., Bankers, 7 Wall Street, New York.
56 Broadway, New York.
12 NO FARM MORTGAGES.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 North Avenue,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R. TEA.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

20 Park Avenue.

Telephone Call 48. Residence at Mode avenue. Telephone Call 76. Office & Residence.

PLAINFIELD

ODDLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tasks in operation. Our machine is approved of by the Board of Health. Furnishing and delivering. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Sod Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. P. O. Box 662. Telephone call 28.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their liberal favors in the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE, NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 982.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

of

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand,* with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY, President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer

GIVEN AWAY

10 days only,

A Fine 50c SUSPENDER to every purchaser of a $3 hat or over.

Eugene M. Laing

No 5 PARK AVENUE.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instructions of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 7 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Quarter, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 792.

RICHARD H. DAY'S

City Livery Stables

54 West Fourth street.

Telephone call 121. Plainfield, N. J

Special attention given to boarding horses

Orders left at A. Titsworth's, North ave nue, will receive prompt attention.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers,

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

Miscellaneous Cards.

H. N. Spencer, 76-78 Somerset St.

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury's Best and Mighty Dollar Flour; Orange Co. Butter; Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Canned Goods, Provisions and Produce. Pure Cider Vinegar, Sweet and Cold; White Granite, Yellow-Rock-Stone, Bartlow and Glassware; Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets, Ammunition.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farris Lever Harrow. John F. Wyatt, Bronx street North Plainfield.

Smalley Brothers,

73 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerville, N. J. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. Will show above ass lots.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in our reliable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers, Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue, Yard South Second street.

T. B. Morgans.

Newsdealer, Stationery, etc

27 1-2 West Front street.

PEERLESS DYES Are the Best.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons

Successor to Runyon Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front street place. P. O. Box 962.

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder.

RESIDENCE, 19 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N.

All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Satisfactorily given.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. S. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

GEO. CONOVER,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture Moved

to all parts of the city or country. Less covered trucks.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 34 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

HEARSE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 19 Third street, corner New Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. E. J. MARVIN'S

"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"

Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and raises the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by

C E. CLARKE,

NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET.

Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE M...LINER,

latest shapes of

Bonnets and Hats

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and 22 Park avenue,

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PIANOS TUNED.

WE RESPECTFULLY

Invite Everybody

to call and examine our fresh stock of new goods. We are always pleased to show goods and give prices, whether you buy or not.

Sole Agents for Dr. Kloph's specialties, the best and cheapest in the end.

DICKINSON & CLAWSON,
15 Park avenue.

BEVERLY FARMS.

A THANKSGIVING IN OLD VIRGINIA, BY FELIX G. DE FONTAINE.

[Copyright, 1889, by American Press Association.]

EVERLY-ON-THE-ROANOKE is an old historical place that has long been famous in the annals of Virginia hospitality. Located in one of the most fertile sections of the mother state and comprising many hundreds of acres that in skillful tillage had become a model of their kind, reaching from the war of the revolution to the war of secession, had gone forth from the old family to grace with their influence the outside world.

Just before the war, the members of the household consisted of Col. Bainbridge, his son Will, cadet in the naval academy at Annapolis, and three daughters, Dorothy, the elder, now widow by reason of the death of her mother devolved the care of the family, Margery and Clara—all of them belles of the neighborhood. Like most Virginia homes, this did not escape the afflictions of the time. Death laid upon it a heavy hand. Col. Bainbridge was killed in the valley while leading one of the regiments of Stonewall Jackson. Margery, now wife of a widow at twenty-two, but had never laid aside her mourning, and always spoke of her husband as if he had died within the past year, her only consolation being that he had died of dysentery and amid the agonies of a battle field, he had been taken a prisoner and tenderly cared for by some Federal officer, she knew not whom.

Dorothy like all was not without her grief. Before the breaking out of hostilities, she had found among the officers stationed at Fortress Monroe one who had promised to brighten her life, and if she had pledged her heart and hand. At the call of his state he went to the front, and a monument, around which Dorothy in her grave way every Sunday strewed flowers, is the story of his gallant death at Manassas. Clara, the youngest sister, after the close of the war, while visiting friends in the north was wooed and won by Col. Hartley, formerly of the Federal army, and at the time at which this story opens was living in New York among the surroundings of wealth. Daughter of fate, being the only fruit of the union. Will was still following the sea and was the captain of a steamship on the Pacific.

To some of Kate was a comparative stranger, for they had not seen her since early childhood, and of her father they knew less. The wounds of the strife had not yet healed. Yet Dorothy had written, begging that for her handsome northern niece to come down and spend a winter on the plantation only to be met with an excuse, for a visit to Old Roanoke and the ancient home was the suggestive of anything but pleasure to a young city girl who counted the figures on her dial plate chiefly as they scored the change from one ten cent piece to another. So, in her own words, "the evil day was put off as far as possible."

Finally, however, Miss Dorothy made such a point of it—Kate being, after her mother, "next of kin"—that further resistance became an offense, and the journey was made. At the outset of the retirement into rural seclusion. We shall see.

On arriving at the station of the dilapidated little town that marked the end of her travels, Kate's daughter, K

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING, FROM A SMALL VISITING CARD TO THE LARGEST POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART, PROMPTLY AND REASONABLY, AT THE NEWS JOB DEPARTMENT.

JOTTINGS.

—There were several snow squalls to-day.

—The public schools of this city and North Plainfield remained closed to-day.

—Engine Company No. 2 took their apparatus out for a "wash" yesterday.

—The Alpine Social club of Bound Brook intend to have three more receptions this Winter.

—Free singing class as usual at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at eight o'clock. Young men are invited.

—All young men interested in short-hand are requested to meet at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at eight o'clock.

—Owing to the stormy weather there was no meeting at Vincent chapel Wednesday evening to discuss the Methodist chapel proposition.

—The regular Friday evening meeting at the Seventh Day Baptist church will be omitted this evening in consideration of Mr. Burdick's address at Music Hall.

—A team of horses belonging to Spencer Conway, of West Fourth street, ran away on Broadway, Wednesday afternoon, and partially wrecked the wagon before they were caught.

—To-morrow at 10:30 a. m. Dr. Lewis will preach at the Seventh-day Baptist church upon "The Late Catholic Congress, and the Future of Roman Catholicism in the United States."

—The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated in the Trinity Reformed church next Sabbath. The regular preparatory service will be held in the church this evening at eight o'clock.

—Large crowds of people visited Crescent Rink yesterday afternoon and last evening. Miss Jennie Houghton gave an exhibition on the tricky rollers and some of her feats elicited considerable applause.

—The Union Sunday school at Martinville will have a Christmas tree entertainment in their chapel, and active preparations are being made, under the direction of Teacher Lane, to have a good time.

—About seven hundred persons attended the ball given under the auspices of the Park avenue and Oriental Social clubs at Crescent Rink on Wednesday evening. Professor Bernhard's orchestra supplied the music.

—Jonathan Clawson, John Emery, Thomas Armstrong, James Sharp, William Bowe, W. H. Van Winkle, Jacob Voehl and William Bodine have been drawn as petit jurors from North Plainfield township, Somerset county, for the December term.

—Mr. A. B. Beers is expected to lead the meeting at Bethel Chapel this evening. Those who expect will find their own Bible a note book useful. The topic will be: "Divisions of the Bible into books. Chronological arrangement. Divisions into chapters and the verses. Some familiar chapters."

—At the Crescent League alley, Thanksgiving eve, Mr. Howard Emerson offered a turkey as a prize for the one making the highest score at bowling. It was won by Harry Van Emburgh, who bowled 207. Mr. Brett offered a box of fine cigars as a second prize. This was won by Mr. C. B. Rogers, Score 210.

—A large delegation of Plainfielders were at the great foot-ball game between Yale and Princeton in New York yesterday. Numerous bets were made by them and when they returned the Princeton men were justifiably "whooping em-up" while the Yale men were feeling in a condition to negatively answer the oft mooted question "Is life worth living?"

FATHER STAFFORD SURPRISED.

The Recipient of a Check for $500 from His Friends.

Rev. John A. Stafford, assistant rector of St. Mary's church, received a very pleasant surprise last Wednesday evening. A number of his friends waited on him, and through the pastor, Rev. Father Smyth, presented him with a check for $500, to make good the loss he sustained in the recent fire. It will be remembered that when the rectory was burned on the morning of Nov. 7th, Father Stafford lost nearly all his books and clothing. The people of the parish at once determined to replace his loss, and in their efforts were ably seconded by the Temperance Society. Last evening Messrs. Peter Flynn, A. McQuigan and Michael Flynn, Miss Rose Verdon, Mrs. Wm. Moore, Mrs. D. McCarty and Miss Marie Daly, representing the various societies, guilds, etc., met at the pastoral residence where they were received by Father Smyth. Father Stafford was then invited to the parlor, and in a few happy and well chosen remarks, Father Smyth informed him of the kind thoughtfulness of his friends. Father Stafford was very much surprised, but managed to give suitable expression to his grateful feelings. A excellent collation terminated the happy occasion.

The Men Who Won the Turkey.

Bowling for turkeys was the attraction at Olympia bowling alley on Wednesday evening, and several very fine fowls were awarded to competitors as follows:

A. Wyckoff, score 161; A. Wade, 152; Chas. Krumm, 155; G. Rogers, 184; E. Eaton, 171, 209 and 170.

Mr. H. Hall won three of the turkeys, but his scores were not recorded.

The alley is open to the public for bowling every evening throughout the year, Sundays excepted.

Intellectual Thieves.

Thieves entered the South side Public school on Chestnut street, Roselle, last Tuesday night, and made away with 4 Webster's Unabridged Dictionary and a full set of Appleton's American Encyclopedia. Besides expensive mineral cabinets. An entrance was effected by breaking a hole in one of the front windows, reaching in and unlocking it.

THE CHARTER ELECTION

DEMOCRATIC WARD NOMINATIONS WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

The Excise Board Idea Unfavorably Received.—Names of the Candidates.

The Democratic primaries to elect delegates to the city conventions, nominate Councilmen, and select ward officers, were held in the Democratic Association rooms on West Front street Wednesday evening, as follows:

FIRST WARD.

The First Ward primary was called to order at eight o'clock. Louis F. Wadsworth was chosen chairman, Andrew Love, Jr., secretary, and John J. Kenny, judge of election.

Delegates to the City Convention were elected as follows: W. H. Voorhees, John Rafferty, Tell A. Beguelin, L. F. Wadsworth, John F. McIntyre, W. L. Hatfield, and S. H. Place.

Walter Hatfield was nominated for Councilman, and ward officers were chosen as follows:

Constable, Thomas Callahan; Judge of Election, John J. Kenney; Inspector, L. F. Wadsworth; Clerk, Andrew Love, Jr.

SECOND WARD.

The Second Ward primary was called to order at 8:30 o'clock. James H. Martine was made chairman, Louis M. Stover, secretary, and John Mortimer, judge.

Delegates to the City Convention were elected as follows: Wm. K. McClure, P. H. Martin, L. H. Brown, E. W. Conklin, and John Mortimer.

Leonard Spangenberg was put in nomination for Councilman.

The Ward officers nominated were: Constable, W. Callahan; Judge of Election, Geo. Sadler; Inspector, Louis M. Stover; Clerk, Louis H. Brown.

A resolution instructing the nominee for Councilman in the event of his election to favor measures looking to the formation of an Excise Commission was introduced, and, after considerable debate, was laid on the table.

THIRD WARD.

James Clark was elected chairman of the Third Ward meeting, and Levi Kline and Frank Bacon were made secretary and judge, respectively.

Delegates to the City Convention were elected as follows: William Wright, Levi Kline, James Clark and George Elms.

For Councilman Theodore Miller, Jr., was nominated.

Ward officers were nominated as below:

Constable, Charles F. Gluentzer; Judge of Election, George Elms; Inspector, Wm. Wright; Clerk, Levi Kline.

FOURTH WARD.

Vincent L. Frazee was chosen chairman of the meeting, E. J. Martin, secretary, and M. C. Flynn, judge.

Delegates to the City Convention, Vincent L. Frazee, Daniel McCarthy, Jacob Krinzy, James O'Neil, Michael F. Watson, William H. Warner, Michael Fields, George R. Rockafellow, Daniel Hogan, Joseph T. Sullivan, Jeremiah Compton and E. J. Harding.

Timothy D. Moffett was put in nomination for Councilman.

Ward officers were nominated for the First District as follows:

Judge of Election, Wm. H. Warner; Inspector, Vincent L. Frazee; Clerk, George R. Rockafellow. Assessor Daniel Hogan; Collector, Edward C. Searing; Inspector, Michael R. Flynn; Clerk, Thomas Harding.

The delegates were empowered to fill any vacancy that may occur.

Target Excursion and Presentation.

Yesterday morning, after a short parade through several streets of the city, the Park Avenue and the Oriental Social clubs, headed by the Bound Brook Cornet Band, went to Summit in stages. A team from the Plainfield clubs, composed of Messrs. Joseph and Jacob Blinn, John Pola, Albert Sutphen, John and William Emery, Fritz Mann and George McIntyre, competed there in a shooting match with a team from the Summit Lyceum for a silver cup. The Plainfield team was defeated by about 90 points. At the conclusion of the rifle practice the visitors were entertained at McGrath's Spring House, where they sat down to a bountiful collation, to which they did ample justice. After they had satisfied their appetites the President of the Summit Lyceum, in behalf of the association, presented the Park Avenue club with a beautiful gavel, made of ivory and oxyx. The Plainfielders were taken by surprise, but President Edward C. Searing, in behalf of the club, thanked the donors in a few well chosen words. The Plainfielders returned home about ten o'clock.

Honoring a Dead Comrade.

The Ricknor Firemen's Association held a special meeting yesterday morning at Firemen's Hall and appointed a committee to draft resolutions of respect for their late brother, Solomon Flaig. Invitations were extended to all the officers and members of the Fire Department of this city and the borough to attend the funeral in a body, and committees were appointed to take charge of arrangements to toll the fire bell, and to suitably drape the hall.

The funeral took place at half-past one o'clock this afternoon from the First Presbyterian church. Rev. E. P. Hall officiated. Quoted at the funeral service. The pall bearers were Messrs. Fred Casper, Charles H. Smith, Theodore Kurdsak, William Kline, Wm. Woodruff and ex-Fire Commissioner T. J. Gillen.

The deceased gives a total of fifty deaths in the death of each member. This is the first loss by death since their organization nearly two years ago.

To Talk About License.

Lecturer Sardick, on the invitation of the clergymen of Plainfield, will talk on the license question to-night at Music Hall. There was no service on Wednesday evening owing to the storm. Last evening Warren Mission was well filled, an excellent address was given, and much interest was manifested in the proceedings.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Walter Bass and family, of New York, spent yesterday with friends in this city.

Mr. Theodore A. Dunn, of Broadway, died this morning, after a short illness, from paralysis.

Policeman Thomas McCue has been laid up for several days past with a severe sore throat.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Zandt, of Newark, N. J., spent Thanksgiving Day with relatives in North Plainfield.

Chief Engineer Hann, of Flemington, is visiting his cousin, Mr. Edward Hann, of South Second street.

Mr. Louis Dunevan, formerly of this city, now of Long Island, spent yesterday with his parents on North avenue.

Rev. W. P. Tilton, of Boston, has been engaged to preach for the Unitarian church of Plainfield, beginning next Sunday.

The Misses Marie and Agnes Steinhauser, of Jersey City, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Verdon, of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

At the residence of Mr. E. R. Vail, on West Front street, last evening, a surprise party was given under the auspices of the Silled Four.

Mr. Carroll Emerson, of Central avenue, who is attending the university at Alfred Centre, N. Y., spent Thanksgiving day with his parents here.

Mr. Louis Krom, who is studying at Lehigh University, arrived home Wednesday morning. He will spend the remainder of the week in Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Scully, of Nashanic, and Mr. and Mrs. Lansing Wyckoff, who reside near Somerville, recently celebrated their silver weddings.

Minnie Ida, the three-year-old daughter of George and Delia Voehl, died at the home of her parents on West Front street yesterday from membranous croup. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

Miss Emma McGee will address the Epworth League at Vincent chapel this evening on the subject of her trip last Summer to Alaska. Miss McGee's observations of life in that far-away territory will undoubtedly be of great interest.

At the residence of the bride's parents, 93 Grandview avenue, yesterday afternoon, the Rev. Charles B. Mitchell solemnized the marriage of Mr. Charles Hall, of Spooner avenue, and Miss Alice May Leland. A reception followed the ceremony.

The Miss Colbin, of Chicago, Ill., the Misses Lorton, of Phoenix, R. I., and Miss Keller, of Dedham, Mass., are among the visitors at Mr. Emerson's on Central avenue yesterday. During the evening dancing and other games were indulged in. About ten couple were present.

Mr. George V. VanDerveer, of Somerville, who has been acting cashier of the First National Bank of Bound Brook, during Mr. R. H. Brokaw's long illness, has been appointed assistant cashier and will continue in that capacity until Mr. Brokaw's health is improved.

Mr. William J. Stephenson, Plainfield's popular caterer, and Miss Theresa Roeger, were married at 915 Broad street, Newark, at seven o'clock last Tuesday evening by the Rev. Charles B. Mitchell of this city. There was a large gathering of friends, and an excellent wedding supper was served.

Mrs. L. B. Boice and son, of Jackson avenue, arrived a few days ago at Los Angeles, Cal. The young man is in delicate health and has gone to California to improve it. If the climate proves beneficial he will remain there an indefinite time if, indeed, he does not make it his future home, although his mother will continue to reside here.

Harry Campbell and William Kelly, of Plainfield, joint owners of a large Florida orange grove, started to-day for Huntington, Florida. They go by the Clyde line steamers to Jacksonville, thence by the sound steamer to Crescent City. They will take three horses, carts and harness with them, with which to work their grove. They will be gone until Spring.

Mr. Frank Davis, of Martinville, recently attained his majority and about 50 of his friends celebrated the event by surprising him at the other night. Many valuable presents were given to him. He has since then gone to Newark, where he is employed by a large grocery firm. As organist in the Sunday-school and a favorite among the young people he will be missed.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Stevens on Clinton avenue, Irvona, last evening, there was a pleasant private party, to which a large number of young people from Plainfield and vicinity had been invited. Parlor games, dancing, and a fine collation helped to make the occasion one long to be remembered. Messrs. Peter L. Condo and G. Rogers, of this city, furnished the music.

Mr. Theodore Barcalow, of Somerville, has been appointed Deputy Revenue Collector for Somerset county vice William F. Bergen. Mr. Barcalow will assume the duties of the office to-morrow. He was deputy under the late Collector Barcalow, and, it is said, is now appointed because of his special efficiency in ferreting out offenders against the law during his first term. He has been recently in the employ of the government in the United States revenue service in New York City.

Thanksgiving at Dunellen.

Union service was held at the New Market Baptist church by the Presbyterian, Methodist, Episcopal and First-day Baptist churches, of which Rev. D. W. Stallenger, Rev. J. W. Sears, Rev. L. E. Livermore, and Rev. J. A. Cubberley, respectively, are the pastors. Rev. Mr. Sears preached the Thanksgiving sermon.

Sullivan Convicted.

The case of Joseph T. Sullivan, of this city, for illegal liquor selling was tried in the Union county court at Elizabeth to-day. After a twenty minutes deliberation the jury brought in a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment. Assemblyman Ward defended Sullivan.

YESTERDAY'S SERVICES.

HOW PLAINFIELD OBSERVED THANKSGIVING DAY.

Churches Decorated With Fruit and Grain.—Sermons by Baptist and Methodist Divines.

Thanksgiving Day in Plainfield passed without any exciting incidents, aside from a parade or two, and after church in the morning the whole city seemed bent upon bouncing the day in the same conventional manner of years gone by. There were many family gatherings; many happy home greetings, and the usual holiday ebb and flow of visitors from out of town. Religious services were held in the Park avenue Baptist church, and also in the First Presbyterian church, where the several denominations of Plainfield united in recognizing the merciful beneficence of the Creator during the year so soon to close. At the Park avenue church the Rev. Asa Reed Ditts preached a most excellent and appropriate sermon, a synopsis of which we are obliged to omit for want of space. A good collection was taken for the poor of the city. There was a fine display of fruits, vegetables, and grains on each side of pulpit. In front was a large collection of palms and other tropical plants. The music and singing by the regular choir was also appreciated. At the First Presbyterian church the Rev. C. B. Mitchell chose for his text Psalm 4:7, "Thou hast put gladness in my heart, more than in the time that their corn and their wine increased." Among other things he said:

That means that there is occasion for greater gladness over some things than over corn and wine, though they may have increased. As a husbandman I mean, how natural for us to center our thought on the harvest-home. It is well for us to celebrate a thankful spirit, because it is one of the safe-guards against the selfishness and vainglory so natural to the prosperous and fortunate. Great wisdom is also needed to prevent the perversion of gratitude into a means of self-exaltation and forgetfulness of the Divine source of all good.

As a nation we are proud to boast of our national inheritance of the vast acreage of grain; of our vast machinery; our net-work of railways; our mountains of gold and silver, and of our navigable lakes and rivers; and many sermons will be delivered to-day discouraging servility of our national resources, and pointing that God is the especial patron of these United States. Many a man to-day will assume the role in which he will pose as civil liberty avowed to him by the patriotism of the fathers, and the sacrifices of their sons in times of war, and of their labors in times of peace. He will glory in his country's unparalled richness in absolute resources; in her great territories, and assert that no land is so completely swayed by the guiding hand of a divine Providence as the land of freedom. Many a man to-day the nation's needs in prayers, addresses, proclamations, will boast that God is our Father, Friend and Defender.

The recognition of this Republic, its history, its achievements, its reserved forces and its destiny of the world in higher and broader development, should always be borne in mind. For all this things we should be devoutly thankful to the Almighty God of Nations; but, in this thankfulness for material blessings, does there not exist the danger of relegation to grief, self-satisfaction, and self-glorification, rather than exciting to deeds of unselfishness, humility, and a consecrated spirit of loyalty to national purposes?

Thanksgiving simply for material things tends to the moralism of thought and action, just as brooding over individual success breeds egotism and selfishness. God's providence is greater than his bounty; God's plans broader, richer, than a continent. The Lord was with David when, "Thou hast put gladness in my heart, more than in the time that their corn and their wine increased." He was with Paul when he spoke for the riches of His grace; for showers of divine mercy; for harvests of redeeming souls; for deeper insight into His divine purposes; for gold gathered from Scripture mire, such as the fathers never, by all their delving brought to light; and for the whole world to-day working upon human character, and transforming men more and more into the image of His perfect man. And as we think on these things, the corn will disappear, the fields grow dim, the mountain fade away, even the nation will lose its outline, and God and man will again meet on Sinai to rehearse the law, for the law is love, and love the sweet and lingering notes of redemption.

The minister also referred to the increasing practical piety of the Average believer, the increasing reliance on the Holy Spirit, the methods of aggressive Christian work, citing the city, home, and foreign missionary societies, the growth of work by lay-agencies, the work of the Y. M. C. A., the W. C. T. U., and numerous charitable institutions. His peroration was a recognition of the Kingship of Christ, in which was pictured, in language of great eloquence, the opening of the millennial morning.

That Hunted Boy Again.

One of our contemporaries presents the following facetious version of the mumbled boy story, and adds that the writer evidently thinks that the imagination of the reporters who have heretofore dealt with the subject has not done justice to it. He works up the case as follows:

The Man with the Iron Mask is a famous character in history and romance, but he now has to take a backseat for The Boy with the Steel Mask. This latter lives at New Providence. This lad is addicted to the habit of sleeping with his mouth open and snoring. Hitherto some annoyance has been caused by things getting in his mouth at such times. Rats have flown in, and mice have built nests between his teeth, and chunks of plaster from the ceiling, loosened by his snoring, have fallen upon his palate with a dull, sickening thud. Recently, however, the lad has had a steel grating made, which he wears over his face at night. It consists of bars three inches apart, and while it does not seriously interfere with his breathing, it acts as a barrier to keep out the contents of the rubbish that used to fall in.

Parnell Guards Entertained.

The Parnell Guards, of Elizabethport, headed by the Parnell drum and fife corps, visited this city last evening and were met at the depot by a delegation from the Parnell A. O. H. club of this city. After parading through the principal streets they were escorted to the T. A. B. Hall, where a reception was held in their honor. Music and dancing whiled away the hours until morning.

—The introduction of a public telephone to Council Bound Brook with New York and other cities is contemplated.

TAXES, TAXES, TAXES.

A Timely Letter on a Most Important Topic.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—There are taxes and taxes. You know the old adage:—"There is nothing certain in this life but Death and Taxes."

The city of New York, unparalleled perhaps in this country for corruption and extravagance in her municipal government, her aldermen elected by Tammany and the liquor ring, the whole city seemed bent upon bouncing the day in the same conventional manner of years gone by. There were many family gatherings; many happy home greetings, and the usual holiday ebb and flow of visitors from out of town. Religious services were held in the Park avenue Baptist church, and also in the First Presbyterian church, where the several denominations of Plainfield united in recognizing the merciful beneficence of the Creator during the year so soon to close. At the Park avenue church the Rev. Asa Reed Ditts preached a most excellent and appropriate sermon, a synopsis of which we are obliged to omit for want of space. A good collection was taken for the poor of the city. There was a fine display of fruits, vegetables, and grains on each side of pulpit. In front was a large collection of palms and other tropical plants. The music and singing by the regular choir was also appreciated. At the First Presbyterian church the Rev. C. B. Mitchell chose for his text Psalm 4:7, "Thou hast put gladness in my heart, more than in the time that their corn and their wine increased." Among other things he said:

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Keep out the Cold

By having Weather Strips put on your doors and windows. The Cheapest and best place to have this done is at 30 Somerset street.

JAMES HARDY, Prop.

Merry Christmas FOR THE Holiday Trade.

WE OFFER A LARGE LINE OF

Fancy Furniture,

SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

FANCY CHAIRS OF 'ALL KINDS' IN MAHOGANY, ANTIQUE OAK, AND THE NEW 16TH CENTURY FINISH. WRITING DESKS, BOOK CASES, EASELS, MUSIC CABINETS, FOOT RESTS, BLACKING CASES, ETC. ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS FOR CHILDREN.

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

21 EAST FRONT STREET, JUST BELOW THE POST OFFICE.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING!

A FINE LINE OF

Choice Holiday Goods,

AND THE RARE ARTICLES ARE BEING READILY PICKED UP.

We shall run on useful things this year and guarantee to SAVE MONEY to all who patronize us.

Edsall's 20 West Front St., Edsall's.

The Best Place to get "REAL BARGAINS" in "Parlour" Goods in all kinds of Dry and Fancy Goods, Merino Underwear, Hosiery, Fabrics and Kid Gloves, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Lace and Tarcanon Curtains, Window Shades, etc. Carpets Made and Laid. Curtains hung by a first-class Upholsterer on short notice.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ESTHETICS. Prof. Segadlo's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 23 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

BEMISH'S PATENT SALVE for family use. For sale at Randolph's City Pharmacy, West Front street. 26-2

Cents-a-Word-Column.

A 445 elegant parlor stove, almost new, will be sold for $25, owner having sub stituted heaters. A good bargain. Address Warmer, care of EVENING NEWS. 23tf.

GIRL for general housework, wanted at 17 Church street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 33 East Sixth street.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply 191 Arlington avenue.

WANTED — Situation by a first-class cook. 34 New street.

WANTED—Good cook and laundress at 32 East Fifth street. 11-29-1f

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Charter Election.

Public notice is hereby given that the annual Municipal Election in and for the City of Plainfield will be held on

Tuesday, Dec. 3, '89,

For the purpose of voting for the following city officers at large: Three Common Councilmen, to offer values to fill the unexpired term of the late George P. Sayman, a city assessor, a city collector, a city treasurer, two city freeholders, three commissioners of appeal, a member of the board of education, and from each of the wards and election districts, a member of the common council, a constable, a justice of the peace, a judge of election, two inspectors of election, and a clerk of election.

THE POLLING PLACES

as designated by the Common Council are:

1st Ward. Hoagland's Express Office, North avenue.

2d Ward. The Crescent Building, Broadway.

3d Ward. Sharp's Carriage Factory, West Sixth street.

4th Ward. 1st Election Dist. Albert Hose House, Madison avenue.
2d Election Dist. Morse's Store, Muhlenberg Place, Junction of South Second street.

Polls Open at 6 a. m and Close at 7 p. m.

(Adjournment from 1 to 2 p. m.)

Done in accordance with an Act of the Legislature of N. J., entitled "An Act to Regulate Elections," approved April 26, 1876, and supplement thereto.

OLIVER E. LEONARD, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 14, 1889.

THE BEST.

Stout, Spencer & Co.'s

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Celebrated Proprietary Brands of Canned Goods. New Season Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Lima Beans, Early String Beans, Succotash, Extra Sifted Marrowfat, Early June and

Early Garden Peas,

are the BEST of their kinds, in the universal opinion of all who have used them in the past, and this season's pack we think the finest yet offered, surpassing former seasons, if that were possible. Every can guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money and freight refunded. For sale by the Grocers of Plainfield. 11-15-4t-4w

ON MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 9TH,

A

Parlor Musicale,

will be given at the home of

Dr. Tomlinson, 10 La Grande Avenue.

A pleasing programme has been arranged. An attractive feature will be the singing of

MR. CARL E. DUFFT,

baritone in the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, also a member of the Lyric Ballad Co.

The proceeds are for the benefit of the Kitchen Garden. Admission $1. 29-3t

THE KING'S MESSENGERS,

A CHILDREN'S

Home Mission Band

of the

FIRST PRES. SUNDAY SCHOOL,

will hold

A Parlor Sale

in the Chapel on

Saturday, Nov. 30th.

Afternoon and Evening. Admission 5c.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store,

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

34 WEST FRONT STREET.

LICENSED

PAWNBROKER

Samuel Dreier,

Money Loaned on all Articles of Jewelry Clothing, or any Personal Property.

COR. MADISON AVENUE AND FRONT STREET,

UPSTAIRS,

Plainfield, New Jersey. 11-19-3m

CLEANLINESS

without SOAP is hardly possible. We show the finest assortment of TOILET SOAP in the city by long odds.

AMERICAN, GERMAN, ENGLISH,

SPANISH, FRENCH and RUSSIAN

Hand Soap, Shaving Soap, Tooth Soap, Silver Soap, Medical Soap from 10cts to $1. per cake.

OUR OWN TRANSPARENT SOAP is used by some of the most fastidious families in Plainfield. It equals the best imported soaps, at half the price.

Reynold's Pharmacy,

PARK and NORTH AVENUES.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS,
AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK, EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 1 [illegible] STREET,

S. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $2.00 PER YEAR.

President Harrison is one man who believes a woman can keep a secret. He has entrusted the copying of his message to his pretty typewriter girl, who he would not trust it to any man.

Red and black are the devil's colors, it is said. These were the tints in which the Anarchists of New York recently decorated a hall in which they celebrated their martyrs. Among the mottoes were one or two suggestive enough, like the following: "If you assassinate us with Gatling guns, we will dynamite you;" "Our silence in the grave is more powerful than words can be."

A grand day it was in Nicaragua, that on which ground was broken for the canal at San Juan del Norte, on the Atlantic side of the coast. Impressive out of the common it must have been when, as soon as the laborers had begun work with their picks and shovels, the population, both Catholic and Protestant, flocked to the churches and celebrated the event with anthems and prayers of thanksgiving. A general holiday was observed.

Catholic and Protestant.

The scenes at the dedication of the new Catholic university in Washington would have made our Puritan forefathers turn over in their graves. At the banquet in honor of the occasion were the president and vice president of the United States and several of the cabinet officers. The secretary of state made a speech congratulating both Catholic and Protestant on the freedom we enjoy. The Presbyterian president himself spoke a few kindly words.

Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, and Bishop Gilmour, of Cleveland, represent to the full the spirit of American patriotism that throbs in the warm hearts of Catholics born and bred under the Stars and Stripes. The Catholics of the new time recognize the American spirit as fully as anybody alive. Cardinal Gibbons believes in the separation of church and state, and in the reading of the Bible by the common people. In his dedication sermon at the university Bishop Gilmour used these words:

> Catholics have no contention with public schools or state schools as such. They are willing to accept them in America, as they have done in Europe, on condition that the child shall be taught religion and the laws of morality.

When Talmage's church was burned in Brooklyn, among the first to call on him with words of sympathy were some Roman Catholic priests. He and they had worked together in a common cause, in a fight against immorality and sleepiness. In the same fight, in the holy crusade for education, for morality, for the spiritualizing of the race in this age of materialism, Catholic and Protestant can afford to sink all sectarian bitterness and clasp hands.

Who Own the United States?

Thomas G. Shearman is a rich man, a lawyer, and a member of the church left by Henry Ward Beecher. Mr. Shearman is also an enthusiastic single tax man, and opposed to the absorption of the land of the United States into a few hands.

He has been looking into statistics to find out what at present own this country. He finds, to begin, that the rich are undoubtedly growing richer and the poor poorer. Of the wealthy persons within his own knowledge, there are forty-five individuals and twenty-five estates worth from $10,000,000 to $80,000,000. These seventy represent an aggregate wealth of $2,700,000,000, or over $38,500,000 each.

The figures show that at present one-half of the wealth of the United States is owned by 40,000 persons. More than two-thirds of it all is owned by one-seventieth of the population. The wealth of the country, evenly distributed, would give $1,000 per head to every man, woman and child in the Union; but one-seventieth of the population have got it nearly all. It is probably not their fault more than that of false economic systems that causes riches to roll themselves up like this.

Pittsburg has sixty-seven millionaires, Cleveland has sixty-three, while Boston has two hundred. In three villages near New York reside sixty persons whose aggregate possessions foot up $500,000,000. Four men in Chicago are worth $200,000,000 each.

America is far richer than Great Britain. The average annual income of the hundred richest Englishmen is about $450,000; the average annual income of the hundred richest Americans is probably $1,000,000. At the same time Mr. Shearman finds that the average earnings of quite four-fifths of American families do not reach $600 a year; and not a week passes that men and mothers and children do not starve to death in this rich America.

Mr. Shearman concludes his paper:

> The United States of America are practically owned by less than one-fortieth of the population. More than one in sixty of its men and women are millionaires. Within thirty years, the present enormous concentration of wealth in the United States of America will be enormously increased by more than another billion, constituting less than one in ten of the whole population.

It is plain that this cannot go on forever.

BOSTON'S BLAZE.

A Long Fought Battle With the Furious Flames.

TEN MILLIONS IS THE LOSS.

A Conflagration Almost Equaling the Great Fire of 1872.

Two Acres of the Finest Business Places in the Hub State's Metropolis Laid Waste by the Raging Element — The Combined Fire Departments of Boston and Neighboring Cities Battle With the Flames in Vain for Hours, But Finally Check Them After Millions Have Gone Up in Smoke—Gallant Firemen Badly Injured by an Explosion — The Alarm Turned in From the Same Box That Summoned the Firemen in 1872 — The Various Companies Searched and the Amounts They Must Pay.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—The first general alarm sent out in Boston since the "big fire" was rung in yesterday for a fire which started in the building occupied by Brown, Durrell & Co., on Bedford street, and which proved to be in a twinkling more than the first, second or third detachments could readily handle. The first alarm was sounded at 8:15, and the building in which the fire started, always thought to be fire proof, burned like a tinder box, and the flames rose hundreds of feet into the air. A second alarm was rung in at 8:30, and when that proved insufficient to cope with the fire a third was sounded.

A General Alarm Sent Out.

A little after 9 o'clock a third alarm was sent out, and in half an hour there was issued a general alarm, which brought apparatus from Cambridge, Somerville and Chelsea. From the building of Brown & Durrell, where the fire caught, it spread across the street, and back through the burning building into Chauncey street. In a few minutes it had extended along Chauncey street on the left hand side, eating into the building next to it on the south, occupied by Ciuett, Koon & Co., and in less than ten minutes was forcing its way through the next mammoth stone building, occupied by Williams & Co., on the next corner south. Another sweep of the flames caused it to once upon the buildings on Rowe place at the lower end. The wind favored the supposition that the whole South Cove and the wholesale district was doomed. On the one side of Chauncey street the buildings, all of them mammoth structures, were occupied as wholesale houses in the dry goods and fancy goods trade, and every effort was made to keep them from igniting.

Nothing Could Stop the Flames.

At the intersection of Rowe place with the great building of Claflin, Larrabee & Co., a number of firemen were massed, holding the fire gallantly in check until the big stone building of S. Williams & Co., on Chauncey street and Rowe place, ignited, and, feeling a fierce upward draft in their rear, they had to hurry up Rowe place to save if possible the long granite block on the west side of Chauncey street. This effort was futile, and the fire stole across.

Gallant Firemen Badly Injured.

Just before this, while a small army of firemen were striving to save Chauncey street, the hot air generated by the fire raging in the rear blew out the entire glass front of No. 72 Chauncey street, occupied by Wright Brothers, dealers in skins and furs. Firemen were in the building with a line of hose, and were literally blown out into the street. One of them, named Manning, was cut and torn in a frightful manner. His eyes were forced out of his head. At 10:40 a. m. the massive Wellington building at Chauncey and Bedford streets caught. The building was occupied by Pierce & Co., Lawrence & Co. and other wholesale commission firms. The building was flooded with water. In this building was located the big lace concern of Shoninger, Mosely & Co., William Bloom & Co., woolens; George F. Sears; Coffin, Artemus & Co., and several other large firms, while on the Avon street corner was located the Mount Vernon National bank.

Farley, Harvey & Co.'s gentlemen's furnishing establishment, on Chauncey street, was in flames before 11 o'clock.

The Fire in Hand at Last.

At 11:30 the fire was well in hand, and confined wholly to the block on the corner of Chauncey and Bedford streets and that opposite, to the north, occupied by Morse, Larrabee & Co., George F. Frost & Co., and Farley, Harvey & Co. Up to that hour the following business firms had been burned out:

Nos. 69 and 71 Bedford street—Brown, Durrell & Co., Woonsocket Rubber company, Parker, Marsh & Co.'s store rooms. No. 90—Lamson & Hubbard, hatters. No. 59—Taylor Brothers & Co., wholesale clothiers. No. 57—Walker & Stetson, collars and shirts; George F. Quincy & Co., wool; Cornell, Lowe & Co., carpets and oil cloths; Chase, Conn & Co., collars and shirts; William Keith, jewelry. No. 75 Bedford street—S. Lucher, wholesale cloth. No. 60—Bigelow, Kennard & Co., soaps. No. 62—S. Williams, cotton and woolen goods; Bridgham & Co., woolen goods; W. S. Strong & Co., woolens; Silver Lake company, H. F. Allen and R. Ford, yarns. No. 73—Frost, Arnold, Constable & Co., of New York; G. P. Gross, agent; Rothschild Brothers, Thomas Bell & Co., of Belfast, Me.; J. E. Worth, agent; Barbour Threads, manufacturing company. No. 1 Rowe place—A. S. Morrison & Brother, jerseys and yarns; Walker, Stetson & Sawyer, cotton goods. No. 3 Rowe place—Lamson & Hubbard, hatters. No. 5 Rowe place—A. Cohen & Co., cotton; Henry C. Davis & Son. No. 7 Rowe place—A. Cohen & Co., ladies' underwear; Isaac Simon, trunks and bags.

Origin of the Fire.

The loss is estimated at $10,000,000. The fire raged for six hours, and the burned district extends over two acres of ground, and is confined wholly to the south side of the last clear. The fire was first seen bursting from the top of the Brown building at Bedford and Kingston streets. It was over the elevator shaft and probably originated in the shaft.

A Strange Coincidence.

The blaze was discovered by a letter carrier, who notified a policeman. The officer turned in the alarm at the same box from which the great fire of 1872 was sounded. The latter fire started at Kingston and Summer streets.

Seven Persons Rescued.

Police Sergt. Kimball, Patrolman Haynes and ex-Councilman Gregory rescued six women and a man from the upper floor of the building at Kingston and Bedford streets. The seven persons lay unconscious on the floor, overcome by smoke. The hero of the rescue, learning of the fact that all the occupants of the building had not escaped, groped their way up the stairs through the dense smoke and gathered the unconscious forms in their arms, carrying them down to safety.

Two Firemen Missing.

Two firemen, Daniel Buckley and Frank F. Lehar, are missing. They were last seen in the Brown-Durrell building. Another fireman saw them in the building report an explosion of hot air and their own narrow escape, and are of the opinion that the men were overcome and unable to save themselves.

The origin of the fire is not definitely known, but is generally attributed to the electric wires.

Later conservative estimates place the loss by yesterday's fire at $4,000,000.

GEOGRAPHY OF THE FIRE.

The Extent and Boundaries of the Burned District in Boston.

The geography of the fire is as follows: Starting in the six story granite building owned by Jordan, Marsh & Co. and occupied by Brown, Durrell & Co., dry goods dealers at Bedford and Kingston streets, it spread to the Shoe and Leather Exchange building, another large granite structure, which, however, was not damaged beyond a few windows. It then crossed to the opposite corner; thence across Kingston street and along Bedford to Chauncey street, where it was stopped in the rear of Farley, Harvey & Co.'s upper stories of which were burned. Three stores along Chauncey street toward Summer were burned. On the south side of Bedford street the flames jumped across Kingston street from Brown, Durrell & Co.'s to a big sand stone building owned by Taylor Brothers, and this was consumed. The great granite building, known as the Nevins block, at the corner of Chauncey street, was the next victim for the flames, and the entire block clear around Rowe place to Kingston street, was consumed. Turning Chauncey street the fire soon had a good hold on all the stores which are enclosed in Exeter place, a small street running from Harrison avenue to Chauncey street.

Here the firemen got control. At Rowe place the fire was partially checked from going toward Essex street, but quickly leaped toward the opposite side to the immense Allen and Larrabee buildings occupying the square between Bedford street, Harrison avenue and Hayter place, at which point its further progress was checked.

THE COMPANIES REPRESENTED.

Their Names and the Amounts That They Will Lose.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—According to the most reliable estimates the losses of those companies whose agents could be found are as follows:

Liverpool and London and Globe	$ 500,000
Royal	150,000
Sun	125,000
North American (Philadelphia)	70,000
Individual Underwriters	8,000
Home (New York)	75,000
Hartford (Connecticut)	50,000
Franklin (Philadelphia)	15,000
Continental	6,000
Commercial Union (London)	50,000
Mutual Union (New York)	30,000
Pennsylvania	57,000
American (Philadelphia)	37,500
Hanover (New York)	53,000
Orient (Hartford)	60,000
Phoenix (Brooklyn)	32,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	40,000
Imperial	45,000
Boylston (Boston)	40,000
Guardian (London)	20,000
North British and Mercantile	60,000
Fire Association (New York)	40,000
Niagara (New York)	25,000
Queen (New York)	25,000
Western (Toronto)	25,000
Fire Association (Philadelphia)	25,000
Liberty (Philadelphia)	10,000
New Hampshire (Manchester)	31,000
Germania	30,000
Phoenix (Hartford)	30,000
North American	20,000
London Assurance	37,500
Ætna (New York)	37,500
Buffalo German	25,000
Michigan Fire and Marine	25,000
Anglo-Nevada	20,000
Hamburg-Bremen	25,000
American Central (St. Louis)	24,000
Prudential (New York)	20,000
Neptune (Boston)	20,000
St. Paul Fire and Marine	20,000
Milwaukee Mechanics	20,000
Alliance (New York)	20,000
Glens Falls	20,000
Fireman's Fund	19,000
Citizens' (New York)	18,000
Connecticut (Hartford)	17,500
Standard (New York)	17,500
Franklin (Columbus)	15,000
Home (Columbus)	15,000
Germania (Pittsburg)	15,000
Union (California)	15,000
Standard (New York)	15,000
Orient (Hartford)	12,000
Jefferson (New York)	10,000
Peabody (Providence)	10,000
Citizens' (Missouri)	10,000
Guardian (New York)	10,000
Fitchburg	10,000
Mutual Association (New Jersey)	10,000
Equitable (Providence)	10,000
County (Providence)	10,000
Merchants' (Providence)	10,000
Mechanics' (Philadelphia)	9,000
Security (New Haven)	8,000
Albany (New York)	8,000
Girard (Philadelphia)	7,500
Commonwealth	7,500
National Mercantile	7,500
Firemen's (Baltimore)	7,500
Lion	7,500
Girard (Philadelphia)	7,500
Manufacturers' and Merchants'	7,000
Manufacturers' and Builders' (Chicago)	6,000
National (New York)	6,000
Commercial (Albany)	6,000
Empire (Rochester)	5,000
American (Boston)	5,000
Mercantile (Boston)	5,000

Other losers, the amount of whose risks cannot at present be ascertained, are: London and Lancaster, Elliott, Atlantic (Providence), First National (Hartford), Long Island, Star and Fire (New York), Commonwealth, Armstrong, Ætna, Reliance, United Firemen's, Leatherneck's, Tremont, Milford Mutual, Fall River.

The Globe's Estimate.

The Globe makes the following estimation of the loss by the fire: Loss on buildings destroyed, as per owner's valuation, about $6,000,000; on stock, probably $3,000,000 destroyed (mostly by water), probable total estimate of loss on merchandise, $1,200,000. Total loss by real estate or on stock, probably, $7,500,000. Brown, Durrell & Co., carried a heavy stock of rugs, and this alone is a total loss. They also had a large dry goods stock. Taylor Brothers, hats and caps, report their loss at $100,000. Others on retail dry goods are interested in the fire.

PRINCETON DOWNS YALE.

Yellow Defeats Blue in the Inter-Collegiate Contest.

PRINCETON 10, YALE 0 THE SCORE

Twenty Thousand Enthusiastic Spectators Present at the Great Game at Berkley Oval—Yale Played Gallantly But Could Not Win.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The deciding game for the inter-collegiate football championship was played between Yale and Yale at Berkley Oval yesterday afternoon, and was won by Princeton. There were over 20,000 people on the grounds and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the contest. On all sides were bright flags and banners of variegated colors. The collegians had congregated in force and kept up a continual yelling, cheering and tooting tin horns.

Rich with Orange and Black.

The men on coaches had the best of it. They lined up in a long row with the Princeton coaches first on the east end. The class of '89 had the prettiest coach, rich with orange and black, with Ernest Carter, the captain of the glee club; Peters, the class poet, and Jim Hancock, the quarterback of the '88 team, on it. The Ivy club, which is Prince ton's swell society, was well represented.

The Nine Was There in Force.

The Yale men were also well equipped with coaches. Col. Stanford had a coach of his own covered with girls, Col. Beecher had a drag draped in blue, and Billy Ball, the genial host of the Walter Camp, Jay Gould and all the other old Yale relics likes were on tally-ho's.

Brooks, of Harvard, was the umpire, and Sam Rice, of Princeton, the referee. Miss Cleo Nelson, a beautiful young girl of Cincinnati, tried to commit suicide by shooting herself because of disappointment in love. The doctors say she will die.

W. H. Edwards, a private in the Morris Guards, of Atlantic City, N. J., was accidentally shot by Lieut. Russell G. Bing while the guard was target shooting, and will likely die.

Mark Goff and his 16-year-oldson were unloading a wagon of cinders on the river bank at Wheeling, W. Va., when the bank gave way and they were thrown into the Ohio river and drowned.

THEY ATTACKED THE PRELATE.

Archbishop Walsh Stoned While on His Way to Be Installed.

TORONTO, Nov. 29.—His Grace Archbishop Walsh, recently appointed to the diocese, was installed here with imposing ceremony. A couple of hundred Catholic citizens went to Hamilton to meet the archbishop, who came down on a special train, bringing with several dignitaries of the church. On arrival at Toronto a great crowd was encountered, but the Orange element in this city was too powerful to make his journey one of peace.

On the road here an attack with stones was made on the archbishop's carriage. Among the stones was one which struck Mrs. Frank Smith. One stone smashed the window. On another corner the archbishop was greeted with a shower of snowballs. Irrepressible Irving, in his speech there Archbishop Walsh said that the Catholic religion was in this country before all others, and intended to remain here, and that the church would keep its hold despite all opposition.

Archbishop Walsh was seriously injured by stones in the attack. The right arm is badly bruised and swollen, and he is prostrated. There has been considerable indignation expressed here over the dastardly affair. Intense feeling is manifested on both sides, and further trouble is not improbable.

A Newark Sensation.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 29.—Charles F. Vogel, a young man well known about town, was held in $5,000 bail at the court of common pleas, charged by Miss Nettie Feinthal, a prepossessing young lady of 26 summers, who lives at 40 Broome street, with having failed to fulfill his promise to marry her. In her affidavit Miss Feinthal states that the young man won her affections, named a day for the marriage, and then, having secured her bail, the clergyman had been engaged to perform the ceremony, induced her to yield to his desires. The promised wedding day came, but with it came the intended bridegroom's refusal to fulfill his promise. Miss Feinthal at once brought suit for $10,000.

Rev. Mother Gonzatte Arrives.

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.—A rather remarkable lady has arrived here in the person of the Rev. Mother Gonzatte, foundress of the Precious Blood order in Canada, and head of the community in the city of St. Hyacinthe. The reverend lady is en route to Brooklyn, N. Y., where a wealthy American gentleman is building a monastery for the ladies of the Precious Blood. The reverend lady in question has become famous in the Catholic world on account of her fervent piety, and it is alleged by the faithful that at a period following constant fervor the stigmata appear on the palms of her hands.

England the Peace Steerer of Finance.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—At the session of the national silver convention a national silver committee of one member from each state and territory was formed. In a speech Thomas Fitch, of Nevada, declared that England, in its financial dealings with other nations, was the bunco steerer of the world, and Uncle Sam the gentleman from the rural districts. Col. Fitch was interrupted in the evening at the Merchants' exchange. A thousand guests were present.

Looking for Clara Pierce's Murderer.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Nov. 29.—A man has been arrested at Vanderbilt on suspicion of being the murderer of Clara Pierce, near Kylertown, but he was released, having proved an alibi. A body of men are searching for a tramp suspected of being the murderer. Miss Pierce was a pretty girl of 18. Her body was found in the road with three bullet holes in it, and the latest revelation the fact that the girl had been assaulted.

Intercontinental Copyright with France.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The Evening Post's Washington special says: Secretary Blaine is engaged in negotiating an international copyright treaty with France. Count de Kerstry is here for the purpose, and has special representation of the French republic, and voices the views of the literary men of that nation. Count de Kerstry's mission is a friendly one. He is on all connected with the regular legation here.

A Grindstone's Deadly Prank.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Nov. 29.—A dozen tramps were turning the grindstone of the Kalamazoo carriage and Axle works here, and a quarrel arose among them. Fifty feet away stood the grindstone, and, hurling a brick with force sufficient to penetrate a brick wall, struck Fredrick, committed suicide by jumping from a window. No one is known to see the act.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

From Five Points Where the Wires Carefully Center.

Charles F. Wingate, a sanitary engineer, has consulted the Yale college authorities at New Haven, and gave his opinion that the recent sewer gas explosions in the college are due to defective plumbing and other unsanitary arrangements of the buildings.

Walter DeForest Day, sanitary superintendent of the health department of New York, and a prominent physician, is dead. He was 54 years of age.

Mrs. Howell, the widow of ex-Secretary of the Treasury Cobb, died at Athens, Ga., aged 71.

The Knights of Labor have raised their per capita tax from 24 cents a year to 40 cents.

The Center Iron Mills, at Bellefonte, Pa., which were closed for six months, have been reopened.

Fire will break Labor Day at the Mardi Gras exhibition in Boston. Congressman Amos J. Cummings and Gen. Patrick A. Collins will speak on that occasion.

The Columbia Typographical union, of Columbia, Pa., has leased for $1,000 a year hall on the lot which it recently purchased. The union has 1,600 members.

Floods carried away three mills near Laurel, Del.

Peyton Wilkes, a pioneer, died near Greenville, Ore., aged 100 years.

The appeal of The Toronto Mail in the $50,000 libel suit brought against it by the Jesuits has been dismissed.

William Hodgman, a farmer living near Greenville, N. H., shot and killed his wife during a domestic brawl.

William McComb, a farm hand of 18, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun while hunting near Schodoack, Del.

Harry R. Howell's house in Athol, Mass., was robbed, and between $4,000 and $5,000 in cash and securities taken from a safe.

Miss Cleo Nelson, a beautiful young girl of Cincinnati, tried to commit suicide by shooting herself because of disappointment in love. The doctors say she will die.

W. H. Edwards, a private in the Morris Guards, of Atlantic City, N. J., was accidentally shot by Lieut. Russell G. Bing while the guard was target shooting, and will likely die.

Mark Goff and his 16-year-oldson were unloading a wagon of cinders on the river bank at Wheeling, W. Va., when the bank gave way and they were thrown into the Ohio river and drowned.

Rumbling by a Landslide.

BLOOMSBURG, N. J., Nov. 29.—A house at the upper end of the Pottsburg tunnel on the Lehigh Valley road was wrecked by a landslide at 5 a. m. The house was used as a shelter for stationary pumping engine. A train was passing when the slide occurred, and the mass of earth swept the house and engine into the Susquehanna river, completely demolishing the latter and crushing Bigley to death.

A Town Devastated.

ALGONA, Ia., Nov. 29.—The town of Wesley, twelve miles east of here, was nearly destroyed by fire this morning. The Post-master's store, containing that and the Odell Huntley's warehouse, M. Taylor's coal shed, lumber office and yards, the Dinger House and Mr. Taylor's residence burned. The Algonas fire department was telegraphed for and rendered valuable assistance. The loss will be many thousands of dollars.

Shot and Hanged Himself.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 29.—John Kreidler, a watchman in Barber's machine shops at Bath, was found suspended by the neck with a strap, from the door of a closet. He was shot a bullet hole in his heart. Kreidler had been drinking heavily for two weeks and was discharged recently from the shops. They evidently committed the deed.

Floods carried away three mills near Laurel, Del.

Peyton Wilkes, a pioneer, died near Greenville, Ore., aged 100 years.

The appeal of The Toronto Mail in the $50,000 libel suit brought against it by the Jesuits has been dismissed.

William Hodgman, a farmer living near Greenville, N. H., shot and killed his wife during a domestic brawl.

William McComb, a farm hand of 18, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun while hunting near Schodoack, Del.

Harry R. Howell's house in Athol, Mass., was robbed, and between $4,000 and $5,000 in cash and securities taken from a safe.

Miss Cleo Nelson, a beautiful young girl of Cincinnati, tried to commit suicide by shooting herself because of disappointment in love. The doctors say she will die.

W. H. Edwards, a private in the Morris Guards, of Atlantic City, N. J., was accidentally shot by Lieut. Russell G. Bing while the guard was target shooting, and will likely die.

Mark Goff and his 16-year-oldson were unloading a wagon of cinders on the river bank at Wheeling, W. Va., when the bank gave way and they were thrown into the Ohio river and drowned.

Rumbling by a Landslide.

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Relief Funds for Lynn.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 29.—Local banks and agents are receiving relief funds by the state fire here will be paid in full. The work of adjusting losses is progressing rapidly. A heavy rain during the day did not prevent a good deal being done toward clearing up the ruins. The contents of the bank vaults are all right. Relief contributions to the amount of $20,000 have been received. Rebuilding has begun in many cases.

Gamblers Accused of Train Robbery.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., Nov. 29.—Nine men have been arrested, charged with the Santa Fe train robbery, near Berwyn, I. T., Monday night. All are gamblers. Seven were arrested in Ardmore and two in Berwyn. The officers refuse to divulge the names of those arrested. A large force of deputy marshals is still searching in the vicinity of the robbery.

Blown to Death by a Heifer.

AUBURN, Kan., Nov. 29.—At the farm of John Bridges, two miles west of this city, the boiler of an engine used in a sorghum press exploded, instantly killing Bridges and horribly mangling William Conrad Charles Webb, who had his arm almost torn from the socket and will probably die. Carr's left leg was broken in two places. He will recover, however.

Bristol's Shipping Trade Paralyzed.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The dockmen and lightermen of Bristol, to whom there are 7,500, have struck, owing to the merchants having given notice that they would lock out the timber runners if they refused to work with foreign crews. The trade at the port is paralyzed.

The Thief Secured $6,000.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 29.—The safe in the office of the Pacific Express company has been robbed of $6,000. The thief had a key to the door and the combination of the safe. There is much mystery surrounding the affair.

FOR THE
Choicest of Butter
at the most moderate cash prices, call at the
Park Ave. Market
PARK AVENUE and SECOND ST.
WE ARE THE PEOPLE!

Having bought the business of B. F. Moore I am prepared to sell all who may favor me with a call, MEATS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES of BEST QUALITY and at FAIR PRICES.
W. S. BENTON, Prop.
J. B. HATFIELD, Manager. 9-18-1m

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and Second hand. School Supplies
Largest Assortment at the Lowest Prices, at
ALLEN,
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Wm. A. Woodruff
INSURANCE.
AND REAL ESTATE
Money to Loan on approved security. Cor Front street and Park avenue.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw.
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
20 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

USE SCATTER-CORNS
Scatter-Corns Pillets are thoroughly compounded from the most reliable ingredients, and are guaranteed to cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Malaria, Fever and Ague, Kidney Troubles, Female Complaints, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Piles, Blood Impurities, Skin Diseases, Boils, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Coated Tongue, Bad Breath, Cold Feet, Cold Hands, Cold Chills, Cold Sores, Cold Sweats, Cold Colds, Cold Coughs, Cold Croups, Cold Consumption, Cold Bronchitis, Cold Asthma, Cold Pneumonia, Cold Pleurisy, Cold Heart Disease, Cold Liver Complaint, Cold Kidney Complaint, Cold Bladder Complaint, Cold Urinary Complaint, Cold Nervous Complaint, Cold Blood Complaint, Cold Skin Complaint, Cold Bone Complaint, Cold Muscle Complaint, Cold Joint Complaint, Cold Foot Complaint, Cold Hand Complaint, Cold Head Complaint, Cold Face Complaint, Cold Eye Complaint, Cold Ear Complaint, Cold Nose Complaint, Cold Mouth Complaint, Cold Throat Complaint, Cold Lung Complaint, Cold Stomach Complaint

At West Saturday afternoon while the rain was pouring down a citizen left his office and started for an acquaintance who was also standing under an umbrella.

"Hallo, isn't it?" queried the first.

"Eh?"

"Hallo, isn't it?"

"I'd like to see you a moment," was the reply.

"Come up stairs."

"Oh, excuse me, excuse me, I beg!" said the first. The two passed on, however, and the first left the building and started out, and then No. 2 turned on No. 1 with:

"Do you take me for an infernal fool?"

"Why, no, of course not," was the reply.

"Do you suppose I'm carrying an umbrella around to keep the sun off at this time of year?"

"No."

"I'm carrying it to keep off the rain, am I not?"

"Of course."

"Well, then, I'm a fool. You take it mine. Everybody in town knows it. Pshaw. Now, you go on and let people alone."

"But—but—"

"Hain't all. You let it rain. Shut up. Don't let me hear you speak to somebody else. You've just wanted to pester others and let the weather alone. Good day, sir."

And he went charging down the sidewalk and left no order to follow at his leisure.—Detroit Free Press.

What She Would Do.

"You brought Tommy with me, Tom," said Mrs. Flighty, meeting Mrs. Smythe in one of New York's biggest and most fashionable dry goods stores. "I don't often bring him, for I think there's much danger in leaving little children in one of these big shops for on the crowded streets. He wears a little medal with his name and the number of our residence on it. I've taught him just what to say in case he should get lost, and I'd know just what to do myself. I'd keep perfectly calm and go right to police headquarters and give information that would send them—why, where is the child? Tommy! where are you? Tommy, Tommy Flighty! Where did he go? Mercy on us, what could have become of the child! Did you see him? Tommy! Good heavens and earth! He'll be killed in this crowd! Oh, what shall I do? Tommy, Tommy! I'll go crazy if I don't find him this minute! Where can he be? Oh, I shall faint! I shall die if I have to go home without him! Police! Help! My child! My child! I shall never see him again! I know I shan't! He will kill him, I know! Tommy, my child, my child! O—o—o—h!"

And while they were bringing her out of her faint, Tommy came from behind a counter, where he had crept in search of a pasteboard box.—Hal in Time.

An Unlucky Man.

A.—Have you ever had any experience in love affairs?

B.—Well, I should say I had. In love I am the unluckiest of mortals. All the girls that I fancy, and even some that I hadn't begun to love yet, were gobbled up by other fellows and married.—Translated from the German for Texas Siftings.

A Sad Loss.

"Well, I see old Mithoner has died at last."

"Yes; it was a sad loss to me."

"I didn't know you were a friend of his."

"No; I was his physician."—Life.

Advice to Amateurs.

Amateur Theatrical Aspirant—Mr. Boote, please tell me how I can best act so as to make the audience laugh.

Mr. Boote (sizing him up)—Act naturally, young man.—Yankee Blade.

There Wasn't Room.

Wife—Harry, do you see how attentive that couple on the sofa are to each other. I'm positive there's something between them.

Husband (after a look)—I think you're mistaken, my dear.—Time.

More Than His Money's Worth.

Guest (in a restaurant, angrily)—Say, waiter, I find chickens in these eggs!

Waiter (blandly)—All right. Keep quiet, sir, and there will be no extra charge.—Lowell Citizen.

A Blighted Romance.

Salesman—Can it be possible! Miss Coupon, whom I had the pleasure of meeting at Bar Harbor last summer. How long——

Miss Coupon—Three yards, please.—Texas Siftings.

Unreasonable.

Little Mabel—Mamma, may I have something to eat?

Mother (impatiently)—Yes; take this piece of cake, and don't open your mouth again!—Time.

Force of Habit.

Photographer (to Actor Boards in his great character of Mr. Hyde)—Sandy! Now, look blandly and pleasant!—Drake's Magazine.

A Hosiery Tragedy;
OR,
THE SAD FATE OF A WORLD OF HOSE.
[After Hood.]

One more unfortunate,
Weary of cash,
Seeking the Bowery,
"Where prices ain't steep."

The style in "The London"—
How natty and neat!
He cuts quite a figure
While crossing the street.

The streets are so muddy—
Alas, these be ships!
And, ere he recovers,
Hears something that rips.

Lift him up tenderly—
Handle with care!
His hose is no more,
I'll vow, as his hair!

Oh, horror! such words,
In glen or the dingle,
Yells, "Ah, there! my stockings!
You've busted your——"

In grief the owner
We'll draw down past here;
The mural decorations
Will gladden your eye.

—W. J. G. in Boots, Shoes & Rubbers Reporter.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY

THIS HAS BEEN A BIG UMBRELLA YEAR WITH US, AND WE HAVE SOLD SOME GOOD ONES—BUT THE BEST FOR THE MONEY IS THE ONE WE OFFER NOW,—A 26-in. SILK AND LINEN, OXIDIZED HANDLE, COLOR WARRANTED —PRICE $1.98.

We have one case of 36 in. worsted checks and stripes—goods made to sell at 75c.—our price 49c.

Don't you want a new set of knives for Thanksgiving? We are offering a 12-oz. silver plated knife—Rogers' make at $4.50 per doz.—Slightly imperfect—they are, regular price, $9.00 per doz.

How the wrong paper does go! These qualities there are—one at 10c, one at 14c per box, and a special box of 48 sheets of paper and 48 envelopes at 25c, is the best value ever offered.

Pure Vanilline, 7c per bottle.

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c, and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 West Front Street.

We Take Pleasure
IN BRINGING TO YOUR ATTENTION THE FINE LINE OF
"Holiday Books"
WHICH WE HAVE JUST OPENED. THESE BOOKS HAVE BEEN SELECTED WITH UNUSUAL CARE AND WE FEEL CONFIDENT THAT YOU WILL FIND THEM TO BE THE BEST SELECTION EVER SHOWN IN PLAINFIELD. WE HAVE A LARGER VARIETY OF
Children's Books,
Fine Art Books,
and Booklets
THAN WE HAVE EVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED TO CARRY, AND INVITE AN EARLY INSPECTION BEFORE THE LINE IS BROKEN.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & Co
Owing to the warm and stormy weather propose to reduce their stock of
STOVES,
They quote no prices. Come and see, and you will purchase. Horse Blankets and Robes. Full stock.

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE:
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 349.

Professional Cards.

DR. H. S. SIBPSON,
20 West Front street, corner of Library. Office hours: Until 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m., after 6 p. m. 8-8-y

DR. A. VOORHEES, D. D. S.,
Office, Vosburgh Block, 32 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 5, and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone call 24. Residence 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM M. KING,
Counsellor at Law,
Office, No. 2 Mc Leay Building, Second floor, Park place, Plainfield, N. J. 7-27-1y

JACKSON & CORNELISON,
Counsellors at Law. Counsellors in Chancery. Solicitors in Chancery. Solicitors of Patents. Office, corner of Park avenue and Front street.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Further next to all parts of the country. Residence, corner of Fifth and Somerset streets.

OSCAR R. TEALE,
Architect, 207 Broadway, New York city; residence, Rahway, N. J. Inspection and Superintendence. Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by
DR. GRIFFEN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 800 BUSHELS ROSE POTATOES WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR
75 Cts per bushel
IN QUANTITIES OF TWO BUSHELS OR MORE, OR 80 CENTS A SINGLE BUSHEL. THE BEST POTATOES IN THE MARKET. ORDER WITHOUT DELAY OF
R. W. RICE & Co.
GROCERS,
Duer and Emily Sts.,
NORTH PLAINFIELD.

STEPHENSON
53 WEST FRONT STREET,
CHINA, CROCKERY, CUT, PLAIN and FANCY GLASSWARE.
LAMPS and FIXTURES. Also a
Five Cent Counter.
An interesting one. Call and see it.

Perfect Parlor Stoves,
SUNSHINE DOUBLE HEATERS,
Othello Ranges,
PERFECT HOT WATER HEATERS; PLUMBING, TINNING AND GAS FITTING.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 EAST FRONT STREET.
Telephone Call No. 6.

Sanitary Plumbers
AND
METAL WORKERS.
CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Ranges.
Nos. 7 and 9 SOMERSET ST.

The New Fall Styles
Hats, Neckwear, Gloves, &c., just received at
U. B. CRANE'S,
12 PARK AVENUE.
Large Stock of Boys' School Hats, Cheap.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Lessons in Elocution, class or private. Terms reasonable. Apply, or address Miss Ada P. O. Box 1046.

FRENCH AND GERMAN.
Taught by Madame Louis Vivonz and Count, of the Berlitz School of Languages, Boston. Mass. Terms reasonable. Instruction at the Plainfield High School, and at private pupils' homes in Plainfield. Also at Dunellen. Address for terms and Correspondence invited. Free trial lesson. Terms made known on application at Miss Hoover's, Dunellen Hotel, No. 1 West Second street. 9-28-1y

MISS LAWRENCE
Will open Dancing Class and Kindergarten at Cross Place, Grove Street. In each department the system used is the latest, and thoroughly taught, and every care taken to make pupils attend his attendance. Circulars on application. 8-28-tf

MR. C. B. KELSEY,
Teacher of music. Instruction given in singing, harmony, or upon the violin. Director of church choirs. Upon the art of vocal culture. Address, 20 Madison avenue, Plainfield. Also, No. 79 Dean street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MR. F. L. CONDE,
Teacher of violin. 25 years a student. Special care given to beginners for time and tone. Terms reasonable. Lessons at pupil's residence or at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. Address Mr. Conde, No. 79 Dean street, North Plainfield. 9-14-3m*

MR. C. S. HELLWIG,
A graduate of the Gymnasia of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Czar of Russia, and to the best scholar, gives lessons in ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages and music. Upon the violin, guitar and mandolin. Address Miss C. S. Hellwig, No. 24 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y*

MISS NETTIE MATTESON,
Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to choice. Best of references. P. O. Box 1582.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
Miss Johnson and Miss Newton's School for Girls, 27 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544

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Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

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Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll sawing and turning. Glass of all kinds

AT THE
City Pharmacy
You may obtain DENTINE for your Teeth which has had our careful study. Free from acids and all injurious substances.
SAPANACEOUS, pleasant to the taste will cleanse and whiten the teeth. Put up in sprinkler tops at 25c. per bottle.

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Successor to Field & Randolph
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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Foreign Porter and Bass Ale for Families and Private Parties.
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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

CANNED GOODS
We open a few days a full line of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, including the following: Gooseberries, Tomatoes, Pumpkin, Honey Dew, R. & M. and Snowflake Corn. Also the famous
Springville Peas.
On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots
ESTELLE,
TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

READER KNOW
That I have secured the exclusive right to this machine for the sale of the GILMAN FARM
CANNED GOODS
which have an established reputation. Asparagus, Asparagus Tips, Tomatoes, Soup Beans, and Tomato Catsup, in stock at
Howell's Grocery,
NO. 16 NORTH AVENUE,
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

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for
RHEUMATISM
Breaks up complaint quickly. Sold by druggists the world. MISS. COHEN'S
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L. HEYNIGER,
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I keep in stock all the choice brands of coal, including SCRANTON, PLEASANT VALLEY, LEHIGH and WILKESBARRE. Also HAY, STRAW and GRAIN of the best quality. FEED LOW. A share of PUBLIC PATRONAGE is solicited. Orders left at HEYNIGER'S feed store promptly attended. Also a variety of
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Large Furniture Trucks and experienced men, with careful handling and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A special trade in
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CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.17, 6.46, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 5.17, 6.46, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. For Somerville, 12.40 p. m. Sunday, 12.40 p. m. For Bound Brook, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Bridgewater, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Flemington, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Trenton, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Philadelphia, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Pittsburgh, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Chicago, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Cincinnati, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For St. Louis, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Kansas City, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Denver, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For San Francisco, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Los Angeles, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Portland, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Seattle, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Tacoma, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Spokane, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Helena, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Butte, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Missoula, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Great Falls, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Havre, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Miles City, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Billings, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Livingston, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Bozeman, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Gallatin, 8.40 a. m., 4.40 p. m. Sunday, 8.40 a. m. For Virginia City

WOMAN AND HOME.

DINNER PARTY ETIQUETTE ACCORDING TO THE ENGLISH IDEA.

A Few Words to Wage Working Girls—A Good Woman Died Neglected—Complete and Motives—Must Rest the Brain—How the Work of Woman Could Be Lightened.

Young housekeepers and ladies who have been living in retired districts where little company is kept are frequently asking questions on this subject, therefore we will take the first of the questions:

How long before the dinner party should an invitation be sent out?

The period most in favor is from ten days to a fortnight, and sometimes three weeks, if for a large and ceremonious dinner.

Cards printed for filling in may be purchased, or formal or friendly notes of invitation may be sent, according to the degree of intimacy with those to be invited. The day, the date and the hour at which guests are expected should be mentioned. Seven, half-past 7 and 8 o'clock are the times usually named. Invitations to dinner are sent out in the name of both host and hostess, and should be accepted or declined within two days, if possible.

Dinner invitations and replies to them can be left by servant, sent by a servant, or sent through the post. If sent by hand they are frequently replied to while the messenger waits. The reason why those invited should be accordingly is because it is not once in that other invitations may be sent out to fill the places of those who decline.

Having accepted, the guests should be punctual, as the hostess, in most instances, orders dinner to be served a quarter of an hour after the time of invitation.

If the hostess knows that some of her friends are unpunctual, it is safer to give the invitation for a half hour before the time fixed for dinner; and it is well to make a rule of not waiting longer than a half hour after the time named in the invitation, as viands are apt to suffer if punctuality is not observed.

Brillat Savarin writes: "It is a breach of politeness towards those guests who are punctual when they are kept long waiting for one who is late."

When guests arrive the gentleman leave their hats and coats in the hall, or in a room set apart for the purpose. Ladies, upcoming from a distance, should be asked if they wish to be shown into a bedroom. If near neighbors, they would leave their wrap in the hall or in the care of a servant. It is not fashionable for gentleman to wear gloves on entering the drawing room on the occasion of a dinner. A lady wears gloves until seated at dinner, when she removes them. The host and hostess receive their guests in the drawing room, and at small, informal parties introduce guests to each other, unless they know them to be already acquainted. The host intimates to each gentleman the lady he should take down to dinner, and leads the way to the dining room with the lady to whom the most deference should be shown, whether through her age or her higher social standing. If there are more gentlemen than ladies, the host takes two ladies in to dinner, and places one on his right, the other on his left hand. The gentleman always offers his right arm to the lady. Sometimes name cards are put on the table, and the guests ake their places in accordance with them; f there is a large party it is the best arrangement. If only a number of guests, the host, after seeing the lady he brings in seated at his right hand, stands and indicates where other guests are to sit. The hostess sits last with the gentleman of highest rank, or to whom most deference should be shown, provided he is not a relative, when this rule is in abeyance, so that greater attention should be given to friends or acquaintances. The same rule applies to the lady whom the host takes in to dinner.

The placing of congenial persons side by side should be as much a matter of consideration for the host and hostess at dinner as the arrangement of who shall go in together. It is not considered necessary for the gentleman to direct his conversation exclusively to the lady he takes in, though it would, of course, be the aim of a well bred man to be attentive to her; if he failed in this it would not be polite to his host.

The success of a dinner often depends on the tact of the host and hostess in making all their guests feel at home. Ladies, who seldom give dinners, let us give the following *advice both to host and hostess: On no account* appear to have the least anxiety about how things are going; let the cookery, the maids make any mistake, and it must come under your notice, do not let it in the least discompose you; if it does, it is at once brought to the notice of your guests if it does not, they are quite likely not to observe it.—Young Ladies' Journal Supplement.

She Died Neglected.

The late Harriet A. B. Suddoth, of this city, who died suddenly without medical attendance at her room, had during the 76 years of her life been a busy worker for good, and now among her effects scattered about the floor of a basement vault in the court houses are not less than twenty unpublished volumes, consisting of tales, novels, novels, etc., all in manuscript; yet she had published but two or three volumes. She was a writer of no remarkable ability, but somehow did not catch the popular fancy.

The career of Mrs. Suddoth was a remarkable one. When a young girl she volunteered to leave her home in Virginia, where she was born, as a missionary, to Chine, and was the first lady ever sent out by the Southern Baptist Missionary society. She was one of the most extensively traveled persons in the country, having visited every quarter of the habitable globe. Not by any means a comely woman, her attention was so perfect and her conversation so interesting that wherever she was in whatever circle she moved she was the central figure, and held those who came within the ground of her voice under a perfect spell.

Years ago she published a novel, "A Daughter of the Old Dominion," which had quite a run, but it is now out of print, and but few copies are to be found. She was found in her lifetime been the guest of presidents, of senators, of diplomats and even of royalty itself, and yet in her old age, widowed and alone, she died without a friend by her bed to smooth her pillow or whisper a cheering word of comfort to her as she passed into the valley of the shadow of death.—St. Louis Republic.

The Girls Who Work.

Oh, girls! I know there are difficulties. There will be times when the little hall bedroom, three stories back, will be as cold as Greenland, or sniffy and mosquito haunted. When the handkerchiefs you endeavored to rinse out in the washbowl in the middle of your lamdrous bill will be of a streaky yellow, smelling like a compound of smoke and cheap soap.

You will have to learn to pass a confectioner's shop as though the plague lurked there, and to shun the festive soda fountains. If you want to send the dear folks at home a Christmas present it will be well to avoid fashionable and dingy clothes in the case of the resplendent glories of the dry goods windows you daily pass. Some days you will long for some one to speak to, something even your landlady's tabby cat, and you will sicken at the house covered beef and cabbage common among these ordinary boarders.

Yet the worst is not over yet, lots of things will happen to you. Your health will fail and be wrecked, and you will have a most serious time with the fearful and wonderful doctor's bills; in the meantime and until the latter are settled you will be in a state when you have the price of a car fare and a shopping tour, some remote neighbor from home will suddenly swoop down on you, with a pleasant assurance that she has come for a city visit. You are glad to see some one from home, but cannot help wondering why somebody you really care for should not have come to see you first; and watch her eat up your new bat with a feeling scarcely hospitable.

These are a few of the minor trials that the girl worker may expect. There will come other and heavier ones, but none, I think, that cannot be conquered by the brave heart.

There is a stimulus for ambition in the knowledge that by "mounting the slaves of circumstance" there will surely come a time to "grasp the skirts of happy chance."

And if, after a worthy struggle for independence, the keeper fate of gladdening none true man's heart home overtakes her, need her former work seem fruitless?

Nay, not so. For how can a woman better use that knowledge of business and affairs that by personal knowledge of business affairs herself? And how can she better serve her children than by getting acquainted with their future husbands through whom she must guide and shield them?

Then godspeed her in any work she may do heartedly, earnestly and with true dignity.—Willie Wheeler in Chicago Tribune.

Compliments and Mottoes.

The New York girl has developed a craze for compliments and mottoes, quotations and bits of poetry, and is having them cut, carved, engraved, embroidered and etched on everything she owns, some having even gone so far as to have them set in needlework around the hems of their dresses. It is considered the last and perfect proof of gistic friendship to present one's confidants and mattress chum with one of these pastimes embroidered with some civil little couplet with one's own fair hands. Miss Heckscher's best friend and maid of honor gave her a white silk petticoat to be married in, on which she worked for Miss Huckleby's pretty consult about the bride whom

Pass beneath her petticoat
Like Hebrew children he and eat,

As tho' they feared the light.

Mrs. Thurlow Weed Barnes, daughter of John A. Morris, of Westchester, has carved at the head of her bed some quaint words, "that knits up the raveled sleeve of care," and a pretty debutante has embroidered on the tea cloth on her own little 5 o'clock tea table in her bedroom, where she regales her girl friends of an afternoon, amid the mass of delicate blossom, in white and gold silk:

I don't care what the daisies say,
I know I'll get my beau to-day—

and her friends are perfectly sure she is correct in her conviction, despite any fortune that the prophetic daisy petals might predict. Every girl who has an open fireplace in her room flutters over the leaves of Shakespeare and Chaucer, looking for some pretty legend to have painted or carved on the top of it, and others run a long verse in old English lettering around the friezes of their chamber. Their silver and ivory toilet articles have some little French phrase etched across them, and if you will look on the bottom of any bonbonniere at the matinee you are likely to find some flattering or quaint phrase put there by the order of the discreet masculine donor.—New York Letter.

Rest the Brain.

Dr. Sara B. Chase advocates rest just as much as she advocates sleep, and thinks so much of sleep and rest that she believes that they can take the place of all stimulants. Rest is a change from one employment to another; from one condition of mind and body to another. The laboring man can find rest after his day's work is done in reading or writing or studying. The literary man finds his rest chiefly in outdoor exercise, or in any scene that will remove the thoughts of his literary work from his mind. Some people find rest where others would not. I can always find rest at the theatre, and when my mind becomes tired I always go there and come away greatly refreshed. Rest is what the people of this country want so much. They give so little thought to it. They study how to do everything except how to rest, and this want of rest is the cause of so much dyspepsia.

Some women would require more rest than some men, but a great many women seem to get along with a great deal less of rest than others do. The best rest for a busy man, I should think, would be to work in the open country we don't have time to urge that much, because there are very few busy persons here, and so we have to urge them to rest. A rational bathe is the same to rest to whom I have to prescribe rest. This rest consists of all kinds of employment. A number of women tell me that they have really nothing to do, and they are very much worried. Most of this kind are found in the boarding houses of this city. I advise many of them to study painting, but they tell me that they can't. Then I advise them to take up an entire subject and study it, in order to keep their mind employed; but everything I tell them to do they tell me they can't, that they have no taste for it.—New York Mail and Express.

Shorten the Skirts.

I wish some leader of fashion would shorten our skirts for us. Men can have no idea of what we suffer with our long ones. In going we have to be perfect acrobats in the art of clutching up the skirt in front, or else raise the knees two or three inches higher than would otherwise be necessary, in order to hitch the skirt behind. In our efforts to do this we succeed in clearing the front in this manner, we often trip ourselves up by treading on the side breadths.

Then we must remain the gown rests on the step above the one on which our feet are, and if there is any one at hand to hoof it, hoof it is, while the wearer sprawls, more or less gracefully, from the shock of being suddenly pulled up.

If the staircase to be descended is in a public place, such as those at railway stations or exhibitions, the gown has to be held high at the back, in order that it may be kept from the dust or mud that may have accumulated. I have never seen the woman who could accomplish this feat gracefully, have you? Even a French woman makes herself all angles in performing it.—Madge in London Truth.

Could Be Lightened.

Does the shoemaker try to lighten woman's work by sewing the buttons on honestly or "clinching" the buttons with hammer and nail? Does the tailor who makes the pants with his boasted benevolence of "double knees" ever put them on the right place or large enough? Does the carpenter who builds the stairs and hooks where a medium sized woman, let alone a child, can reach them?

If there ever was the fewest possible chance that a woman can reach without standing on a chair at the risk of breaking her back!

It is a very little thing to make an ingenious device for reaching what is on the shelf—if all such stuff is it—well, there is no word strong enough to express the trouble it causes. A shut on a level, with cold water, is not an easy thing to keep clean. Why not make a little faucet? After bring the coin over the edges somewhat. The occasional seizing of pains in the fine cracks or interstices is very trying to a fine manicure.

The bread drawers that never open or shut without a trial of temper, why can not they be made to run smoothly?

It should be declared a punishable offense to make a window that can not be brought in to clean.

Men invented all these awkward and inconvenient things, and men made them, and they are impossible for the broken down, haggard looking women we see on the streets, or rather in houses.—San Francisco Call.

The Thibetan Women.

A point to be noticed here is the freedom with which women of all grades go about from place to place; in the shops, in the streets, in the vaulted arcades which serve to every dwelling house. The Thibetan female is an independent and buxom dame, very unlike her Hindu sister across the border. Her face is not hidden under a veil; she can carry any weight put like on her back. Moreover, there is a jollity about her smile and general deportment which would be very unlike the demeanor of the modest Hindu sister accustomed with the washbowl. Though she rarely uses water for ablutionary purposes, the black stains which cover the Thibetan woman's face are not due to dirt. It is a custom, said to be founded on a series law enacted 200 years ago, for all the adult females to stain their faces with khokoom of a black dye, styled *tsa-ba*. This disfigurement, which originally was ordered for the purpose of subduing the natural attractiveness of the female face to the other sex, forms almost a complete disguise to the countenance.

In reality, a Thibetan girl's face is most pleasing and pretty. Before the becoming process, her cheeks are as picturesquely ruddy as any Scotch lassie's; and, as the pigment wears off, the rips will fruit glow, which the Thibetan girls are very little disposed to continually to be seen overcoming the nasty patches. Higher class Thibetan women frequently traverse the streets of Lhasa on small, white mules, and astride the animal's back. They generally have intellectual faces, and are often, in truth, highly educated and learned.

Every Thibetan female in the streets of Lhasa wears a head dress called a pa-tuk, not unlike an old fashioned English traveling cap, with long, turned down ear flaps. This is often studded with turquois and pearls or coral; sometimes, in the case of the wife of a state councilor (kalon), with emeralds, rubies and pearls. Its use is very ancient. Another characteristic part of the women's dress is the bib, or breast cover, styled pangden.—The Nineteenth Century.

Charlotte Bronte.

So great is the growth of population in the district round Keighley and Haworth (to which the railway now extends that the desolate moorland part of the parsonage and the moors beyond, so graphically described by Charlotte Bronte and her biographer, can now be scarcely realized. On visiting the church and looking at the Bronte tablet, *with its pathetic record of eight* deaths, this lady got into conversation with one of the older generations of Haworth women, who, though at first with true York shire caution) a little suspicious of a stranger, *eventually spoke freely and in the most affectionate way of Miss Bronte, mentioning as* one of her chief characteristics the shyness and reserve of which the authoress herself was so painfully conscious.

"She never raised her eyes from her book when in church," said the good woman, thus clearly the picture rises before our mental vision! The tiny but well proportioned figure; her dress exquisitely neat, but perfectly plain; her face devoid of beauty, perhaps, but with the light of genius shining bright and clear through the expressive eyes. Here, in the old church—plain and unpretending like herself—for so many years *her prayers and praises went up to the God* in whom she never lost her trust, we can most fitly take our leave of Charlotte Bronte. —Gentleman's Magazine.

Nutmegs as a Medicine.

The medicinal qualities of nutmegs are worthy of a great deal of attention. They are fragrant in odor, warm and grateful to the taste, and possess decided sedative, astringent and aperitif properties. In the following it effectively will be found highly serviceable: Gastralgia (neuralgia of the stomach), cholera morbus, flatulent colic, dysentery, cholera infantum and infantile colic.

In all cases nutmegs may be prepared for administration in the following manner: Grate one or more nutmegs into a very fine powder. Add to every half teaspoonful to one-third of a teaspoonful, according to the age, of this powder, mixed with a small quantity of milk. For adults, from a half to two teaspoonfuls may be given in the same way, according to the severity of the case. Every two hours is generally the best time to administer the remedy.

Insomnia sleeplessness is very often effectually relieved by one or two doses of nutmeg, when much stronger remedies have *signally failed.*—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Woman's Tribute.

Mrs. Annie Louise Cary-Raymond recently said to a friend that, since the history of music was written, no American had ever been so honored as by Americans in her art. This Adelaide Phillips that the highest rank as an artist will be assigned. Mrs. Raymond gave as reasons that not only had she a glorious and almost unequaled voice, but that in this supreme endowment she added great dramatic power, and that she would have distinguished in histrionic art alone, even had she not been so in lyric art. This is very generous and noble in one great artist toward another, and is but a typical instance of the courtesy and regard, generous and beautiful feeling that always characterizes Annie Louise Cary.—Boston Traveler.

Infant Feeding.

A physician of a New York dispensary has recently made a careful study of the value of different foods customarily given to infants deprived of nursing mothers, with the following conclusions:

(1) Infants deprived of human breast milk should be fed, first of all, with cow's milk diluted. (2) Infants artificially fed should not be fed every two hours, for a less space than more than that time, as a rule, is necessary to digest the food given. Herein is furnished the best of evidence that infants, even in the early days of life, ought not to be fed oftener than *once in three hours.*—Hall's Journal of Health.

To Prepare a Mustard Plaster.

Mix the mustard with the white of an egg instead of water. The result will be a plaster which will "draw" perfectly well, but will not cause a blister, even upon the skin of an infant, no matter how long it is allowed to remain upon the part. Medical Chronicle.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

New and Striking French Gowns for Out of Door Wear, in Which Various Materials Are Artistically Combined—Sarah Silk Day Dress.

Some very pretty things are new to be seen in the way of gowns for out of door wear, and latest French novelties are very striking from the artistic standpoint in selecting materials for a variety of combining and colors. Serge, tartan, Astrakhan, tweed, beaver, velvet and fringe are among materials noticed in a few gowns. Quite a fancy is exhibited, too, for inclosing colors, such as fawn, which, however, are hardly to be accommended on the score of usefulness.

FIG. 1.—SERGE AND ASTRAKHAN GOWN.

Of recent out of door gowns, two stylish French models are shown in the cut. Fig. 1 is of dark green serge, with a border of tartan in a combination of dark red and green. The bodice is half of tartan and half of serge, fastening with black enamel buttons. The vest and panel are of black astrakhan.

Fig. 2 is a gown of brocaded tweed in the palest shade of fawn. The brocaded cloth is trimmed with beaver fur, and there is a border of the same fur at the foot of the skirt.

FIG. 2.—TWEED AND BEAVER GOWN.

A very handsome gown, such is likely to meet with favor, is of brown serge with an accordeon plaited, pointed panel on both sides. The front of bodice and skirt are of fancy striped silk, and the revers, collar and cuffs of brown velvet.

Other suits that are selected for street suits and church costumes include the popular camel's hair, which, though of rough surface, is yet soft finished. Tweed cloths are also used, and suits in these stuffs may be noticed at afternoon receptions, in the midst of velvets and silks.

Sarah Silk Day Dress.

A rarely useful gown for day wear sent out by Worth has been deftly arranged with some guipure in Oriental coloring, worked in points, which appeared at the waist and on the front of the skirt. As the waist is a sash fastening apparently at half the depth and lined with velvet of the same shade. This is used also for cuffs and for the pointed wais coat, but the great novelty is the arrangement of this bodice by a species of sleeve jacket coming from the side and shoulder seams and tying in a loose knot in the center, where it is fastened with a brooch. Has the cape at the throat. For weather with this is a small toque, having a fulled brim of velvet matching that on the skirt, the top entirely hidden by honeysuckles, blowaways and forget-me-nots, which carries out the hints in the pointed lace-like embroidery. The shoes provided to wear with this gown are of Russia yellow kid, with a small buckle on the instep; the stockings are of the same tint.

English Made Tailor Gowns.

The tailor made morning or street costumes worn by fashionable women are as plain as plain can be, looking almost like soldiers in their severity. All the fulness is concentrated at the back in a few, well arranged plaits, but the fall of a single skirt is the art of this tailor. Dark blue cloth, heather mixtures in tweed, and gray vicuna, seem particularly fashionable. Nearly all these gowns are worn with the pretty, short jacket basque, which can be worn over other skirts. These are usually lined with bright colored Merveilleux, and worn open. The more ceremonious costumes are the double-breasted, fastening to one side. Some are finished with a narrow edge of beaver or otter, which imparts a warm appearance. The fur, showing about one inch, encircles the entire jacket, sleeves and high upstanding collar.

Present Fashion in Perfumes.

The fancy indulged in by the fashionable women this year even more than years for a distinctive perfumes is no longer the style. The present fad is to change one's perfumes with one's undergarments. If one's petticoat is of yellow silk, jonquil is her perfume; if of pink silk, the odor of hyacinths prevails, and so on throughout the list of colors and scents. Conservative women, it may hardly be added, follow their own sweet wills as regards both the hue of their undergarments and the character of their perfumes, in the face of the fact that Mrs. Whitney, Mrs. Astor and other society ladies of equal fame have given to use a perfume suggestive of the tint their robes them.

MY $2.50 SHOE.

Not Since the War Have Boots, Shoes and Rubbers been so cheap. It is poor economy to buy the cheap, shoddy goods sold by some houses, when you can buy the very best of solid leather goods so low. We deal only in first class goods and warranted.

We have made great preparations for a large Fall and Winter trade, having a large stock. Our shelves and drawers are crowded with the very best makes of Extended Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes.

Call and examine our goods.

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ON THE THIRD FLOOR you will find low prices, Bed Room Furniture, Lounges, Wardrobes, Spring Beds, Bedding, and whatever we have omitted to mention above, and last but not least on this floor we have our work shops, where we do upholstering, mattress making, cabinet making and varnishing. It will interest you to look over our establishment whether you need anything or not. Courteous attention to all visitors. Give us a call.

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Men's Winter Overcoats, - - $3.50 up.
Boys' " " 4 to 12 ys., 1.25 up.
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Boys' Knee Pants Suits, 4 to 14 ys., 1.75 up.
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS

FIRST WARD.

Councilman—Samuel E. T. Wilbur.
Justice of the Peace—Louis Peterson.
Constable—Richard York.
Judge of Election—Robert A. Booker.
Inspector—Richard R. Corbett.
Clerk—R. B. Bird.

SECOND WARD.

Councilman—Lemuel R. Lovell.
Justice of the Peace—V. W. Nash.
Constable—W. R. Rattue.
Judge of Election—P. H. Doane.
Inspector—John Johnston.
Clerk—A. Mulford.

THIRD WARD.

Councilman—Townsend Rushmore.
Justice of the Peace—J. Oakley Nodyne.
Constable—(three years), Amos Hoffett.
Judge of Election—R. F. Corbett.
Inspector—Randolph Dunham.
Clerk—William Sharp.

FOURTH WARD.

Councilman—Edward Nelson.
Justice of the Peace—T. J. Gillies.
Constable—Andrew Muir.

FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT.

Judge of Election—J. B. Higgins.
Inspector—James Patterson.
Clerk—A. Anglesman.

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

Judge of Election—Robert Mitchell.
Inspector—J. B. Martin.
Clerk—Robert Loughlin.

JOTTINGS.

—Talk about your cutters! Look at Dons & Van Arsdale's adv.

—Scotland conference and singing class at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night.

—December 16th is the time set for the argument for a new trial in the Prasse Lee will case.

—That an election day is drawing near may be easily surmised by the number of intoxicated tramps and others seen around.

—Mr. R. R. Fairchild, the East Front street furniture dealer, makes his Christmas announcement in our advertising columns to-day.

—The Young Men's Christian Association of Southbridge, Mass., receives $4,000 for their proposed building from the will of the late Simeon F. Marsh.

—Mr. Daniel Cory has some twenty thousand acres of land in litigation in Florida. A lawyer who has been given power of attorney has gone to Florida in Mr. Cory's interest.

—The King's Messengers, a children's Home Mission band, will hold a parlor sale in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church this afternoon and evening. Admission five cents.

—Snow fell in various parts of New Jersey yesterday afternoon. For half an hour it came down so fast in the vicinity of Keyport and Matawan that objects a quarter a mile away could not be distinguished.

—The soldiers' memorial monument committee will meet to-night in the rooms of Winfield Scott Post. *It is thought that a site* for the proposed memorial monument will then be decided upon.

—On Monday evening next the Independent Odd Ladies Fair will commence in the hall of the Plainfield Gesang and Turnverein society. The fair will continue for a week. There will be dancing every evening.

—Miss Amelia B. Edwards, the celebrated authoress, will lecture at Music Hall next Friday evening on "Queen Hatasu and the Women of Ancient Egypt." The lecture will be illustrated. Tickets will be on sale next Monday.

—Messrs. Daniel Terry and Andrew Van Derbeek, Jr., defeated Messrs. Harry McIntosh and Harry Craft in a pigeon shooting match, on Thanksgiving Day, by a score of 8 to 7. The match took place on Mr. Terry's farm at Short Hills.

—The Unionist-Gazette of Somerville says that the recent order issued by the Central Railroad Company requiring all conductors to make a report of a detention of over three minutes is having a very wholesome effect upon the prompt arrivals of trains at their termini.

—A new bicycle tire, called "the pneumatic," has to be blown up like a foot-ball, and when *it is ready for business it measures two* and one-half inches in diameter. When the wheel goes over a sharp stone or a piece of glass we suppose that results will follow which will lead to the blowing up of the inventor.

—At Belvidere, the other day, some wicked wag filled the key-hole of a barber-shop the proprietor of which was absent with lumbago and then started the report that probably the barber had died in his room. The citizens, outside, coroner, and so on, applied their olfactory to the key-hole, with the opinion that a corpse was in the room. The officers were about to break down the door when the owner of the building appeared and put a stop to the joke.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

November, 1889.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Friday	44	50	40
Saturday	40	50	40
Sunday	40	50	40
Monday	40	50	40
Tuesday	40	50	40
Wednesday	40	50	40
Thursday	40	50	40
Friday	40	50	40
Saturday	40	50	40
Sunday	40	50	40
Monday	40	50	40
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Friday	40	50	40
Saturday	40	50	40
Sunday	40	50	40
Monday	40	50	40
Tuesday	40	50	40
Wednesday	40	50	40
Thursday	40	50	40
Friday	40	50	40
Saturday	40	50	40

THE SULLIVAN LIQUOR CASE.

A Brief History.—Fined $10 and Costs.

As reported in last night's News, Joseph T. Sullivan, of West Third street, this city, was convicted in the Union county court yesterday of illegal liquor selling. On Sunday, Aug. 4th, on the prosecution proved, Sullivan sold liquor to a number of persons in his saloon on West Third street and then went away, leaving the place in charge of a young man named William Rose. In the meantime Sullivan's two brothers demanded the keys of the place from Rose, and upon his refusal to comply with their demand engaged in a fight with him. Chief Carey was notified and arrested all the parties concerned. He also accumulated evidence enough, as he thought, to convict Sullivan of illegal liquor selling, but a Plainfield jury, after remaining out several hours, could not agree on a verdict because, they said, the evidence was insufficient to warrant a conviction. This so provoked Chief Carey that he contemplated resigning, under a misapprehension that the people were not willing to sustain him in upholding the law. In his examination in the Grand Jury had indicted Sullivan for violation of the Internal Revenue law and upon this charge he was tried yesterday. The very same evidence was introduced, and after a short deliberation the jury brought in a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment.

Sullivan was this morning sentenced by Judge McCormick, at Elizabeth, to pay a fine of $10 and costs, which will amount to between $35 and $40.

The Music Hall Lectures.

Lecturer Burdick last night addressed another large and enthusiastic audience at Music Hall. He reviewed the Bronze question in all its aspects, and his arguments in favor of total abstinence and the utter annihilation of the liquor traffic were received with approbation. An appeal for funds to defray the expenses of the meetings met with a generous response. Nearly $300 was raised by individual subscription in a few moments.

To-night Mr. Burdick will speak at 7:45 as usual. There will be an afternoon meeting to-morrow at four o'clock. Subject: "The American Saloon." The Sunday evening meeting will begin with a service of song at 7:30.

C. S. I. C.

The 166th meeting of the "Hartnet Circle" will be held on Dec. 4th at the "Y" rooms, corner North avenue and Peace street, at 7:45 p. m. The following programme has been arranged:

Religion of Ancient Romans....Miss Randolph
Caligula Emitted as a gem with the Coins of the Scipios.....Mr. A. W. Sperry
Jugurtha.....Miss Ida Randolph
Original Ideas on "Duty of the citizen to the State and the State to the citizen".....Mr. Groton.
Questions about the "Hills of Rome," to be answered by the circle...Mr. Gorton

Westfield Sunday Schools.

A union meeting of the officers and teachers of the five Sunday Schools in Westfield, together with those of the outlying districts, will be held next Thursday evening in the Westfield Congregational church. C. F. Conant, of the Baptist Sunday school, will give an interesting talk on "The Uses of the Blackboard in the Sunday School," and the subject of "Sunday School Itinerary" will be discussed, being opened by an address by Philip Hathaway, superintendent of the Episcopal Sunday school.—Standard.

The Plainfielders Again Beaten.

The Crescent League Bowling team of this city were again defeated by the Elizabeth Athletic Club team on the Elizabeth alley last night, by a score of 1547 to 1240.

The Plainfielders will bowl with the Thursday Nights of Westfield Monday night.

—Don't forget the special sale on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday at the store of J. C. Pierson, Jr.

—The pastor of Mt. Olive Baptist church (colored) has called a council to investigate certain stories that have been circulated concerning him.

—Our patrons are respectfully requested to send in any alterations they wish made in advertisements not later than 11 o'clock on Saturday morning.

—Both the Republican and Democratic city conventions to nominate three Councilmen-at-large, one assessor, one collector, one treasurer, one city judge, and other city officers, *will be held this evening.*

—A young man from Chimney Rock hired a valuable dog from Mr. Joseph Rabbits on Thanksgiving Day, to go hunting with. During the day he mistook the door for a rabbit and shot it. The dog is still alive and will probably survive the shock, *poor fellow!*

—Thomas Flood, formerly of this city, now of Rahway, who was convicted not long ago of indecent assault, was sentenced to-day in the Union county court at Elizabeth to pay a fine of $10 and costs. Sentence in the case of August Saltzman was deferred until the January term of court.

—One week from next Monday evening a parlor musicale will be given at the home of Dr. Tomlinson, No. 10 La Grande avenue, for the benefit of the Children's Garden branch of the W. C. T. U. Mr. Carl E. Duffy, baritone of the Fifth avenue Baptist church, will sing. There will be other interesting features.

—Jersey Central Railroad ferryboats were delayed half an hour last evening by an uncommonly long tow of coal mows going up the Hudson River. The tow got in the way of the Hudson River, when heavy travel in the fall about 6 o'clock, when heavy travel in the winter, and there was a great deal of annoyance to New Jersey commuters in consequence.

—New Market was cut off from mail communication on Thursday. An accident at Rahway, on the Pennsylvania road, early in the morning, delayed the mail from New York, and a landslide at Plattenburgh, on the Lehigh Valley road, interrupted travel from the West for over 12 hours. Several Lehigh Valley trains ran over the Central tracks during the day.

MISS M'GEE ON ALASKA.

HOW A PARTY OF AMERICANS SPENT A SUMMER.

Magnificent Scenery, Glaciers, Shipwrecks, Fish Stories, all told in an Evening Talk.

There was a large audience present at the Epworth League meeting held in St. Vincent chapel last evening. After the routine business of the evening, Miss Emma McGee was called upon by the President, Rev. Charles R. Mitchell, to give her promised talk about her trip to distant and comparatively unknown Alaska.

Miss McGee, in a well modulated voice, told of her journey by rail from Plainfield to San Francisco and thence by steamer to Alaska. She then described the scenery en route, and under the subtle influence of her vivid and realistic description a panoramic view of its incomparable beauty was unfolded.

"Alaska," said the gifted young lady, "is described by one as a mixture of the Thousand Islands, Lake George and the Switzerlands." She described the glaciers, at least 200 feet high, beautiful in a most agreeable manner, as the audience could see him in their mind's eye, without having their sensibilities disagreeably affected as those of the lecturer had been. She also described their old war dances characteristics and shrewdness, their villages, one of which, containing her party were obliged to stay five days.

The vessel they were traveling in, an unseaworthy craft, ran on some rocks and with the fall of the tide, went to pieces and sank. The passengers and crew, numbering 135 in all, were compelled to stay in salmon canneries and Indian huts. The descriptions of the hardships they endured during those five days, *while interesting and amusing now*, must have been uncomfortable at the time, to say the least.

The gold mines, over the ownership of which Russia and America are now squabbling, were also described, as were the salmon canneries, which are worked almost entirely by Chinamen and Alaskan Indians.

Two fish stories, both of which would have been the envy of Munchausen, were told by Miss McGee, the first one of which you are at liberty to laugh at, but as she vouches for the second, *eye-opener as it is*, it must be believed. The first story runs, that in a certain stream in Alaska the salmon are so thick that they actually jump one another out on the banks to die. The other one is that some gentlemen of the party went out and with their hands caught two 15-pound salmon. Quite a paradise for anglers?

The "talk" was full of pleasant anecdotes, and while interesting was also very instructive. Miss McGee had some photographs of the glaciers, Indian totem poles, etc., which, passed around, added to the interest. Hearty applause was given at the conclusion of Miss McGee's remarks.

These meetings are becoming more and more popular. The next meeting will not be held until the third Friday in December, as on the first Friday, the night on which last evening's meeting was due, Miss Amelia B Edwards, the distinguished authoress, will speak in Music Hall. Hence the change of dates.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. McKeown, of Scotch Plains, are visiting in Brooklyn.

Mr. Everitt Trewin, of Flemington, is visiting his parents on Orchard place.

Mrs. William K. McClure and daughter, of Rahway, left a few days ago for Baltimore, Md., on a visit to Mr. McClure's brother.

Cashier Carmon Parse, of the First National Bank, has been confined to his home on Grove street, for several days past, by a severe cold.

Mr. William H. Egbert, of West Front street, returned last evening from a very pleasant visit among friends in Hunterdon county.

Miss Bullock, one of the teachers of the Franklin school, will on Monday next accompany her brother, who is in ill health, to Colorado.

City Judge William M. Stillman has been elected a director of the First National Bank to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late George F. Suydam.

Mr. Isaac S. Titsworth, Vice-President of the First National Bank, will act as president in place of the late Jeremiah VanDeventer until the next annual election.

Mr. Ewing and Mrs. George Bates accompanied Mr. Longwell, of Scotch Plains, to the Adirondack mountains last week, where the latter will remain awhile for the benefit of his health.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Lee (nee Miss Mamie Adams), of Grove street, returned last evening from their wedding tour, which included Baltimore, Washington and other points of interest.

Manager William H. Moore, of the Plainfield Electric Light Co., is now the owner of the Taylor property at the corner of Madison avenue and Sixth street, having exchanged for it his farm near Rahway.

Mr. F. A. Pope, son of ex-Postmaster R. R. Pope, of Park avenue and Fifth street, was today married to Mrs. Mary A. Childs, at her home in Philadelphia. The bride is said to be worth $200,000. Mr. Pope has the best wishes of a large circle of Plainfield friends.

Mr. George Thatcher, of this city, and company, closed a three weeks' engagement at the Fourteenth street theatre, New York, Thanksgiving night. Last night they left for Chicago, where they will begin a two weeks' engagement to-night. At the conclusion of their Chicago engagement they will make a tour of the Pacific coast.

Minnie Ida, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Voehl, was buried from the residence of her parents on West Front street this morning at ten o'clock. The Rev. Charles R. Mitchell, pastor of the Epworth Episcopal church, officiated at the funeral services. A young son of Mr. and Mrs. Voehl is very ill with the same disease.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

The Friends' First-day school will meet to-morrow at 10 a. m.

Services will be held at Hope chapel to-morrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 9:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The Women's Training class meets at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow at 3 p. m. Visitors are welcome.

Sunday school will be held in the Mt. Pleasant colored church to-morrow afternoon at half past two o'clock.

Services in St. Joseph's church will be held at 8:30 and 10:30 a. m., and 8 p. m. The Rev. Father Freeman, pastor.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Sunday School will be held as usual at the Warren Hudson Chapel to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The usual Sunday meetings will be held in Reform Hall to-morrow at 9:15 a. m. (business meeting at 9 p. m. conditional. All are cordially invited to attend.

The church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, rector. Early celebration, 8 a. m. Sunday-school, 9:45 a. m. Morning service at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 4:30 p. m.

The Rev. Fathers Smyth and Stafford will conduct services in St. Mary's church tomorrow at 8:30, 9:45 and 10:45 a. m. Vesper service at 3 p. m. Good singing by a male choir.

Services at the Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, the Rev. S. P. Simpson, priest in charge, to-morrow: Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; morning prayer, 11 a. m.; evening prayer, 4:30 p. m.

Church of the Heavenly Rest, Clinton avenue. Services to-morrow: Morning prayer, sermon and holy communion at eleven o'clock. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p. m. Even song at 4 p. m.

The Woman's Temperance Aid society will hold its regular Sunday afternoon meeting at Reform Hall, to-morrow, Dec. 1st, on account of the meeting to be addressed by Mr. Burdick, being held.

At the First Baptist church, to-morrow, services in the lecture room of the church at 10:30 a. m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor prayer meeting at 4:15 p. m.

Services will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place to-morrow at 10:30 a.m. and 8 p.m., and Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. A very cordial invitation is extended to everybody. *Services to-morrow is extended to all Germans in Plainfield.*

At the Crescent avenue church, the regular services to-morrow will be: Morning, 10:30; evening, 7:30. Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. Strangers are welcome at all services. In the evening pews are free. In the morning ushers will provide seats for all as promptly as possible.

Services in the First Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed in the morning service. Rev. Dr. Caldwell of Philadelphia, formerly President of Lafayette college at Easton, will preach in the evening.

In Trinity Reformed church to-morrow, at 10:30 a. m., the Sacrament of the Lord's supper will be celebrated. In the evening at 7:30 the pastor, Rev. Cornelius Schenck, will preach by request on "God leading us into Temptation." A cordial welcome to all.

The First Church of Christ in Plainfield will meet at Reform Hall on Sunday at 10:30 A. m. Mr. Cleaver will speak on "Decay of Modern Religion and growth of Christianity." Part II. Other services will be: 12 m., Memory Feast. 2:30 p. m., Bible School. Social services, evenings of Wednesday and Friday.

At the Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor, Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, will preach, morning and evening. At the evening service the pastor will preach a concluding sermon on the subject: "Is the world growing worse?" Sunday-school at 2:30 p. m. and devotional meeting of the Epworth League at 6:45 p. m.

The Next Legislature.

The One Hundred and Fourteenth Legislature of the State of New Jersey will meet on Tuesday, January 14th, 1890. In the Senate there are eleven Republicans and ten Democrats, a Republican majority of one. The Assembly is composed of thirty-seven Democrats and twenty-three Republicans; a Democratic majority of fourteen. This gives a Democratic majority on joint ballot of thirteen. The Legislature of 1889 was composed of eleven Democrats and ten Republicans, and the Assembly contained thirty-two Democratic members, against twenty-eight Republicans. The Democratic majority in that body on joint ballot was five.

Col. William S. Hoppenheimer, who will probably be the Speaker of the House, has been looking up the campaign pledges concerning the Legislature as follows; "There will be no partisan legislation during the coming session of the Legislature. The fact that the House is Democratic and the Senate Republican would necessarily prevent it. Neither party will attempt it. The session would be made a turbulent one by the introduction of partisan bills and discussing on them, but there is no disposition to do it. The session will, therefore, be a short one, and both houses will confine themselves to the consideration of business of importance. There will be a large number of bills introduced in the way of legislation for the benefit of cities, and legislating directly for the people. Ballot reform will be one of the issues that will be brought before the church. Labor legislation will receive some attention."

A Thrilling Thanksgiving Yarn.

Cyrus Wilcox and Charles Lewis, of *West-Side*, embarked on the raging Rahway at Cranford on Thanksgiving Day, intending to row down to some point with their guns. The boat in which they sailed down the stream came in contact with a fallen log, capsized and threw the gay hunters, guns, and ammunition and all, into the turbulent water. One of them managed to get ashore after a while and ran for aid, and the other luckless navigator was finally hauled on to terra firma, soldier, wiser, and, though it may seem paradoxical, happier man. The guns sank to the bottom of the river and have not yet been recovered.

A Good News Meeting.

The young men of the city are reminded of the meeting conducted by and for young men at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., Monday evening at eight o'clock. Spirited singing and live talks may be expected.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Reed Nominated for Speaker.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30—Reed, of Maine, was nominated to-day in the Republican caucus as Speaker of the House.

A Plainfielder's Foot Cut Off.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 30, (Special)—Clifford Van Winkle, aged thirteen years, a son of J. G. Van Winkle, who formerly resided in Plainfield, had both feet cut off while jumping on and off freight cars here to-day.

Accidental Shooting.

George John, a lad between eight and nine years old, who lived at Rahway while carelessly handling a revolver on Westfield road, Thanksgiving Day, was instantly killed. Young John was visiting the home of two playmates named Fluhauer. The three boys had been playing together, when the two Fluhauer boys for some reason not known, went up stairs leaving young John down stairs by himself. The boys had been absent but a short time when they heard the sharp report of a pistol accompanied by a heavy fall. On running down stairs the two boys found their young companion lying dead upon the floor with blood running from his mouth and a revolver at his side. On bringing assistance, it was found that the ball had passed upward through the roof of the mouth and lodged in the head.

How young John came to have the deadly weapon in his possession is not known, but it is supposed that he found it somewhere in the room in which he had been left by himself, and that he, not knowing that it was loaded, was handling it, not knowing that it was loaded.

Young John had just recovered from a pair of broken legs which he received some time ago by falling from a tree.—Elizabeth Herald.

Scotch Plains Interested.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I have read with considerable interest your items on the coming Charter election. I have also heard a great deal of talk about the matter. One part of the argument on the side of the license men is that there is more liquor sold in Plainfield now, without license, than there ever was with it. Now, I cannot see how they make that out. If that is the case, why is it that every Sunday there is a constant string of men coming into our village for liquor, or for appetite for drink? Why do they walk five miles to get that which, according to the advocates of license, they could get at home? Also disturbing the peace of our village.

Yours truly,
DALOSS.

SCOTCH PLAINS, N. J., Nov. 30, 1889.

State Poultry Association.

A convention for the purpose of organizing a State poultry association will be held in Trenton, on December 4. All county and local agricultural and horticultural associations are invited to send delegates. All poultry fanciers are also requested to be present and assist in the organization and to exercise the privilege of membership. The object of the association is *to improve by any and all* proper means the poultry industry.

Business Failures.

There were 205 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 194 in the preceding week and 264, 225, 276 and 190 in the corresponding weeks of 1888, 1887, 1886 and 1885 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 10,272, against 9,160 in 1888.

List of Advertised Letters

Remaining in the Plainfield Post-Office for the week ending Nov. 27th, 1889:

Patterson, S H
Cook, Mrs. Magrie E
Ostner, Mrs Mary
Cortrie, Mrs Wm T
Brunner, Miss
Davis, Miss Mary
Gooch, Jas
Hardy, J. C.
Jones, Frank W
Lewis, Geo
Lewis, Mrs Jos H
Lowe, Miss Laura
Middleton, F F
Pound, Mrs David
Nichols, Miss Rebecca
Richardson & Perrier
Reed, Mrs Emma B
Remsen, Fred
Reed, John W
Rooney, Wm
Smith, Henry E
Sherman, Miss Mary E
Spencer, Mrs Bessie
Stevens, Miss Estie L
Smith, Miss Laura M
Titsmer, Mrs Helen
Van Dyke, Miss Lottie
VanBrunt, Mrs John
Wolfe, N

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

—The house in which Mr. Daniel Corey resides at Mt Bethel is seventy-three years old and is an old land mark in that neighborhood. Mr. Cory is now making some extensive repairs. A new roof has been put on the house and a full length portico added.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Paper removed. Wall mates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

REGULAR CORKERS.

THOSE CORK SOLE HAND WELT SHOES THAT WE ARE SELLING FOR $7.00 A PAIR, COST YOU FROM $8 to $12 IN N. Y. CITY. IF YOU WANT A PAIR YOU HAD BETTER COME IN AT ONCE, AS THEY ARE GOING VERY RAPIDLY, AND PLEASE DO NOT FORGET THAT WE KEEP A LARGE STOCK OF FINE HAND-SEWED GOODS IN ALL THE DIFFERENT WIDTHS. LADIES AA TO E, SIZES 2 TO 8. MENS, WIDTHS A TO E, SIZE 5 TO 11.

DOANE & Van ARSDALE'S.

THE ONE-PRICE BOOT and SHOE STORE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

MERRY CHRISTMAS

FOR THE HOLIDAY TRADE. WE OFFER A LARGE LINE OF

Fancy Furniture,

SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

FANCY CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS IN MAHOGANY, ANTIQUE OAK, AND THE NEW 16TH CENTURY FINISH. WRITING DESKS, BOOK CASES, EASELS, MUSIC CABINETS, FOOT RESTS, BLACKING CASES, ETC. ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS FOR CHILDREN.

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

21 EAST FRONT STREET, JUST BELOW THE POST OFFICE.

Special Notices.

DANCING AND ÆSTHETICS.
Prof. Segalla's school, 17 East Front street, Plainfield. Classes for new beginners every Thursday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. Advanced every Wednesday afternoon, 4 to 6 o'clock. For terms etc., send for a catalogue. Address 22 West Park street, Newark, N. J.

Cents-a-Word-Column.

A $45 elegant parlor stove, almost new, will be sold for $25, owner having sub stituted heaters. A good bargain. Address Warner, care of EVENING NEWS. 29tf.

A PORTLAND cutter upholstered in red plush, for sale. Price $15. Apply to George Goodwin, 41 West Front street.

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-9-eotf

LOST—A young stag-hound, color black and brown, answers to the name of "Pappy." Suitable reward paid for return to corner W. Eighth and Grand avenue. 30-3

WANTED—Flowering roses, primroses, palms, ferns and forneries at Denton's Hillside avenue greenhouses. 30-2

WANTED—Girl to do general housework 97 West Fourth street.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesmen. Position permanent. Special inducements now; fast-selling specialties. Don't delay. Salary from the start. Brown Bros., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. 10-14-eo4t s o

WANTED—Good cook and laundress at 93 East Fifth street. 11-29-tf

A FAIR

IN

Saengerbund Hall,

under the auspices of the United Order of

INDEPENDENT ODD LADIES,

commencing

December 3d, 1889,

and continuing one week.

Entertainment and Dancing each evening. No comic books allowed in the hall.

Admission, Ten Cents. 30-3*

Amelia B. Edwards,

the distinguished Egyptologist, will give an

Illustrated Lecture

on "Queen Hatasu and the Women of Ancient Egypt,"

under the auspices of

Children's Home,

at MUSIC HALL,

Friday, December 6,

at 8 p. m. Tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents and $1. Tickets can be exchanged for reserved seats at Randolph's and Miller's pharmacies. 30-3*

Valuable Dwelling

Property For Sale.

The Substantial house No. 91 East Front street, (nine rooms with modern improvements) built and formerly occupied by Rev. Dr. Lemmon. Apply for sale. Apply to W. G. Baxter, No. 1 East Front street. 8-23-11-29tf

ON MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 9TH,

A

Parlor Musicale,

will be given at the home of

Dr. Tomlinson, 10 La Grande Avenue.

A pleasing programme has been arranged. An attractive feature will be the singing of

MR. CARL E. DUFFY,

baritone in the Fifth Avenue Baptist church also a member of the Lyric Ballad Co.

The proceeds are for the benefit of the Kitchen Garden. Admission $1. 29-3*

WE OFFER FOR THREE DAYS,

Monday, Tuesday

AND

Wednesday,

our entire Line of Stand, Hanging and Hall Lamps, Granite and Bohemian Ware, Art Woodenware, and Pocket Knives, Scissors and Razors at a Great Reduction.

J. C. Pierson, Jr.,

No. 42 West Front Street.

Telephone Call 126.

Are You Alive

TO THE FACT THAT AT THE

Music Hall

Furniture Store,

They have a Good Assortment of Furniture, also they can show a variety of Articles both Useful and Ornamental, suitable for

Holiday Gifts.

Anything selected will be kept and delivered when desired.

Powlison & Jones,

34 WEST FRONT STREET.

OLYMPIA

Bowling Alley open to the public throughout the year for general bowling

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1889.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS
AND
NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD.
PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, AT 4:00 O'CLOCK,
EXCEPT SATURDAY, AT 2:00 P. M.
SUNDAY, AT 10:00 A. M.
E. W. HOWARD, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
OFFICE, 21 NORTH AVENUE.
IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY, AT THE RATE OF
ONE CENT A COPY,
OR, AT THE RATE OF
FIFTY CENTS A MONTH.

Wendell Phillips as an Orator.

"As an orator he was peerless," writes in The Forum Carlos Martyn, who both saw and heard him.

This peerless orator was one of the most perfect specimens of physical manhood of his century. He was above the middle height, had broad shoulders, a clear complexion and a head and shoulders cast in perfectly classic mold. He had the appearance of "one whose soul looked through and glorified the body."

His enunciation was perfect, which was one of his greatest charms. His oratorical style was simply the perfection of the conversational method. It is the style adopted by Chauncey Depew in our time, and it was the secret of the popularity of that speaker. Phillips was not in the least preachy or spread eagley. His manner was quiet, almost to the subdued point. From his quiet, conversational style he soared into impassioned flights, and the transition was easy.

"His voice was smooth, sweet and penetrating," says Mr. Martyn, and "it was so exquisitely modulated that every finest shade of thought, each most delicate distinction of expression, was discriminated as he spoke. His words were a revelation of the strength and beauty of our mother tongue." They fell in rhythmic cadences, without seeming at all measured or studied. "What you listened to seemed a cross between a strain of music and a poem." The Richmond Inquirer, his enemy, said of him: "Wendell Phillips is an infernal machine set to music."

But the greatest charm was his apparently perfect naturalness. It was a naturalness of beauty and grace and strength, the naturalness of patrician refinement that did not have to be learned in any school of manners. Mr. Martyn may well call his power that of "trained naturalness."

In power of invective Martyn puts Phillips at the head of all orators, ancient or modern. This was rendered more appalling because of his quiet, serene manner of delivery. In his great anti-slavery speeches, with a huge mob roaring and hissing around him, he would serenely point to the reporters' table and say: "Howl on. Through these fingers I address an audience of thirty millions."

What Would We Do?

J. Russell Soley, of the United States navy, discusses in Scribner the effect on our commerce of a European war. He says such a war would have no effect on us at all unless it happened to be a war that England took part in. The sea is England's true fighting element, and to the sea any war in which she might be engaged would be at once transferred.

Sixty per cent. of the commerce of the world is carried on by British merchantmen. The nation with which she was at war would at once attack this, and Great Britain could not muster navy enough to protect it. The English merchant vessels would necessarily be sold, and the trade destroyed. The United States could not buy the steamers, because of the law requiring vessels that fly the American flag to be built here.

But England is dependent on foreign countries for two-thirds of her food supply. Her merchant marine service destroyed, how would the necessaries of life be obtained? Here is where the particular interest of the United States comes in. The two great English speaking nations are bound together by no common tie. Great Britain draws 60 per cent. of her supplies from this country; 80 per cent. of our surplus product goes to England. Not only would she be without food in case her merchant ships should leave the sea, but the United States would be without a foreign market. What then? Build a navy, says Mr. Soley, and protect our own trade. Let us prepare a hundred fast going war ships, enough to patrol the seas, and protect our wheat ships. Let us build them at once and have them ready for need.

Congress and Canada are expected to fix definitely the boundary between the British dominions and the United States this winter. The pass in dispute is the long, narrow strip of Alaska extending from Mount St. Elias Range to Portland channel. The boundary line follows in general the summit of the mountains along the coast, but the line itself has never been surveyed. It was left undefined between Russia and Great Britain, and came to exist in the same state when Alaska was bought from Russia. Therefore it has been a matter of no great consequence. But the gold mines of Alaska are in these mountains, and if they amount to anything it will become of some importance to know on which side of the line they belong.

A committee of Philadelphia citizens are to ask the United States government to confer with Russia, and see if something cannot be done to better the condition of the suffering exiles of Siberia. It will be interesting to know just how the Russian bear will take this international meddling with the internal affairs of his den. His private acquaintance as opinion on the subject of American [illegible] would be still more interesting.

DR. CRONIN'S JACKKNIVES

They Were Found in Dan Coughlin's Pocket.

AN OFFICER'S STRANGE CONDUCT.

He Also Reported the Find Until Yesday—The Knives Identified as Belonging to the Murdered Man by Witness Conklin, Who Gave Them to Dr Cronin.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—At the opening of the Cronin trial B. F. Carberry was called by the state in rebuttal and swore that he was in Dunahy's saloon the evening of May 4 from 6:30 until 9:30 o'clock, and he was positive the report of the shooting was not in the place during that time. This contradicts Dunahy's testimony, which was that he was in his place at that time and saw Martin Burke there. Mr. Carberry was cross-examined by Mr. Forrest, who was wholly unable to make a point. On the contrary, by his masterly efforts, he strengthened the state materially.

M. J. Dwyer, a saloon keeper on the west side, was called by the defense and swore that John O'Malley was never in his saloon.

Contradicting Witness Swanson.

The process of his examination was to contradict that of Witness Swanson, who swore that at the night of May 4 he drove O'Malley to a saloon opening on the west side, and that on the way he stopped at Dwyer's saloon, which he entered to get a drink. On the cross-examination Dwyer said he opened his saloon last April and had never been absent from it on a Saturday night from that time to this. Who was in his saloon on May 4, but he knew that O'Malley was not there.

John Fleming, a brother of the saloon keeper who had an opening on May 4, which opening O'Malley and William Coughlin swore they attended, swore he was at the opening. He was a member of the Clan-na-Gael. His memory was very clear. He recalled the events and remembered that O'Malley and William Coughlin came there together in a carriage driven by Swanson.

Says the Same Old Clothes.

Swanson swore that William Coughlin was not in his carriage that night. Fleming, continuing, said that in the course of the evening O'Malley and Coughlin exchanged clothes, and when the party returned he (Swanson) and Coughlin rode inside the carriage and O'Malley drove on the box. Swanson said he was not intoxicated under the influence of liquor, but the witness was never more sober. Pat Rouse, a part owner of the saloon at which the opening occurred, and C. C. Rogan, who tended bar, were at the opening and saw O'Malley and William Coughlin drive up together and depart. Rogan was once a member of the Clan-na-Gael.

William Fortune was the next witness. He testified that he was at the opening and remembered seeing O'Malley and William Coughlin there. He didn't think that he was drunk that night. Walter Flemming, Henry Gaynor and Peter O'Malley, all saloon keepers, were present at the opening, followed with corroborative testimony.

Saloon Patrons Disagree.

The first part of the afternoon session was occupied in parading up Burke's alibi, so hastily perfunded by the rebuttal of the state. Martin Kennedy said that he was in William Coughlin's saloon on the night of May 4, when Swanson, the driver, called for Coughlin and O'Malley, and swore positively that the driver had on a hard buttoned livery. He was corroborated by George Dickey, the bartender, and his brother, Matt Dickey. The same buttons were noticeable, they said, and very bright.

Hugh Gleason, the bartender for Matt Danaher, in Dunahy's saloon, swore that Martin Burke was during the whole of the evening of May 4, took the stand and swore that he (the witness) was not in the saloon that night between 6 and 9 o'clock, thus contradicting Witness Carberry.

Coughlin Had Dr. Cronin's Knives.

The state then sprung a sensation that had come into its possession in the morning by Detective Jay Officer. That Dan Coughlin was arrested two knives were found on the suspect, and that the knives belonged to Dr. Cronin. To identify the knives Mr. T. T. Conklin took the stand and swore that they were identical in every detail with two knives carried by the witness for two years and given by him to the doctor shortly before the murder. He was not positive that they were the same, but he believed them to be so. The testimony created a decided stir in the court room. Dr. Conklin stood steadily at the calling and tried hard to assume indifference, but the nervous twitching of his eyelids told a tale of anything but composure. The defense will put in rebuttal evidence later.

An Officer's Strange Conduct.

Flynn was the officer who took Coughlin to jail the day of his arrest, and for some unknown reason he never told his superior officer of the find until Friday. At Coughlin's request he took the knives to the Fidelity safe deposit vaults and secured them. After a conference of police officials, Chief Hubbard visited the deposit vault and secured the knives. Chief Hubbard thinks Flynn's conduct is another illustration of Clan-na-Gael influence.

The State Closes Its Case.

The driver himself came next, and in his blunt, honest way, so strongly noticed in the rebuttal, corroborated the statements of Olson and declared that no one drove his carriage on May 4 but himself, and that no one gave his clothes. The liveryman purchased a week after the murder the then purchased. There was not a brass button on it—black cloth buttons only, which had been on it since the purchase.

The State's Attorney Sums Up.

This was the end of the state's case. The tables were immediately shoved back and a space of comfortable dimensions made in front of the jury box. Then came the state's attorney began his speech. He spoke in a plain, conversational manner, emphasized at times by a little natural feeling, but with no rhetorical ornamentation. He would not make the argumental address—that he would leave that to his associates—contenting himself with simply reviewing the evidence. His client, Dr. Cronin, he said, was one of the foulest in the annals of crime, and was the result of a conspiracy. To form a ground work for his proof he told of Dr. Cronin's connection with members of the committee that had tried the triangle, the report of which was read in his camp.

The state's attorney read the testimony relating to the meeting of Camp 20 in February, in which Dan Coughlin called for a secret committee to investigate the reading of the report. At the time the secret committee was called for Beggs, Coughlin and Burke were present. Touching on Kunze's connection with the conspiracy, the state's attorney said it did not matter whether a murderous conspiracy was born of after the murder—he was equally guilty.

The state's attorney then read the correspondence between Beggs and District Collector Quinn, after which court adjourned.

OUR WASHINGTON NEWS.

Gossip, Interest and Personal Paragraphs.

Pertinent Political Points.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The strike of the dock laborers at Bristol is still being contested with great determination on both sides. The strike fails to equal in its influence upon working men in other towns the great strike of the dock laborers of London. The cause of the strike was identically the employment by the dock companies and shippers of sailors against whom the dock laborers had a grudge, and not with timber, but as a matter of fact the men have long been anxious for some pretext upon which to try conclusions with the employers.

The proceedings of the anti-slavery conference in Brussels were devoted to discussion of a proposal to establish military stations on the line of the Congo, and to protect forts to overcome slave hunters. The British delegate proposed that the war vessels of all the powers represented in the conference be given a right of search limited to dhows and other native craft.

Mr. Redmond, editor of The Waterford News, has been sentenced to three months imprisonment for defamation.

Owing to a surprising increase of foreign orders for dynamite, the French factories have largely augmented their working force, and the number of shares on the Paris bourse have risen 30 per cent.

Henry M. Stanley has sold his forthcoming book outright to the Sampson Low company of publishers for the sum of £7,000.

The Russian government is establishing extensive petroleum depots at Gludova, a Servian port on the Danube, having secured the concession to erect the works from the Servian government.

An English syndicate has purchased eight sea breweries situated or owned in St. Louis, paying therefore £2,250,000.

The managers of 220 cafes in Brussels have been expelled by the government for maintaining resorts for disorderly persons.

The settlement of the strike of journeymen and master bakers of Dublin, having been submitted to arbitration, have been settled by a compromise whereby the men receive an advance of four shillings per week.

The Scotch Weekly will shortly publish a love story written by the Marquis of Lorne. The scene of the narrative are laid in Canada, and the plot is said to be stirring, the incidents pathetic and the denouement tragical.

An epidemic of influenza is prevailing in St. Petersburg and rapidly spreading. Already half the population is afflicted with the disease, including the Czar, the Czarine and two of her children. As yet no fatal cases have been reported.

A NEW JERSEY FIRE.

The Town of Keyport Scorched — One Man Was Killed.

KEYPORT, N. J., Nov. 30.—Fire here yesterday caused the loss of one life and the serious injury of three persons, one of whom will die, and a property loss which is estimated to be between $60,000 and $70,000. Jacob Layer, the owner of a bakery, was the person killed. He went back after his fellow-workmen had fled. The injured were his wife and sons, George and Jacob.

The fire started in Layer's bakery. Keyport, of about 3,000 inhabitants, is prettily situated on Raritan bay. Among the fire stores, Block's dry goods building and Collard's grocery caught fire almost simultaneously and were destroyed. The insurance companies interested are: Home, $5,000; Hanover, $3,000; Niagara, $5,000; London Assurance, $5,000; Northern Assurance, $2,800; Manhattan, $4,000; Queens, $4,000; Merchants', Howard, $1,700; Royal, $2,000; Etna, $5,700; Liverpool, London & Globe, $2,000; Hanover, $3,400; Commercial Union, $1,500; Shrewsbury Mutual, $3,500; American Union, $1,500; Monmouth County Mutual, $1,000; Union, of Philadelphia, $2,000.

Trouble Among Oystermen.

REHOBOTHVILLE, Pa., Nov. 30.—The excitement among oystermen in the Delaware today by the arrest of two oyster dredging captains—Swift, of the pungy F. J. Parks, and Headley, of the pungy Regulator, both of Tuppahanock, Va., for dredging on Hog Island flats. When taken before a magistrate they exhibited copies of Baltimore newspapers containing the proclamation of the state of Maryland, declaring the Hog Island flats open to the oystermen of both Maryland and Virginia. The magistrate discharged both captains with a small fine. Governor Jackson's proclamation was issued on the strength of the decision rendered by Mr. Whiting, of the United States coast survey, that the flats were on the Maryland side of the boundary line. There is great excitement among the oystermen. Mr. Lewis, to whom the flats were leased by the state of Delaware, says he will protect his interests at all hazards. Altogether the complication promises to be most fruitful of trouble between the two states.

An Interesting Mining Litigation.

HELENA, Mon., Nov. 30.—The mineral land convention was called to order by President Mantle, with about 130 delegates present. The question to be considered is what action shall be taken in view of the attempt of the Northern Pacific Railroad company to secure mineral lands which were granted to it as agricultural land, but afterward withdrawn by the general land office. The subject is an important one for miners, after electing officers the convention adjourned until today.

Many Ships Ashore.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., Nov. 30.—The steam barges Whitney and Iron Queen are both on Gray's reef. The storm was terrible and trains are delayed by the drifting snow. A large fleet is storm bound on the shore at Hammond's bay and also at steamp lake. The schooner has lost her mainstopmast and is completely enclosed in ice. Her name is not yet known and the whereabouts of the crew is at present unknown. The wind attained a velocity of sixty miles an hour.

The Thief Made a Big Haul.

ATHOL, Mass., Nov. 30.—The money and jewelry stolen from Mr. Henry R. Stowell's house Wednesday night amounts in value to $25,000. The eight persons in the house slept undisturbed while the robbery was being committed. A strange fact is that the safe was opened by the combination, which was supposed to be known only to Mr. Stowell and his daughter, who is his bookkeeper. There is no clew to the robbers.

Eight Lynchers Arrested.

ANDALUSIA, Ala., Nov. 30.—Eight Blair lynchers have been arrested so far. All have waived examination and given bail for $500 each. Thirty names are in the warrant. Three of the youngest have confessed. Prominent families are connected with the crime.

Carried Over the Dam.

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 30.—John B. Collins, for twelve years superintendent of Collins' mills, Dracut, was drowned by being carried over the dam at Beaver creek.

Almost Five Millions.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The World's fair guarantee fund now amounts to $4,982,720.

DEATH IN THE CYCLONE

Nine Persons Killed by a South Carolina Tornado.

BODIES HORRIBLY MUTILATED.

A Whole Family Swept Away by the Winds of Death—A Girl Snatched Skyward by the Whirlwind—Buildings Swept Away—Twenty Persons Injured.

CHARLOTTE, S. C., Nov. 30.—A terrible cyclone, carrying death and destruction upon its track, passed over a part of Union county last evening. Reports so far received show that nine persons were killed by it and that more than twenty were injured. The storm started in the upper or northern portion of the county and carried everything before it, leaving a track of ruin and desolation through its course. Houses were torn to pieces and strewing farms with debris. Large oaks were uprooted and carried hundreds of yards by the wind, and cotton fields were swept clean, not even a stalk or root being left. Farm houses were blown to atoms and the fences in many instances had narrow escapes from destruction.

Fleeing for Their Lives.

Farmer Wesley Edwards heard the roar of the cyclone in the distance and called his family into the house. The family consisted of himself, wife and four children. A daughter, Miss Ellen, was to have been married soon to a neighboring farmer. While they saw that the cyclone was moving directly toward the house the members of the family sought safety in flight, but it was then too late.

Bodies Frightfully Mangled.

The storm was upon them and the house and outbuildings were swept away like chaff. Father, mother and children were lifted high in the whirling wind and then dropped back to earth dead 200 yards further on. Edwards' body was found impaled on the limb of a fallen tree. His wife's body was found nearby. The children had been carried some distance further and their bodies were terribly mutilated. Mrs. Edwards' clothing had been completely torn from her and a heavy tree had fallen across her body.

Crushed to Death in a Factory.

Near the village of Washington the storm struck a wooden plate factory where many hands were employed. The whole side of the chimney and the puffing of the engine prevented the workmen hearing the approach of the cyclone until it was upon them.

The factory collapsed like a house of cards, and Joseph Emerson and Thomas Collins were struck by flying timbers and instantly killed. A dozen others whose names cannot be learned were badly injured and will die. The factory was swept entirely away, nothing being left to mark the spot where it stood except a few of the foundation stones.

A Girl Blown Away.

About a mile further on the cyclone overtook Miss Mattie Clyde, a young girl who was returning from a visit to a neighbor's. She was blown up into the air and was supposed to have perished. Her body has not yet been found.

The cyclone was beyond doubt the most destructive ever known in this state. The total damage cannot yet be estimated, but it will exceed $30,000.

Fredericksen Swindled, Too.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—It is known to the police authorities here that Fredericksen, the head of the firm that is accused of land swindling in Florida, operated with confederates in cities, came to New York about a week ago and visited friends in this city and Brooklyn. No demand for his arrest has been received from Gov. Hill, consequently the police here are merely keeping track of his movements. From information they have gathered the police believe that Fredericksen has no money and that he has been the victim of sharpers smarter than himself. He tried hard to raise money on western securities from some of his Brooklyn friends, but was unable to do so.

The Grand Jury's Bomb.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The grand jury has made a presentment to Recorder Smyth declaring against the board of electrical control for alleged dereliction and incompetency. The board is charged with being responsible for the sheer manner in which the wires are being removed from the streets. The jury recommends that the board be removed and the control of electric subways and service be intrusted to competent supervisors.

Snow Blockade in Indiana.

WABASH, Ind., Nov. 30.—There was a big snow blockade on the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan railroad between Benton Harbor and Elkhart. All trains were abandoned between those points until snow plows went over the line. On the Grand Trunk railroad between Detroit and Chicago drifts between Battle Creek and Valparaiso. Snow there is three feet deep and drifting badly. Business on the line is suspended.

The Umbrella User Indicted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Despite the verdict of a coroner's jury exonerating from all blame Policeman Ed. Conlin, who is charged for causing the death of Martin J. Flynn with his umbrella on Oct. 30, the grand jury has found an indictment against May for manslaughter in the first degree for causing Flynn's death. May has not yet been arrested.

Preparing for McElvaine's Execution.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 30.—The dynamo which is to be used in executing Charles McElvaine, the murderer of Lena, the Brooklyn grocery girl, has reached Sing Sing prison and workmen have begun the erection of a small building which is to be used for the execution. McElvaine is to be executed in the second week of December.

"Handsome Harry" Must Hang.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Judge Martine in general session has handed down a decision denying the motion for a new trial in the case of Henry Carlton, alias "Handsome Harry," the convicted murderer of Policeman James Brennan, under sentence to be hanged next Thursday.

O'Byrne Must Tell.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—It is reported that the supreme court has granted an order for Col. John O'Byrne's arrest for refusing to tell the commissioner of accounts to whom he paid $12,000, the money he received from the Wholesale Oyster Dealers' association.

Fire at Fashionable.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 30.—The Duncan house, the Palmetto hotel and a pavilion at Burnside Beach, Fla., were burned. Loss about $10,000.

The Reading's New Freight Agent.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30.—E. H. Ball has been appointed general freight agent of the Reading Railroad company. He has been acting general freight agent for some time.

ESTIMATES OF LOSSES.

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[illegible] Will Be Rebuilt.

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The Mistake.

Would-be Contributor (to editor)—Now, sir, I have no hesitancy in pronouncing this as best, the finest production of my pen. I ask you would read it at once, sir, for I shall positively refuse to accept any other pay.

Editor—I accept it at once as I can. Contributor—Then, sir, I demand, I will stay while you read it, and if you do not like it I insist on its return before you have read it. Now, read it, sir, before I read it. What do you think of it? Don't hesitate to point out a mistake, sir.

Editor—Say you carried it in your hand on yours?

Contributor—Yes. Do you find any mistake?

Editor—One.

Contributor—A serious one?

Editor—Very.

Contributor—What is it?

Editor—The fact that you did not continue to carry the story in your hand.—Arkansaw Traveler.

A Model Young Man.

Overheard on a Wagner car. Fussy old gentleman to chance bespectacled baby with parcels:

"Have you any children, madame?"

"Yes, sir, a son."

"Ah, indeed! Does he smoke?"

"No, sir; he has never as much as touched a cigarette."

"So much the better, madame; the use of tobacco is a poisonous habit. Does he frequent the clubs?"

"He has never put his foot in one."

"Allow me to congratulate you. Does he come home late?"

"Never. He goes to bed directly after dinner."

"A model young man, madame—a model young man. How old is he?"

"Two months."—Truth.

Why Daniel Escaped.

Grandma had taught our two-year-old to answer a great many Bible questions, and we fond of "showing him off." On one of those occasions she asked him:

"Who was put in the lion's den?"

"Daniel," was the prompt answer.

"Did the lions eat Daniel?"

"No."

"Why?" The answer should have been: "Because God sent their mouths," but the little fellow reflected a minute and then said: "I 'spec Daniel wasn't good 'nough."—Detroit Tribune.

A Bad Gift.

"Did you hear about the sell that all coals set had on me?" said Reginald Hiccolah to a young woman.

"No."

"Didn't you? Why, I'm subpwised. They wally gave me away very badly."

"Gave you away?"

"Yes, indeed."

"Well, somebody must have been swindled," was the thoughtfully spoken rejoinder that sent Reginald away without any further conversation.—Merchant Traveler.

Setting a Good Example.

Arabella (to her little brother)—Bobby, you are really a very bad boy. I wish I could teach you better manners. Just hear what it says in my book on etiquette: "Always be polite in addressing members of your family. Be as courteous to them as you would be to a stranger."

Bobby—Beat, Bella.—

Arabella—Oh, you nasty little reptile, why don't you listen? (Seizes him and shakes him vigorously.)—Munsey's Weekly.

He Was in Doubt.

Jonjones—You look perplexed; something on your mind, I'll be bound.

Jasmith—So there is.

Jonjones—You're thinking about your sweetheart, I suppose.

Jasmith—You've guessed it.

Jonjones—You are in doubt as to whether she truly loves you, eh?

Jasmith—Nothing of the sort. I am in doubt as to whether she has any money.—Yankee Blade.

Away Up.

Editor—Mr. Critique, I am told that the play at the Central theatre last night was a flat failure, and yet you say that it met with the highest approbation. I am also informed that there was not a bit of applause heard, except from the gallery gods.

Critique—Well, sir, if you can get any approbation higher than from the third gallery, I want to know it.—Lawrence American.

Wanted Him Carried Away.

Dudely—Yaas, the—aw—music at the concert was absolutely—aw—divine. Why, I was—aw—perfectly enwwied away by it, doncherknow!

Crusty (who is being greatly bored)—For goodness' sake, isn't there some one who can whistle that music!—Lawrence American.

His Literary Effort.

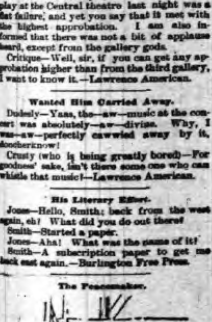
Jones—Hello, Smith; back from the west again, eh! What did you do out there?

Smith—Started a paper.

Jones—Ahs! What was the name of it?

Smith—A subscription paper to get me back out again.—Burlington Free Press.

The Peacemaker.



Peacemaker—I wouldn't fight, my good man.

First Combatant—He called me a liar, sir.

Second Combatant—An' he called me a lazy loafer.

Peacemaker—Well, I wouldn't fight over a difference of opinion; you both may be right.—Life.

Why He Hesitated.

Brown and Smith met long since were walking in town.

When Smith for a dollar I blankly asked Brown,

"But when will you pay me?" Brown cautiously said,

And walking along without raising his head:

"I will pay you, my friend, as soon as I can, you can bet your life on that."

"Oh, as soon as I can, you can bet your life," Said Brown, "I won't do it, for I believe what I've heard."

For a stuttering man is not to be trusted.—Boston Courier.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY

THIS HAS BEEN A BIG UMBRELLA YEAR WITH US, AND WE HAVE SOLD SOME GOOD ONES—BUT THE BEST FOR THE MONEY IS THE ONE WE OFFER NOW,—A 26-in. SILK AND LINEN, OXIDIZED HANDLE, COLOR WARRANTED —PRICE $1.25.

* * *

We have one case of 36 in. worsted checks and stripes—good goods to sell at 25c.—our price 19c.

* * *

Don't you want a new set of knives for Thanksgiving? We are offering a 19-pc. Silver plated knife—Rogers' make at $6.50 per doz.—Slightly imperfect—they are, regular price, $9.00 per doz.

* * *

Now the writing paper does go! Three qualities there are—one at 10c, one at 15c per box, and a special box of 48 sheets of paper and 48 envelopes at 25c, is the best value ever offered.

* * *

Pure Vaseline, 7c per bottle.

* * *

Our Cloak and Jacket Department is booming. Everything is new and our garments are perfect fitting, and cut in the latest styles. Our prices we guarantee lower than all others. There are all sizes in Ladies' Jackets and Newmarkets, and Newmarkets and Plush Coats for the little ones.

* * *

Do you know we can save you money on Underwear as well as everything else? Every one claims to sell the best 50c Ladies' Vest; we will sell you one that we guarantee better than any of them at 44c, and our Gentlemen's Shirt at 50c is worth 65c. In Children's we have all sizes and qualities.

When in the store don't miss going through our House Furnishing Department. You will find many things that housekeepers want and our prices are lower than regular dealers.

* * *

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
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We Take Pleasure

IN BRINGING TO YOUR ATTENTION THE FINE LINE OF

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WHICH WE HAVE JUST OPENED. THESE BOOKS HAVE BEEN SELECTED WITH UNUSUAL CARE AND WE FEEL CONFIDENT THAT YOU WILL FIND THEM TO BE THE BEST SELECTION EVER SHOWN IN PLAINFIELD.

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Fine Art Books,
and Booklets

THAN WE HAVE EVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED TO CARRY, AND INVITE AN EARLY INSPECTION BEFORE THE LINE IS BROKEN.

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Owing to the warm and stormy weather propose to reduce their stock of

STOVES,

They quote no prices. Come and see, and you will purchase. Horse Blankets and Robes. Full stock.

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Dealer in BEST
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YARD AND OFFICE
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Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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E. VOORHEES, D. D. S.,
Office, No. 18 South avenue. Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m. Residence and office, 104 West Front street.

WILLIAM M. KING,
Counsellor at Law, Special Master in Chancery, No. 1 Stanyarne street, Somerville, N. J. Residence, No. 10 East Front street. 5-7

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries Public, etc. Notaries Public in office, corner of Park avenue and Front street.

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Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Solicitors of the First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

C. G. MAYNES,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office, corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Will furnish plans, take levels and make estimates in connection with improvements. Further information can be obtained by calling at the office of the county. Residence, 1 Dunham place, between Somerset streets.

OSCAR B. TEALE,
Architect, 257 Broadway, New York City. Office hours: 9 to 3. Room 23, Second National Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

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will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 23 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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CARNEY BROS.
Dealers in
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The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

TUNIS J. CAREY
21 WEST FRONT STREET,
all kinds of Second-Hand
FURNITURE
including
CARPETS, BEDDING and STOVES,
Bought and Sold.
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Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alice M. Ford, P. O. Box 778.

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Successor to Field & Randolph
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(Established 1865.)
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Bottler of
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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Domestic and Imported Ports and Sour Ale for Hotels and Private Families.
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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night. 7-17-1y*

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On all the above mentioned goods we offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to parties buying in dozen or Case Lots

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Grocers and Dealers in Table Specialties, 79 Broadway, corner Fifth street.

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Breaks up attacks and cures the worst cases. HER QUICKLY
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Moving Pianos.

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Station in New York, foot of Liberty street Time-table in effect Nov. 10th, 1889.
PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.
Leave Plainfield at 2.16*, 5.40*, 6.40, 7.30, 8.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.07, 6.30, 8.34, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave New York (Liberty street) 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m., 12.00 night.
*Does not run to or from Somerset street.
PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.
Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.07, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.07, 6.30, 8.34, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Leave Somerville at 6.15, 6.50, 7.20, 8.05, 8.45, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.50, 7.20, 8.05, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday 8.45, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.15, 4.15, 5.15, 6.50, 7.20, 8.05, 9.15, 10.15, 11.15 p. m., 12.15 night. Trains for Bound Brook change cars at Dunellen.
PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.
Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.07, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.07, 6.30, 8.34, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.34, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night.
PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.
Leave Plainfield at 2.16, 8.07, 9.37 a. m., 2.04, 5.34, 7.50, 8.56 p. m. Sunday at 2.16, 8.13 a. m., 8.03, 8.56 p. m.
PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.
Leave Plainfield at 9.37 a. m., 5.40 p. m.
WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.
9.37 a. m.—For Bonnie, Allentown, Reading Hazleburg, Mauch Chunk, Hillsmport, Tuttlepot, Williamstown and Scranton.
2.16 p. m.—For Flemington, Bonnie, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, 9.37, a. m. For Bath, Easton, Phillipsburg, Reading, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.
5.40 p. m.—For Flemington, Bonnie, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Williamsport, Scranton, etc. 8.56 p. m.—For Bonnie, Flemington, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.
EASTWARD CONNECTIONS.
8.07 a. m.—For Somerville, Bonnie, Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Williamsburg, Scranton, etc. 9.37 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Bound Brook, Somerville, Bonnie, Trenton, etc. For Flemington, 6.56 p. m. For Bonnie, Flemington, Bound Brook, Somerville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Sundays at 8.10 a. m. for Easton; 8.13 p. m. for Bonnie, Somerville, Bound Brook, Trenton, Philadelphia, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville; 6.56 for Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.
LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.
Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 7.05, 10.17 a. m., 12.08, 2.37, 5.56 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m., 5.56 p. m. Ocean Grove at 7.05, 10.17 a. m., 5.56 p. m. Sundays 7.05, 10.17 a. m., 3.25, 5.56 p. m. Sundays 8.37 a. m., 5.56 p. m.
BOUND BROOK ROUTE.
For Trenton at 7.15, 8.10, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.00 p. m.
For Philadelphia at 7.15, 8.10, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.00 p. m.
For Bonnie and Washington at 7.15, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 2.05, 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.00 p. m. Sundays at 7.17, 9.05, 10.30 a. m., 4.05, 6.05, 8.05, 9.00 p. m.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt. CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Pass. Agt.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS
NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—7.50 and 10.30 a. m., 11.05 and 5.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.00, 8.50, 11.05 a. m., 11.05, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, BASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—7.00 a. m., and 4.00 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.30 a. m., and 6.25 p. m.
Direct pouches to Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., 1.05 p. m. mail. Direct mail to Phillipsburg, close 4.00 p. m.
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Arrive at 8.30 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Sundays 9 a. m. to 10 a. m. Open 7.30 p. m. to 8.30 p. m. Open 7.30 p. m. to 8.30 p. m. Open 7.30 p. m. to 8.30 p. m.
Office closes after 10 a. m. on all National Holidays.
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at reasonable rates.
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The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reason able Prices. Also for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
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In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farris Rope wagon. John P. Wirth, Race corner North Front.

Smalley Brothers,
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Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

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Builders Cards

John P. Emmons
Successor to Benjamin Bros.
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Corner of Washington avenue and Front street place. P. O. Box 643.

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RESIDENCE, 12 SUMMIT AVENUE.
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All kinds of work. 25 years experience Repairing attended to Estimates given.

DIBBON & GAYLE,
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P. O. BOX 481.
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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture Moved
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Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

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Undertakers and Embalmers
UPHOLSTERY AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

MRS. W. J. MARTIN'S
"MAGIC RENOVATING FLUID,"
Removes grease from all kinds of goods, however delicate the shade. It cleans kid gloves, crape, lace, satin, ribbons, hats, and renovates the nap on Velvet. It is invaluable in removing grease spots from clothing. For sale by
C. E. CLARKE,
NO. 9 EAST FRONT STREET,
Next to Post-Office.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER,
latest shapes of
Bonnets and Hats
FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,
Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satines, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions; Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking Steaming and Pressing. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.
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(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,
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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT
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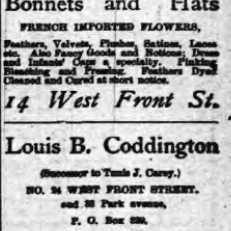
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.



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PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Trained Nurse's Views on the Delicate Art of Feeding the Sick.

It is often one of the hardest of a nurse's tasks to persuade the patient to take sufficient nourishment, and to be successful in it she must be persevering, patient, persistent, rich in expedients and should observe a few general directions which a trained nurse enumerates as follows:

All foods for the sick should be of the very best quality, well cooked, palatable, nutritious and attractively served. A savory dish will always sharpen the appetite of one in health, and it must have a stimulating influence upon a delicate patient, to whom the first meal is urged preparations should be offered and, above all, temptations.

Surprise is frequently a useful element in the dietetic treatment of the sick. Some thing unexpected will often be acceptable, when sure the patient consulted and advised of what was being prepared for him, would take away all appetite for it. Coming in the night time, as a rule, should be forbidden, nor should the smell of food be allowed to reach the patient if it is possible to prevent it. A whole meal tray in the service of food is a prime consideration. The tray is sure to the patient is clean napkins, spotless china, etc., than many think. A slovenly nurse is out of place anywhere, but the sick room than is likely to be often be given hot, when they should be hot, and not merely warm, in which condition some are very liable.

Occasionally one sees the nurse tasting the food in the presence of the patient—a most unpardonable habit. No more food should be at one time taken into the sick room than is likely to be eaten, and whatever is not eaten should be at once removed. Nurses often leave it in sight, in the hope that the patient may want it a little later, but it should invariably be done dismissed. It is quite a common thing for the physician to find milk in a glass or pitcher standing near the bedside of his patient, and often the appearance of the glass is such that even a person with the strongest kind of a stomach would not care to drink from it. Of all foods, milk probably is the most difficult to keep sweet. Hence, to keep it exposed to the air of a sick room or any other bad air is teasingly render it unfit for use. A nurse with anything approaching to neatness will never allow a glass which has held milk to be used a second time without carefully washing and rinsing. Some consult their own convenience altogether too much in feeding the sick. Food ought to be given at regular intervals when possible.

One Thing and Another.

"Moth" and freckles can be removed, according to a writer in a pharmaceutical journal, by using a wash composed of equal parts of lemon-juice, and glycerine, which is harmless when applied to the skin.

Bathers who have suffered from an encounter with the long tentacles of the jelly fish, are told by a medical journal that the sting is speedily relieved by applying water in which common washing soda has been dissolved in the proportion of an ounce of soda to two quarts of water.

Suction, or exhaustion of the air by the use of the cupping glass, for elevating a depressed fractured portion of bone is a subject has been advocated by Dr. Lente of Philadelphia physician, and it has been suggested that this principle may be extended to aid in cases of fracture of the skull in which splinters, and in the extraction of bullets, morbid growths, and various fluids.

The Hour of Death.

A variety of superstitions or curious ideas exist in regard to the hour of death. There is quite a prevalent notion that the largest proportion of deaths occur in the early hours of the morning, while dwellers by the sea are pretty generally credited with the belief that the majority of lives "go out with the tide;" other impressions, perhaps less widespread, might be mentioned. Dr. Balthazar Foster recently stated that from time to time careful observations have been made in hospitals which have resulted in showing that the act of dying of God visits all men with equal frequency during the whole twenty-four hours of the day. Very recently an investigation has been made in Paris, which showed that there was a certain falling off of the number of deaths between 7 and 11 o'clock in the evening, but that, with this exception, the proportion of deaths is about even.

How to Keep Ice in a Sick Room.

A saucerful of shaved ice may be preserved for twenty-four hours with the thermometer at 90 degs. Fahrenheit, according to The Medical Times, by observing the following precautions: Put the saucer containing the ice in a soup plate and cover it with another. Place the soup plates thus arranged on a good, large pillow, and cover it with another pillow, pressing the pillows so that the plates are completely imbedded in them. An old dark pillow case is the best to use, according to with which to shave ice. It should be turned bottom upward, and the ice shaved backward and forward over the cutter.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Usages in Regard to Full Dress and Matinee Toilets.

The best usages for dress in New York are the standard for refined persons in a great part of our country, and social etiquette of New York may be quoted as follows on this point:

At weddings, luncheons, receptions of all kinds, matinees, visits of ceremony, and indeed anything that occurs in the day time, a gentleman should wear a morning costume, no matter how grand the toilet of the ladies. Fashion and etiquette demand it. A dark or black frock coat, with vest of the same, and lighter trousers, cut according to prevailing style, are the best form for all daylight social affairs.

It is considered quite proper for a gentleman to wear a light overcoat at such affairs, provided seats have been taken elsewhere than in a box, but he is limited in his visits between the acts to such of his acquaintances as are also in full dress.

Ladies consider an evening bonnet and light gloves as the height of dressing for a theatre or concert unless there is some prearranged entertainment that a standing star in the musical or dramatic firmaments is to be especially honored by a display of fine toilets.

Gentlemen need never wear full dress at theatre or concert unless the ladies do, though, when no lady is expected to be in grand costume, a gentleman may select whichever style of garment he pleases and go in full dress if he prefers.

There are many ways in which a tasteful lady will brighten a sober garb without exhausting her purse or worrying her mind and hands. She will add to the general appreciation of the approved custom of going to the opera and to the concert room, and even into a promenade box at the theatre, in a pretty fitting dress. She can afford to enjoy the theatre, good music and the opera many more times during the winter on this account, and the gentleman who does not feel compelled to escort a lady in a carriage can indulge in these luxuries twice or three times as often because of this latitude of etiquette in the matter of dress.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE ARTS AND SCIENCES.

Steam Gas in Pressure and Temperature Rendering Continuous Blasts with the Anthracite of the Pennsylvania Region Near Hughes.

If a body be compressed its temperature rises according as the volume diminishes. In solids and liquids, which are but little compressible, the disengagement of heat is not great enough to be verified in ordinary use, whether and of oil, which have been exposed to pressures of 15 to 35 atmospheres. Similarly, when weights are laid on metallic pillars, heat is evolved, and is absorbed when they are again removed.

PRODUCING HEAT WITH A PNEUMATIC STRUMM

The production of heat by the compression of gases is easily shown by means of the pneumatic syringe, see cut. This consists of a glass tube with solid piston, fitted accurately by a leathern piston. At the bottom of this there is a cavity in which a small piece of tinder is placed. The tube being full of air, the piston is suddenly driven down, when the air thus compressed disengages as much heat as to ignite the tinder, which is seen to burn when the piston is rapidly withdrawn. The inflammation of the tinder in this experiment indicates a temperature of at least 300 degs. At the moment of compression a bright flash is observed, which was originally attributed to the high temperature of the air; but it is simply due to the combustion of the oil which greases the piston.

Percussion is also a source of heat, as is observed in the case of a horse's hoof struck off by horses in trotting over a hard pavement or over a flinty road, and in striking steel against a flint. In firing a shot at an iron target, a shower of sparks is frequently seen at the moment of impact; and an experimenter has used iron shells which are exploded by the concussion on striking an iron target. A small piece of iron hammered on an anvil becomes very hot, and it is stated that in this way a skillful blacksmith can raise a piece of iron to redness.

A New Engine.

A queer looking machine came into the freight station of the New Haven and Hartford railroad company the other day attached to the rear of a train from New Haven. It was the bicycle locomotive, built at Portland, Me., for the Boynton Bicycle Railway company, of this city, the engine which, its promoters claim, is to effectually solve the problem of rapid transit. It arrived in good condition, and will be shipped to Gibraltar, the object of its journey it will be made on the tracks provided. The engine is considerably higher than the ordinary locomotive, and in addition to the usual wheels with which common locomotives are equipped, it has an immense driving wheel nine feet in diameter, which is fixed in the center of the engine, and is driven by power from the boiler. This wheel is designed to run on a rail placed between the two outer rails, and it is this wheel which is relied upon to send the engine along at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

The cab of the engine is divided into two stories, the upper of which is occupied by the engineer and the lower by the firemen. The engine rests upon four two-wheeled trucks arranged in much the same way in which trucks of ordinary cars are placed, except that the wheels are double flanged and have, instead of the plain wheel axle, bicycle spindles. It is proposed to use an overhead wooden rail, placed upon which will run wheels placed on the roof directly under each truck. These wheels are practically guiding wheels, and the result of this arrangement is that the train, let it go never so fast, could not jump the track, because it is held down upon the lower rails by the heavy rail above. It practically slides along in one great groove.

Scientific News.

The latest application of electricity is said to be represented by a motor, worked with a pocket battery, to be used to run the reel of a salmon fishing rod and to play the unruly inhabitant of the water.

The development of large mines of mica in South Carolina is reported.

A Russian journal tells of a new use for carrier pigeons. They have successfully carried to a photographer for development photographic negatives taken in a balloon.

An important and interesting discovery recently made by Mr. Edward Wire, near Paris, is that of the remains of ten or more pre-historic settlements, rich in relics, among which are flint implements of an entirely novel type.

Native Metallic Zinc in California.

A scientific discovery recently reported is the finding of a small piece of native metallic zinc in a specimen of sulphide or blende ore sent from a mine in Shasta county, Cal., to the laboratory of the state mining bureau in San Francisco, where it was worked. A mining journal states that this is the first piece of the character named ever known to have been secured in this country. Late work on metallurgy zinc the existence in the mines of Victoria, Australia, of the only native metallic zinc known. The mining bureau will endeavor to secure other specimens from Shasta county.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

A Brief List of Dishes from Which to Select for the Thanksgiving Dinner.

The Thanksgiving dinner, as it has passed its irritability and subjective source until, from being simply a dinner, it has become a feast. The list of feast delicacies is almost every portion, has also lost a little of its primitive character. The fill of fare is no longer always the old time one, but is modified to suit the tastes of civilization, the region in which the feast is held. Some suggestions as to an appropriate menu are, however, ventured upon. Roast turkey is, of course, an essential dish to crown the occasion, and for giving relief here. This is often finished by chicken pie or a game pie, but a housekeeper with an eye to the future may substitute roast fowl for the turkey, this being equally well in giving a festive and bountiful look to the board, and, as no very vigorous attack is usually made on the second meat dish, can be better utilized on subsequent occasions.

If the dinner is begun with soup, which is a modern innovation, it should be cream of rice or something quite light. The list of vegetables from which the cook will select four or four of those known to be favorites in the household, includes mashed potatoes, baked sweet potatoes, onions, squash and turnips. Cranberry sauce and celery are two items that go without saying, as do brown bread and white bread. Thanksgiving pudding is usually of the richest, either a plum or cabinet, while the pies may be either, if all, of apples. Mince pie is a favorite, but is usually considered indispensable. Cheese should be served with the pies. Apples, nuts and raisins and strong, fragrant coffee finish off the formidable repast.

How to Broil Salt Codfish.

A tempting way to cook salt codfish occasionally as a pleasant change from the old methods is to broil it the same as fresh fish. First lay a piece of salt codfish, skin side up, in a frying pan and cover it with cold water; then turn the water in the pot if of soap and replace with fresh cold water and heat again. When the fish is sufficiently freshened dry it with a towel, taking care not to break it; dip in melted butter and season with salt and pepper and broil on a fish gridiron. When it is nicely browned on both sides, spread a little butter on it, lay it on a hot dish and pour over it a teaspoonful of vinegar or a little lemon juice. Then, if you will garnish it with parsley, you will have a tempting and palatable dish.

A Thanksgiving Pudding.

Roll six butter crackers and soak them one hour in three pints of milk. Cream a quarter of a cupful of butter with a cupful of sugar, add one teaspoonful of mixed spice and half a teaspoonful of salt, and, when all are well mixed, stir beaten eggs. Stir this into the milk and add one pound of seeded raisins. Bake in a well buttered deep pudding dish, in a moderate oven, three hours. Bake slowly, and during the first of the baking lift up the raisins with a spoon to prevent their settling to the bottom, but do not stir the pudding away from the dish.

Fashions in Sachets.

Sachets are still made very large. Some of the loveliest are of shot satin, embroidered with exquisite designs in floss silks, on white silk. There is a fashion of having night dress, corset, handkerchief and glove sachets all to correspond, and together they form a very handsome present. These are costly to buy but can be manufactured at home at a much smaller expense. The great thing is to get artistic colors; the ordinary pale pink and blue will not lend and used till one tires of the sight of them.

Oyster Pie.

For an oyster pie cover a deep plate with rich paste, and bake it; then fill with oysters seasoned with a little salt, pepper and plenty of butter, and two hard boiled eggs, sliced. Over the top put a sprinkling of cracker crumbs, pour over all the liquor from the oysters and cover with puff paste, securing the edges well and pricking the paste several times with a fork. Twenty minutes in a hot oven are required for baking.

Squash Fritters.

A good way to use cold boiled squash or pumpkin is, first, to rub it through a sieve, then to each pint of squash add one well beaten egg, two tablespoonfuls of flour and season to taste with salt and pepper. Drop from a tablespoon into a frying pan half full of smoking hot lard, and when cooked serve very hot.

Rustic Frame of Flowers and Mosses.

The rustic frame illustrated in the accompanying cuts, is composed of flowers, mosses and grasses collected from the fields and woods. All that is wanted in addition to these is a piece of cardboard.

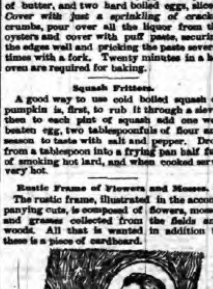

FIG. 1.—RUSTIC FRAME.

For the foundation, with its plush like appearance, the flower and seed panicles of timothy, foxtail and quaking grass and the proprietas and miniature flowers of many kinds can also be utilized. All the flowers have to be pressed and dried, while the panicles are divided into little bundles, which can be bleached or colored.

After having cut out of cardboard the shape of the frame, a row of panicles is fixed round the edge with gum (Fig. 2). The second row is formed of pressed flowers, overlapping the panicles in part so as to show only their feathery ends. For the third row panicles are used again, and so on alternately with flowers, till the frame is entirely covered. If the ground of the frame be too light a sufficiently good effect can be obtained by mixing gray and white

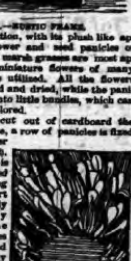

FIG. 2.—DETAIL OF RUSTIC FRAME.

pastelles. It is entirely a question of taste which color to give to the frame, as the panicles and flowers can be stained or dyed to any shade desired. For the spray ornamenting part of the frame it is best to use flowers of fir cones, which need not be pressed, so as to preserve the plastic effect. The leaves look well if bronzed over and sprinkled with gold sand.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Origin of the Sentence—"It Never Rained Then."

A system of posts was established in England in the time of Edward IV, about 1461, and postmasters were appointed; but their business was confined to furnishing post horses to the carriers of the government, and to the messengers who conveyed dispatches occasionally, or who wished to send important packages upon special occasions. In 1591 Charles I established a letter office for the transmission of letters between England and Scotland, but these extended only two days for the principal roads; the rates of carriage were moderate, and the postmasters on each road were required to furnish horses for the conveyance of the letters at the rate of 3½d. per mile. Dr. Prideaux says this establishment did not answer, and that at the breaking out of the civil war great difficulty was experienced in the transmission of letters. At length a post office, or a national establishment for the speedy conveyance of letters to all parts of the kingdom, was instituted by Cromwell in 1649.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Association of Webster.

Daniel Webster was made by marriage to the late Albert Livingston Kelly, one of the first lawyers who practiced in Waldo county. The great statesman always took an interest in his nephew, and visited him when he came to Maine. A correspondent of The Bangor Historical Magazine says that a remark which Mr. Webster made on a visit in 1835 left an indelible impression on the mind of Mr. Kelly, and perhaps largely influenced him never to accept political office. One evening Mr. Webster said: "Albert, do you have any spare time?" "Yes," he replied; "my time is wholly absorbed in my professional practice and private business." "I am glad to hear you say that," replied Mr. Webster, "for I have time to spare not to. If I were to live my life over again, I would have nothing to do with politics, for however successful you may be you have to encounter a host of enemies from your political enemies, and in the rear from your political friends." This language was the more remarkable from the fact that Mr. Webster was then at the height of his fame as an orator and statesman.—Lewiston Journal.

Home of Origin.

Coffee was not known to the Greeks or Romans, but in Abyssinia and Ethiopia it has been used from time immemorial. In 1600 it was carried by the Dutch from Mocha to Java, where it was soon extensively raised, and young plants were afterwards sent to the botanical garden at Amsterdam.

Cock fighting is said to have originated with the Athenians. It existed in the days of Thomas a Becket, and until the time of the Stuarts was in high favor. A pit at Whitehall having been erected and patronized by royalty. It was prohibited in 1654.

Club life in London had its origin in the days of Elizabeth, when the Mermaid tavern in Fleet street, enlivened by Shakespeare, Raleigh, Ben Jonson, Beaumont and Fletcher, became the home of a sort of club. Jonson afterwards founded a club at the Devil tavern, Fleet street.

Chinese Oaths.

In London, some years ago, two Chinese sailors were examined on a charge of assaulting another Chinese sailor. The complainant was examined according to the custom of their country. A Chinese sauncy writing given to him, and another to the interpreter, they both advanced toward the window, directed their eyes to heaven, and repeated in their own tongue the following: "In the name of God I break this saucer; if it comes together again, Chinaman has told a lie, and expects not to live five days; if it remains asunder, Chinaman has told the truth, and expects the vengeance of the Almighty." They then smashed the saucers in pieces on the floor and returned to their places to be examined.

The Court Fool.

From very ancient times there existed a class of persons whose business it was to amuse the rich and noble, particularly at table, by jests and witty sayings. It was, however, during the Middle Ages that this singular vocation became fully developed. The symbols of the court fool were the sceptre crown, a fool's cap or cap of bells with asses' ears and cock's comb and bells, the fool's sceptre and wide collar. Some of these professional fools obtained an historical reputation, as Triboulet, jester to Francis I of France; Klaus Narr, at the court of the Elector Frederic the Wise of Prussia, and Scogan, court fool to Edward IV of England.

A Spanish Dish.

The term "olla podrida," which is used in a variety of ways in Spain and other Latin lange, signifies in the Spanish "putrid mixture." It is a common name given to a dish which is a favorite with all classes in Spain, and it consists of a mixture of all kinds of meat cut into small pieces and stewed with various kinds of vegetables. The word "podrida" is applied to this dish in consequence of the length of time required to cook it—it is up so often that the odor arising from long keeping is very disagreeable. Just how suitable the title is for a column of brief paragraphs covering a variety of subjects may be more difficult of solution.

Martyrs' Blood.

During the horrible persecutions of the primitive Christians at Rome, the blood of martyrs was collected in tall glass vials of especial power. A sponge saturated therewith was sometimes worn as a sacred relic. Prudentius describes the spectators of the martyrdom of St. Vincent as dipping their clothes in his blood, that they might keep it as a sort of palladium for succeeding generations.

Crowds haste the foes vent to stain,
With gore the sacred robes they wear;
And shun a holy safeguard plain
As basis to shield a future foe.
—Boston Budget.

Large in Her Views.

Said a newspaper in 1851: "The largest steamship ever put built, we believe, is the United States mail steamer named the Atlantic. It is 3,500 tons burden. The following are her dimensions: Length between perpendiculars, 276 feet; breadth of beam, 45 feet; breadth across paddles, 75 feet; depth of hold, 31 feet 7 inches; saloon, 97 feet long by 30 feet wide; dining saloon, 69 feet long by 43 feet wide. The steam power is equal to 1,600 horse. Having no bowsprit or jibboom her appearance is rather peculiar."

Origin of the Saints.

The military salute, which consists of the hand being brought to a horizontal position over the eyebrows, has a very old origin, dating, in fact, from the very commencement of the history of the English army. Its origin is founded on the tournaments of the middle ages, and was as follows: After the queen of beauty had conferred the knights who were to take part in the sports of the day marched past the dais on which she sat, and as they passed they shield their eyes from the rays of her beauty.

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